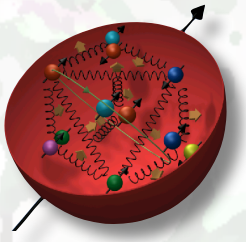
Future prospects of di-jet production at forward rapidity constraining $\Delta g(x)$ at low x in polarized p+p collisions at RHIC

Bernd Surrow

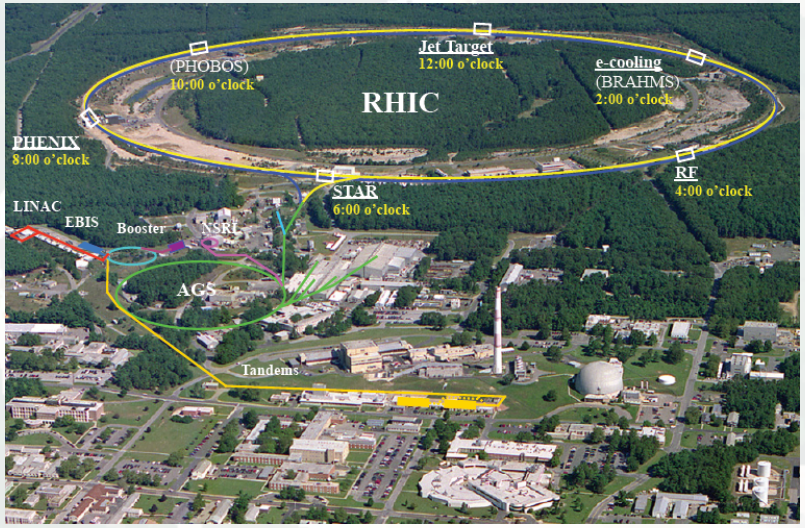
TEMPLE UNIVERSITY

On behalf of the STAR Collaboration

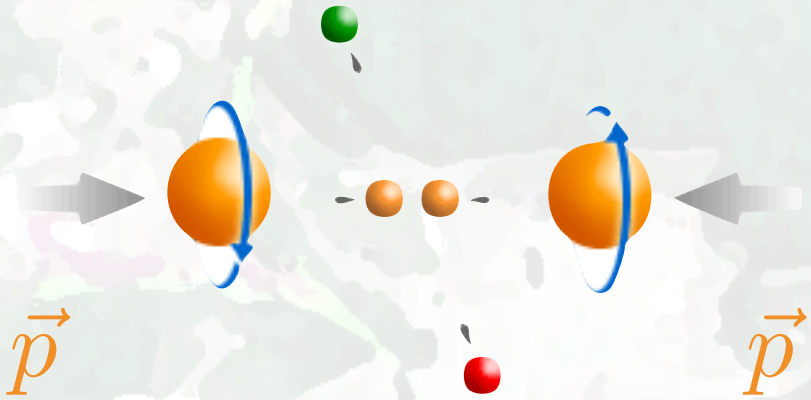


DIS2014

Outline

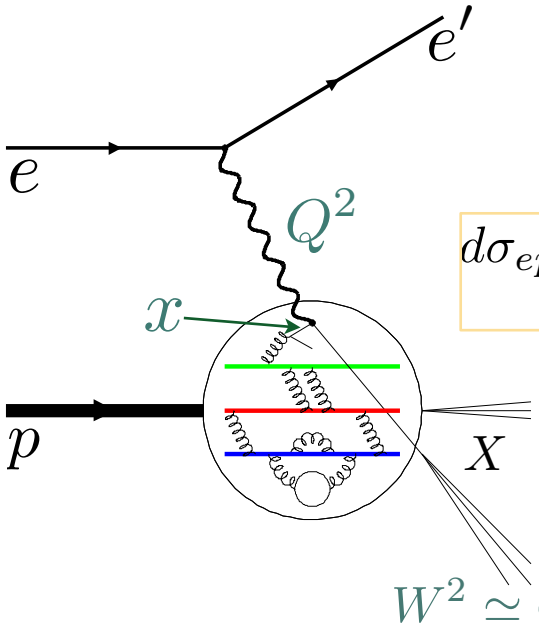


- Gluon polarization program
  - Current results / status
  - Future prospects based on forward di-jet production
- Experimental aspects: RHIC / STAR
- Theoretical foundation
- Summary and Outlook



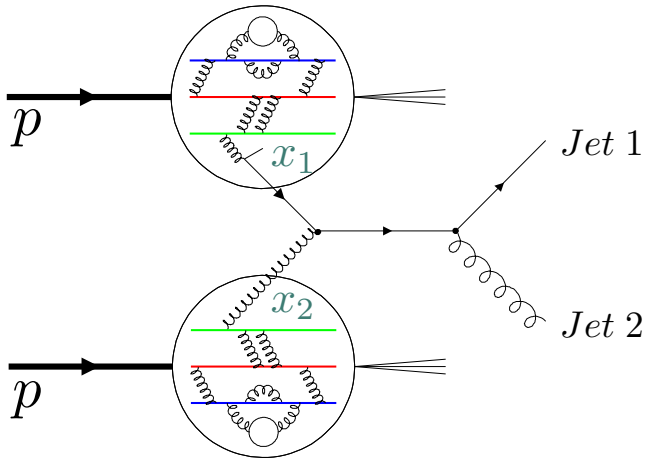
Theoretical foundation

- How do we probe the structure and dynamics of matter in ep vs. pp scattering?



$$d\sigma_{ep} \propto F_2 = \sum_q x e_q^2 f_q(x)$$

Universality



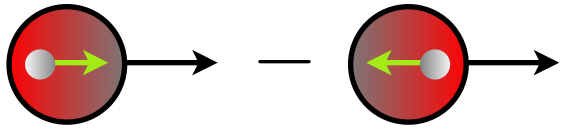
$$d\sigma_{pp} \propto f_1 \otimes f_2 \otimes \sigma_h \otimes D_f^h$$ Factorization

Momentum contribution

$$f(x) =$$

$$f^+(x) + f^-(x)$$

$$\Delta f(x) =$$

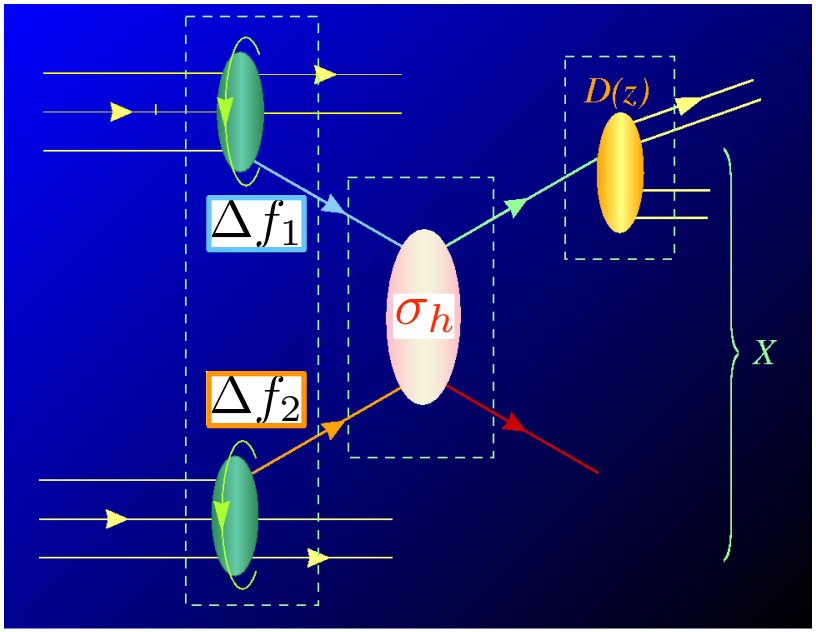


$$f^+(x) - f^-(x)$$

Spin contribution

Theoretical foundation

- Explore proton spin structure using high-energy polarized p+p collisions



- Observable: Gluon polarization (Jet/Hadron production)
  - Double longitudinal single-spin asymmetry A_{LL}

long-range | short-range | long-range

$$a_{LL} = \frac{\Delta\sigma_h}{\sigma_h}$$

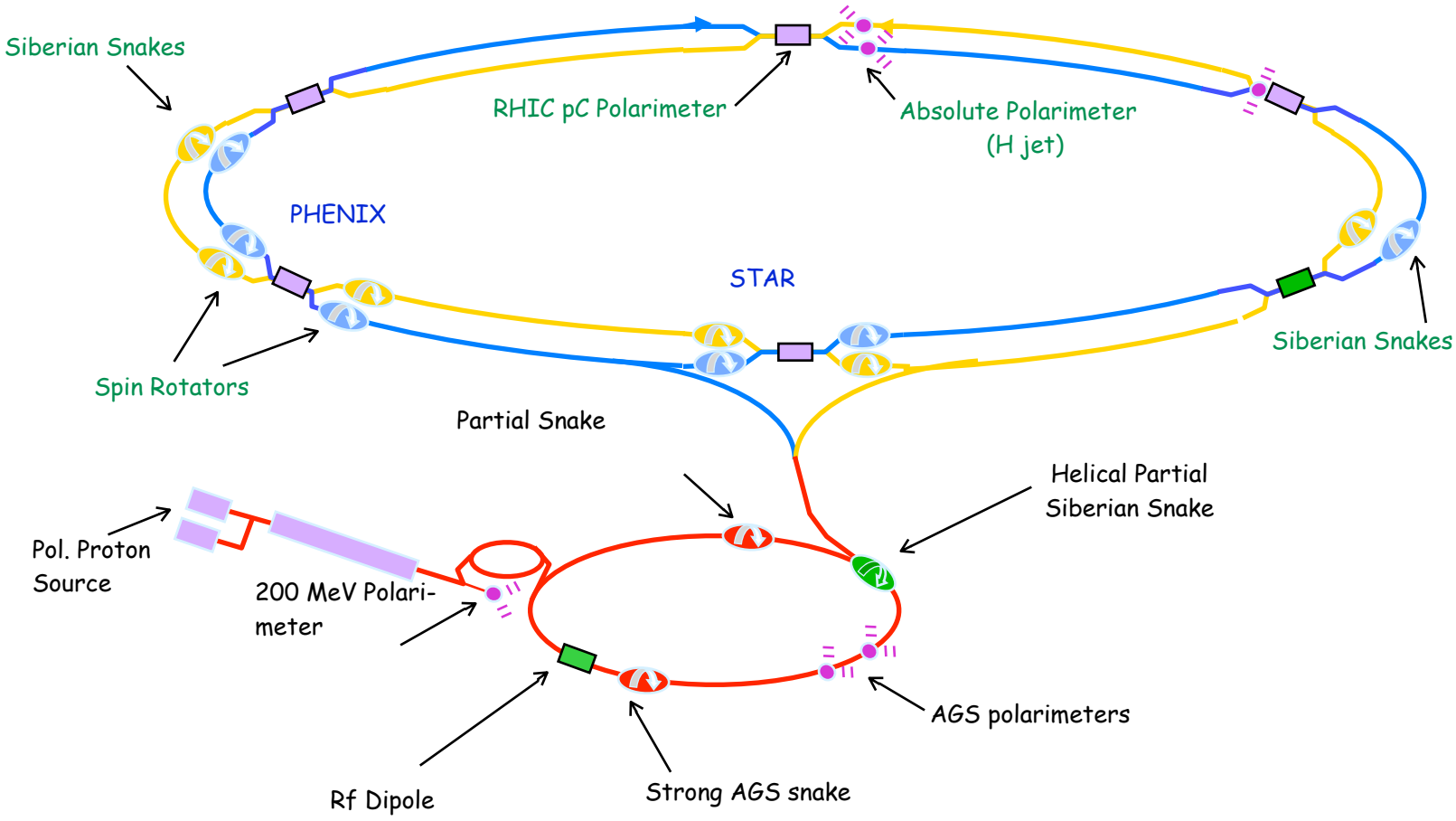
Input

Δf_1 Δf_2

$$A_{LL} = \frac{\sigma_{++} - \sigma_{+-}}{\sigma_{++} + \sigma_{+-}} = \frac{\Delta f_1 \otimes \Delta f_2 \otimes \sigma_h \cdot a_{LL} \otimes D_f^h}{f_1 \otimes f_2 \otimes \sigma_h \otimes D_f^h}$$

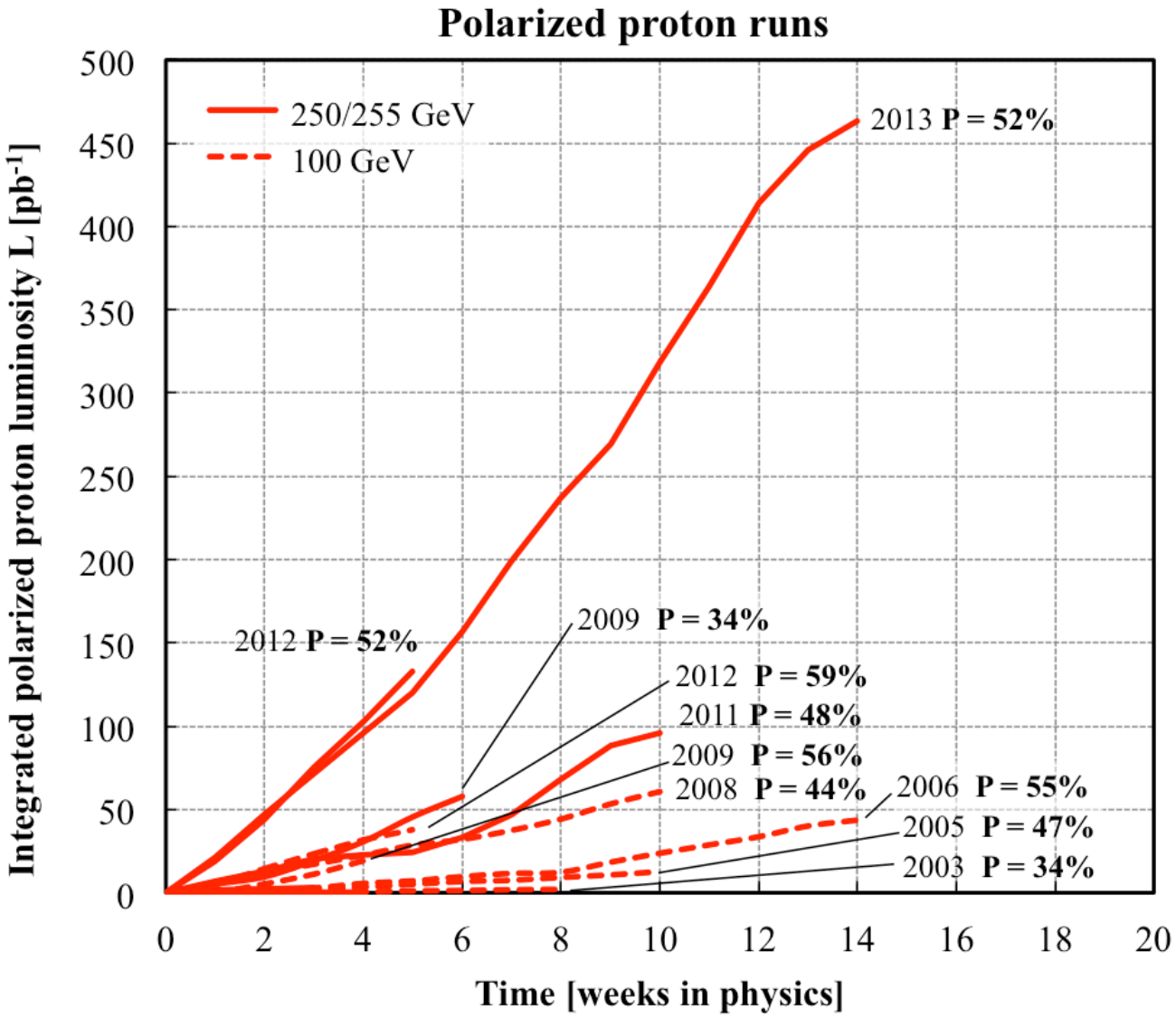
Experimental aspects - RHIC

- The world's first polarized proton-proton collider



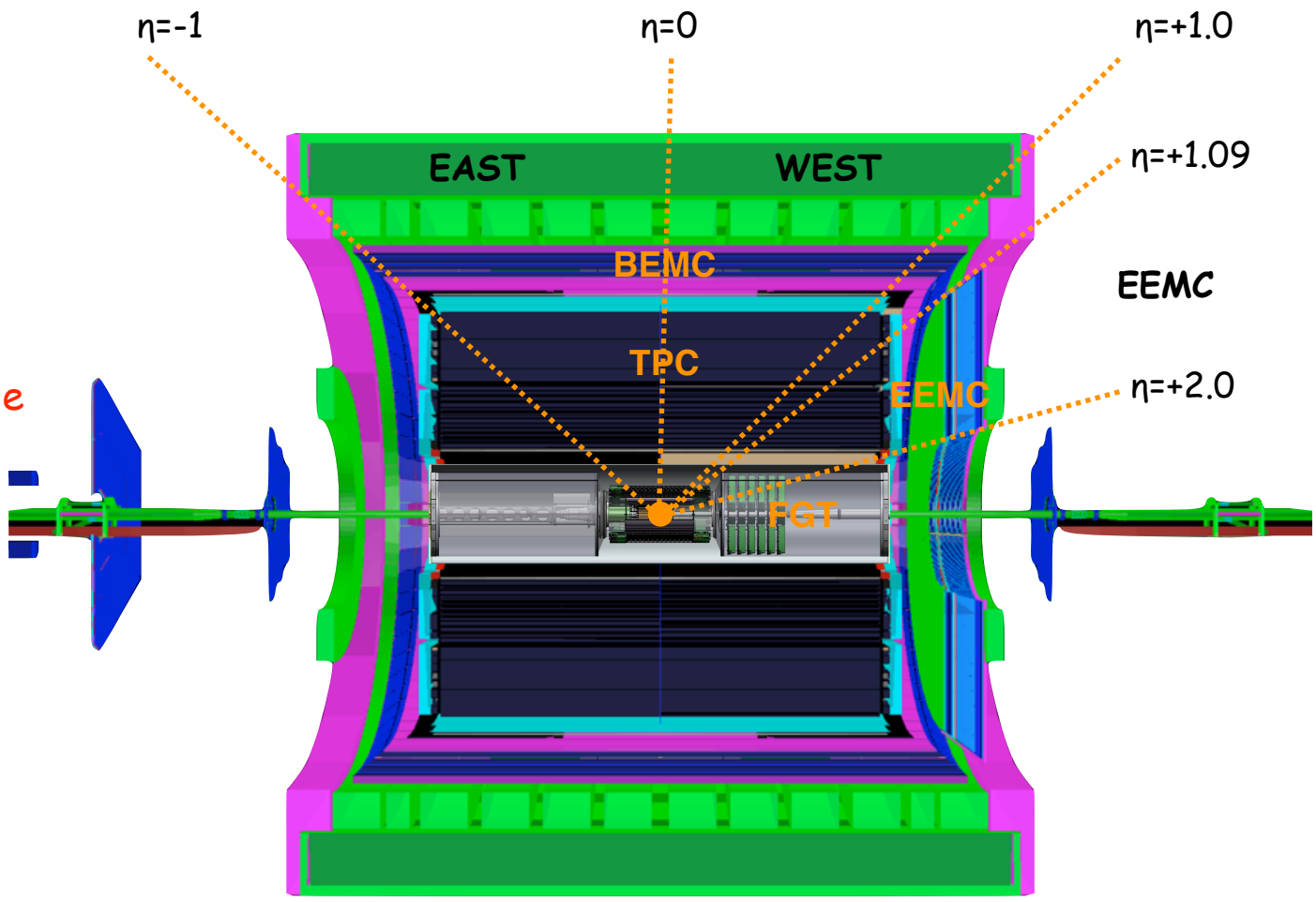
Experimental aspects - RHIC

- Polarized p-p collisions
  - Production runs at $\sqrt{s}$=200GeV (long. polarization) in 2005, 2006, 2009: Jet and Hadron production (Gluon polarization)
  - Production runs at $\sqrt{s}$=500GeV (long. polarization) in 2009, 2011, 2012 and 2013: W production (Quark polarization) / Jet and Hadron production (Gluon polarization)



Experimental aspects - STAR

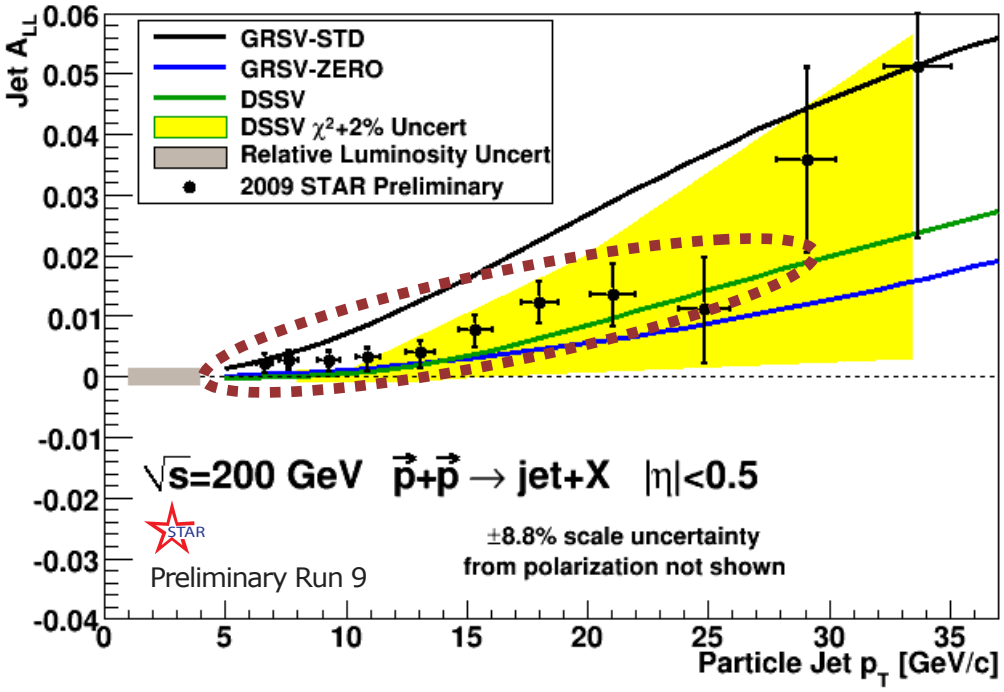
- Overview
  - Calorimetry system with 2π coverage: BEMC ($-1<\eta<1$) and EEMC ($1.09<\eta<2$)
  - TPC: Tracking and particle ID ($-1.3<\eta<1.3$)
  - FGT: Tracking ($1<\eta<2$)
  - ZDC: Relative luminosity and local polarimetry (500GeV)
  - BBC: Relative luminosity and Minimum bias trigger

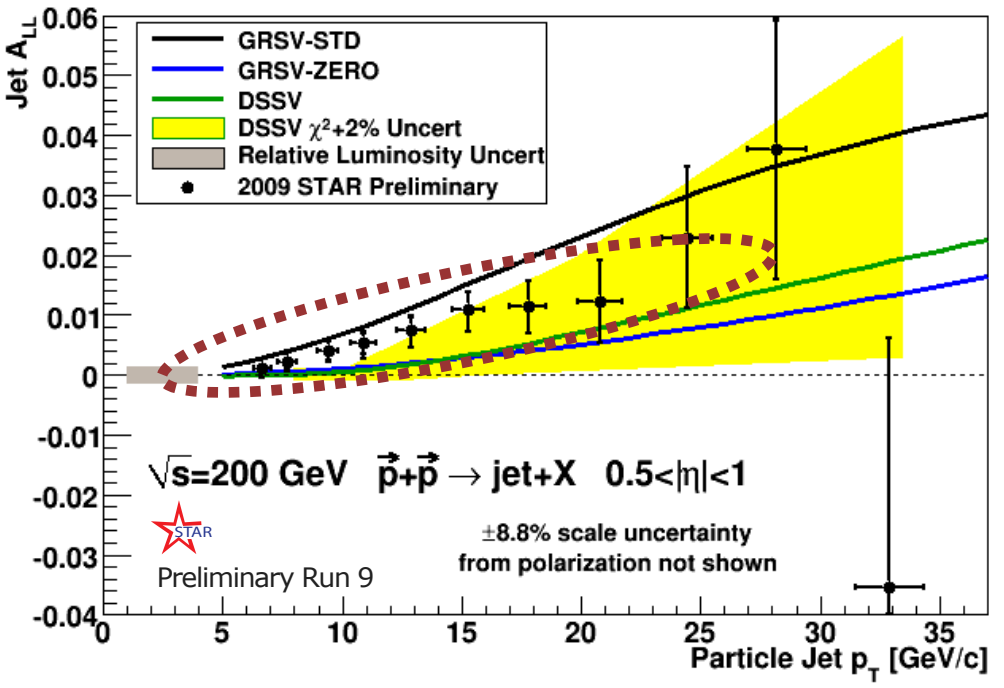


$$\eta = -\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right)$$

Results / Status - Gluon polarization program

- Mid-rapidity Inclusive Jet A_{LL} measurement (Run 9)



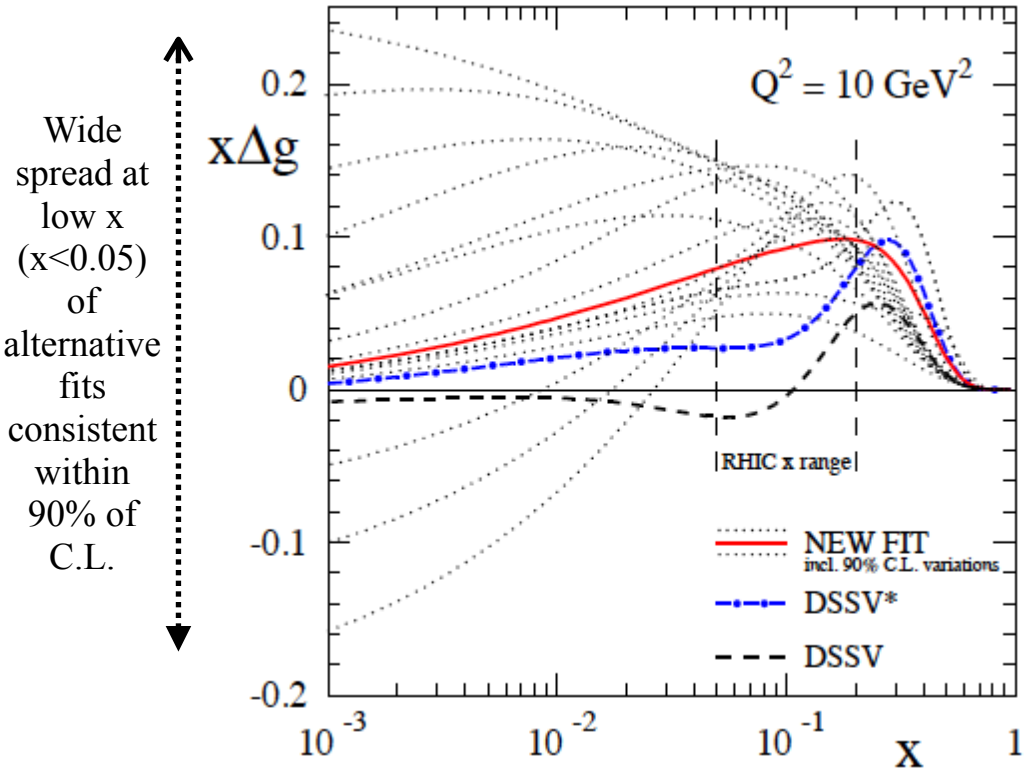


- Run 9 A_{LL} measurement between GRSV-STD and DSSV / Clearly above zero at low p_T
- Larger asymmetry at low p_T suggests larger gluon polarization compared to DSSV

Results / Status - Gluon polarization program

- Impact on Δg from RHIC data

D. deFlorian et al., arXiv:1404.4293



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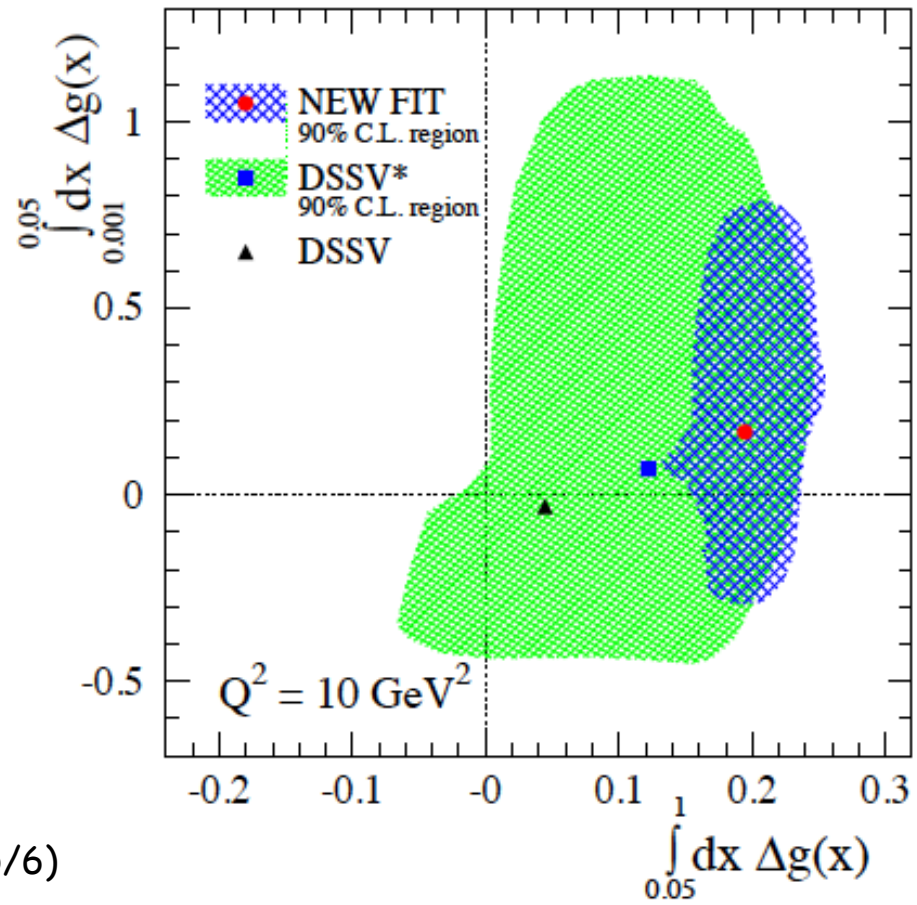


- DSSV: Original global analysis incl. first RHIC results (Run 5/6)
- DSSV*: New COMPASS inclusive and semi-inclusive results in addition to Run 5/6 RHIC updates
- DSSV - NEW FIT: Strong impact on $\Delta g(x)$ with RHIC run 9 results ⇒ Positive for $x > 0.05$!

"...better small-x probes are badly needed."

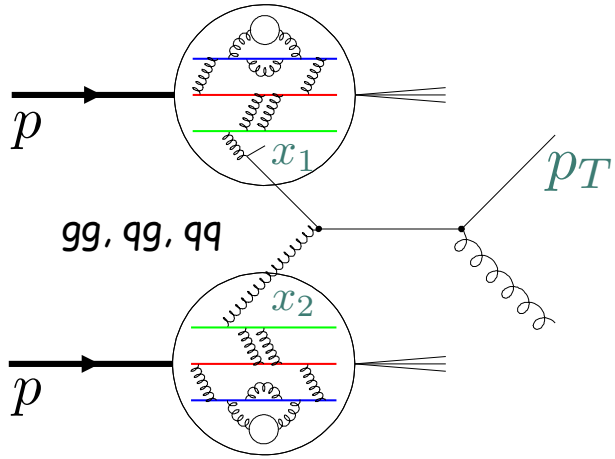
Results / Status - Gluon polarization program

RHIC Gluon polarization - Correlation Measurements

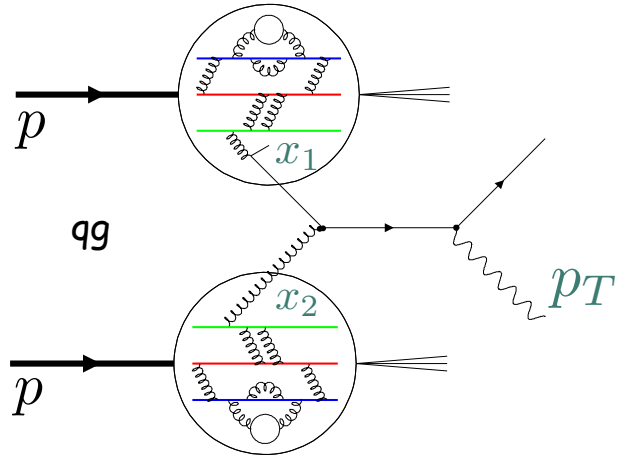
- Correlation measurements provide access to partonic kinematics through Di-Jet/Hadron production and Photon-Jet production:

$$x_{1\,(2)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}}\left(p_{T_3} e^{\eta_3(-\eta_3)} + p_{T_4} e^{\eta_4(-\eta_4)}\right)$$

- Di-Jet production / Photon-Jet production
  - Di-Jets: All three (LO) QCD-type processes contribute: gg, qg and qq
  - Photon-Jet: One dominant underlying (LO) process
  - Larger cross-section for di-jet production compared to photon related measurements
  - Photon reconstruction more challenging than jet reconstruction
  - Full NLO framework exists ⇒ Input to Global QCD analysis



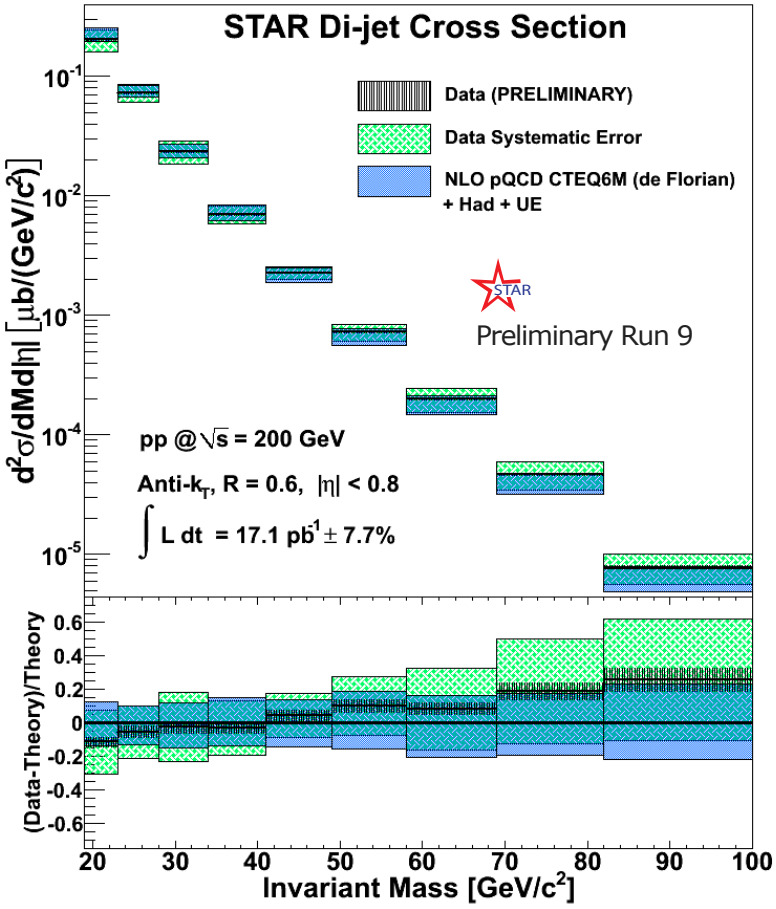
Di-Jet production



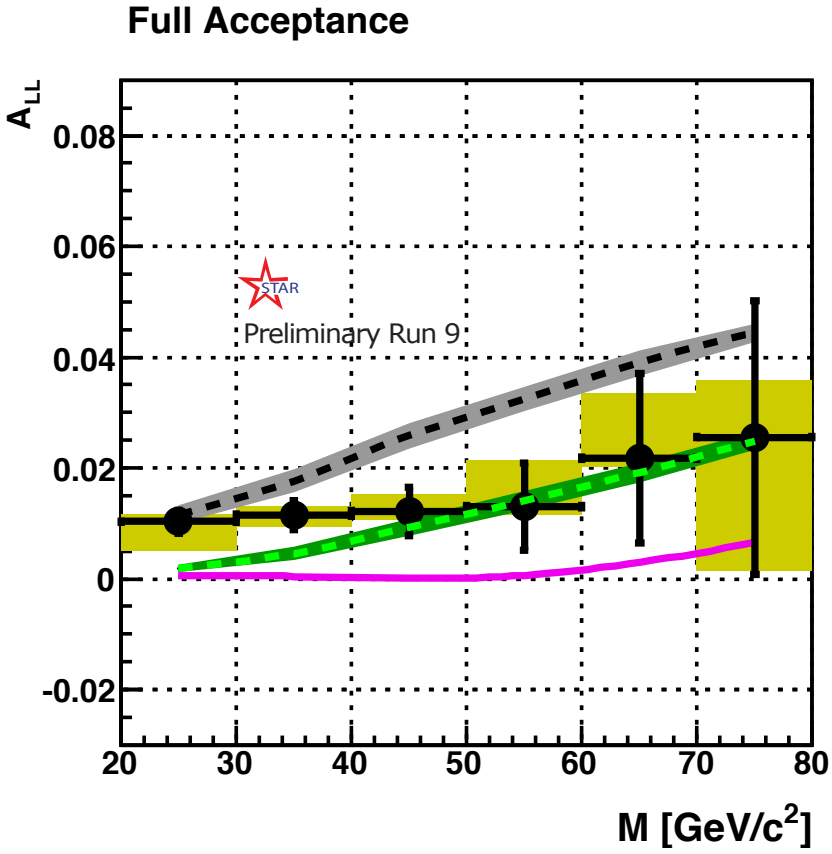
Photon-Jet production

Results / Status - Gluon polarization program

- Mid-rapidity STAR Di-Jet cross-section (Run 9) and A_{LL} measurement (Run 9)



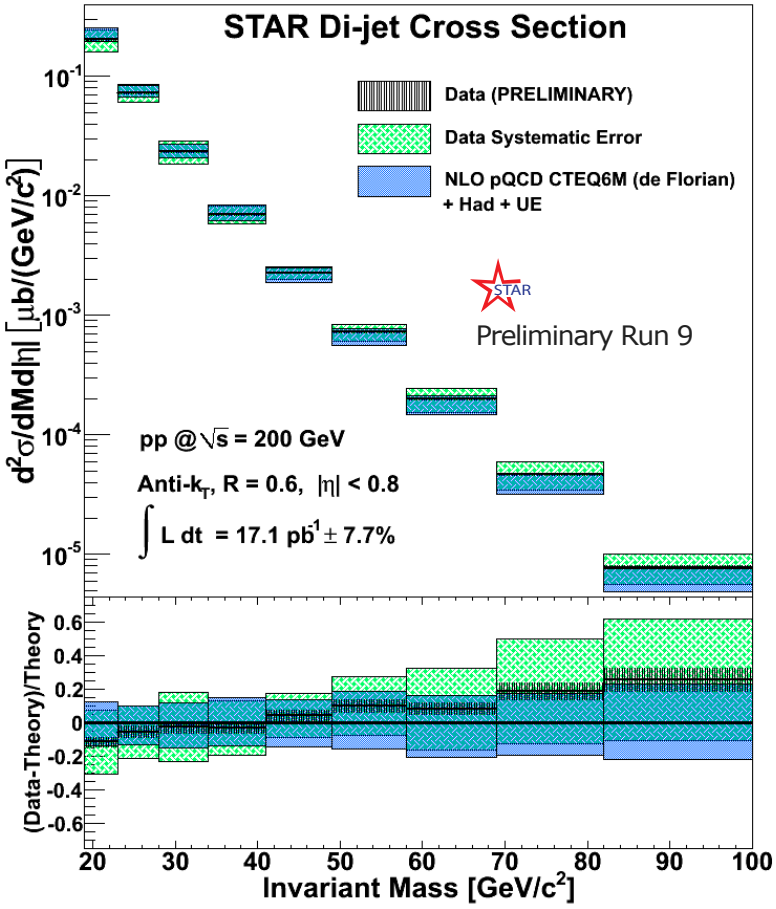
- Data are well described by NLO pQCD plus hadronization and underlying event corrections
- A_{LL} measurements fall in-between GRSV-STD and DSSV



$$M = \sqrt{s}\sqrt{x_1 x_2} \qquad \eta_3 + \eta_4 = \ln\frac{x_1}{x_2}$$

Results / Status - Gluon polarization program

- Mid-rapidity STAR Di-Jet cross-section (Run 9) and A_{LL} measurement (Run 9)



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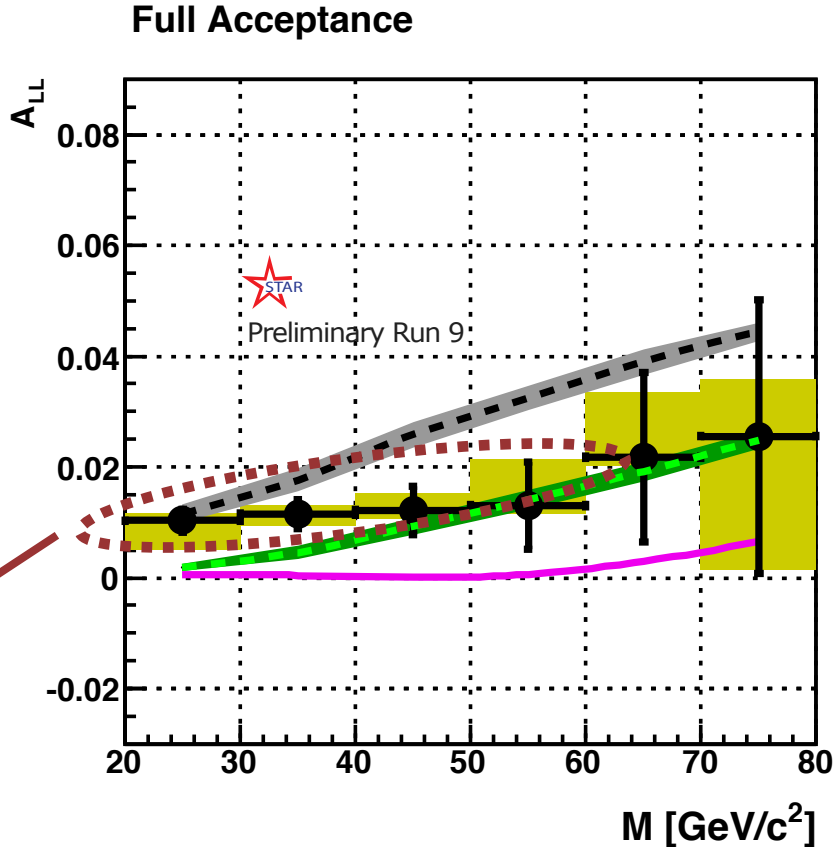
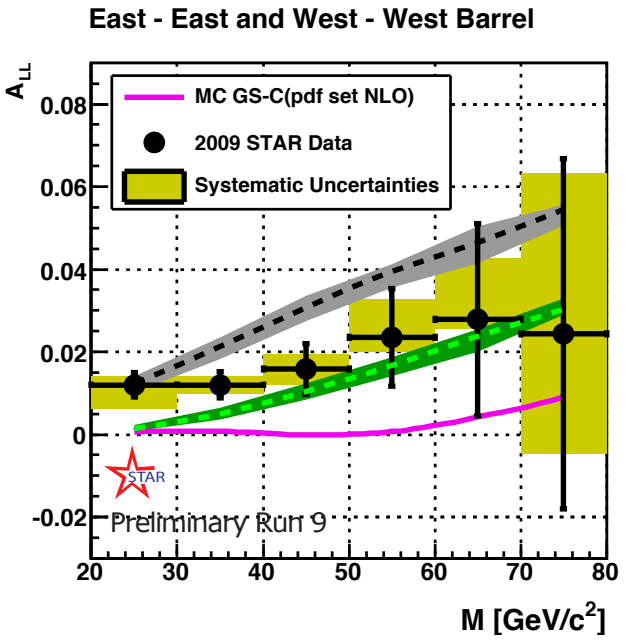
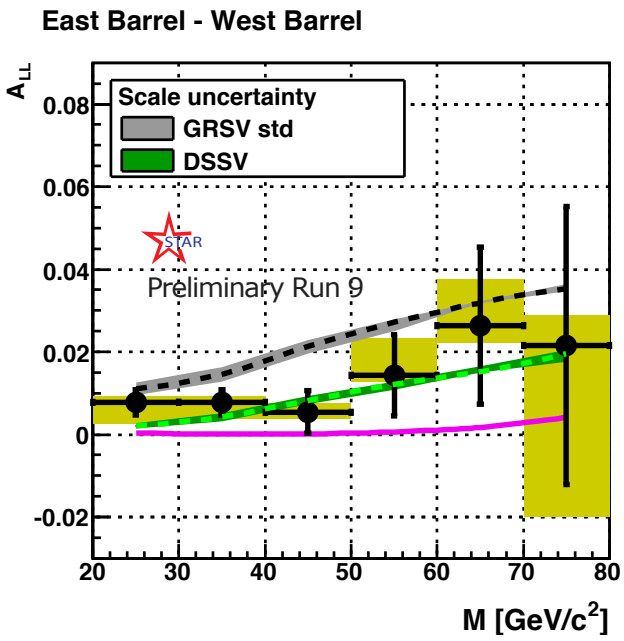


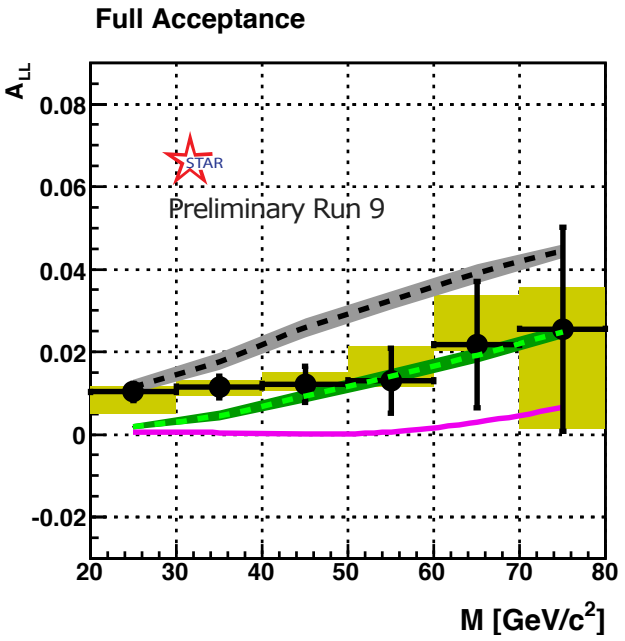
$$M = \sqrt{s}\sqrt{x_1 x_2} \qquad \eta_3 + \eta_4 = \ln\frac{x_1}{x_2}$$

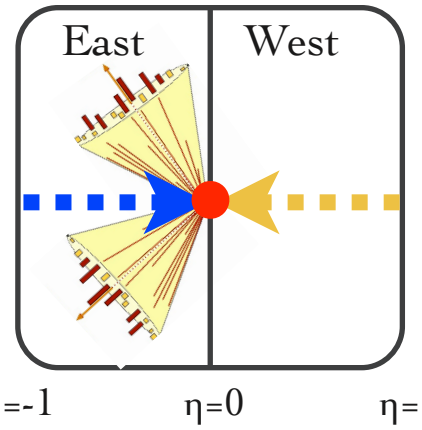
Results / Status - Gluon polarization program

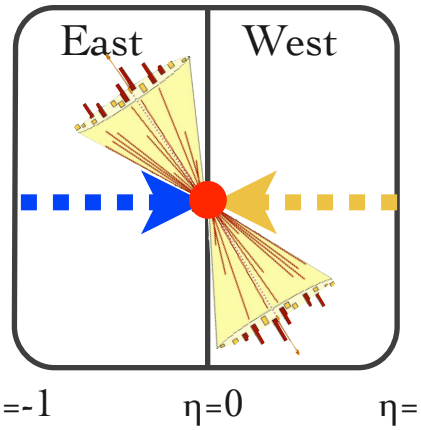
- Mid-rapidity STAR Di-Jet A_{LL} measurement in bins of η (Run 9)











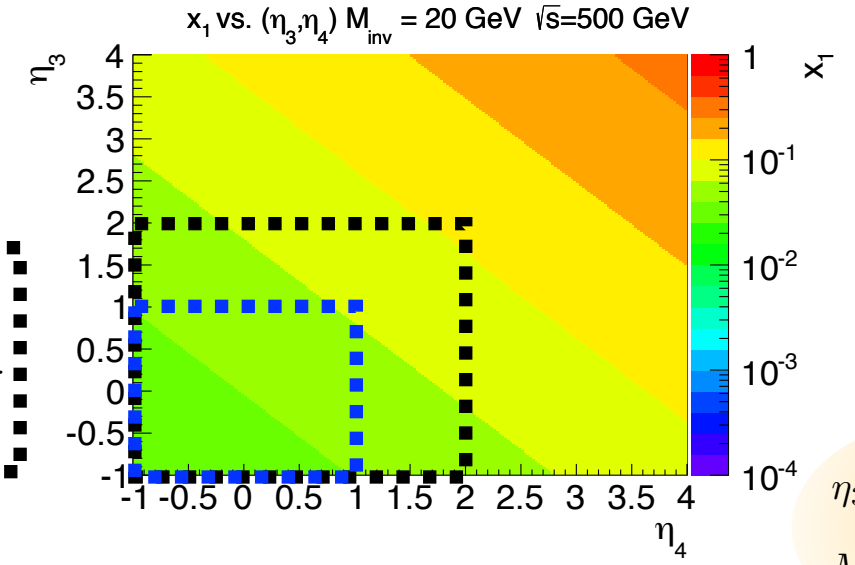
- Run 9 data: First rapidity dependent di-jet measurement

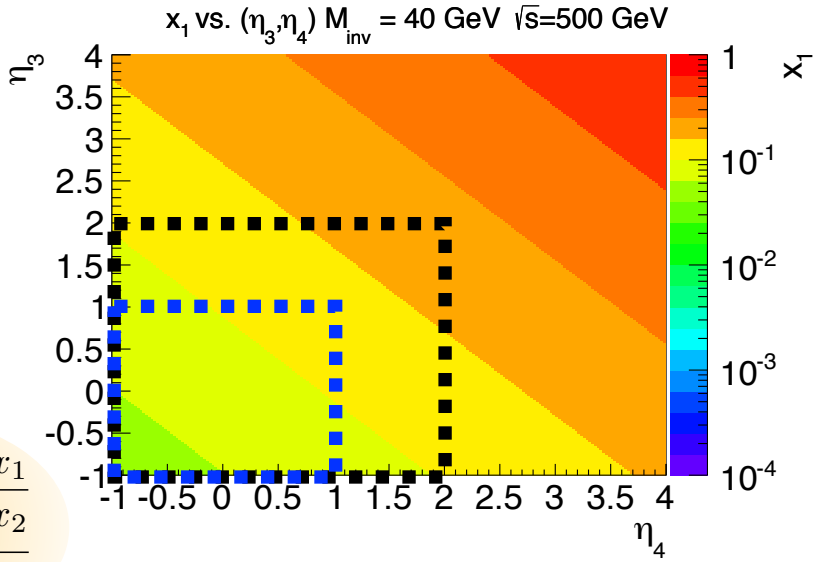
  ⇒ Constrain x dependence!

$$M = \sqrt{s}\sqrt{x_1 x_2} \qquad \eta_3 + \eta_4 = \ln \frac{x_1}{x_2}$$

Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

- Kinematic coverage - STAR (4-Vector Kinematics): x_1



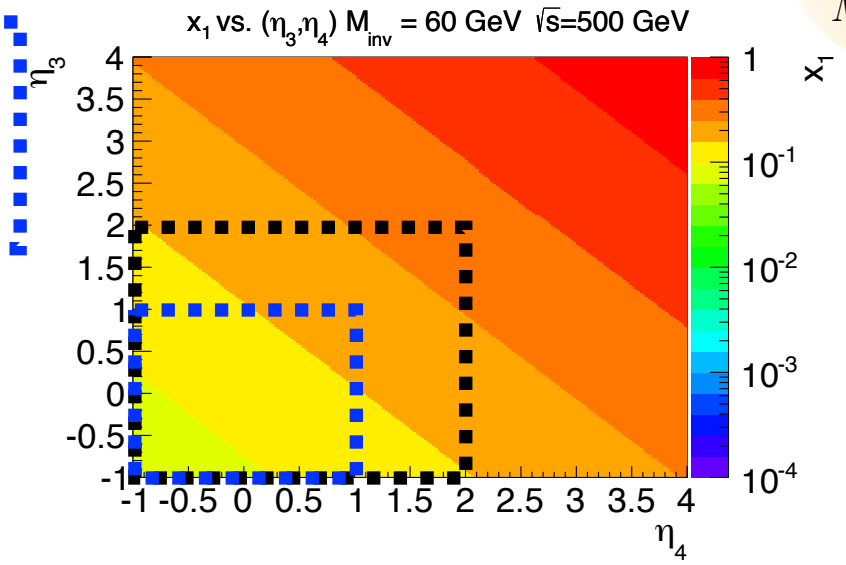


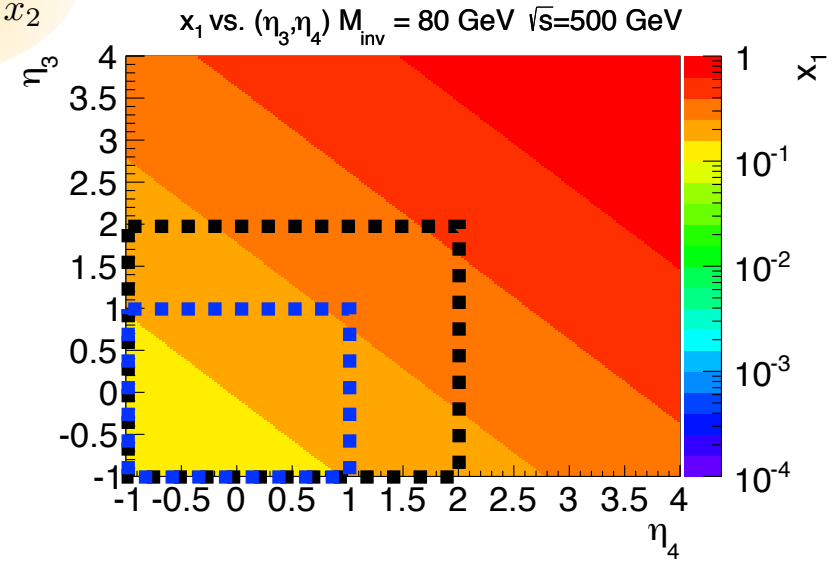
Current STAR acceptance

Released STAR results

$$\eta_3 + \eta_4 = \ln \frac{x_1}{x_2}$$

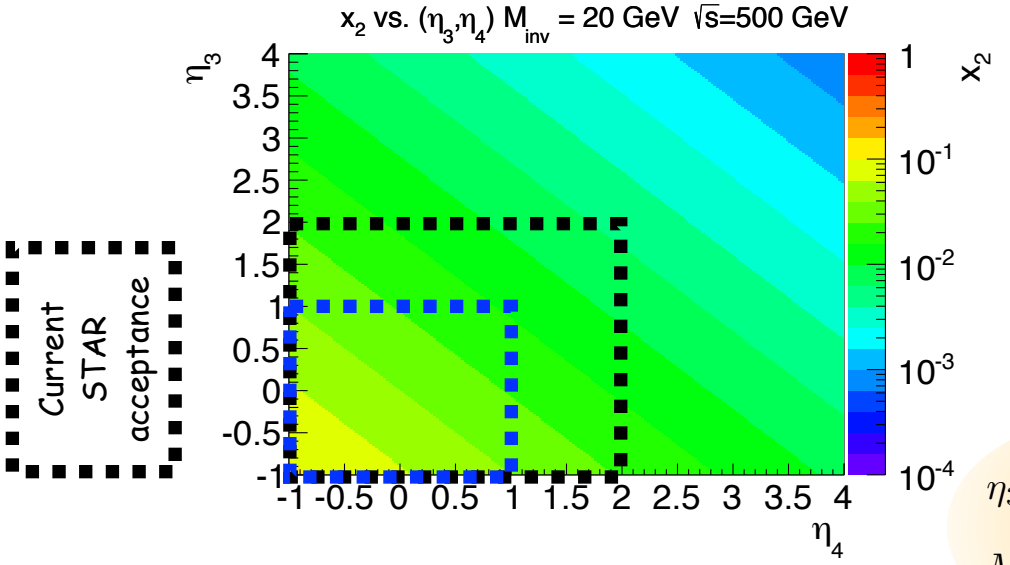
$$M = \sqrt{s}\sqrt{x_1 x_2}$$

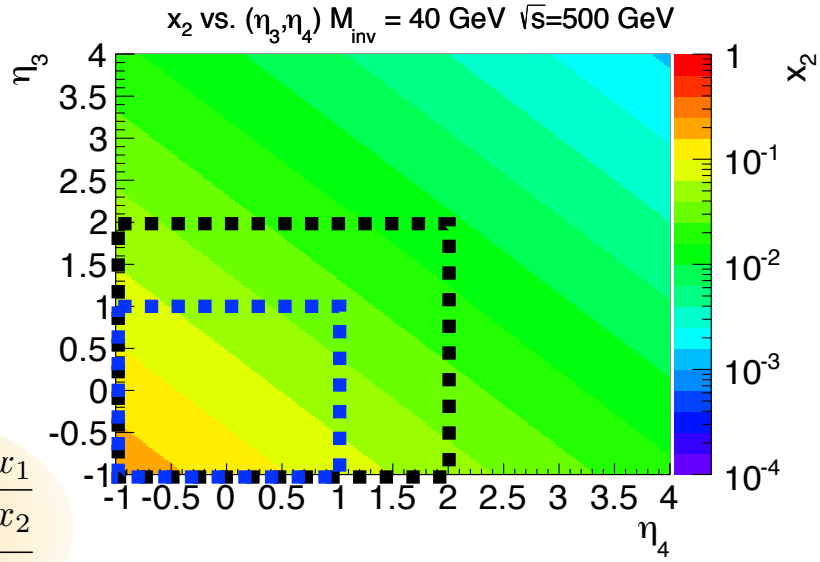




Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

- Kinematic coverage - STAR (4-Vector Kinematics): x_2



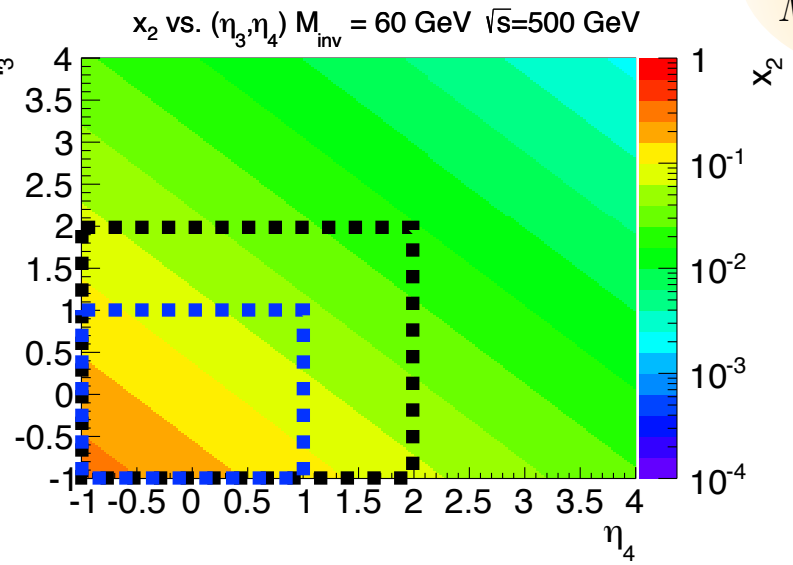


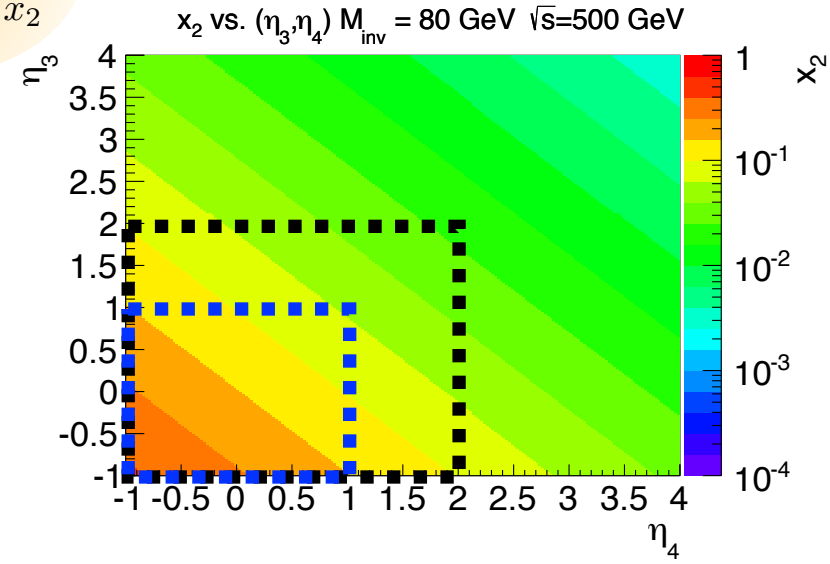
Current STAR acceptance

Released STAR results

$$\eta_3 + \eta_4 = \ln \frac{x_1}{x_2}$$

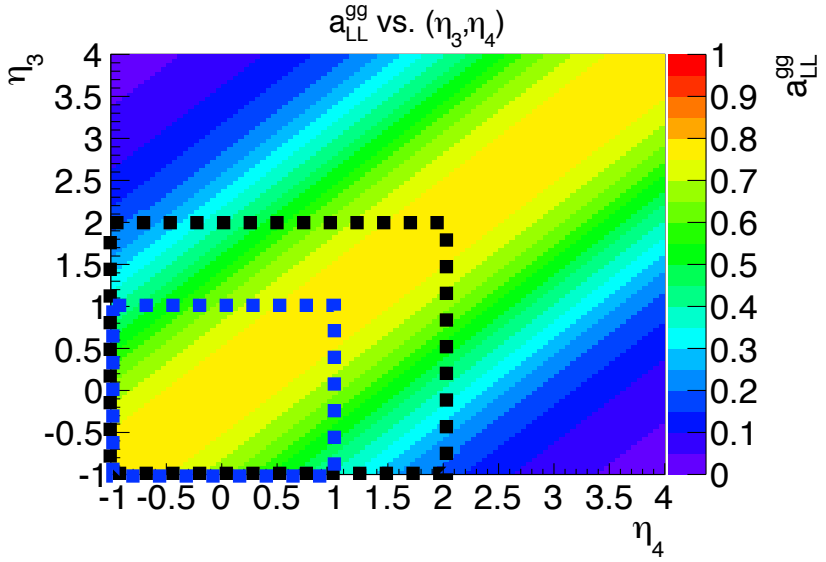
$$M = \sqrt{s}\sqrt{x_1 x_2}$$

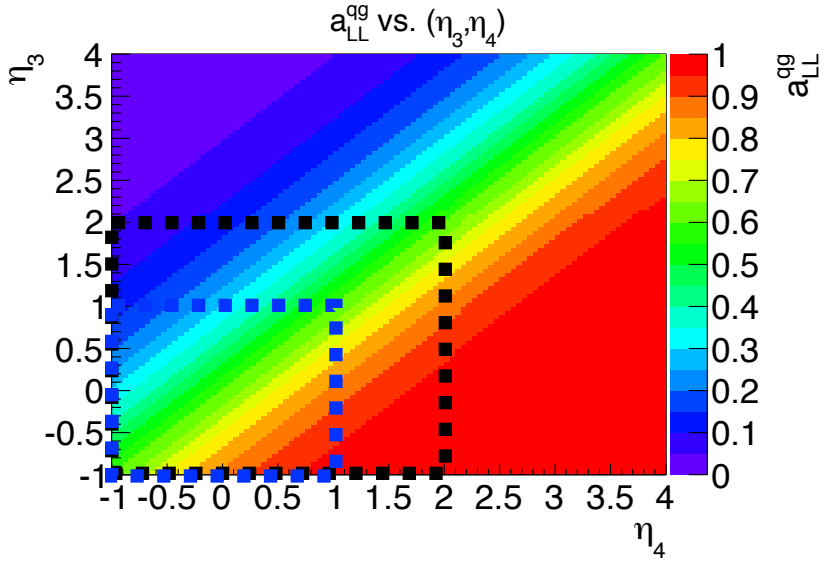




Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

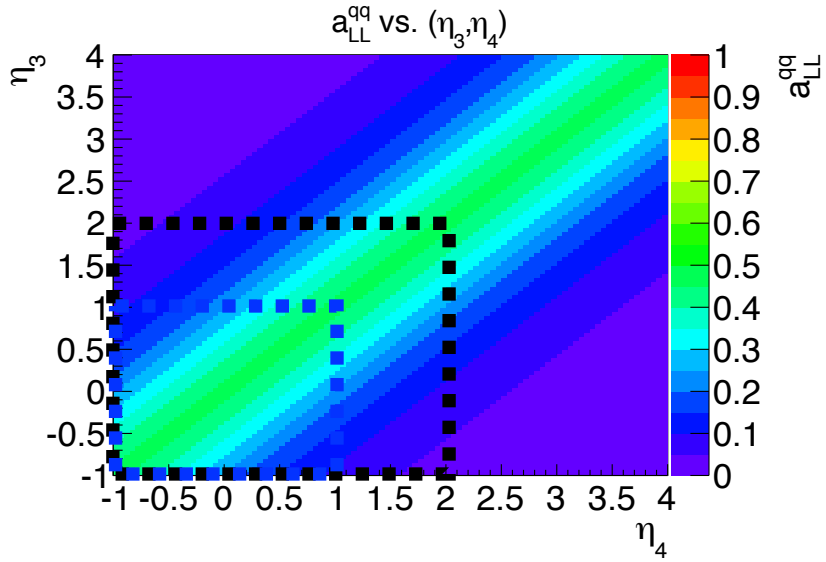
- Individual Partonic asymmetries





Current STAR acceptance

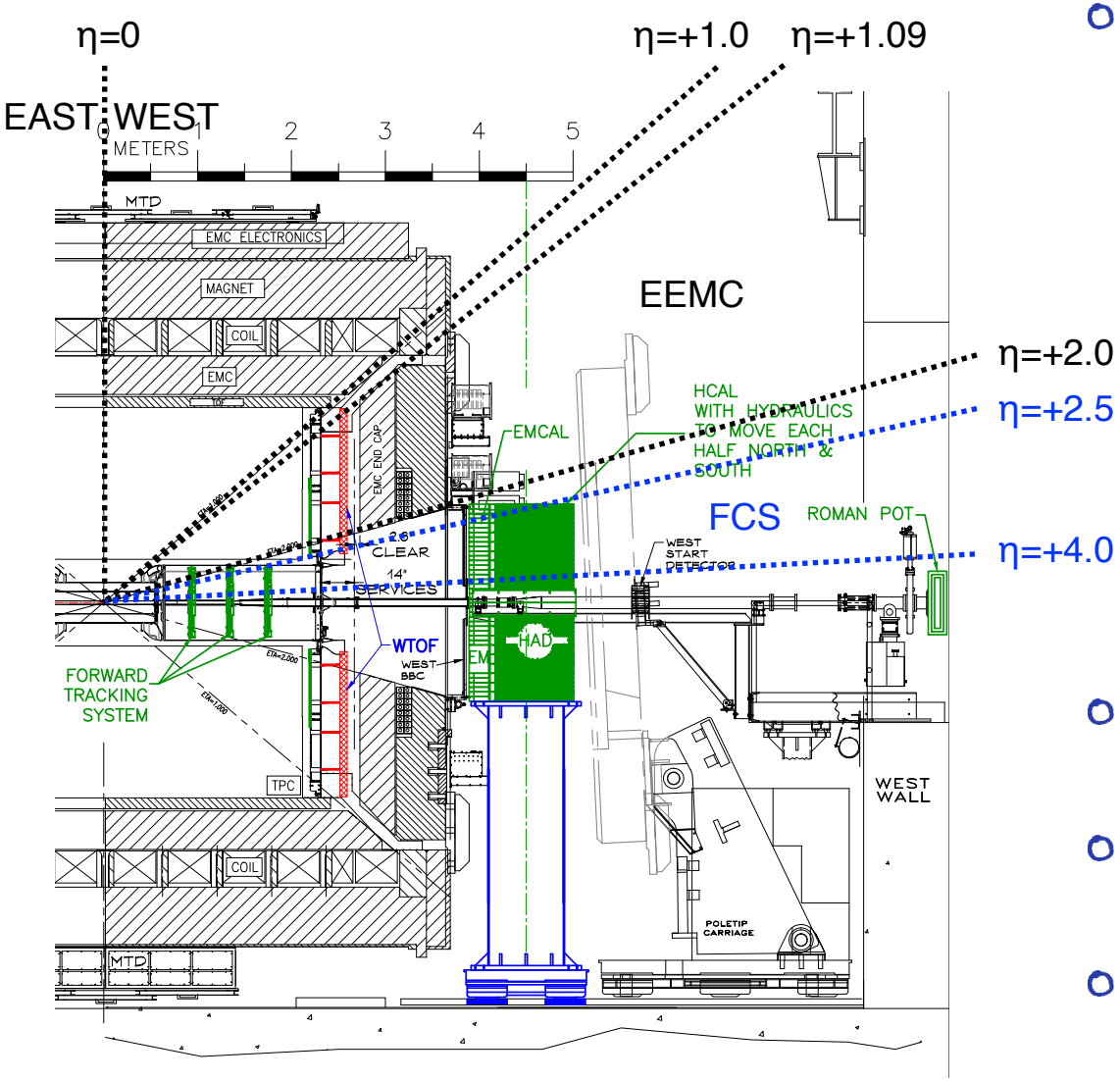
Released STAR results



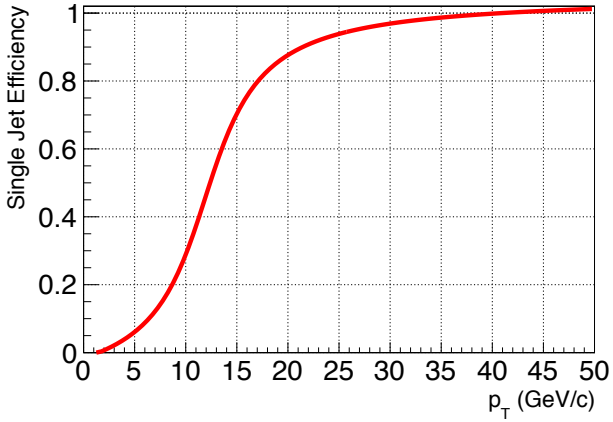
- Jet measurements do not distinguish between gg / qg and qq jets
- Size and thus weight of partonic asymmetries (Here LO) different for different topological configurations

Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

- Forward detector concept / Assumptions on projections



- Efficiencies for EAST / WEST / EEMC all defined using STAR jet efficiencies. For new forward system FCS, assume hadronic calorimetry with 0.9

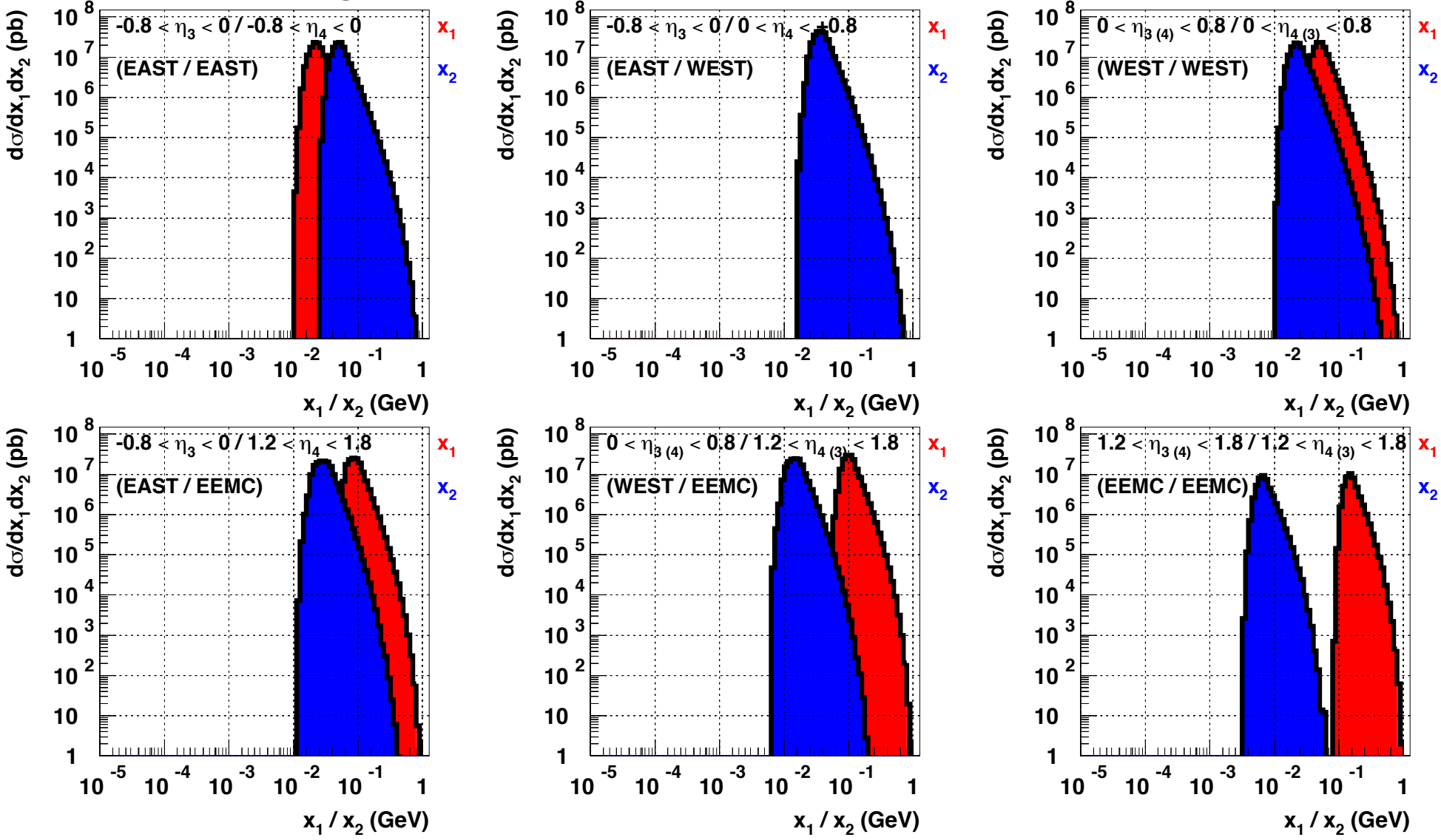


- All jet calculations at NLO (Code: D. deFlorian and W. Vogelsang) / simulations with 5GeV/8GeV cuts
- Systematics: Relative luminosity use $\delta R = 5 \cdot 10^{-4}$ (Run 9 Inclusive Jet value)
- P/L numbers : P = 60% and $L_{delivered} = 1000 pb^{-1}$ with 2/3 for $L_{recorded} / L_{delivered}$ (~ 1 long RHIC run!)

Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

Kinematic coverage - Simulations / Central

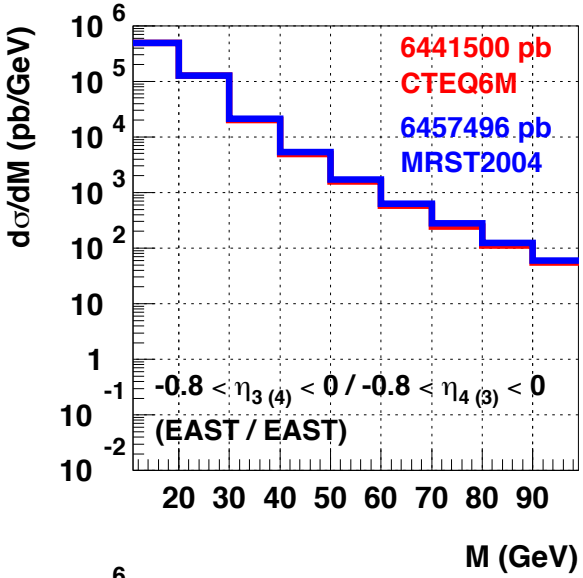
Cone alg. (R=0.7) / $E_{T3} > 5$GeV $E_{T4} > 8$GeV

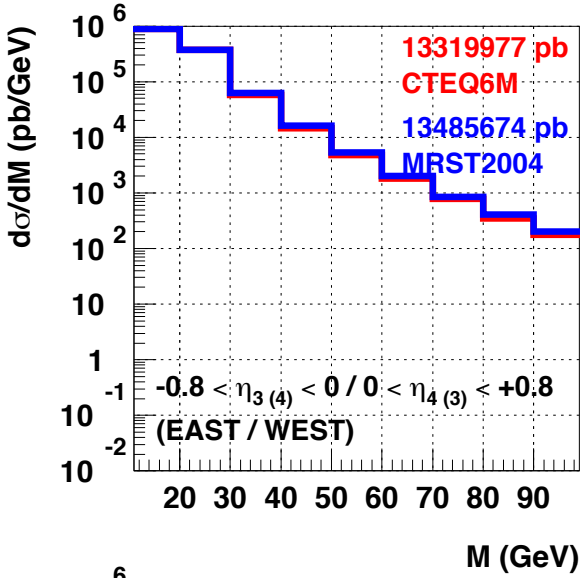


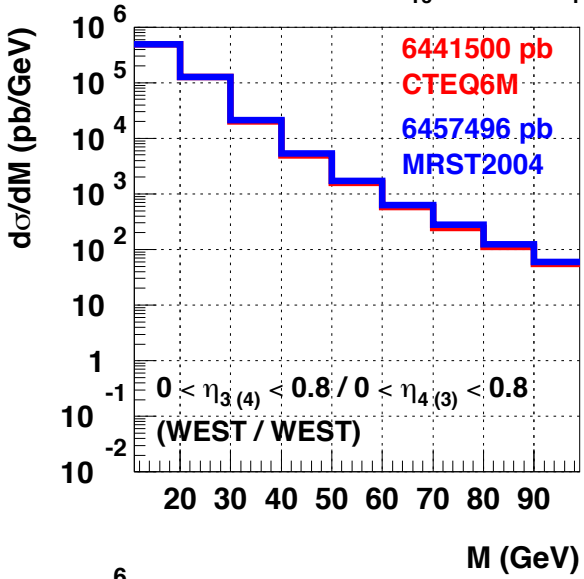
Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

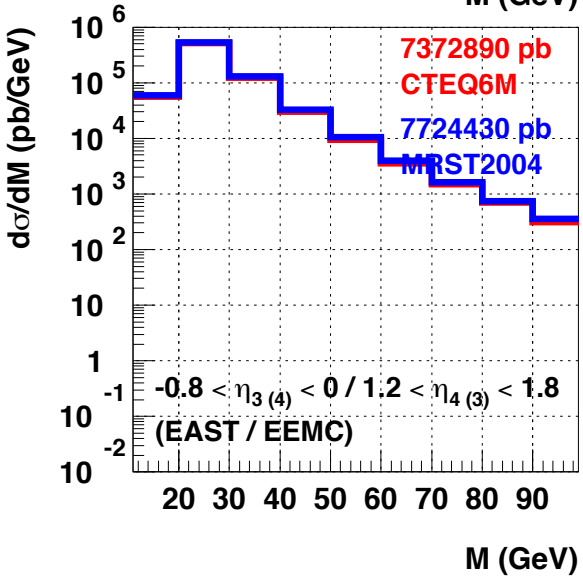
- Cross-sections / Central

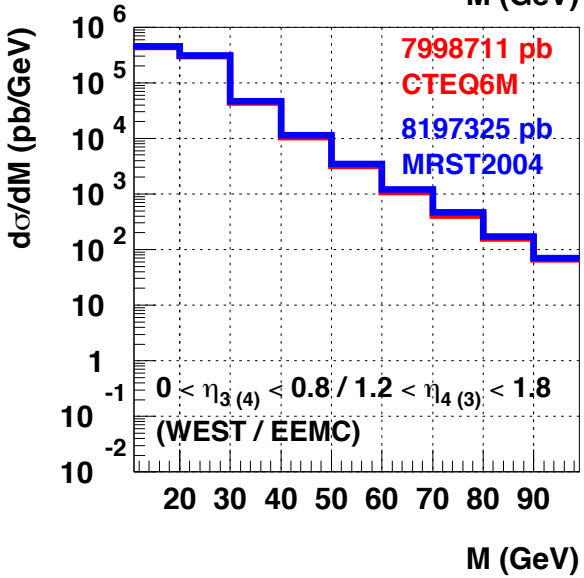
Cone alg. (R=0.7) / $E_{T3} > 5$GeV $E_{T4} > 8$GeV

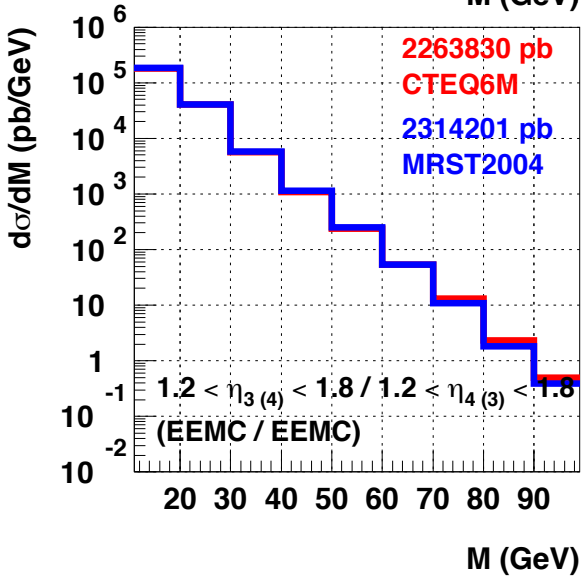












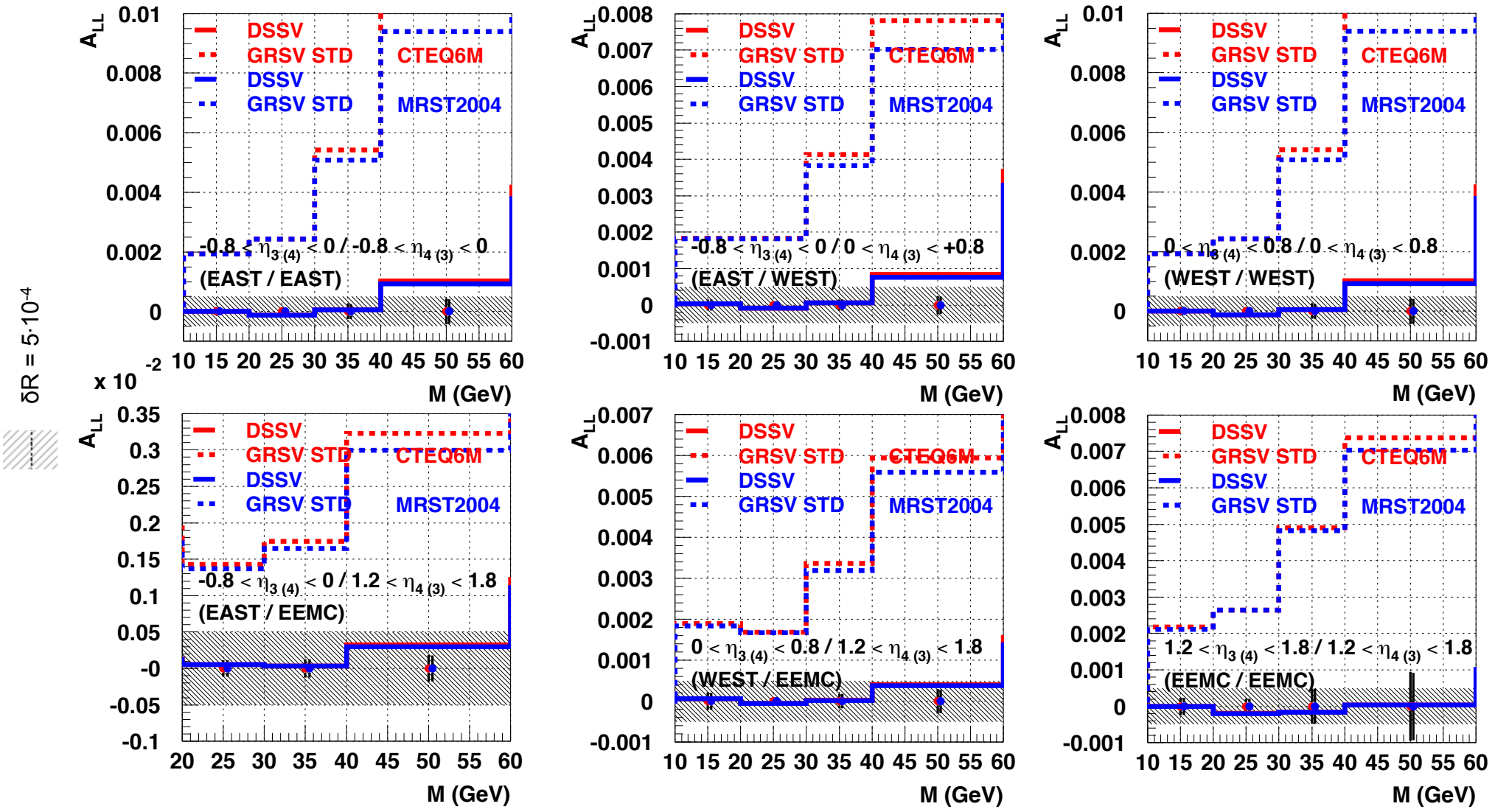
Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

- A_{LL} projections / Central

Cone alg. (R=0.7) / $E_{T3} > 5$GeV $E_{T4} > 8$GeV

Delivered Luminosity = 1000pb^{-1}

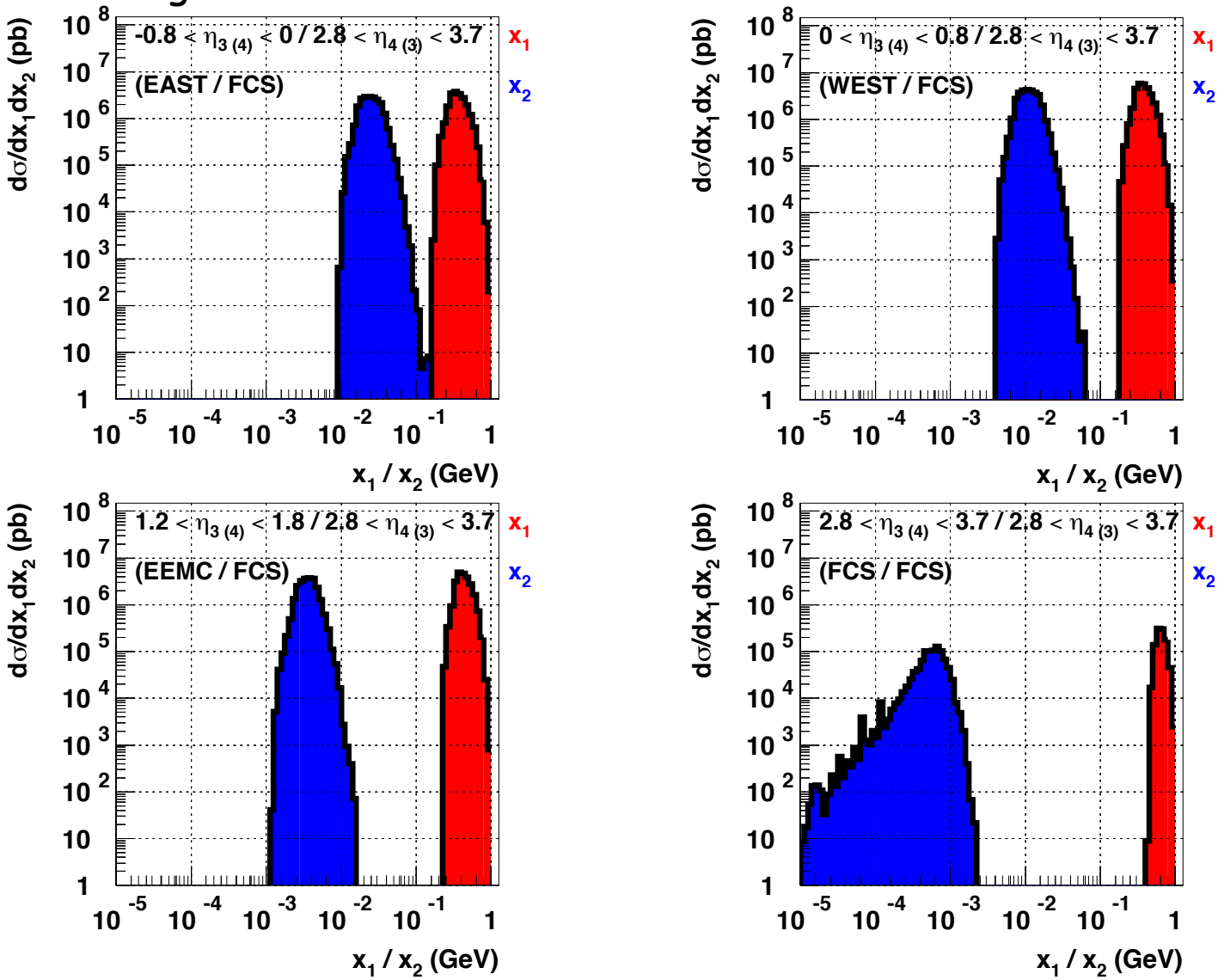
Polarization = 60%



Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

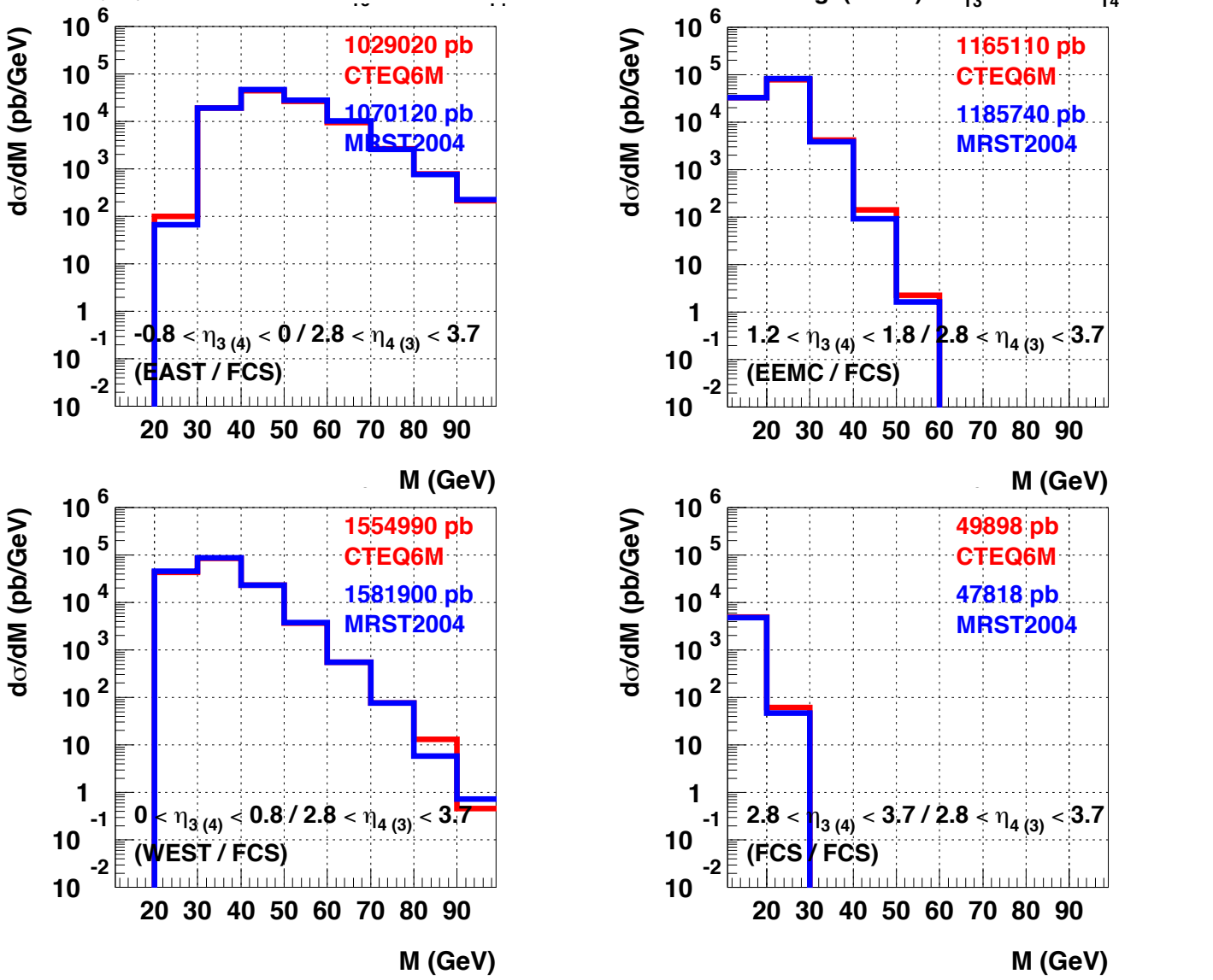
- Kinematic coverage - Simulations / Forward

Cone alg. (R=0.7) / $E_{T3} > 5$GeV $E_{T4} > 8$GeV



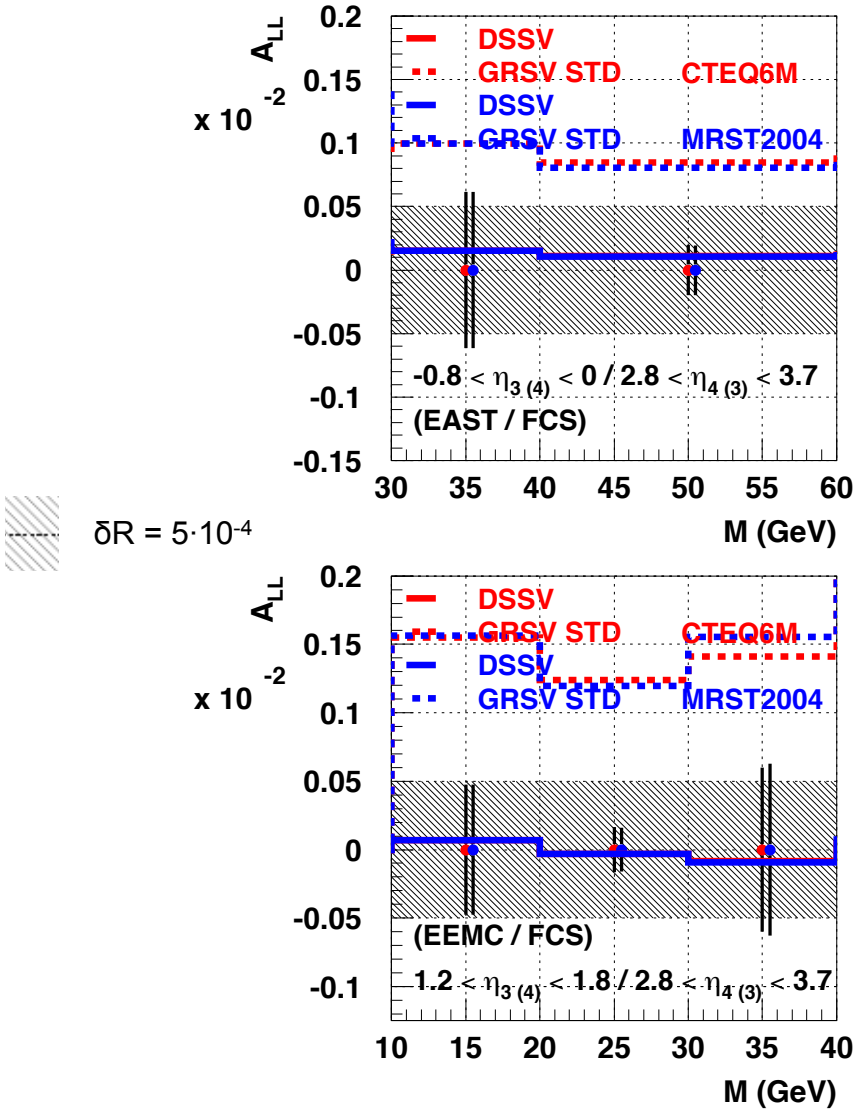
Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

- Cross-sections / Forward



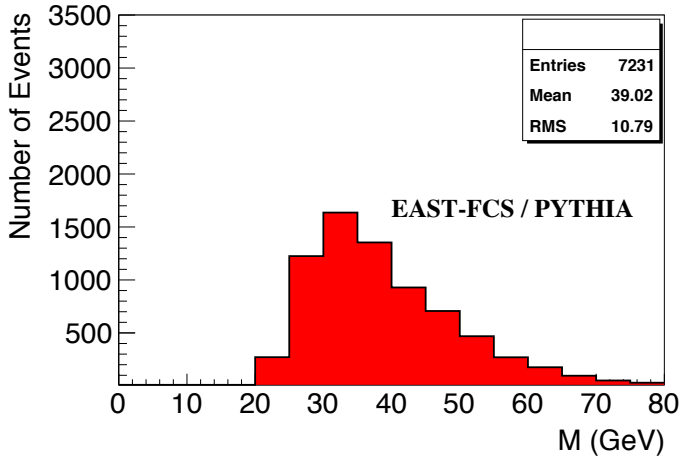
Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

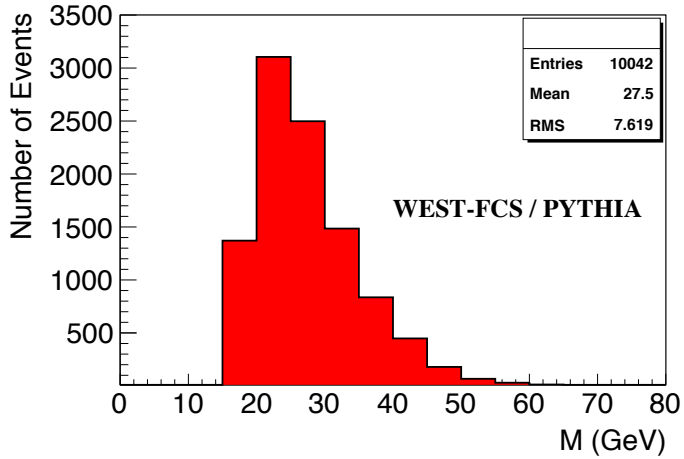
- A_{LL} projections / Forward

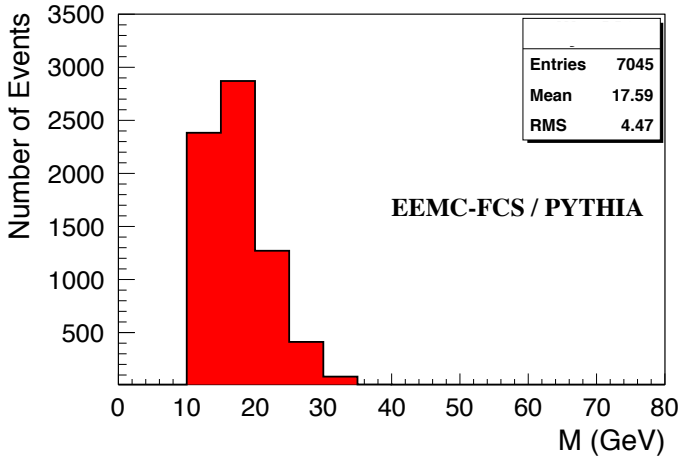


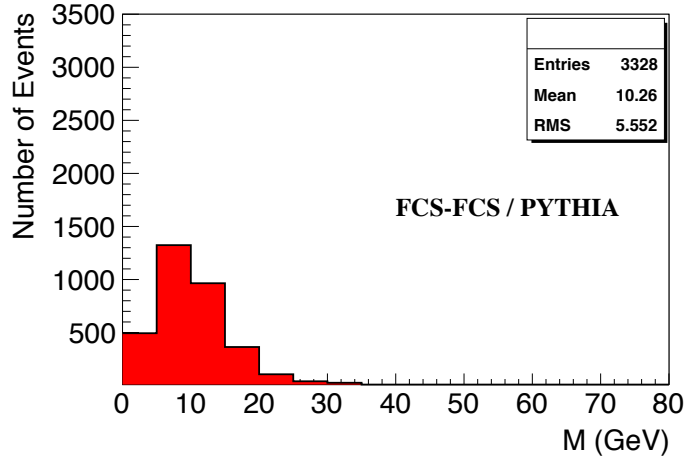
Future prospects - Gluon polarization program

- PYTHIA simulations incl. detector effects









- Invariant mass distribution based on PYTHIA simulations incl. detector effects (Only calorimetry!)
- Next: Specify resolution of forward detector system / UE events studies / Jet reconstruction studies

Summary and Outlook

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STAR

LOI for forward STAR upgrade focusing on forward pp/pA program in preparation!