## Overview of $\Upsilon$ production studies performed with the STAR experiment

## Leszek Kosarzewski for the STAR Collaboration

## Abstract

The  $\Upsilon$  states are a clean probe of the properties of quark-gluon plasma, which can be created in heavy-ion collisions. Each of the  $\Upsilon$  states dissociates at a different temperature in the plasma due to Debye-like screening of color charges. In order to understand the Cold Nuclear Matter effects, the  $\Upsilon$  production has to be studied in small colliding systems such as p+Au and d+Au collisions. Measurements of  $\Upsilon$  production cross section in p+p collisions allow to study the production mechanism while the dependence on charged particle multiplicity provides information on the interplay of hard vs. soft QCD processes.

In this talk, we will present an overview of the measurements on the production of  $\Upsilon$  states done by the STAR experiment. The rapidity spectra in p+p collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=200\,\mathrm{GeV}$  and  $\sqrt{s}=500\,\mathrm{GeV}$ , and  $p_T$  spectra of different states at  $\sqrt{s}=500\,\mathrm{GeV}$  will be presented. Nuclear modification factors measured in p+Au, d+Au, Au+Au collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=200\,\mathrm{GeV}$  will also be shown.