

March 16–21, 2025, Anaheim, CA and virtual

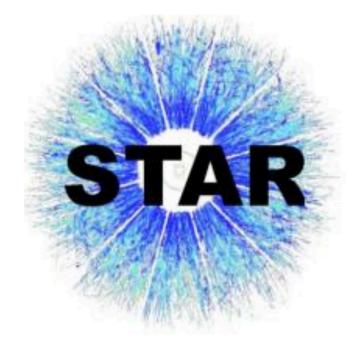
Semi-inclusive hadron+jet and inclusive jet measurements in O+O collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$

Sijie Zhang (张思婕) Shandong University for the STAR Collaboration

Global Physics Summit 2025 Mar 18, 2025

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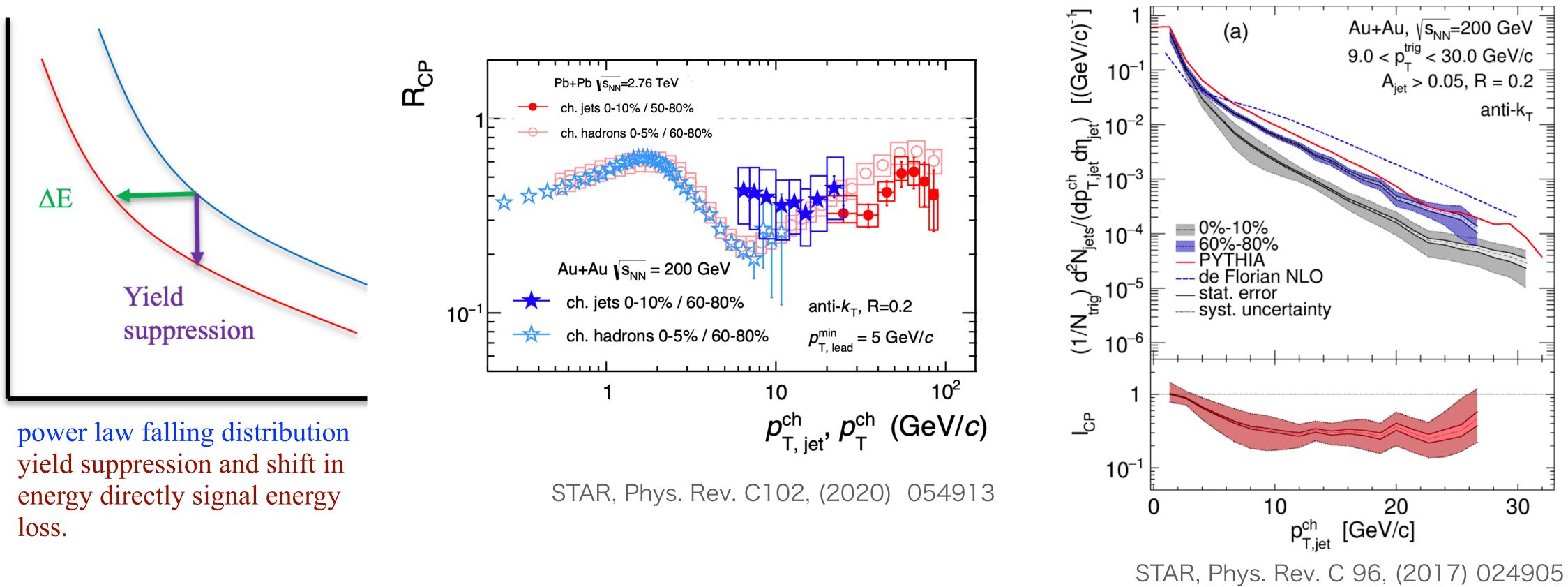




Jet quenching in large systems

Jet quenching:

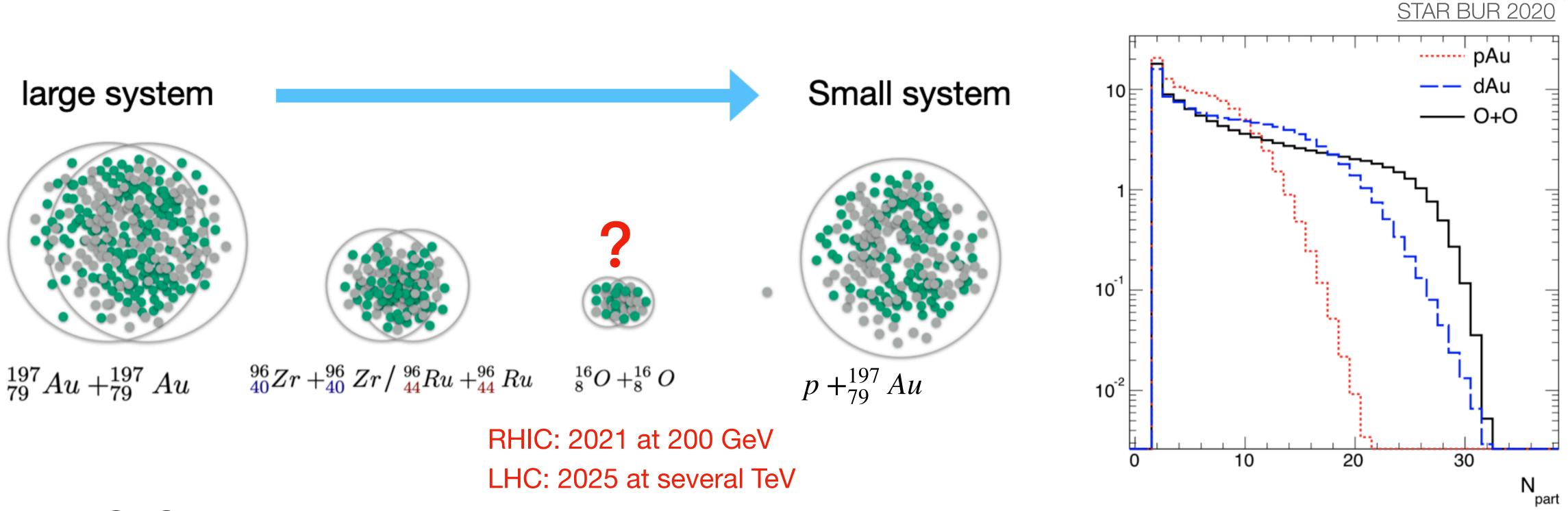
modifications to the energy and substructure of high-energy parton showers in QGP



Jet quenching in Au+Au is studied with both inclusive and semi-inclusive jet production.



System size for jet quenching?



0+0:

- Bridge the gap between these small and large systems.



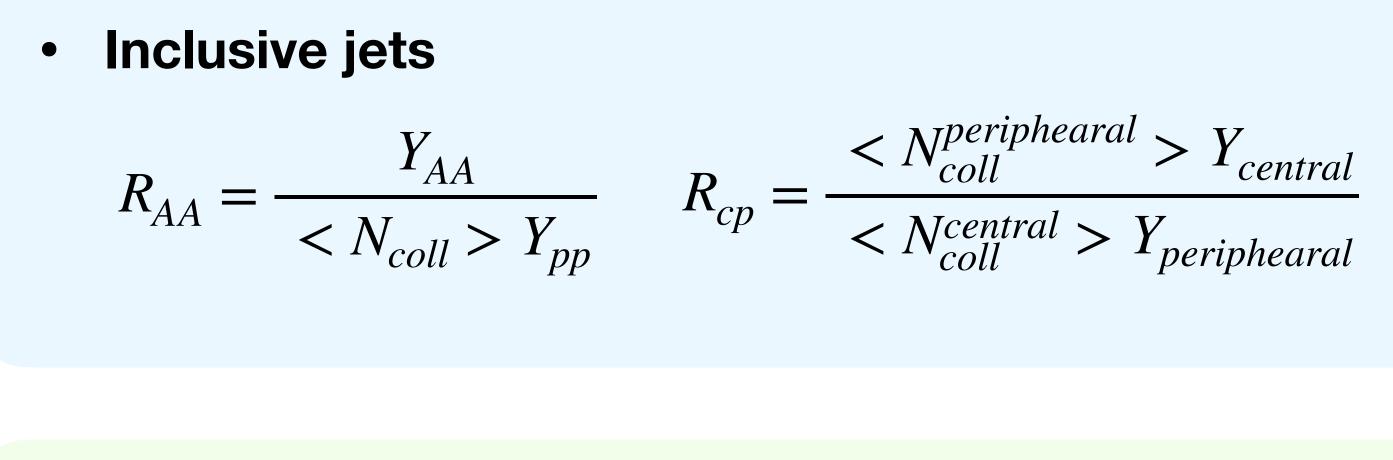
With an N_{part} close to that of p/d+Au collisions but with a larger geometrical transverse

overlap that increases the in-medium path length and thus potentially quenching.

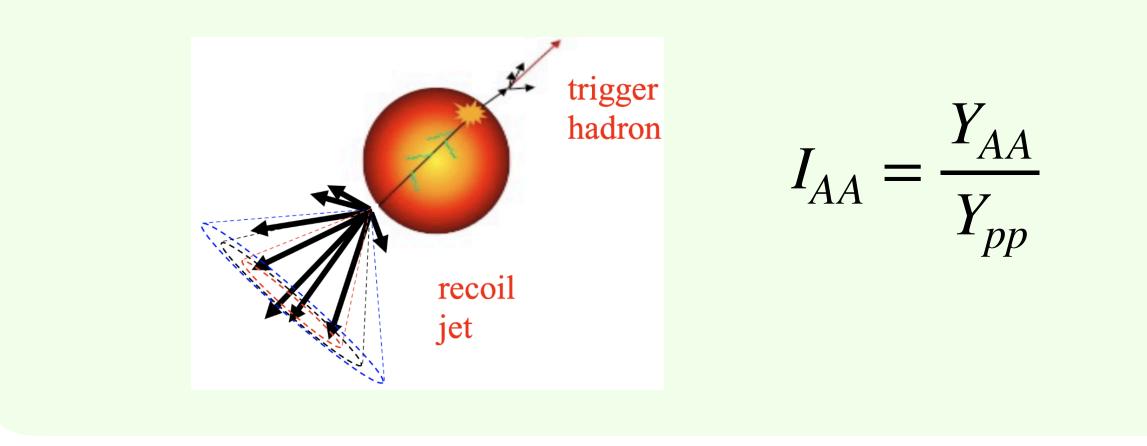




Jet quenching observables



• Semi-inclusive h-jet High-pT hadron triggered jet



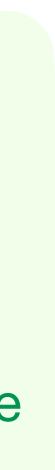


Depend on N_{coll} from Glauber Model

$$I_{cp} = \frac{Y_{central}}{Y_{peripheral}}$$

Self-normalize (per trigger) Without model dependence



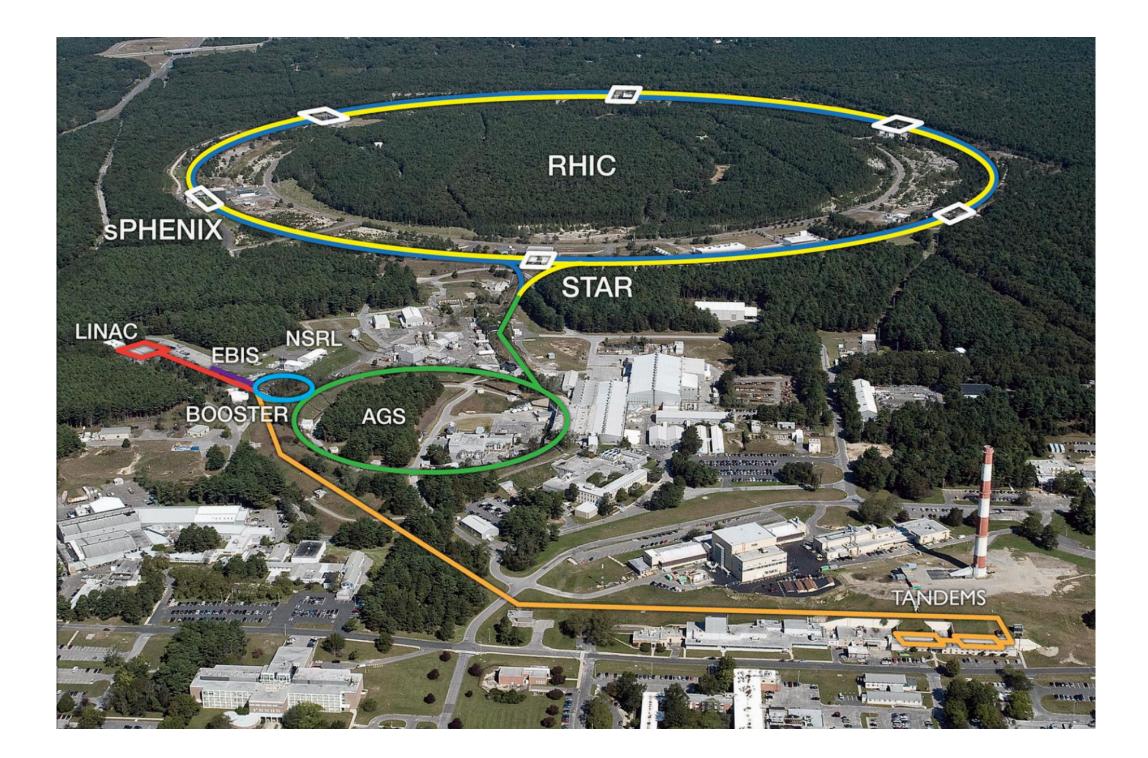




2021 O+O
$$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$$
 = 200GeV

503M good events

Charged tracks with $0.2 < p_T < 30$ GeV/c



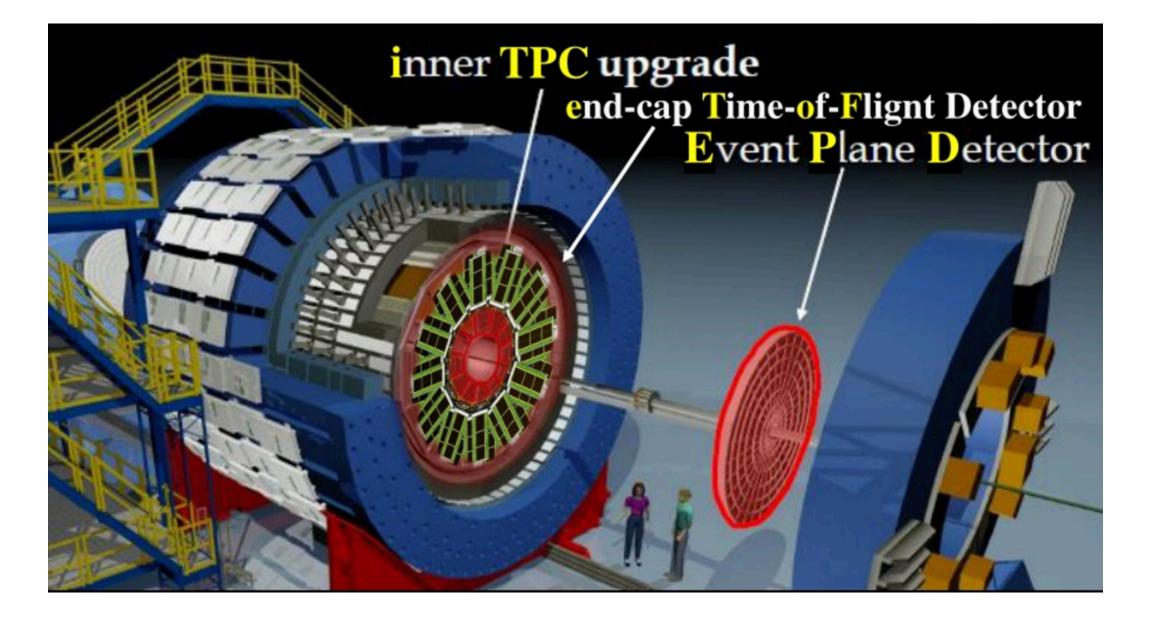
Dataset



Solenoidal Tracker at RHIC (STAR)

- Time Projection Chamber (TPC) $|\eta| < 1.5$
- Event Plane Detector (EPD)

 $2.14 < |\eta| < 5.09$









Analysis procedure

Jet reconstruction

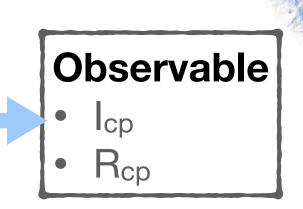
- h-jet
- Inclusive jet

Mixed event

Subtract uncorrelated background

Unfolding

Correct background fluctuations and detector effects





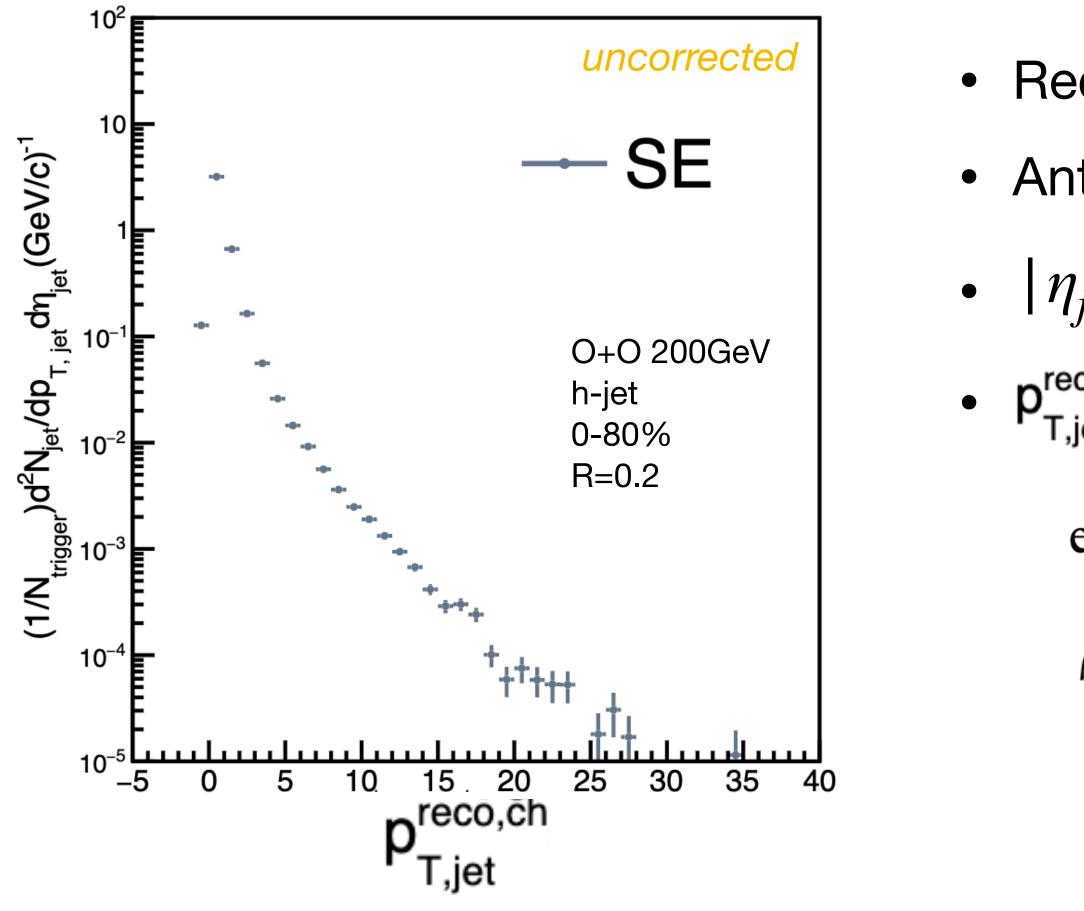
Jet reconstruction

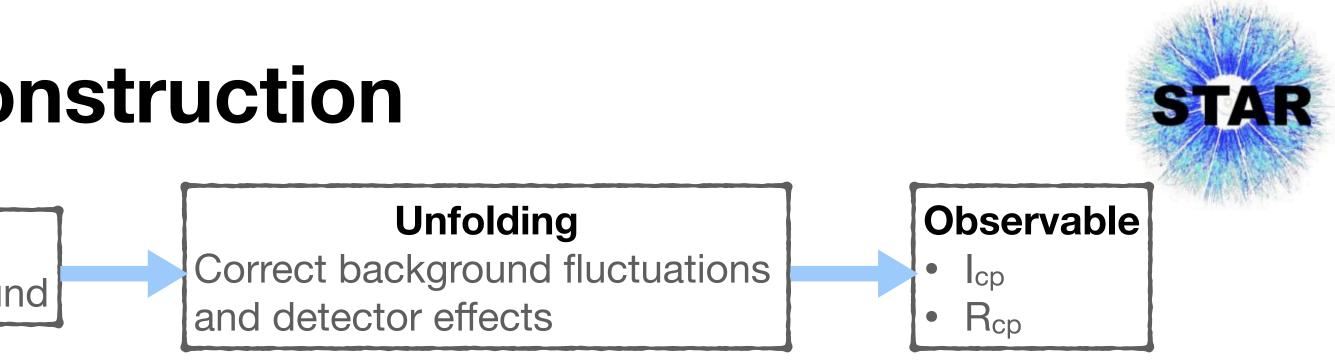
Jet reconstruction

- h-jet
- Inclusive jet

Mixed event

Subtract uncorrelated background





• Reconstruct jet from real event (same event, SE) • Anti-k_T algorithm

$$|P_{tet}| = 1.5 - R_{jet}$$

 $r_{tet}^{co,ch} = p_{T,jet}^{raw,ch} - \rho'A(GeV/c)$

estimated background energy density :

$$\rho' = \operatorname{median}_{j \in \text{physical jets}} \left\{ \frac{p_{\mathrm{T}j}}{A_j} \right\} \cdot \mathbb{C}.$$

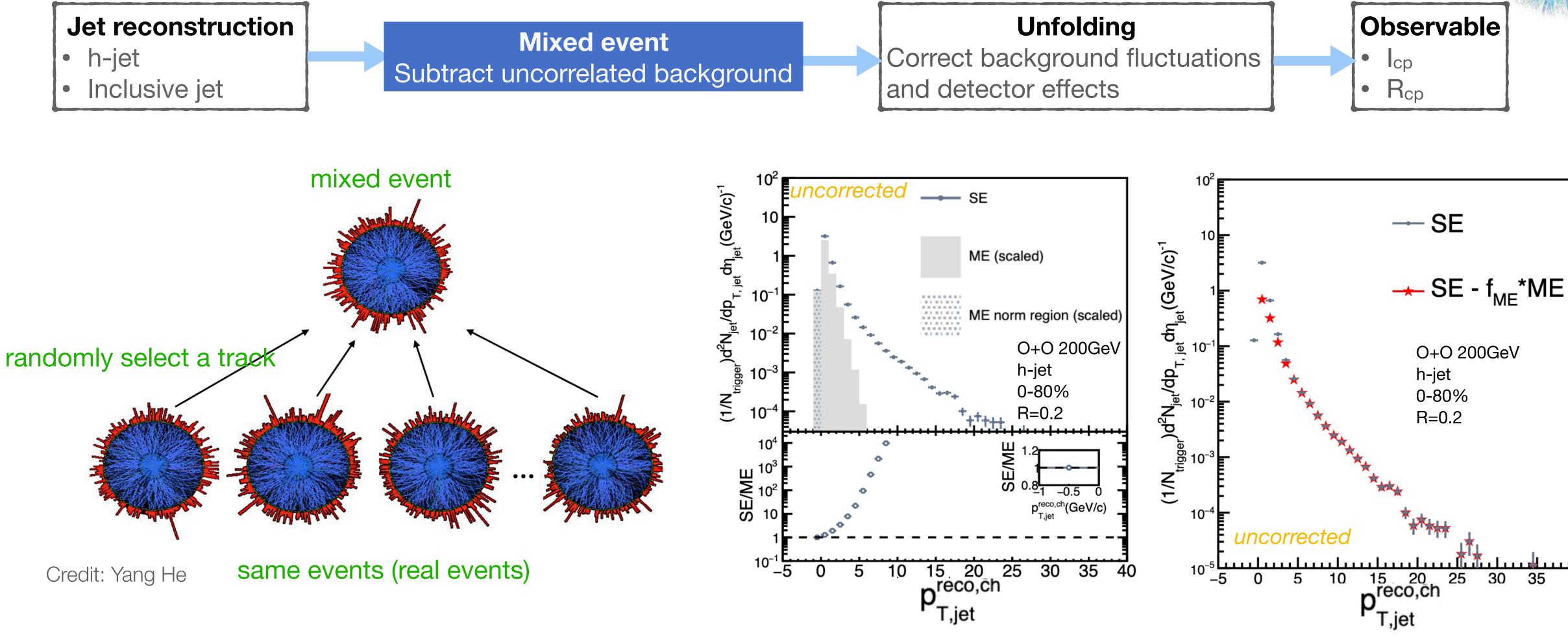
event occupancy C:

the area $\sum_{i} A_{i}$ covered by physical jets divided by the total area Atot

CMS, JHEP 2012,



Mixed event



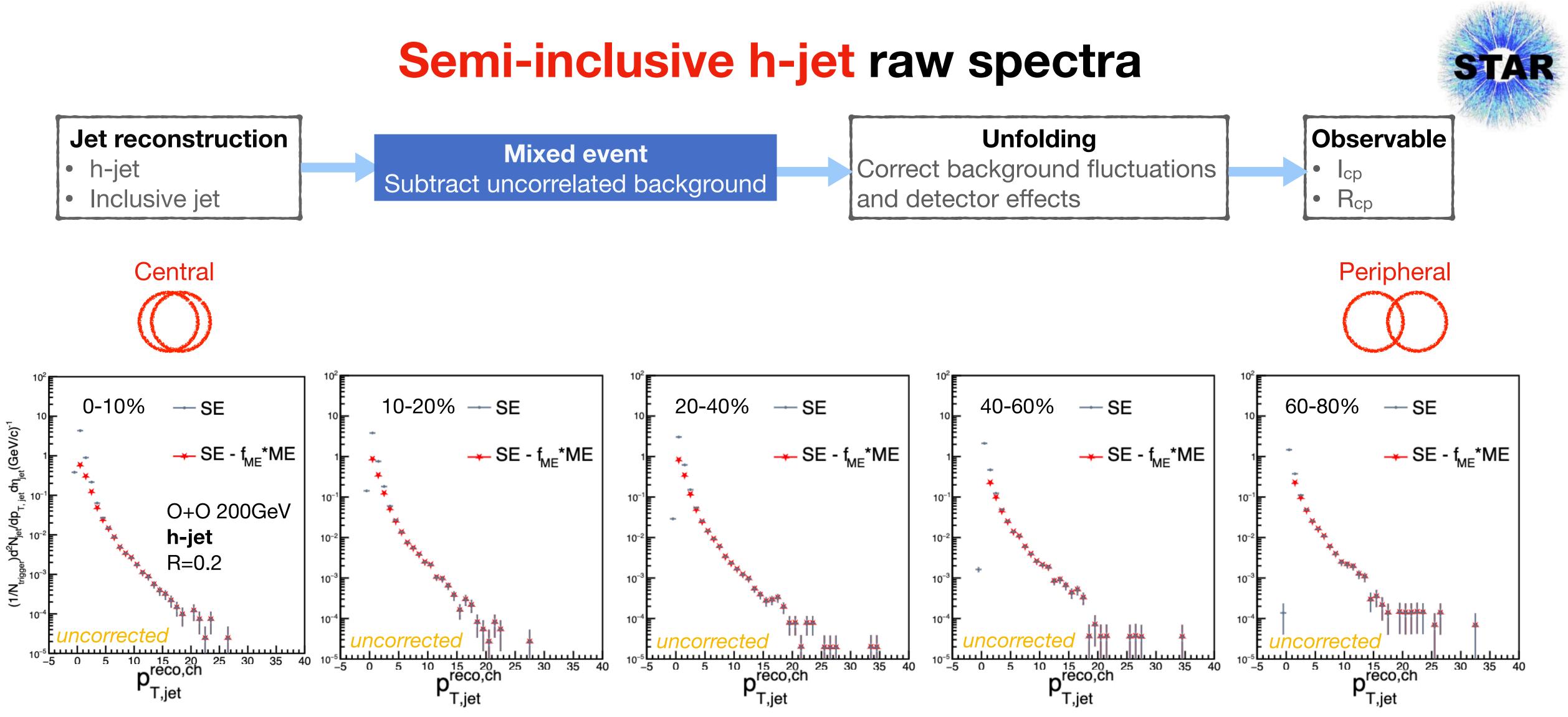
- f_{ME} : normalization parameter \bullet
- \bullet

Combinatorial background is subtracted based on the event mixing technique

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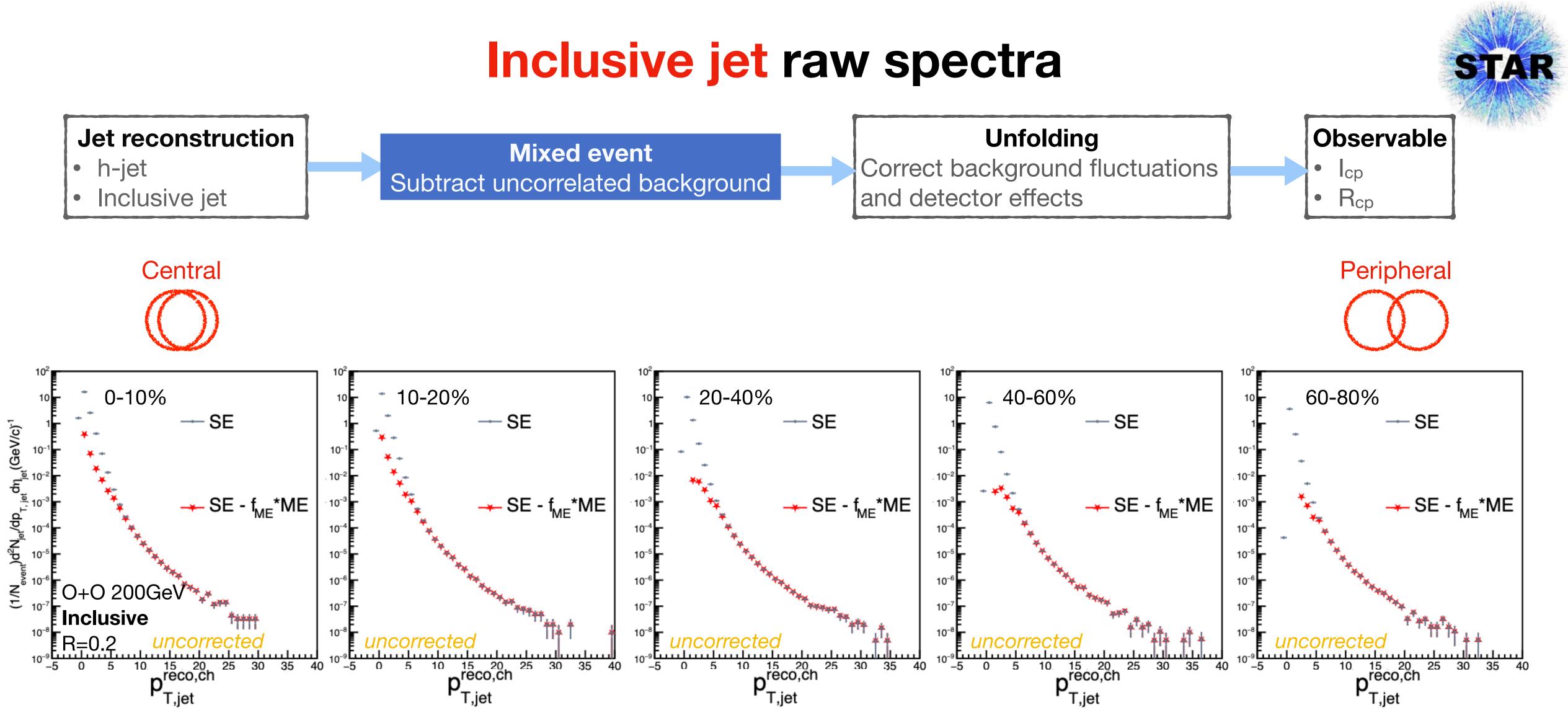






Obtain raw jet pT spectra of each centrality after uncorrelated background subtraction

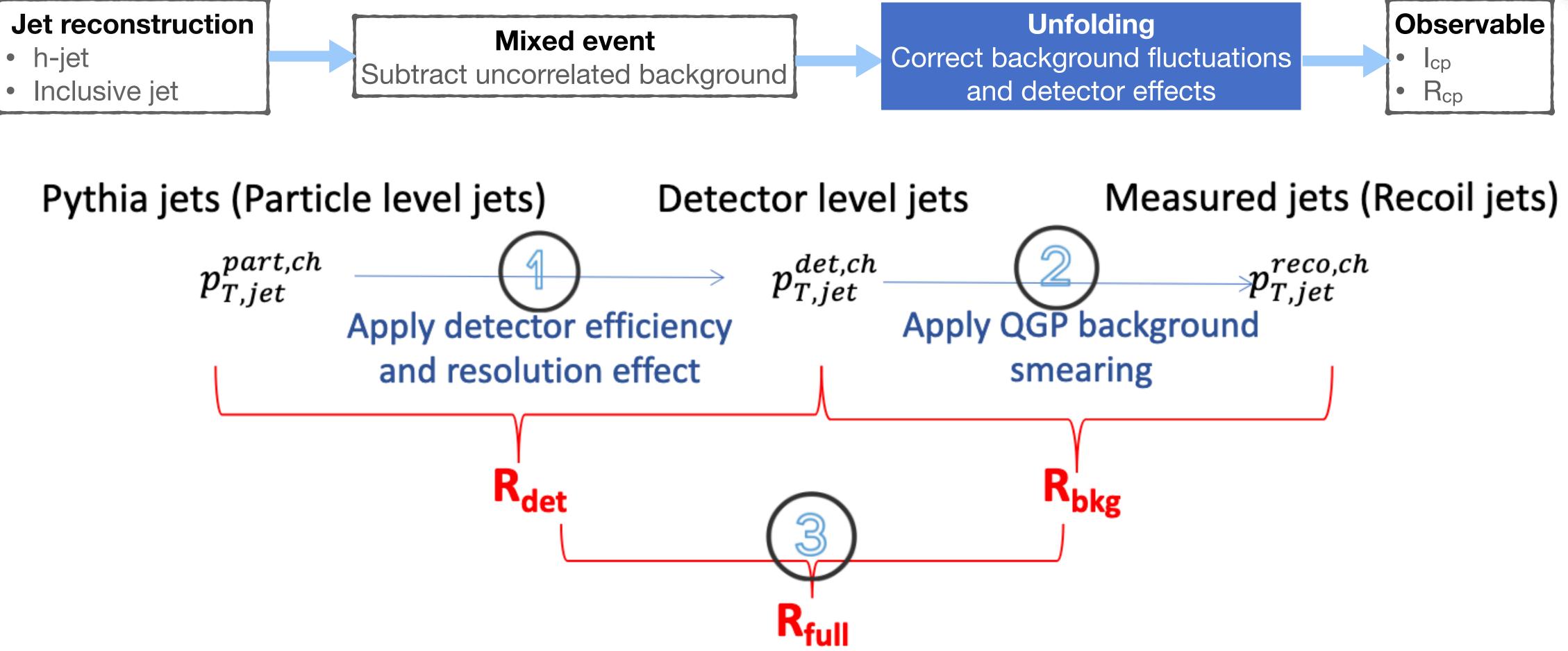




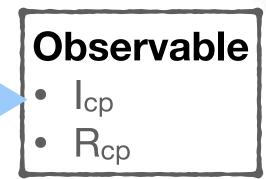
Obtain raw jet pT spectra of each centrality after uncorrelated background subtraction

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Unfolding procedure



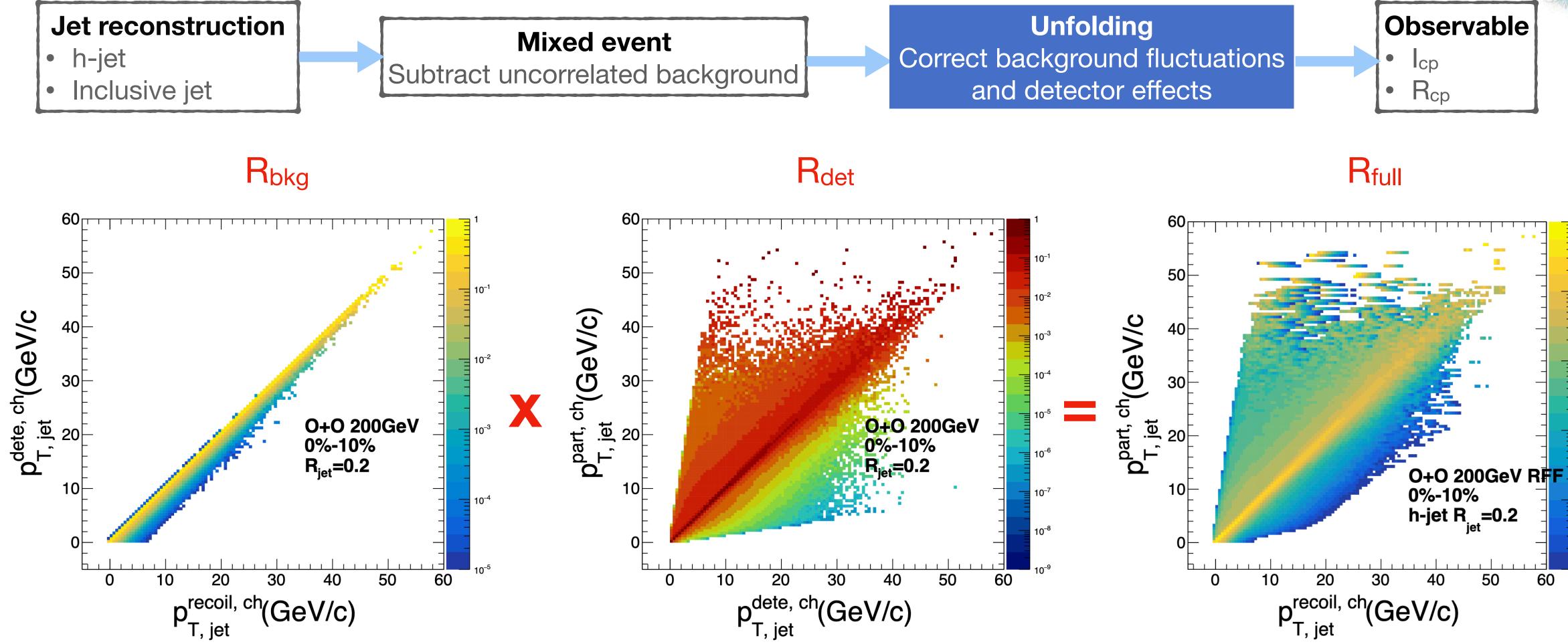
- Obtain response matrix by fast simulation



Background fluctuations and detector effects will be corrected by unfolding

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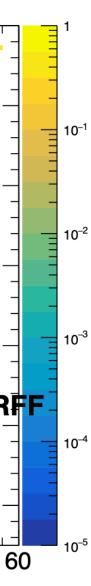


- Obtain response matrix by fast simulation

Response matrix (ongoing)

Background fluctuations and detector effects will be corrected by unfolding





Summary

- A first look at h-jet and inclusive jet in O+O 200GeV.



Raw jet pt spectra for each centrality class are obtained.

Summary

- A first look at h-jet and inclusive jet in O+O 200GeV.

Outlook

- ► Fully corrected spectra, R_{cp} and I_{cp}.
- Systematic uncertainty

Thank you!



Raw jet pt spectra for each centrality class are obtained.

Compare to similar measurements in collision systems of various sizes.

TO BE





Backup

Event cuts and track cuts

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Track cuts	Sign DCA ·

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-30 < Vz < 30 cm
Vr < 2 cm

pT > 0.2 GeV |eta| < 1.5 DCA < 1cm nHitsFit > 15 for TPC < 0.5(Pos), sign DCA > -0.5(Neg) HitsFit/nHitPoss > 0.52



Background subtraction

Average background contribution

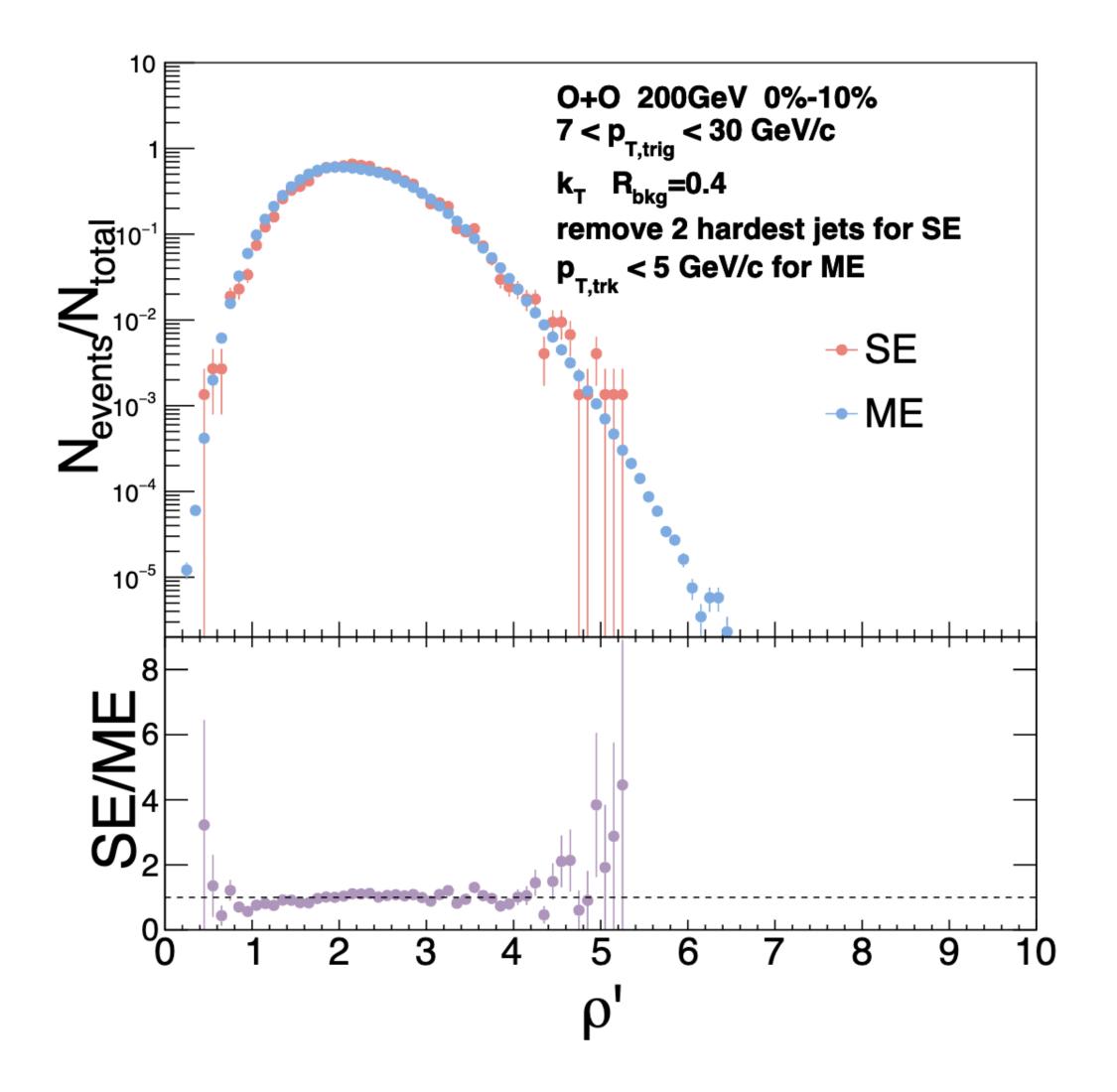
$$p_{\mathrm{T,jet}}^{\mathrm{reco,ch}} = p_{\mathrm{T,jet}}^{\mathrm{raw,ch}} - \rho \cdot A$$

 ρ = estimated background energy density

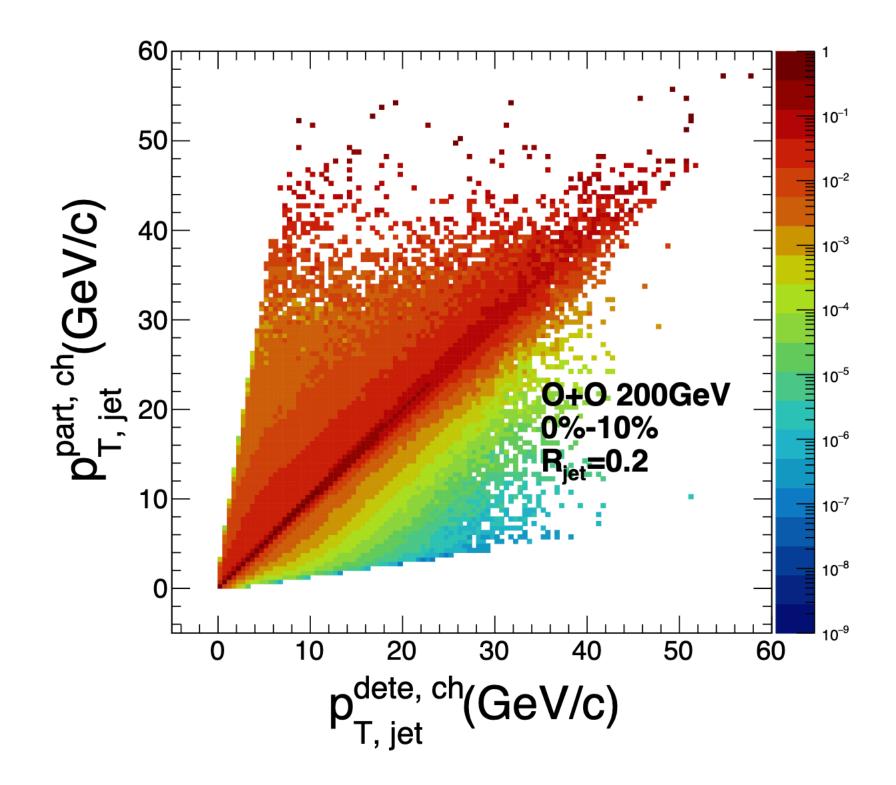
$$\rho' = \operatorname{median}_{j \in \text{physical jets}} \left\{ \frac{p_{\mathrm{T}j}}{A_j} \right\} \cdot C.$$

event occupancy C: the area $\sum_{i} A_{i}$ covered by physical jets divided by the total area A_{tot}

CMS, JHEP 2012, 130.

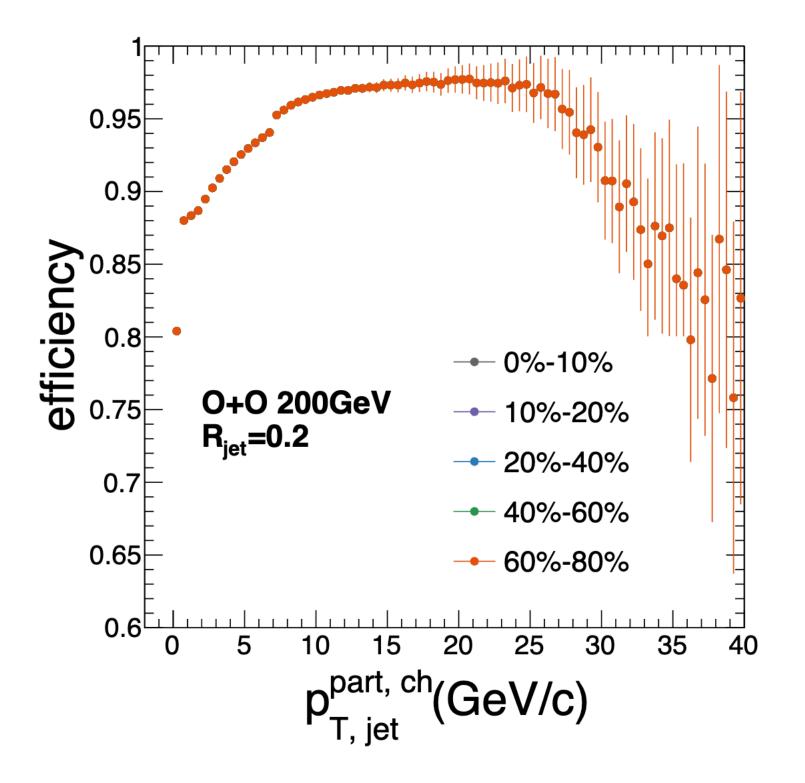


Detector matrix (R_{det})



- jets at two levels are closest to each other.
- the distance between jets at the two levels is less than R_{jet} \bullet

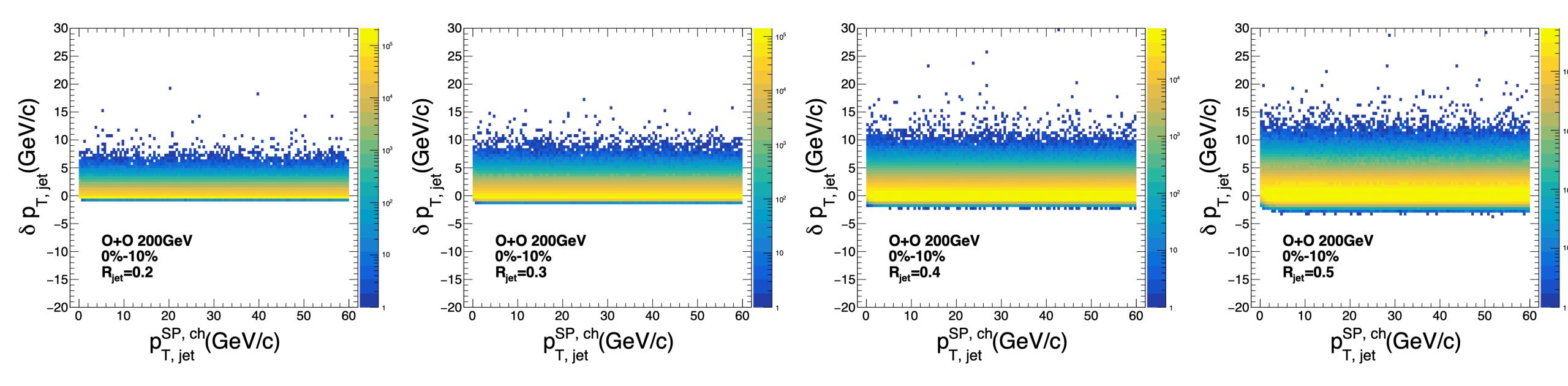
$$\frac{p_{T,jet}^{dete}}{p_{T,jet}^{part}} > 0.15 \&\& \frac{p_{T,jet}^{part}}{p_{T,jet}^{dete}} > 0.15$$



matched particle jets *jet match efficiency* = all particle jets



Background smearing



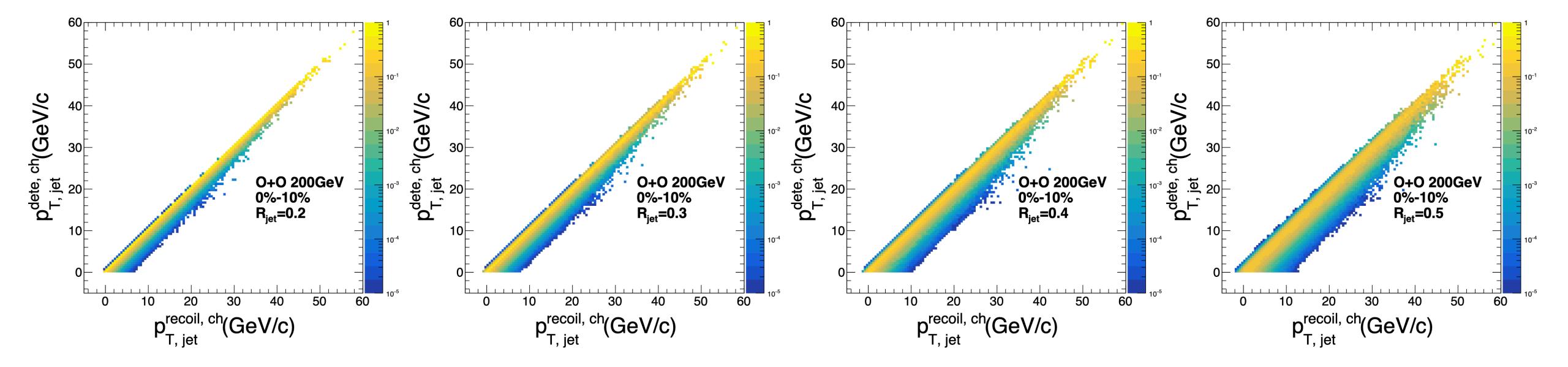
- Background fluctuations can influence the jet pt
- embed single particle to real O+O data

•
$$\delta p_T = p_{T,jet}^{reco,ch} - p_T$$

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embed T

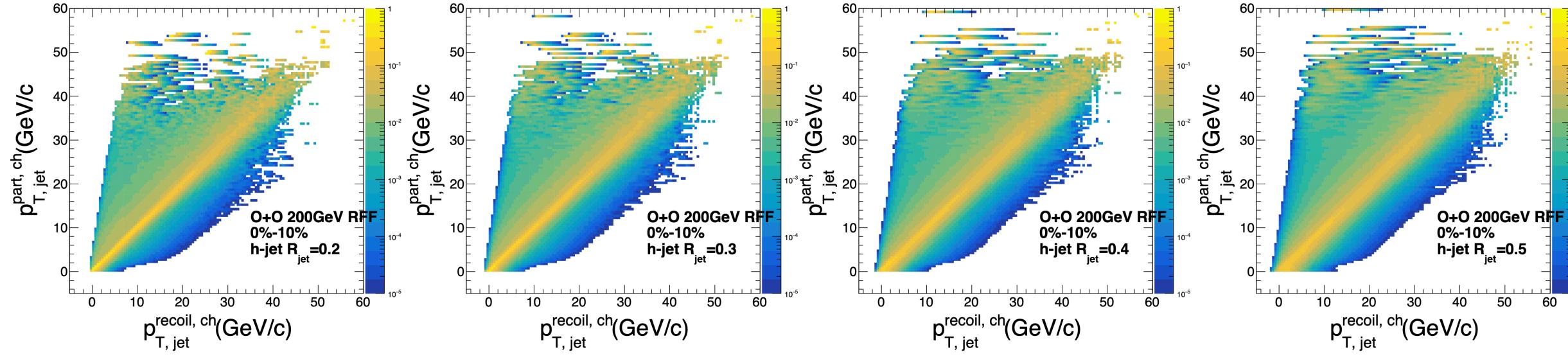
Background matrix (R_{bkg})



• apply delta pt to detector level jet



Multiplied matrix (R_{full})



 $R_{\rm full}(p_{\rm T,jet}^{\rm reco,ch}, p_{\rm T,jet}^{\rm part,ch}) = R_{\rm bkg}(p_{\rm T,jet}^{\rm reco,ch}, p_{\rm T,jet}^{\rm det,ch}) \times R_{\rm det}(p_{\rm T,jet}^{\rm det,ch}, p_{\rm T,jet}^{\rm part,ch})$

Sijie Zhang

