An overview of recent STAR jet measurements and futurity

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Jets in vacuum

Jet measurement in p+p collisions

Vacuum timelike parton shower



In experiment:

anti- $k_{\rm T}$ sequential recombination algorithm

$$d_{ij} = \min (p_{T,i}^{-2}, p_{T,j}^{-2}) \frac{\Delta R_{ij}^2}{R^2}$$

and, $d_{iB} = p_{T,i}^{-2}$

$$\Delta R_{ij}^2 = (y_i - y_j)^2 + (\phi_i - \phi_j)^2$$



- pQCD and non-pQCD effects at RHIC
- To constrain parameters in parton shower models
- Vacuum-baseline for heavy-ion collisions (finite-temperature QCD medium)



Salam[,] EPJC (2010) 67: 637-686

Jet substructure measurement in p+p collisions

SoftDrop jet grooming:

IRC/Sudakov-safe

Lakoski, Marzani, and Thaler; PRD 91, 111501(R) (2015)

Declustering jet branching history by removing soft branch until it satisfies this condition:

$$z_{\rm g} = \frac{\min (p_{\rm T,1}, p_{\rm T,2})}{p_{\rm T,1} + p_{\rm T,2}} > z_{\rm cut} (R_{\rm g}/R_{\rm jet})^{\beta}$$

 $\beta = 0;$

 $z_{\text{cut}} = 0.1 \rightarrow \text{no angular dependence; soft branch at least}$ 10% of total momentum of the pair

Kinematics of each branching:

- Groomed jet radius, R_g
- Groomed momentum sharing, Z_g



Courtesy: Raghav Kunnawalkam Elayavalli



Vacuum splitting in p+p collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 200 \text{ GeV}$

Groomed jet substructure observables



- *z*_g follows DGLAP splitting kernel
- Unlike z_g , R_g shows a dependence on $p_{T,jet}$ above 25 GeV/c
- At higher $p_{T,jet} \rightarrow$ narrower substructure with asymmetric splitting in a jet
- STAR-tuned PYTHIA-6 Perugia 2012 describes the jet substructure observables at RHIC

Monika Robotková's talk: Today, 17.30



Nihar Sahoo, ICNFP-2021

STAR: PLB 811 (2020) 135846

Jet mass in vacuum

p+p collisions $\sqrt{s} = 200 \text{ GeV}$



- Ungroomed Jet mass: $M = |\sum_{i \in jet} p_i|$
- Groomed jet mass: $M_g = |\sum_{i \in jet} p_g|$

 $p_{\rm g} \rightarrow$ momentum of the constituent in a groomed jet

- Mean and width increase:
 - With jet $R \rightarrow$ inclusion of wide-angle radiation
 - With jet $p_T \rightarrow$ increasing radiation phase-space

• $M_{\rm g}$ is smaller than M

Reduction of soft radiations

• STAR tuned PYTHIA-6 Perugia 2012 well-describes the measurements



Jets in heavy-ion collisions at RHIC: Jet quenching



Jet quenching and its consequences



Simultaneous effect of vacuum shower and medium-induced gluon radiation

Consequences:

- Parton energy loss (high- p_T hadron/ jet suppression)
- Large angle radiation (jet radius dependence)
- Modification of parton shower (jet shape and substructure)
- Jet deflection (azimuthal decorrelations)



Jet program at STAR



Recent heavy-ion jet measurements:

(This talk mainly focuses on)

- Inclusive jet
- Semi-inclusive γ +jet and hadron+jet



Experimental techniques to measure jets in heavy-ion collisions



AuAu collisions at 200 GeV STAF

 $p + p \rightarrow \text{jet} + \text{jet}$



 $\mathrm{Au} + \mathrm{Au} \to \mathrm{X}$

In heavy-ion collisions: large uncorrelated soft background • Different techniques used to mitigate and correct

Semi-inclusive jet measurement



Using minimum leading constituent $p_{\rm T}$ cut-off

(1/N_{evts}) d²N/2 π d $p_{T,jet}^{ch}$ d η_{jet} [(GeV/c)⁻¹] < 1 10 10 10⁻⁴ 10 10--30 -20 -10

10

10

Unfolding procedure to correct jet $p_{\rm T}$ spectra By factorizing heavy-ion background and detector effects

Inclusive charged-jet suppression at RHIC

$$R_{AA}^{Pythia}(p_{T,jet}) = \frac{1}{\langle T_{AA} \rangle} \frac{Y(p_{T,jet})^{AA}}{Y(p_{T,jet})^{pp-Pythia}}$$

 $< T_{AA} > \rightarrow$ Nuclear thickness factor

STAR: PRC 102, 054913 (2020)



- Strong suppression of inclusive charged-jet yield in central collisions
- R_{AA} shows no jet R dependence
- Different theory predictions consistent with the data (within uncertainties)

Full jet R_{AA} measurement afoot in STAR...



Inclusive charged-jet suppression (RHIC vs. LHC)



- Strong suppression of inclusive charged-jet yield in central with respect to peripheral collisions
- $R_{\rm CP}$ shows no jet *R* dependence
- Similar level of suppression between inclusive charged hadron and jet yield (within the same p_T interval)
- Same level of suppression at RHIC and the LHC (although different p_T interval)

Full jet R_{CP} measurement will access higher jet p_T at RHIC.



Semi-inclusive γ +jet measurement



- $p_{\rm T}$ -dependence of suppression is different between theory predictions and data
- A hint of jet *R* dependence of suppression Expect improvement in precision with data-taking in Run23-25

Jet-fluid: jet shower + medium response[Chang, et al., PRC 94 (2016), 024902]LBT: coupled LBT+hydro[Chen, et al., PLB 777 (2018) 707]Vitev: Soft Collinear Effective Theory[Sievert, et al., PLB 795 (2019) 502]



Intra-jet broadening in heavy-ion collisions

Yield ratio for *R*=0.2 to 0.5 and comparison between A+A and p+p



Need to resolve discrepancies between two PYTHIA versions

No hints of intra-jet broadening in central heavy-ion collisions at RHIC and the LHC

LHC/ALICE measurement Pb+Pb 2.76 TeV



R=0.2/R=0.4

Parton energy loss: RHIC vs LHC jet measurements

Let us investigate recent measurements of jet yield suppression at RHIC and LHC.





Charged jet p_T -spectrum shift : RHIC vs. LHC

Characterization of average out-of-cone parton energy loss



Another way to quantify jet-quenching:

Jet $p_{\rm T}$ shift ($\Delta p_{\rm T,jet}^{\rm ch}$)

Initial parton energy loss can also be characterized by jet $p_{\rm T}$ shift.



Note:

- $p_{T,jet}$ ranges at RHIC and the LHC are different in the plot
- Only charged-jets are compared here

Indication of smaller in-medium energy loss at RHIC than the LHC



Ongoing jet measurements in STAR

• Hot-dense QCD medium in Au+Au collisions:

- Full jet reconstruction
- Jet fragmentation function
- Jet shape
- Heavy-flavor jet
- Large angle deflection
- QCD medium effect in small systems
 - In Ru+Ru, Zr+Zr, and O+O collisions
- Cold QCD medium effect in p+Au
- Vacuum QCD in p+p collisions:
 - Jet substructure
 - Semi-inclusive h+jet and γ +jet
 - h+jet and γ +jet azimuthal decorrelation

Inner workings of QGP





Y. Mehtar-Tani: NPA 956 (2016) 168-175



Upcoming STAR data taking and jet measurements



STAR 2023-2025 run plan and physics program

Run plan



It includes Hot-QCD and Cold-QCD STAR programs.

• Hot-QCD program: Study the microstructure of the QGP Precision jet and heavy-flavor measurements

Kinematic coverage





Future projection for Run23+25 HI and Run24 p+p







To study medium property (\hat{q}) and quasi-particle in liquid QGP



Summary and outlook

STAR experiment recent measurements:

- p+p jet substructure observables to study vacuum shower and baseline for heavy-ion measurements
 - STAR tuned PYTHIA-6 Perugia 2012 well-describes the data
 - Help to constrain other Monte Carlo models at RHIC energies
- Jet quenching in heavy-ion collisions
 - Strong suppression of inclusive jet and semi-inclusive γ +jet and h+jet
 - A hint of *R* dependence of suppression in case of γ+jet and h+jet (PYTHIA-8 reference) measurements, but not in inclusive jet (PYTHIA-6 reference)

Upcoming year 2023-2025 data taking

- To study inner working of QGP with precision and large kinematic coverage
- p+p data: baseline for heavy-ion jet measurement

