



3rd International Conference
on New Frontiers in Physics
Κολυμπάρι Χανιά, Greece

Open Heavy Flavor Measurements at STAR

David Tlusty

NPI ASCR, CTU Prague

for the STAR collaboration



★ Topics to Research

- ★ properties of the strongly-coupled system produced at RHIC
- ★ weak or strong interactions of heavy quarks with QCD matter
- ★ detailed mechanism of heavy quark energy loss

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★ Heavy Quarks c, b

- ★ produced in initial hard processes
- ★ probe the strongly interacting Quark-Gluon Plasma
- ★ modified spectrum: access to energy loss
- ★ flow: sensitive to dynamics, thermalization

sQGP signatures and properties using

★ open charm mesons

→ p+p 200 and 500 GeV

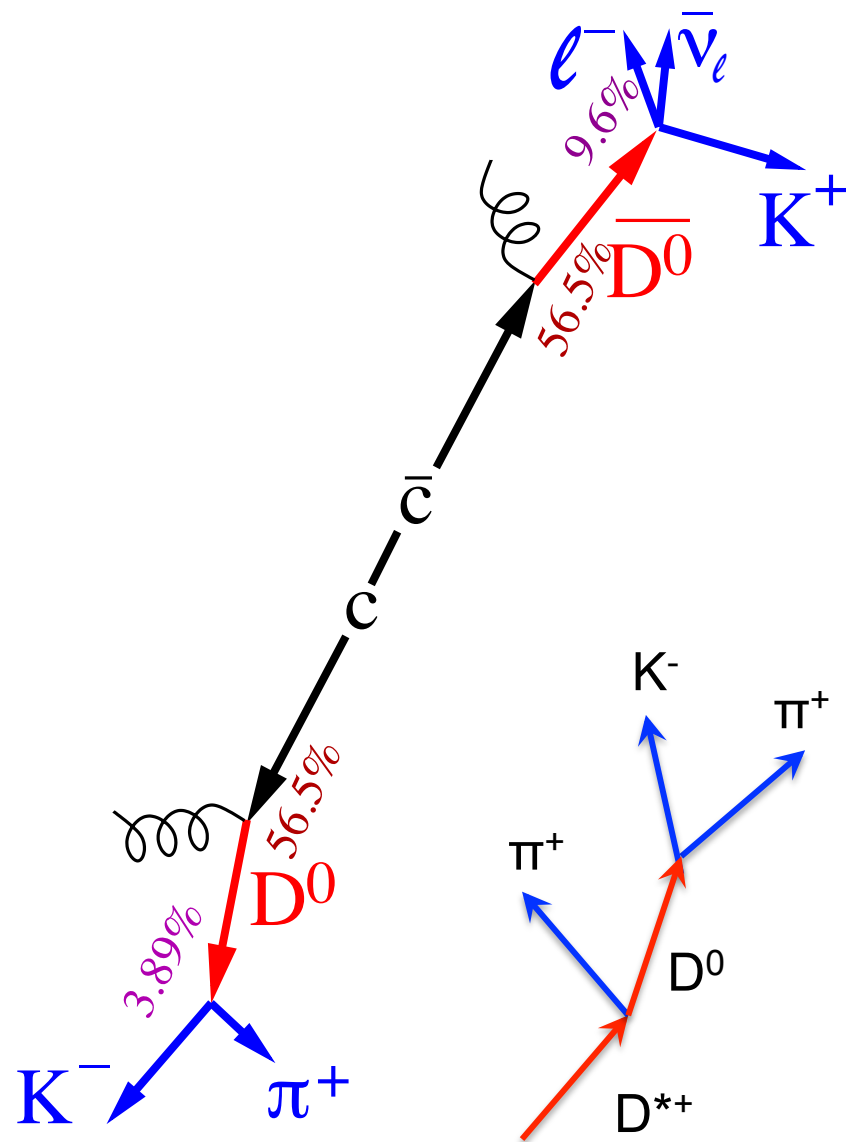
→ Au+Au 200 GeV

→ U+U 193 GeV

★ non-photonic electrons (NPE)

→ Au+Au 39, 62.4 and 200 GeV

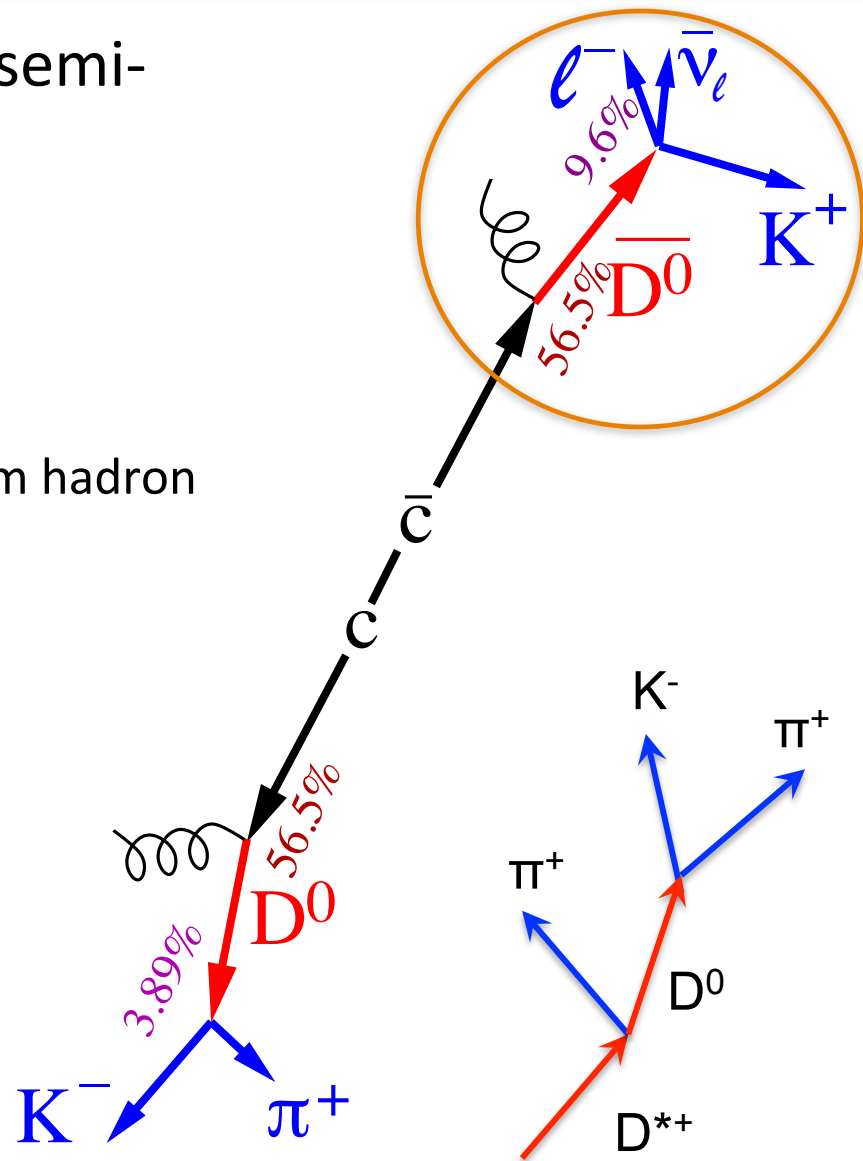
How to Measure Charm Quarks



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★ Indirect measurements through semi-leptonic decay (NPE)

- ☺ can be triggered easily (high p_T)
- ☺ higher Branching Ratio
- ☹ can't reconstruct invariant mass
- ☹ contribution from both charm and bottom hadron decays



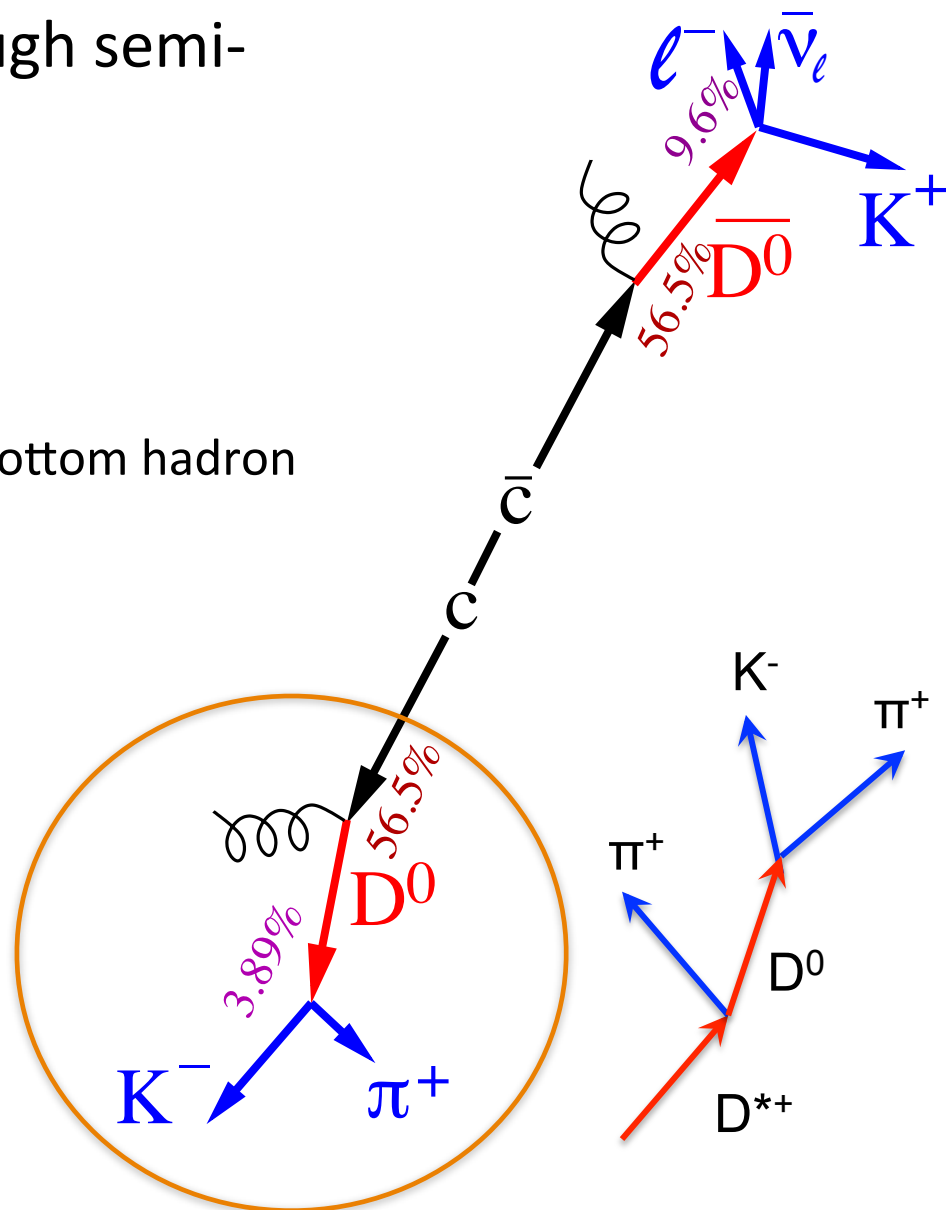
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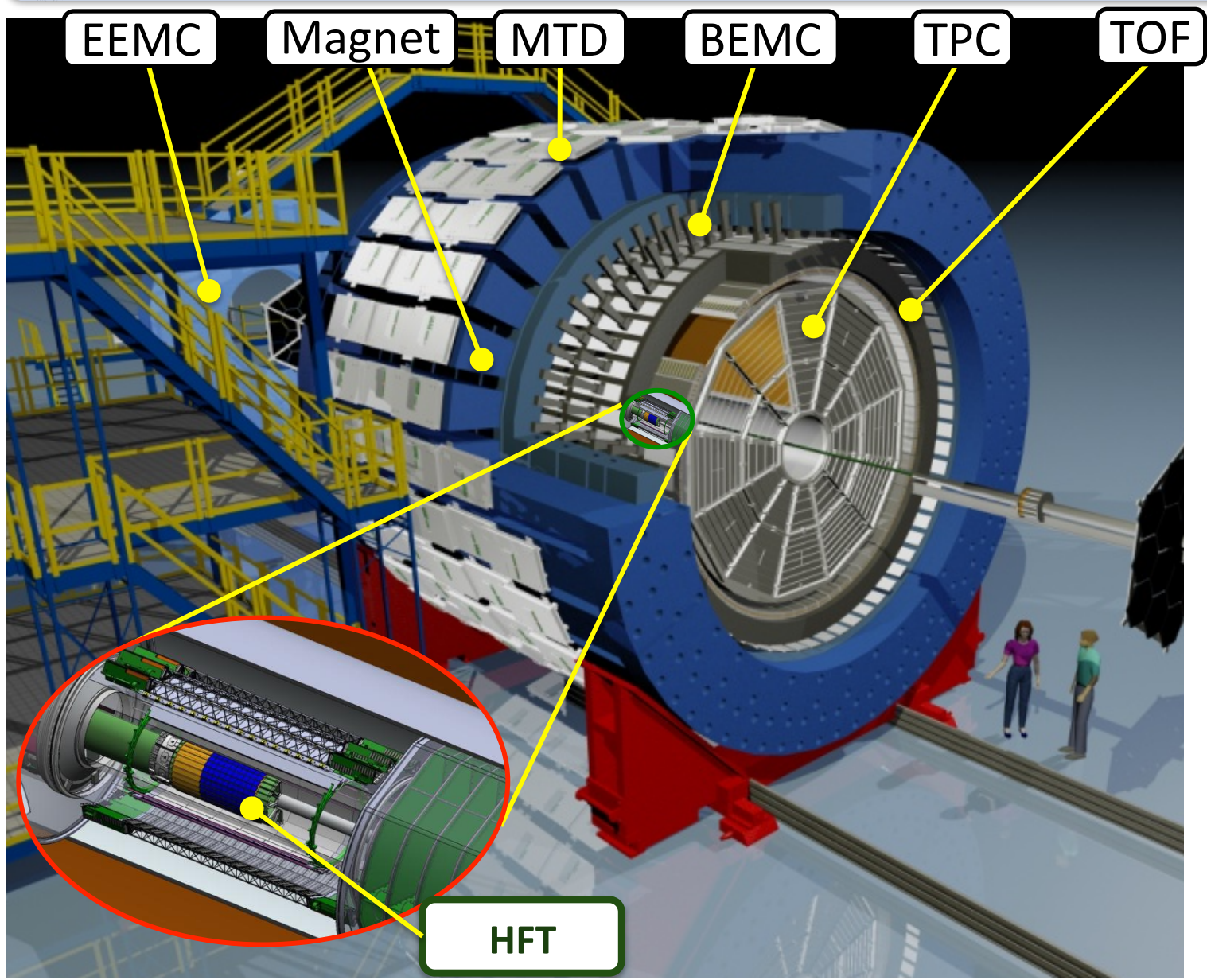
★ Direct reconstruction

- ☺ can reconstruct invariant mass
- ☺ STAR has ability to collect large amount of data
- ☹ smaller Branching Ratio
- ☹ large combinatorial background (until 2014)



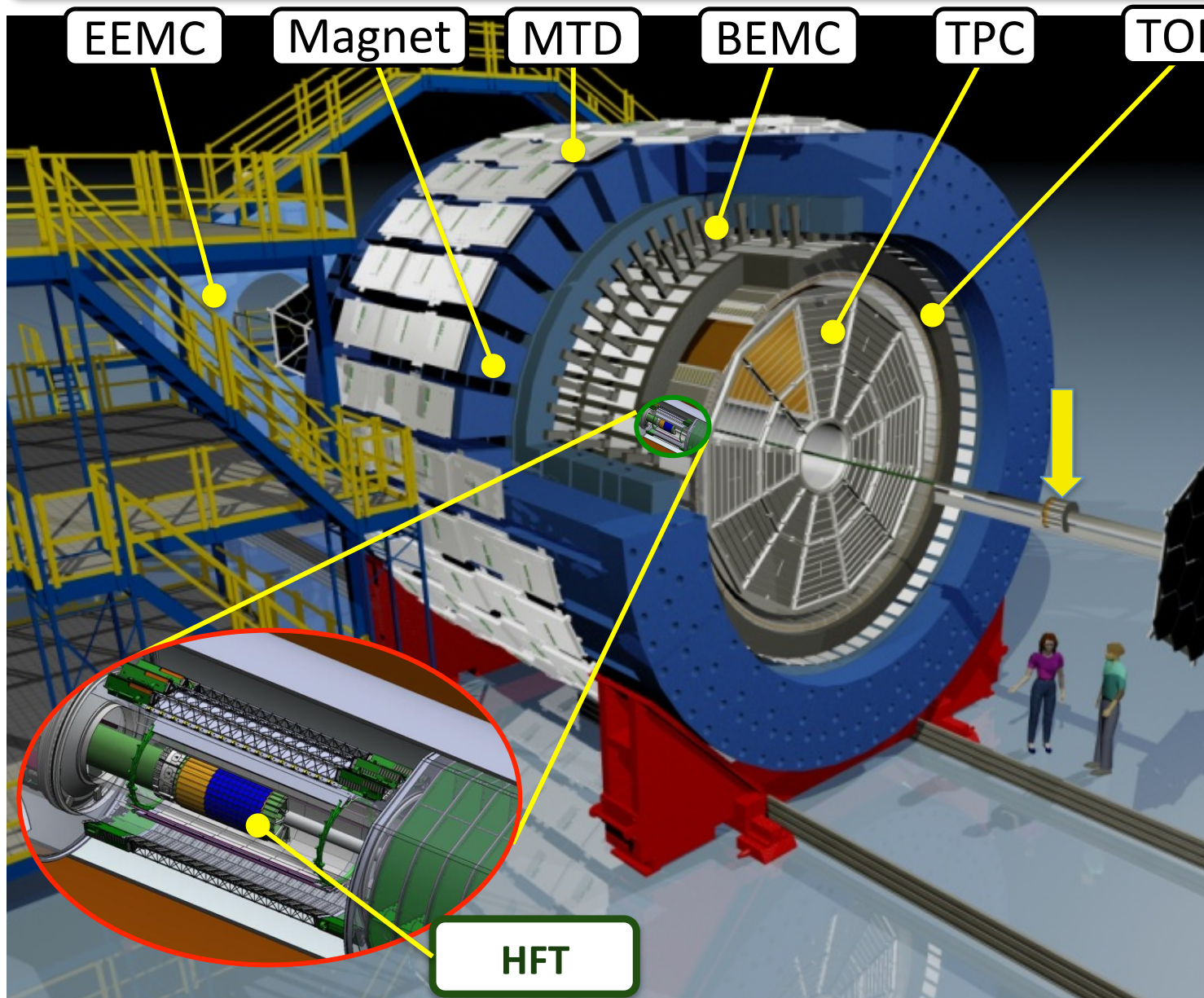


The STAR Detector





The STAR Detector

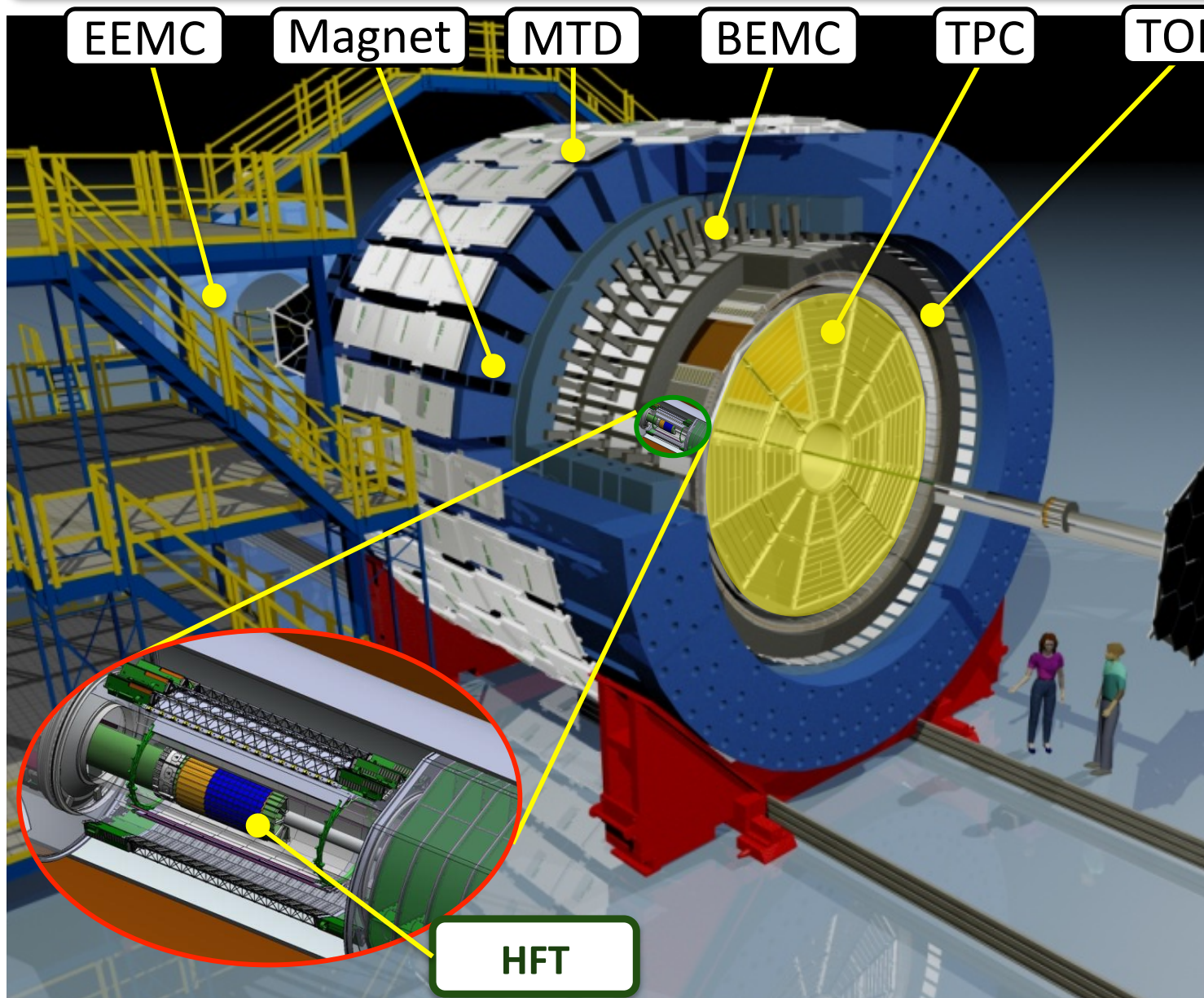


★ VPD:
minimum bias
trigger

HFT



The STAR Detector

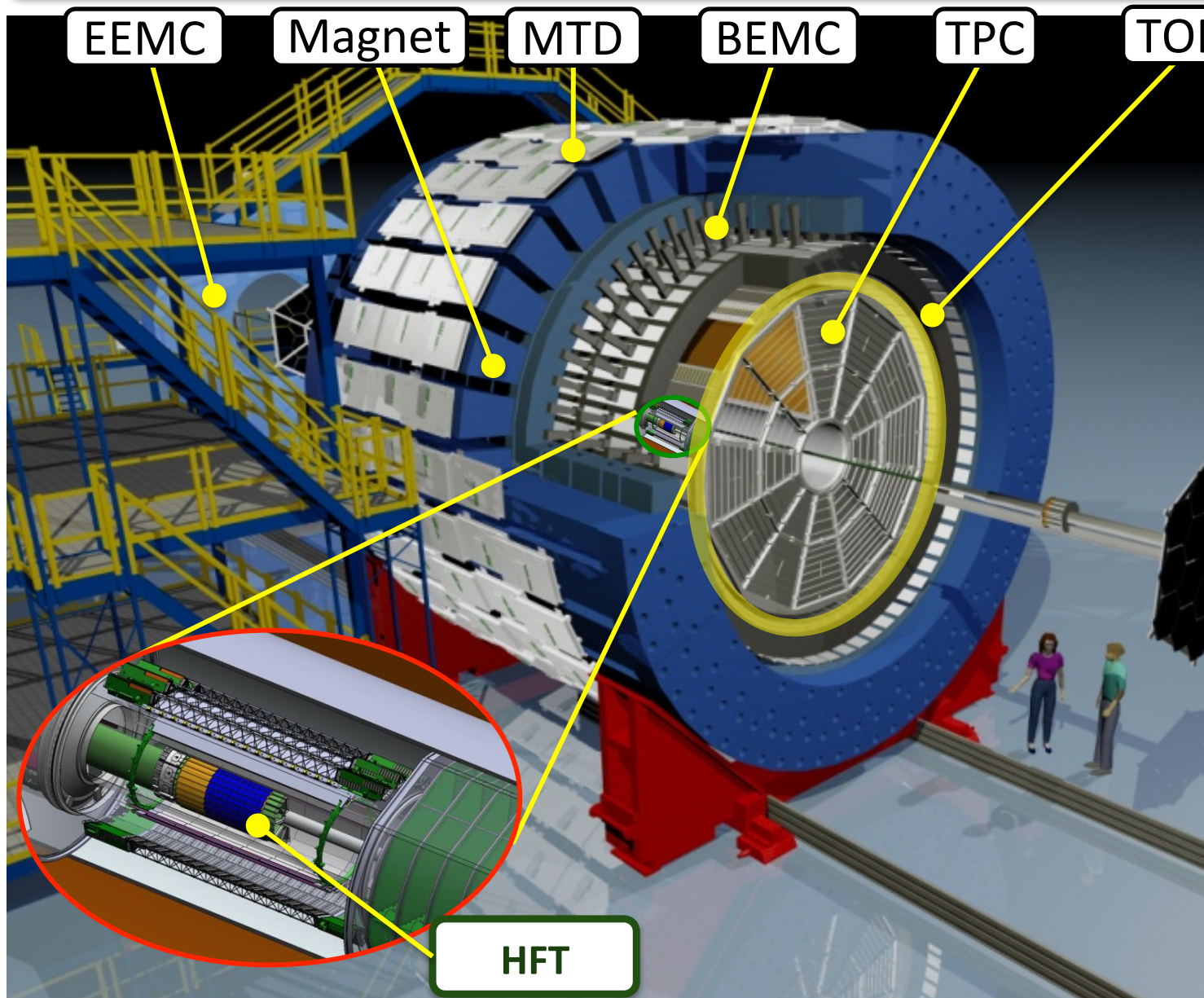


★ VPD:
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★ TPC:
particle
identification,
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HFT

The STAR Detector



★ VPD:
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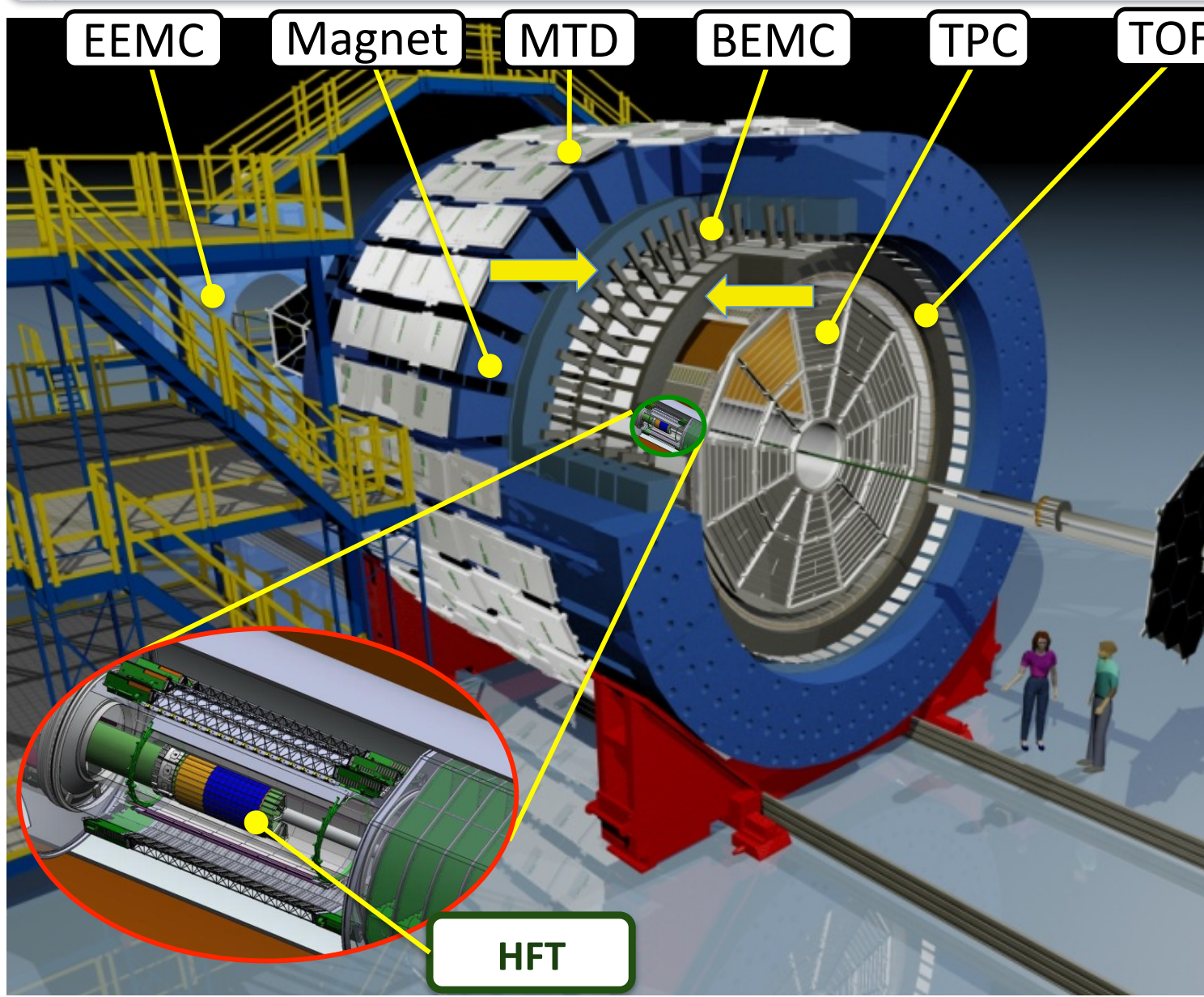
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★ TOF:
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(time resolution 110 ps
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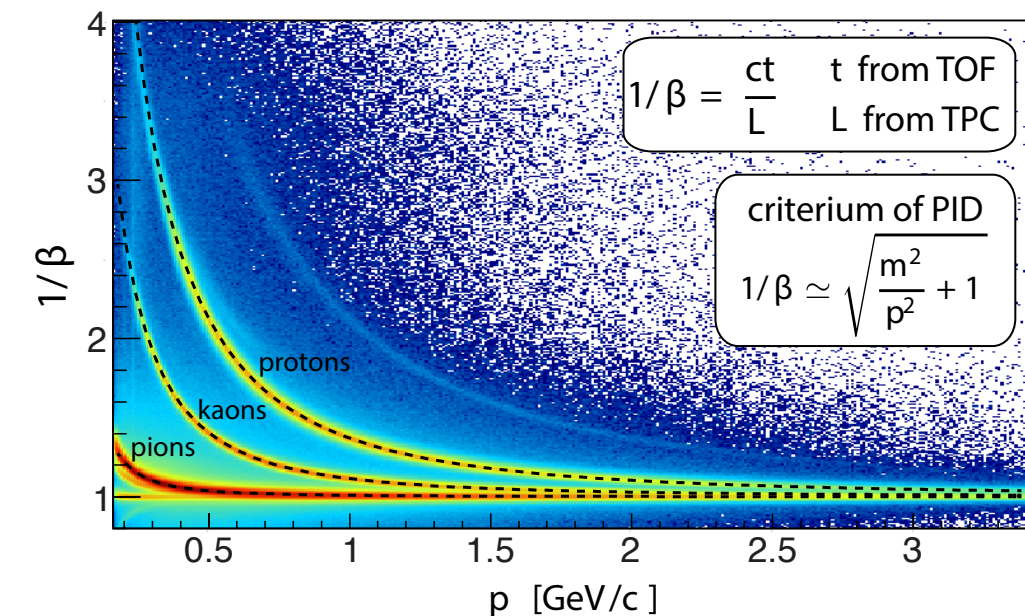
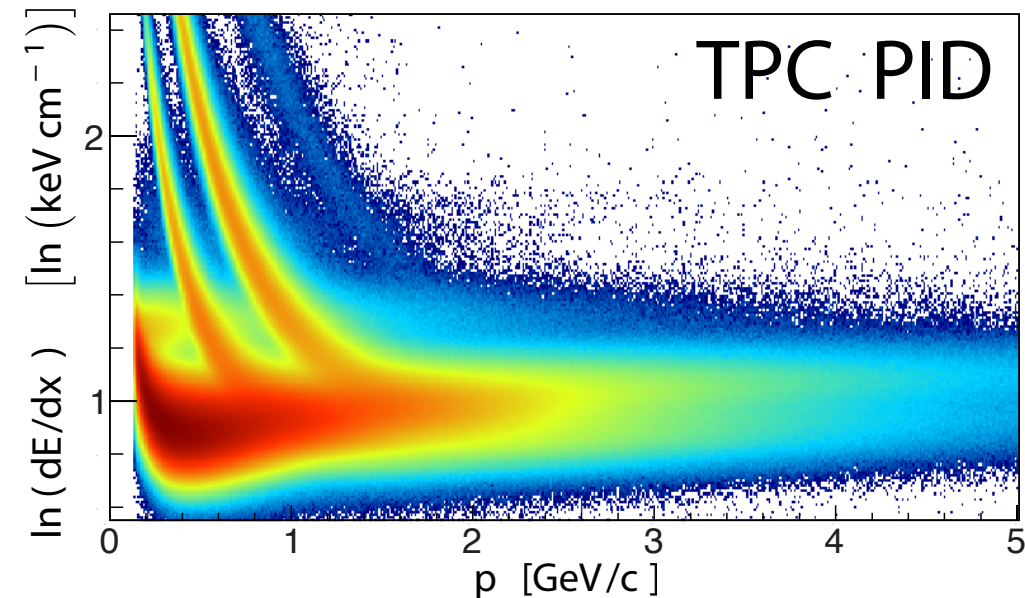
The STAR Detector



- ★ VPD: minimum bias trigger
- ★ TPC: particle identification, momentum
- ★ TOF: particle identification (time resolution 110 ps in p+p, 87 ps in Au+Au)
- ★ BEMC: high-energy trigger, electron identification

HFT

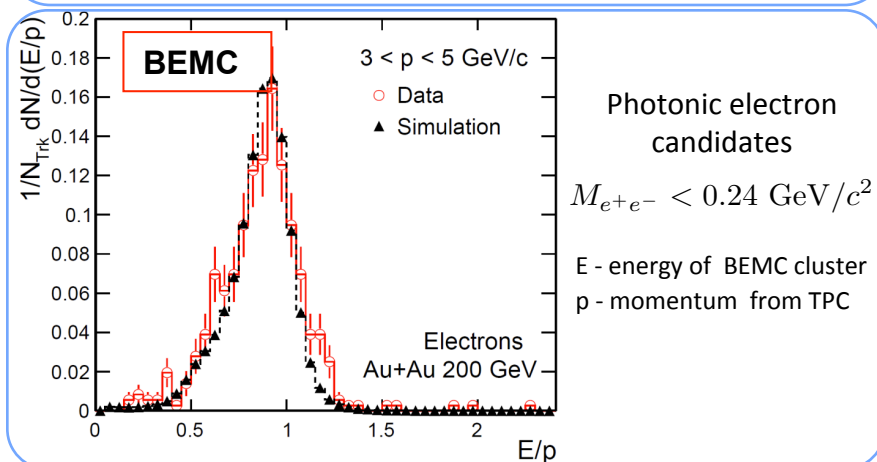
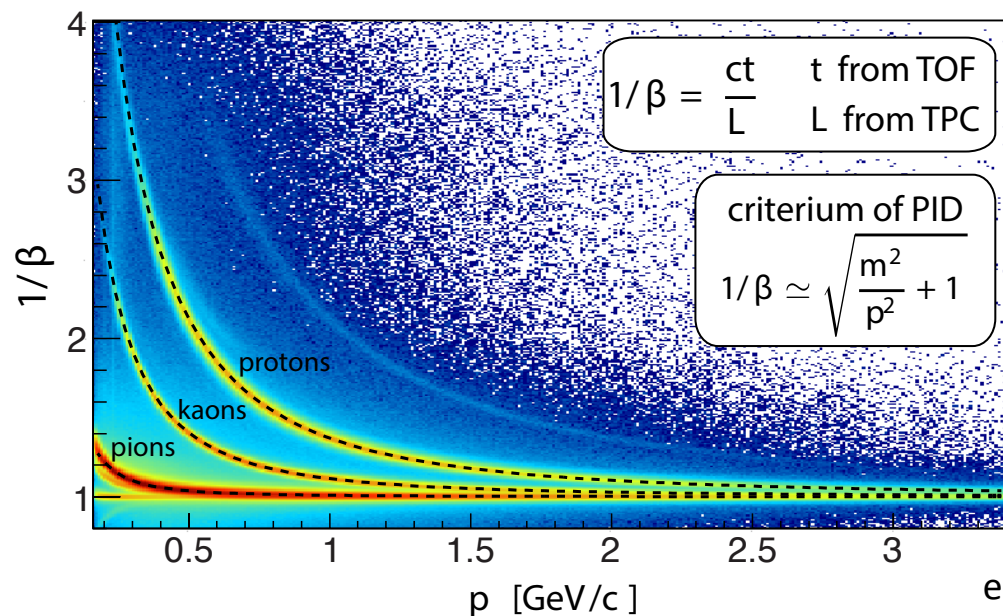
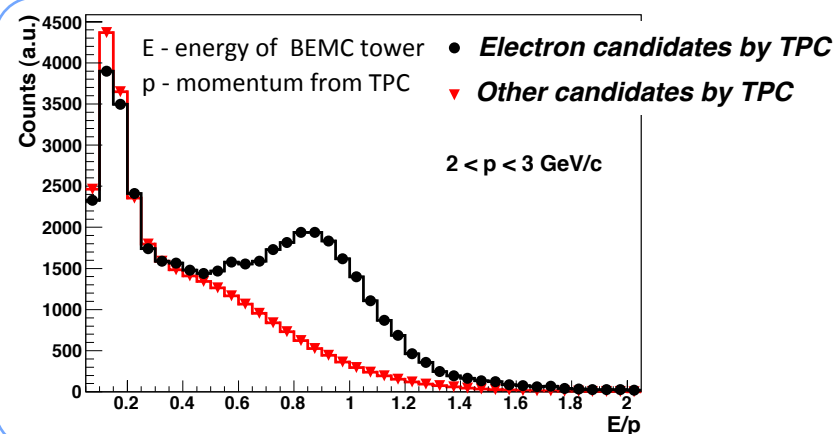
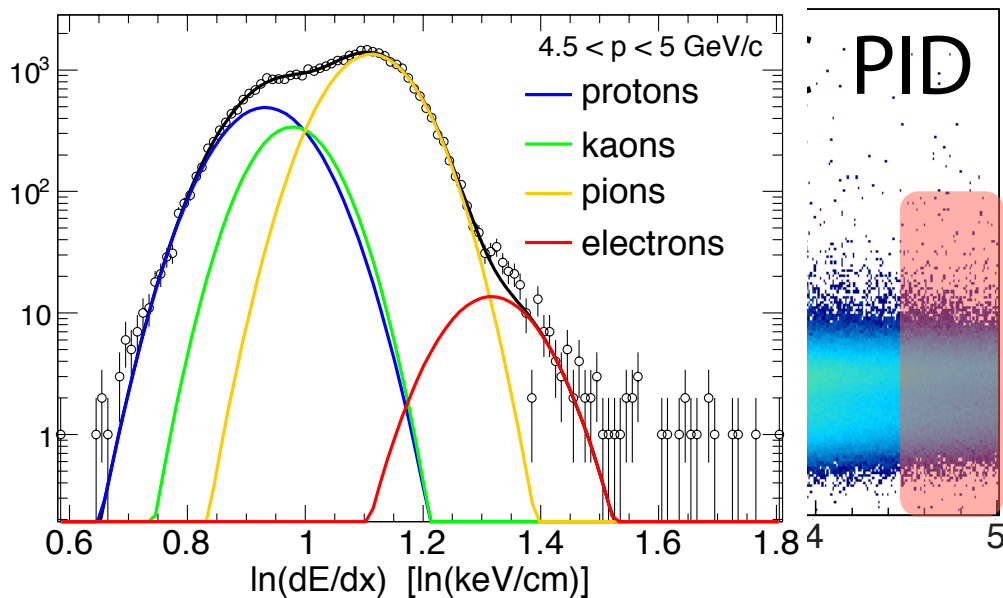
Daughter Particle Identification



TOF provides clean sample of kaons with momentum up to ~ 1.6 GeV/c

kaon - pion separation better by TPC than by TOF for track with momentum above ~ 2.5 GeV/c

Daughter Particle Identification

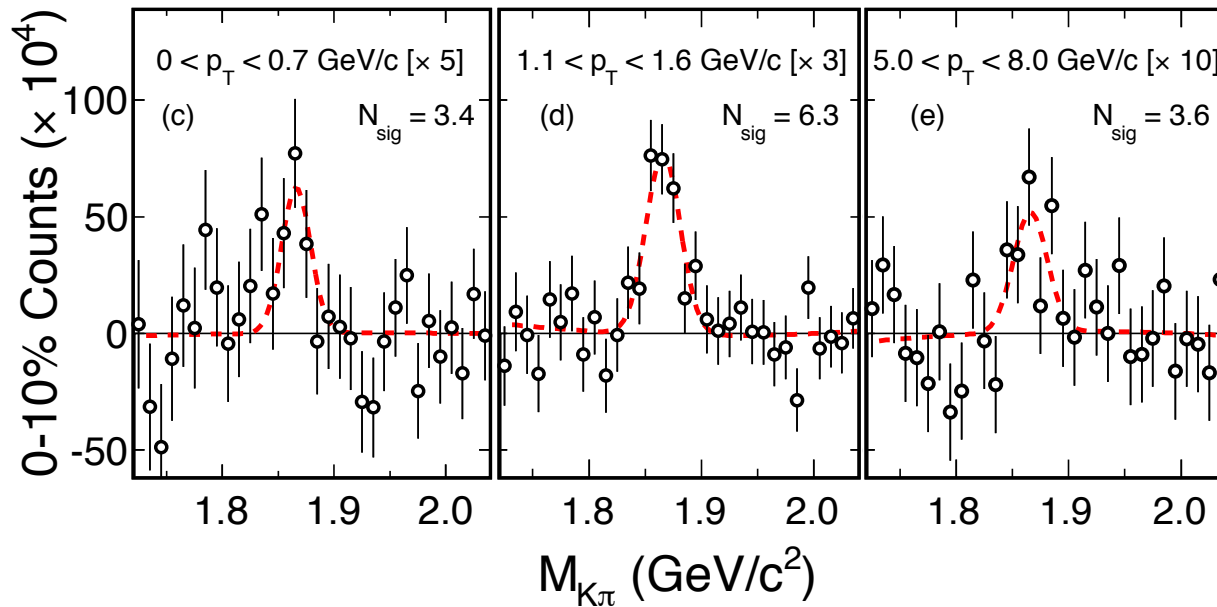
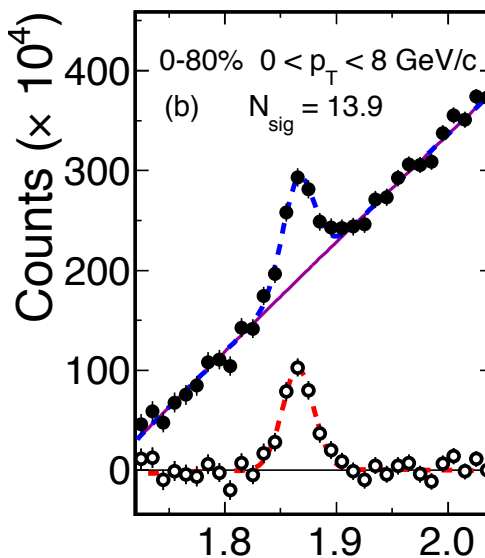
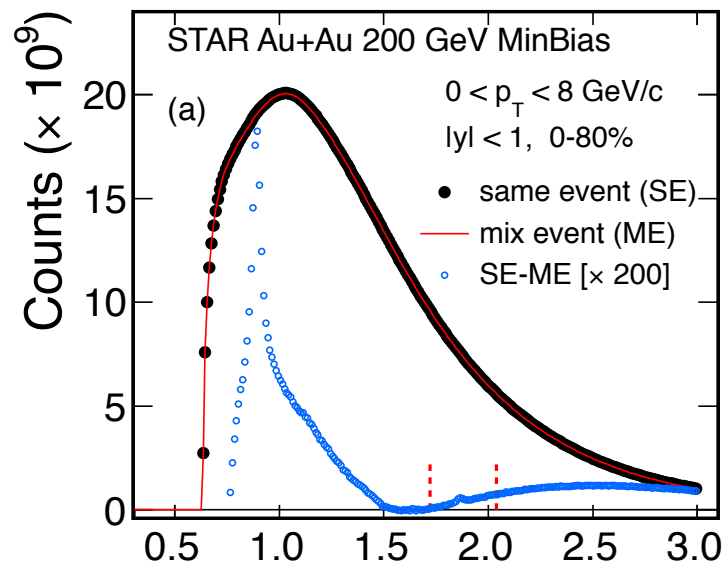


TOF provides clean sample of kaons with momentum up to ~1.6 GeV/c

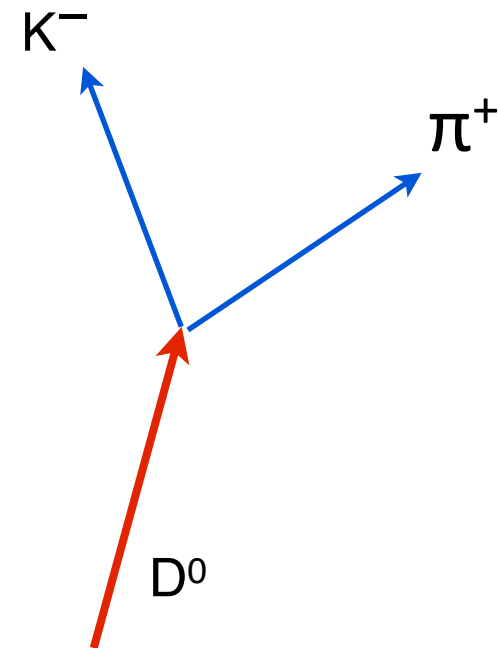
kaon - pion separation better by TPC than by TOF for track with momentum above ~2.5 GeV/c

electron/hadron separation with BEMC for p > 2 GeV/c

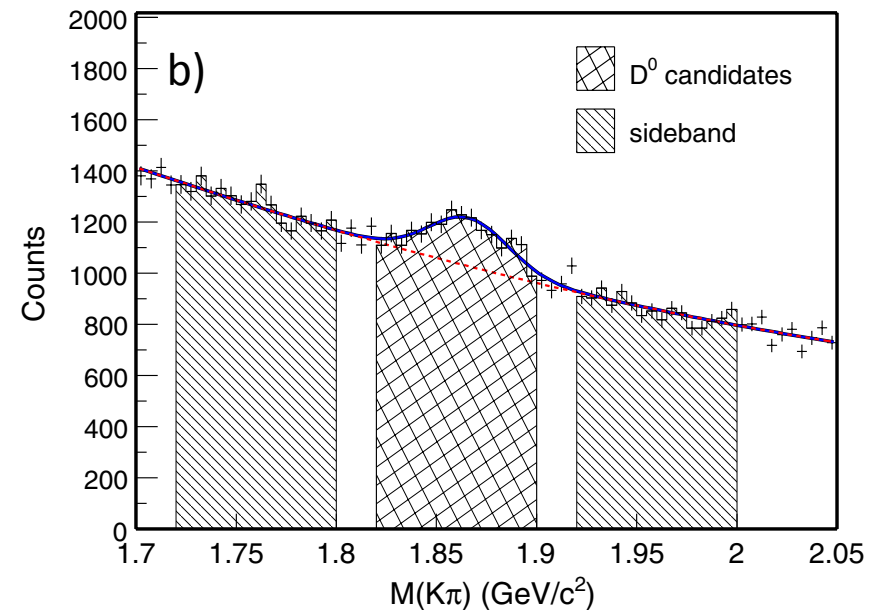
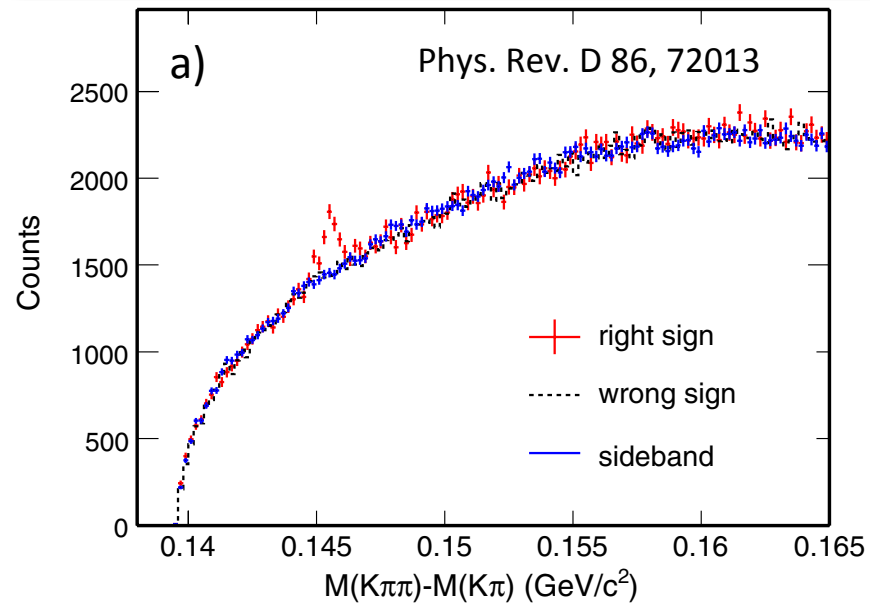
D⁰ Meson Reconstruction



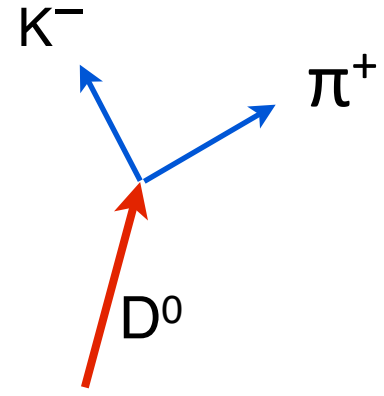
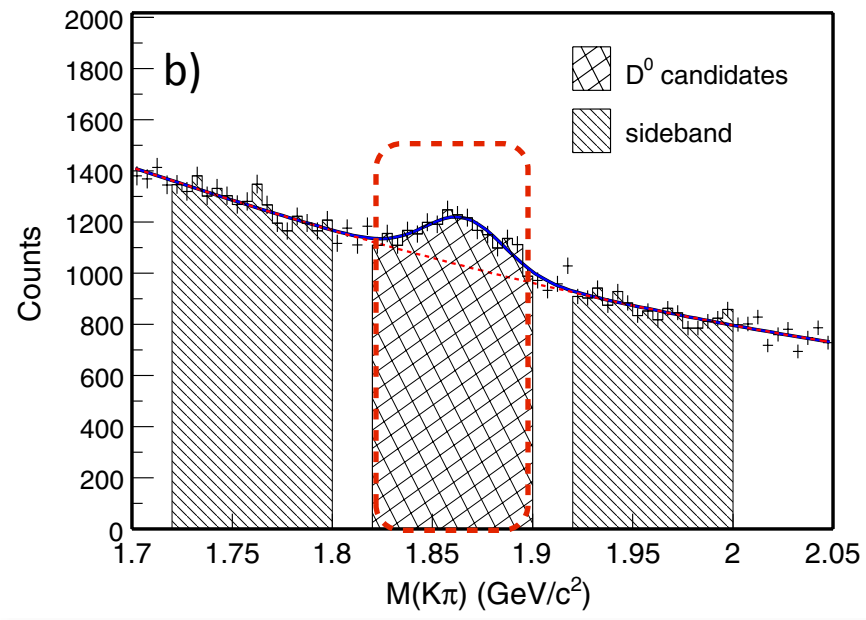
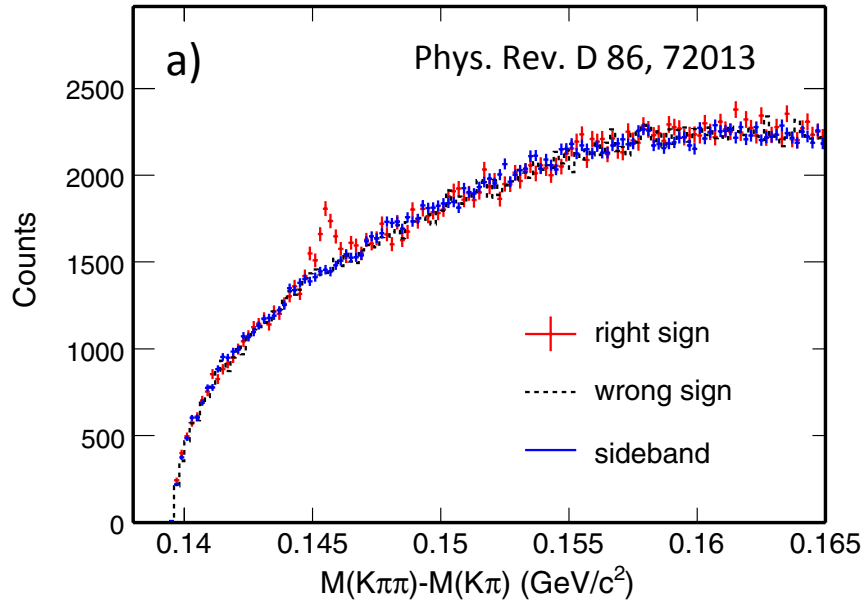
arXiv:1404.6185
 submitted to PRL



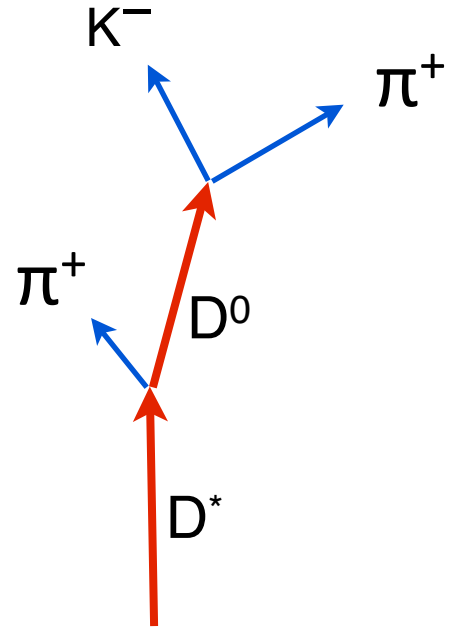
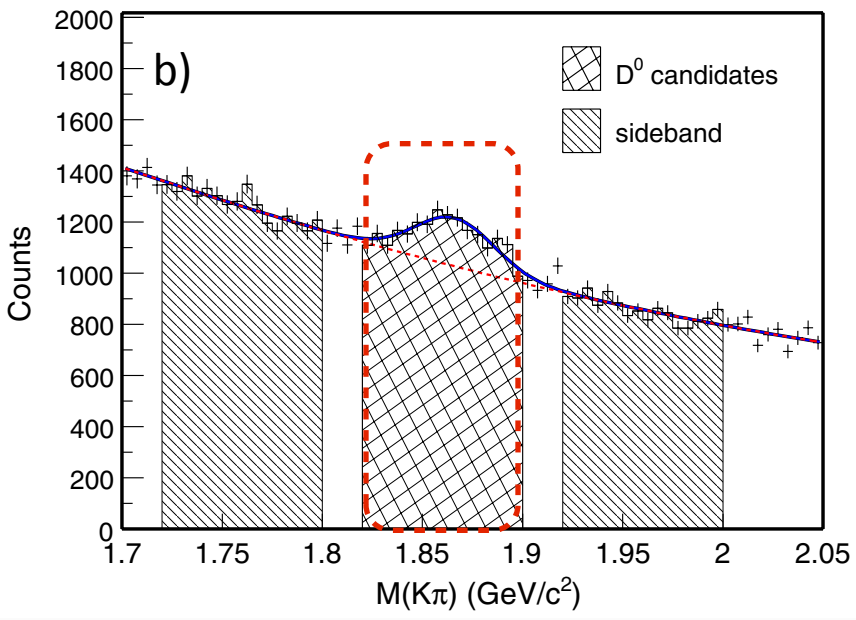
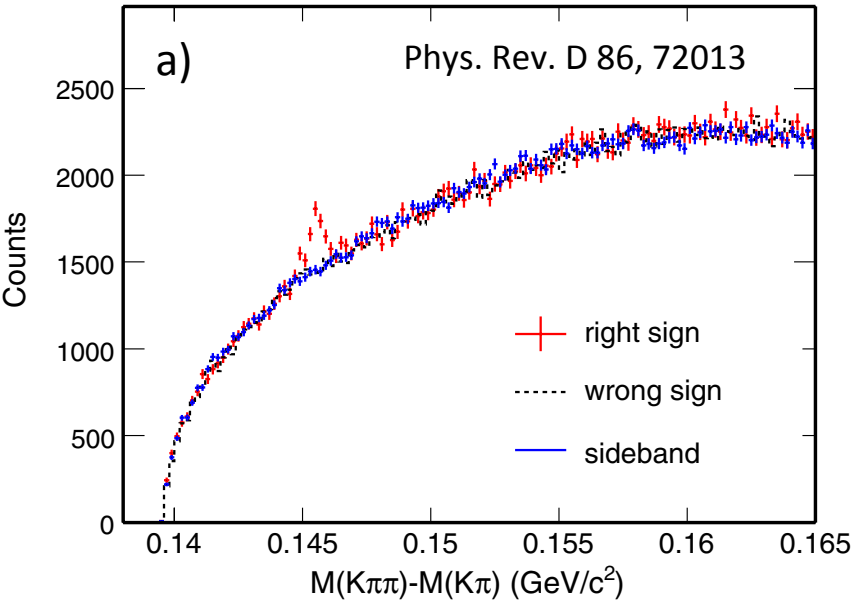
D* Meson Reconstruction



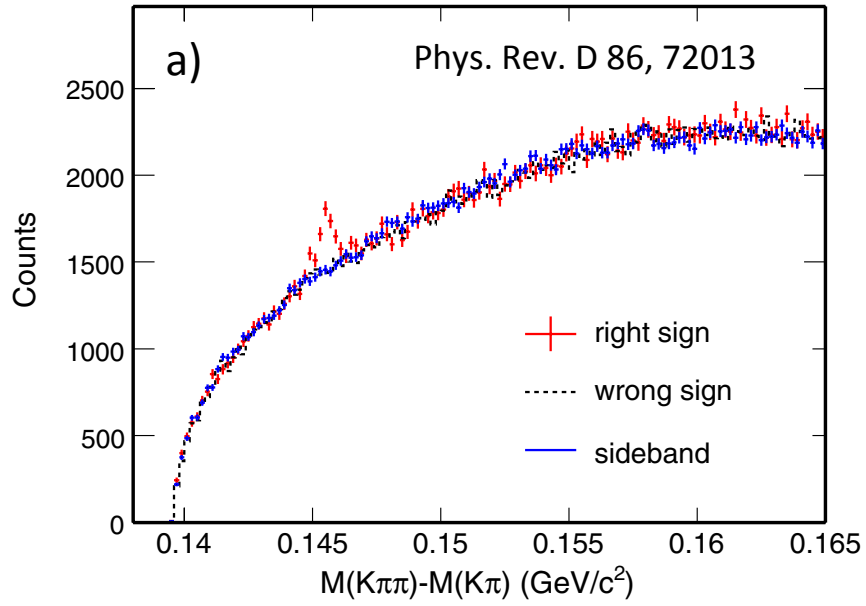
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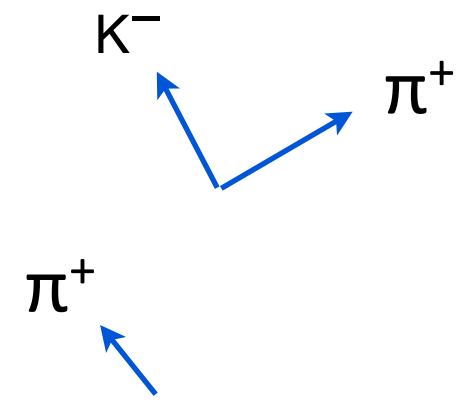
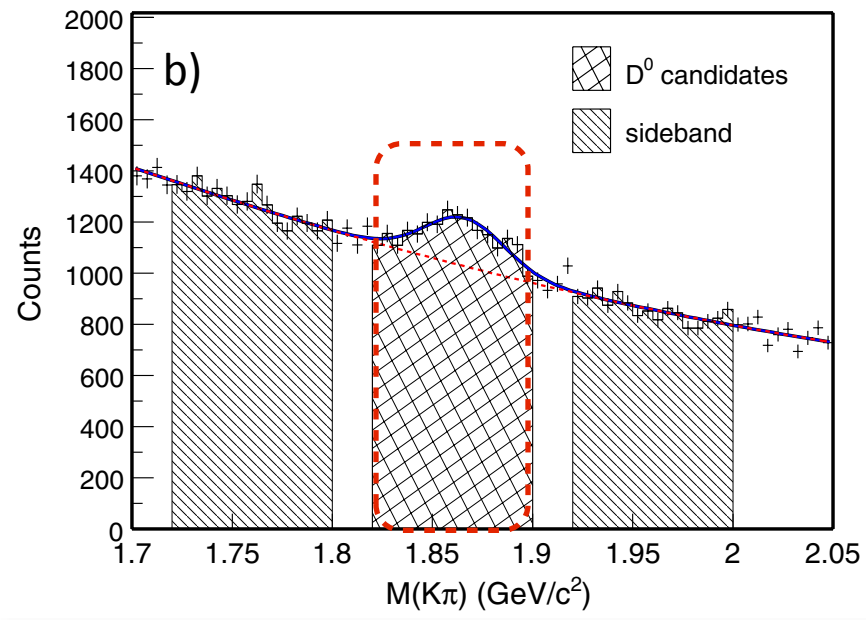
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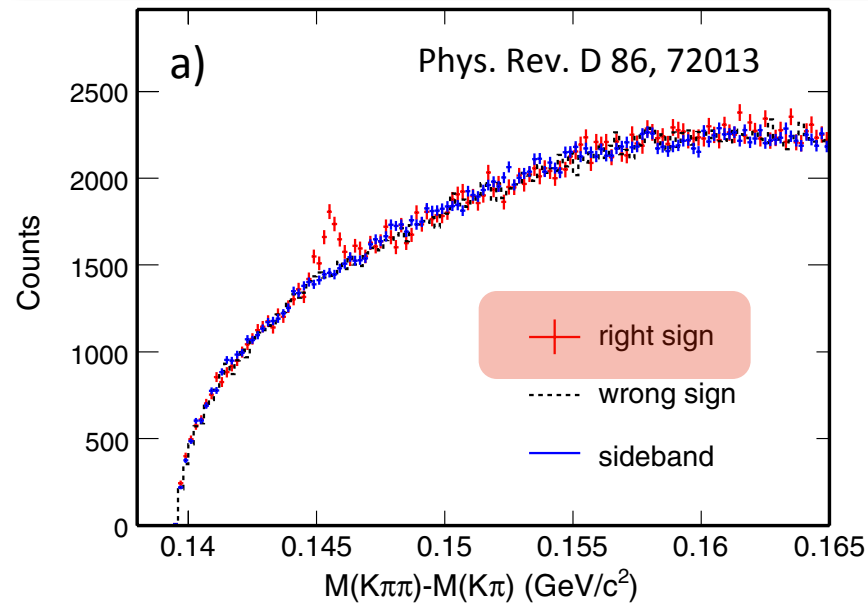
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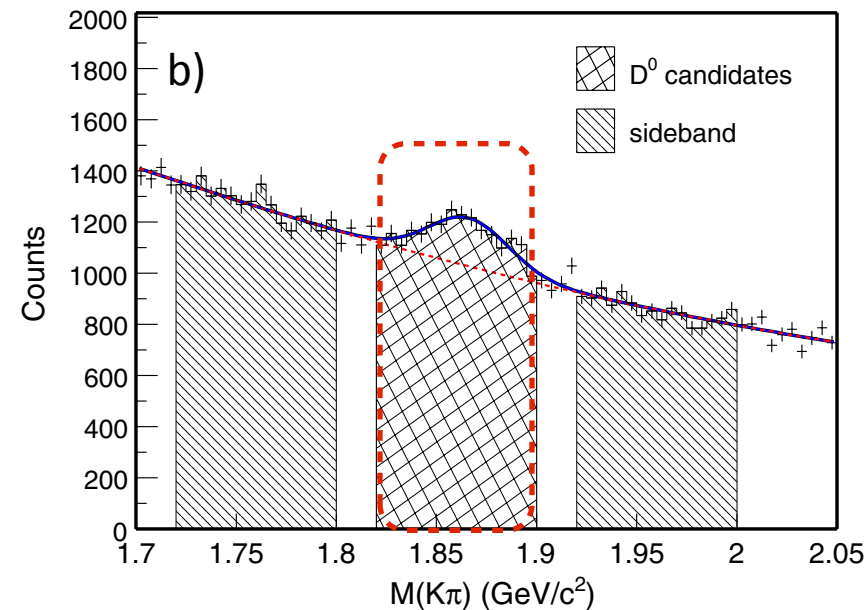
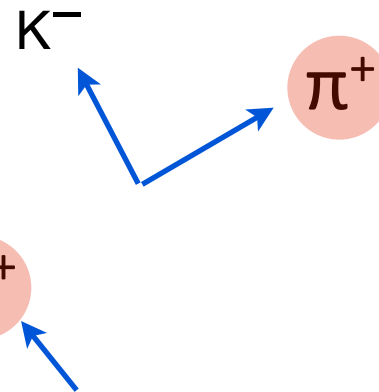
$$M(D^*) - M(D^0)$$



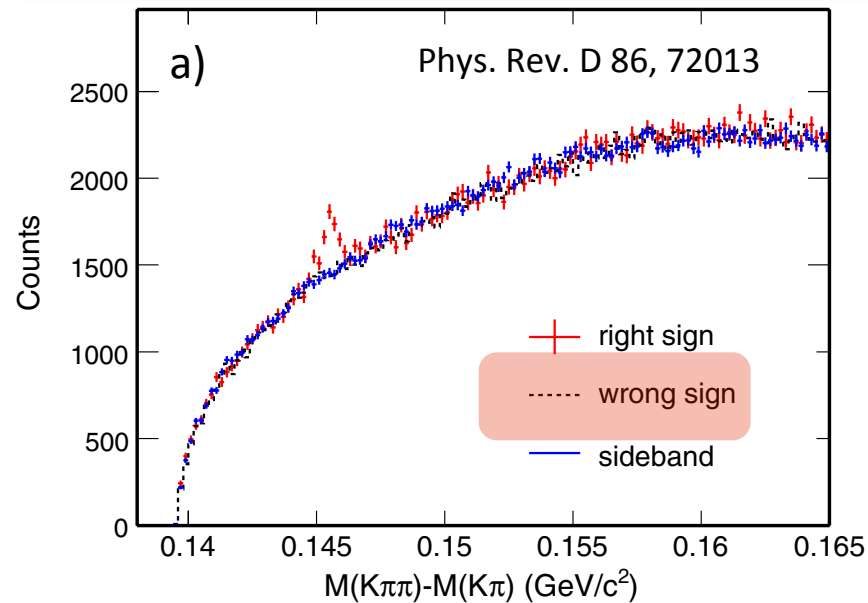
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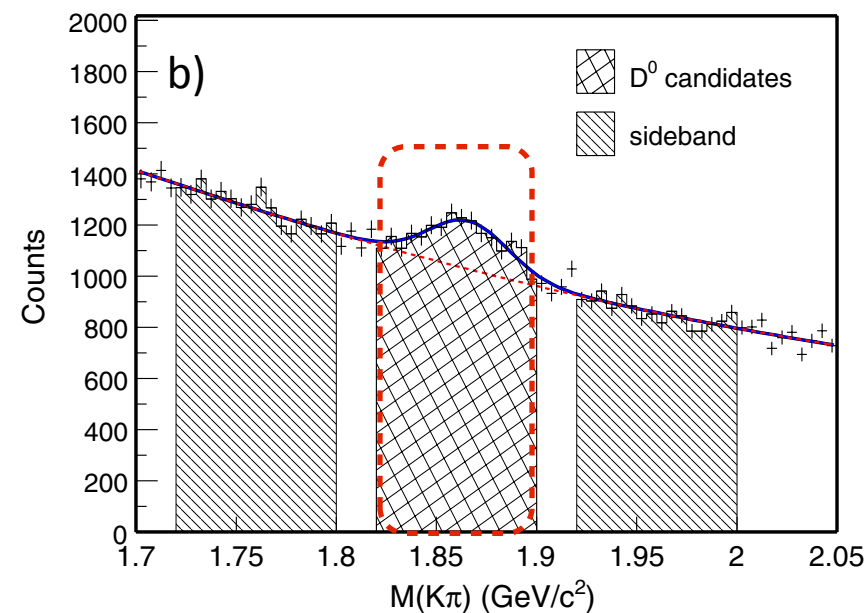
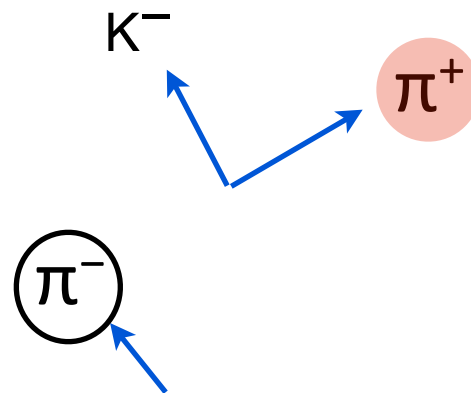
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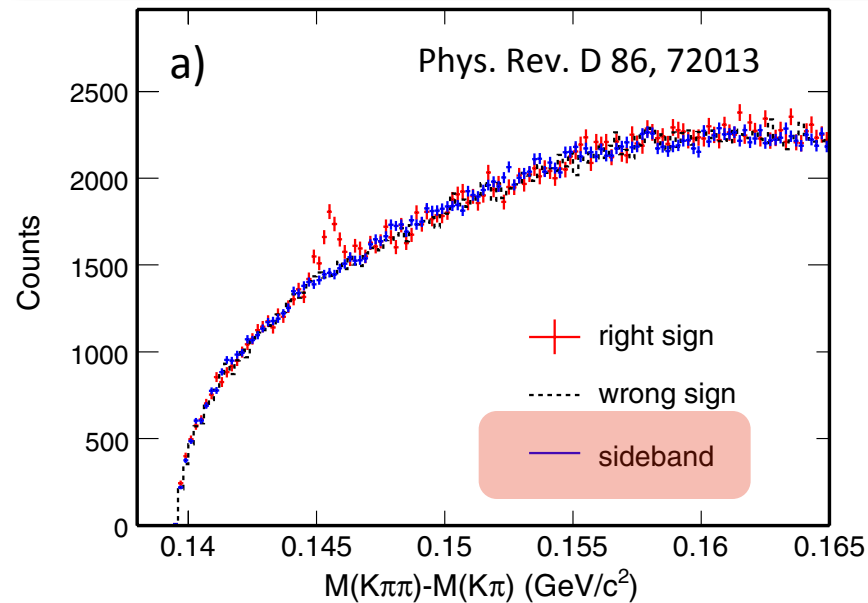
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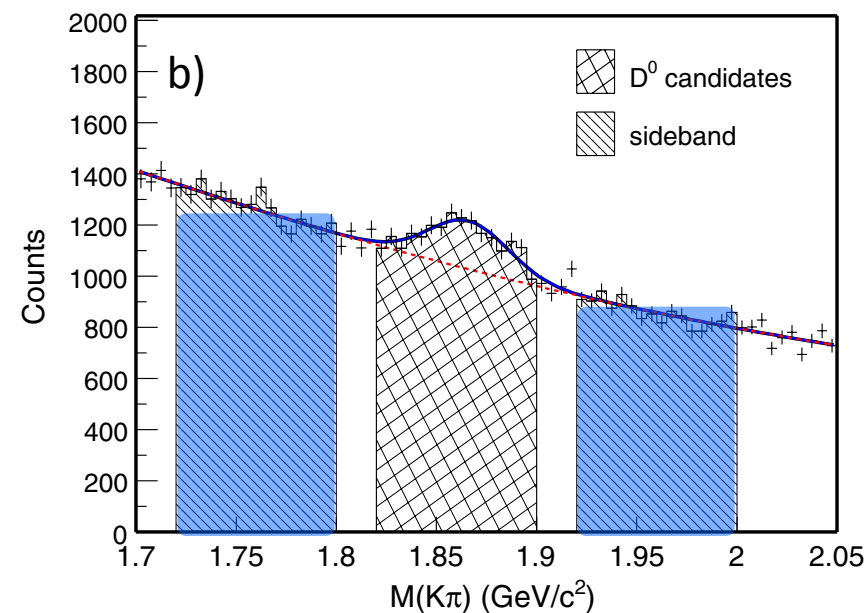
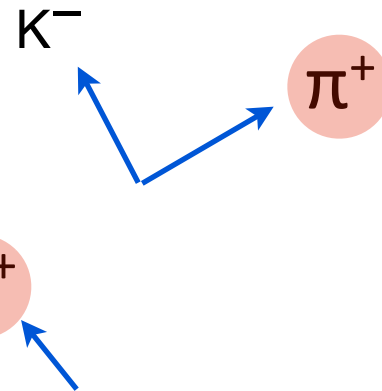
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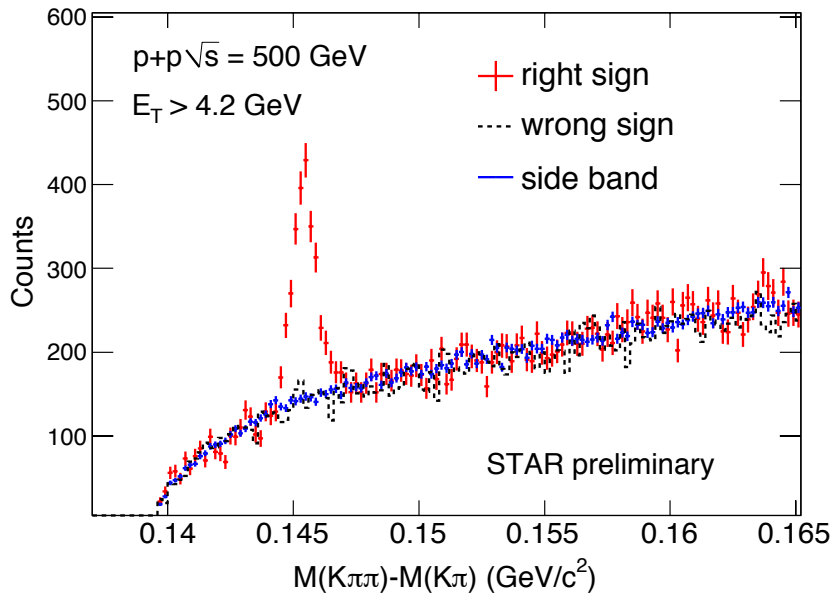
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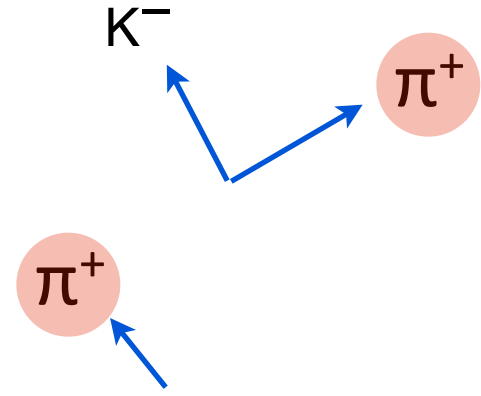
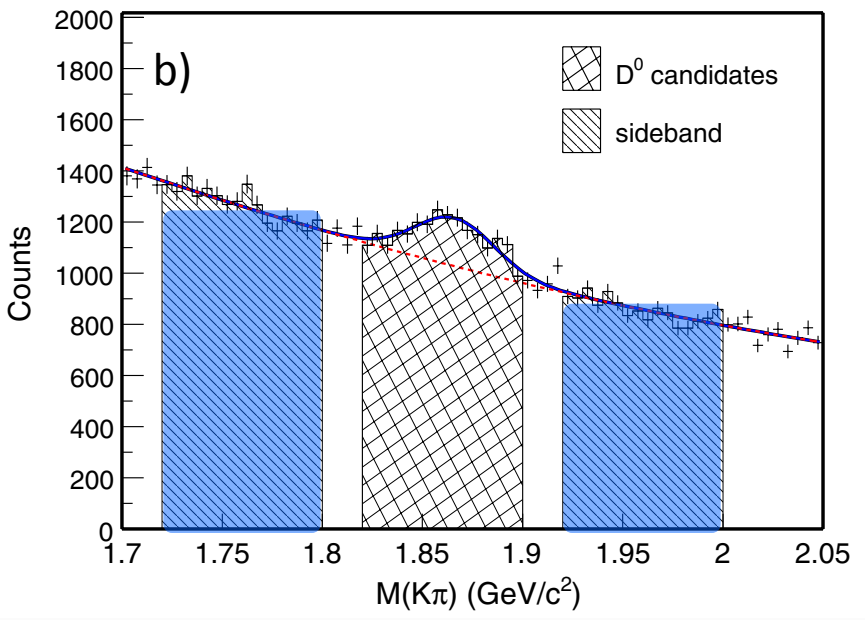
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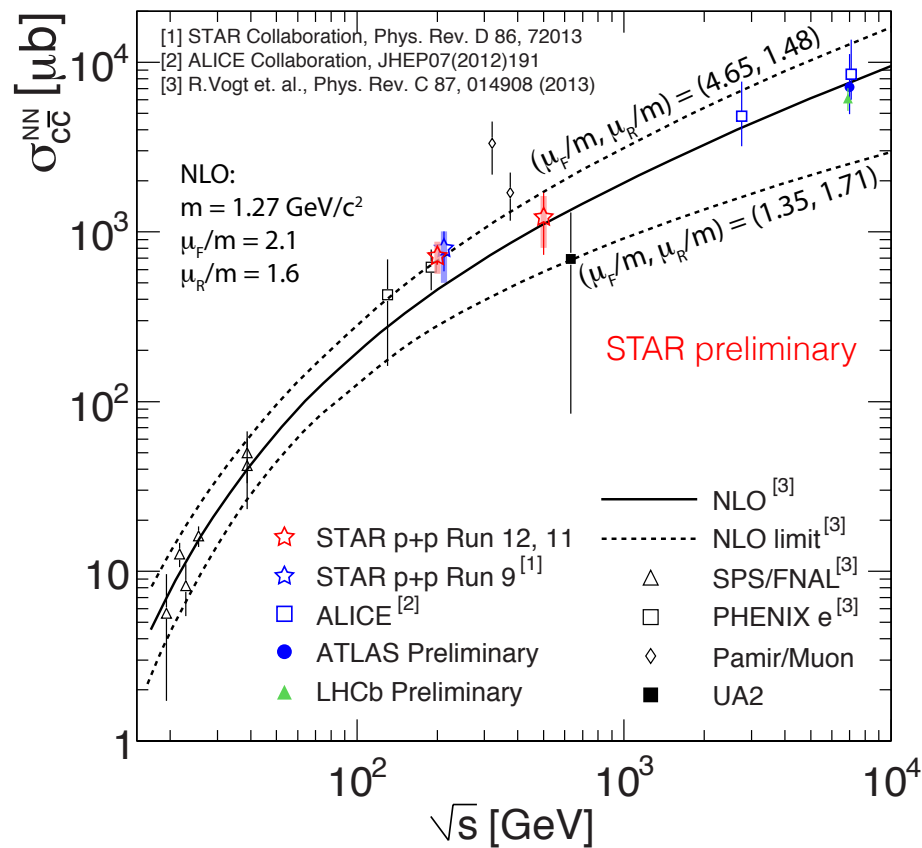
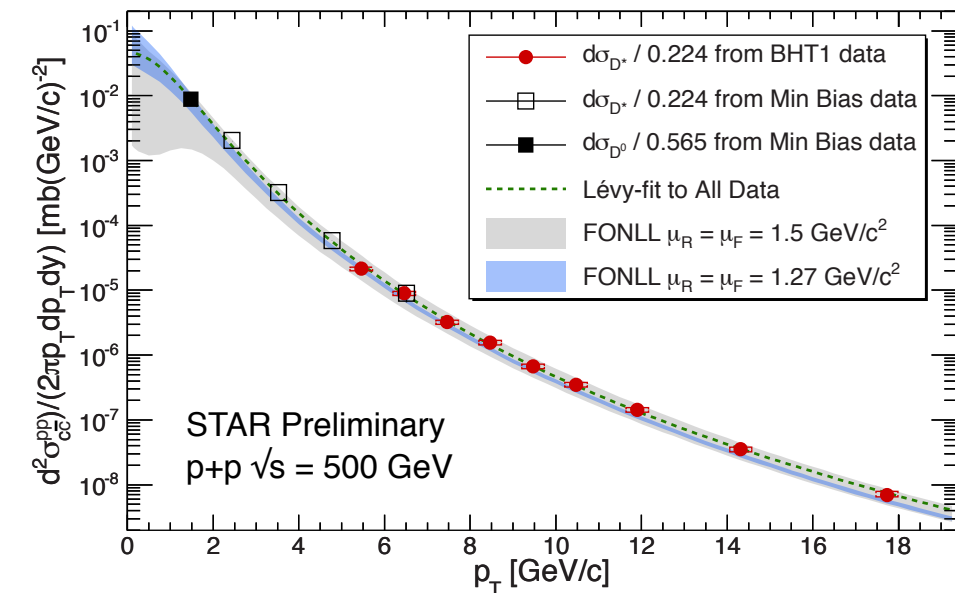
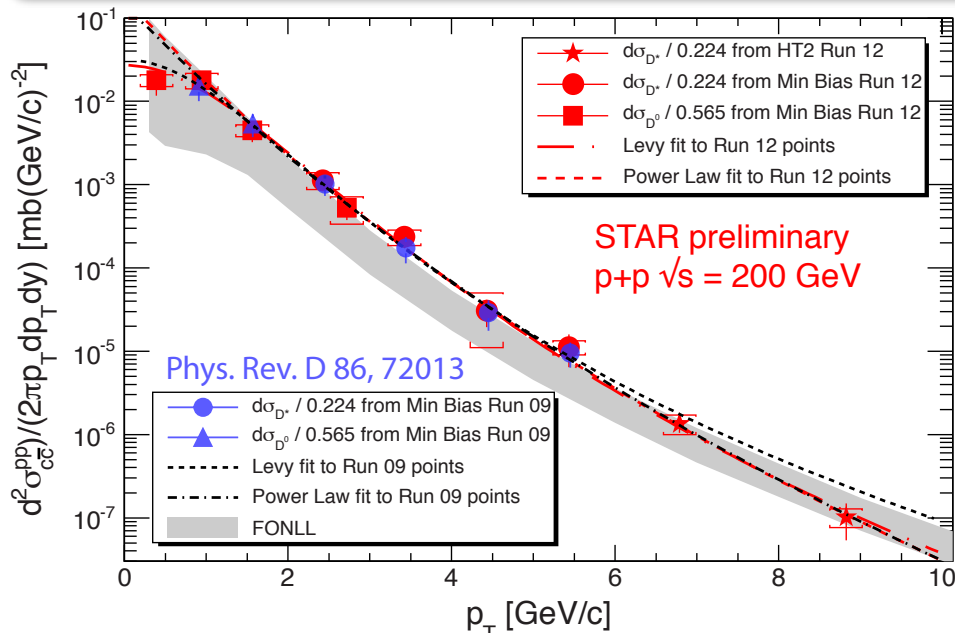
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$$M\left(\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ D^* \end{array}\right) - M\left(\begin{array}{c} \nearrow \\ D^0 \end{array}\right)$$



Production Cross Section in p+p collisions



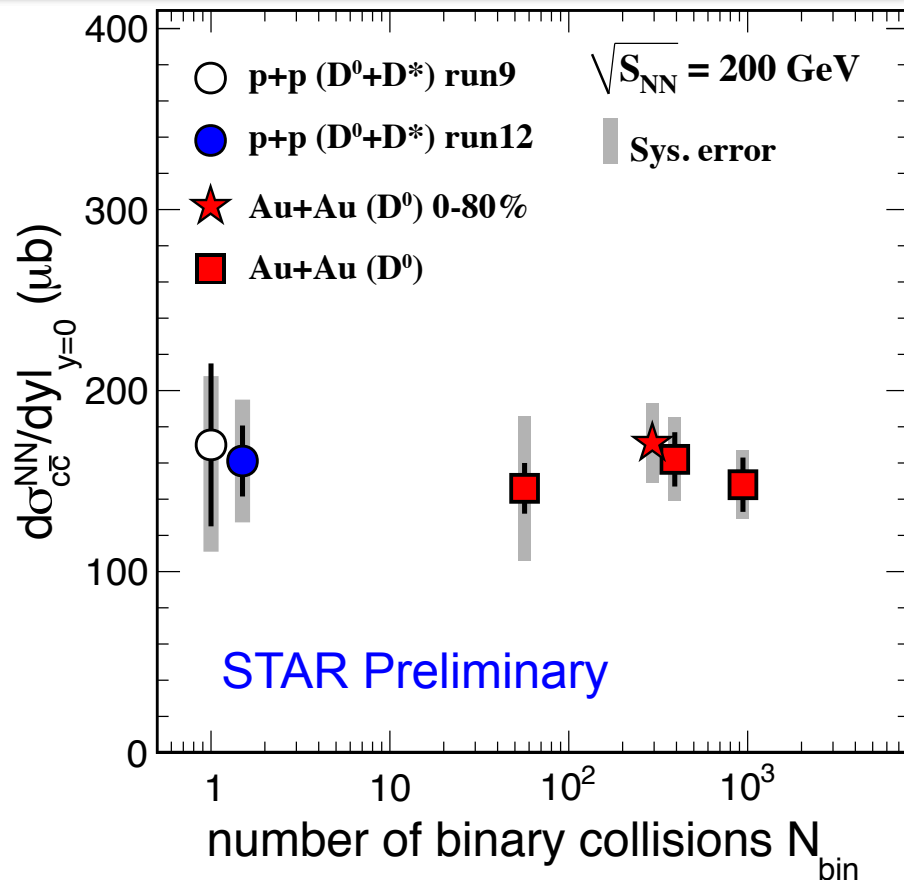
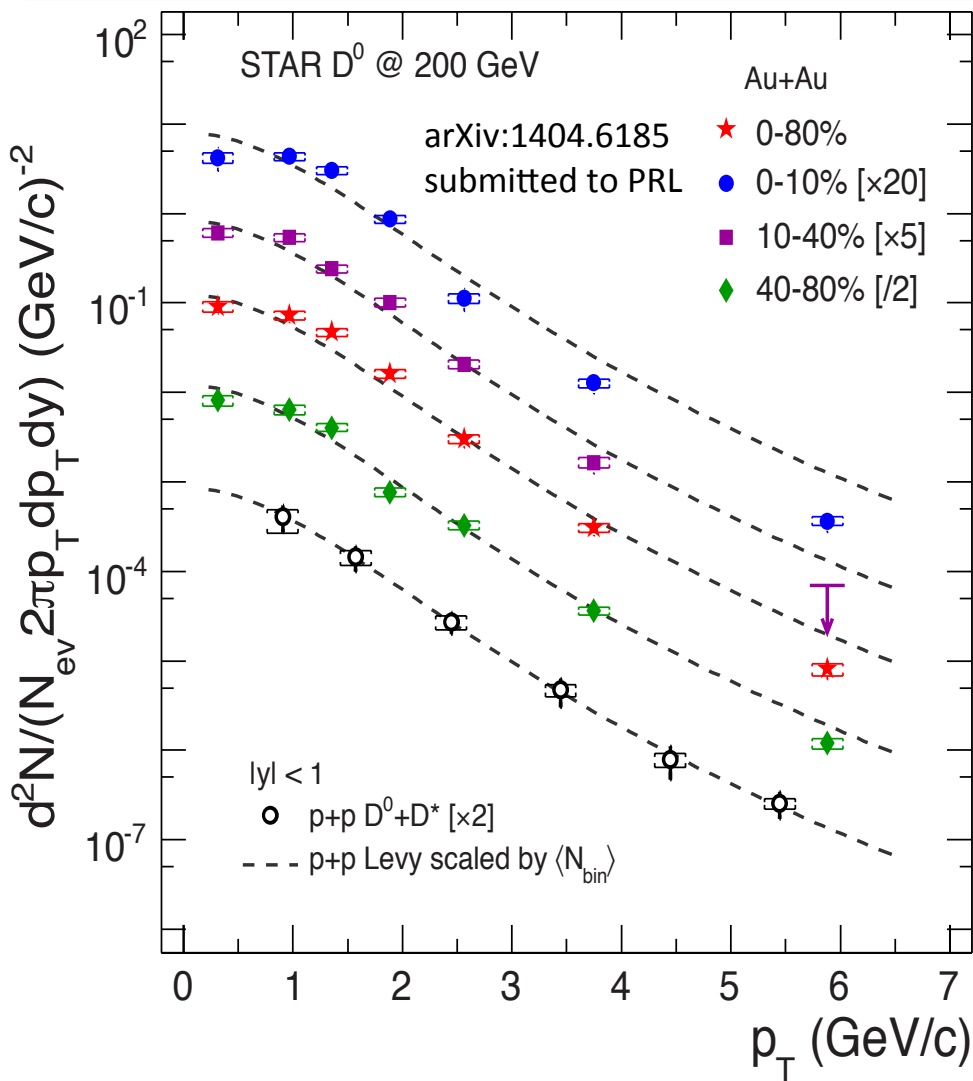
★ p+p 200 GeV

- ★ essential as a baseline for Au+Au
- ★ consistent with FONLL upper limit
- ★ new point for p_T between 0 and 0.7 GeV/c
 - ★ Levy fit describes data well

★ New p+p 500 GeV measurement

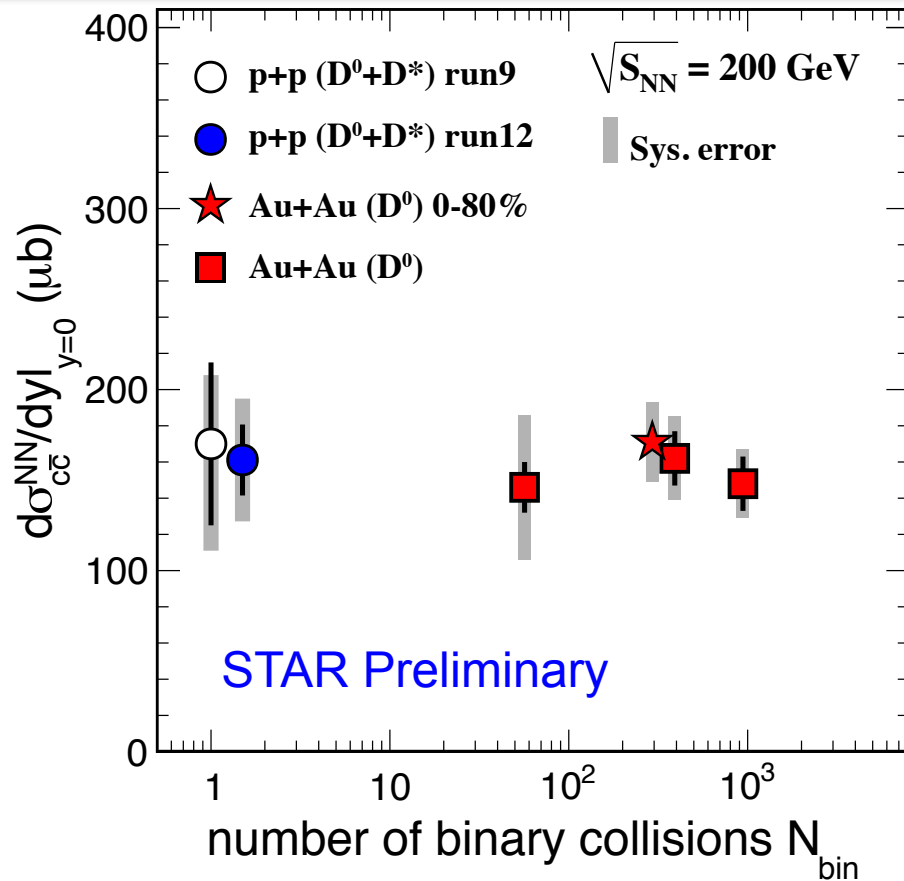
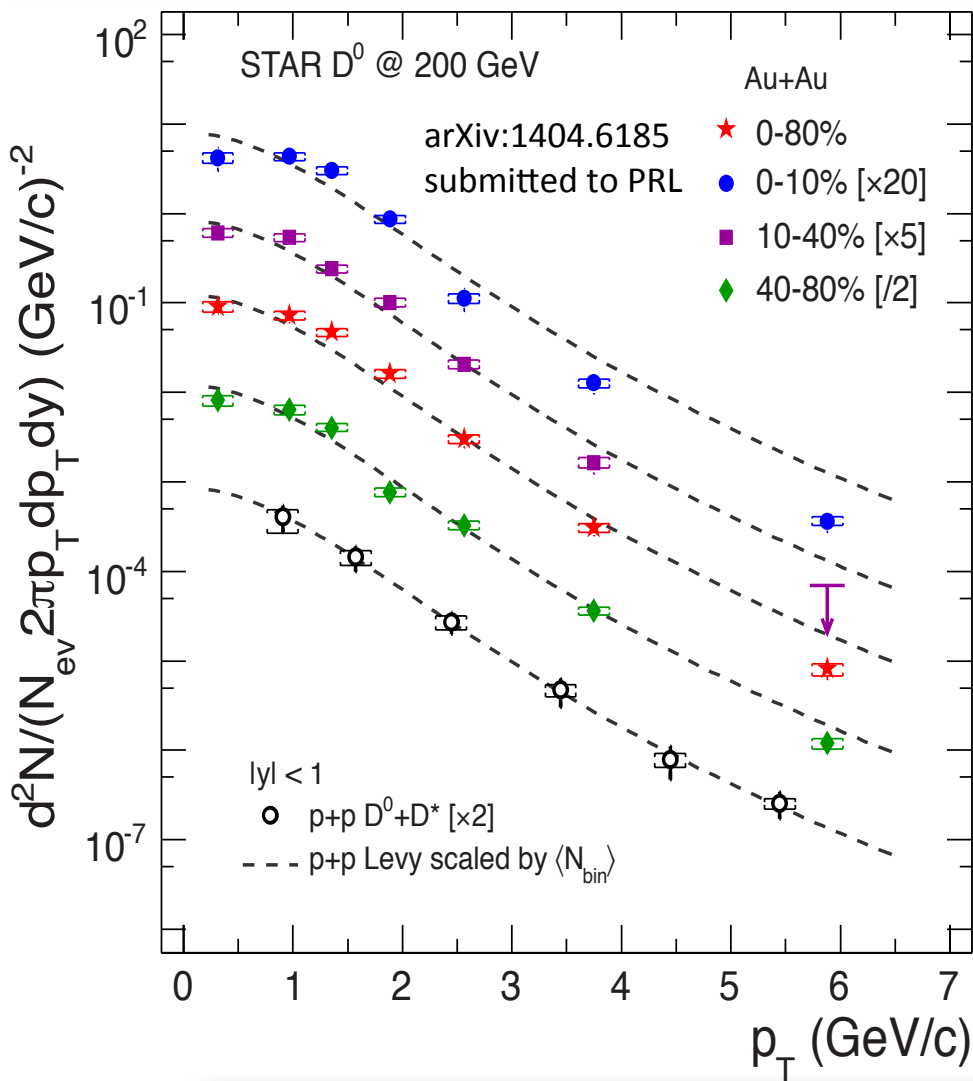
- ★ consistent with FONLL

D⁰ production in Au+Au



Total cross section scales with the number of binary collisions

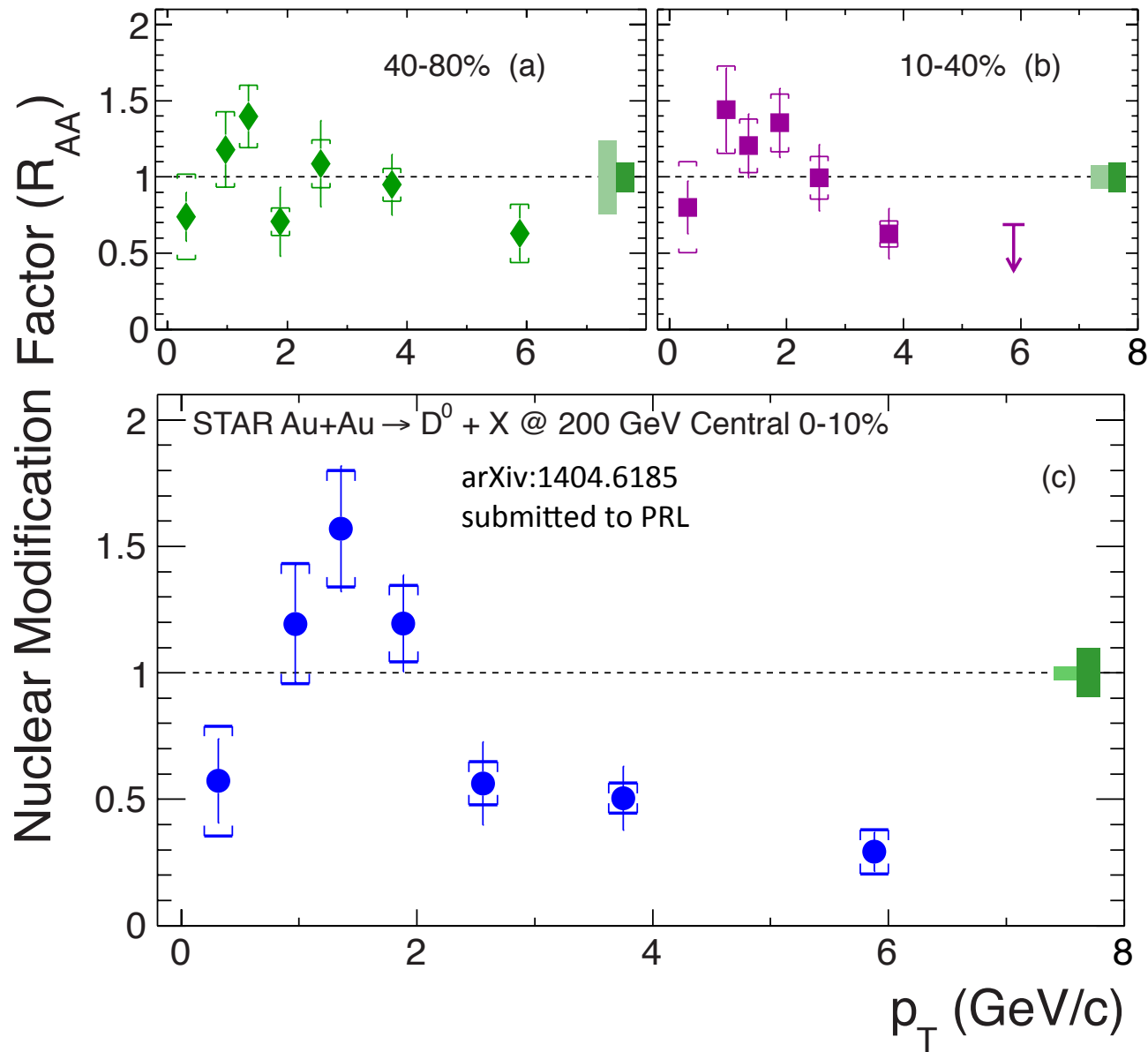
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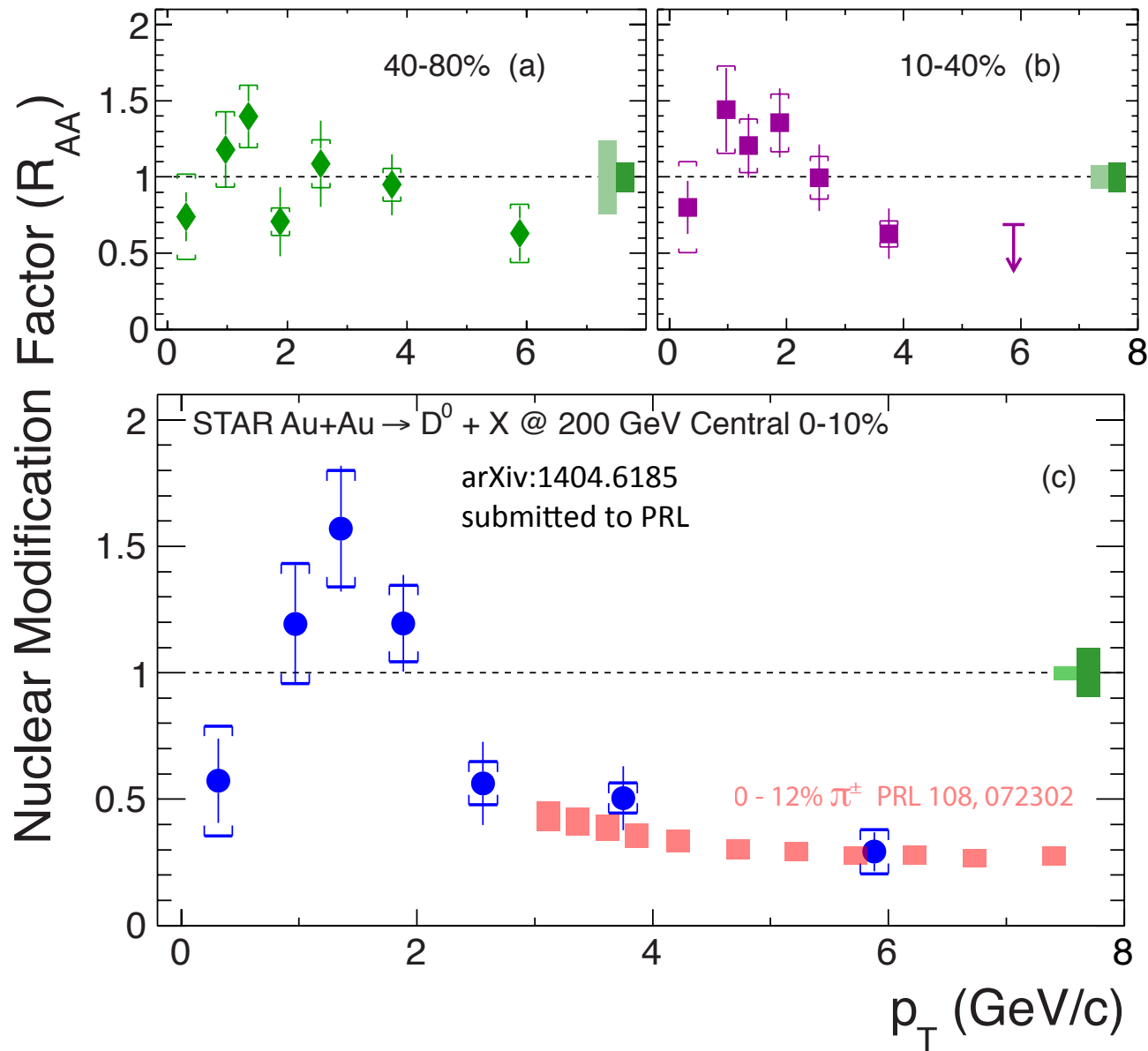
Charm is mostly produced in initial hard processes

D⁰ suppression in Au+Au



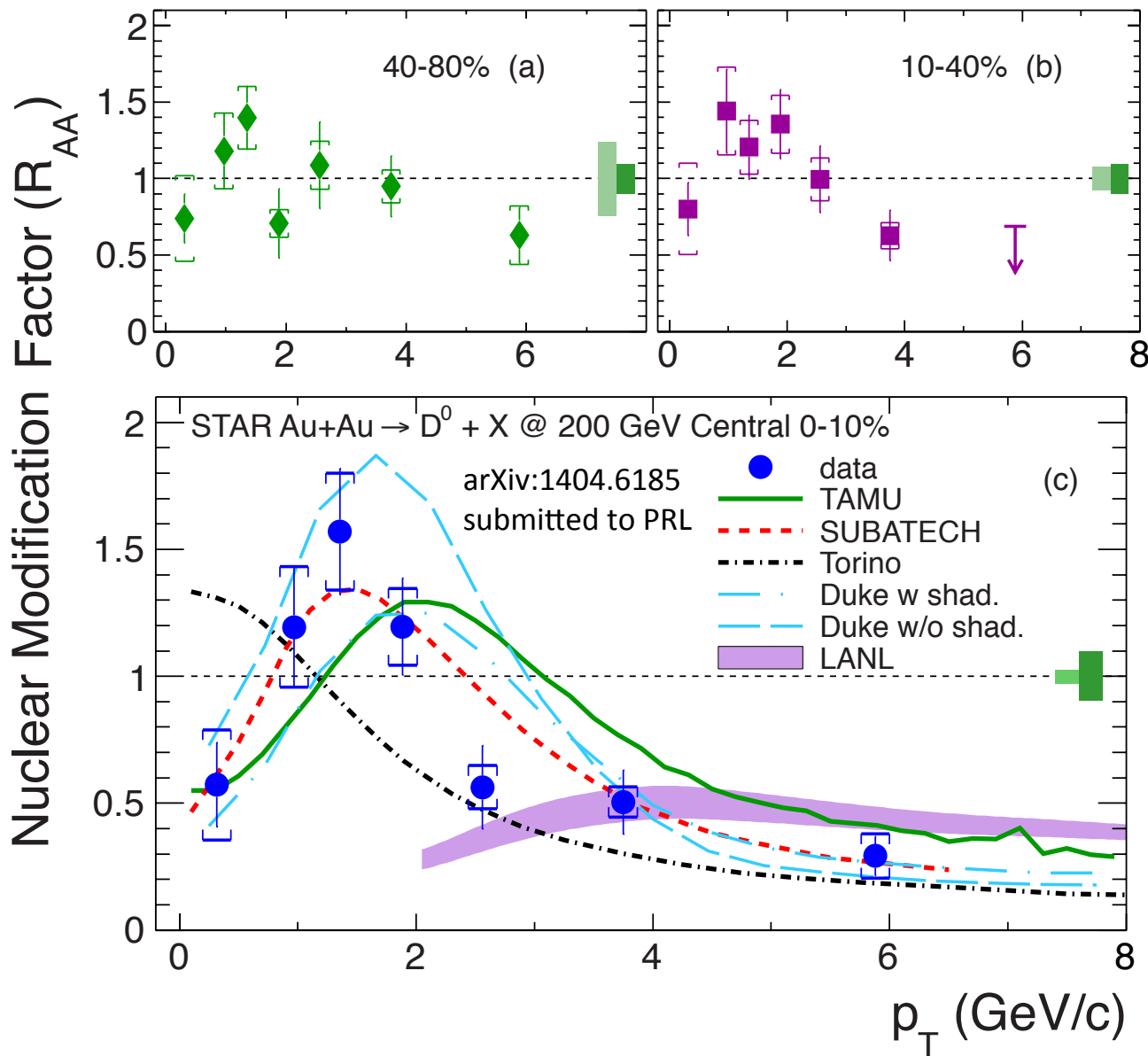
- ★ p+p baseline from Levy fit to Run 09 data
- ★ strong suppression in central collisions at $p_T > 2 \text{ GeV}/c$
- ★ enhancement at $1 < p_T < 2 \text{ GeV}/c$

D⁰ suppression in Au+Au



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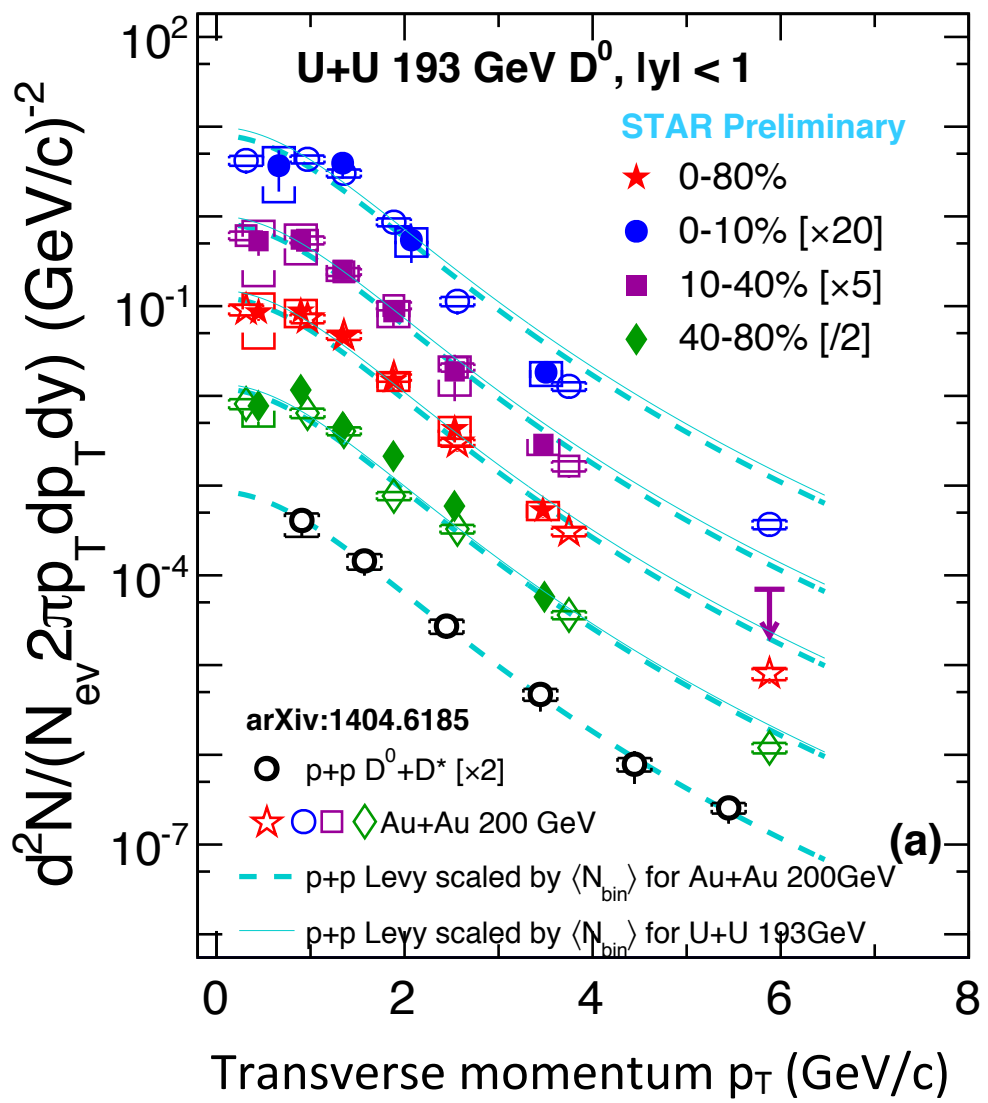
D⁰ suppression in Au+Au



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- ★ strong suppression in central collisions at $p_T > 2$ GeV/c
- ★ like the suppression of pions
- ★ enhancement at $1 < p_T < 2$ GeV/c
- ★ Understanding from models
- ★ The enhancement is predicted by models that include charm-light quark coalescence
- ★ The suppression is consistent with strong charm-medium interaction
- ★ Cold Nuclear Matter effects might be important



D⁰ in U+U collisions



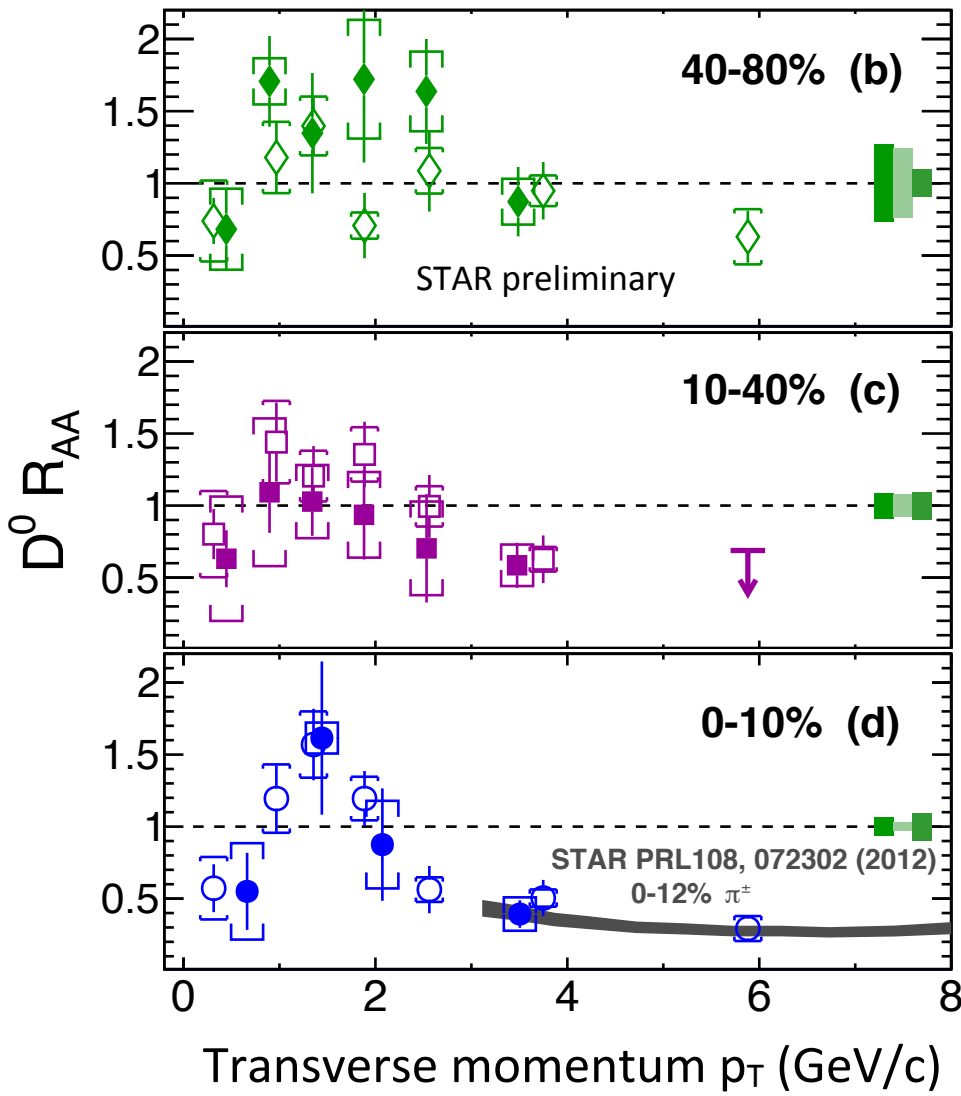
U+U collisions reach ~20% higher Bjorken energy density than Au+Au
PRC 84 054907

open symbols: Au+Au closed symbols: U+U



D⁰ in U+U collisions

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PRC 84 054907

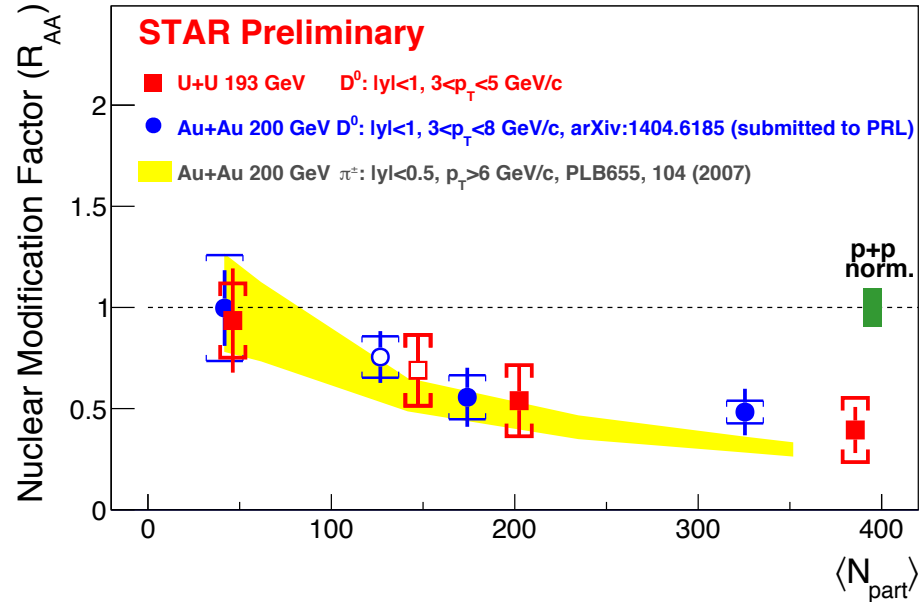
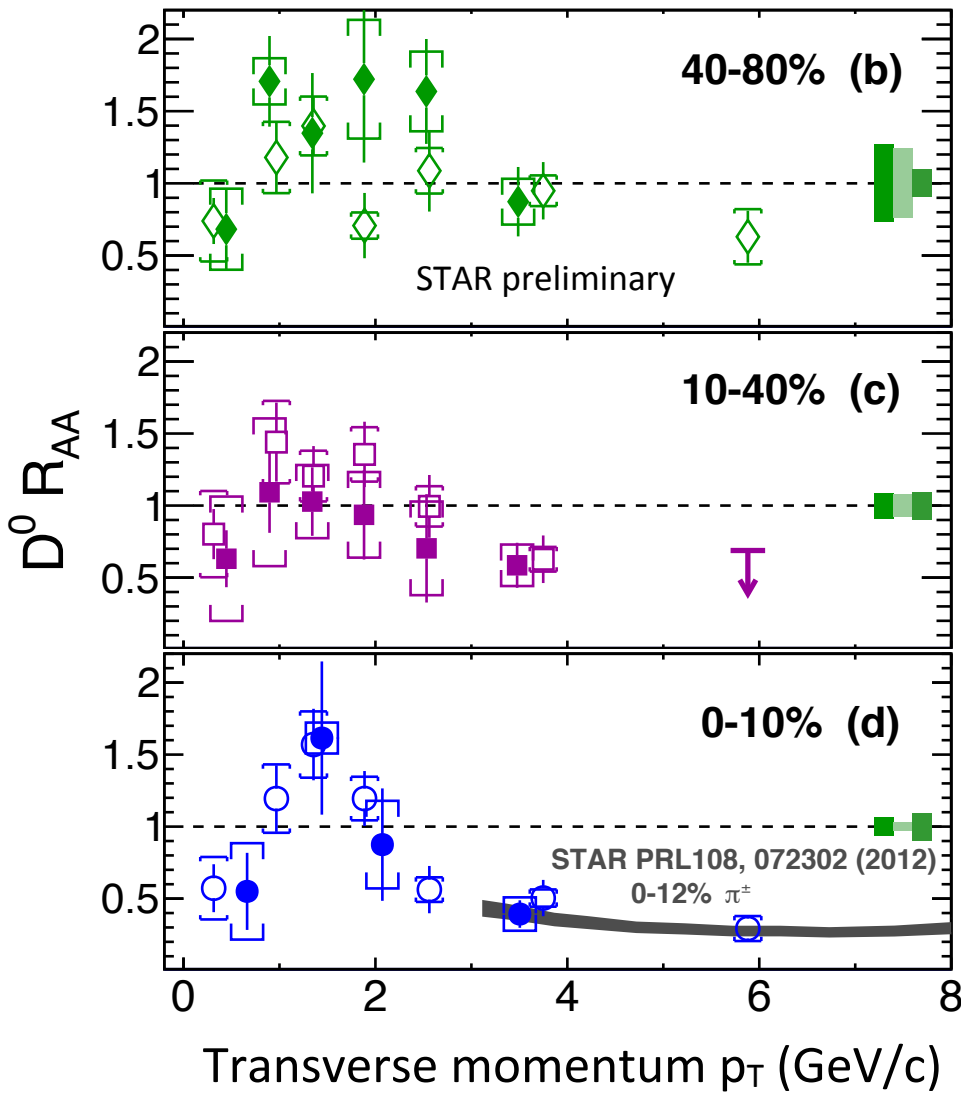


open symbols: Au+Au closed symbols: U+U



D⁰ in U+U collisions

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open symbols: Au+Au closed symbols: U+U

- ★ Trend in Au+Au continued in U+U
- ★ increasing suppression for $p_T > 3$ GeV/c with N_{part}

$$Y_{\text{NPE}} = \zeta Y_{e^-} - \frac{Y_\gamma}{\epsilon_\gamma}$$

Y_{NPE} : Yield of Non-photonic electrons

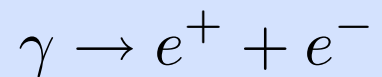
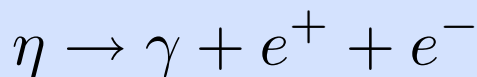
ζ : Purity of inclusive electrons

Y_{e^-} : Yield of inclusive electrons

Y_γ : Yield of the photonic electrons

ϵ_γ : Efficiency of photonic electrons reconstruction

main sources of photonic electrons:



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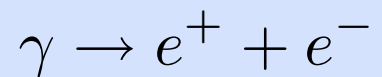
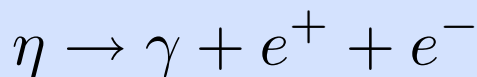
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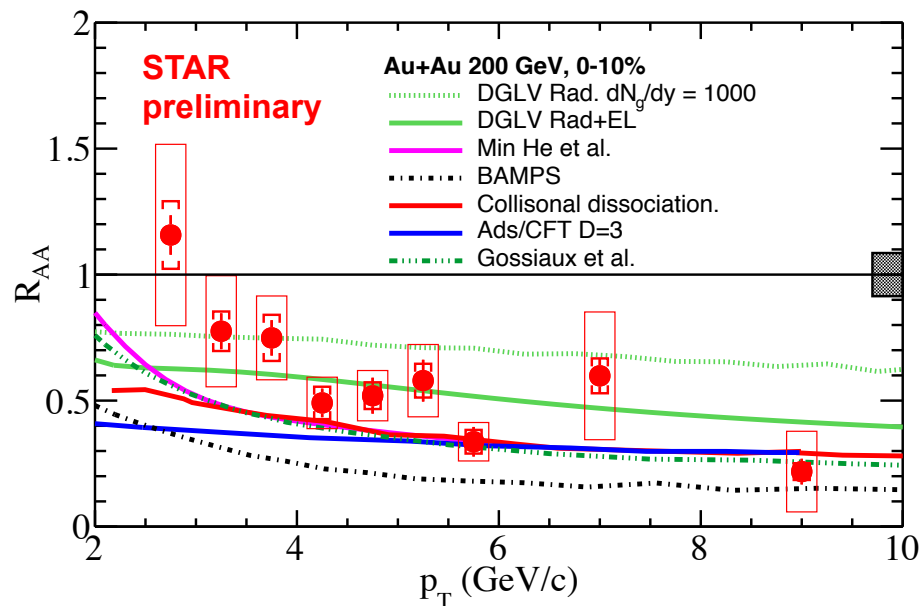
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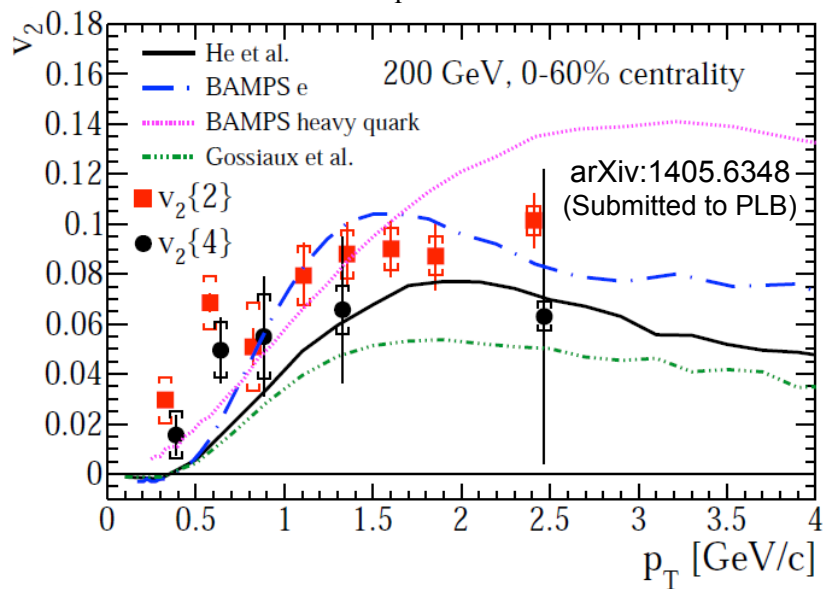


secondary contributions: ρ , ω , Φ Dalitz decays, Drell-Yan, Charmonia



★ Suppression

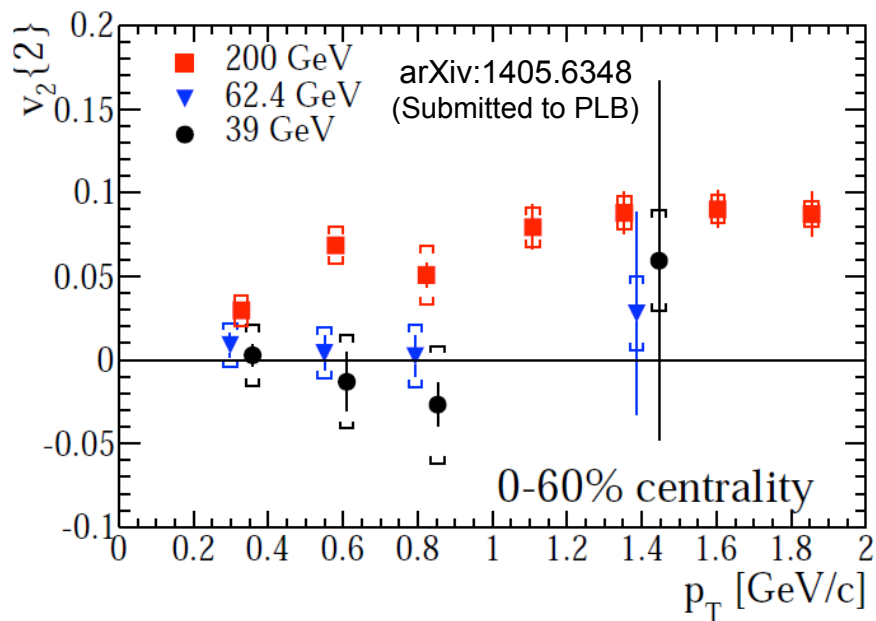
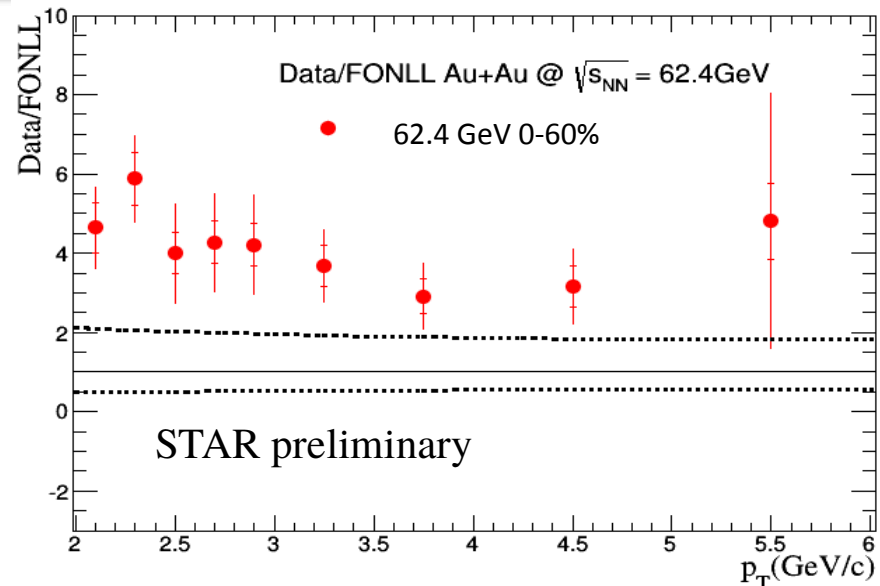
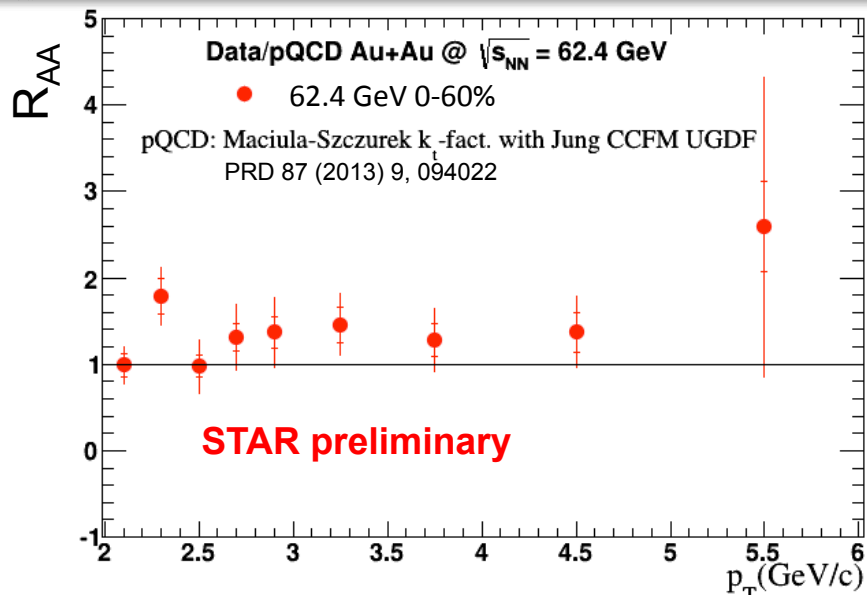
- ★ significant suppression of NPE in central collisions at $p_T > 4$ GeV/c
- ★ similar to that of D^0 and light hadrons
- ★ radiative energy loss alone not enough to explain the suppression
 - ➔ consistency with SUBATECH model for D^0 R_{AA}



★ Anisotropy (v_2)

- ★ Substantial elliptic flow of NPE is seen in 200 GeV Au+Au collisions

NPE in 39 and 62.4 GeV Au+Au collisions



★ Suppression

- ★ no sign of suppression of NPE in 62.4 GeV Au+Au collisions for $2 < p_T < 6$ GeV/c

- ★ note: pQCD-scaled p+p reference

★ Anisotropy (v_2)

- ★ NPE in 39 and 62.4 GeV Au+Au collisions consistent with no flow at $p_T < 1$ GeV/c

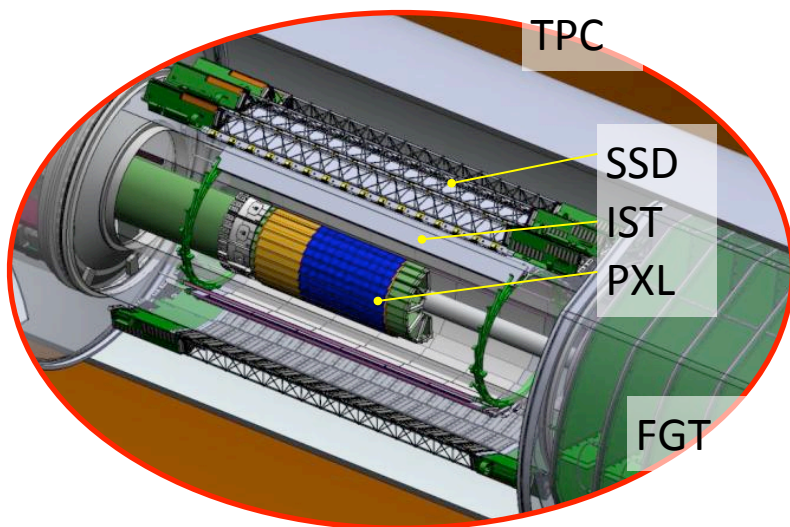
- ★ Charm pair production x-section in p+p collisions is consistent with pQCD predictions
- ★ Total D^0 x-section follows N_{bin} scaling confirming that **charm is produced in initial hard processes**
- ★ D^0 enhancement around 1.5 GeV/c suggests **charm-light quark coalescence**
- ★ Strong suppression of D^0 production above 3 GeV/c in central Au+Au collisions indicates **strong charm-medium interaction**
- ★ U+U measurements show similar suppression pattern to Au+Au
- ★ Non-photonic electrons in Au+Au at 62.4 GeV not suppressed and have elliptic flow consistent with zero, contrary to 200 GeV

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Stay tuned for new great results with HFT and MTD

Thank you

Heavy Flavor Tracker

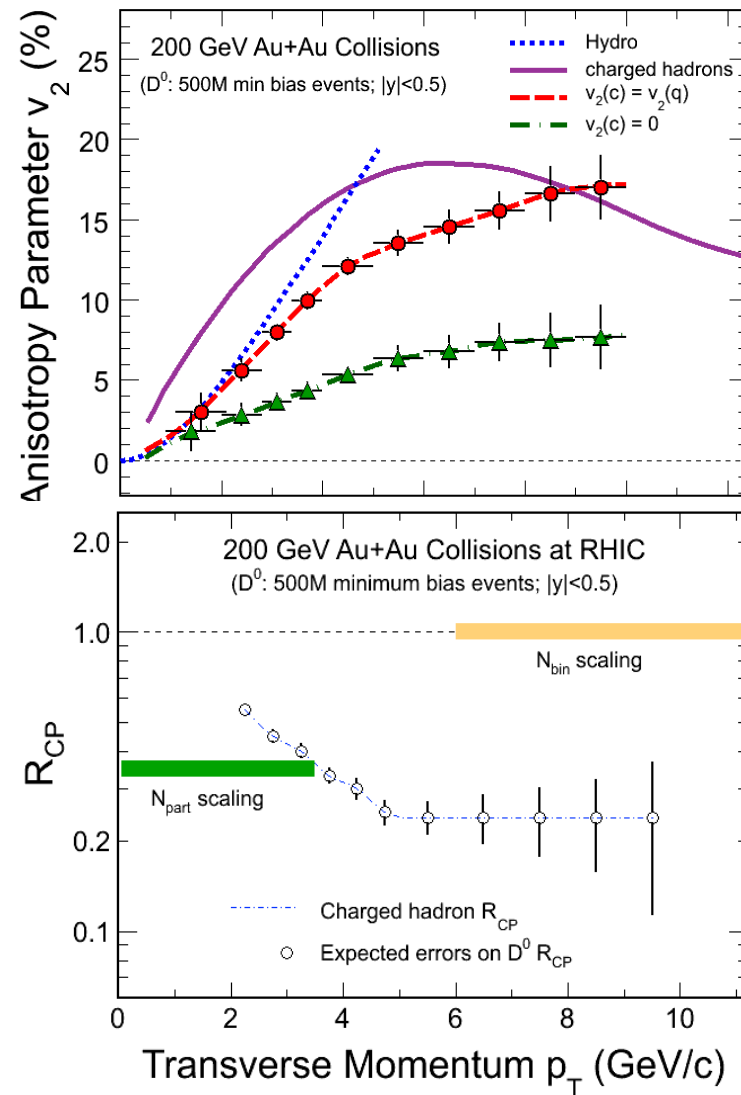


STAR Heavy Flavor Tracker Project.

- ✓ Reconstruct secondary vertex.
- ✓ Dramatically improve the precision of measurements.
- ✓ Address physics related to heavy flavor.

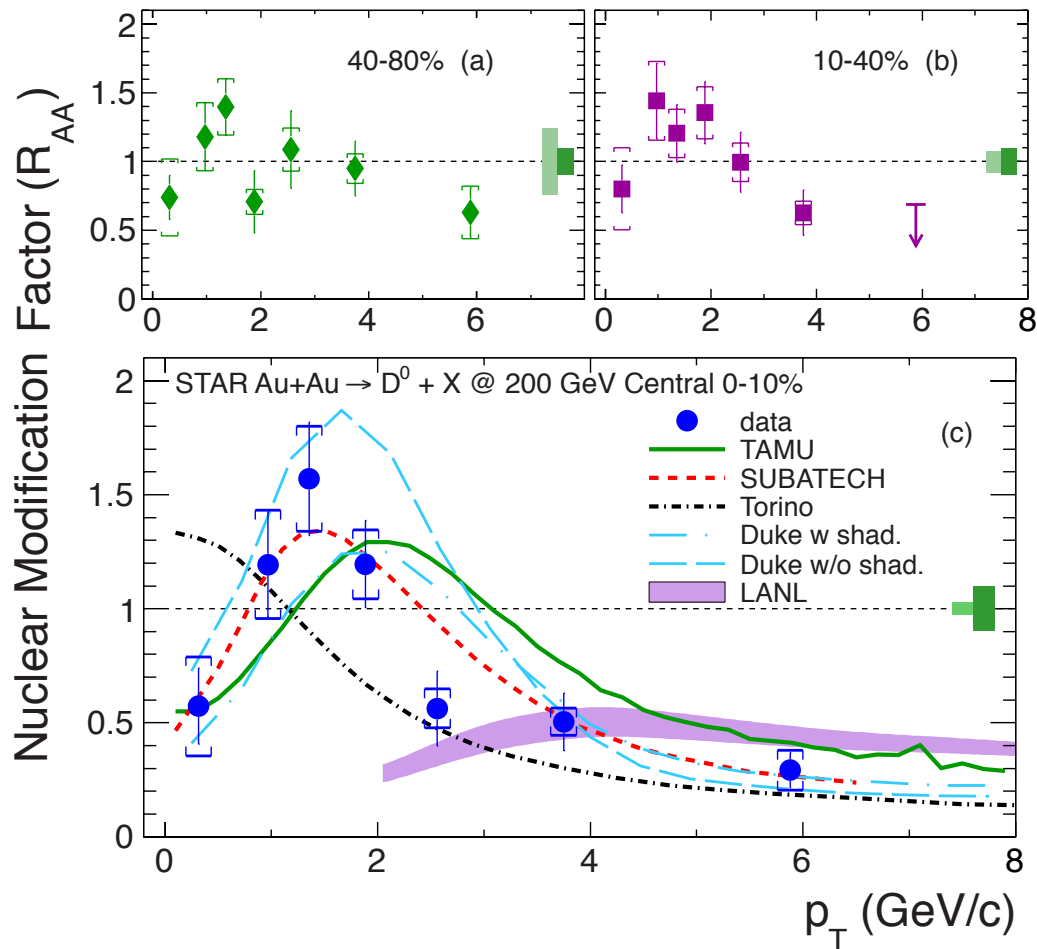
v_2 : thermalization

R_{CP} : charm quark energy loss mechanism.





Models For R_{AA}



	TAMU	SUBTECH	Torino	Duke	LANL
HQ prod.	LO	FNOLL	NLO	LO	LO
QGP-Hydro.	ideal	ideal	viscous	viscous	ideal
HQ eLoss	coll.	coll.+rad.	coll.+rad.	coll.+rad.	diss.+rad.
Coalescence	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
Cronin effect	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Shadowing	No	No	Yes	Yes/No	Yes

★ Understanding from models

- ★ The enhancement is predicted by models that include charm-light quark coalescence
- ★ The suppression is consistent with strong charm-medium interaction
- ★ Cold Nuclear Matter effects might be important