

Measurement of the D⁰ meson elliptic and triangular flow in Au + Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV from STAR

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Motivation /STAR detector/Analysis details

Results:

- D⁰ elliptic flow(v_2) and triangular flow(v_3)
- Number-of-constituent-quark(NCQ) scaling comparison with other hadrons
- D⁰ v_2 comparison with model calculations

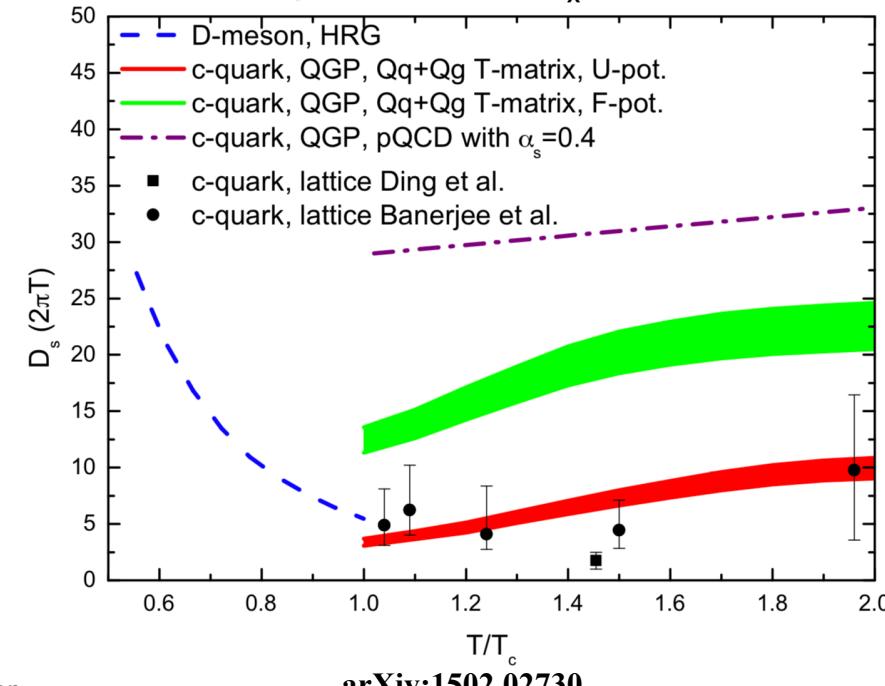
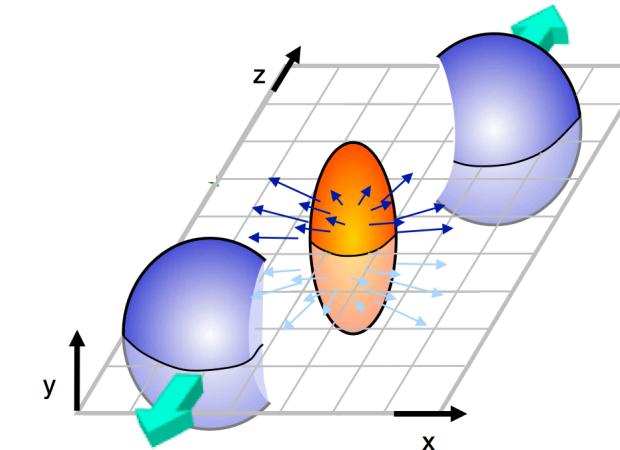
Summary

Motivation

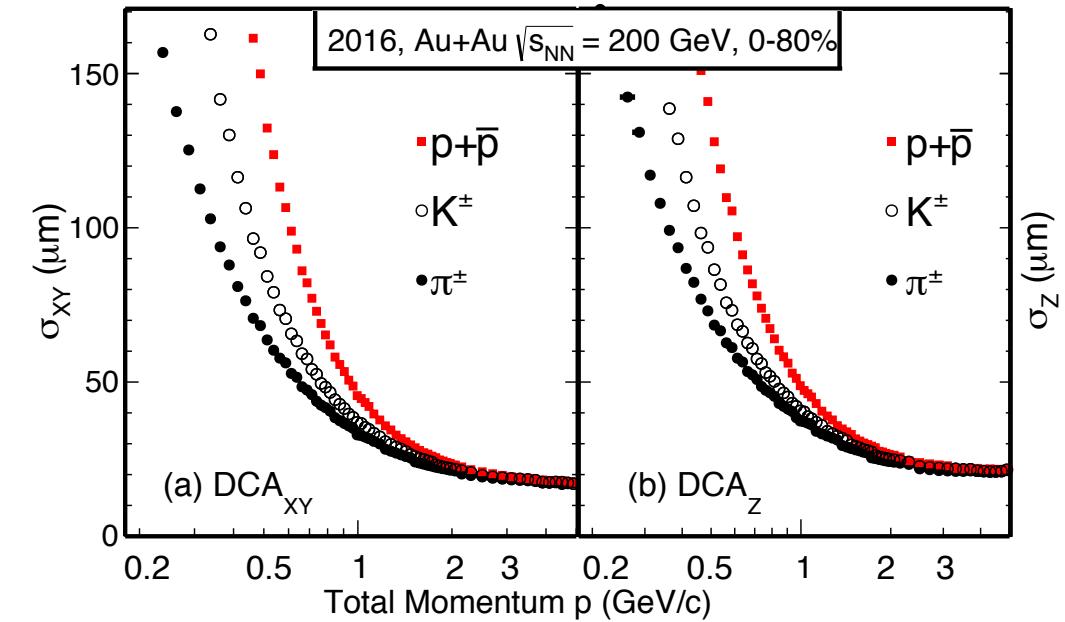
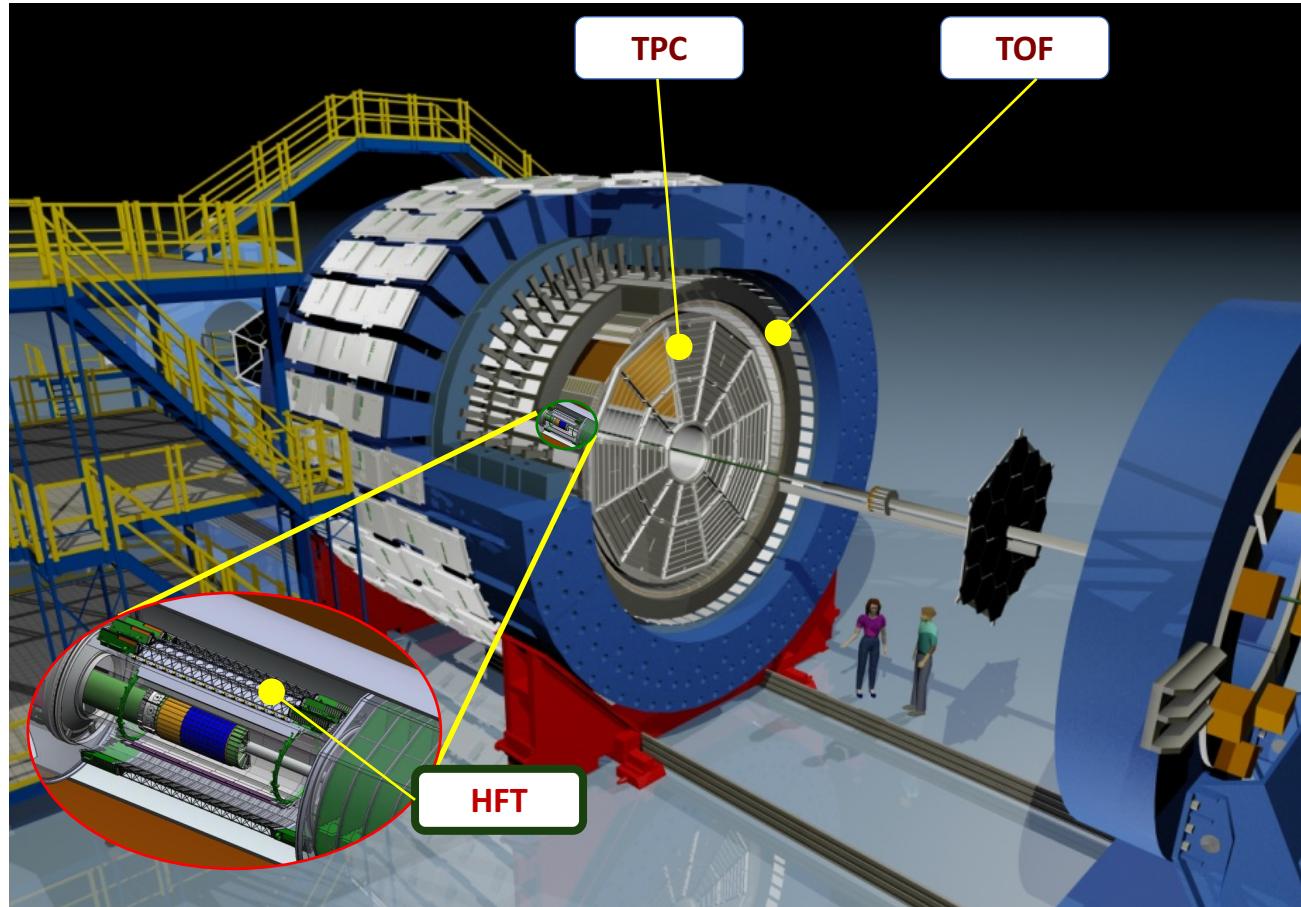
- Elliptic/Triangular flow (v_2 / v_3) – second/third order Fourier coefficient of the azimuthal distribution.

$$E \frac{d^3N}{d^3p} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{d^2N}{p_T dp_T dy} (1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2v_n \cos(n(\phi - \psi_n)))$$

- Heavy quarks produced from initial hard scattering, transported through QGP.
- Heavy quarks due to their large masses, have a longer thermalization time.
- $D^0 v_n$, sensitive to charm quark diffusion coefficient - QGP intrinsic transport parameter.

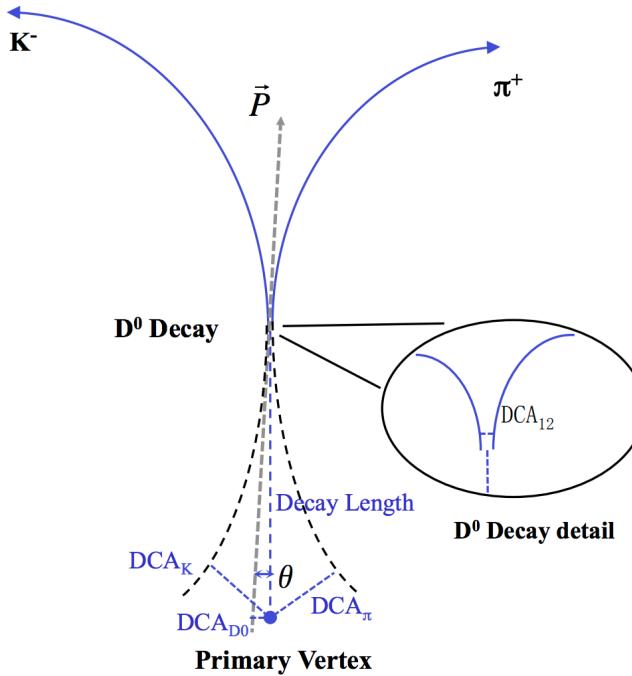


STAR Detector



- TPC: Tracking , PID (dE/dx)
- TOF: PID ($1/\beta$)
- HFT:
 - Excellent track impact parameter resolution
 - $35 \mu\text{m}$ at $p = 1\text{GeV}/c$

D⁰ topological reconstruction with HFT



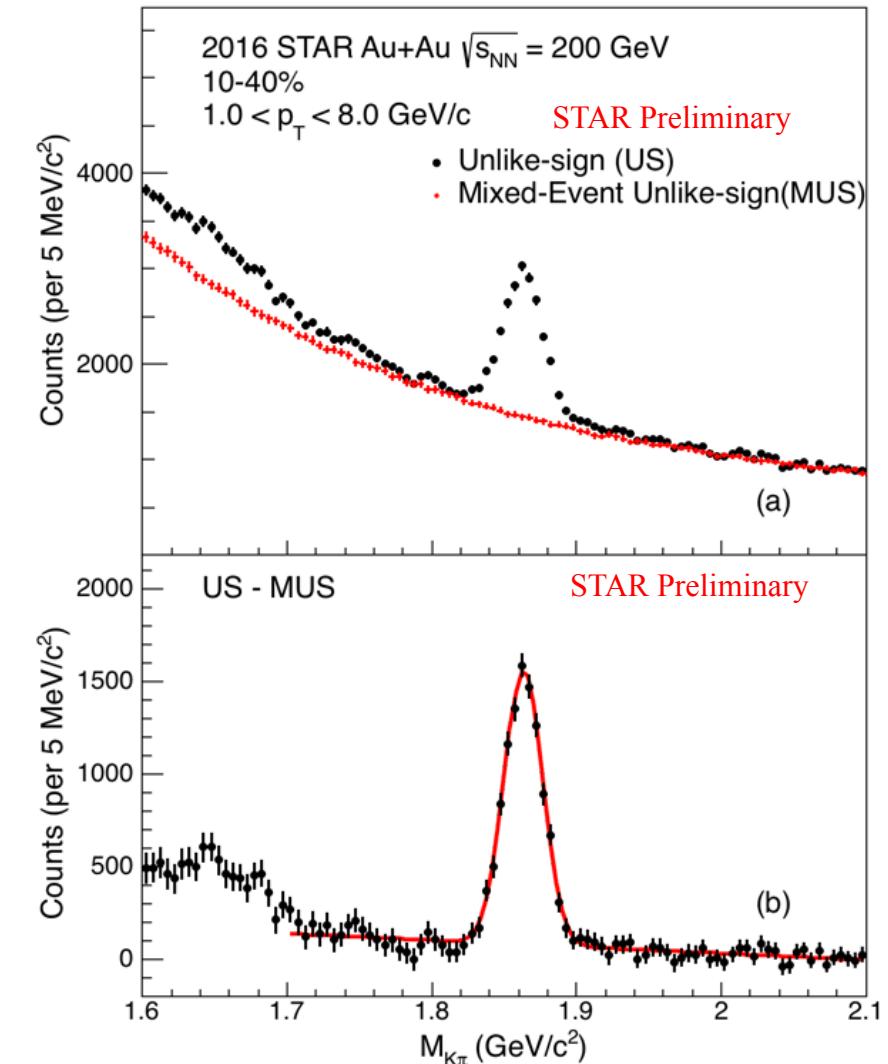
$D^0(\bar{u}c), \overline{D^0}(u\bar{c})$,
Decay channel: $D^0 \rightarrow K^- + \pi^+$
 $c\tau: 120 \mu\text{m}$

TMVA Rectangular Cut Method
for optimizing cuts on
topological variables.
Done separately for each p_T /
centrality bin.

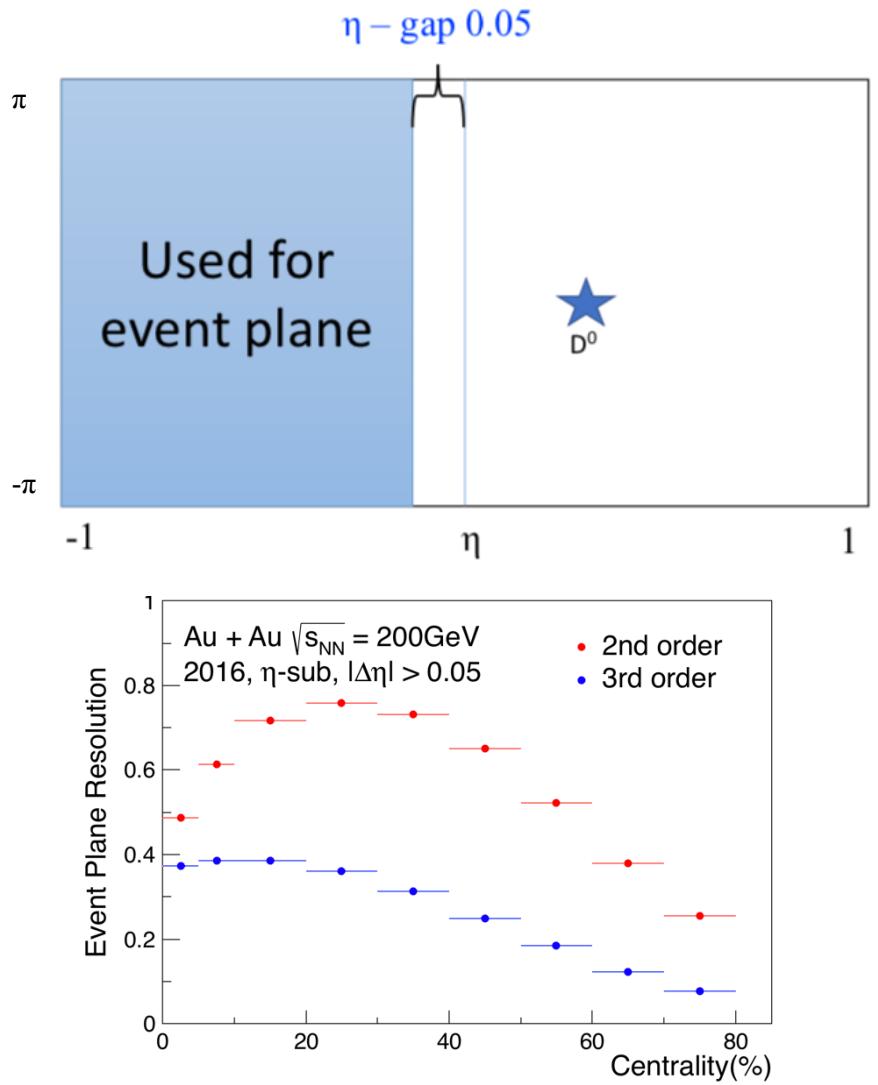
	2010+2011 w/o HFT	2014 w/ HFT
#Event(MB)	1.1 billion	~900 million
Sig. per billion events	13	220

STAR: Phys. Rev. Lett. 113, 142301 (2014)

STAR: Phys. Rev. Lett. 118, 212301 (2017)



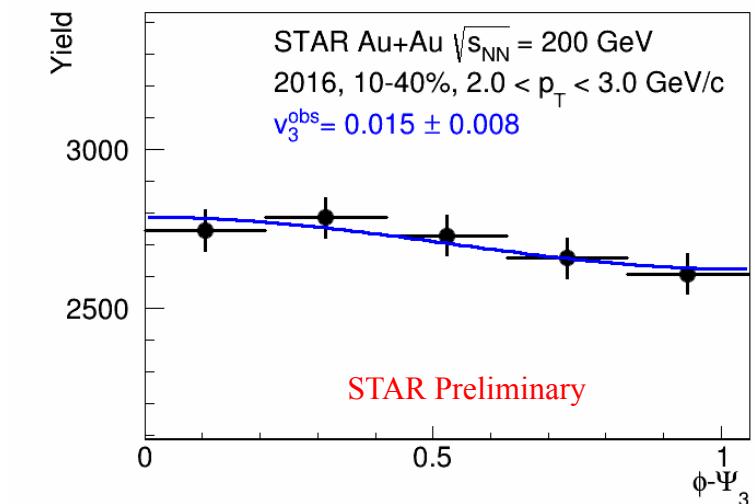
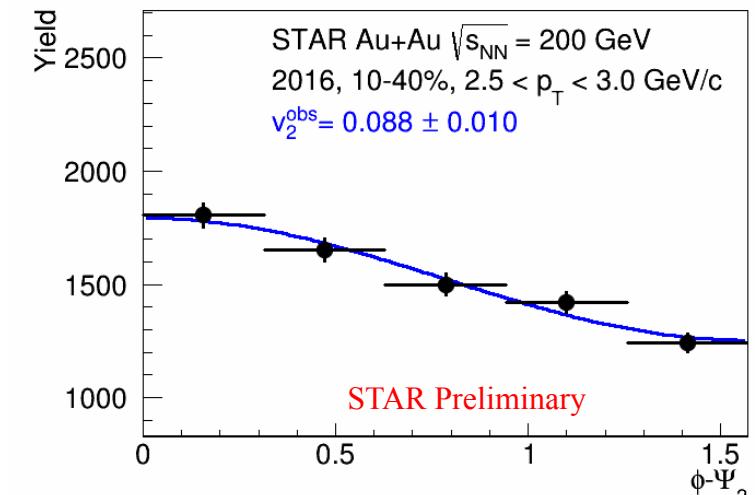
$D^0 v_2 v_3$: event plane method



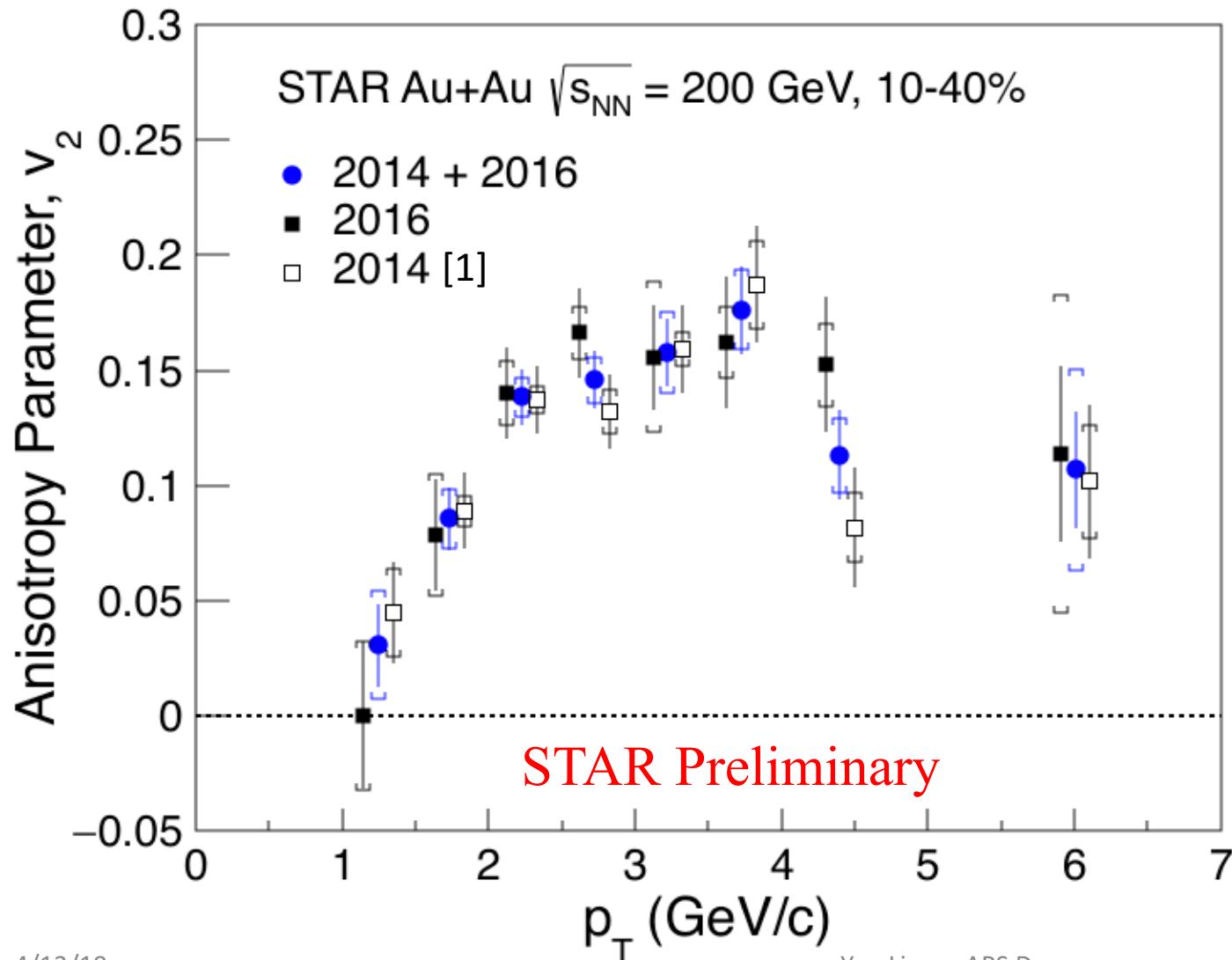
- $D^0 v_n$ measured using η -Sub event plane method.
- D^0 yield as a function of $\phi - \Psi_n$ fit to $A(1 + 2v_n^{obs} \cos(n(\phi - \Psi_n)))$.
- Results are corrected for event plane resolution.

$$v_n = \frac{v_n^{obs}}{E.P \text{ Resolution}}$$

- Non-flow estimated from measured D-h correlations in p+p 200GeV
- $$v_2^{non-Flow} = \frac{\langle \sum_h \cos(2(\phi_{D^0} - \phi_h)) \rangle}{M v_2^h}$$
- B->D feed down is negligible at RHIC energies (< 4%)



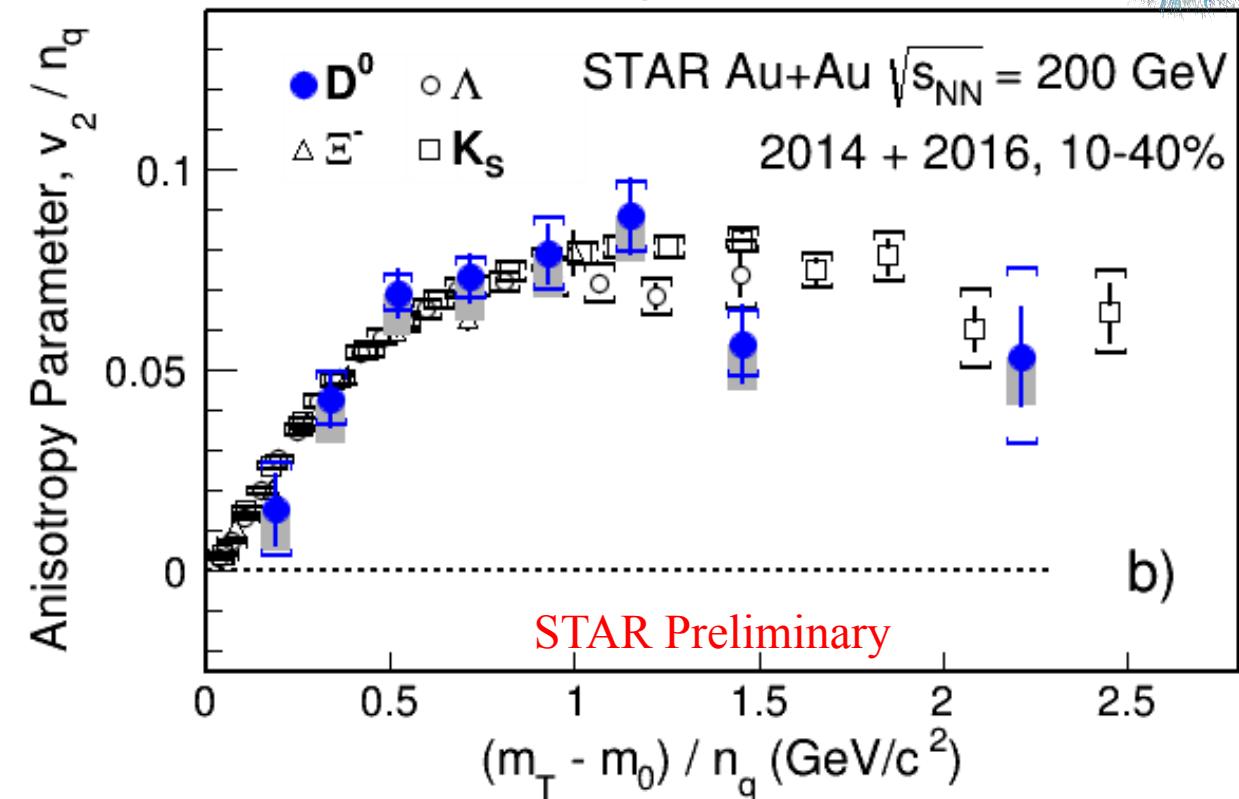
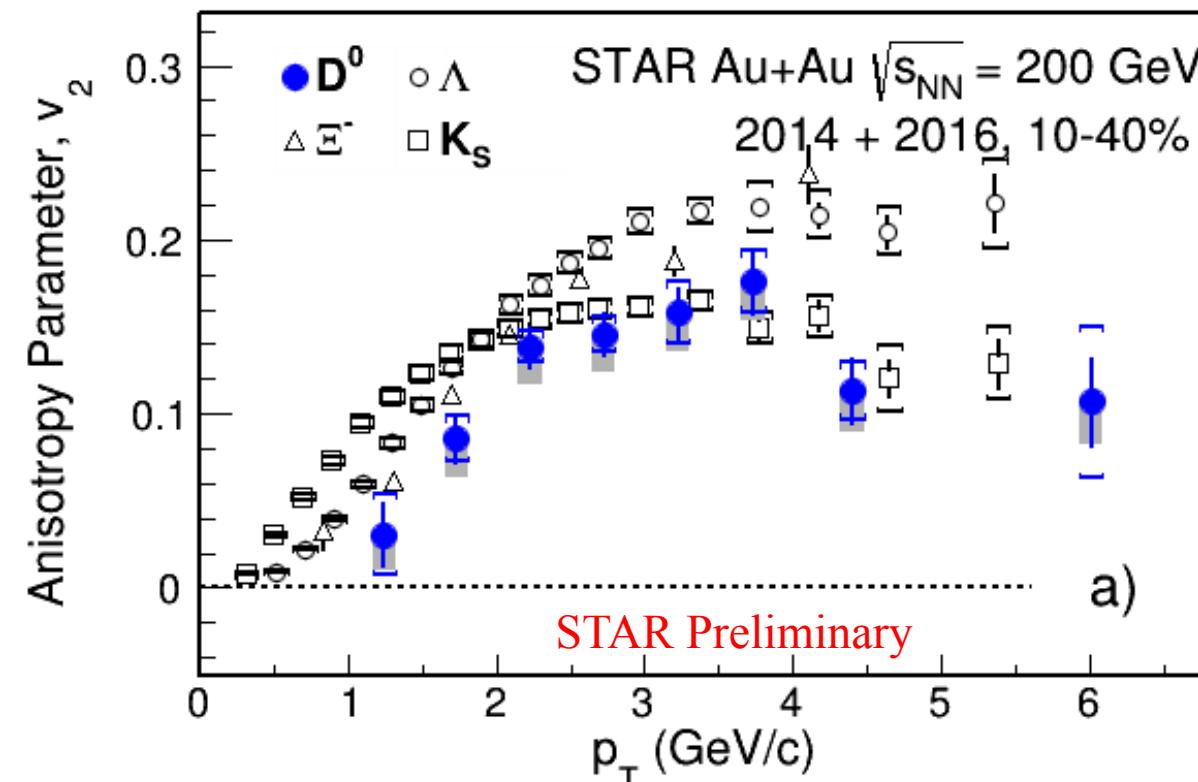
$D^0 v_2$ from 2014 and 2016



- 2016 and 2014 $D^0 v_2$ are consistent
- Improved precision from combined two years of data
- Non-flow uncertainty not shown in this plot

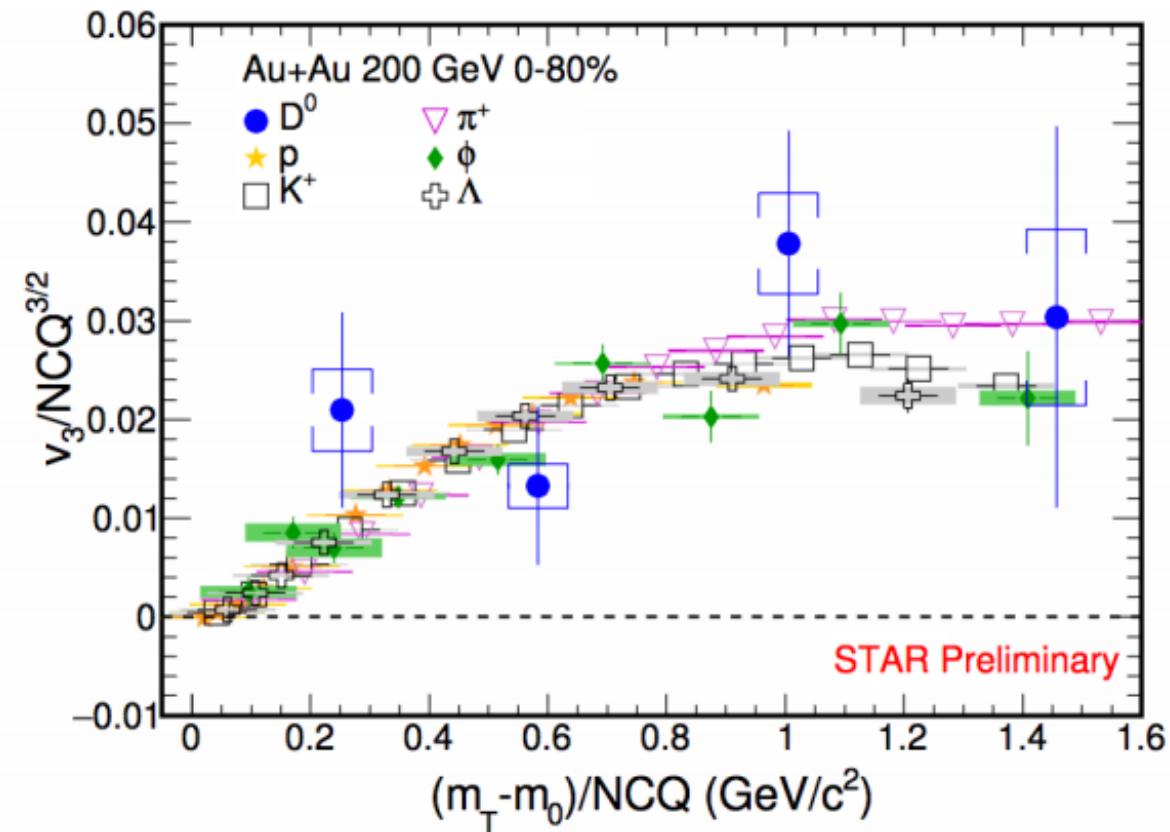
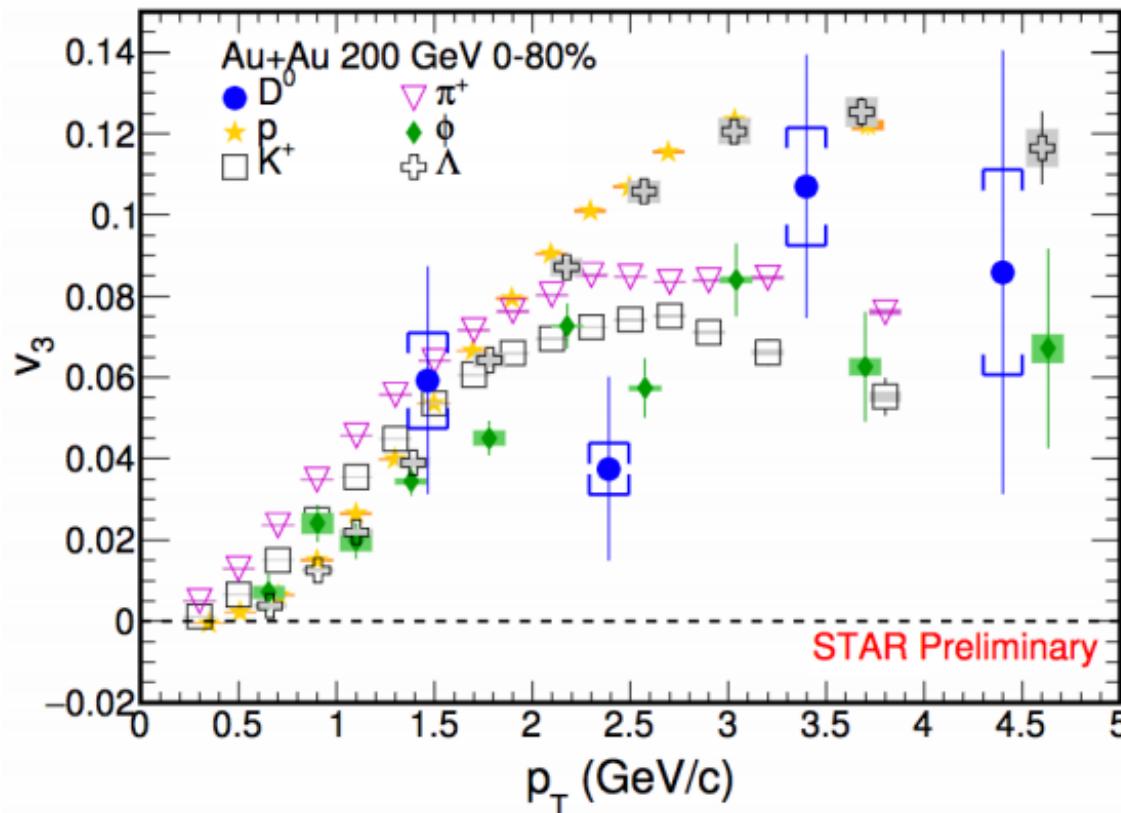
[1]STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett.
118, 212301 (2017)

$D^0 v_2$ comparison with light flavor hadrons



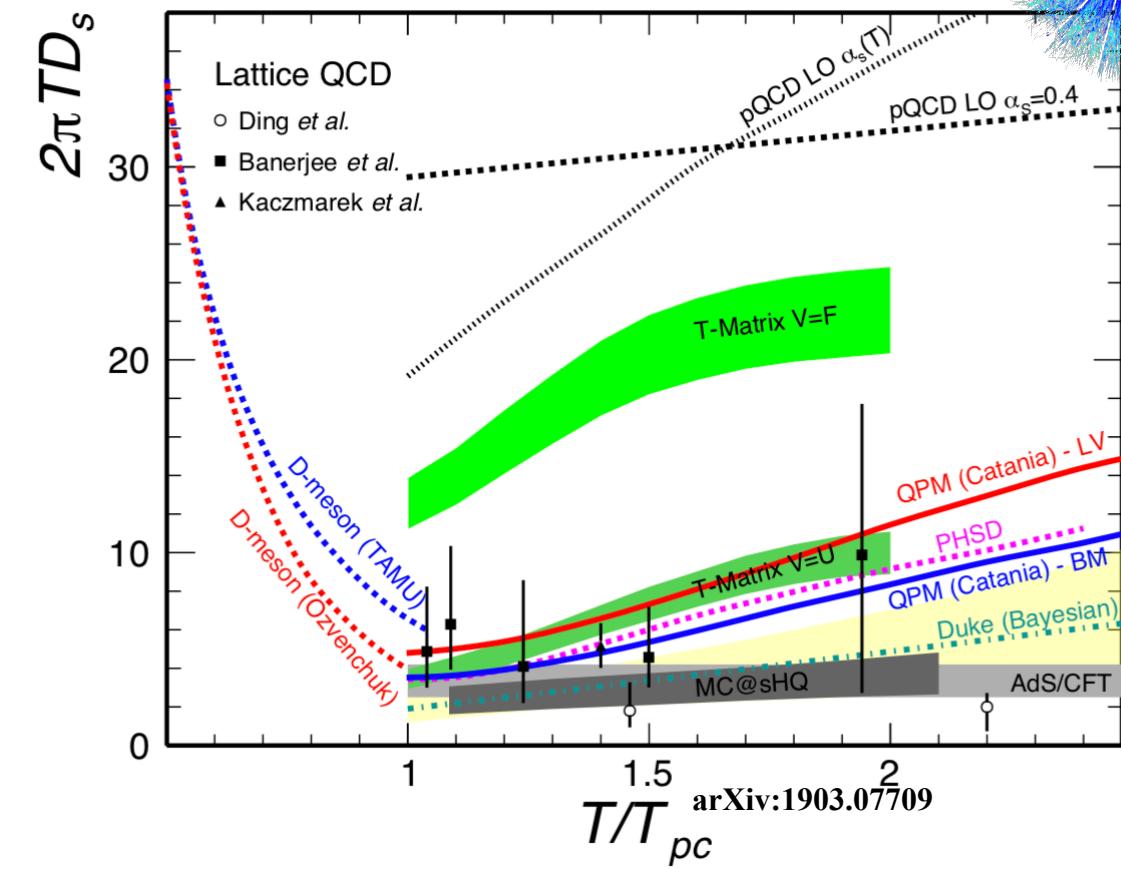
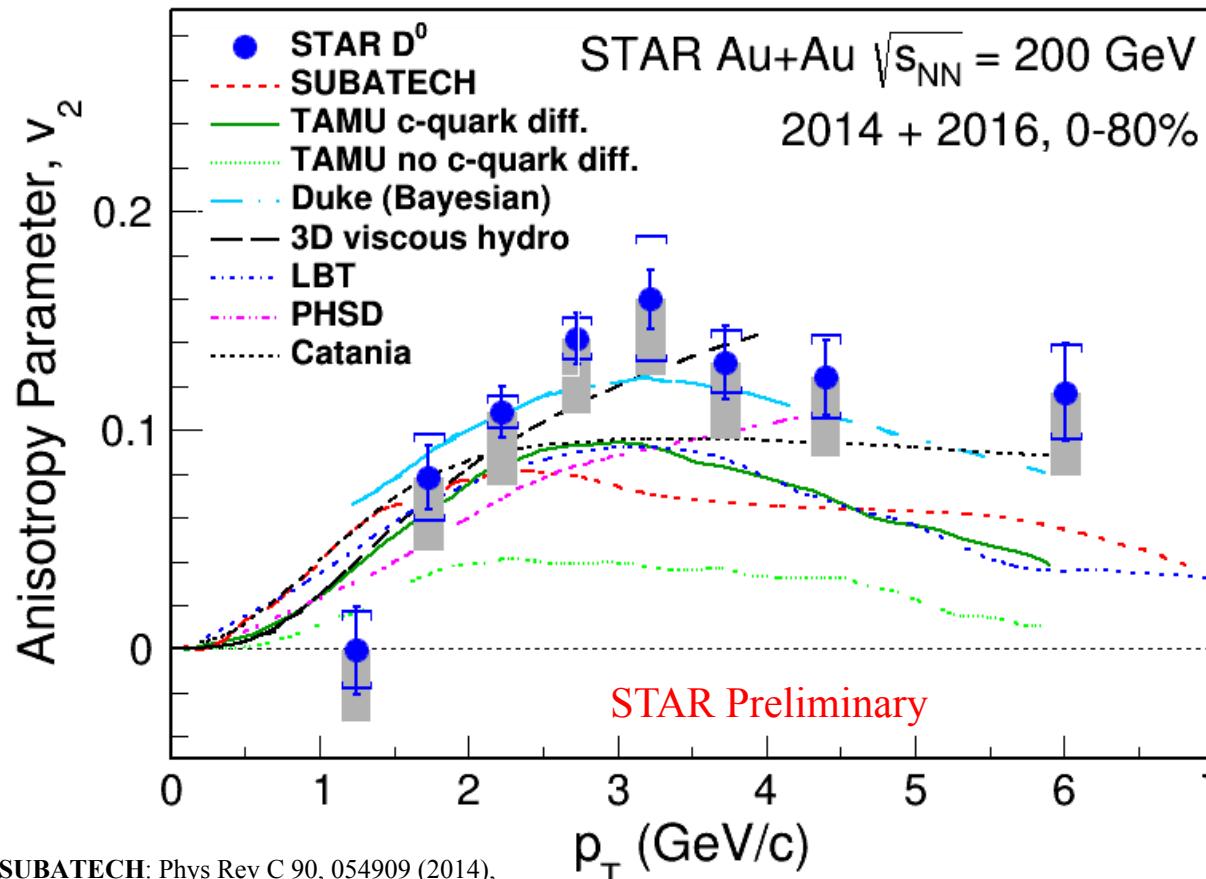
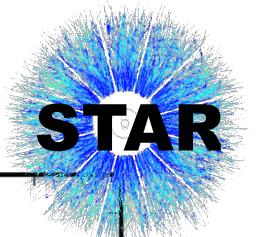
- $D^0 v_2$ from combined 2014 + 2016 data, grey band shows non-flow estimation.
- NCQ-scaled $D^0 v_2$ consistent with light flavor hadrons.
- Suggest charm quarks flow with the QGP.

$D^0 v_3$ comparison with other hadrons



- Non-zero $D^0 v_3$ values; comparable to light flavor hadrons v_3
- NCQ-scaled $D^0 v_3$ consistent within error bars

$D^0 v_2$ comparison with Models

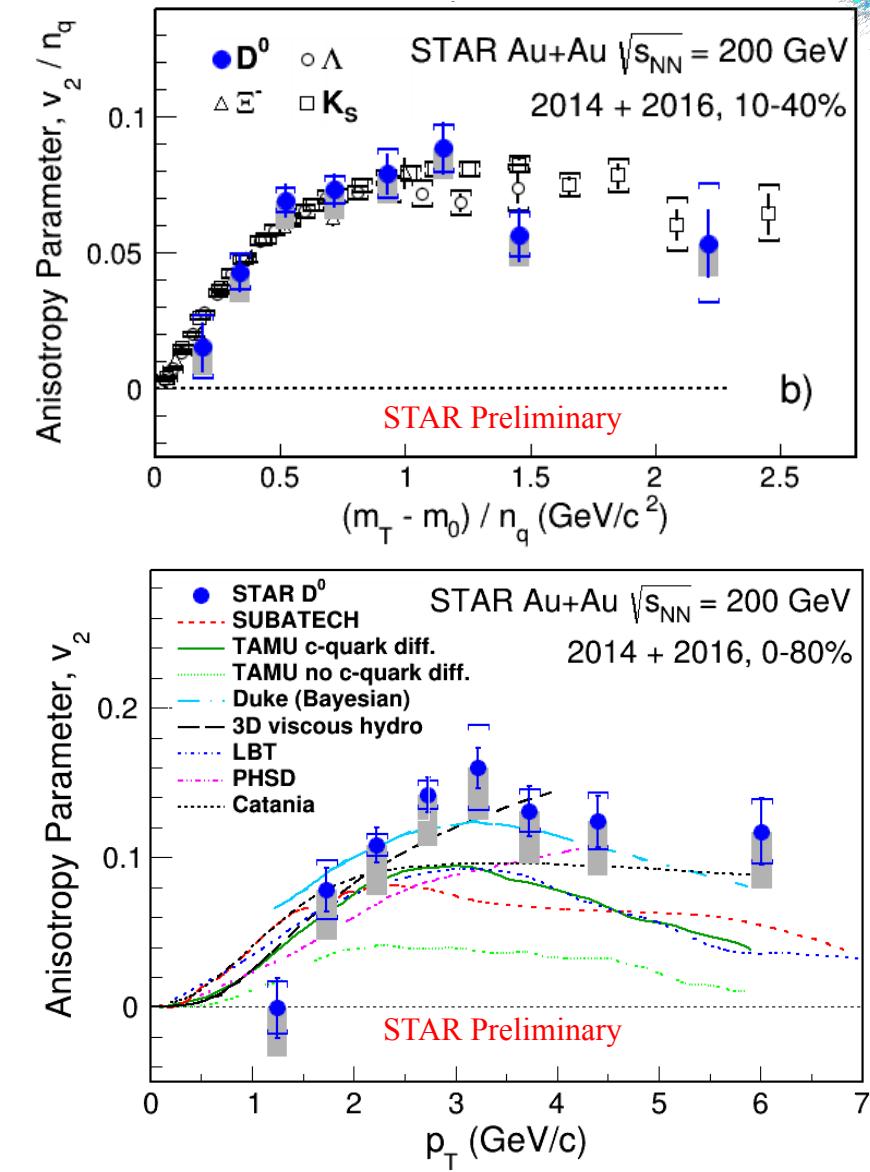


- [1] SUBATECH: Phys Rev C 90, 054909 (2014),
Phys Rev C 92, 014910 (2015)
- [2] TAMU: Phys Rev C 86, 014903 (2012), Phys Rev Lett 110, 112301 (2013)
- [3] Duke: Phys Rev C 92, 024907 (2015)
- [4] 3D viscous hydro: Phys Rev C 86, 024911 (2012)
- [5] LBT: Phys Rev C 94, 014909 (2016)
- [6] PHSD: Phys Rev 90, 051901 (2014), Phys Rev 90, 051901 (2014)
- [7] Catania: Phys Rev 96, 044905 (2017)

- Improved precision to constrain the models
- TAMU no c-quark diffusion failed to fit with data, indicate heavy quark diffusion
- Models describe $D^0 v_2$ well with $2\pi TD_s$ in the range of 2 – 5 around T_c

Summary

- Improved precision of $D^0 v_2$ results with combined 2014 and 2016 data.
- $D^0 v_2$ and v_3 follow the NCQ scaling with other light flavor hadrons.
- $D^0 v_2$ constrain model calculation. Models with $2\pi TD_s$ in the range of 2 – 5 near T_c describe data.



BACK UP

- Model comparison Table

Compared Models	χ^2/NDF	p-value
TAMU c quark diff [1]	12.0/8	0.15
TAMU no c quark diff [1]	33.7/8	4.5e-05
SUBATECH [2]	17.3/8	0.026
Duke(Bayesian) [3]	8.5/8	0.39
LBT [4]	13.3/8	0.10
PHSD [5]	8.7/7	0.27
Hydro [6]	3.7/6	0.71
Catania [7]	9.7/8	0.29