

# $\Lambda(K^0_S)$ -h and $\Lambda$ -p Azimuthal Correlations with Respect to the Reaction Plane and Searches for CME and CVE

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for STAR Collaboration



XXIV QUARK MATTER  
DARMSTADT 2014



# Outline

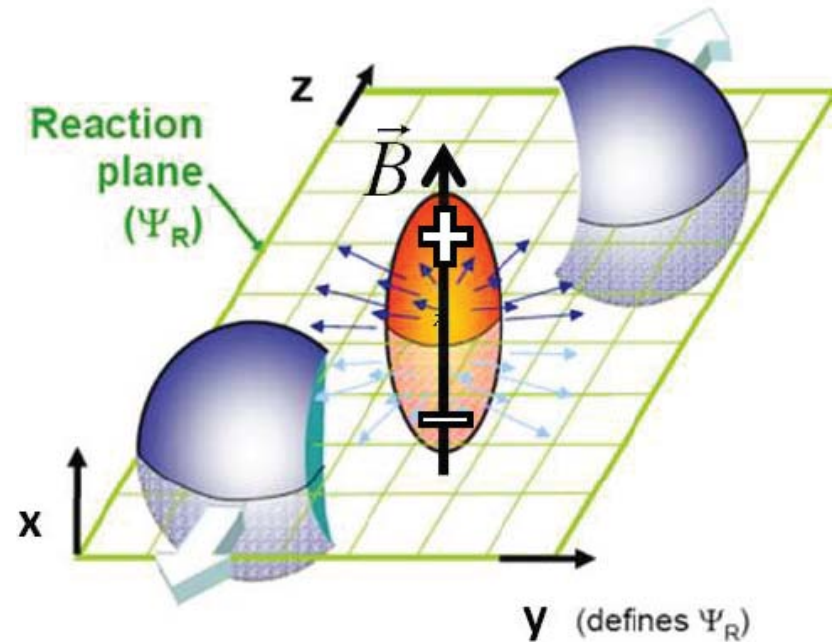
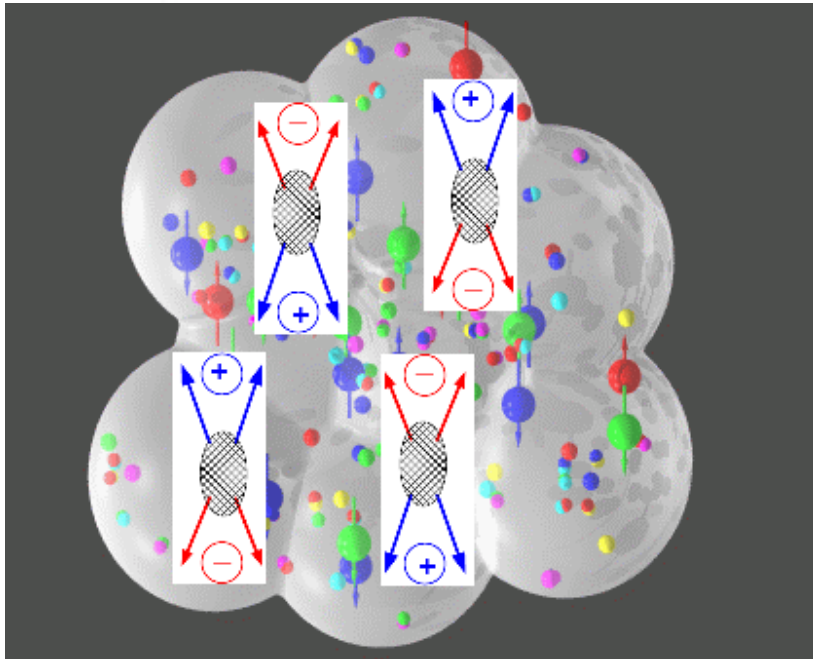
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- Introduction to Chiral Magnetic Effect (**CME**) and Chiral Vortical Effect (**CVE**)
- $\Lambda$ - $h^\pm$  and  $K_s^0$ - $h^\pm$  correlations and implications on searches for **CME**
- $\Lambda$ - $p^\pm$  correlations, to search for **CVE**



# Chiral Magnetic Effect



- Parity Odd Domain + Chiral Magnetic Effect  
→ Electric Charge Separation across RP

$$\frac{dN_{\pm}}{d\phi} \propto 1 + 2a_{\pm} \cdot \sin(\phi^{\pm} - \Psi_{RP})$$

- D. Kharzeev. Phys. Lett. B **633**:260 (2006).
- D. Kharzeev, L. McLerran, H. Warringa. Nucl. Phys. A **803**:227 (2008).



# Chiral Magnetic Effect

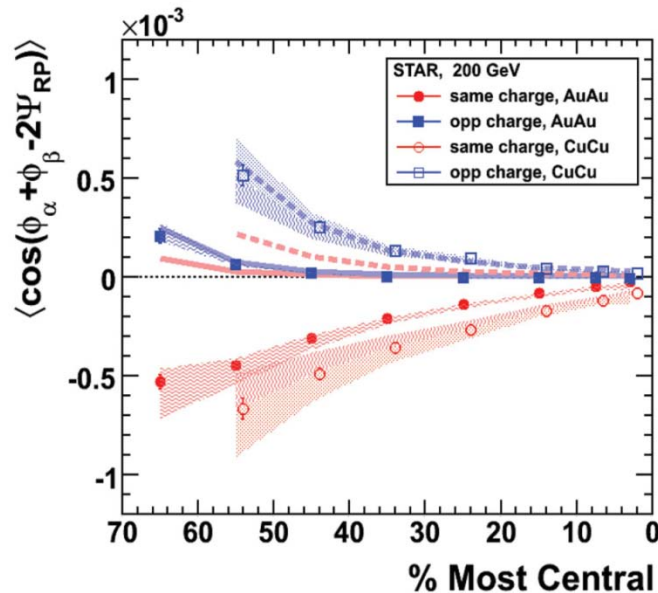


$$\frac{dN_{\pm}}{d\phi} \propto 1 + 2a_{\pm} \cdot \sin(\phi^{\pm} - \Psi_{RP})$$

A direct measurement of the  $P$ -odd quantity “ $a$ ” should yield zero.

S. Voloshin, PRC 70 (2004) 057901

$$\langle \cos(\phi_{\alpha} + \phi_{\beta} - 2\Psi_{RP}) \rangle = [\langle v_{1,\alpha} v_{1,\beta} \rangle + B_{in}] - [\langle a_{\alpha} a_{\beta} \rangle + B_{out}]$$



*Directed flow: expected to be the same for SS and OS*

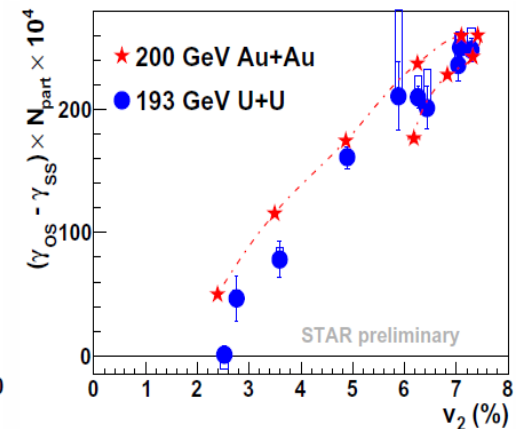
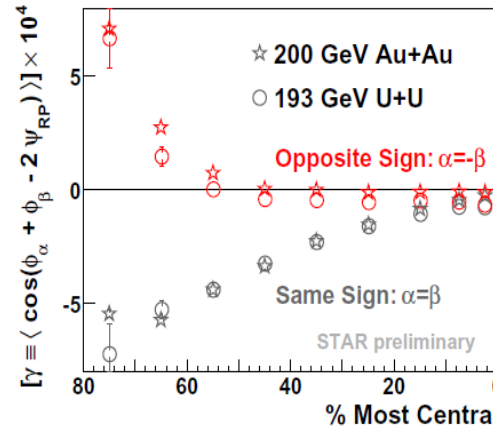
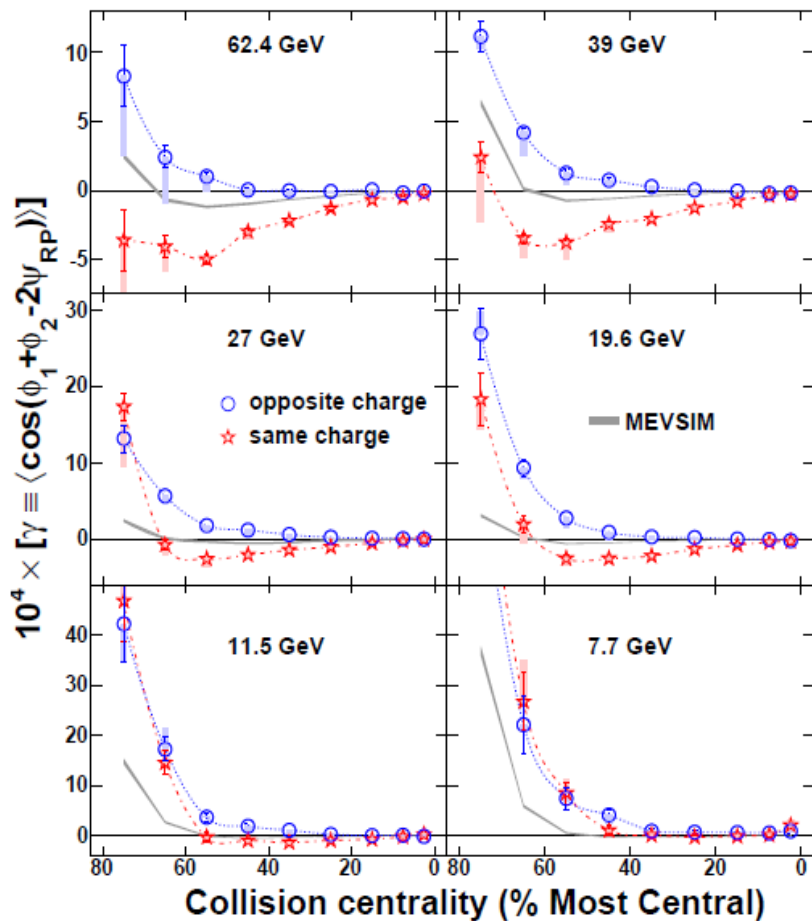
*Non-flow/non-parity effects: largely cancel out*

*P-even quantity: still sensitive to charge separation*

Phys. Rev. Lett. 103 (2009) 251601 (STAR)



# Chiral Magnetic Effect



- The signal disappears when:
  - the beam energy is down to  $\sim 7.7\text{GeV}$
  - the magnetic field from spectators is greatly suppressed
- Does the signal disappear in neutral-charged-particle correlations?

STAR, subm. to PRL (arXiv:1404.1433)





# Chiral Vortical Effect



Parity Odd Domain

-- Parity Odd Domain

Magnetic Field

-- Fluid Vorticity



Chiral Magnetic Effect  
(Electric Charge)

-- Chiral Vortical Effect  
(Baryon Number)

D. Kharzeev, D. T. Son, PRL 106 (2011) 062301

$$\langle \cos(\phi_{\Lambda} + \phi_p - 2\Psi_{RP}) \rangle$$

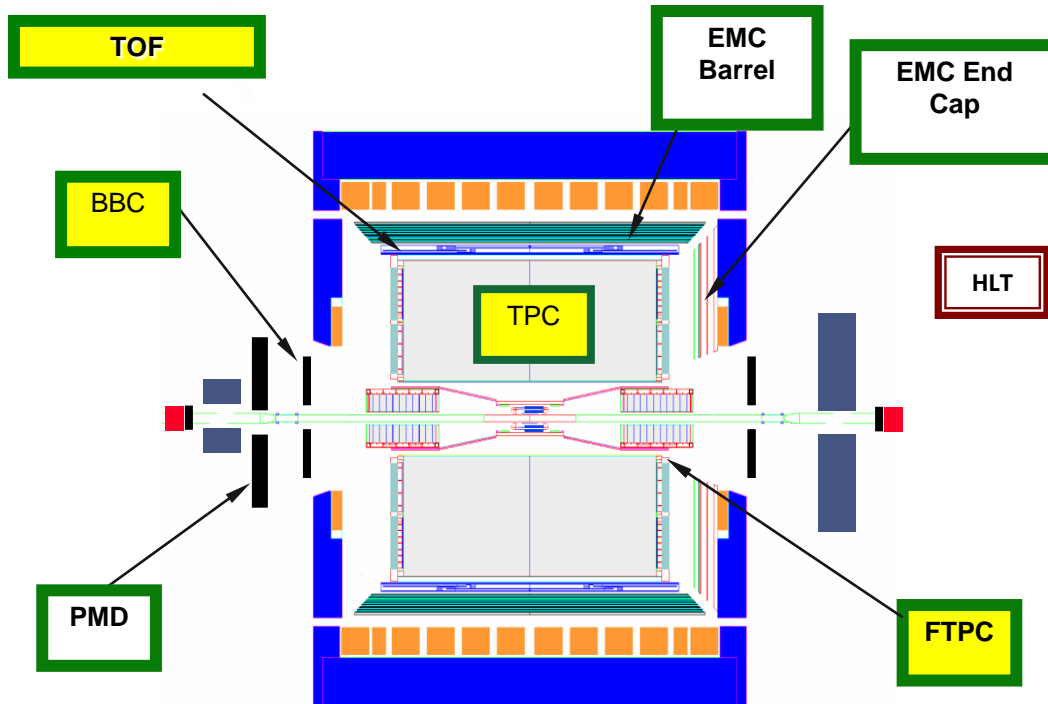
Measure the  $\Lambda$ - $p^{\pm}$  to search for the Chiral Vortical Effect.



# STAR Detector

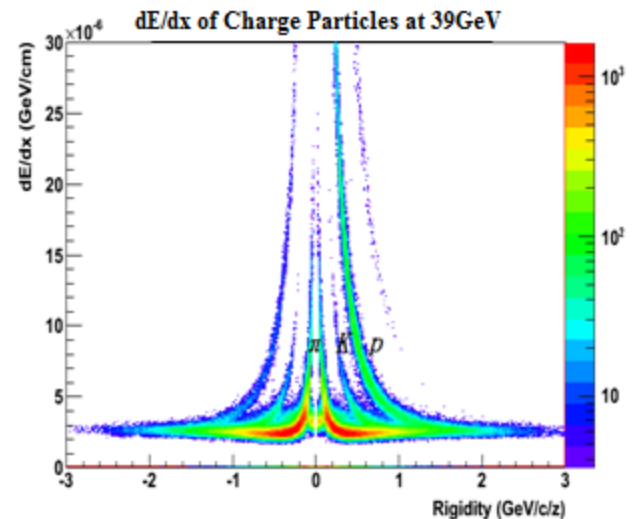


## Data Set



**Run10, Au+Au collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 39\text{GeV}$ , about 130 million events.**

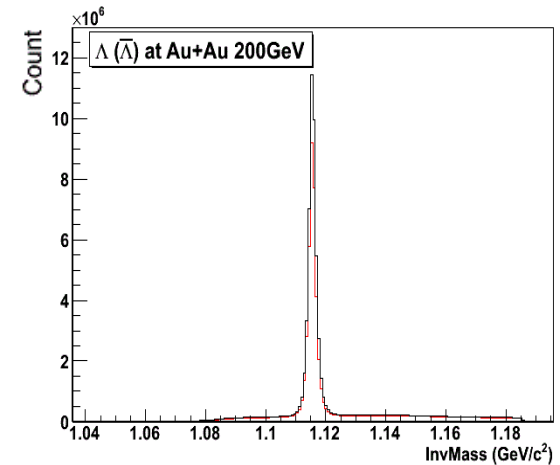
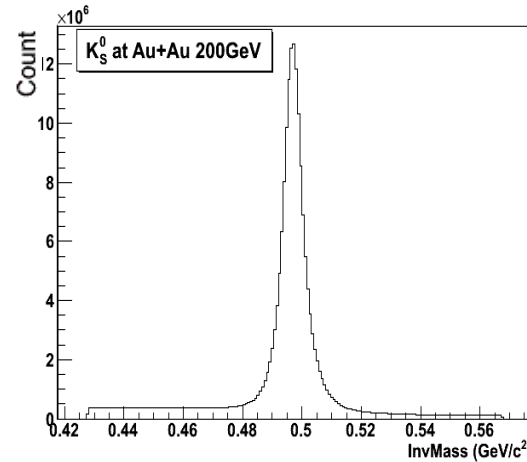
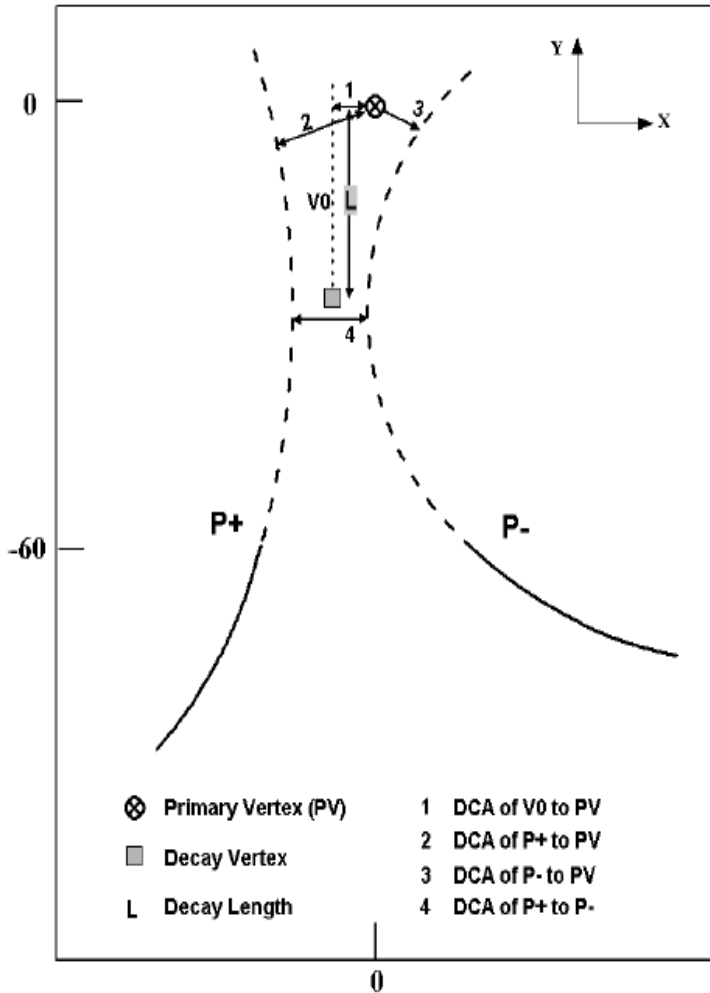
**Run11, Au+Au collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200\text{GeV}$ , about 480 million events.**



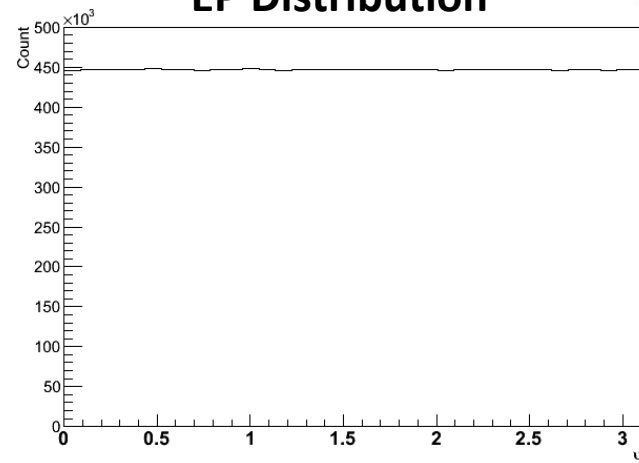
- STAR Detector System in Run 10 and Run 11.



# $\Lambda(K^0_S)$ and Event Plane



## EP Distribution



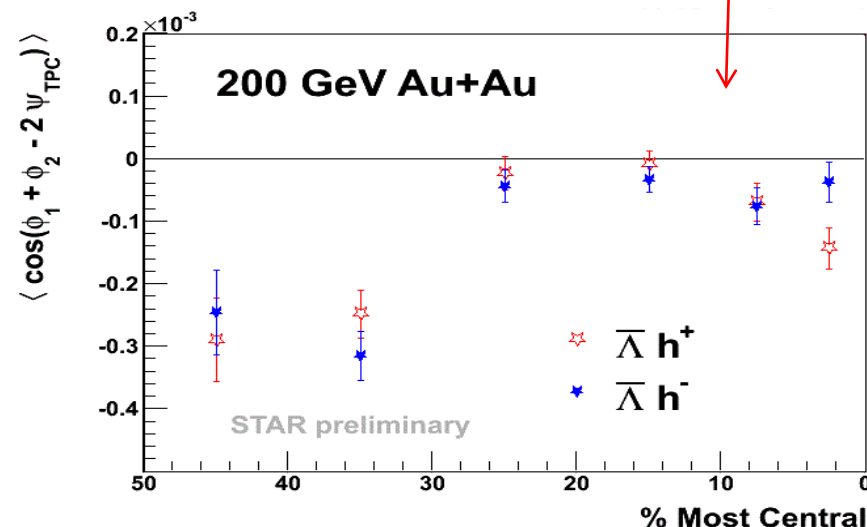
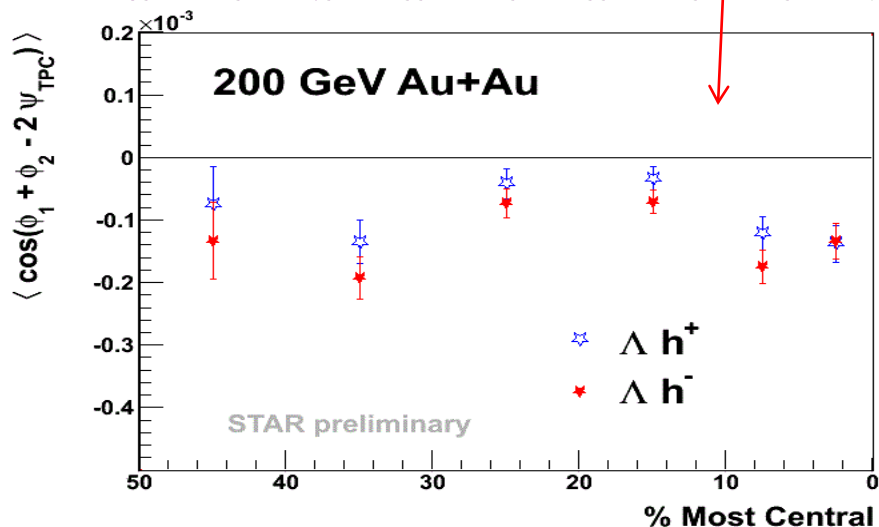
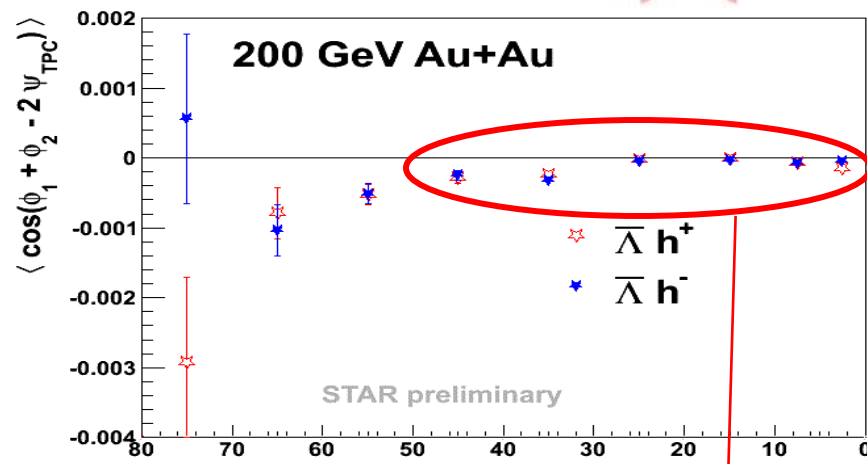
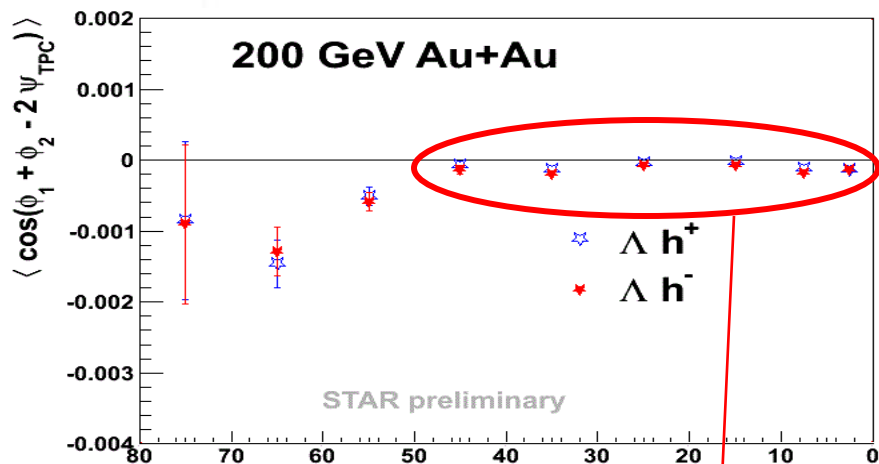
Shifting method used to flatten the EP distribution.

E877, Phys. Rev. C 56 (1997) 3254





# $\Lambda-h^\pm$ at Au+Au 200GeV

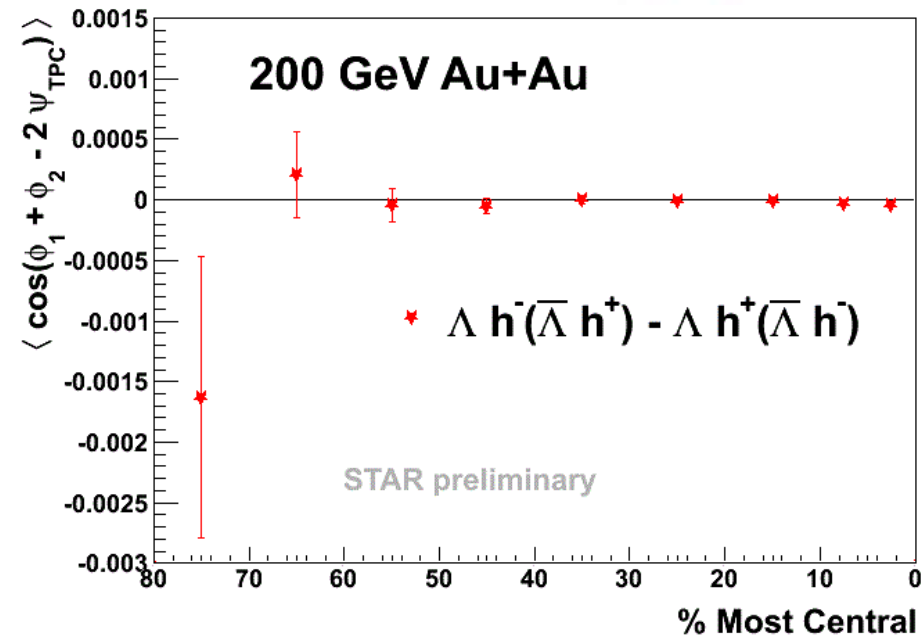
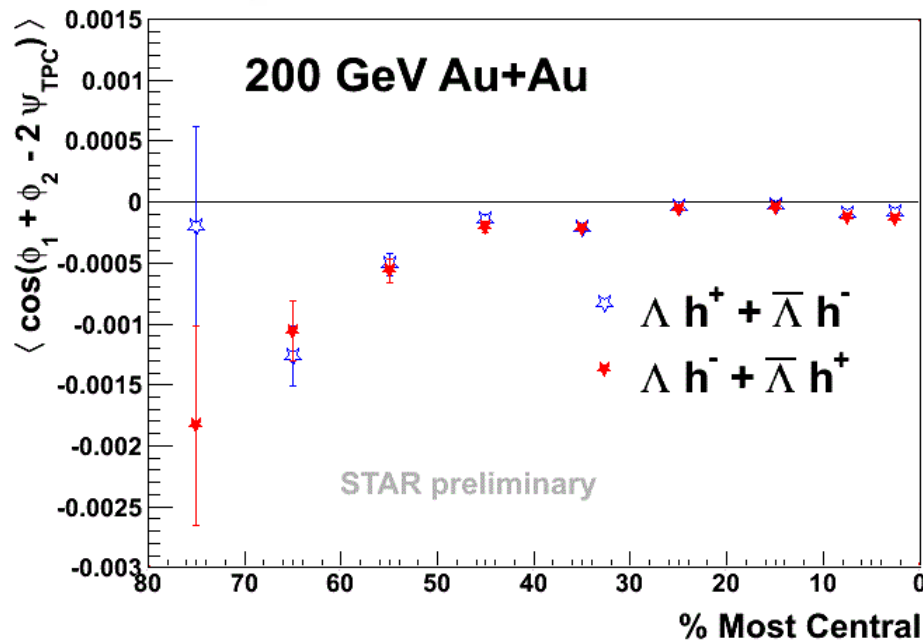


Error bars are statistical only.

Protons are excluded from charge hadrons.



# $\Lambda$ - $h^\pm$ at Au+Au 200GeV

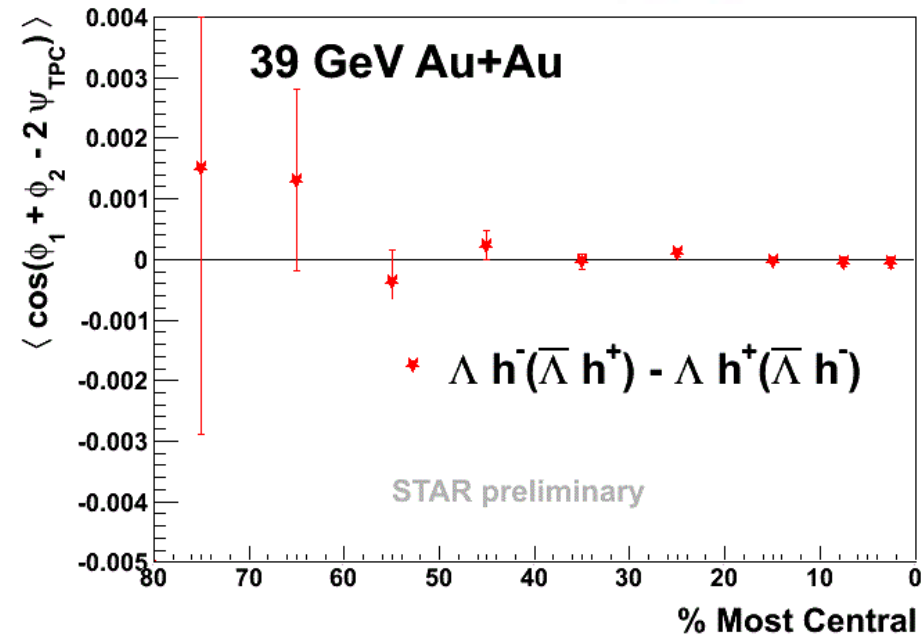
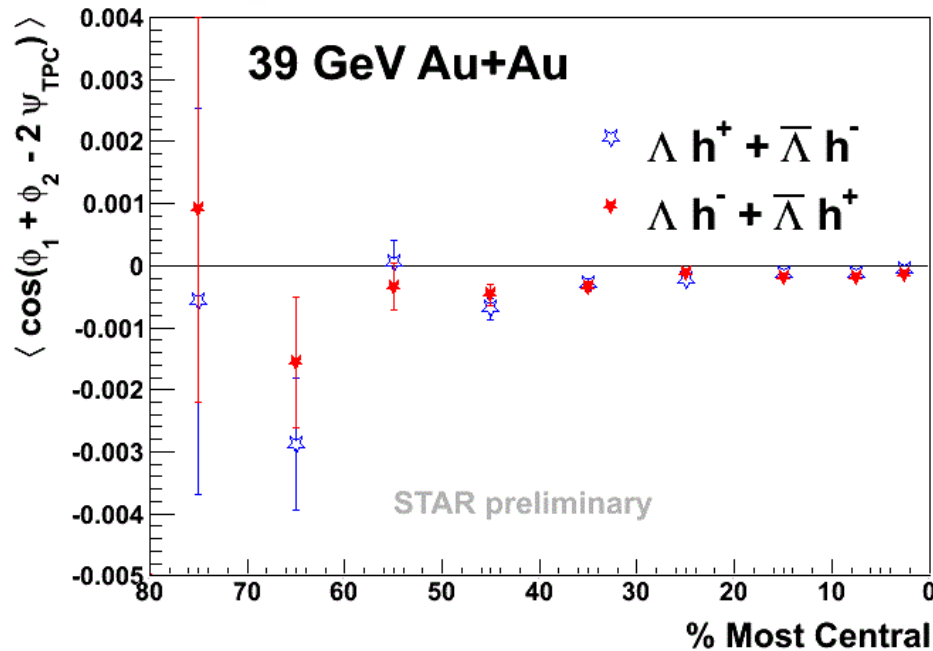


- $\Lambda h^+(\bar{\Lambda} h^-)$  &  $\Lambda h^-(\bar{\Lambda} h^+)$  are consistent with each other;
- Assume  $\Lambda h^+$  and  $\bar{\Lambda} h^-$  are same sign,  $\Lambda h^-$  and  $\bar{\Lambda} h^+$  are opposite sign, we can combine them;
- $\Lambda h^+ + \bar{\Lambda} h^-$  &  $\Lambda h^- + \bar{\Lambda} h^+$  are consistent with each other.

Error bars are statistical only.



# $\Lambda-h^\pm$ at Au+Au 39GeV

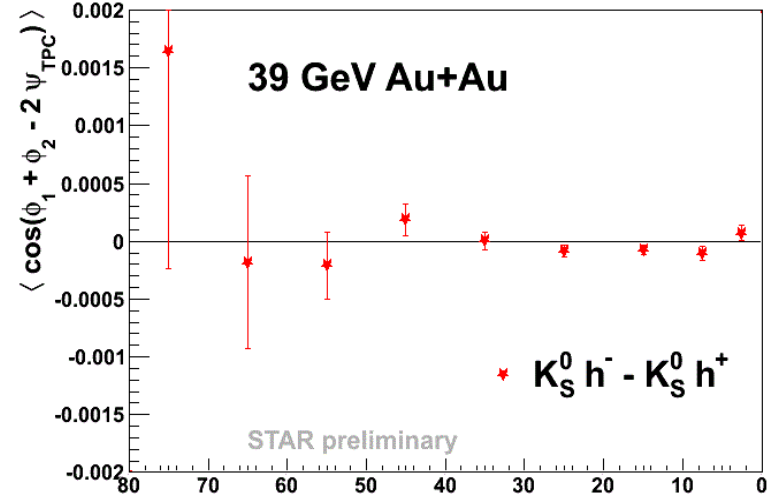
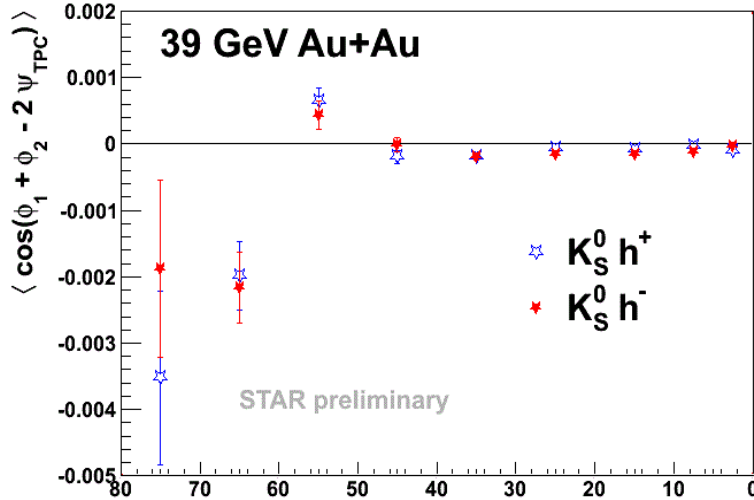
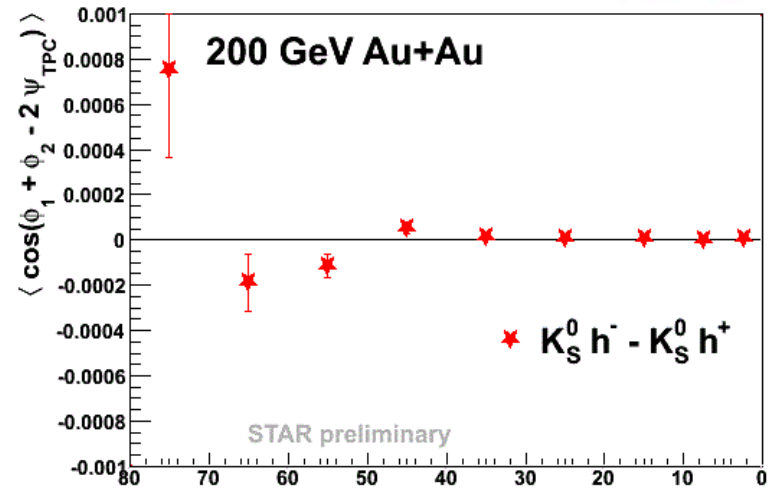
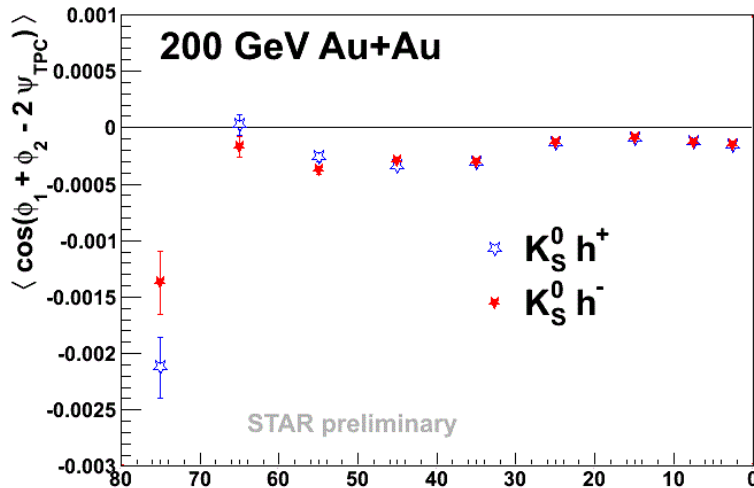


- At Au+Au 39GeV,  $\Lambda h^+ + \bar{\Lambda} h^-$  &  $\Lambda h^- + \bar{\Lambda} h^+$  also show a consistent behavior.

**Error bars are statistical only.**



# $K_S^0-h^\pm$ at Au+Au 39 and 200 GeV



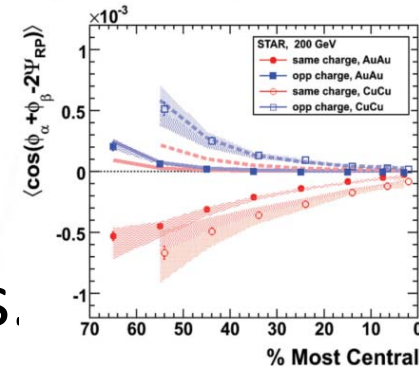
Error bars are statistical only. % Most Central



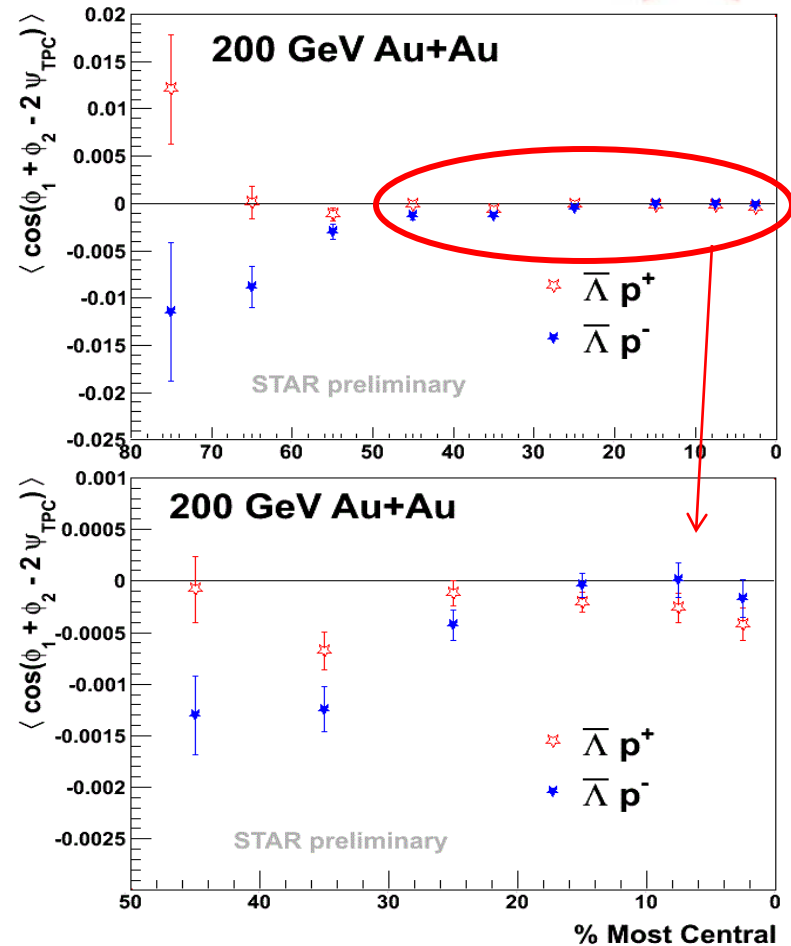
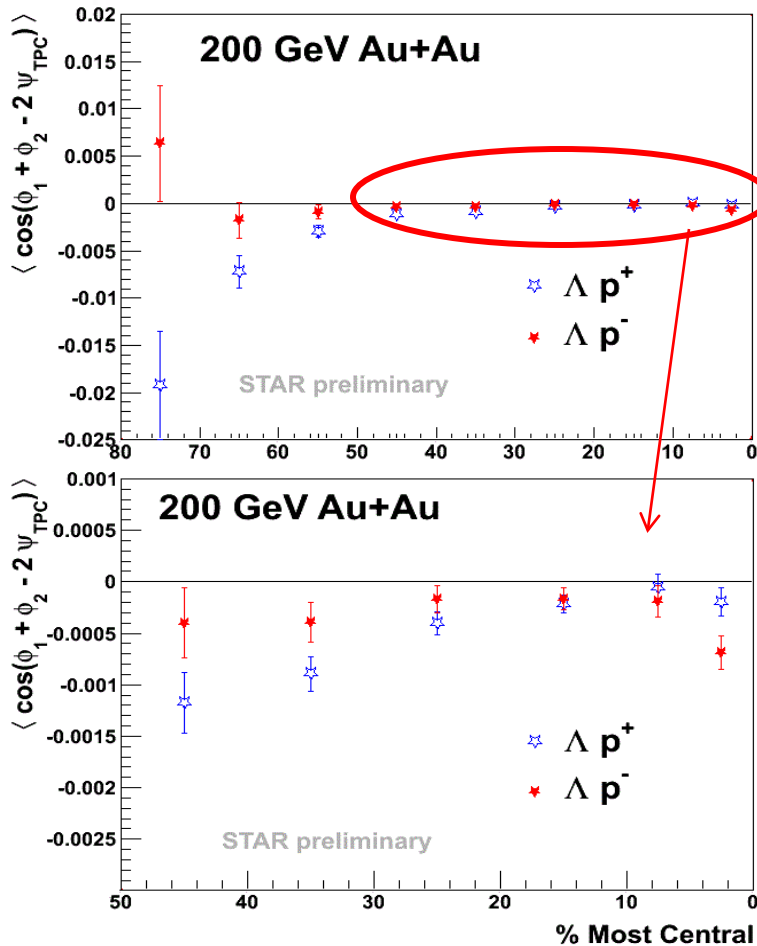
# Summary I



- $\Lambda-h^\pm$  and  $K_s^0-h^\pm$  correlations show no charge-separation-like effects w.r.t. reaction plane.
- The charge separation observed in charged hadron correlation relies on electric charges of correlated hadrons.
- In search for CME,  $\Lambda$  acts like a neutral particle: s quarks appear to fully participate in the chiral dynamics, just like u and d quarks.
- The measurement of  $\Lambda-h^\pm$  and  $K_s^0-h^\pm$  provides a charge-independent background study for the CME.



# $\Lambda$ - $p^\pm$ at Au+Au 200GeV



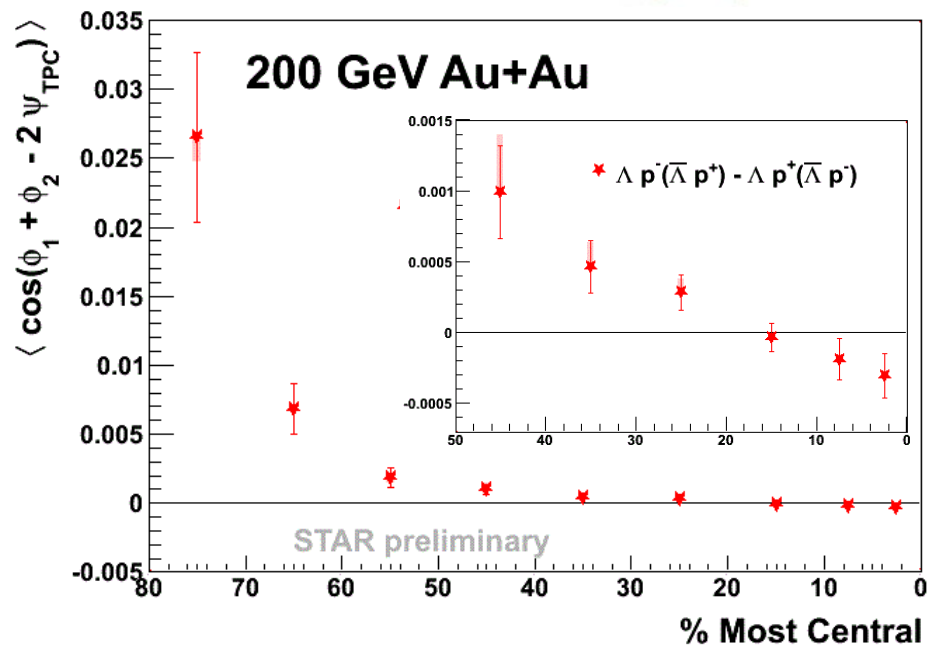
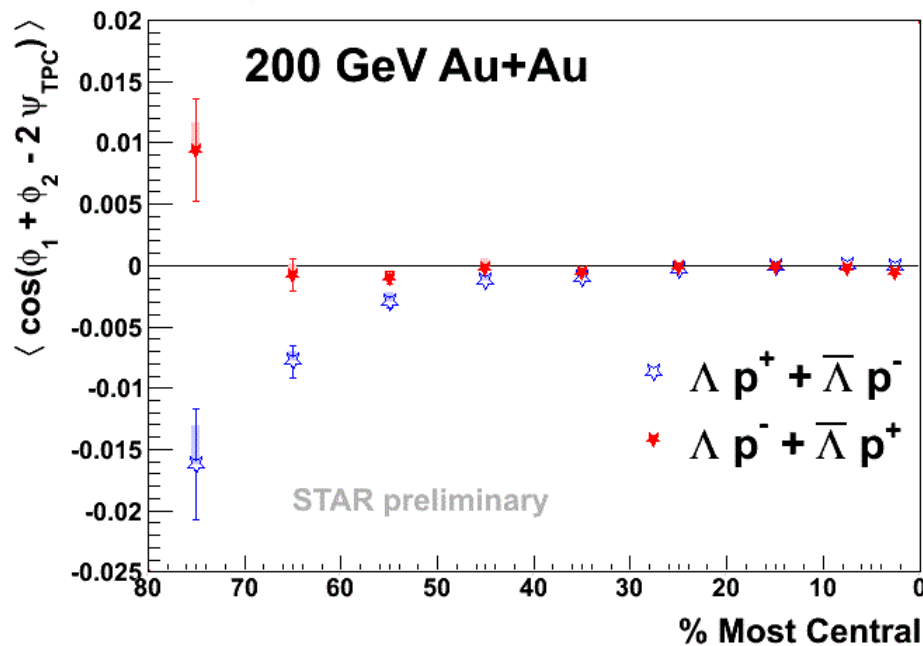
Error bars are statistical only.

Study on systematic errors, particle purity and weak decay contribution is on-going.





# $\Lambda$ - $p^\pm$ at Au+Au 200 GeV



Error bars are statistical errors; the shadows are the systematic errors due to HBT effect.

- $\Lambda p^+$  and  $\bar{\Lambda} p^-$  (same baryon number) show a similar behavior;
- $\Lambda p^-$  and  $\bar{\Lambda} p^+$  (opposite baryon number) show a similar behavior;
- “same B” is systematically lower than “oppo B” in the mid-central and peripheral collisions, consistent with the CVE expectation.



# Summary II

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- We observe a baryon number dependent  $\Lambda$ - $p$  correlations w.r.t. the reaction plane.
- CVE predicted such baryon number dependent correlations, but more measurements are needed to understand the nature of the correlation.

More LPV results from STAR, please refer to presentation by Qi-Ye Shou, *Charge asymmetry dependence of  $\pi$ / $K$  anisotropic flow in UU and AuAu collisions at RHIC*

*May 20, 10:00am, QCD phase diagram1*

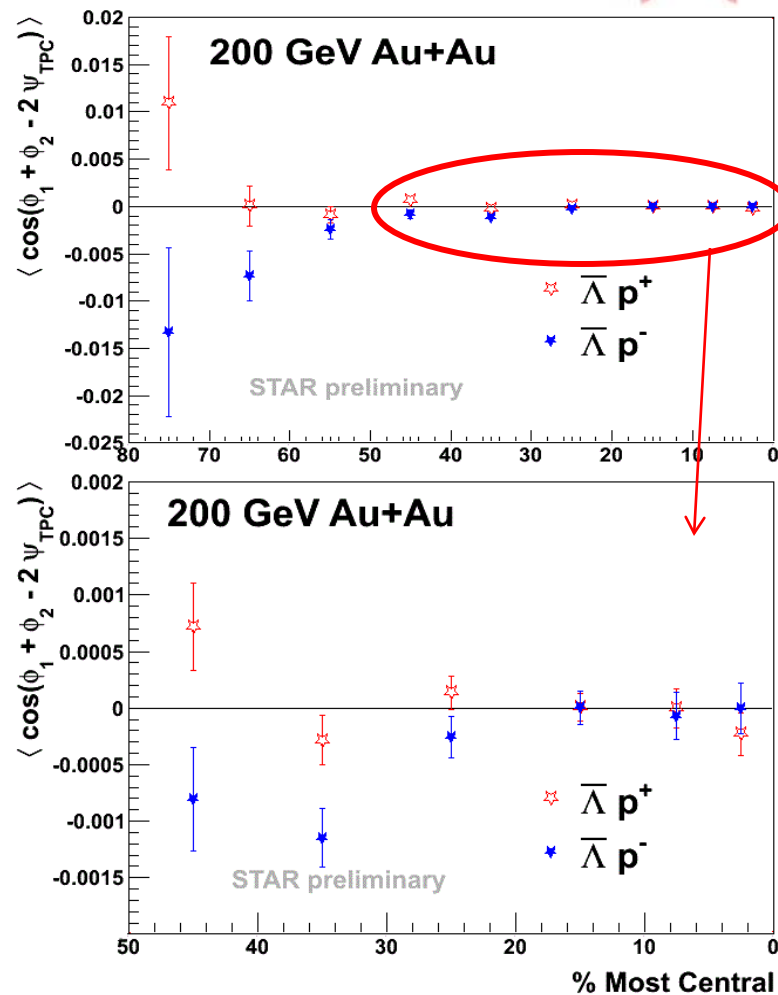
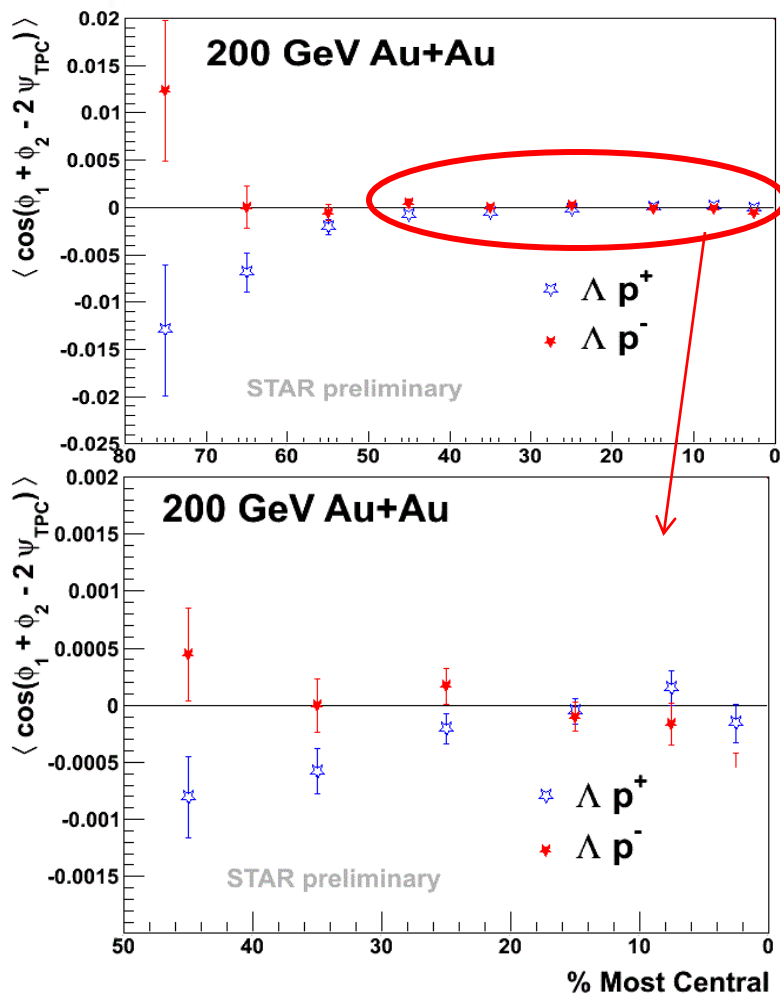


# Back Up

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# $\Lambda$ - $p^\pm$ at Au+Au 200GeV



Results with HBT effect excluded.

Error bars are statistical only.

