The Muon Telescope Detector (MTD): Opening New Capabilities at STAR



Kathryn Meehan for the STAR Collaboration

UC Davis

APS Far West Section Meeting

Oct 25, 2014







STAR: Solenoidal Tracker at RHIC



RHIC = Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider





QGP: A New State of Matter



Quark composition of a proton and a neutron (diagrams from Wikipedia)

- Over 250,000 times hotter than center of the sun!
- About trillionth of a cm across and lasts about 10^{-23} s
- Only high-temperature system to study strong interaction





Detectors of STAR

From innermost to outermost layer:

- 1. Beam pipe
- 2. Silicon detectors for particle tracking
- 3. Time Projection Chamber (tracking and particle id)
- 4. Time of Flight (TOF) Detector (extends particle id)
- 5. Electromagnetic Calorimeter (measures energy)
- 6. Magnet B_{solenoid}=0.5 T, B_{return bar}~1.26 T
- 7. Muon Telescope Detector







Motivation for MTD

Can study QGP through the "muon channel":

- easier to select which events to study
- less energy loss in detector



Cartoon and Feynman diagrams of Bremsstrahlung radiation



The Muon Telescope Detector





• MTD uses MRPCs to record hits

• Combined with timing and energy information from other detectors we can select events of physics interest



MTD Acceptance

Acceptance is 45% in azimuth with a pseudo-rapidity range of $|\eta| < 0.5$







Cosmic Ray MTD Calibration

• timing resolution: ~100 ps





Overall<112ps ~ Mtd<100ps

C. Yang et al. (STAR Collaboration) NIM A762 (2014) 1-6.



MTD Spatial Resolution: ~1-2 cm

Fit to the Y Resolution



Overall spatial resolution:

Y-direction: ~1.5 cm Z direction: ~1 cm $\sigma_{\Delta y}(\mathbf{p}_{\mathrm{T}}) = \sqrt{(p0/\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{T}}^{2}) + p1}$

 $\sqrt{p1}$ is the spatial resolution of MTD in absence of multiple scattering



C. Yang et al. (STAR Collaboration) NIM A762 (2014) 1-6.



Predicted MTD Performance

Current Dielectron Spectrum



STAR Collaboration. PLB 735 (2014) 127

Integrated luminosity =1.08 nb⁻¹ $\Upsilon(1S+2S+3S)$ Counts (0-10%) =66±17 Total Υ Counts ~250



Integrated luminosity $\sim 26 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ Expected Y Counts~9300



Conclusion

- MTD fully installed and took first data in Run 2014
- Cosmic ray calibration performed:
 - spatial resolution of ~1-2 cm
 - time resolution of ~100ps
- STAR now has a new channel open for studying heavy flavor physics!
 - J/Ψ analysis
 - Y analysis
 - µ-e correlations

