Global polarization of Ξ hyperons in Au+Au collisions in the STAR experiment

Egor Alpatov (for the STAR collaboration)

3

National Research Nuclear University MEPhI

The hot dense matter produced in non-central heavy-ion collisions 5 possess a large initial orbital angular momentum. This initial orbital 6 angular momentum leads to global polarization of hadrons produced after hadronization, which could be measured via CP-violating weak 8 decays of hyperons. The STAR experiment observed non-zero Λ global g polarization. Large amount of new data provide an opportunity to 10 measure multistrange hyperon polarization. It could be an important 11 input for hydrodynamic studies of the system. It this talk, we will 12 report results of Ξ hyperon global polarization $(P_{\Xi^- + \overline{\Xi}^+})$ measurement for Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 27, 54.4 \text{ GeV}$ and 200 GeV.