

Probing the isobaric Ru and Zr nuclear structure with the diffractive photoproduction of ρ mesons

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Abstract

1 The electron scattering process has been used to determine the nuclear charge radius. Simi-
2 larly, the photon scattering process can be used to determine the nuclear strong-interaction radius,
3 primarily through the diffractive photoproduction of vector mesons. Such an approach has been
4 proven effective at RHIC. The isobar collisions of Ru+Ru and Zr+Zr at RHIC provided an excellent
5 opportunity for studying their nuclear structure. Since Ru and Zr have the same mass number but
6 different atomic numbers, measurement of the Ru and Zr nuclear radii would be sensitive to the
7 nuclear structure parameters, such as the neutron skin and possible deformity. In this presentation,
8 we will report the diffractive photoproduction of ρ mesons in UPCs of Ru+Ru and Zr+Zr at 200
9 GeV. The ratio of differential cross section $d\sigma/dt$ between the two isobar species will be compared
10 with model calculations. Implications of these results on the Ru and Zr nuclear structure will also
11 be discussed.