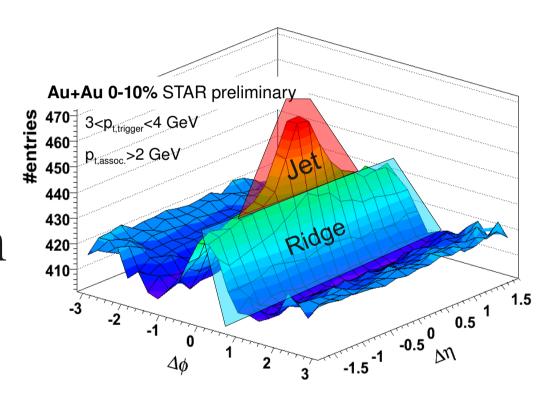
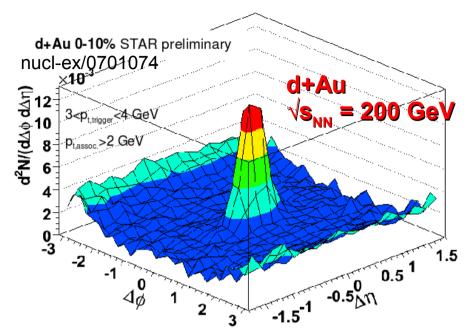


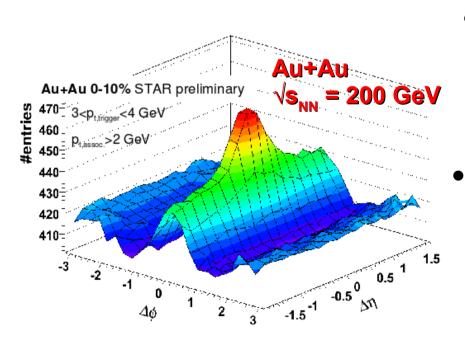
# Outline

- Introduction
- The Jet
- The Ridge
- Conclusions from RHIC data
- At the LHC?



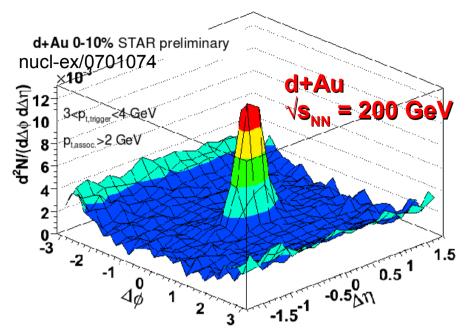
### Motivation – *Jet* and *Ridge*

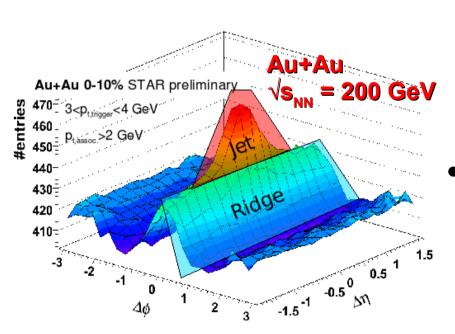




- In d+Au peak narrow in  $\Delta\Phi$ ,  $\Delta\eta$  even for small  $p_{\scriptscriptstyle T}^{\rm trigger}$
- Long-range pseudorapidity  $(\Delta \eta)$  correlations observed by STAR in Au+Au at intermediate  $p_T$
- Significant contribution to the near-side yield in central Au+Au at intermediate p<sub>T</sub> assoc, p<sub>T</sub> trigger
- Yield/trigger number of particles in p<sub>T</sub> assoc range associated with trigger particle with p<sub>T</sub> trigger range

## Motivation – *Jet* and *Ridge*



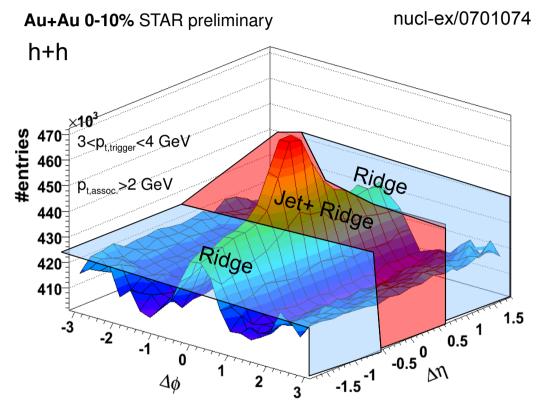


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• *Ridge* previously observed to be independent in  $\Delta \eta$  in Au+Au

• To determine relative contributions, find yields for near-side (-1 $<\Delta\Phi<1$ ),

take  $\Delta\Phi$  projections in

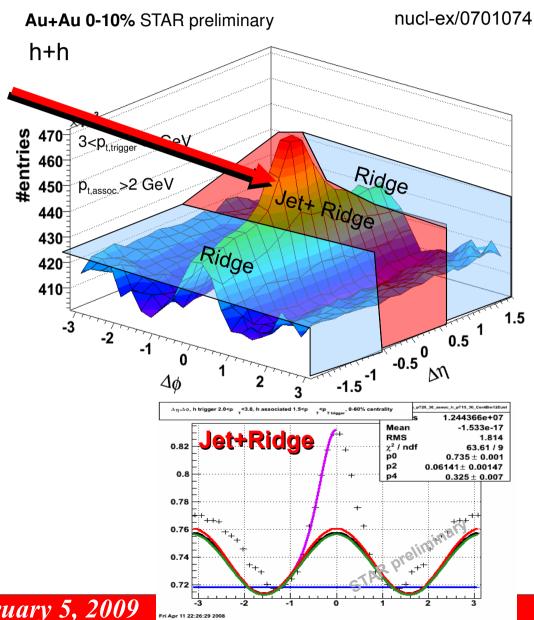


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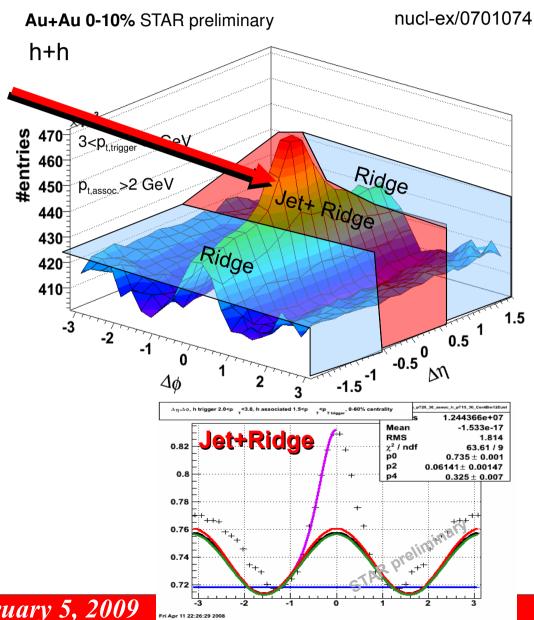


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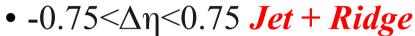
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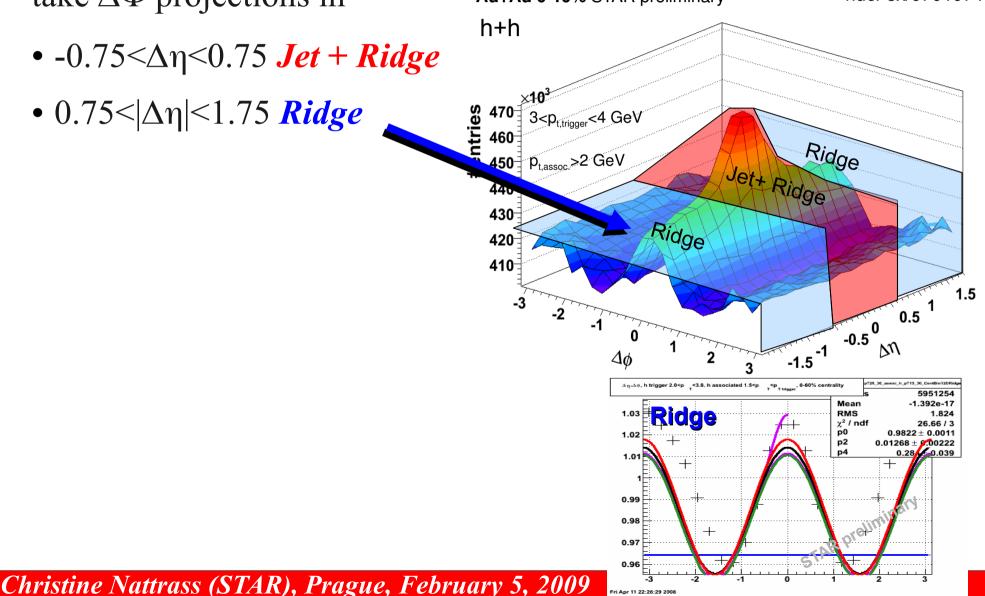


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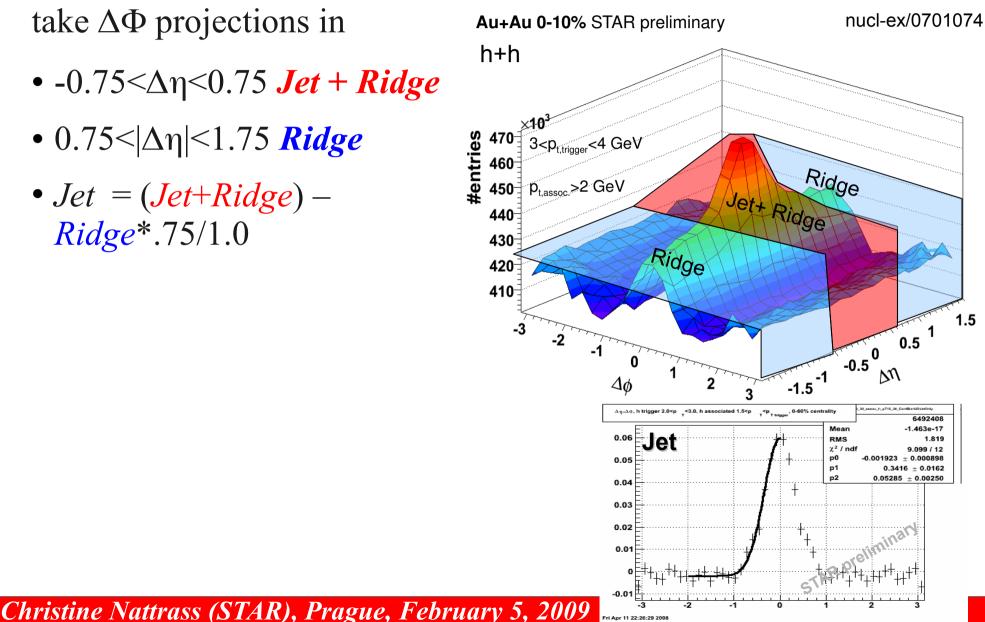
• To determine relative contributions, find yields for near-side ( $-1 < \Delta \Phi < 1$ ), take  $\Delta\Phi$  projections in nucl-ex/0701074 Au+Au 0-10% STAR preliminary



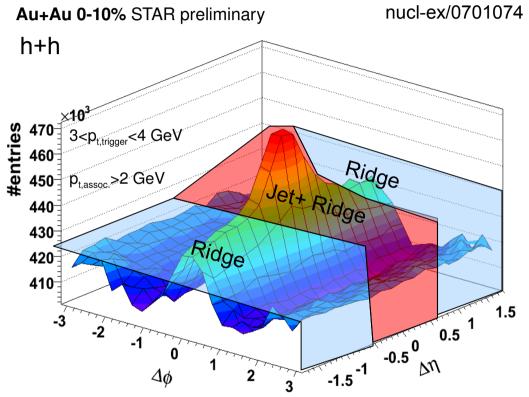
•  $0.75 < |\Delta \eta| < 1.75$  *Ridge* 



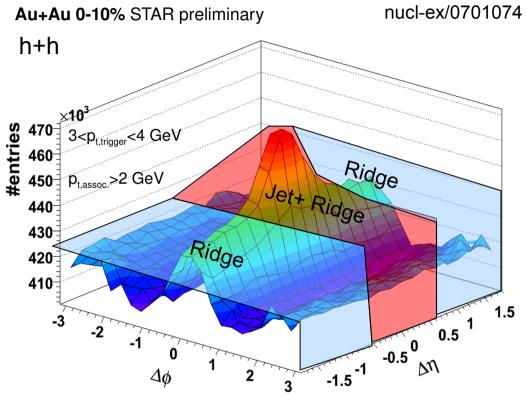
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  - $0.75 < |\Delta \eta| < 1.75$  *Ridge*
  - Jet = (Jet + Ridge) -*Ridge*\*.75/1.0



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  - $0.75 < |\Delta \eta| < 1.75$  *Ridge*
  - Jet = (Jet + Ridge) Ridge\*.75/1.0
  - Ridge = yield from -1.75< $\Delta \eta$ <1.75 – Jet yield

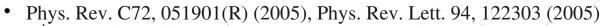


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  - Jet = (Jet + Ridge) Ridge \* .75/1.0
  - Ridge = yield from -1.75< $\Delta \eta$ <1.75 – Jet yield
- Flow contributions to *Jet* cancel
  - $v_2$  independent of  $\eta$  for  $|\eta| < 1$ 
    - Phys. Rev. C72, 051901(R) (2005), Phys. Rev. Lett. 94, 122303 (2005)

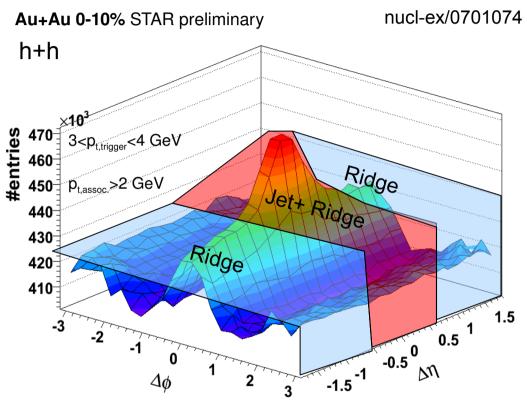


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  - Jet = (Jet + Ridge) Ridge\*.75/1.0
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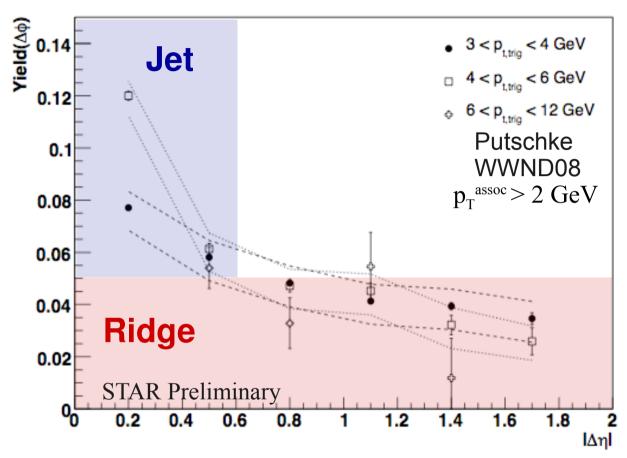




•  $3.0 < p_T^{trigger} < 6.0 \text{ GeV/c}$ ;  $p_T^{assoc} > 1.5 \text{ GeV/c}$  unless otherwise stated

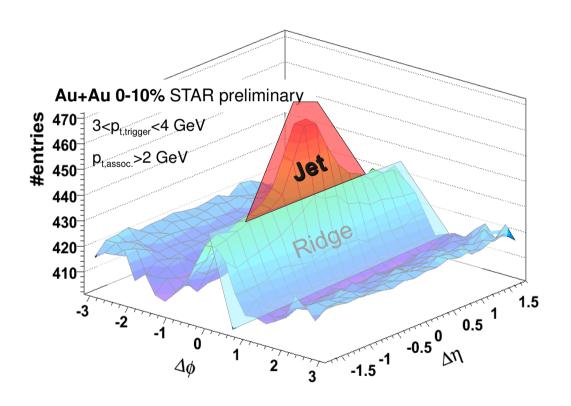


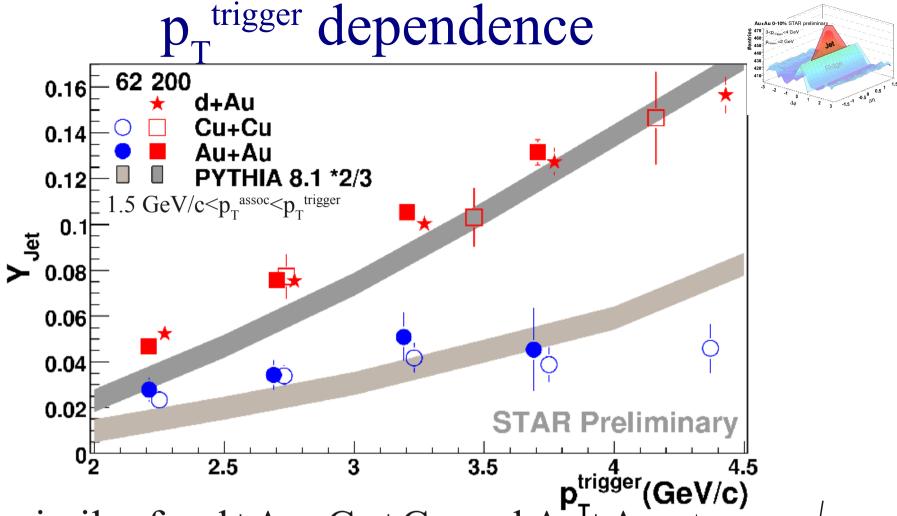
### Extent of *Ridge* in $\Delta \eta$



- Ridge yield approximately independent of  $\Delta \eta$  in STAR acceptance
  - PHOBOS (arXiv:0804.3038v3) showed independence on  $\Delta \eta$  out to  $\Delta \eta = 4$
- Jet-like increases with p<sub>T</sub> trigger, Ridge roughly constant

#### The Jet

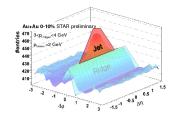


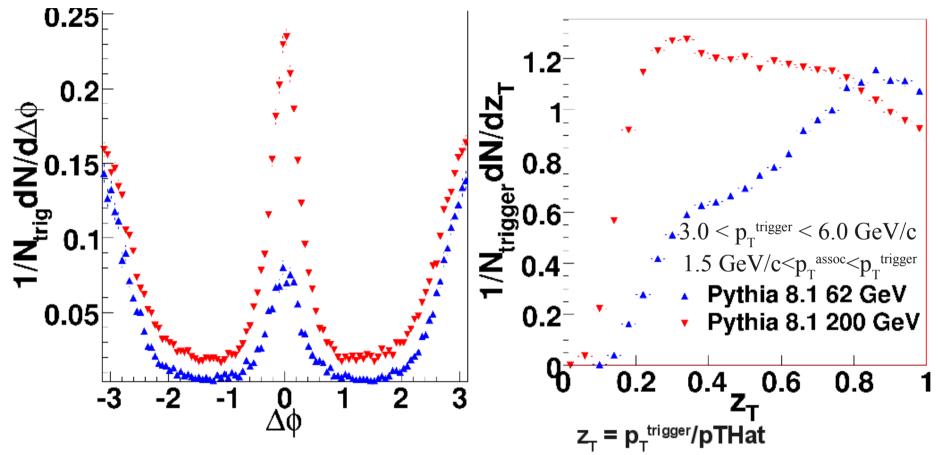


- Yields similar for d+Au, Cu+Cu and Au+Au at same√ s<sub>NN</sub>
- Pythia 8.1 describes trends in data up to a scaling factor
  - Gets energy dependence right → this is a pQCD effect
  - Stronger deviations at low p<sub>T</sub> trigger, as expected

. Bielcikova (STAR), arXiv:0806.2261/nucl-ex C. Nattrass (STAR), arXiv:0804.4683/nucl-ex

### Pythia 8.1 comparisons

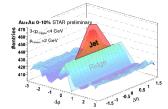


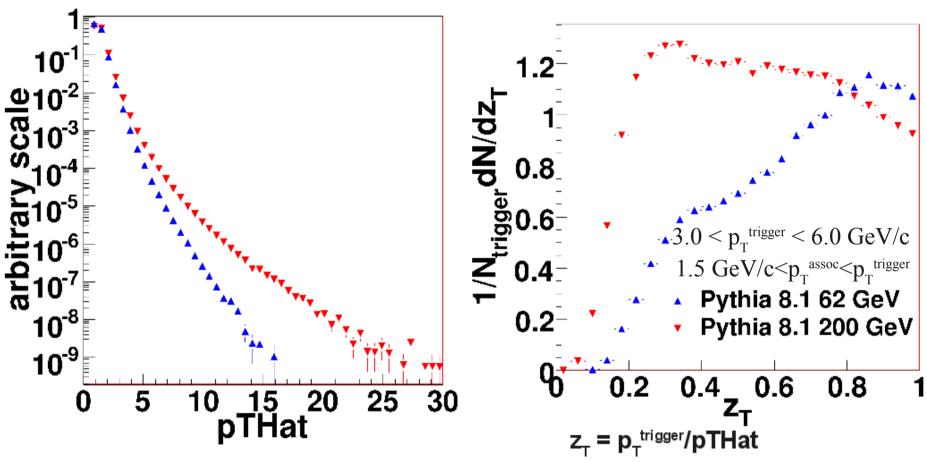


- What can Pythia tell us?
  - Higher z<sub>T</sub> (lower jet energy) in 62 GeV for same p<sub>T</sub> trigger

pTHatMin = the parameter in Pythia for the minimum transverse momentum in the hard subprocess

# Pythia 8.1 comparisons

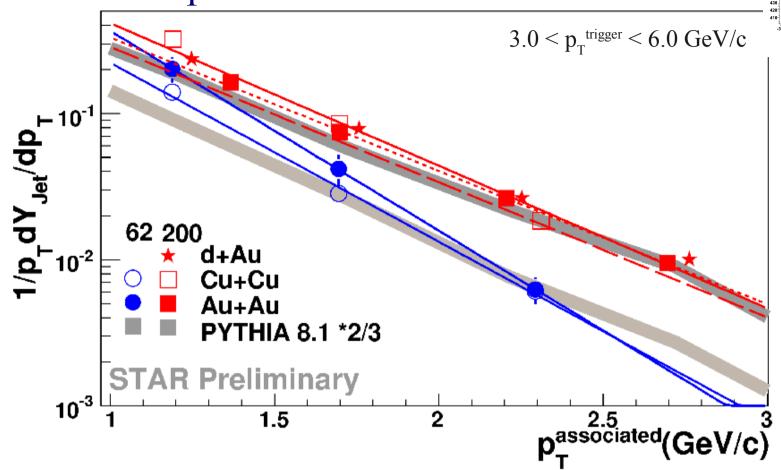




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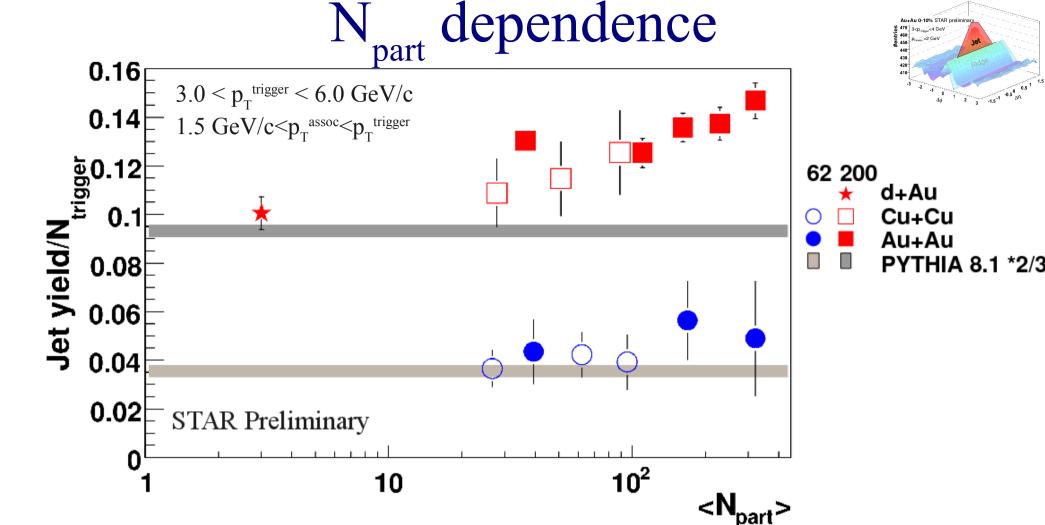
# $p_{\scriptscriptstyle T}^{\;\;associated}\;dependence$



- No system dependence
- Pythia 8.1 slightly harder than data
- Diverges slightly from Pythia 8.1 at lower p<sub>T</sub> associated

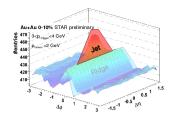
#### Inverse slope parameter

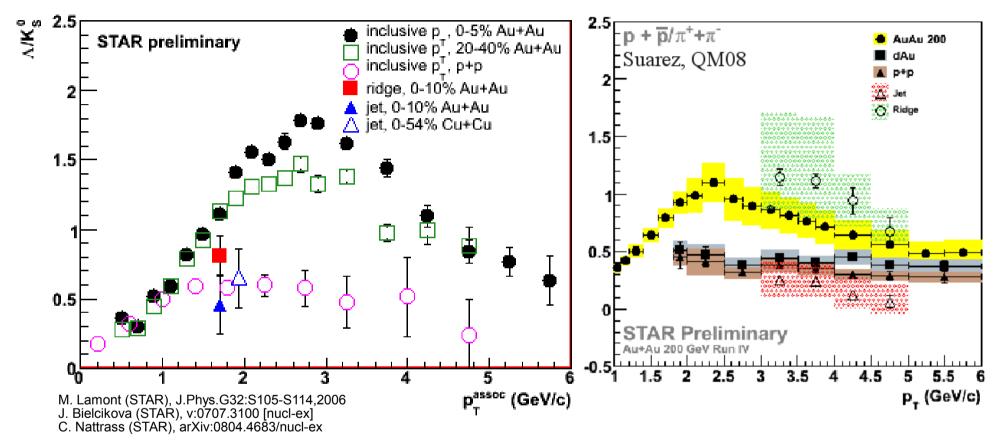
	$\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 62 \text{ GeV}$	$\sqrt{s_{_{ m NN}}} = 200 { m GeV}$
Cu+Cu	$317 \pm 26$	$445 \pm 20$
 Au+Au	$355 \pm 21$	$478 \pm 8$
d+Au		469 ± 8
 Pythia	$417 \pm 9$	491 ± 3
Statistical errors only		



- No system dependence
- Some deviations from Pythia 8.1 with increase in  $N_{\text{part}}$ 
  - Incomplete *Ridge* subtraction?
  - Jet modification at low  $p_{T}$ ?

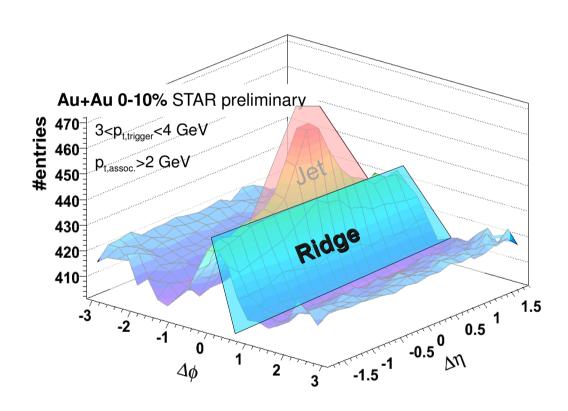
### Jet composition



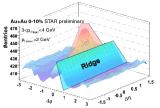


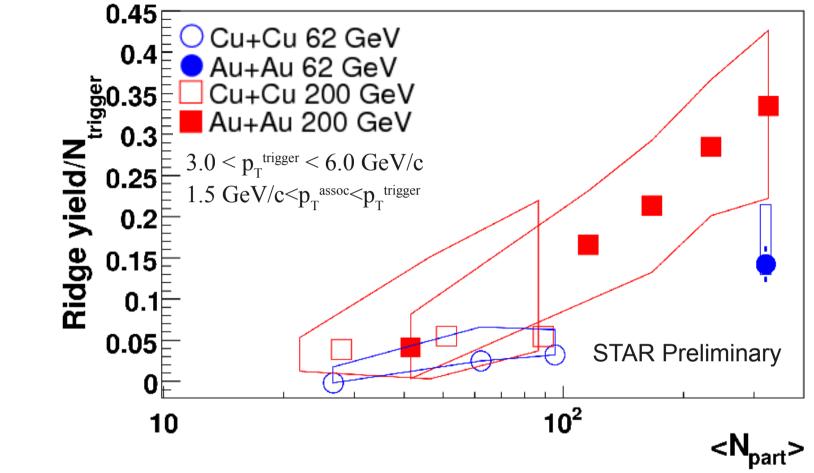
• Baryon/meson ratios in *Jet* in Cu+Cu and Au+Au similar to p+p for both strange and non-strange particles

### The Ridge



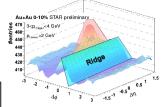
# Ridge vs N<sub>part</sub>

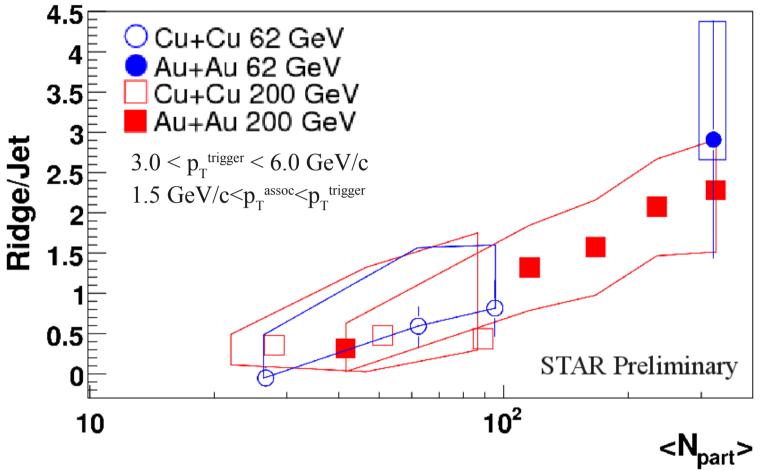




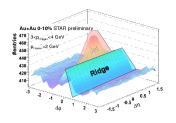
• No system dependence at given N<sub>part</sub>

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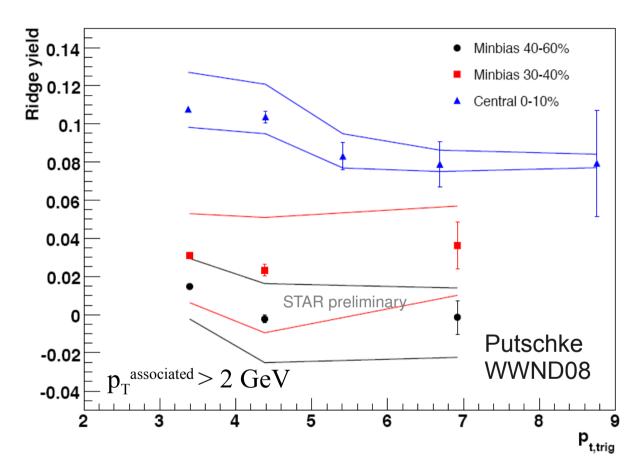




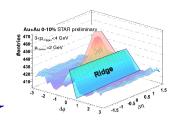
- No system dependence at given N<sub>part</sub>
- Ridge/Jet Ratio independent of collision energy



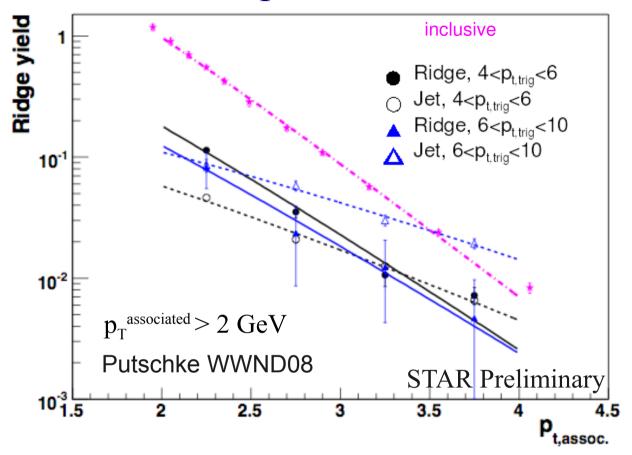
# Ridge yield vs. p<sub>T</sub> trigger in Au+Au



• Ridge yield persists to high p<sub>T</sub> trigger

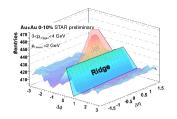


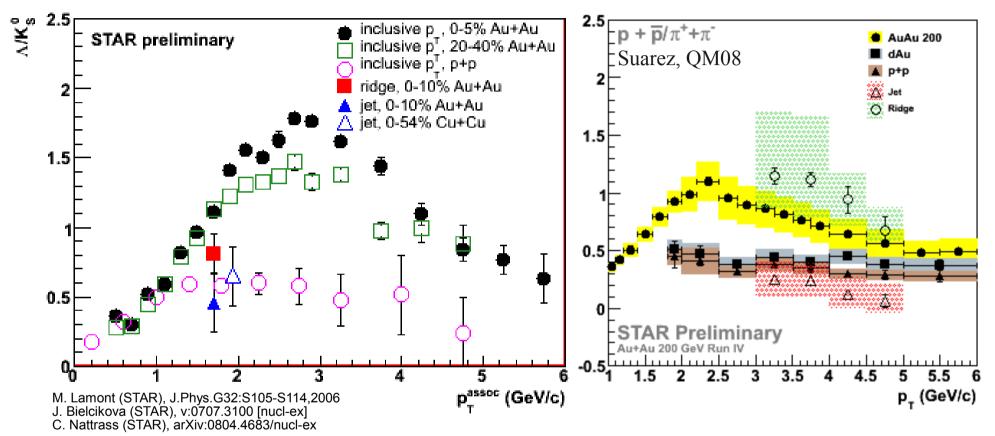
# Ridge yield vs. p<sub>T</sub> associated in Au+Au



• Spectra of particles associated with *Ridge* similar to inclusive

# Ridge composition

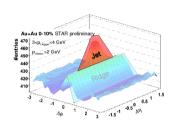




• Baryon/meson ratios in *Ridge* similar to bulk for both strange and non-strange particles

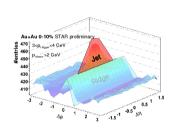
- Pythia describes data well
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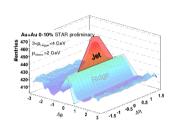
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- Particle ratios similar to p+p
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- → Jet production mechanism dominated by fragmentation





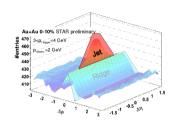
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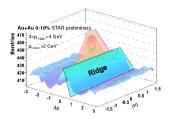


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- Extensive data on Ridge ...but what is it?

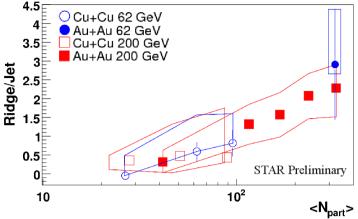




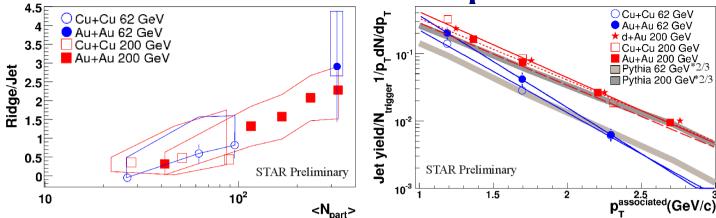




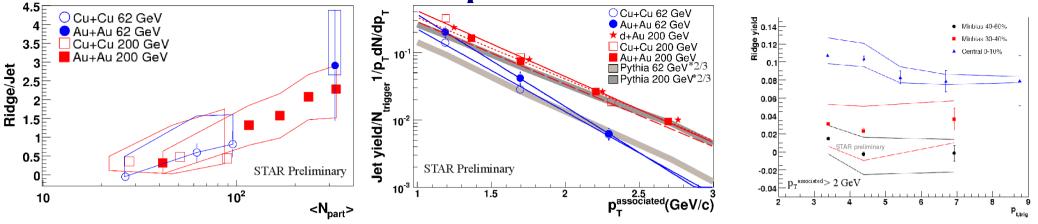
#### **Models: RHIC and LHC**



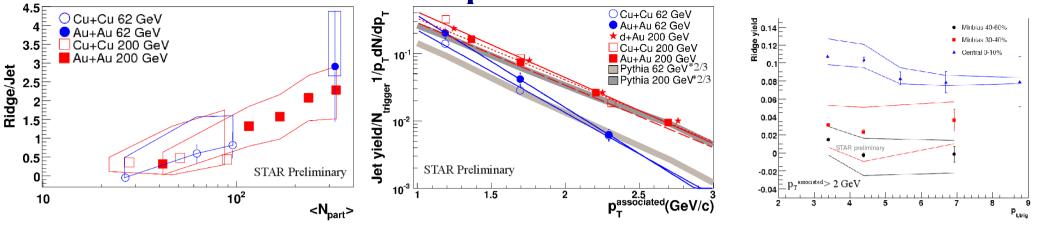
 Ridge/Jet roughly independent of collision energy for the same kinematic cuts



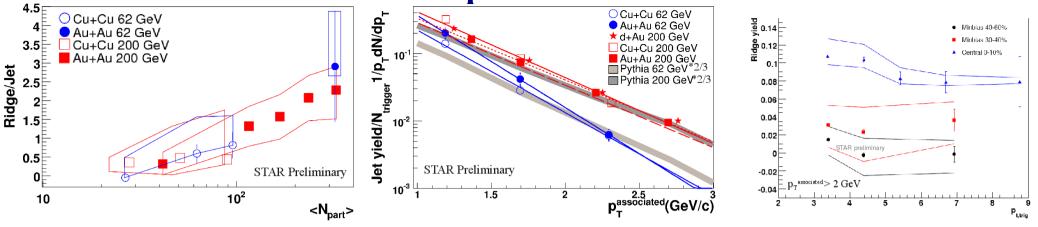
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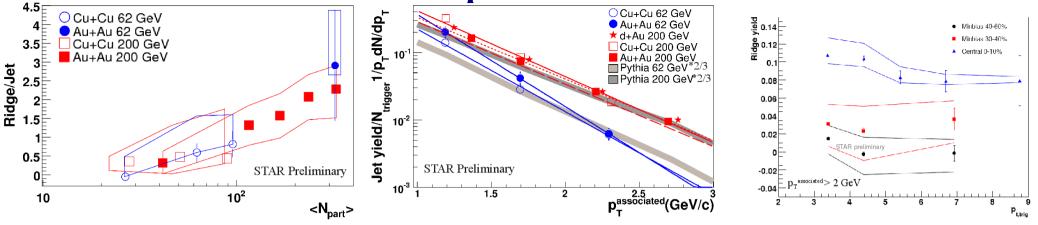


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Naïve assumptions from data...



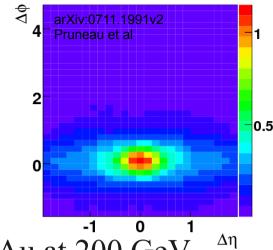
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- BUT background will be higher, so unless  $v_2$  is much smaller than at RHIC, the background may make measurements unfeasible

### Radial flow+trigger bias

S. Voloshin, nucl-th/0312065, Nucl. Phys. A749, 287 C.. Pruneau, S. Gavin, S. Voloshin, arXiv:0711.1991v2 E. Shuryak, *Phys.Rev.C76:047901,2007* 

#### - At RHIC:

- Works for one set of kinematic cuts in central Au+Au at 200 GeV
- Need more detailed comparisons (energy dependence)
- Model needs some refinements (momentum conservation)



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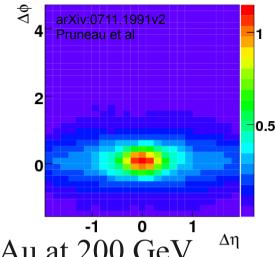
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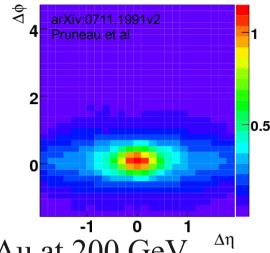
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### Plasma instability

QCD magnetic fields, Majumder et al, Phys. Rev. Lett. 99:042301, 2007 Anisotropic plasma, P. Romatschke, PRC, 75014901 (2007)

At RHIC: So far unable to make enough *Ridge* without Radial flow+trigger bias



 $-\pi/2$ 

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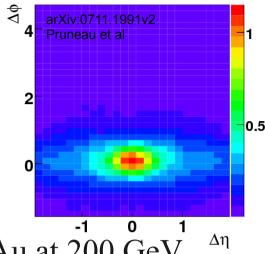
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- At LHC: No quantitative predictions



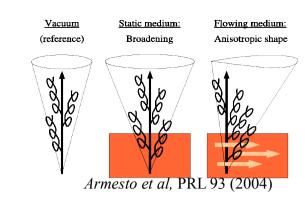
 $-\pi/2$ 

IFS + broad

Longitudinal flow

Longitudinal flow, Armesto et al, PRL 93 (2004)

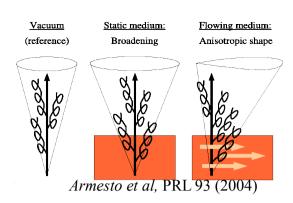
– At RHIC: Problems due to  $\Delta \eta$  width



## Longitudinal flow

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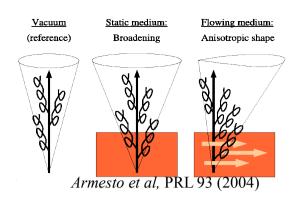


 At LHC: No predictions, but would depend on amount of flow observed

## • Longitudinal flow

Longitudinal flow, Armesto et al, PRL 93 (2004)

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- At LHC: No predictions, but would depend on amount of flow observed
- Momentum kick

Momentum kick from jet, C.-Y. Wong, Phys.Rev.C76:054908,2007

 At RHIC: Fits data well, including energy dependence

## Longitudinal flow

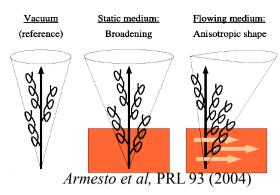
Longitudinal flow, Armesto et al, PRL 93 (2004)

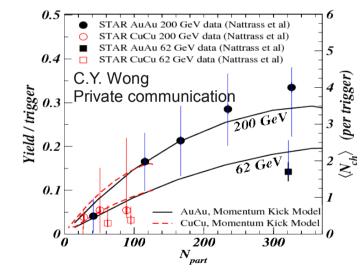
- At RHIC: Problems due to  $\Delta \eta$  width
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Momentum kick from jet, C.-Y. Wong, Phys.Rev.C76:054908,2007

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Longitudinal flow, Armesto et al, PRL 93 (2004)

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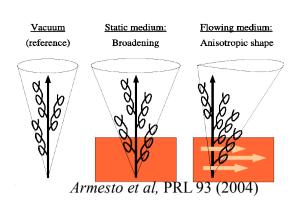


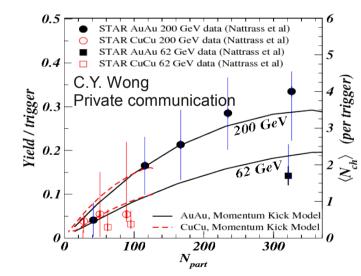
Momentum kick from jet, C.-Y. Wong, Phys.Rev.C76:054908,2007

- At RHIC: Fits data well, including energy dependence
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- Recombination

Medium heating + recombination, Chiu & Hwa, PRC72, 034903

- At RHIC: No quantitative comparisons





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Longitudinal flow, Armesto et al, PRL 93 (2004)

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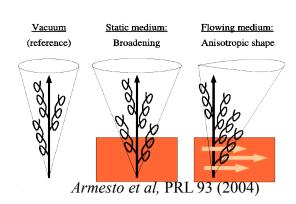
Momentum kick from jet, C.-Y. Wong, Phys.Rev.C76:054908,2007

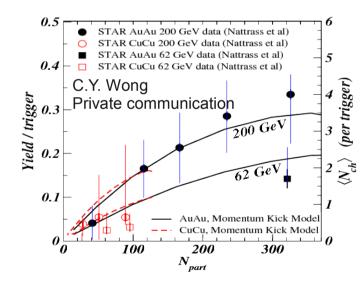
- At RHIC: Fits data well, including energy dependence
- At LHC: Predictions? Should be straightforward extension

#### Recombination

Medium heating + recombination, Chiu & Hwa, PRC72, 034903

- At RHIC: No quantitative comparisons
- At LHC: Should be there if Recombination observed in spectra





# Conclusions: Models

#### **RHIC**



- Several models available
- Need more quantitative comparisons

#### **LHC**



- Generally expect the *Ridge*
- Can it be measured?

### **STAR Collaboration**

Argonne National Laboratory - University of Birmingham - Brookhaven National Laboratory - California Institute of Technology - University of California, Davis - University of California - University of California, Los Angeles - Carnegie Mellon University - University of Illinois at Chicago - Creighton University - Nuclear Physics Institute Prague - Laboratory for High Energy (JINR) - Particle Physics Laboratory (JINR) - University of Frankfurt - Institute of Physics, Bhubaneswar - Indian Institute of Technology, Mumbai - Indiana University, Bloomington - Institut de Recherches Subatomiques - University of Jammu - Kent State University - Institute of Modern Physics, Lanzhou - Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory - Massachusetts Institute of Technology - Max-Planck-Institut fuer Physik - Michigan State University - Moscow Engineering Physics Institute - City College of New York - NIKHEF and Utrecht University - Ohio State University, Columbus - Panjab University - Pennsylvania State University - Institute of High Energy Physics, Protvino, Russia - Purdue University - Pusan National University, Pusan, Republic of Korea - University of Rajasthan, Jaipur - Rice University - Universidade de Sao Paulo - University of Science & Technology of China - Shanghai Institute of Applied Physics - SUBATECH, Nantes, France - Texas A&M University - University of Texas - Tsinghua University - Valparaiso University - Variable Energy Cyclotron Centre, Kolkata, India - Warsaw University of Technology - University of Washington - Wayne State University - Institute of Particle Physics, CCNU (HZNU), Wuhan - Yale University - University of Zagreb