Study of the nuclear deformation at RHIC

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Collective phenomena in heavy-ion collisions are very sensitive to initial geometry including nuclei deformation effects. In the hydrodynamic model description of heavy ion collisions, the final-state anisotropic flow v_n are linearly related to the strength of the multi-pole shape of the nucleon density distribution in the transverse plane ϵ_n , $v_n \propto \epsilon_n$. The ϵ_n are sensitive to the shape of the colliding ions, characterized by nuclear deformation. Results on the v_n from various collision systems with the STAR detector will be presented. The precise calculations with Monte-Carlo Glauber [1] and a multi-phase transport (AMPT) model [2] could be helpful to understand the role of the shape of atomic nuclei in heavy-ion collisions.

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^[1] Jiangyong Jia, https://arxiv.org/pdf/2106.08768.pdf.

^[2] Giuliano Giacalone, Jiangyong Jia and Chunjian Zhang, https://arxiv.org/pdf/2105.01638.pdf.