Contextualization in Practice: The Clemson Experience

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Outline

Introduction

Virtual Organization Clusters

Contextualization

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Introduction

- Rational
 - Grid computing requires users to submit jobs to widely differing sites
 - Much effort is spent configuring sites to users' needs
 - What if a user could send an environment with a job?
- Could provide this environment as a Virtual Machine (VM)
- But how do we adapt this VM to the site?
- "A" way to deploy VM for distributed computing support

We *contextualize* this VM within the bounds of the Virtual Organization Cluster (VOC) Model

Intro to the STAR Experiment

- Demonstrated practical use case of Amazon/EC2 in 2009 (CHEP 2009 plenary) 100ds of VM (but not O3)
- Its interest in VM?
 - Software provisioning & distributed computing reproducibility of results + sustainable model from VO perspectives
 - Observer of new flavor of Cloud: Amazon EC2, Magellan (DOE), Azure Cloud (NSF), SGI Cyclone, ...
 - Many emerging technologies: Nimbus, Eucalyptus, Cloudera, ...

STAR

- has pushed for inclusion of VM/Cloud in the OSG POW
- has been trying & testing multiple VM approach goal: pro/cons

Virtual Organization Cluster (VOC) on OSG

Virtual Organization Clusters (VOCs

- Generalized model for providing Virtual Organizations with their own VM environments
 - Allows for jobs to be run in a pre-provided VM
- Can be completely transparent to the user
- Optionally includes an overlay network to allow VOCs to span multiple sites



Virtual Organization Cluster Model



KVM -snapshot option allows 1-to-N relationship between image and instances

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Watchdog process dynamically sizes virtual cluster

Contextualization

- An arbitrary VM configuration will not run at an arbitrary site
 - Need to *contextualize* the VM
- Two contextualization phases:
 Image-level contextualization
 - One time per different VM image
 - Instance-level contextualization, once per instance
 - Each time the VM boots

Image-level Contextualization

- Is the image format supported by the hypervisor
 - Proliferation of formats: Raw, VMDK, QCOW2, VDI, etc ...
- Is the image layout compatible with the hypervisor?
 - A Xen image may only represent a single disk partition
 - $_{\odot}~$ KVM and VMWare need full disk images
 - 2 solutions:
 - Create a blank disk image w/ MBR and do a block-level copy from partition image (think dd)
 - Create a blank disk image w/ MBR, mount partitions (think kpartx), and do a file-level copy
 - Advantages and disadvantages to both techniques

Image-level Contextualization (cont'd)

- Does the image need to mount a shared filesystem?
 SOSG_APP, SOSG_DATA, etc...
- How will jobs be scheduled on the image?
 Do I need to install a batch scheduler?

Instance-level Contextualization

Generally involves leasing resources from physical cluster. Examples include

- MAC addresses
- IP addresses
- Scheduler slots
- LUNs
- etc ...

• Example VM instance-level contextualization process:



Results

Operational test results for

- o Engage
- o Nanohub
- \circ STAR









The STAR VM

- Our image ~ 10 GB + Need 1-1.5 GB of memory
- Our workflow with Clemson: just like another Grid



STAR Results

- Short test
 - 16 VMs available
 - Submitted 32 jobs
- Job profile Simulation (no input)
 - Very similar to Amazon/EC2 (see <u>Computing for the RHIC</u> <u>Experiments, CHEP2009</u>)
 - Total output 280 MB
 - Transfer rate back to BNL ~ 6.8 MB/sec
 - Processing time ~ 11hours (672 mnts or 40378 sec)



STAR Results



Essentially <startup time> = 7 mnts Comparing to our jobs, this is ~ 1% overhead all considered (queue latency + VM activation)

Conclusions

Results of model

- Model works smoothly, overhead is minimal
- Looks just like another Grid site with the confidence of a working and validated VO software stack (no need for "on-the-fly")
- Providing proper memory mapping, no issues
- Virtual Organization Clusters show great promise for providing customized environments
 - Model maximally convenient for VOs
 - However, contextualization of VMs is an operational necessity
 - Instance-level contextualization is easily automated
 - Image-level contextualization generally requires administrator effort