

1 Measurements of open charm hadrons in Au+Au
2 collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 200$ GeV by the STAR
3 experiment

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5 At RHIC energies, charm quarks are primarily produced at early stages of
6 ultra-relativistic heavy-ion collisions, in hard partonic scatterings. This makes
7 them an excellent probe of the Quark-Gluon Plasma (QGP) since they experi-
8 ence the whole evolution of the hot and dense medium. STAR is able to measure
9 the production of charm quarks and their interaction with the QGP through
10 direct reconstruction of hadronic decays of D^\pm , D^0 , D_s , and Λ_c^\pm hadrons. This is
11 possible thanks to an excellent vertex resolution provided by the Heavy Flavor
12 Tracker.

13 In this talk, we will present the most recent results on open charm hadron
14 production from the STAR experiment. In particular, we will discuss the nuclear
15 modification factors of D^\pm and D^0 mesons which give access to the charm quark
16 energy loss in the QGP, and also D_s/D^0 and Λ_c^\pm/D^0 yield ratios as functions of
17 transverse momentum and collision centrality which help us better understand
18 the charm quark hadronization process in heavy-ion collisions. In addition, we
19 will present the rapidity-odd directed flow of D^0 mesons, which can be used to
20 probe the initial tilt of the QGP bulk and effects of early-time magnetic field.