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Identified particle production and freeze-out properties in heavy-ion collisions in RHIC BES program

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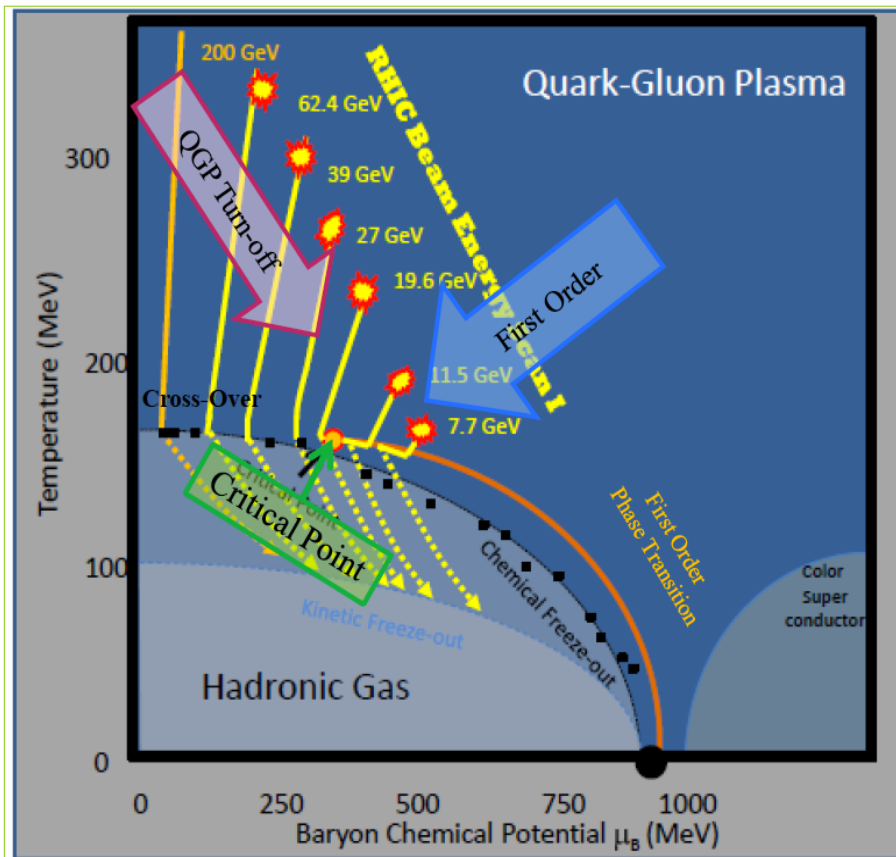


Outline

- ❖ Motivation
 - Beam Energy Scan (BES) Program in STAR at RHIC
 - ❖ STAR Detector System
 - ❖ Particle Identification
 - ❖ Transverse Momentum Spectra
 - ❖ Energy and Centrality Dependence of Identified Particle Yields and Ratios
 - ❖ Freeze-out
 - ❖ Summary
-



Motivation



QCD Phase Diagram

STAR BES proposal: arXiv:1007.2613

The main goals of
RHIC **Beam Energy Scan (BES)** program



Turn-off of QGP signatures

First-order phase transition

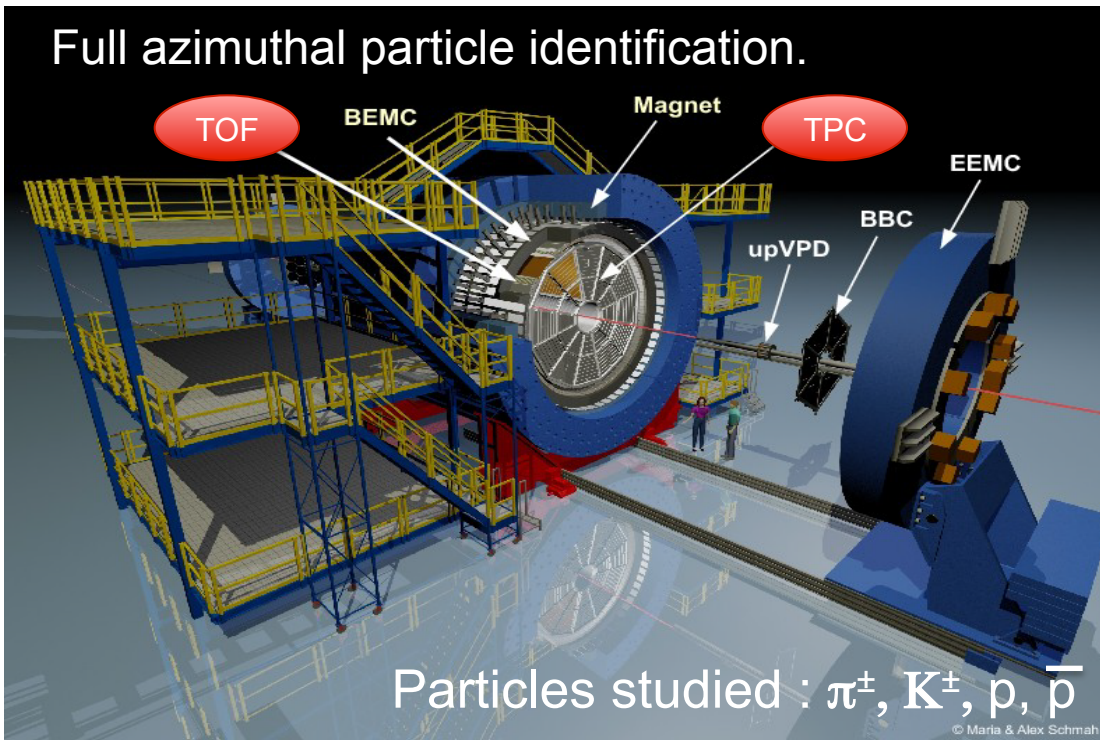
Critical Point and QCD phase boundary



T_{ch} , μ_B

The Solenoidal Tracker At RHIC (STAR)

Full azimuthal particle identification.

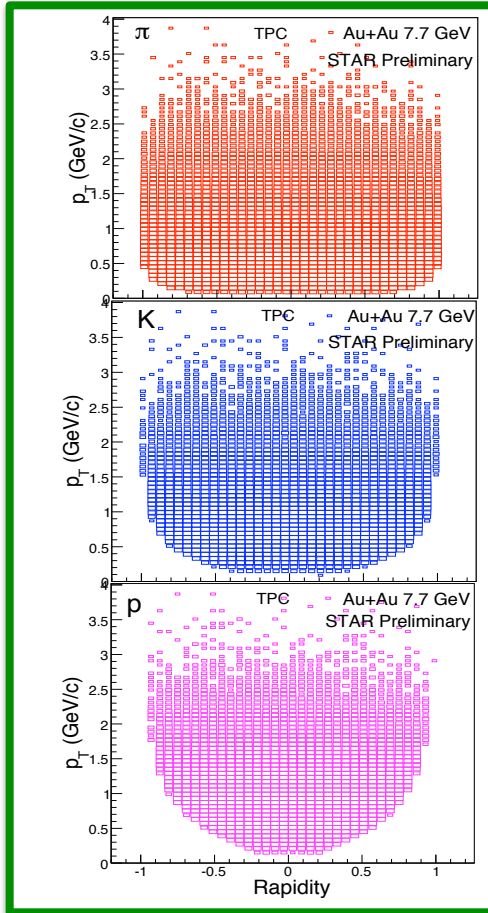


Year	Energy (GeV)	Events (Millions)
2010	39	130
2011	27	70
2011	19.6	36
2014	14.5	20
2010	11.5	12
2010	7.7	4

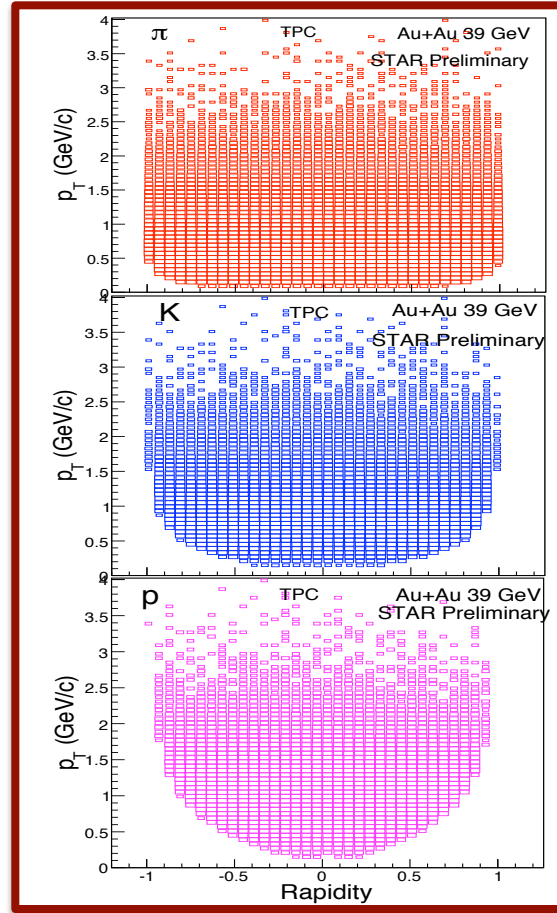
Large coverage $0 < \Phi < 2\pi, |\eta| < 1.0$
Excellent particle identification capabilities (TPC and TOF)
Uniform transverse momentum (p_T) and rapidity acceptance

STAR PID for (π , K, p)

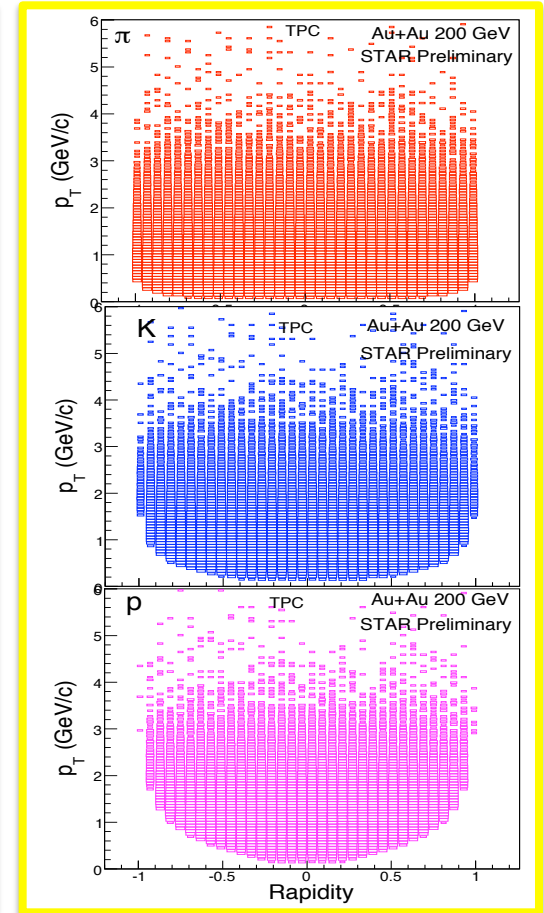
Au+Au at 7.7 GeV



Au+Au at 39 GeV



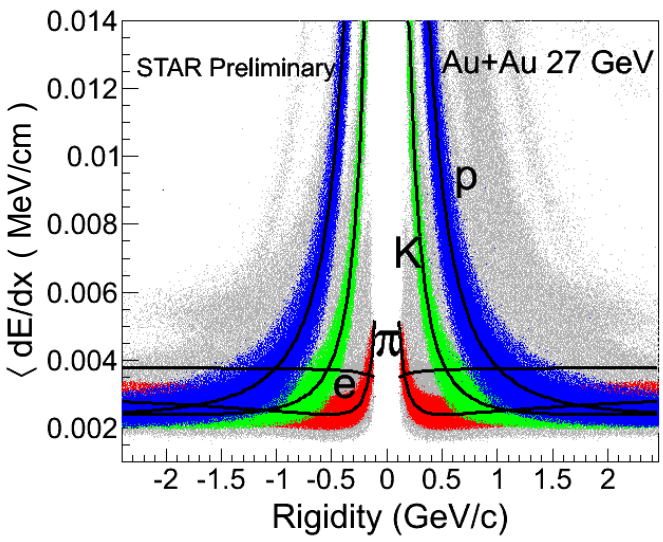
Au+Au at 200 GeV



Similar acceptance at mid-rapidity

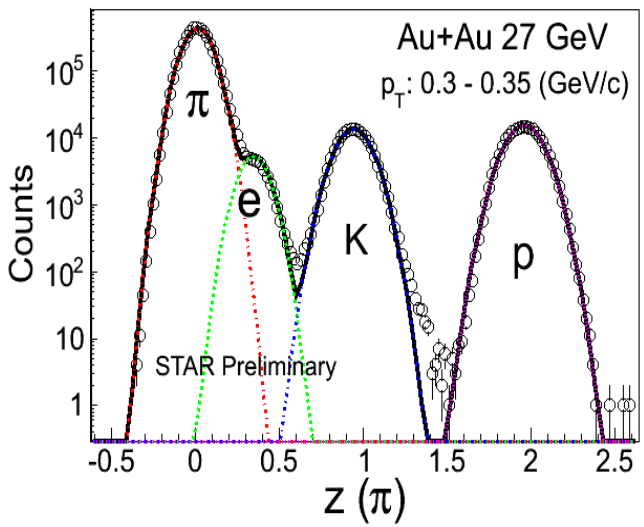


Particle Identification

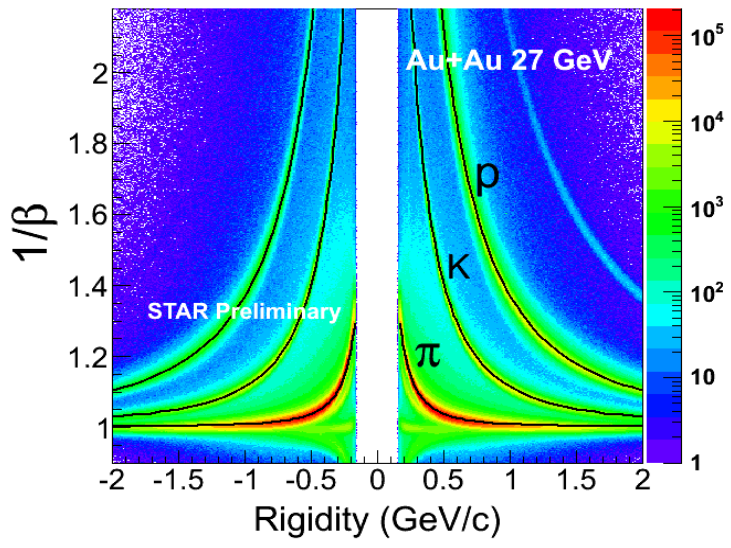


TPC

$$z = \log \left(\frac{(dE/dx)_{meas.}}{(dE/dx)_{theory}} \right)$$

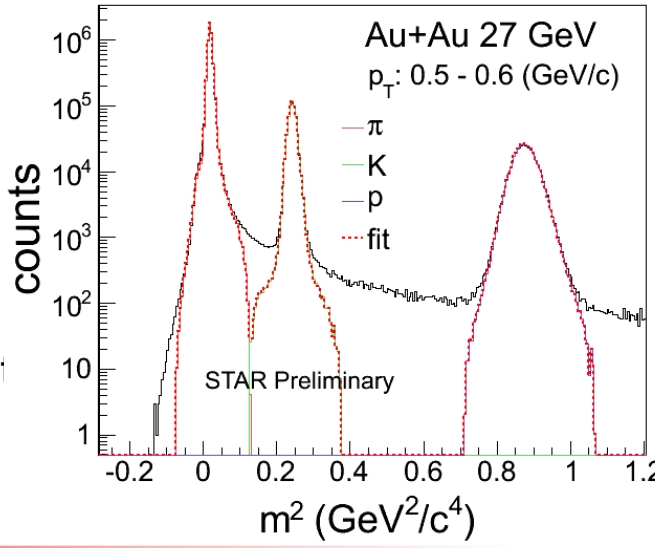


TPC+TOF

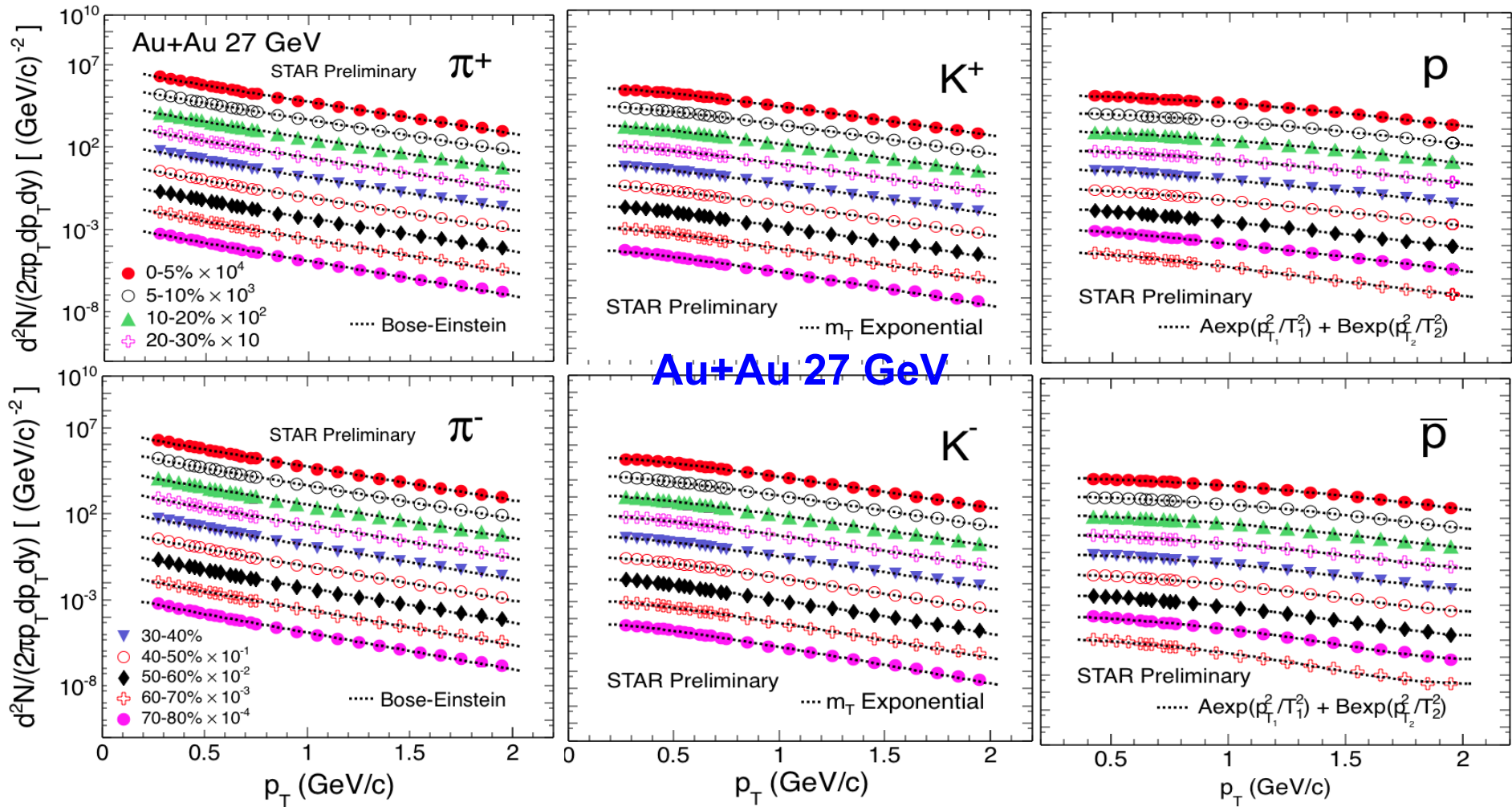


$$m^2 = p^2 \left(\frac{c^2 t^2}{L^2} - 1 \right)$$

p = momentum
 t = time-of-flight
 c = velocity of light
 L = path length

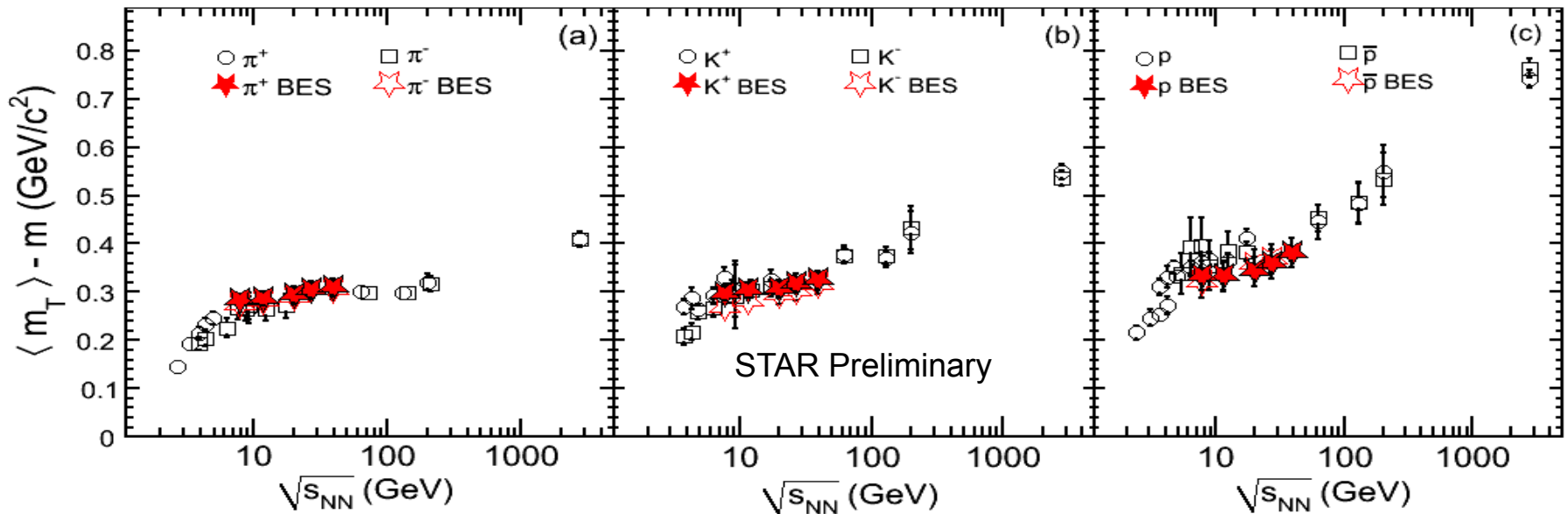


Transverse Momentum Particle Spectra



➤ Characterized through dN/dy , $\langle p_T \rangle$ or $\langle m_T \rangle$

Energy Dependence of $\langle m_T \rangle - m$

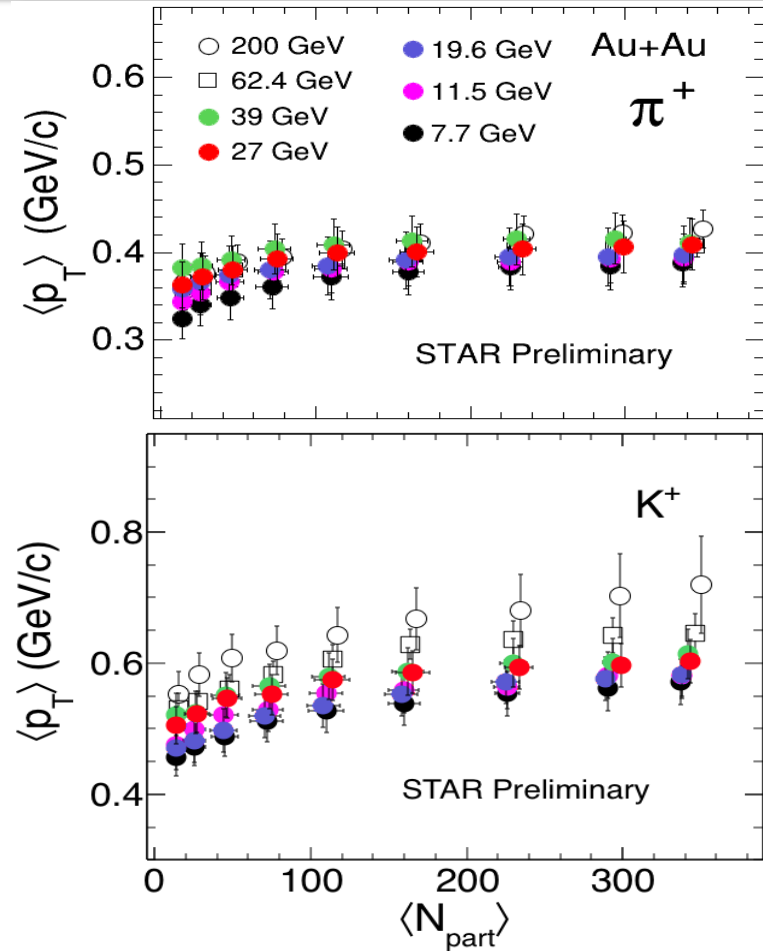
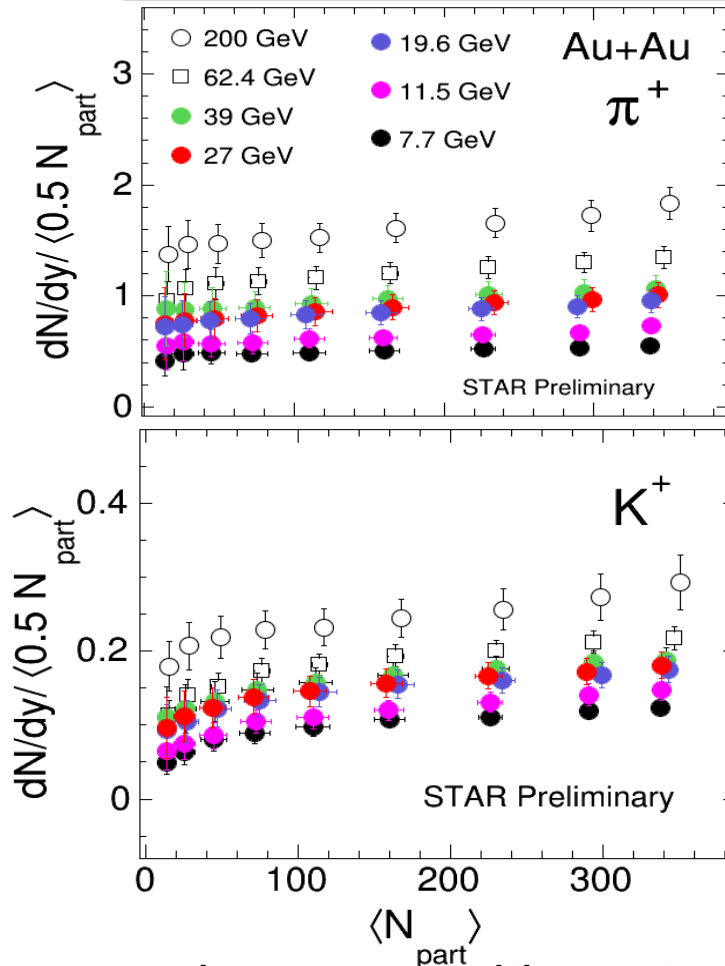


$$m_T = \sqrt{p_T^2 + m^2}$$

NA49 : PRC 66 (2002) 054902, PRC 77 (2008) 024903, PRC 73 (2006) 044910 ;
 STAR : PRC 79 (2009) 034909, PRC 81, 024911 (2010); E802(AGS) : PRC 58 (1998)
 3523, PRC 60 (1999) 044904; E877(AGS) : PRC 62 (2000) 024901 E895(AGS) :
 PRC 68 (2003) 054903; ALICE: PRL109, 252301 (2012), PRC 88, 044910 (2013)

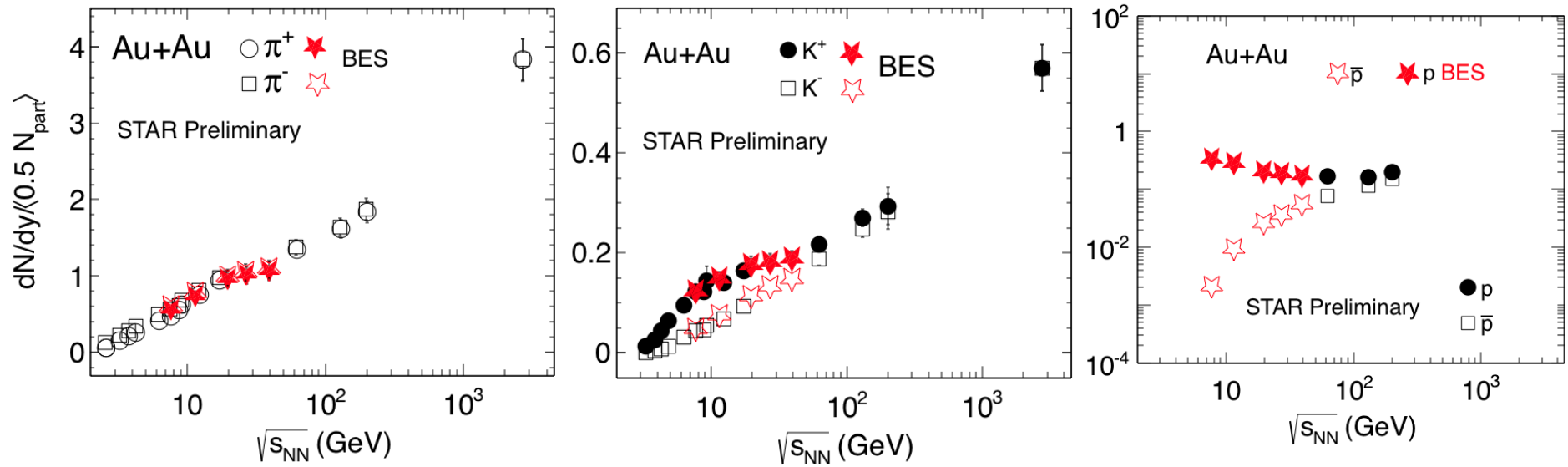
- $\langle m_T \rangle - m$ is related to the temperature of the system and Entropy $\sim dN/dy \propto \log(\sqrt{s_{NN}})$ L. Van Hove, Phys. Lett. B 118, 138 (1982)
- The saturation of $\langle m_T \rangle - m$ around BES energies.

Centrality Dependence of dN/dy and $\langle p_T \rangle$



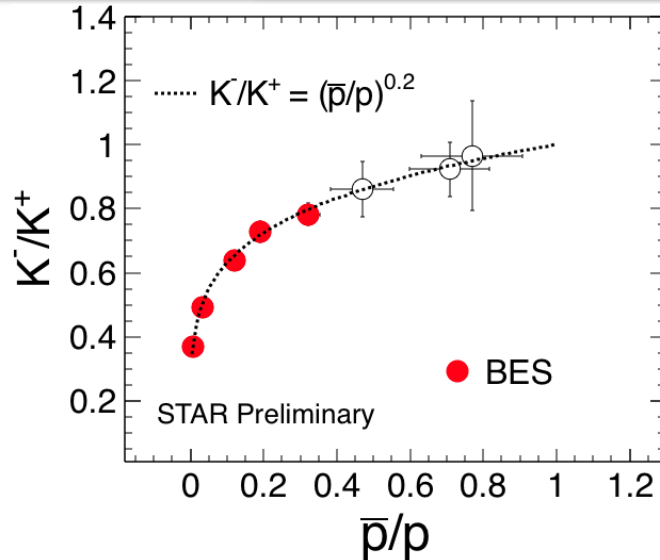
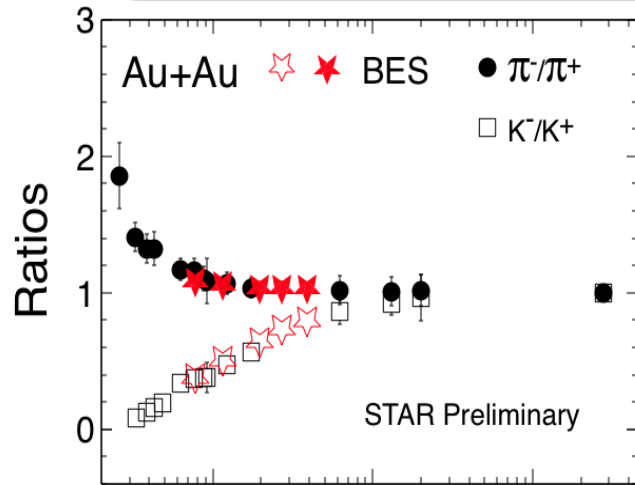
$\langle p_T \rangle$ increases with centrality \rightarrow collectivity increases with centrality

Energy Dependence of Particle Yields

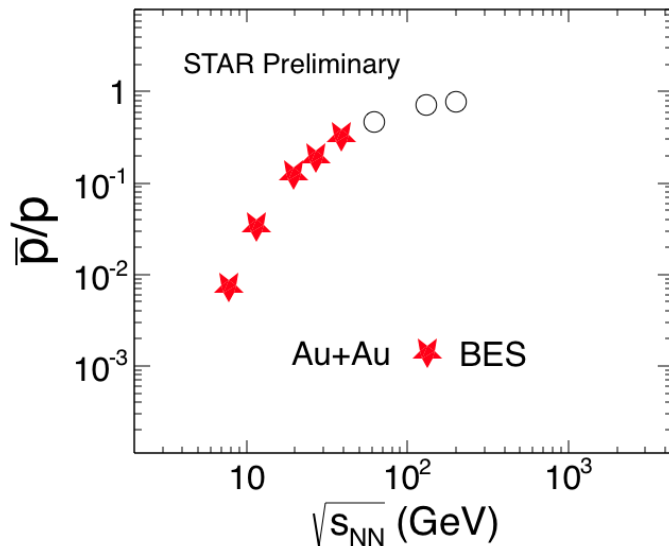


- The energy dependence of yields per participating nucleon pair for π^\pm , K^\pm , p , and \bar{p} in all BES energies follow the general energy dependence trend of dN/dy with other energies.

Energy Dependence of Particle Ratios



BRAHMS: PRL 90, 102301 (2003)
Becattini et al. PRC 64, 024901 (2001)



➤ Particle ratios at BES energies follows a systematic trend with beam energy

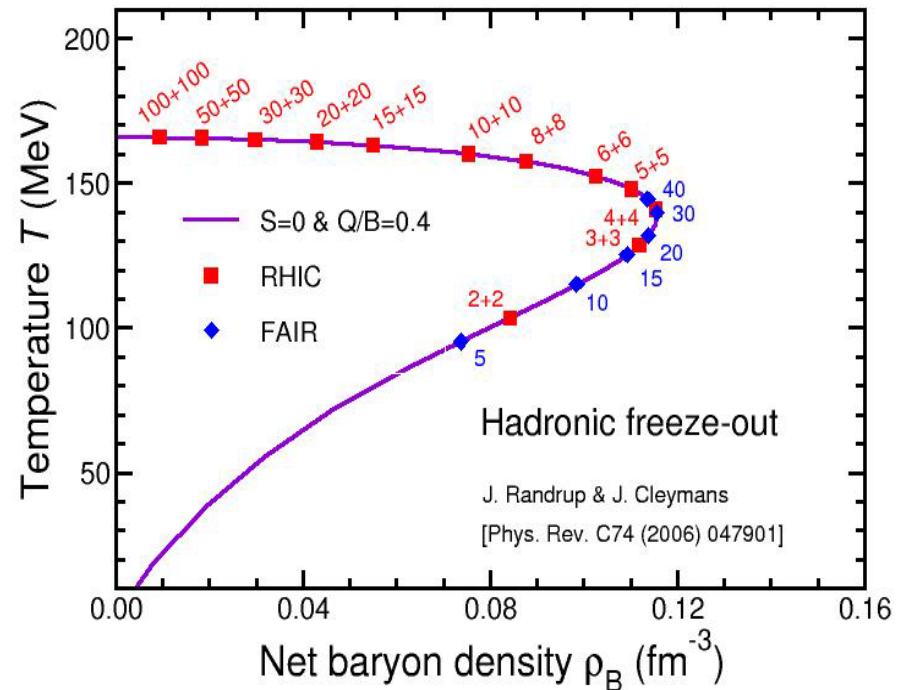
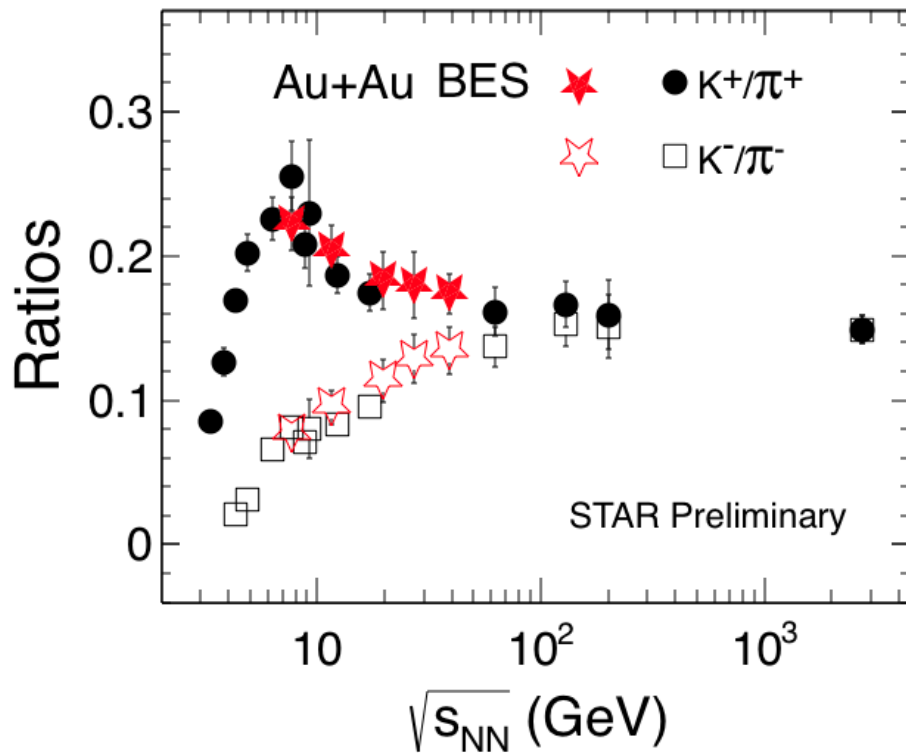
Pion ratio at low energies - resonance decays

Kaon ratio at lower energies - associated production

Proton ratio at low energies - large baryon stopping

➤ Correlation between kaon and baryon ratio follows a power law behavior

Energy Dependence of Particle Ratios



- Maximum net baryon density at freeze-out $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \sim 8$ GeV
- K/π ratio indicates the strangeness enhancement
- K/π ratio at BES energies follow the existing trend



Chemical Freeze-out

Chemical Freeze-out : Inelastic collision ceases
Particle ratios get fixed

★**THERMUS** : Statistical thermal model
Ensemble used – Grand Canonical Ensemble

For Grand Canonical: Quantum numbers (B, S, Q) conserved on average

$$n_i = \frac{T m_i^2 g_i}{2\pi^2} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\pm 1)^{k+1}}{k} \left(e^{\frac{k\mu_i}{T}} \right) K_2 \left(\frac{k m_i}{T} \right)$$

To consider incomplete strangeness equilibration:

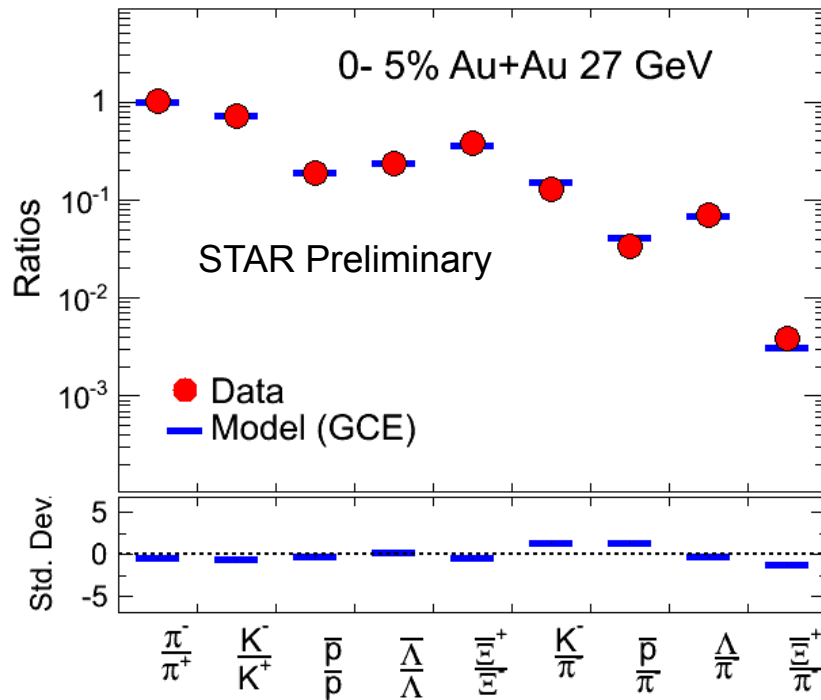
$$n_i \rightarrow n_i \gamma_S^{|S_i|}$$

Extracted thermodynamic quantities: $T_{\text{ch}}, \mu_B, \mu_s$ and γ_S (strangeness saturation factor)

•Thermus, S. Wheaton & Cleymans, Comput. Phys. Commun. 180: 84-106, 2009.



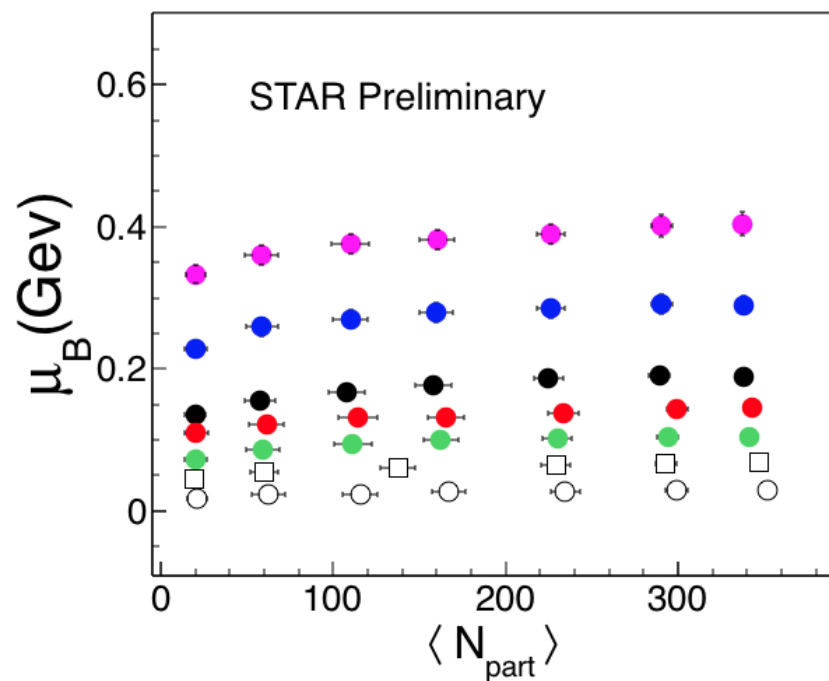
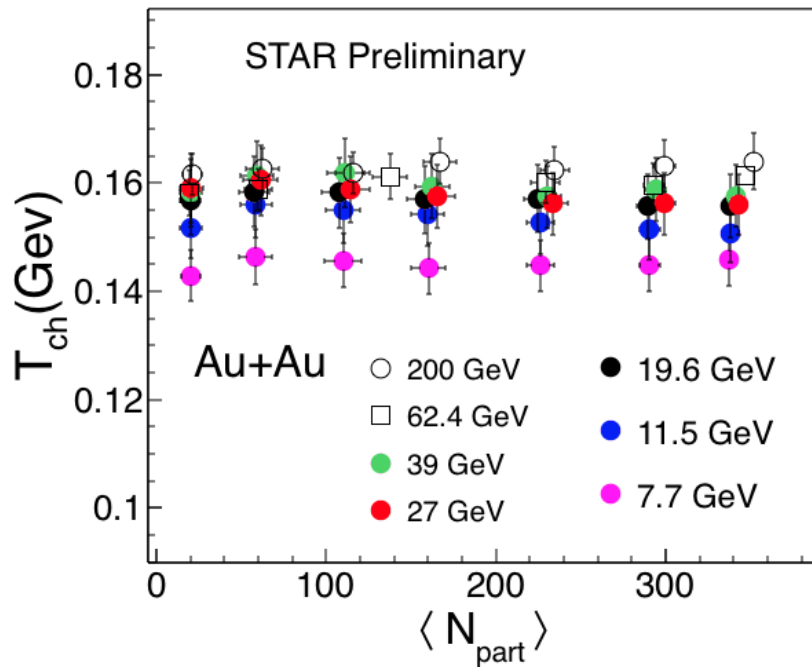
Chemical Freeze-out



- ✓ Particles used : π , K, p, Λ , Ξ
- ✓ Ensemble used: Grand canonical ensemble
- ✓ Fit parameters: T_{ch} , $\mu_{B,,}$, μ_s , R and γ_S



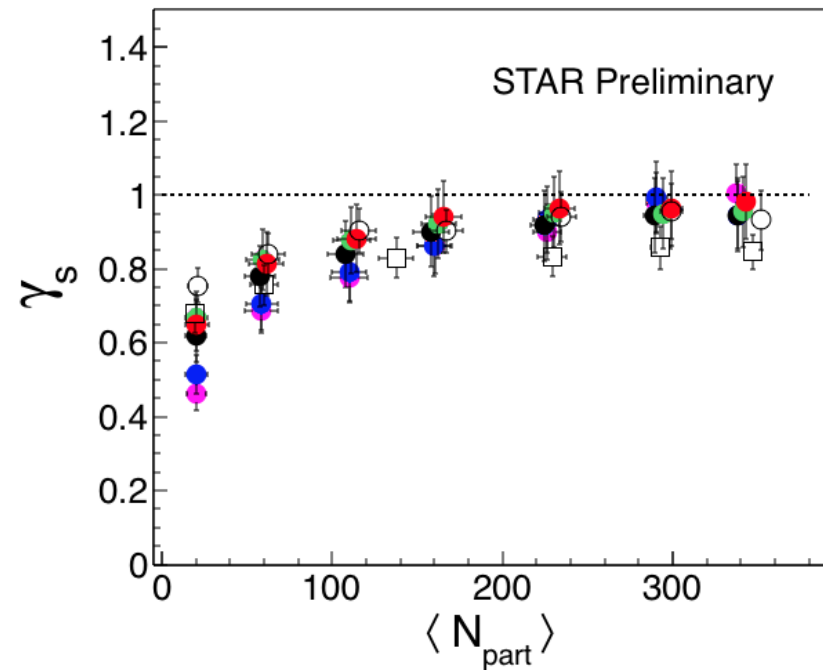
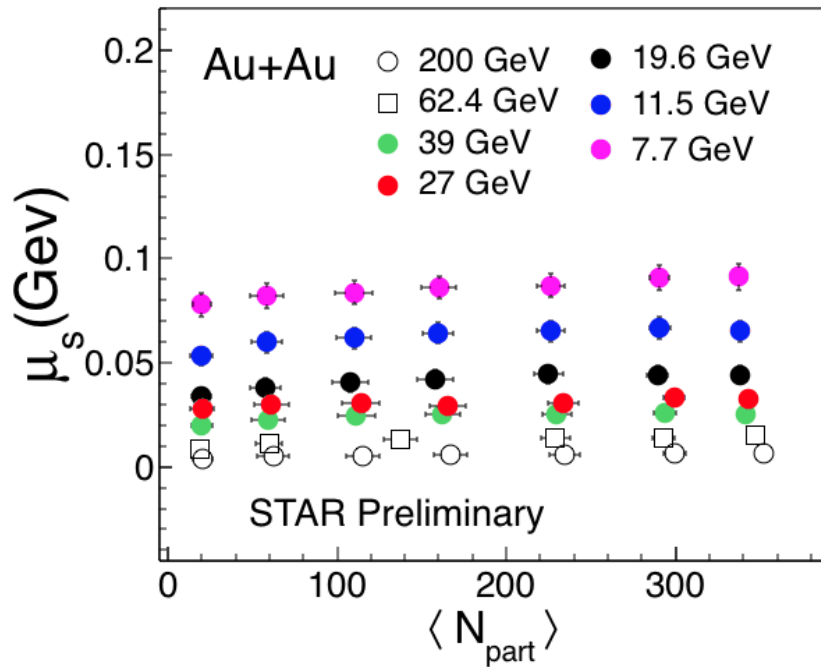
Chemical Freeze-out



- Particles used in the fit: π , K , p , Λ , Ξ
- Freeze-out results shown from : Grand canonical ensemble
- As collision energy increases chemical freeze-out temperature increases
- Baryon chemical potential decreases with increase in collision energy.



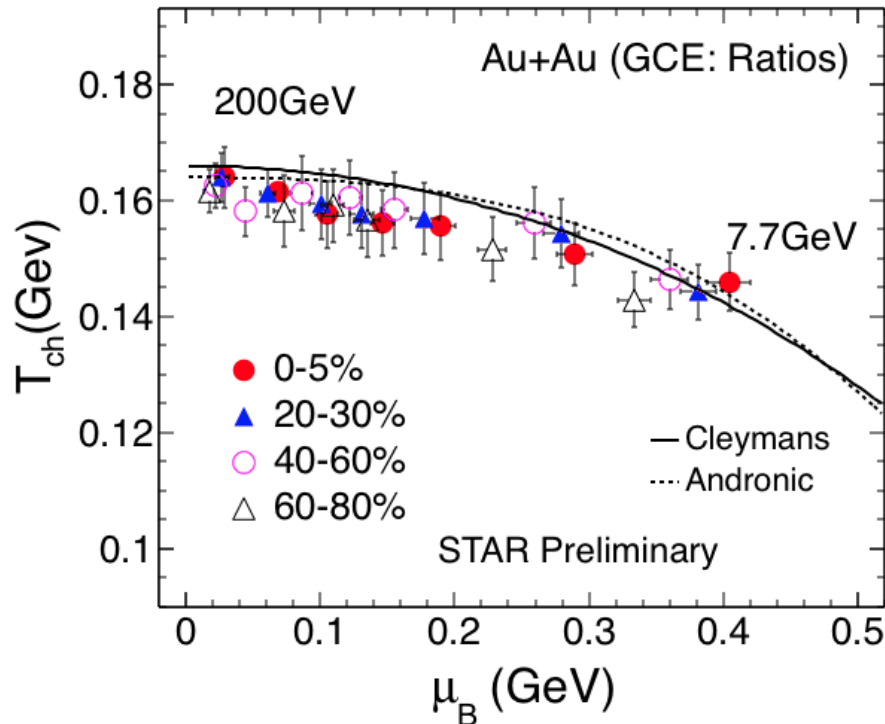
Chemical Freeze-out



- Particles used in the fit : π , K , p , Λ , Ξ
- Freeze-out results shown from : Grand canonical ensemble
- Strangeness chemical potential decreases with increase in collision energy
- Strangeness saturation factor increases from peripheral to central collisions for all energies



Chemical Freeze-out: T_{ch} vs. μ_B



Andronic: NPA 834 (2010) 237
Cleymans: PRC 73 (2006) 034905

✓ Particles used :

π, K, p, Λ, Ξ

✓ Ensemble used:

Grand Canonical Ensemble

✓ Fit parameters:

T_{ch}, μ_B, μ_s and γ_s

(strangeness
saturation factor)

➤ We observe a centrality dependence of baryon chemical potential (μ_B) at lower energies.



Kinetic Freeze-out

Kinetic Freeze-out : Elastic collision ceases
Transverse momentum spectra get fixed

Blast Wave : Hydrodynamic inspired model

$$\frac{dN}{p_T dp_T} \propto \int_0^R r dr m_T I_0 \left(\frac{p_T \sinh \rho(r)}{T_{kin}} \right) \times K_1 \left(\frac{m_T \cosh \rho(r)}{T_{kin}} \right)$$

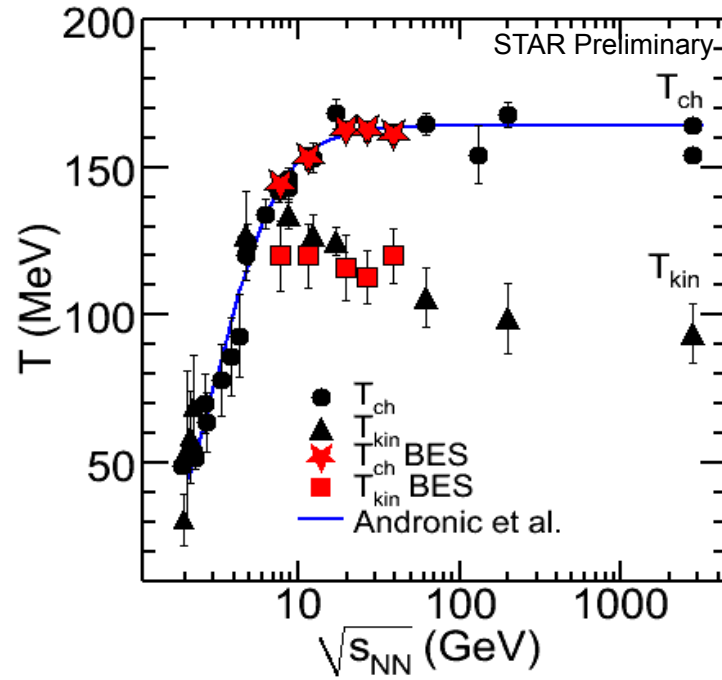
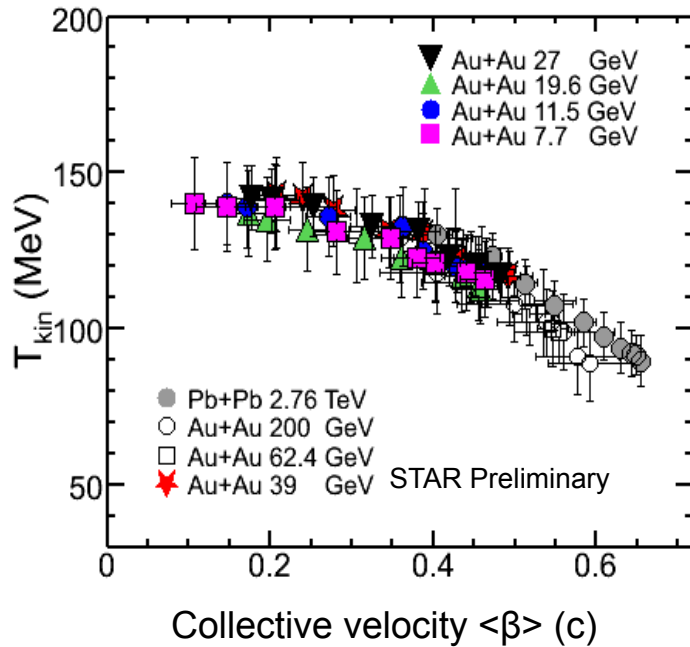
E. Schnedermann et al., Phys. Rev. C 48, 2462 (1993)

Particle spectra are fitted simultaneously

Extracted thermodynamic quantities: T_{kin} and $\langle \beta \rangle$



Kinetic Freeze-out



Kinetic Freeze-out:

- Lower value of T_{kin} corresponds to larger collectivity $\langle\beta\rangle$
- Stronger collectivity at higher energy



Summary

- ✓ Successful completion of RHIC Beam Energy Scan Program-I :
7.7, 11.5, 19.6, 27, 39 GeV.
 - ✓ Transverse momentum spectra, centrality and energy dependence of particle yields and ratios are presented.
 - ✓ Saturation of $\langle m_T \rangle - m$ around lower BES energies.
 - ✓ Particle ratios are used to extract T_{ch} and μ_B :
Study the QCD phase diagram.
 - ✓ New measurements at BES energies at RHIC :
Extend μ_B range from 20 - 400 MeV of the QCD phase diagram.
 - ✓ Chemical Freeze-out:
Observation of centrality dependence of baryon chemical potential (μ_B) at lower energies.
-

***WAITING FOR RHIC BES II RESULTS
IN SEARCH OF CRITICAL POINT !!!***

Thank you