Longitudinal double spin asymmetry of Λ, $\overline{\Lambda}$, K^0_S and inclusive jets with high-z $\pi^{\pm}$ tagging in polarized proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV at STAR

Yi Yu, for the STAR Collaboration
Institute of Frontier and Interdisciplinary Science, Shandong University, Qingdao, China

Unraveling the proton spin composition, comprising intrinsic spins and angular momenta of quarks and gluons, stands as one of the most fundamental and challenging questions in QCD. Tremendous progress has been made since the first surprising result by the EMC experiment in the late 1980s, significantly contributing to our understanding of this question. However, the helicity distributions of strange quarks and anti-quarks inside the proton are still not well constrained by the experimental data. Measurement of the longitudinal double spin asymmetry, A_{LL}, of Λ, $\overline{\Lambda}$ and K^0_S in the longitudinally polarized proton-proton collisions may shed light on the strange quark and anti-quark helicity distributions. In addition, the A_{LL} of the inclusive jets tagged with a π^+/π^- carrying high jet momentum fraction, z, in proton-proton collisions can provide further constraints on the gluon helicity distribution in the proton.

In this talk, we will present the preliminary results of the A_{LL} for Λ, $\overline{\Lambda}$ and K^0_S, and the inclusive jets tagged with a high-z $\pi^{\pm}$. These results are based on the longitudinally polarized proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV collected by the STAR experiment with an integrated luminosity of about 52 pb^{-1}.