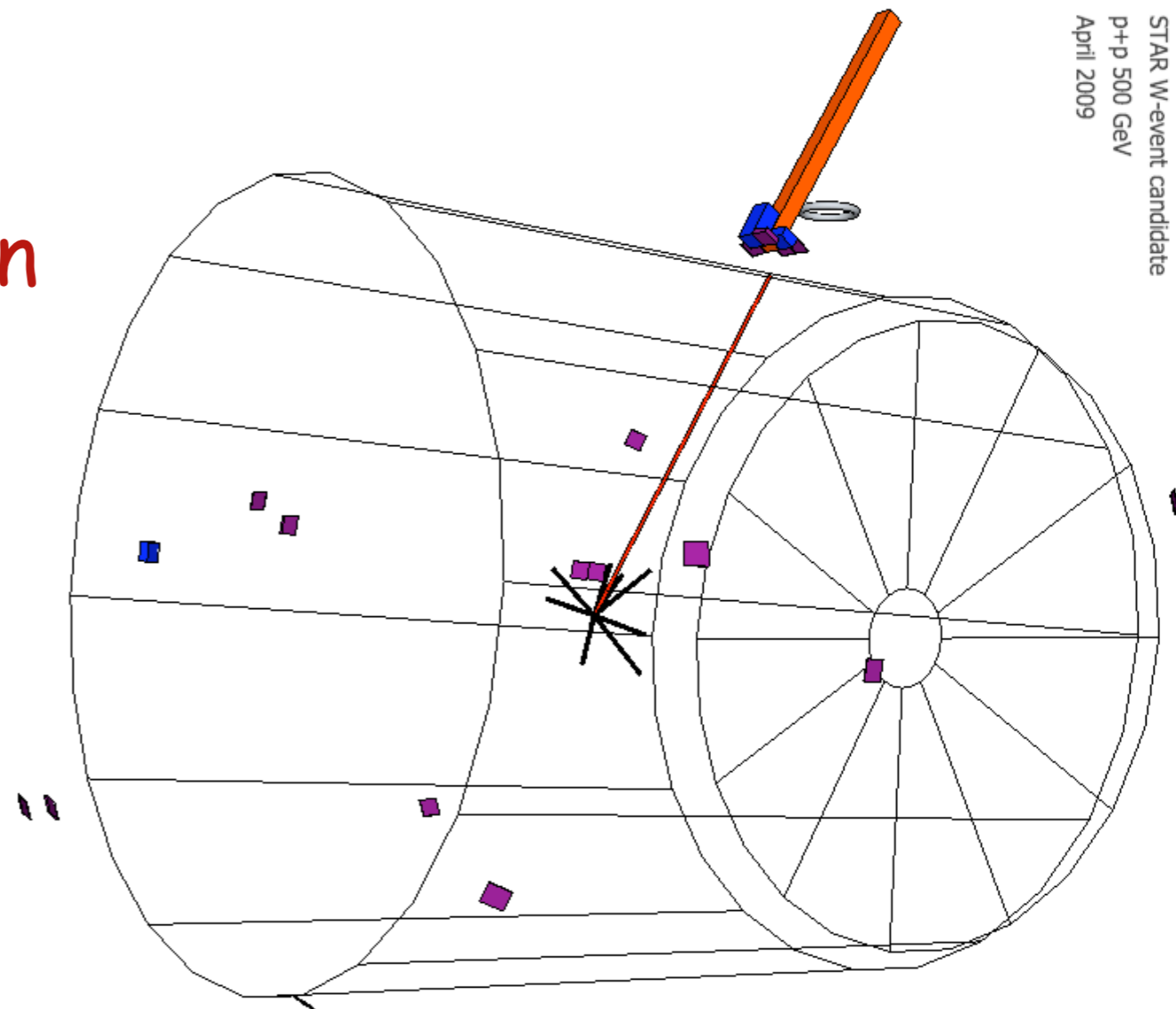


First measurement of the parity-violating spin asymmetry A_L for W at mid-rapidity at STAR

Jan Balewski (MIT)
for the STAR Collaboration



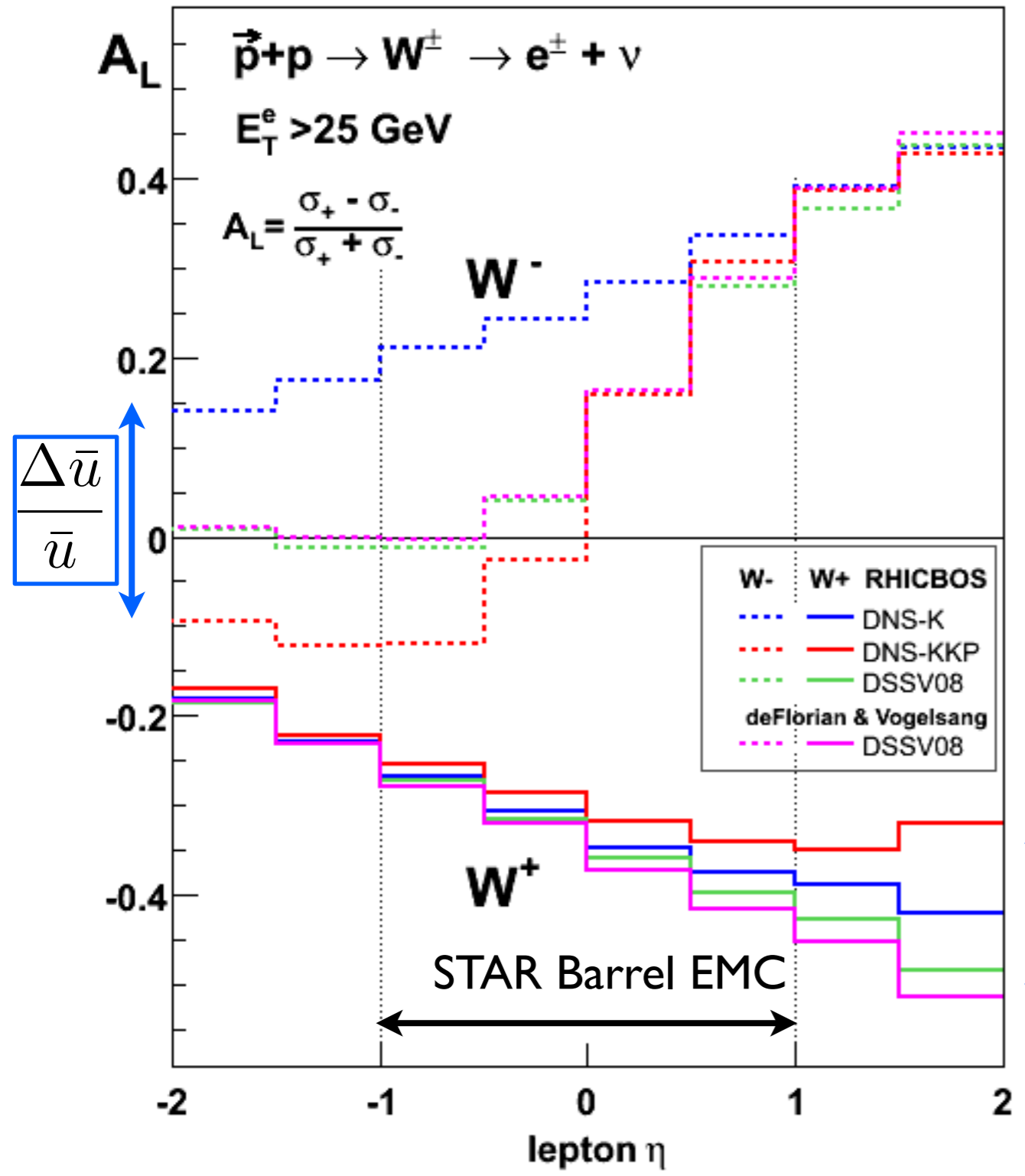
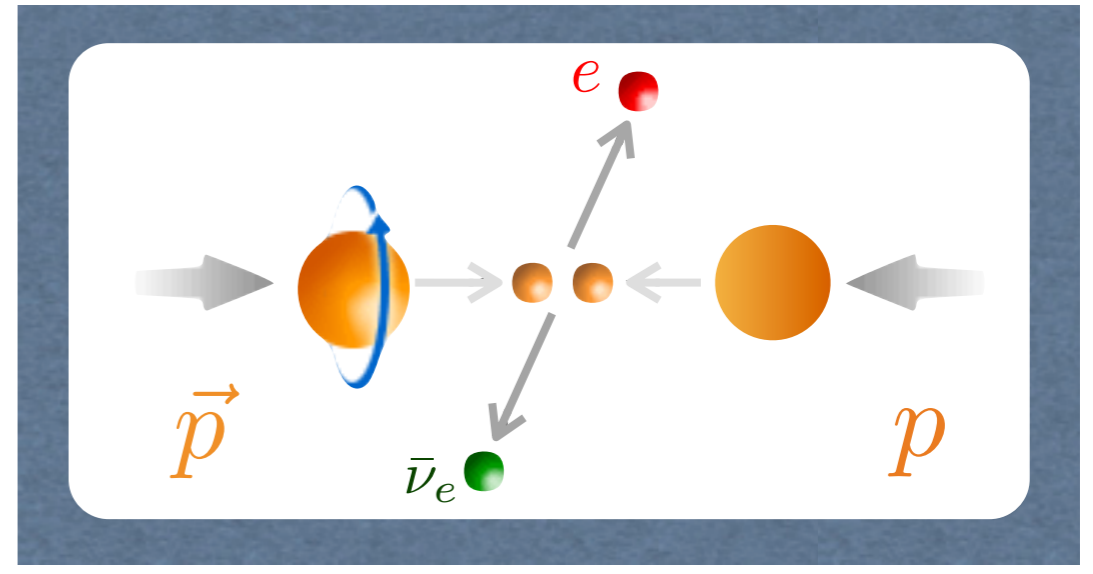
APS April Meeting 2010
February 16, 2010
Washington, DC



STAR W-event candidate
p+p 500 GeV
April 2009

Predictions for $W A_L$

$$A_L = \frac{\sigma_+ - \sigma_-}{\sigma_+ + \sigma_-}$$

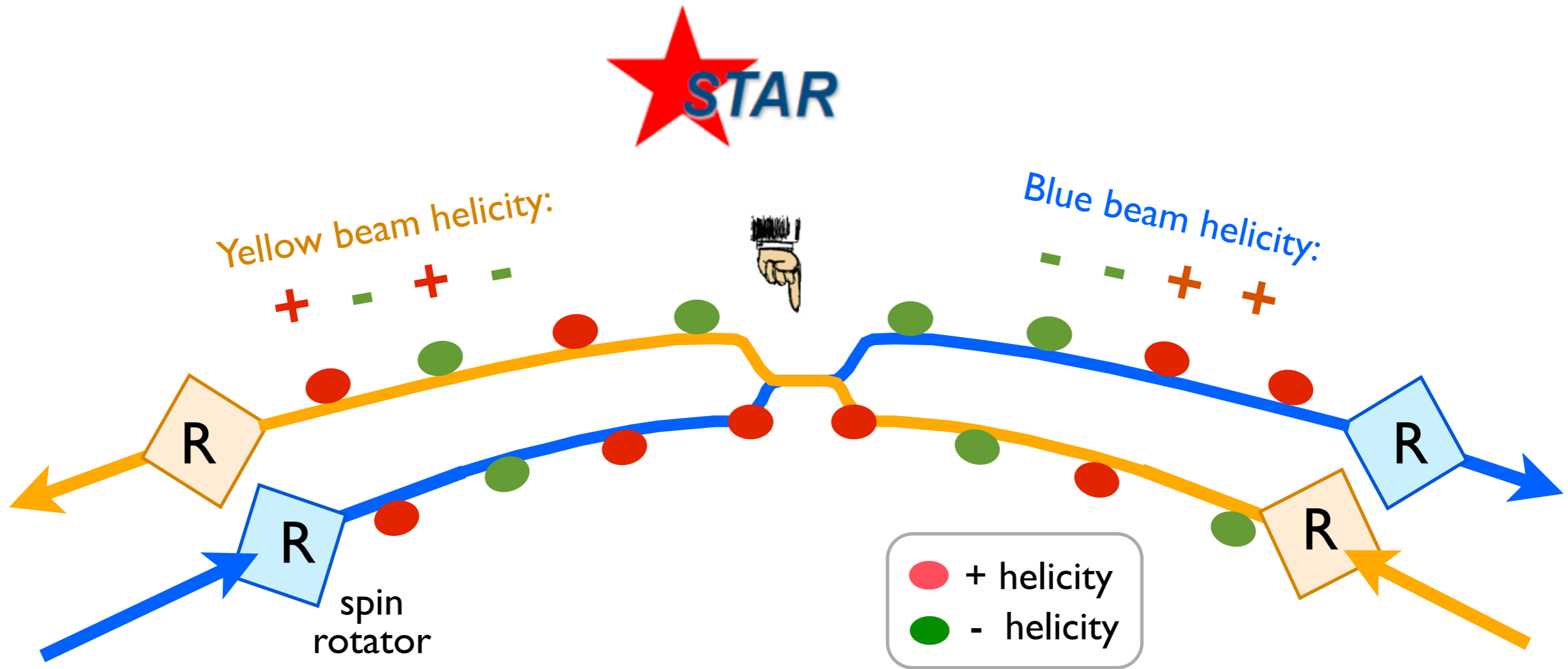


$$A_L^{W^-} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\Delta \bar{u}}{\bar{u}} \quad - \frac{\Delta d}{d} \right)$$

$$A_L^{W^+} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\Delta \bar{d}}{\bar{d}} \quad - \frac{\Delta u}{u} \right)$$

LO interpretation for $x_1=x_2$

Helicity of beams colliding at STAR

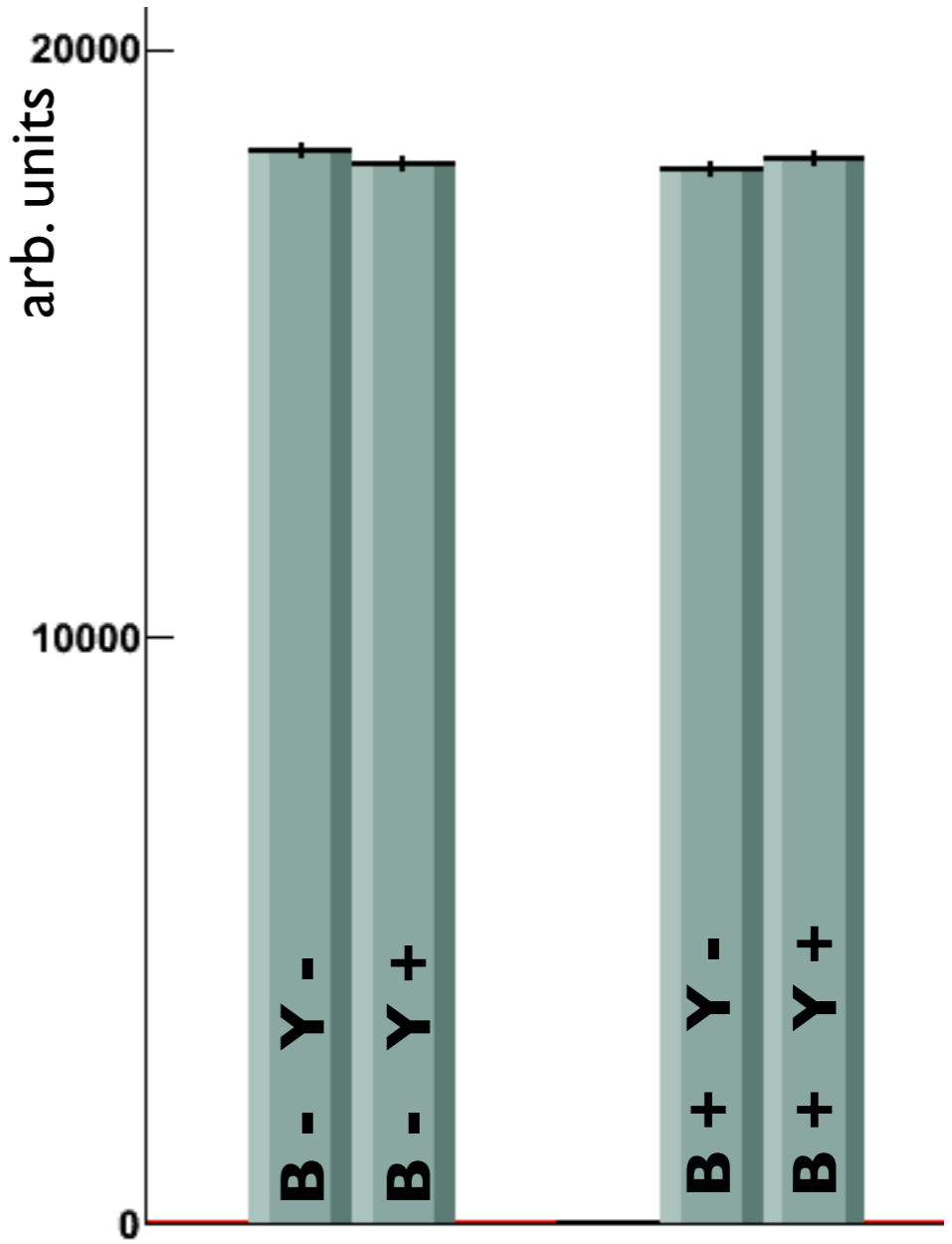
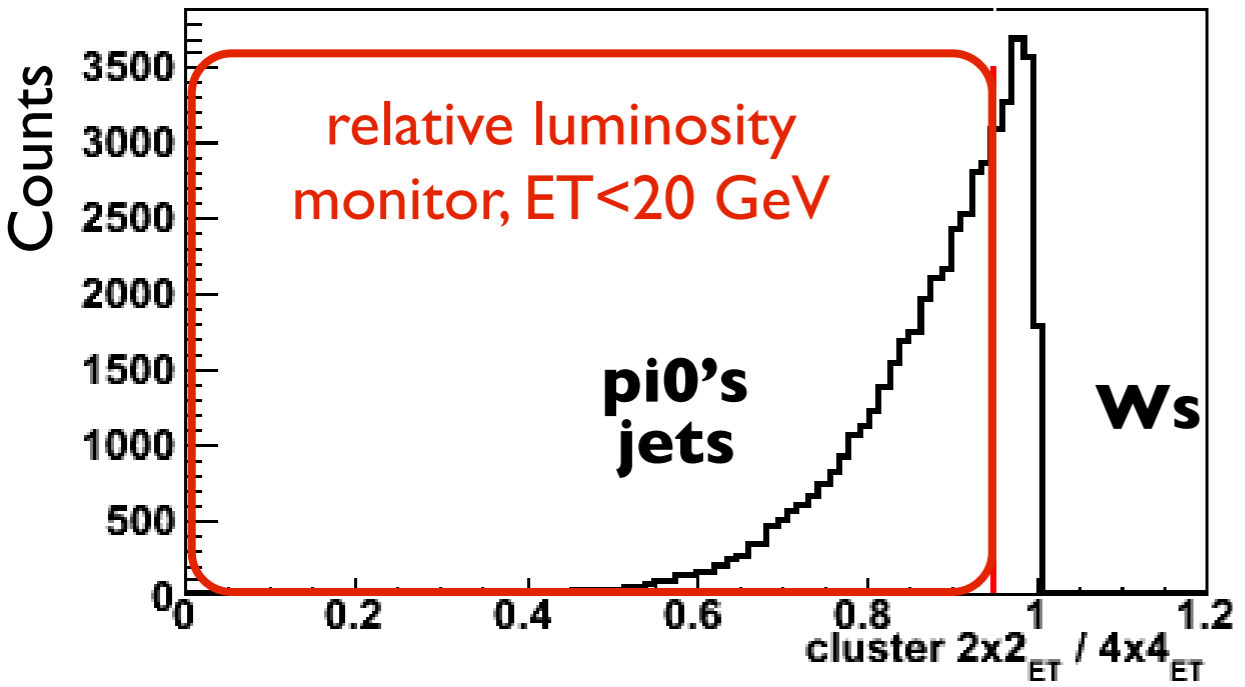
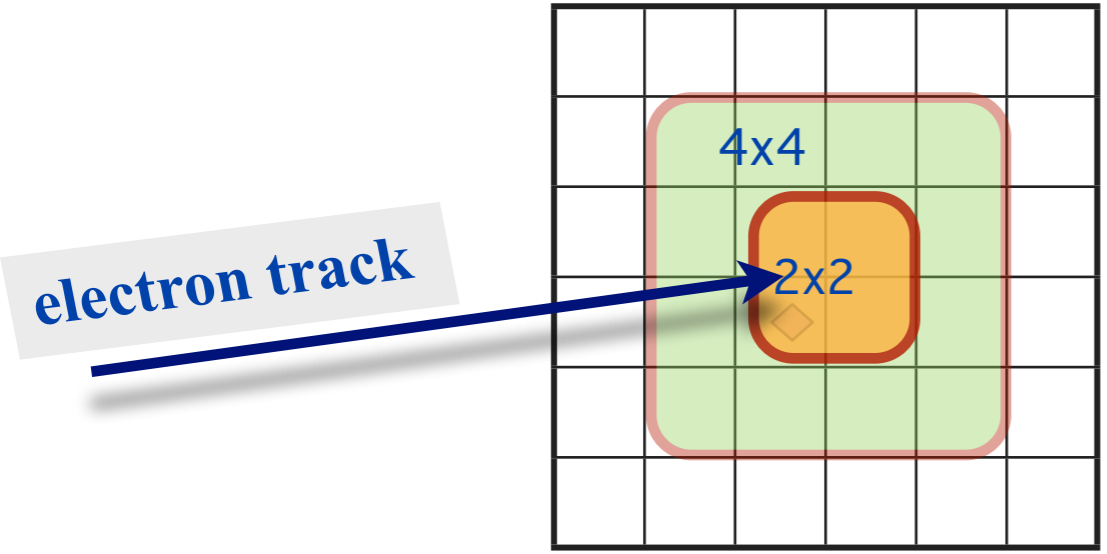


STAR sees 4 helicity configurations
STAR runs 4 parallel measurements

RHIC measured polarization
Run 9 @ 2x250 GeV
Pol yellow 0.40
Pol blue 0.38
syst. pol (blue+yellow)=9.2%

Spin dependent luminosity monitoring

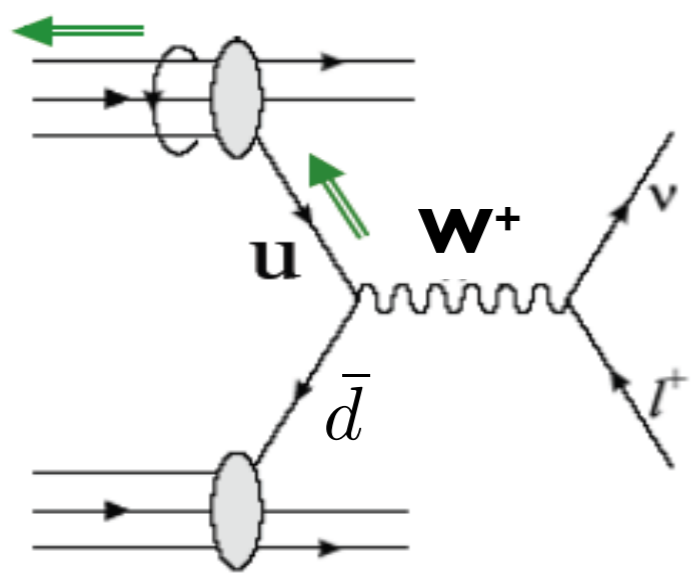
spin dependent luminosity of 4 states monitored to ~1%



helicities of beams colliding at STAR

u-quark polarization seen with 'naked eye'

negative helicity

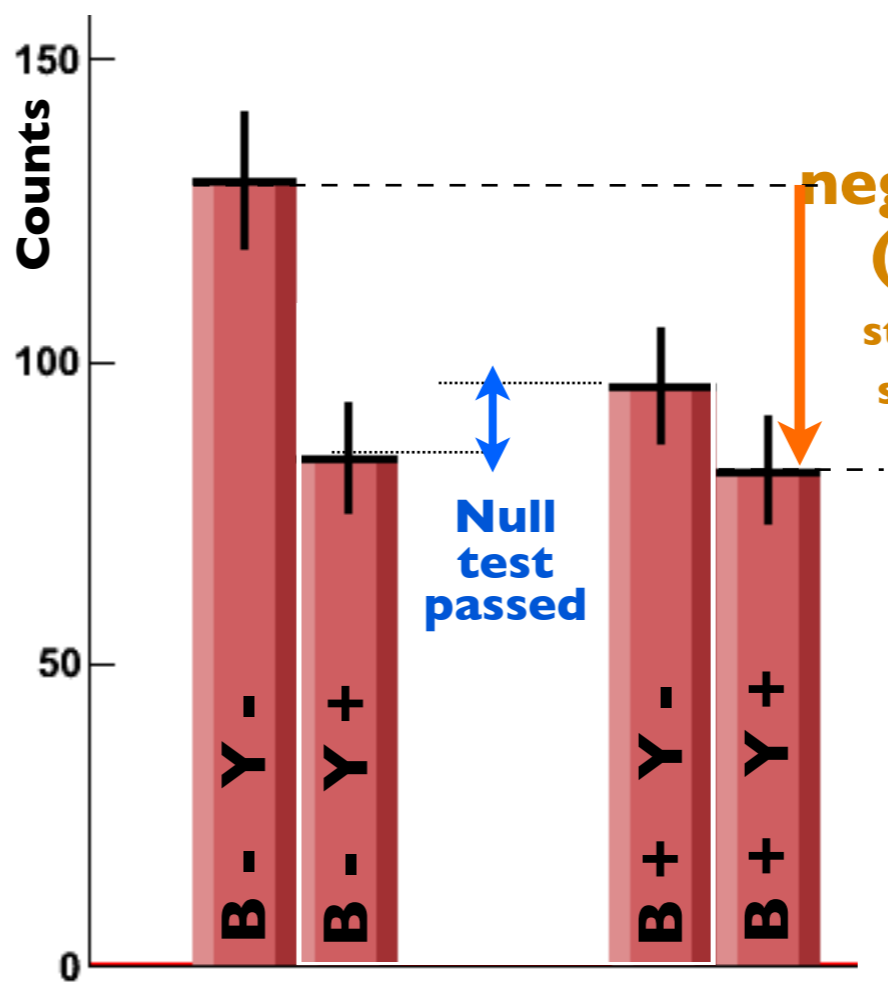


unpolarized proton

W+ yields integrated over |eta| < 1

$$A_L^{W^+} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\Delta d}{d} - \frac{\Delta u}{u} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{N}_{++} &\simeq \sigma_0 \mathcal{L}_{++} [1 + A_L P_1 + A_L P_2] \\ \mathcal{N}_{--} &\simeq \sigma_0 \mathcal{L}_{--} [1 - A_L P_1 - A_L P_2] \\ \text{eps} &= \frac{\mathcal{N}_{++} - \mathcal{N}_{--}}{\mathcal{N}_{++} + \mathcal{N}_{--}} \\ &\simeq A_L \cdot (P_1 + P_2) \simeq -0.3 \cdot 0.8 = -0.24 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{eps} &= \frac{82 - 130}{212} = -0.23 \\ \sigma(\text{eps}) &\simeq \frac{1}{\sqrt{212}} = 0.07 \end{aligned}$$

$\frac{\text{eps}}{\sigma(\text{eps})} = 3.3$

'naked eye' means big detector + 2 counters + a hand calculator

Spin dependent x-section for longitudinal polarization

yields integrated over $|\eta| < 1$

		P-V A_L (the goal)	A_N x residual transverse pol Q	A_{LL}
$\frac{\mathcal{N}_{++}}{L_{++}}$	=	$\sigma_0 [1 + \underline{A_L(P_1 + P_2)}$	$+ \underline{A_N(Q_1 - Q_2)\delta}$	$+ \underline{A_{LL}P_1P_2}]$
$\frac{\mathcal{N}_{+-}}{L_{+-}}$	=	$\sigma_0 [1 + A_L(P_1 - P_2)$	$+ A_N(Q_1 + Q_2)\delta$	$- A_{LL}P_1P_2]$
$\frac{\mathcal{N}_{-+}}{L_{-+}}$	=	$\sigma_0 [1 - A_L(P_1 - P_2)$	$- A_N(Q_1 + Q_2)\delta$	$- A_{LL}P_1P_2]$
$\frac{\mathcal{N}_{--}}{L_{--}}$	=	$\sigma_0 [1 - A_L(P_1 + P_2)$	$- A_N(Q_1 - Q_2)\delta$	$+ A_{LL}P_1P_2]$

**neglected because
STAR is phi-symmetric**

$$\delta \simeq \int_{2\pi} d\phi_e \text{Effi}(\phi_e) \sin(\phi_e) \simeq 0.02$$



Longitudinal spin asymmetries for Ws

STAR has measured 4 independent yields for the physics process
selected 3 asymmetries are independent (6 were investigated)

yields integrated over $|\eta| < 1$

Leading physics asymmetry	cross section dependence	raw asymmetry
A_L (blue)	$(\sigma_{++} + \sigma_{+-} - \sigma_{--} - \sigma_{-+}) / sum4$	$A_L P_1$
A_L (yellow)	$(\sigma_{++} + \sigma_{-+} - \sigma_{--} - \sigma_{+-}) / sum4$	$A_L P_2$
A_L (average)	$(\sigma_{++} - \sigma_{--}) / sum4$	$A_L \frac{P_1 + P_2}{2}$
A_{LL}	$(\sigma_{++} + \sigma_{--} - \sigma_{-+} - \sigma_{+-}) / sum4$	$A_{LL} P_1 P_2$
Null test	$A_L(P_1 - P_2)$	$\frac{A_L(P_1 - P_2)}{1 - A_{LL}P_1P_2}$
	$A_L^* \simeq A_L$	$\frac{A_L(P_1 + P_2)}{1 + A_{LL}P_1P_2}$

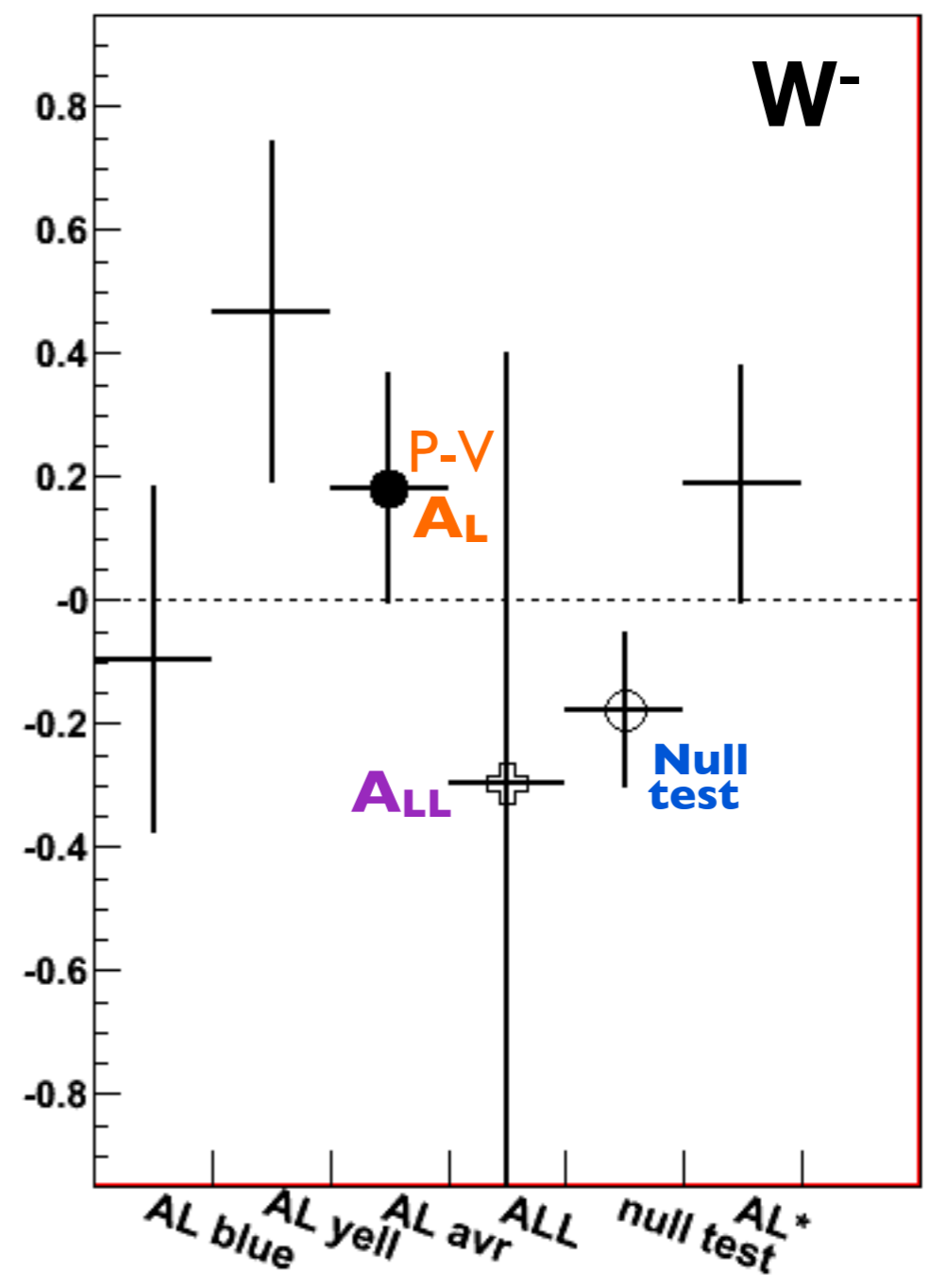
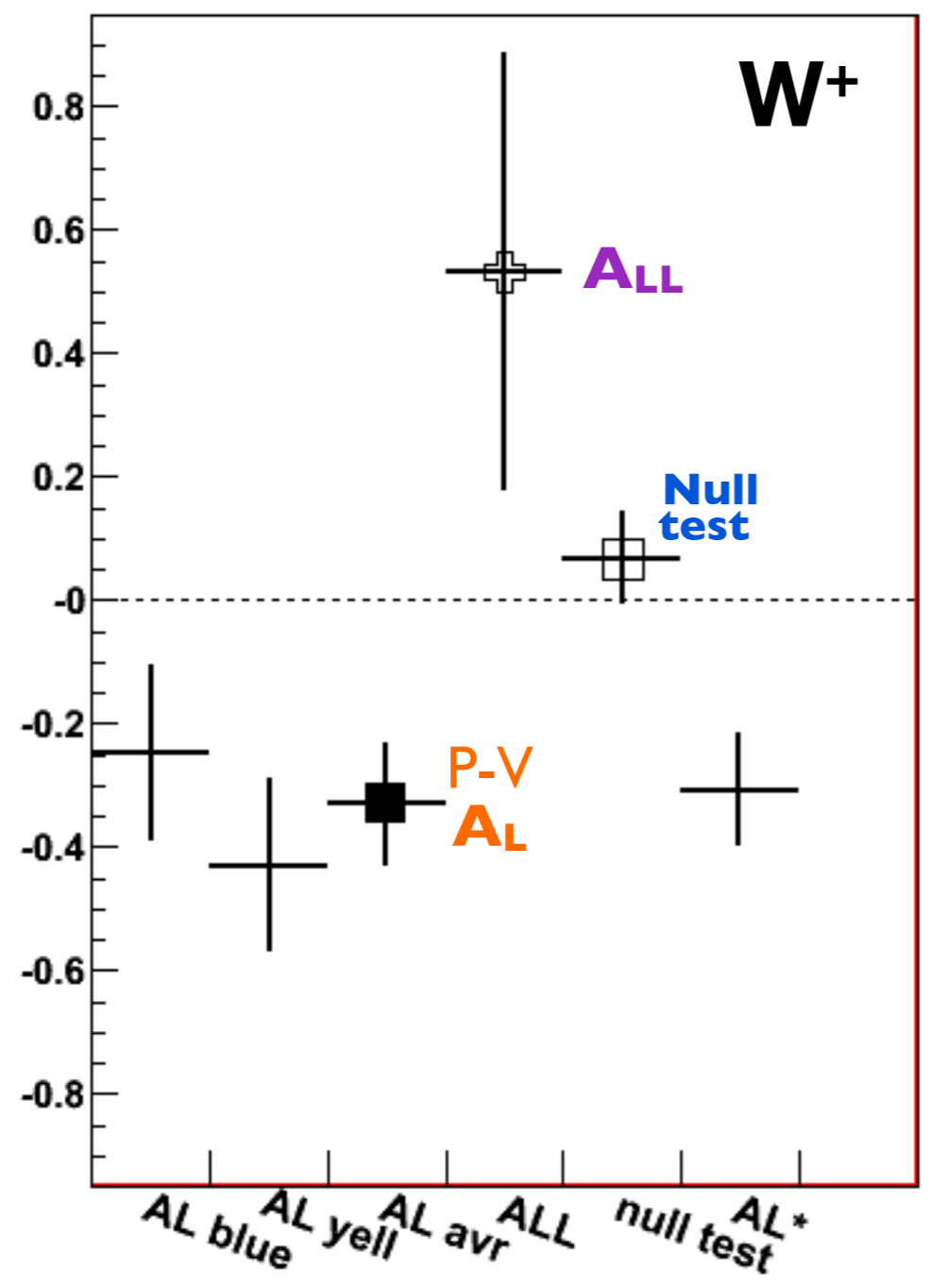
where $sum4 = \sigma_{++} + \sigma_{+-} + \sigma_{-+} + \sigma_{--}$

6 measured spin asymmetries for W^+ and W^-

STAR Run 9 data integrated over $|\eta| < 1$

Positive charge, unpol yield=392

Negative charge, unpol yield=118



Physics asymmetries corrected for unpolarized background

Systematic errors for A_L

Full list of accounted systematic errors in Run 9

W⁺		W⁻		
high	low	high	low	
0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	absolute polarization magnitude of both beams (P1+P2)
0.07	0.02	0.13	0.03	QCD unpolarized background
0.07	0.07	0.14	0.14	QCD pol. bckg. ~0: use 1/2 stat error of this test
0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	decay of pol. within fill
0.13	0.11	0.21	0.17	total syst. in fraction of measured A_L

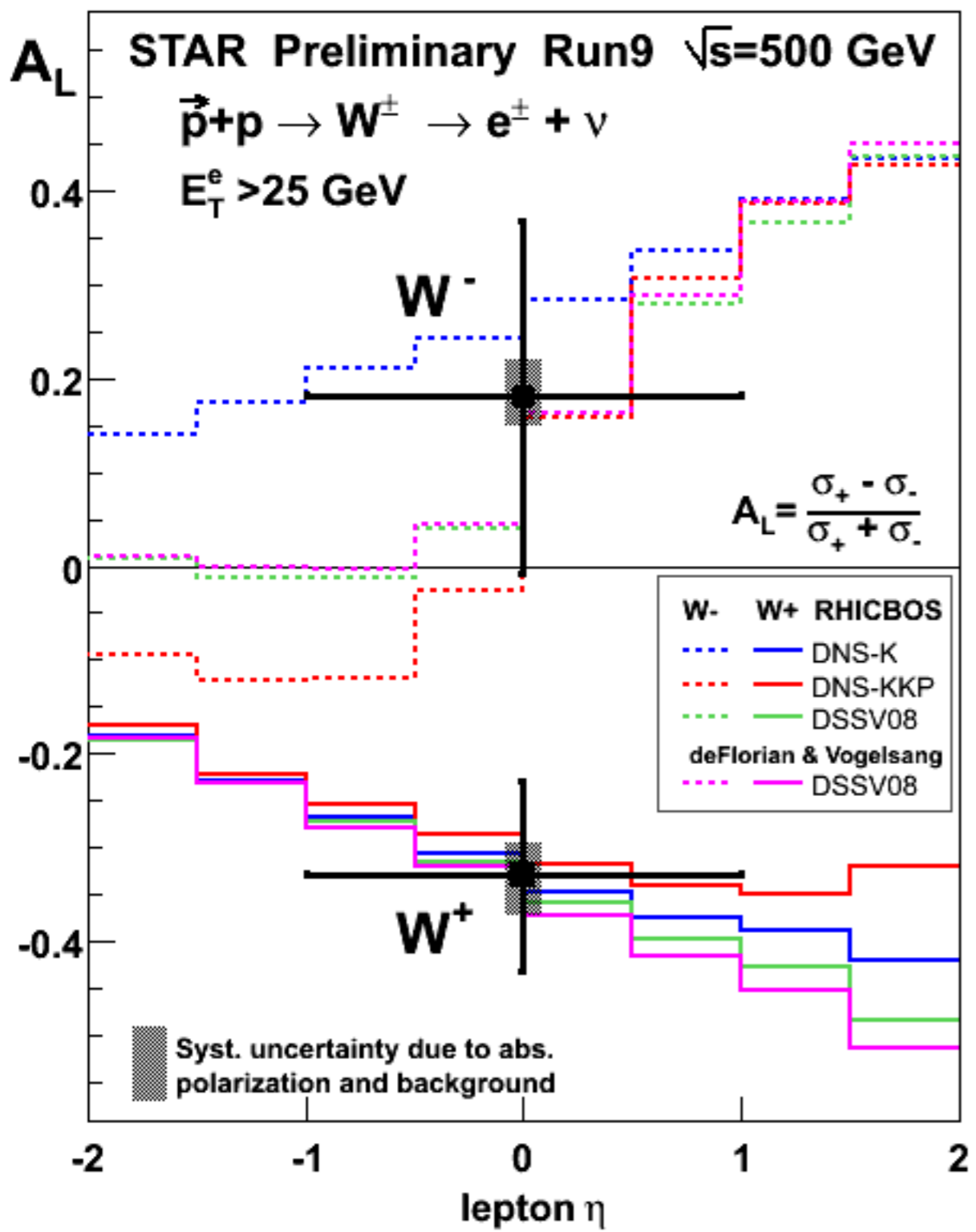
Following effects were considered and their contribution **found negligible**

* dilution of A_L due to swap of W⁺/W⁻ charge: tracks with too small to measure curvature were removed (discussed by Justin S. during previous talk)

* $A_{LL}P_1P_2$ term cancels out ,

* $A_N(Q_1 - Q_2)\delta < 1/1000$ since: $\delta \simeq \int_{2\pi} d\phi_e \text{Effi}(\phi_e)\sin(\phi_e) \simeq 0.02$ and $Q_1 \sim Q_2 < 0.1$

A_L for Ws measured in Run 9



$$A_L = \frac{\sigma_+ - \sigma_-}{\sigma_+ + \sigma_-}$$

STAR Preliminary Run 9

$A_L(W^+) = -0.33 \pm 0.10(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.04(\text{syst.})$

$A_L(W^-) = 0.18 \pm 0.19(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.04(\text{syst.})$

- ## Summary
- (for mid rapidity leptons)**
- $A_L(W^+)$ negative, as predicted, **3.3 sigma < 0**
 - $A_L(W^-)$ central value positive, as expected
 - systematic errors of A_L under control
 - TPC charge separation works up to $E_T \sim 50$ GeV