Hyperon Polarization in Heavy-Ion Collisions from STAR

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The observation of hyperon polarization has revealed the existence of large vorticities in the medium 3 created by heavy-ion collisions. Global polarization indicates vorticities perpendicular to the reaction plane due to the system's orbital angular momentum. The difference of global polarization between Λ 5 and $\overline{\Lambda}$ hyperon can provide essential insights into the late-stage magnetic field sustained by the QGP[1]. 6 With the high-statistics data collected by the STAR experiment for isobar Ru+Ru and Zr+Zr collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 200$ GeV, we present the measurements of global polarization for Λ , $\bar{\Lambda}$, and Ξ^{\pm} as a function 8 of centrality, transverse momentum, pseudorapidity, and azimuthal angle relative to the event plane. In 9 addition, we present the correlation between the initial tilt of the system and the vorticity [2] through the 10 dependence of the Λ global polarization and directed flow on the first-order flow vector (q_1) in Au+Au 11 collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 19.6$ GeV. 12 The local polarization indicates vorticities along the beam direction due to anisotropic transverse ex-13 pansion of the medium. We present the first measurements of Λ , $\overline{\Lambda}$ hyperon local polarization in isobar 14 collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV and Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 19.6, 27$ GeV. Comparisons with previous 15

 $_{16}$ measurements in Au+Au and Pb+Pb collisions at RHIC and LHC provide important insights into the

¹⁷ collision system size and energy dependence of the vorticities. Furthermore, the local polarization mea-

¹⁸ surements at lower beam energies can probe the predicted baryonic spin hall effect in a dense baryonic

¹⁹ environment[3] in heavy-ion collisions.

20 References

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