

## Global Polarization of $\Lambda$ hyperons in Au+Au collisions at STAR

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**QCD Chirality Workshop 2017, UCLA** 



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<mark>loshin</mark> 2004)



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### Global Polarization of $\Lambda$

 $\star$  Non-zero angular momentum transfers to  $\Lambda$  polarization



## How to measure it?





#### parity-violating decay

daughter proton preferentially decays into the direction of  $\Lambda$ 's spin (opposite for anti- $\Lambda$ )

$$P_{H} = \frac{8}{\pi \alpha} \frac{\langle \sin(\Psi_{1} - \phi_{p}^{*}) \rangle}{\operatorname{Res}(\Psi_{1})} \operatorname{sgn}_{\Lambda}$$
STAR, PRC76, 024915 (2007)

 $\phi_{p}^{*}$ :  $\phi$  of daughter proton in  $\Lambda$  rest frame  $\Psi_{1}$ : 1<sup>st</sup>-order event plane sgn\_{\Lambda}: 1 for  $\Lambda$ , -1 for anti- $\Lambda$  $\alpha$ :  $\Lambda$  decay parameter (=0.642\pm0.013)

**STAR** 



## STAR detectors

TPC

TOF

**₩**∕₩₩

BBC

ZDCSMD

- $\Lambda$  reconstruction
- identify daughters ( $\pi$ , p) with TPC+TOF

Event Plane determination - BBC or ZDCSMD



by Maria & Alex Schmah





□ Positive signals in  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=7.7-62.4$  GeV

• vorticity!



Larger signal in lower energy

 Initial angular momentum is largest at high energy





Larger signal in lower energy

 Initial angular momentum is largest at high energy



When increasing the collisions energy:

- Longer lifetime of system would dilute the polarization
- Smaller longitudinal flow velocity at mid-η due to baryon transparency



□ Positive signals in √sNN=7.7-62.4 GeV

• vorticity!

Systematically  $P_H(\Lambda) < P_H(anti-\Lambda)$ 

• implying a contribution from B-field

For small polarization,

$$P_{\Lambda} \simeq \frac{1}{2} \frac{\omega}{T} + \frac{\mu_{\Lambda} B}{T}$$
$$P_{\bar{\Lambda}} \simeq \frac{1}{2} \frac{\omega}{T} - \frac{\mu_{\Lambda} B}{T}$$

Becattini, Karpenko, Lisa, Upsal, and Voloshin arxiv1610.02506 (2016)



### Accounting for feed-down

- □ ~25% of measured Λ and anti-Λ are primary, while ~60% are feeddown from Σ\*→Λ π, Σ<sup>0</sup>→Λ γ, Ξ→Λ π
- One needs to correct it before extracting physical parameters

$$\begin{pmatrix} \varpi_{c} \\ B_{c}/T \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{3} \sum_{R} \left( f_{\Lambda R} C_{\Lambda R} - \frac{1}{3} f_{\Sigma^{0} R} C_{\Sigma^{0} R} \right) S_{R}(S_{R} + 1) & \frac{2}{3} \sum_{R} \left( f_{\Lambda R} C_{\Lambda R} - \frac{1}{3} f_{\Sigma^{0} R} C_{\Sigma^{0} R} \right) (S_{R} + 1) \mu_{R} \\ \frac{2}{3} \sum_{R} \left( f_{\overline{\Lambda R}} C_{\overline{\Lambda R}} - \frac{1}{3} f_{\overline{\Sigma}^{0} \overline{R}} C_{\overline{\Sigma}^{0} \overline{R}} \right) S_{\overline{R}}(S_{\overline{R}} + 1) & \frac{2}{3} \sum_{\overline{R}} \left( f_{\overline{\Lambda R}} C_{\overline{\Lambda R}} - \frac{1}{3} f_{\overline{\Sigma}^{0} \overline{R}} C_{\overline{\Sigma}^{0} \overline{R}} \right) (S_{\overline{R}} + 1) \mu_{\overline{R}} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} P_{\Lambda}^{\text{meas}} \\ P_{\overline{\Lambda}}^{\text{meas}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Becattini, Karpenko, Lisa, Upsal, and Voloshin, }$$

arXiv:1610.02506 (2016)

- $f_{\Lambda R}\,$  : fraction of  $\Lambda\,$  originating from parent R
- $C_{\Lambda R}$  : coefficient of spin transfer from parent R to  $\Lambda$
- $S_R$  : parent particle's spin
- $\mu_{\rm R}\,$  : magnetic moment of particle R

# **Extracted vorticity and B-field**



• Vorticity

o  $\omega/{
m T}$  ~ 2-10% (  $\hbar=1,~k_B=1$  )

ω~0.02-0.09 fm<sup>-1</sup>
 (when assuming T=160 MeV)



FIG. 12. Averaged vorticity  $\langle \omega_y \rangle$  from the AMPT model as a function of time at varied beam energy  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$  for fixed impact parameter b = 7 fm. The solid curves are from a fitting formula (see text for details).

T. Niida, QCD Chirality Workshop 2017

## **STAR** Extract vorticity and B-field



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### • Magnetic field

- possible direct measure of Bfield, but the data are consistent with zero
- need more events

# **STAR** Back to A polarization results





□ Non zero signal of Рн at √s<sub>NN</sub> = 200 GeV

~0.18%±0.08

(syst. uncert. ~0.06% for  $\Lambda$ )

- ${\color{blue} {\bullet}}$  no significant difference between  $\Lambda$  and anti- $\Lambda$
- close to viscous-hydro
   +UrQMD calculation





 $\square$  Weak centrality dependence for  $\Lambda$ 

 $\ensuremath{\,^\circ}$  Looks to slightly increase in peripheral events for anti-  $\Lambda$ 



### рт dependence of Pн



 No significant p<sub>T</sub> dependence was observed within current uncertainties



### $\eta$ dependence of PH



 $\mbox{ }$  No significant  $\eta$  dependence within current uncertainties





Idea (S. Shlichting and S. Voloshin, in preparation)

• A polarization may be related to the axial current J<sub>5</sub> • Use (kaon) charge asymmetry instead of  $\mu_{v}$ 

T. Niida, QCD Chirality Workshop 2017





No clear trend within current uncertainties. Need more events…



### Summary

□ STAR has made the first observation of  $\Lambda$  global polarization in Au +Au collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ =7.7-200 GeV

- Clear signal of vorticity from the medium in non-central heavy-ion collisions
- Current data cannot distinguish the difference between Λ and anti-Λ, but the difference may lead to a possible direct measurement of the magnetic field
- Preliminary results for  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV also show non-zero signal of  $\Lambda$  polarization (  $P_H = 0.18\% \pm 0.08\%$  )
- First look at charge asymmetry dependence of  $\Lambda$  polarization

Outlook

- STAR upgrade for BES-II
- Connection to other observables



# STAR upgrade for BES-II



Expect significant improvements in BES-II



### iTPC upgrade

- extend  $\eta$  coverage from  $|\eta| < 1$  to  $|\eta| < 1.5$
- p⊤>60 MeV
- improve dE/dx resolution
- ready in 2019

T. Niida, QCD Chirality Workshop 2017

#### eTOF upgrade

- -1.6<*η<*-1.1
- extend forward PID capability
- mid-rapidity coverage
   in Fixed Target Program
- ready in 2019

### EPD upgrade

- 2.1<|η|<5.1
- improve EP resolution
- independent trigger
- ready in 2018

http://arxiv.org/abs/nucl-th/0410089

Quark-gluon Plasma in Non-central A+A

#### ry particles in unpolarized high energy hadron-

### arxother observables



Becattini et al., Eur. Phys. J. C (2015) 75: 406



## Back up



R. Fang, L. Pang, Q. Wang, and X. Wang, PRC94, 024904 (2016)



# STAR Previous results at √snn = 200GeV



- 3+1D viscous hydro+cascade model predicts P\*~**0.2%** for Au+Au 200 GeV.