# Measurements of jet yield and acoplanarity using semi-inclusive <br> $\gamma_{\text {dir }}+\mathbf{j e t}$ and $\pi^{0}+\mathbf{j e t}$ distributions in $p+p$ and central $\mathbf{A u}+\mathbf{A u}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s_{N N}}=200 \mathrm{GeV}$ by STAR <br> Derek Anderson, for the STAR Collaboration <br> - v4.0 - 

We report high-statistics measurements of semi-inclusive distributions of charged jets recoiling from high- $E_{\mathrm{T}}$ direct photon $\left(\gamma_{\text {dir }}\right)$ and $\pi^{0}$ triggers in $p+p$ and central $\mathrm{Au}+\mathrm{Au}$ collisions at $\sqrt{s_{N N}}=200 \mathrm{GeV}$. In a semi-inclusive approach, event bias is induced solely by the choice of trigger; separately utilizing $\gamma_{\text {dir }}$ and $\pi^{0}$ triggers therefore provides direct comparison of effects due to jet quenching - the suppression of energetic partons due to the energy loss in the Quark-Gluon Plasma (QGP) - for jet populations with different quark/gluon fractions and different in-medium path length distributions. Jets are reconstructed from charged particles using the anti- $\mathrm{k}_{\mathrm{T}}$ algorithm with jet resolution parameters $R_{\text {jet }}=0.2$ and 0.5 . The large uncorrelated background in central $\mathrm{Au}+\mathrm{Au}$ collisions is removed statistically using a mixed event technique. This enables a jet measurement with well-controlled systematic uncertainties extending to low jet transverse momentum ( $p_{\mathrm{T}}$ ) and large $R_{\text {jet }}$, which are of particular importance in searching for large-angle jet scattering. We report recoil jet yield and trigger-jet acoplanarity distributions for jets with $p_{\mathrm{T}}>5 \mathrm{GeV} / c$. The comparison of recoil yields in $\mathrm{Au}+\mathrm{Au}$ and $p+p$ collisions at fixed $R_{\text {jet }}$ probes energy loss in heavy-ion collisions, while the comparison of recoil yields for different $R_{\text {jet }}$ in $\mathrm{Au}+\mathrm{Au}$ and $p+p$ collisions probes intra-jet broadening due to jet quenching. The modification of trigger-jet acoplanarity distributions in central $\mathrm{Au}+\mathrm{Au}$ collisions relative to $p+p$ collisions is sensitive to QGP transport parameters, and can be used to search for evidence of large-angle scattering of jets off of quasi-particles in the QGP. The measured recoil yields and acoplanarity distributions are compared to theoretical calculations.

