

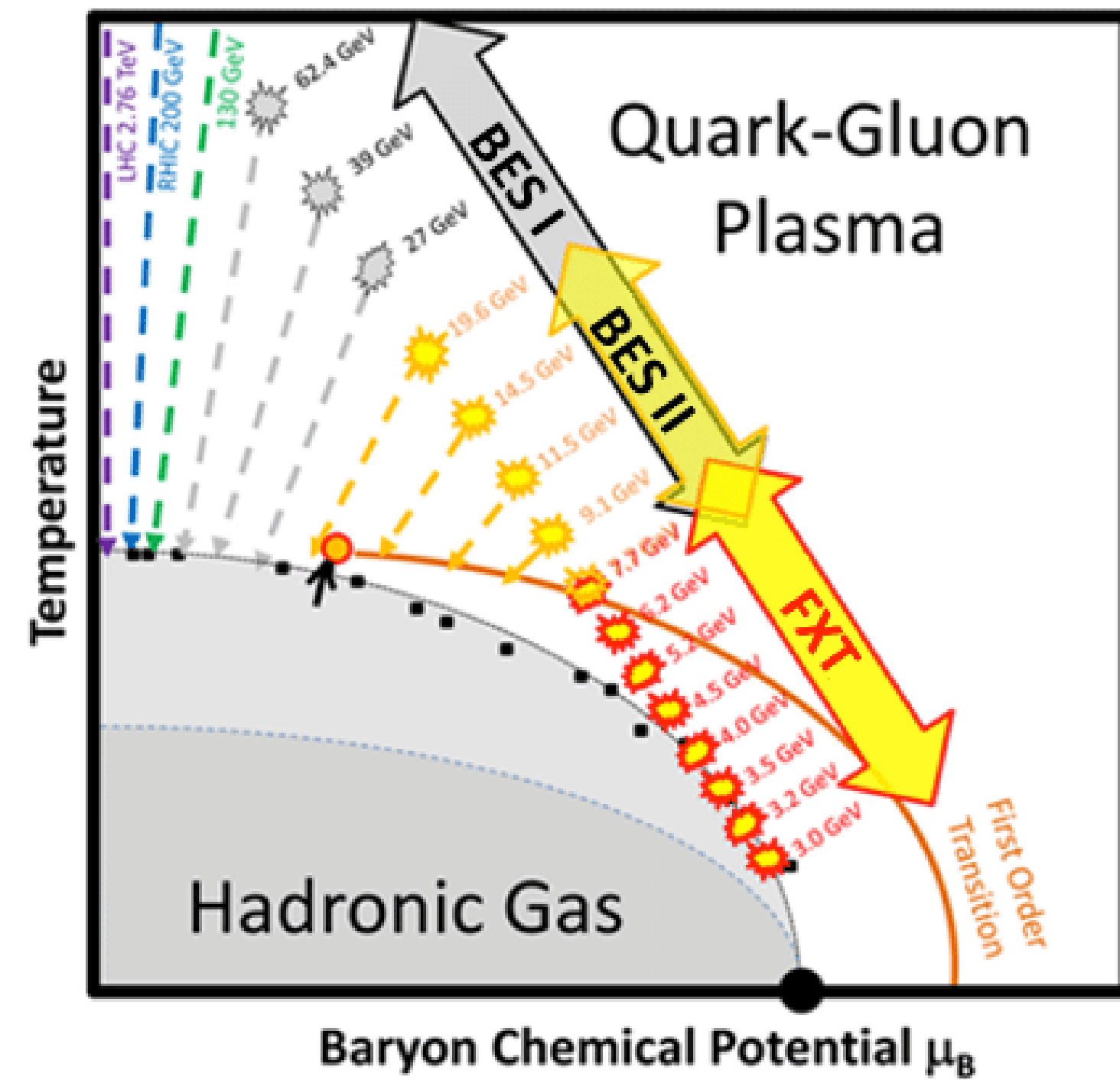
I. Motivation

RHIC Beam Energy Scan Program

- Study of QCD phase diagram.
- Search for the QCD critical point.
- Search for the first order phase transition.

BES-I
 $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 62.4, 39, 27, 19.6, 14.5, 11.5, 7.7$ GeV

BES-II
 $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 54.4, 27, 19.6, 17.3, 14.6, 11.5, 9.2, 7.7$ GeV (Collider mode)
 $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 13.7, 11.5, 9.2, 7.7, 7.2, 6.2, 5.2, 4.5, 3.9, 3.5, 3.2, 3.0$ GeV (FXT)



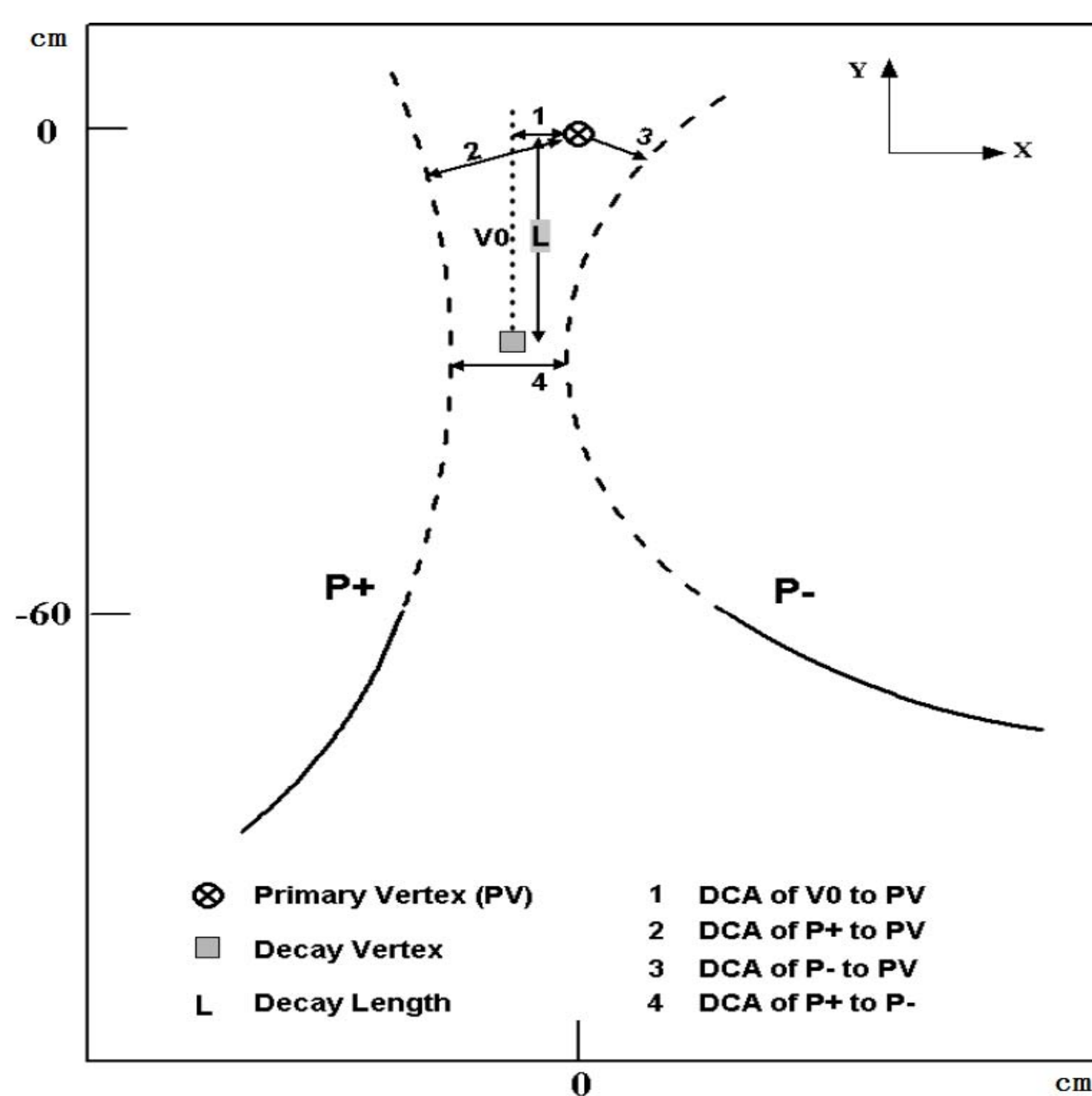
- Strange hadrons (Λ, Ξ, Ω) are excellent probes for identifying the phase boundary and the onset of deconfinement.

III. Analysis Method

- Λ ($\bar{\Lambda}$) are weakly decaying particles.
- From the primary vertex, where a heavy ion collision occurs, these particles travel some distance depending on their decay length or lifetime, and decay into daughter particles proton and π which are stable and detected by the detectors [1].

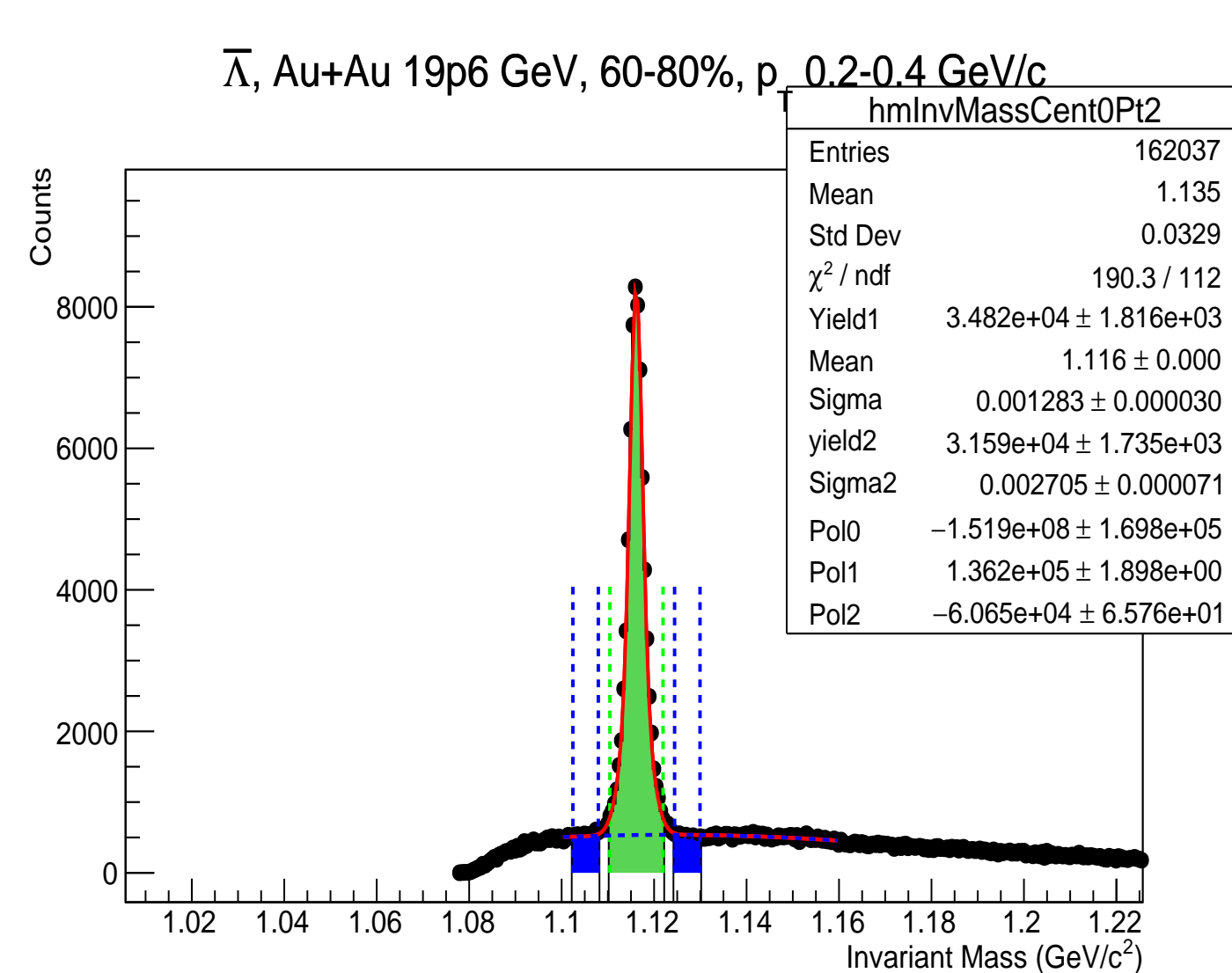
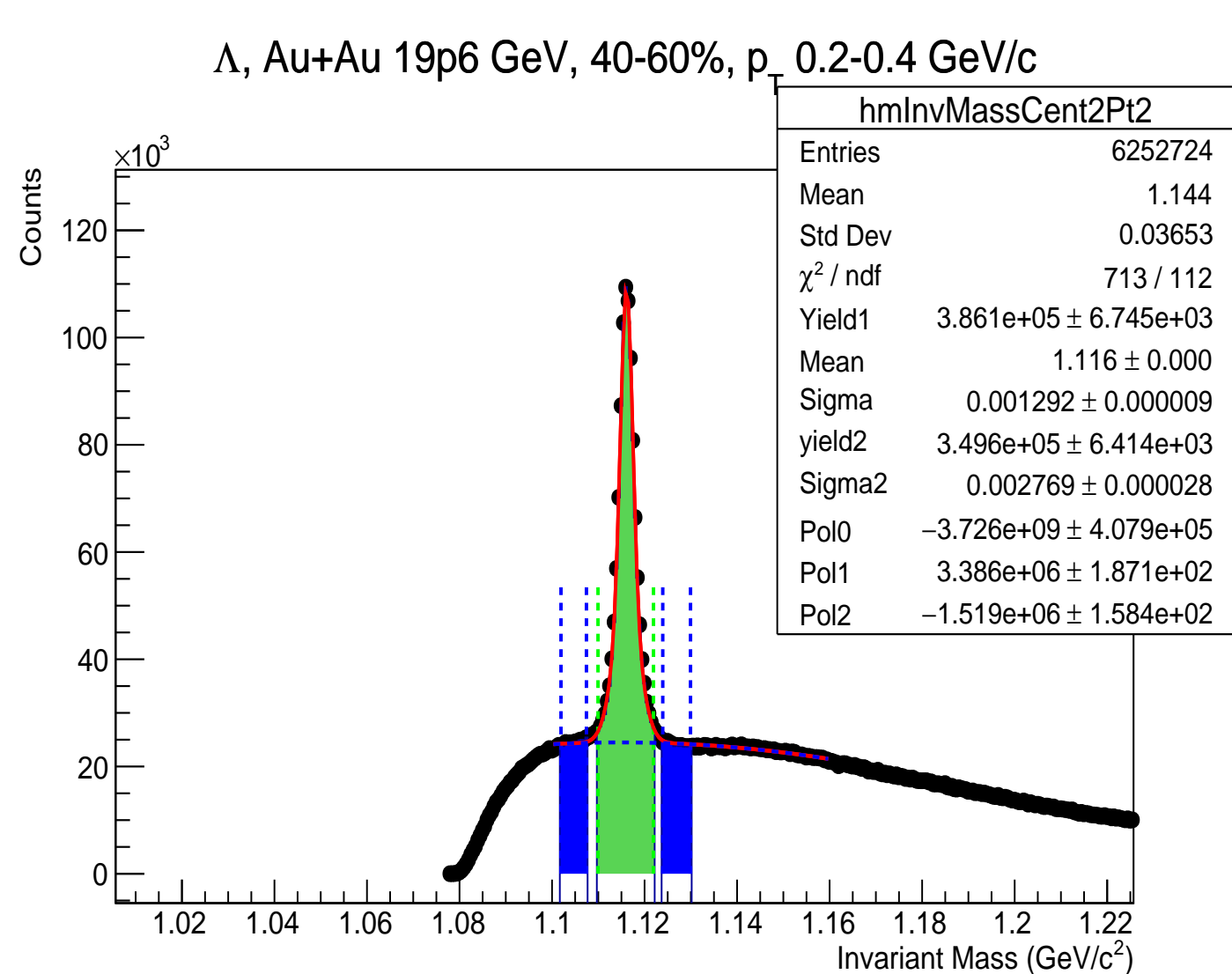
$$\Lambda (\bar{\Lambda}) \longrightarrow p(\bar{p}) + \pi^- (\pi^+)$$

Decay topology of $\Lambda(\bar{\Lambda})$:



- Fit the invariant mass distribution with double Gaussian and second order polynomial.

$$a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + \frac{Y_1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_1} \exp\left(-\frac{(m-m_0)^2}{2\sigma_1^2}\right) + \frac{Y_2}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_2} \exp\left(-\frac{(m-m_0)^2}{2\sigma_2^2}\right)$$



- The residual background left after applying the topological cuts is estimated by the polynomial fit function.

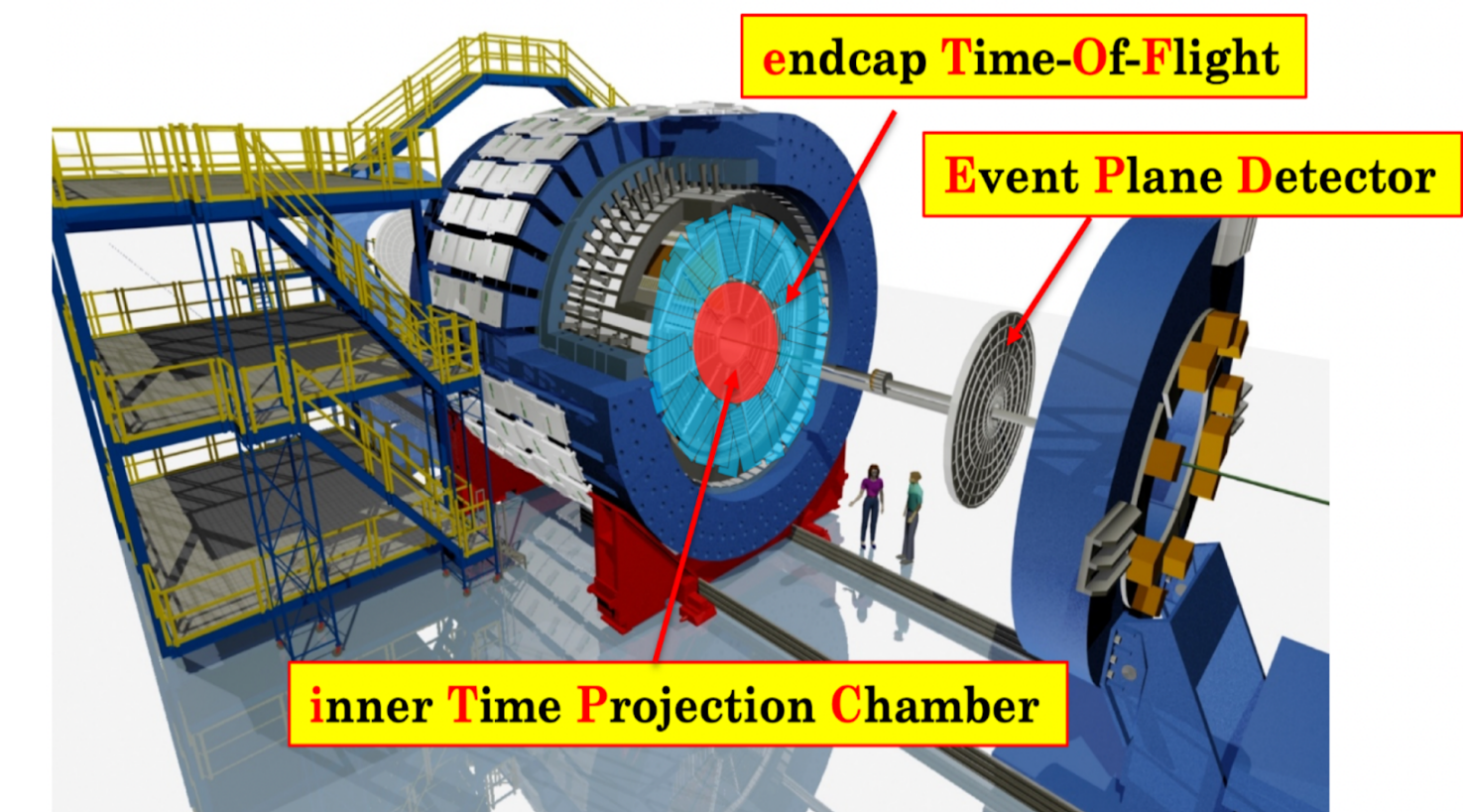
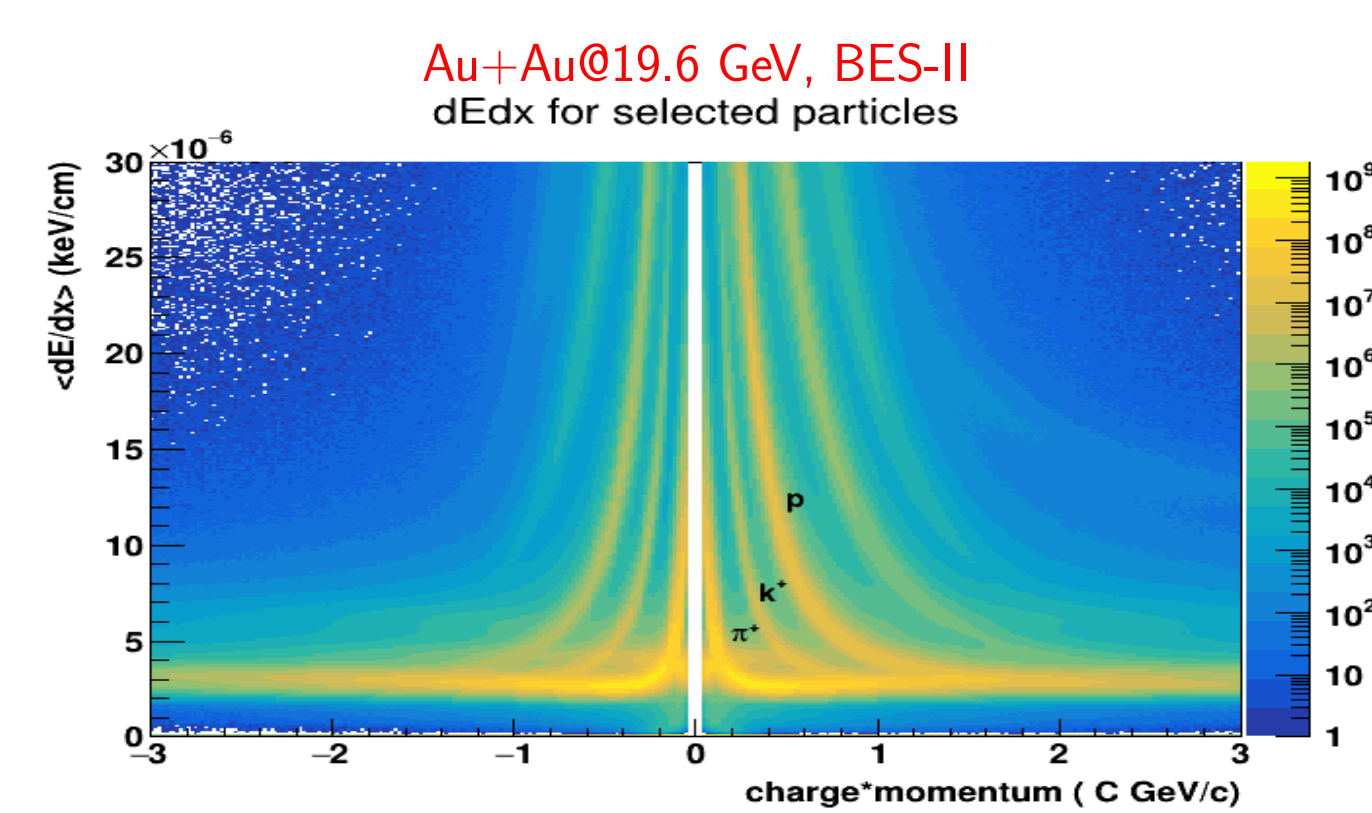
II. The STAR Detector

Solenoidal Tracker At RHIC (STAR) consists of several sub-detectors.

Time Projection Chamber (TPC) and the Time-of-flight (TOF) are the main sub-detectors for particle identification.

Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

- Tracking, momentum measurement.
- PID through dE/dx .

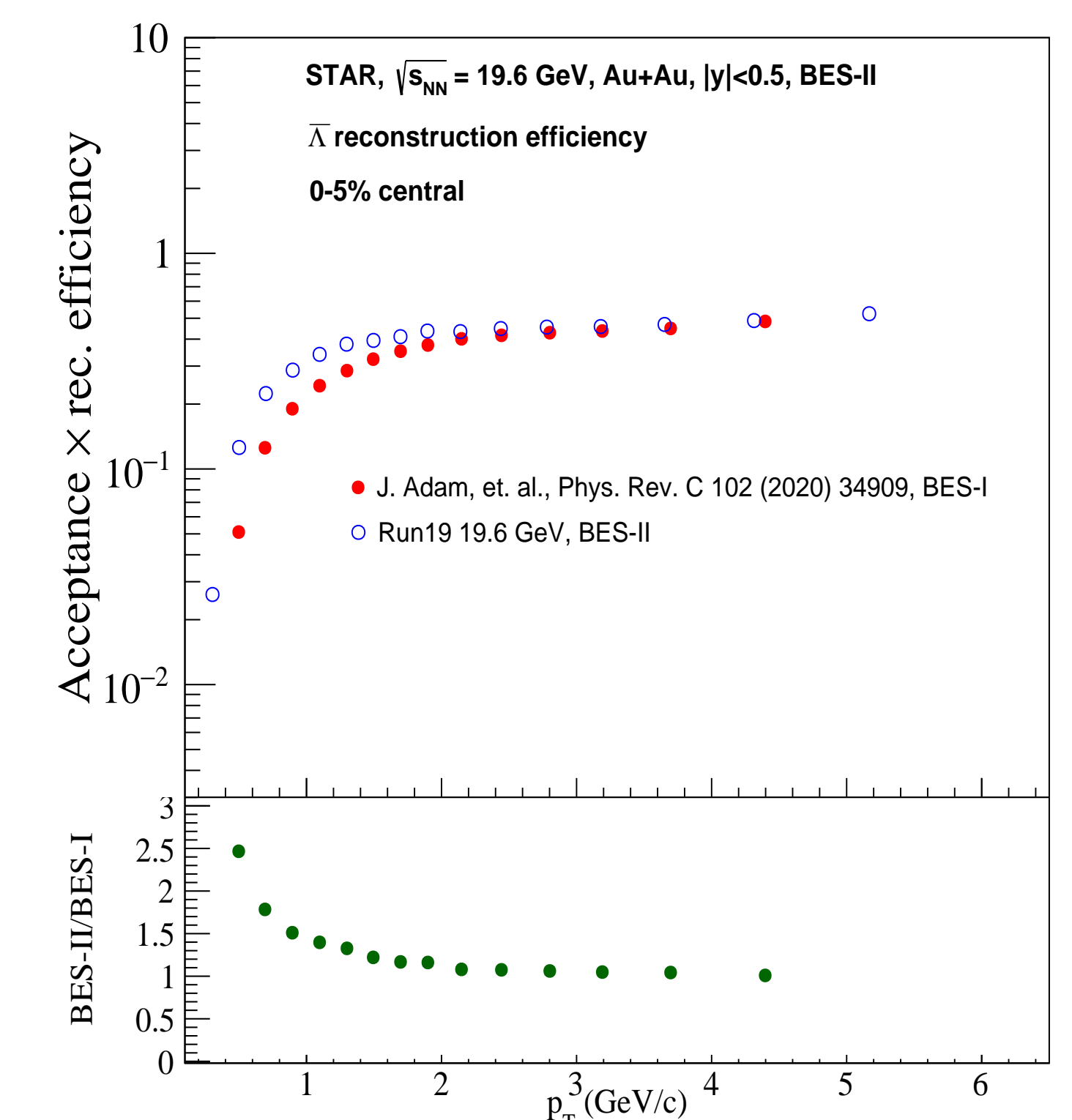
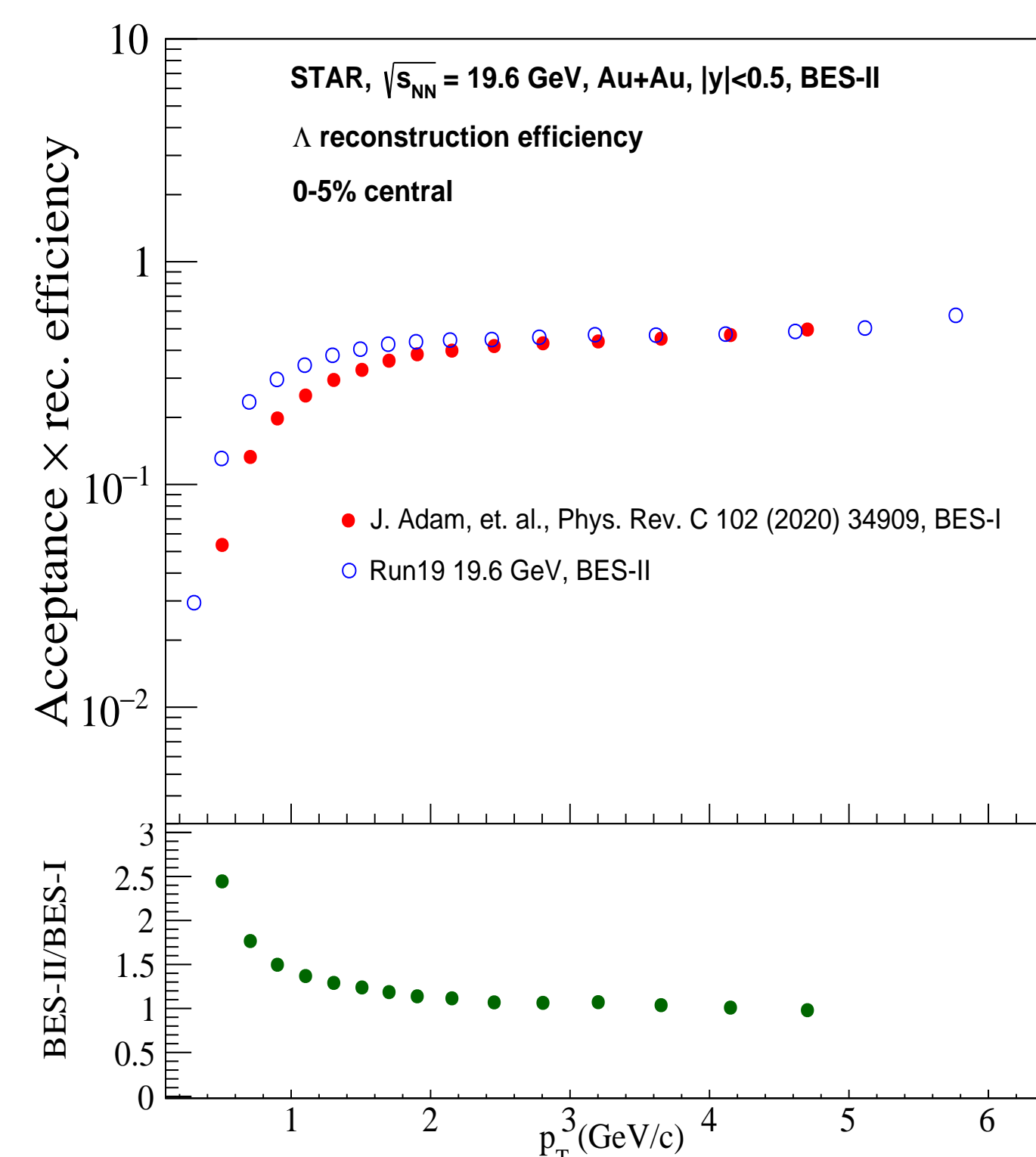


iTPC upgrade

- Better momentum resolution and dE/dx resolution.
- Improved acceptance: $|\eta| < 1.0 \rightarrow |\eta| < 1.5$
- Lower p_T acceptance and broader rapidity acceptance for strange hadron reconstruction.

IV. $\Lambda(\bar{\Lambda})$ Reconstruction Efficiency

- To study the tracking efficiency, embedding data are used in the STAR experiment where simulated particles are embedded into real data.
- The acceptance and reconstruction efficiency are calculated by dividing the number of reconstructed $\Lambda(\bar{\Lambda})$ by that of input MC ones.



- The iTPC upgrade significantly enhances the reconstruction efficiency at low p_T region.

V. Summary

- High statistics data sets at low energies are recorded in BES-II for studying the QCD phase diagram.
- The upgrade of the inner sectors of the Time Projection Chamber (iTPC) provides a wider rapidity coverage, lower p_T cutoff, and better momentum and dE/dx resolution.
- The iTPC upgrade significantly enhances the reconstruction efficiency of $\Lambda(\bar{\Lambda})$ at low p_T region in BES-II in comparison to BES-I.

References:

[1] STAR, J. Adam et al. Phys. Rev. C 102, (2020) 034909