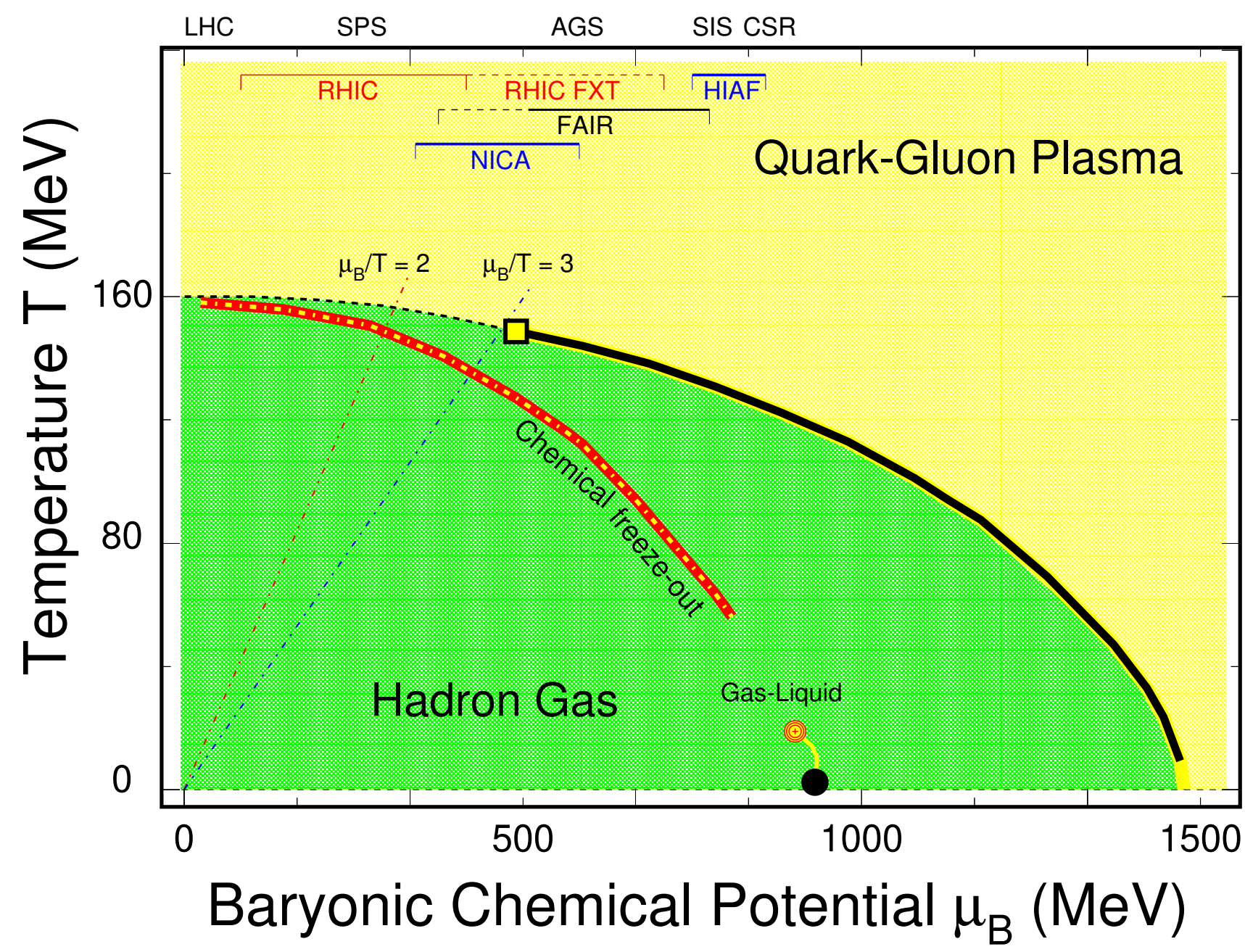


Introduction



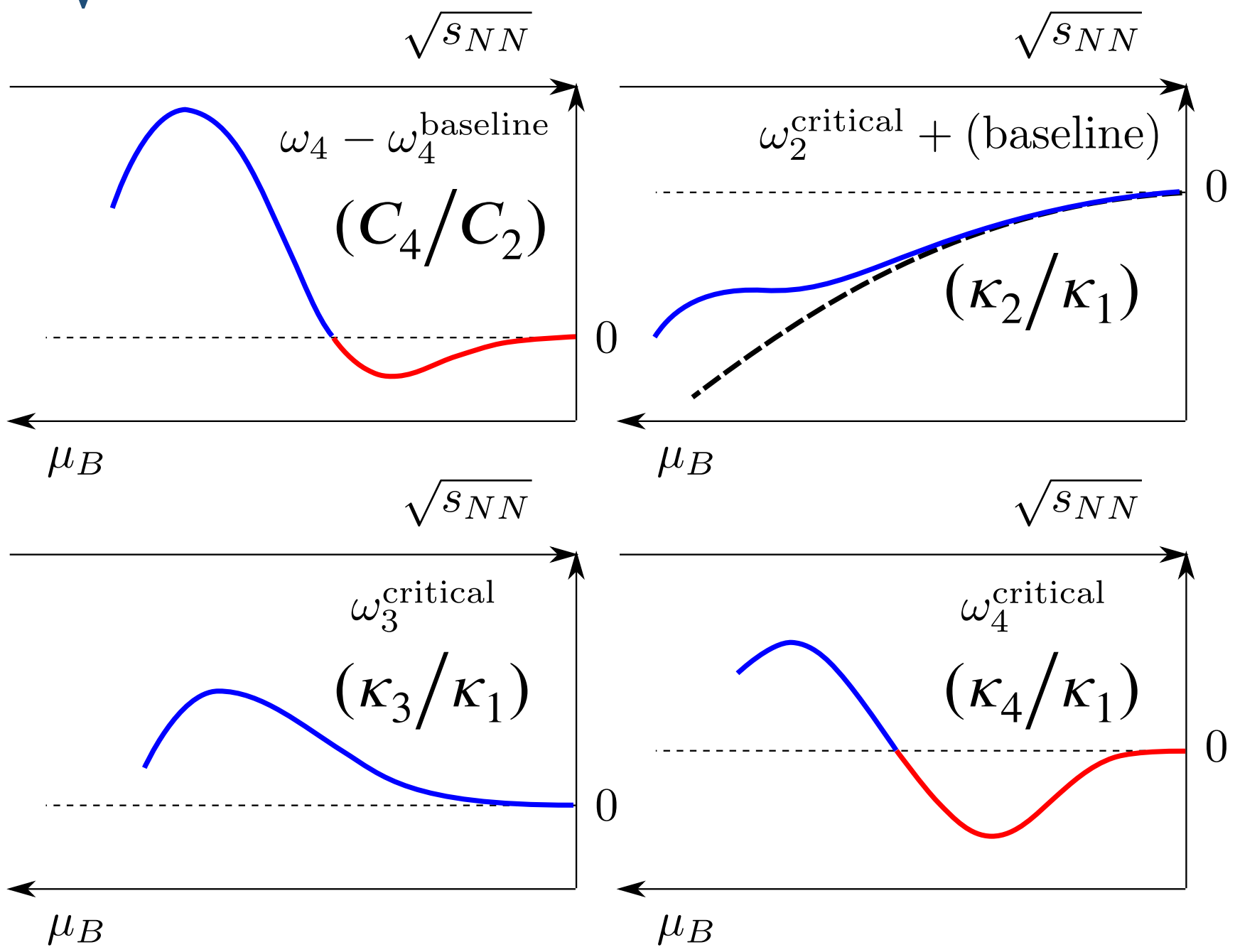
1. QCD phase diagram [1]

- Predicted CP terminates 1st-order boundary towards crossover

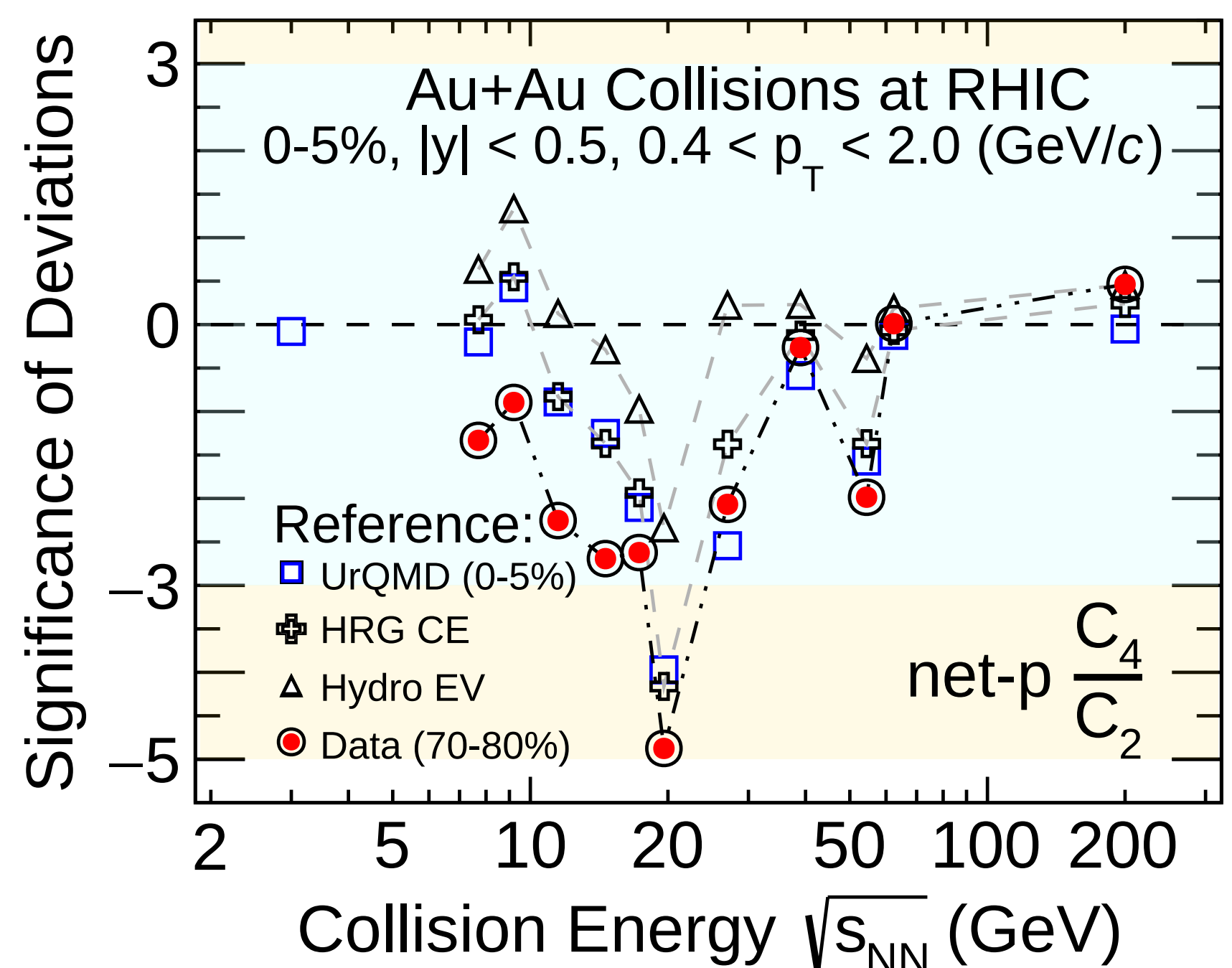
2. Observables

- Higher-order conserved-charge fluctuations sensitive to CP [2,3]
- N : E-by-E net-proton number (proxy for net-baryon number B)
- Cumulants: ($\mu_n = \langle (N - \langle N \rangle)^n \rangle$)
 - $C_1 = \mu = \langle N \rangle$
 - $C_2 = \sigma^2 = \mu_2$
 - $C_3 = S\sigma^3 = \mu_3$
 - $C_4 = \kappa\sigma^4 = \mu_4 - 3\mu_2^2$
- Factorial cumulants:
 - $\kappa_1 = C_1$
 - $\kappa_2 = C_2 - C_1$
 - $\kappa_3 = C_3 - 3C_2 + 2C_1$
 - $\kappa_4 = C_4 - 6C_3 + 11C_2 - 6C_1$
- Taking C_n or κ_n ratios to cancel trivial volume dependence

3. Expectation [4,5]: non-monotonic $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ dependence around CP



Deviations w.r.t Non-CP Refs.

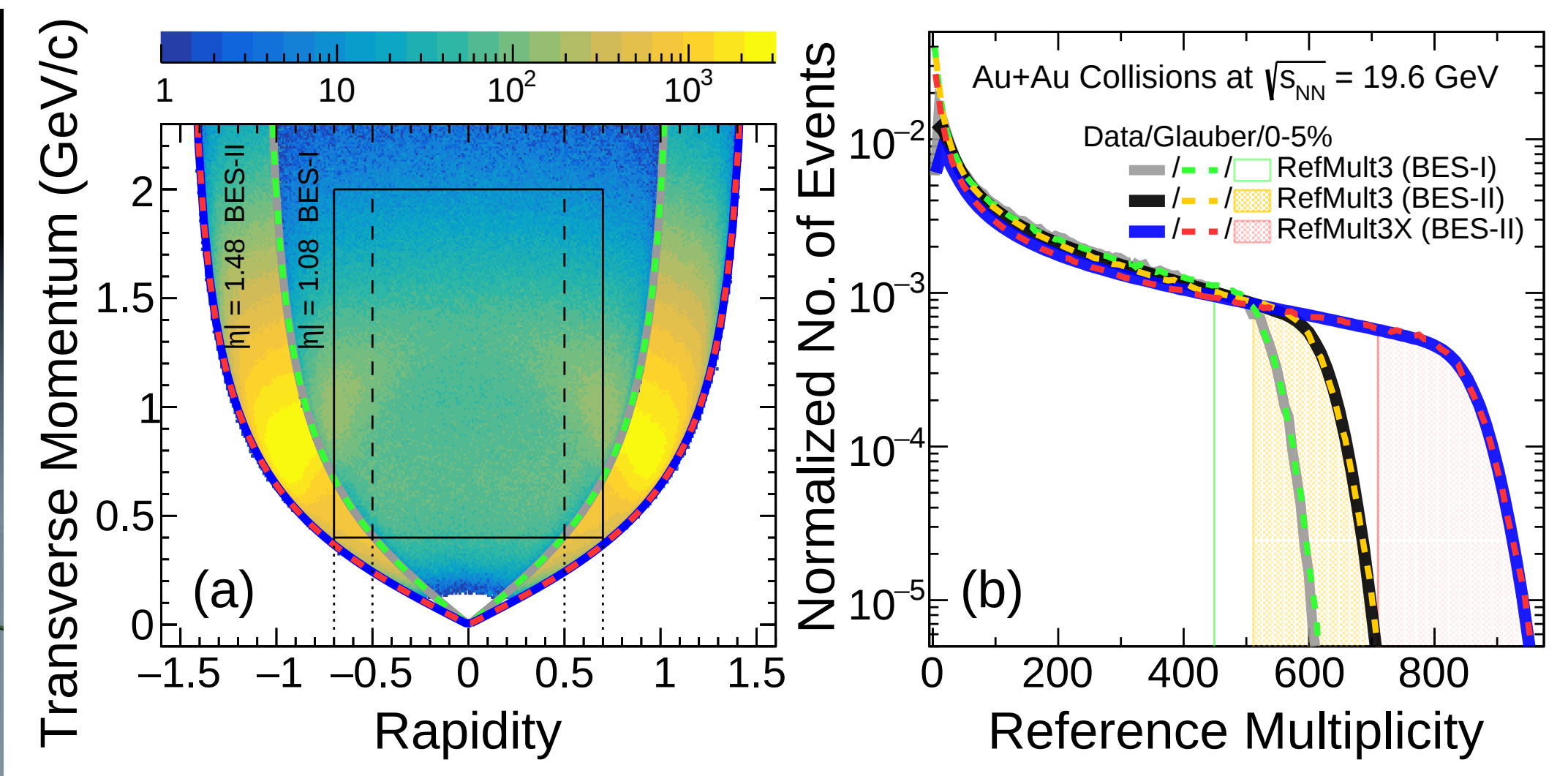
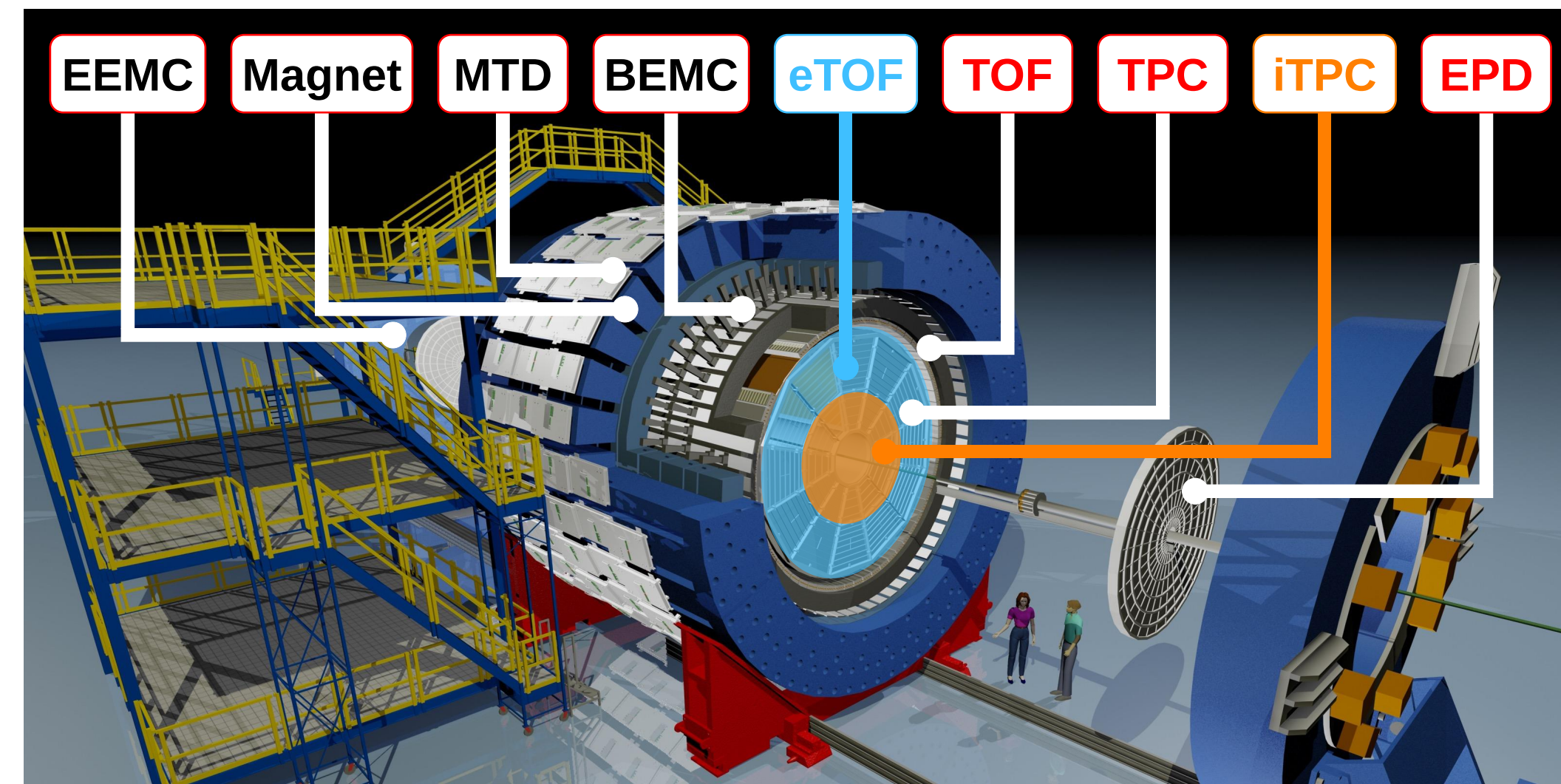


significance = (data - reference)/ σ_{total}

Abstract

The RHIC Beam Energy Scan (BES-I 2010–2017 & BES-II 2018–2021), to map the phase diagram of strongly interacting matter, covers a wide range of collision energy $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 3\text{--}200$ GeV, corresponding to baryonic chemical potential $\mu_B = 750\text{--}25$ MeV. This poster, based on [arXiv:2504.00817](https://arxiv.org/abs/2504.00817), focuses on the precision measurement of higher-order fluctuations of (net-)proton numbers from BES-II within $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7.7\text{--}27$ GeV, serving as effective probes for the QCD phase structure including the potential critical point (CP).

Detectors and Improvements



1. Inner TPC upgrade (2019+)

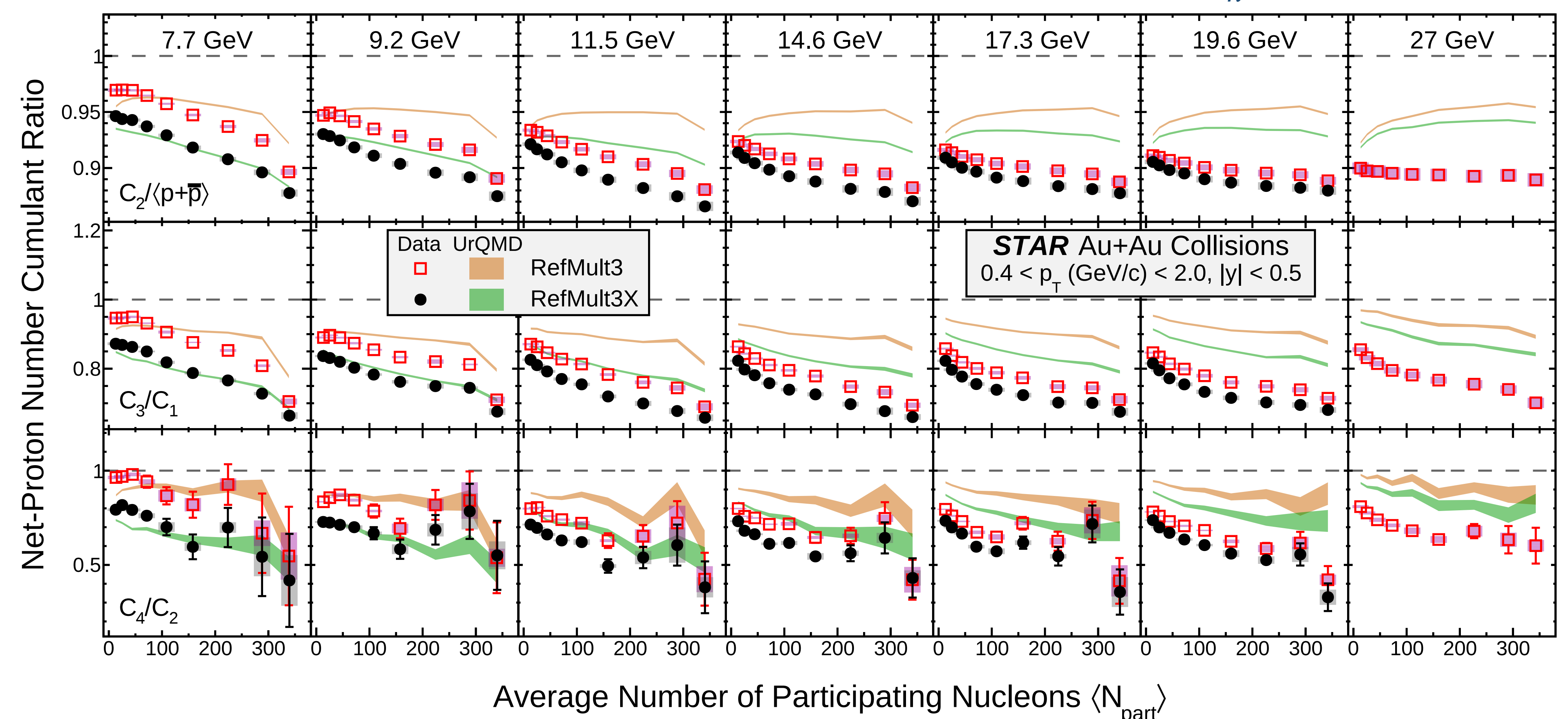
- Larger acceptance and lower p_T
- Better dE/dx resolution

2. BES-II 7.7–27 GeV. Compared to BES-I:

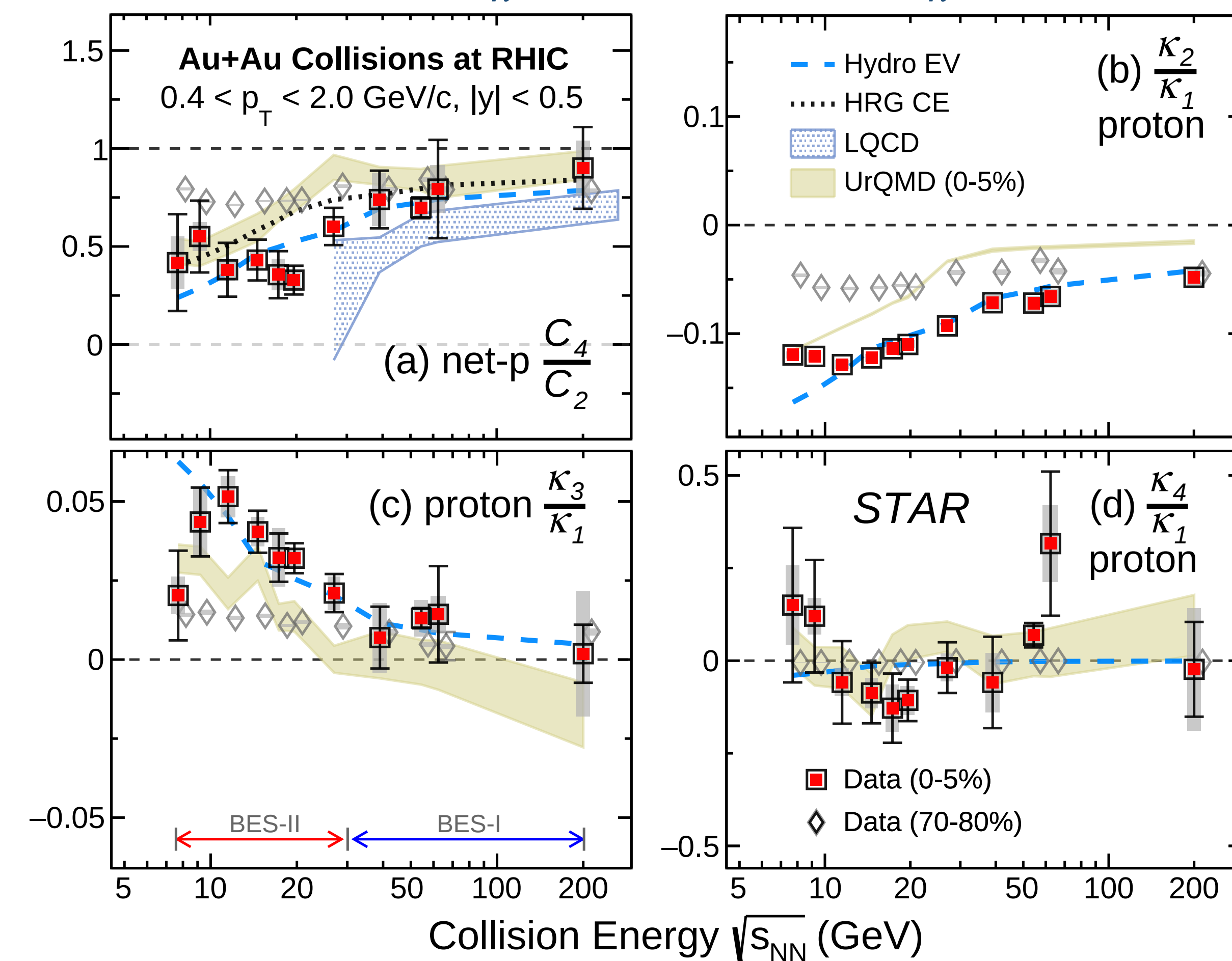
- New energies: 9.2 and 17.3 GeV
- Larger statistics: $\times 7\text{--}18$

3. Centrality: charged-particle (excl. (anti)protons) multiplicity within $|\eta| < 1.6$ (1.0 in BES-I) $\Rightarrow$ Better statistics, better systematics, better centrality resolution

Centrality Dependence of Net-proton Number C_n Ratios



Net-proton C_n and Proton κ_n Ratios



1. High precision in both 0–5% and 70–80%

2. Peripheral data closer to Poisson than central

- C_4/C_2 below unity; negative κ_2 , positive κ_3

Summary

1. Precision measurement in BES-II for (net-)proton number κ_n (C_n)
2. Comparison to Lattice QCD [6] and non-CP models:
 - (1) HRG CE [7]
 - (2) Hydro EV [8]
 - (3) UrQMD (0–5%) [9]
3. Max. 2–5 σ deviation of central C_4/C_2 at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \sim 20$ GeV from non-CP references (models and 70–80% data)

References

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- [8] V. Vovchenko et al., PRC 105, 014904 (2022)
- [9] S.A. Bass et al., PPNP 41, 255-369 (1998)

