

Jet Substructure Measurements at STAR

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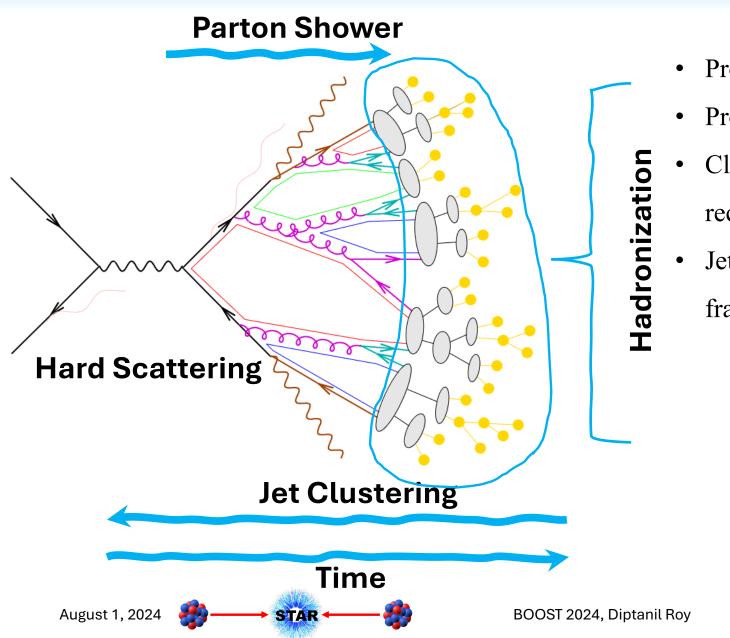
July 28 – Aug 2, 2024





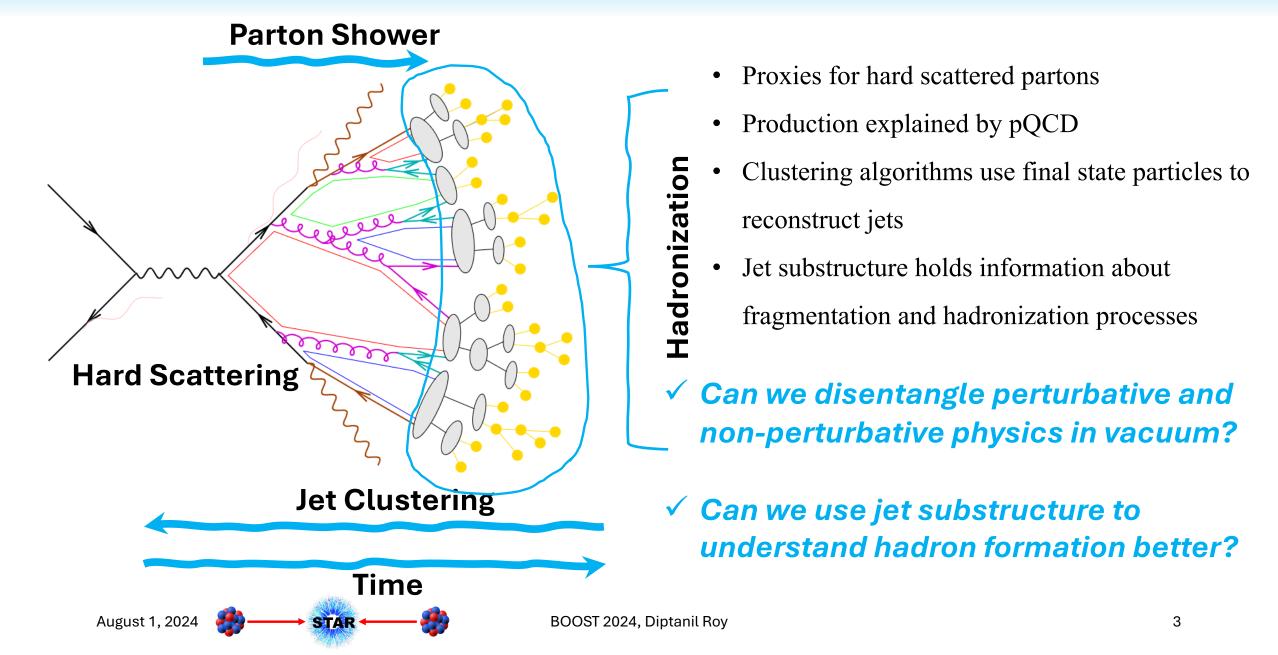


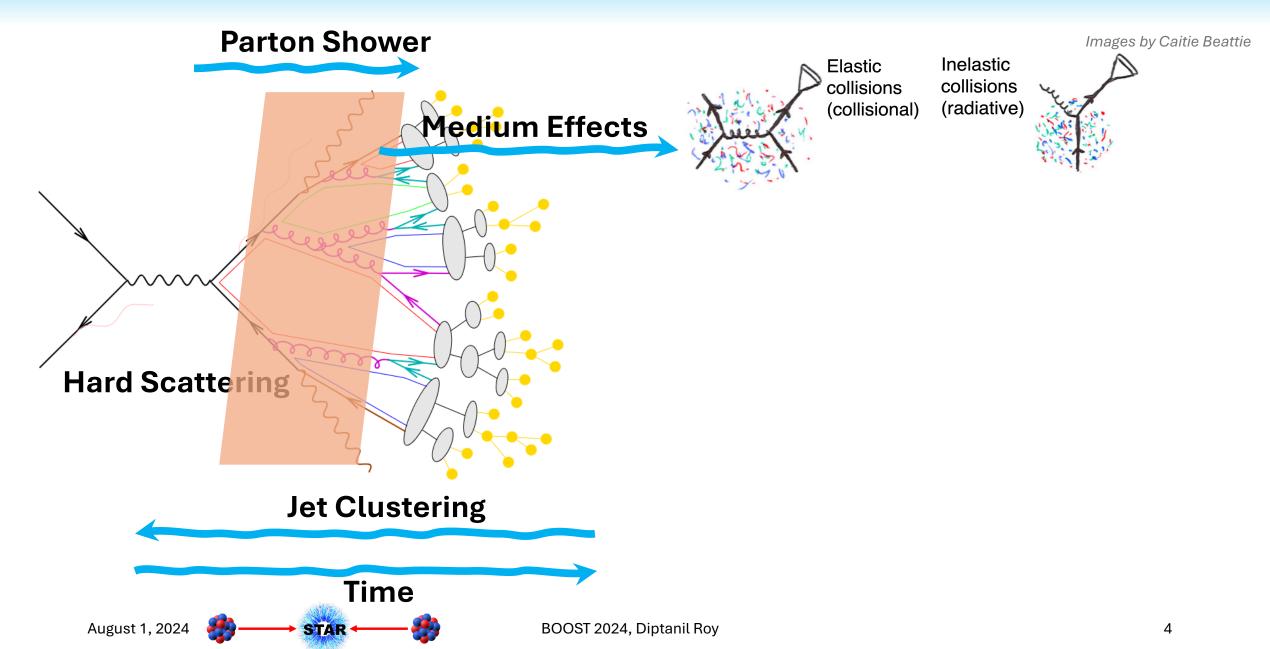
Jets in vacuum

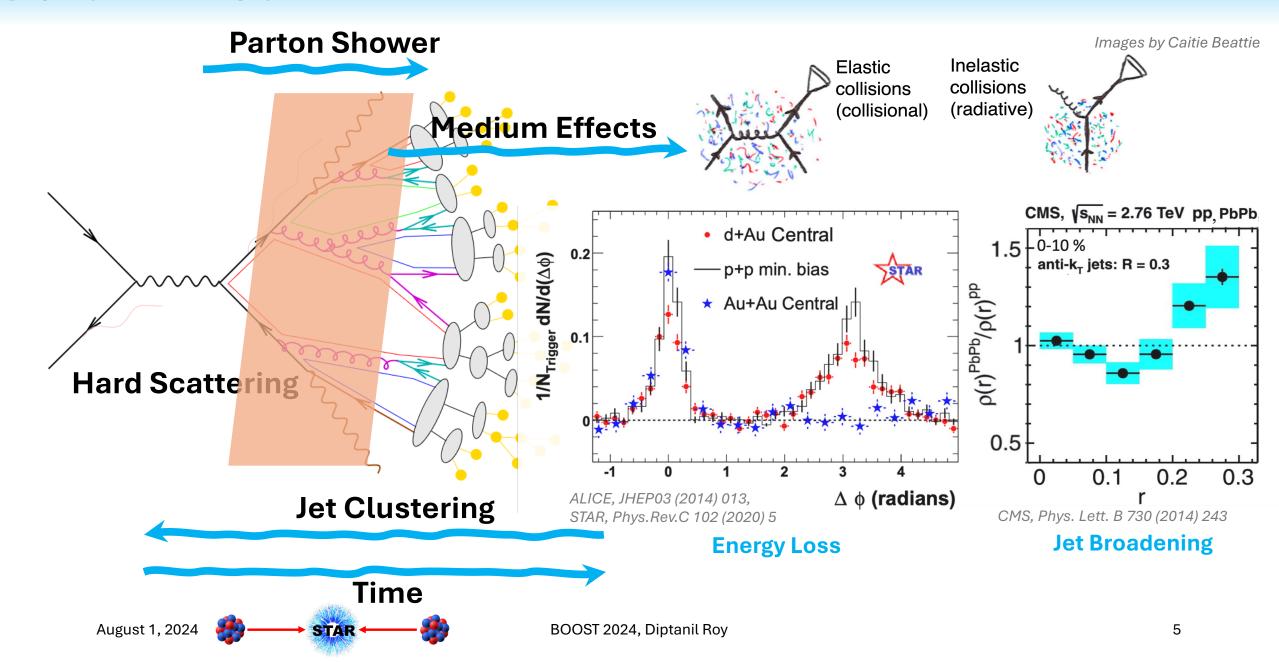


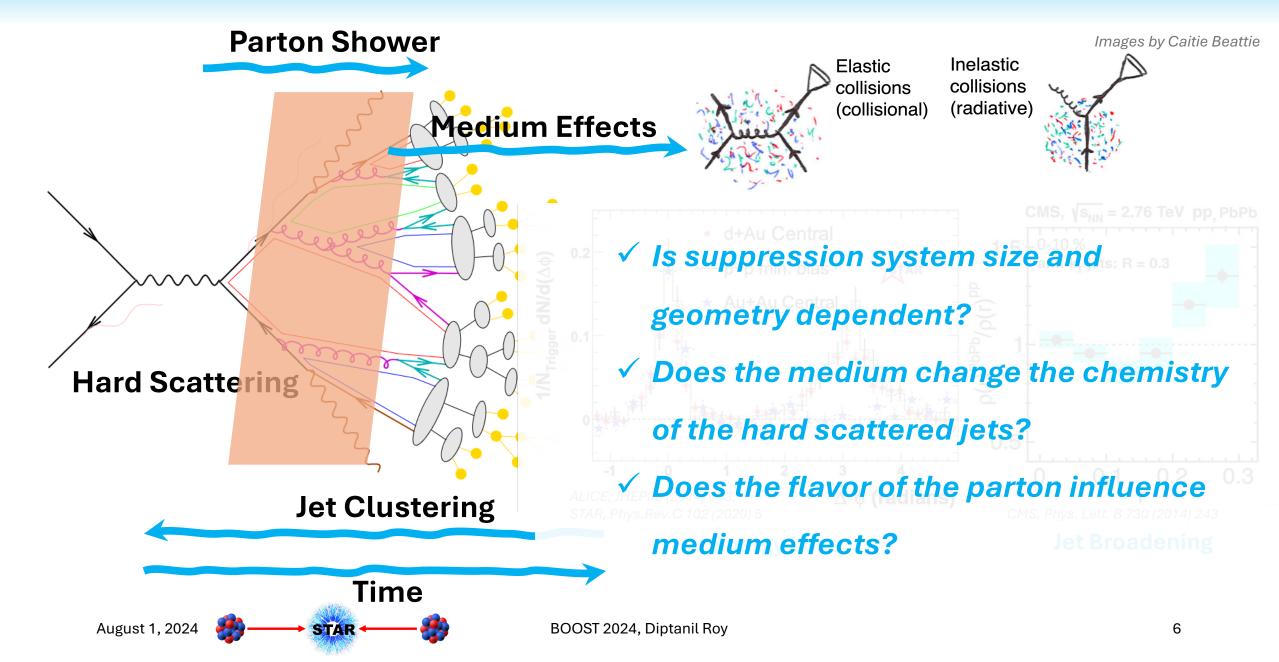
- Proxies for hard scattered partons
- Production explained by pQCD
- Clustering algorithms use final state particles to reconstruct jets
- Jet substructure holds information about fragmentation and hadronization processes

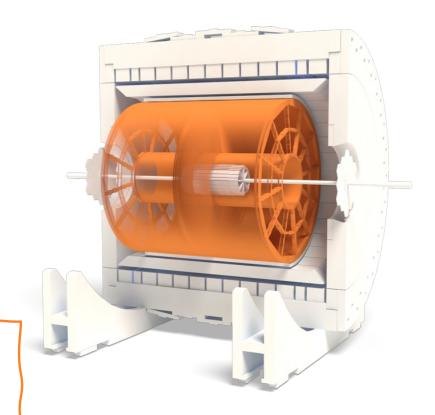
Jets in vacuum











Time Projection Chamber

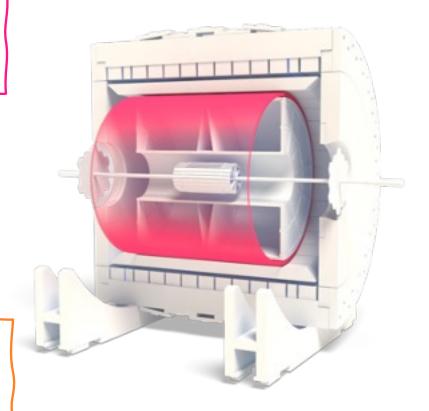
- ✓ Measures momenta of charged tracks $[|\eta| < 1, 0 < \phi < 2\pi]$
- ✓ PID using dE/dx

Images: <u>NSWW</u>

Time-Of-Flight Detector

✓ PID using TOF measurement

$$[|\eta| < 1, 0 < \phi < 2\pi]$$



Time Projection Chamber

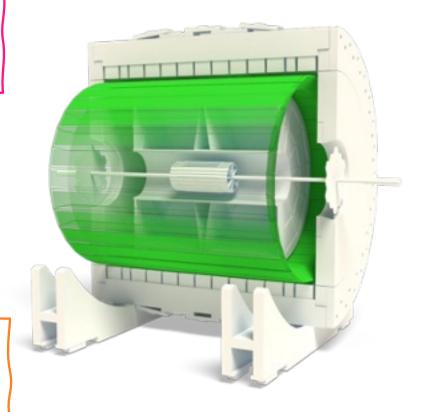
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Images: NSWW

Time-Of-Flight Detector

✓ PID using TOF measurement $[|\eta| < 1, 0 < \phi < 2\pi]$

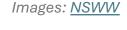


Barrel Electromagnetic Calorimeter

✓ Measures neutral component of jet energy $[|\eta| < 1, 0 < \phi < 2\pi]$

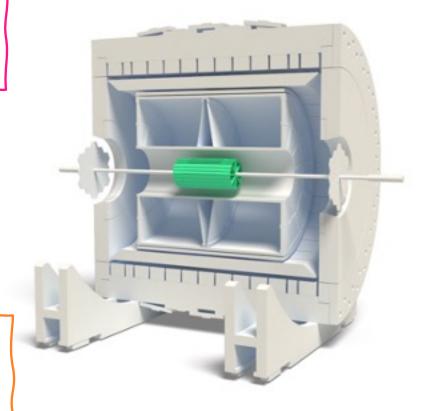
Time Projection Chamber

- ✓ Measures momenta of charged tracks $[|\eta| < 1, 0 < \phi < 2\pi]$
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Time-Of-Flight Detector

✓ PID using TOF measurement $[|\eta| < 1, 0 < \phi < 2\pi]$



Barrel Electromagnetic Calorimeter

✓ Measures neutral component of jet energy $[|\eta| < 1, 0 < \phi < 2\pi]$

Time Projection Chamber

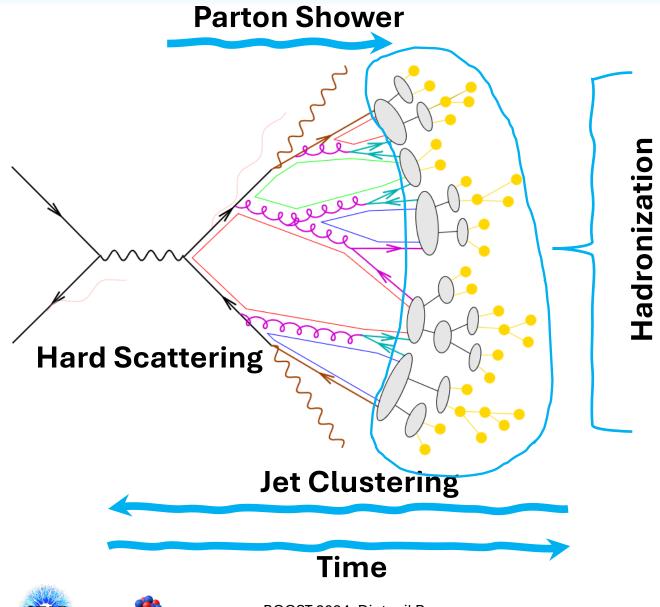
- ✓ Measures momenta of charged tracks $[|\eta| < 1, 0 < \phi < 2\pi]$
- ✓ PID using dE/dx

Heavy Flavor Tracker (2014-2016)

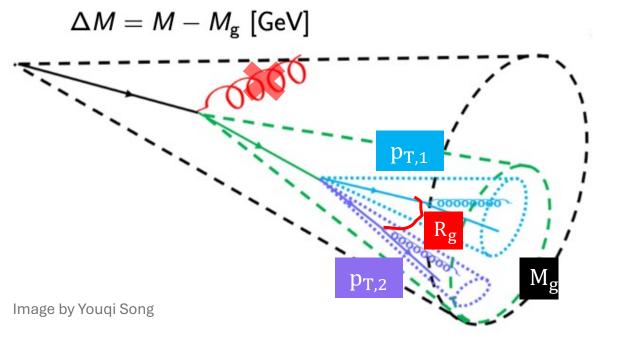
✓ Improves position resolution for secondary vertices

Images: NSWW

Jets in vacuum



Isolating pQCD and npQCD in vacuum



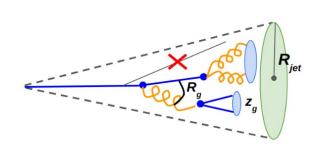
- Image: Larkoski, Marzani, Thaler, Xue, PRL 119 (2017) 13, 132003
- $\left(\begin{array}{c} z_g \\ 1-z_g \end{array}\right) \theta_g$
- SoftDrop: Groom a reconstructed jet to remove wide-angle soft radiation
- CollinearDrop: Difference of an observable for an ungroomed vs groomed jet → Access to soft component of jet
- Iterative SoftDrop: Access to 1st, 2nd, 3rd splits of the shower

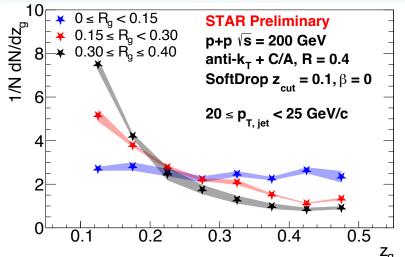
 $\begin{aligned} & R_g = \text{Distance of subjets at split} \\ & z_{\text{g}} = \frac{\min(p_{\text{T},1}, p_{\text{T},2})}{p_{\text{T},1} + p_{\text{T},2}} > z_{\text{cut}} (R_{\text{g}}/R_{\text{jet}})^{\beta} & z_{\text{cut}} = 0.1 \\ & \beta = 0 \end{aligned}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{\min(p_{\text{T},1}, p_{\text{T},2})}{p_{\text{T},1} + p_{\text{T},2}} > 0.1$

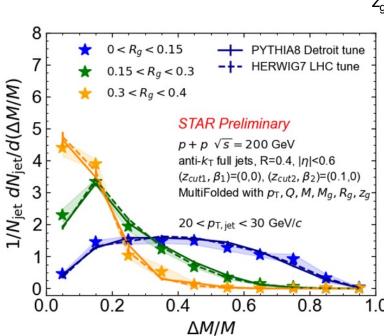
 \mathbf{z}_{a} = Shared momentum fraction

Isolating pQCD and npQCD in vacuum









 z_g = Shared momentum fraction R_g = Distance of subjets at split $\Delta M = M - M_g$ [GeV]

Perturbative

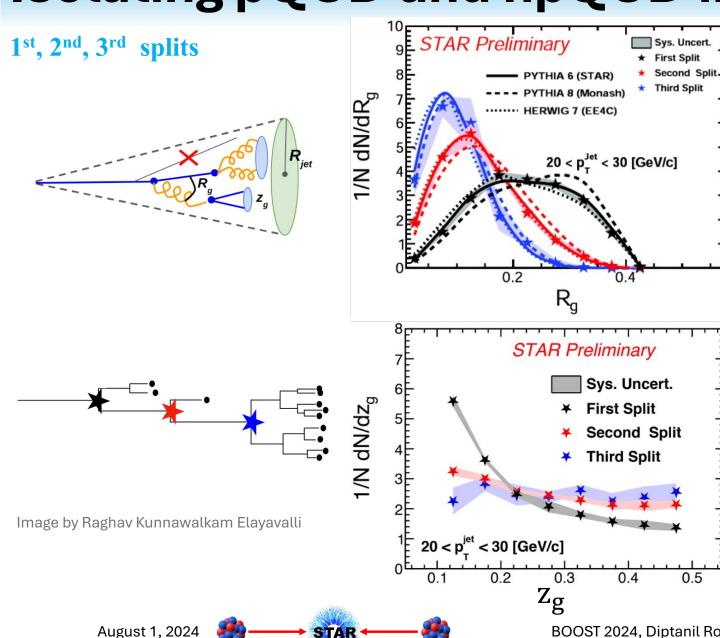
Larger $R_g \rightarrow Smaller \langle \Delta M/M \rangle \rightarrow Steeper z_g$

Non-perturbative

Smaller $R_g \rightarrow Larger \langle \Delta M/M \rangle \rightarrow Flatter z_g$

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Isolating pQCD and npQCD in vacuum



$$z_g$$
 = Shared momentum fraction R_g = Distance of subjets at split $\Delta M = M - M_g$ [GeV]

R_g becomes narrower from 1st to 3rd split

Change from soft wide-angle to hard collinear splitting

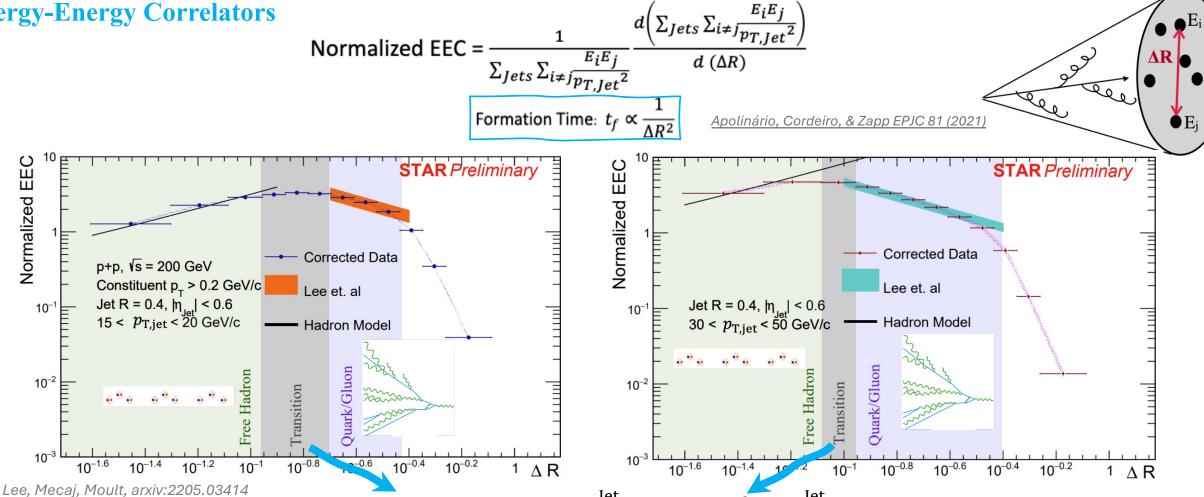
z_g becomes flatter from 1^{st} to 3^{rd} split

Perturbative to Non-perturbative transition

Can we pinpoint a distinct transition region?

Time evolution of jets in vacuum





Transition Region at $\Delta R_{Turnover} \times p_T^{Jet} \sim 2 - 3 \text{ GeV} \rightarrow \text{No } p_T^{Jet}$ dependence

Universal scale for confinement of quark/gluon to hadrons

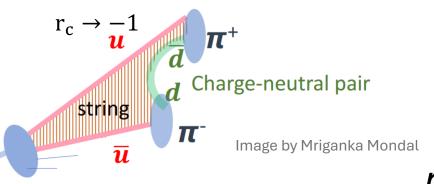


Probing npQCD region in vacuum

Charge Correlators

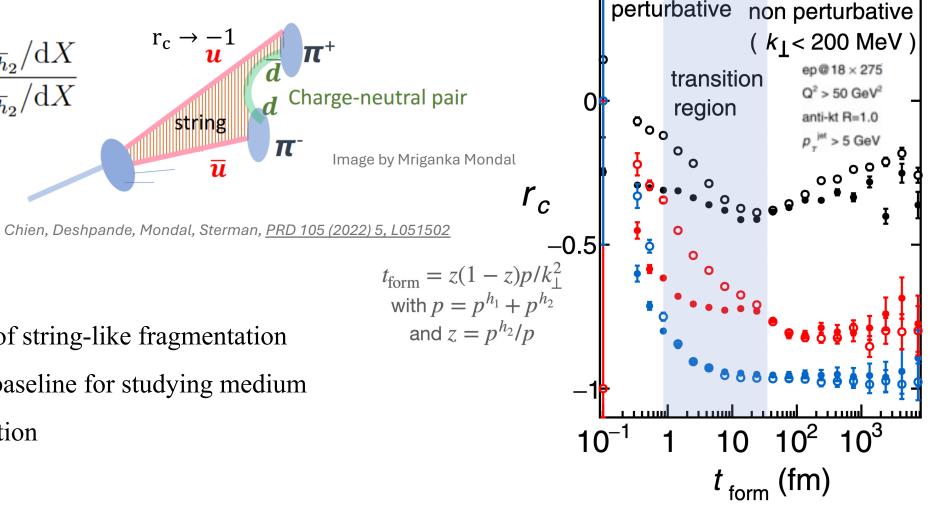
$$r_c(X) = \frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{h_1 h_2}/\mathrm{d}X - \mathrm{d}\sigma_{h_1 \overline{h}_2}/\mathrm{d}X}{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{h_1 h_2}/\mathrm{d}X + \mathrm{d}\sigma_{h_1 \overline{h}_2}/\mathrm{d}X}$$

 h_1h_2 : same charge hadrons, $h_1\overline{h_2}$: opposite charge hadrons



r_c can probe for evidence of string-like fragmentation

In vacuum, can establish baseline for studying medium modification of hadronization





Probing npQCD region in vacuum

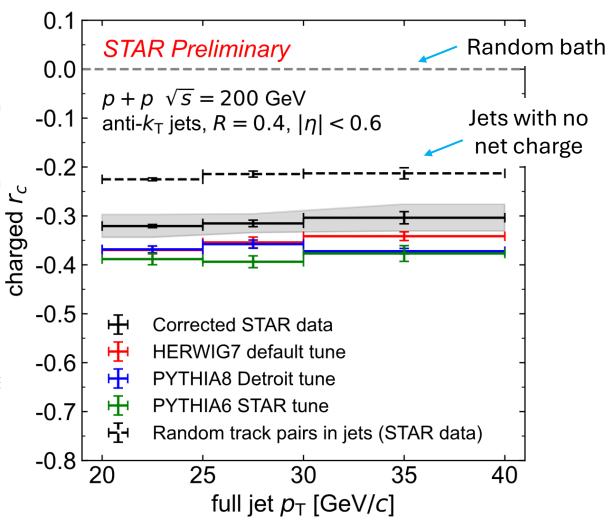
Charge Correlators

$$r_c(X) = \frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{h_1 h_2}/\mathrm{d}X - \mathrm{d}\sigma_{h_1 \overline{h}_2}/\mathrm{d}X}{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{h_1 h_2}/\mathrm{d}X + \mathrm{d}\sigma_{h_1 \overline{h}_2}/\mathrm{d}X}$$

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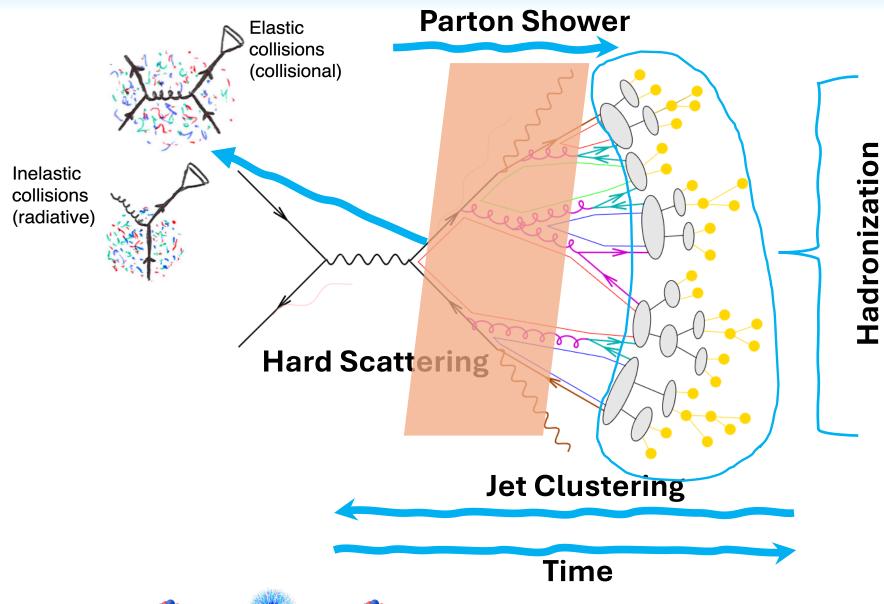
Chien, Deshpande, Mondal, Sterm

- r_c can probe for evidence of string-like fragmenta
- In vacuum, can establish baseline for studying m modification of hadronization



First measurement in p+p: Both string-like and cluster hadronization underpredict STAR data

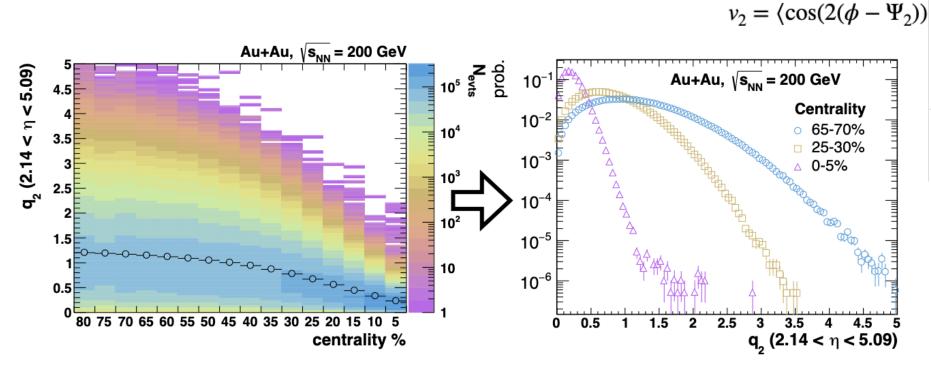
More model tuning required.

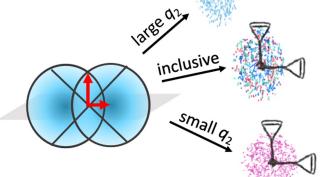


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Event shape engineering

$$Q_2 = (\sum_{i=1}^M w_i \cos(2\phi_i), \sum_{i=1}^M w_i \sin(2\phi_i)), \ q_2 = |Q_2|/\sqrt{M}, \\ w_i : \text{nMIP weight, } M : \text{multiplicity}$$



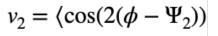


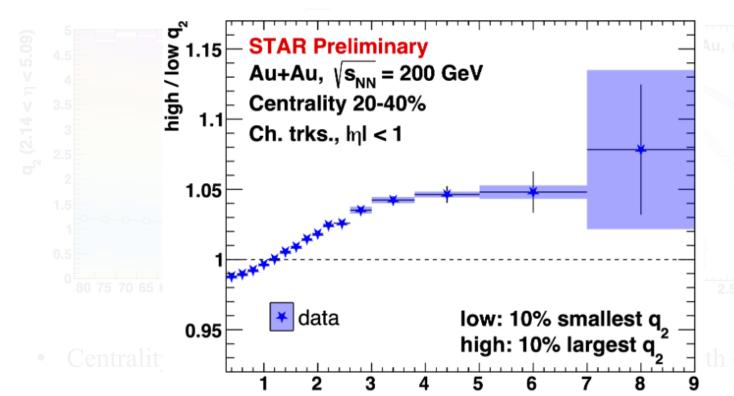
Images by Caitie Beattie

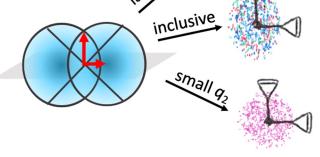
- Centrality and q₂ are correlated, event selection based on both centrality and q₂
- Charged particle spectra from TPC, q₂ from EPD-W to avoid autocorrelation

Event shape engineering

 $Q_2 = (\sum_{i=1}^M w_i \cos(2\phi_i), \sum_{i=1}^M w_i \sin(2\phi_i)), q_2 = |Q_2|/\sqrt{M},$ $w_i : \text{nMIP weight, } M : \text{multiplicity}$







- Hardened charged particle spectra in high- q_2 events, flattened at high p_T
- Consistent with ALICE results at 2.76 TeV

ALICE, PRC 93 (2016) 3, 034916

p_{_} [GeV/c]

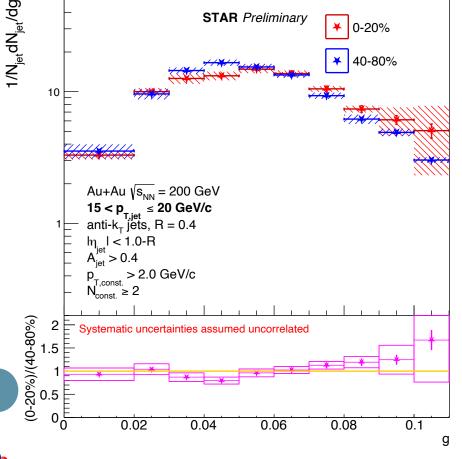
Images by Caitie Beattie

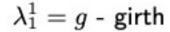
Jet substructure in medium

Generalized Angularities

$$\lambda_{eta}^{\kappa} = \sum_{ ext{const} \in ext{jet}} \overbrace{\left(rac{p_{ ext{T,const}}}{p_{ ext{T,jet}}}
ight)^{\kappa}}^{ ext{soft/hard radiation}} imes rac{ ext{collinearity sensitive}}{r(ext{const}, ext{jet})^{eta}}$$

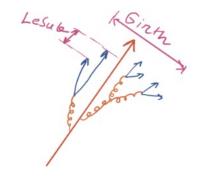
- Angularities, tunable sensitivities to energy, angular scales – some of them are IRC safe
- Can probe the modification of radiation pattern in medium





$$\lambda_2^1$$
 - thrust

$$\lambda_0^2 = (p_{\mathsf{T}}^{\mathsf{D}})^2$$
 - momentum dispersion



Girth consistent in central and peripheral collisions

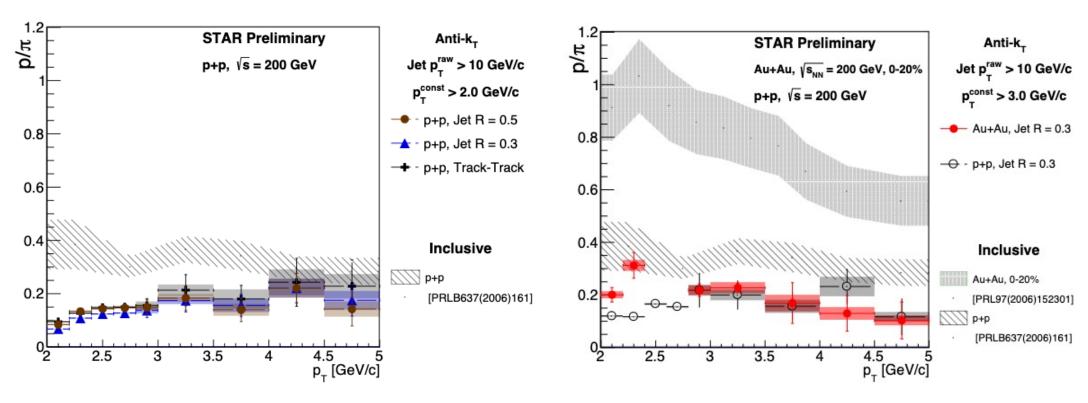
Better handle on systematics and sample bias being explored



Jet chemistry

Baryon-To-Meson Ratio in p-p and Au-Au

$$\frac{p^+ + p^-}{\pi^+ + \pi^-}$$



Pion production preferred over proton in jets

No significant difference in Au+Au p/ π ratio compared to p+p

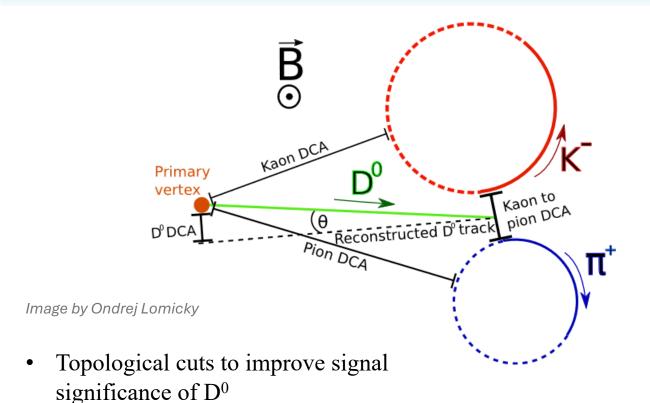
Stronger preference for pions in jets compared to inclusive p+p

Hard-core selection bias (?) Survivor bias(?)

Studies ongoing with jets with different hard-core definitions



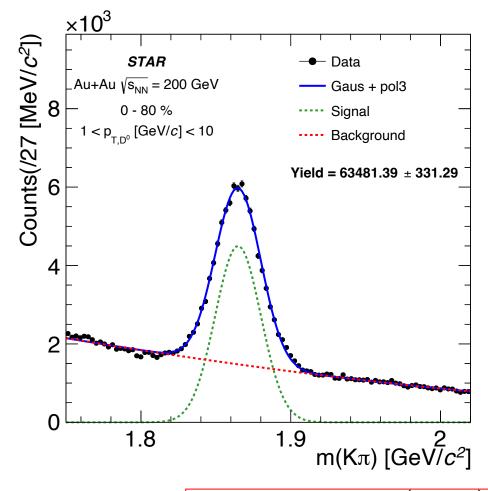
Flavor dependence – D⁰ jets



Yield calculation using sPlot method

$$_{s}\mathcal{P}lot \ \ \left|_{s}\mathcal{P}_{n}(m_{K\pi,i}) = rac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{T}}V_{nj}f_{j}(m_{K\pi,i})}{\sum_{k=1}^{N_{T}}N_{k}f_{k}(m_{K\pi,i})}
ight|$$

Efficiency Correction



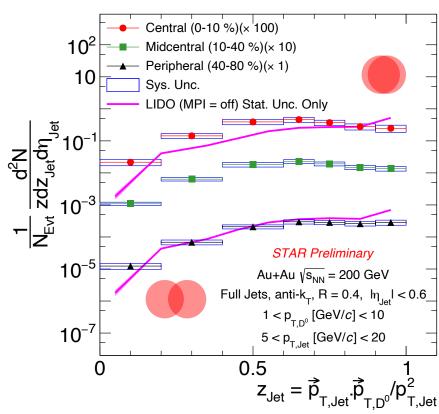
$$_s{\cal P}_n(m_{K\pi,i})
ightarrow rac{_s{\cal P}_n(m_{K\pi,i})}{arepsilon(m_{K\pi,i})}$$

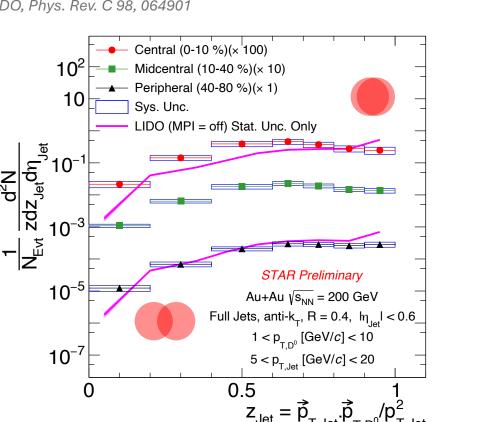
Nucl. Instrum. Methods Phys. Res., A (2005) 555



Flavor dependence – Fragmentation of D⁰ jets

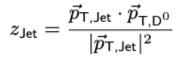
LIDO, Phys. Rev. C 98, 064901

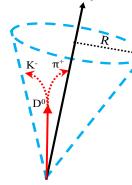




- 2D unfolded with $p_{T,Jet}$
- LIDO overestimates hard fragmented D^0 jets \rightarrow Data shows softer fragmentation

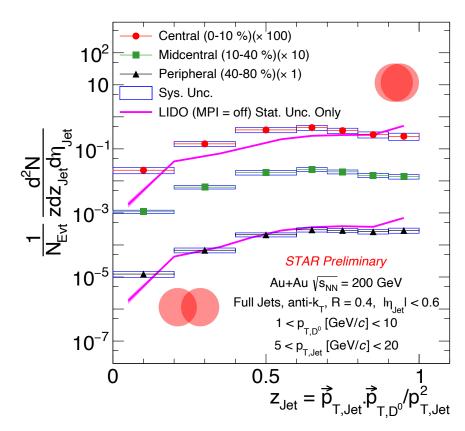


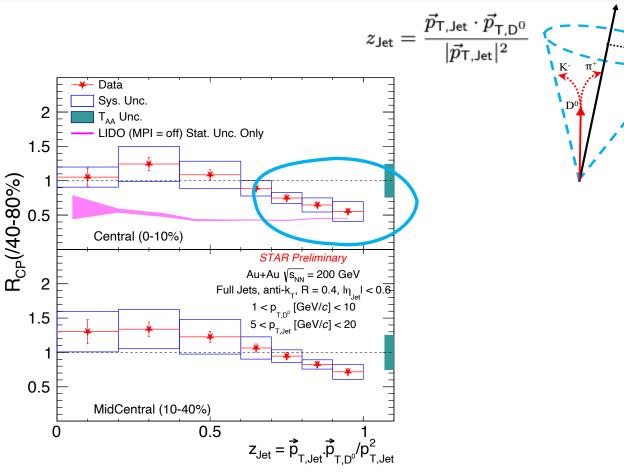




Flavor dependence – Fragmentation of D⁰ jets

LIDO, Phys. Rev. C 98, 064901





Suppression for hard fragmented D⁰ jets in central collisions

• 2D unfolded with p_{T,Jet}

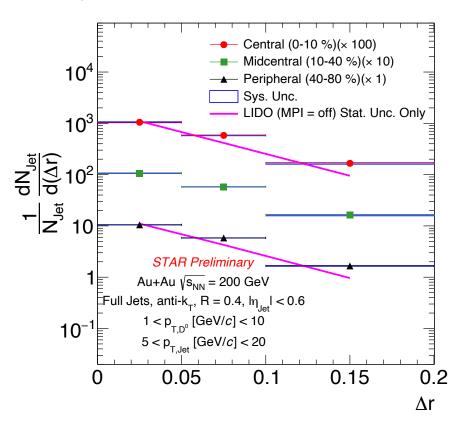
August 1, 2024

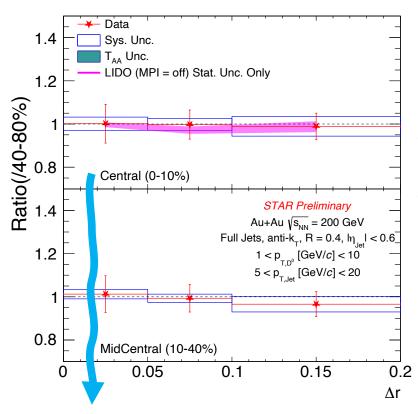
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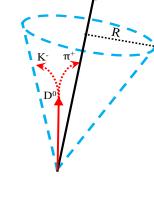


Flavor dependence – Radial profile of D⁰ jets

LIDO, Phys. Rev. C 98, 064901





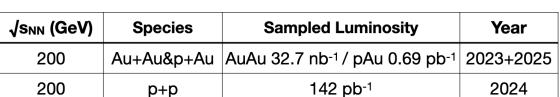


- $^{\circ}$ 2D unfolded with $p_{T,Jet}$
- LIDO qualitatively explains radial profile trends, along with ratio of central and peripheral

Ratio of radial profile consistent with 1



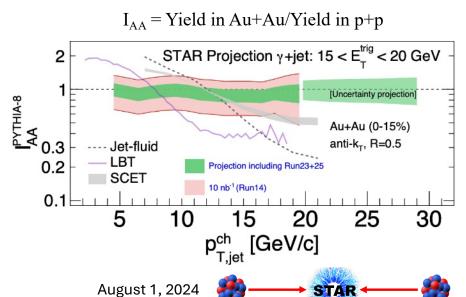
What's next for STAR?

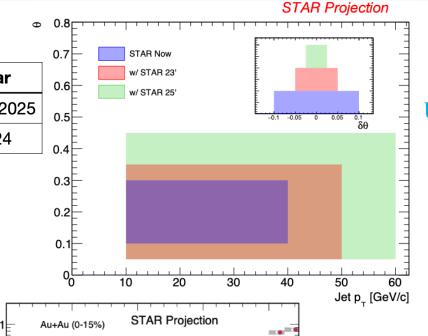


EPD for triggering Independent event-plane determination

Event shape Engineering

Recoil Jets triggered by γ^{dir}





Increased statistics for jetsubstructure measurements

Use jet substructure as taggers

Access to high p_T jets

Access to wide-angle radiation

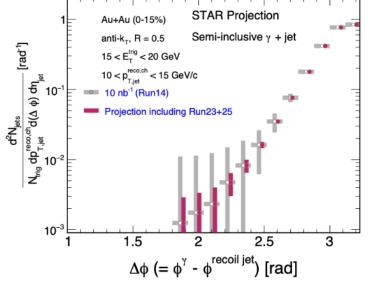
Increased resolution in angular

scale

Wider kinematic range for I_{AA} and acoplanarity measurements

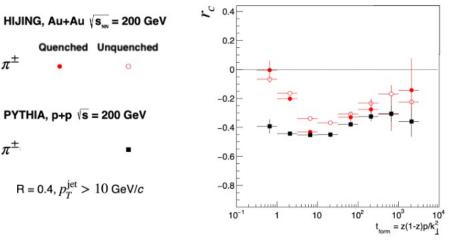
Access to forward rapidity

Larger statistics → Improved uncertainty

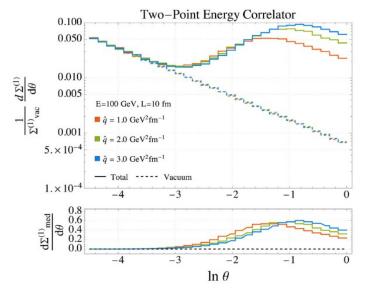


What's next for STAR?

- Charge correlators in heavy ion collisions
- HERWIG tune to RHIC kinematics ongoing
- Jet chemistry in unbiased sample (constituent p_T dependence)
- Generalized angularities for D⁰-jets
- Higher order EECs, charge dependence, medium modifications
- Event shape engineering: Probing event-plane angle dependence



Esha, <u>Hard Probes 2023</u>

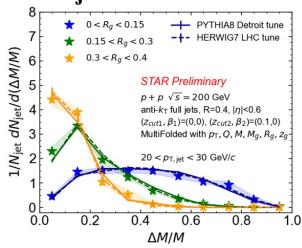


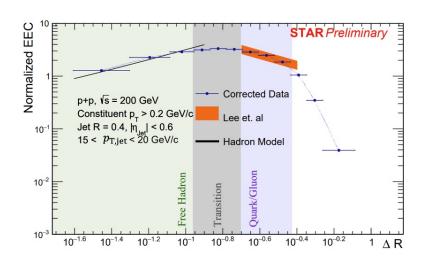
Andres, Dominguez, Kunnawalkam Elayavalli, Holguin, Marquet, Moult, PRL 130 (2023) 26, 262301

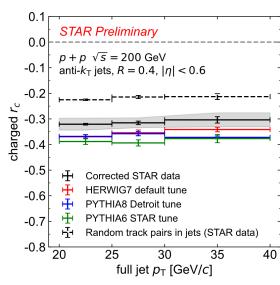


Summary

Precision era of jet substructure

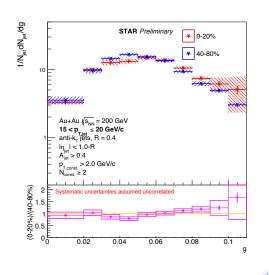


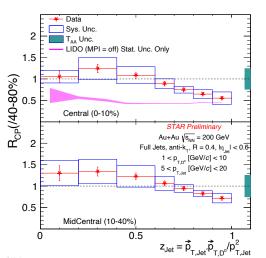




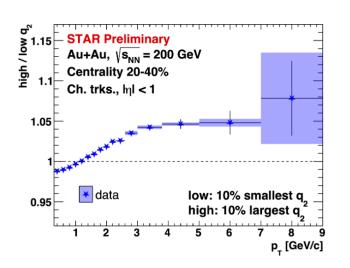
Substructure measurements in medium

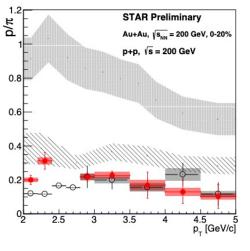
Differential look at jet yield modifications





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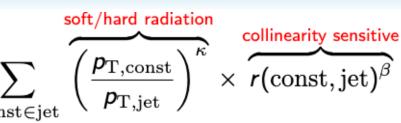


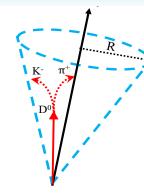


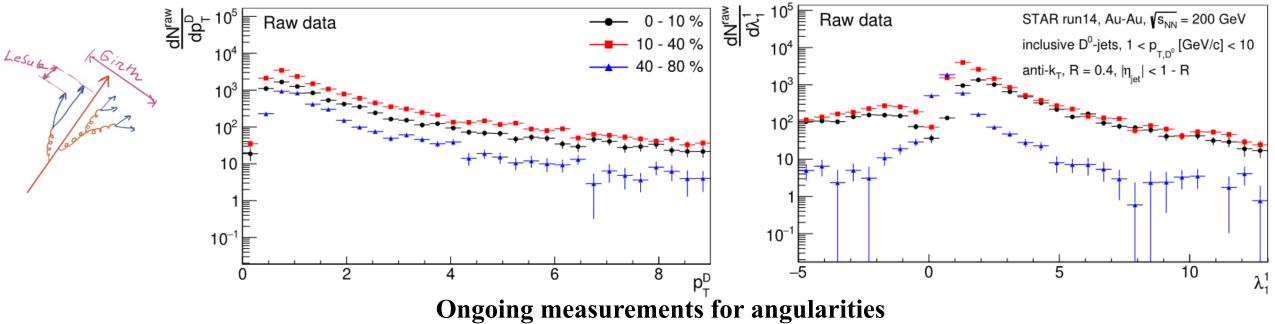
Flavor dependence – Generalized angularities

Generalized Angularities

$$\lambda_1^1=g$$
 - girth
$$\lambda_2^1 ext{ - thrust}$$
 $\lambda_0^2=(p_{
m T}^{
m D})^2$ - momentum dispersion







• Unphysical results caused by median background subtraction → Unfolding required

