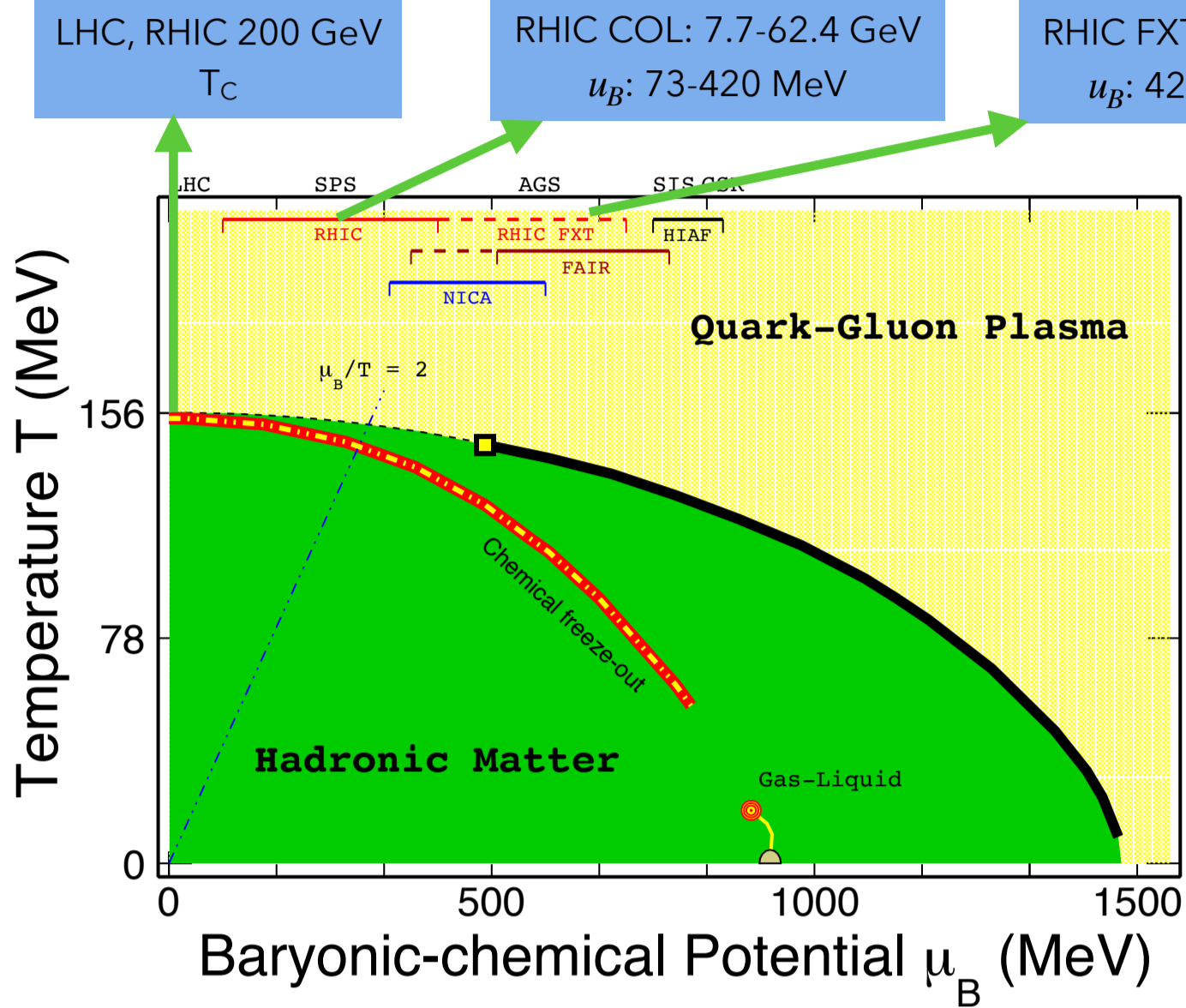




Motivation



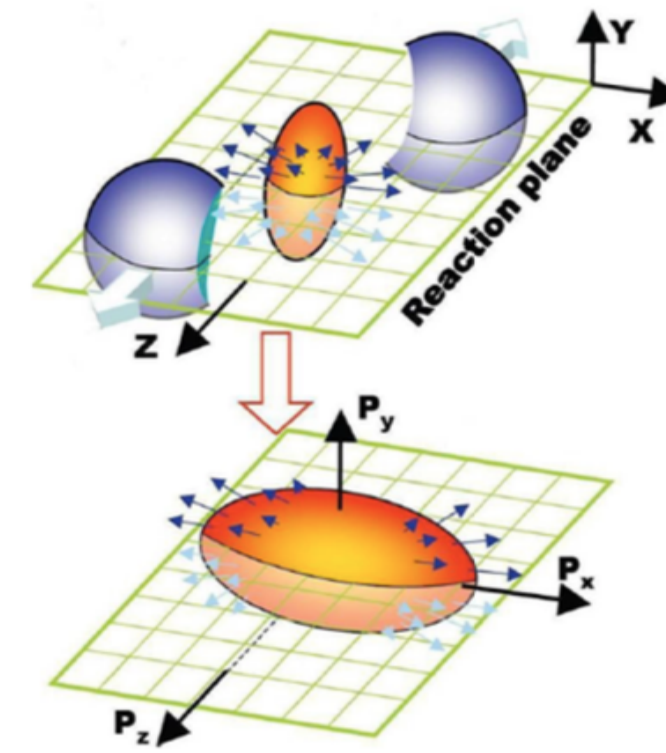
- RHIC 200 GeV and LHC Small viscosity, high temperature Evidence of Quark-Gluon Plasma
- Beam energy scan program Search for Critical Point Locate the phase boundary

A. Bazavov et al., Phys. Rev. D 85, 054503 (2012);
X. Luo, S. Shi, N. Xu, and Y. Zhang, Particles 3(2), 278-307 (2020)

Anisotropic flow

- Anisotropies in particle momentum distributions relative to the reaction plane

Initial spatial anisotropy → Pressure gradient → Anisotropic flow in momentum space



$$E \frac{d^3N}{dp^3} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{d^2N}{p_T dp_T dy} \left(1 + \sum_1^{\infty} 2v_n \cos[n(\phi - \psi_{RP})] \right)$$

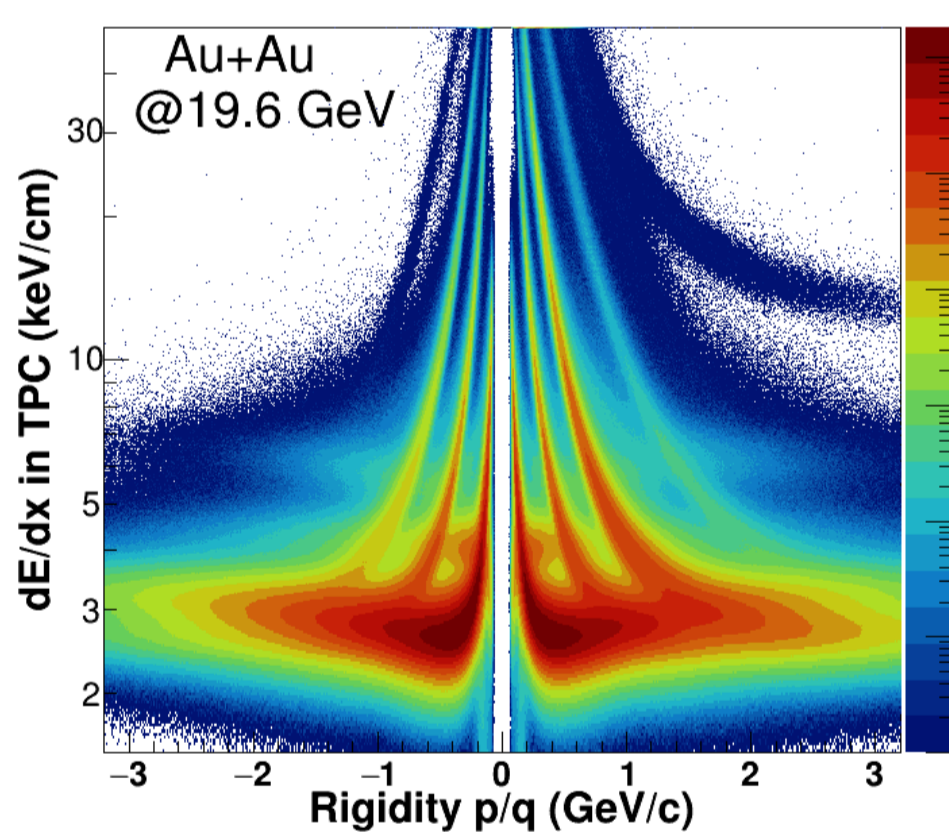
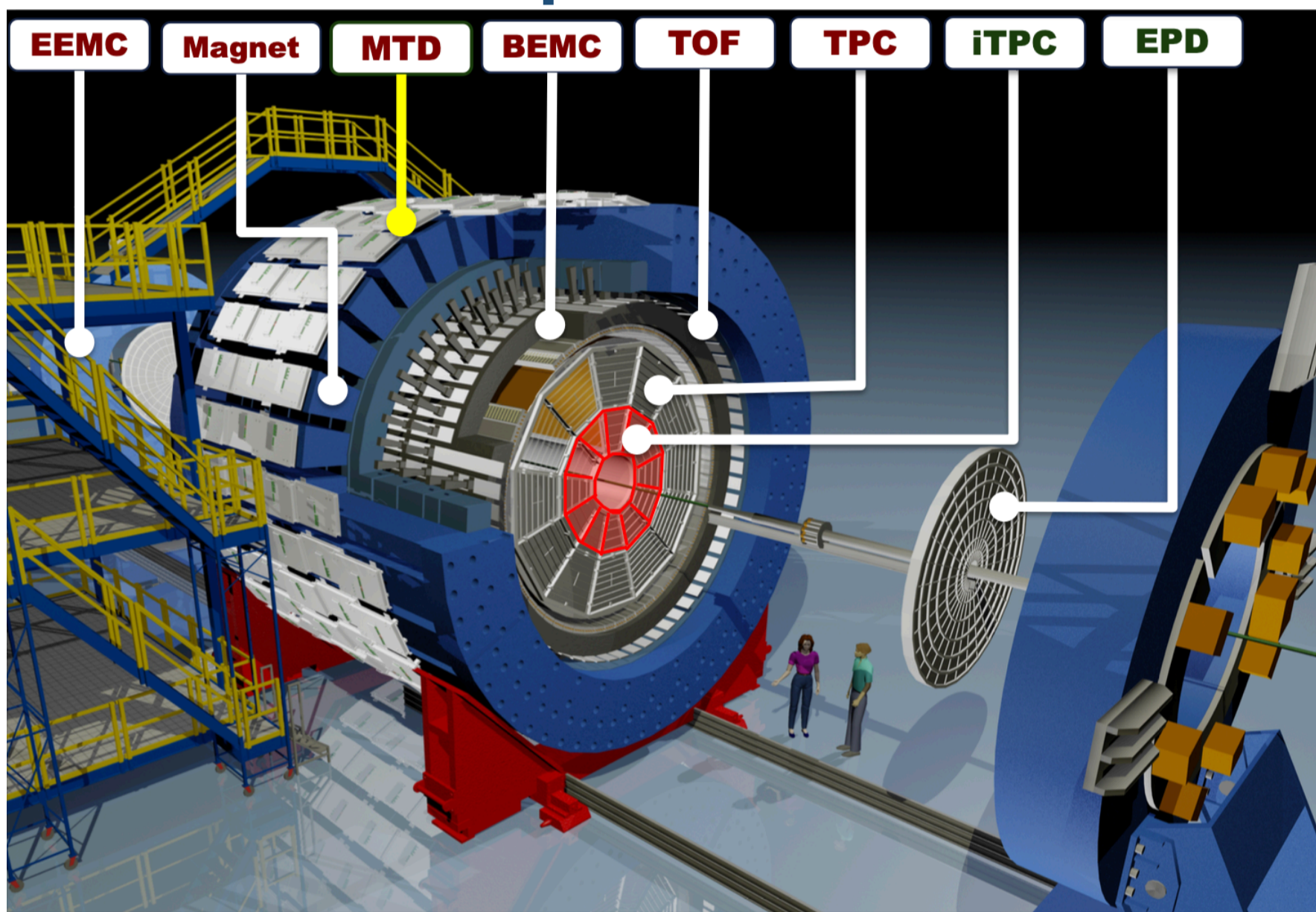
v₁: directed flow $v_1 = \cos(\phi) = \langle \frac{p_x}{p_T} \rangle$

v₂: elliptic flow $v_2 = \cos(2\phi) = \langle \frac{p_x^2 - p_y^2}{p_x^2 + p_y^2} \rangle$

- Spatial asymmetries rapidly decrease with time, anisotropic flow developed early in the medium evolution
- Multi-strange hadrons more sensitive to the partonic stage of the collision
 - ▶ Small hadronic interaction cross sections
 - ▶ Freeze-out earlier than other light hadrons

A. M. Poskanzer and S. A. Voloshin, Phys. Rev. C58, 1671 (1998); B. Mohanty, N. Xu, Journal of Physics G 36, 064022 (2009)

Experimental setup



- The STAR Detector
 - ▶ Full 2π azimuthal coverage
 - ▶ Large acceptance at mid-rapidity
 - ▶ Excellent particle identification
- Upgrade of inner-TPC
 - ▶ Better track quality
 - ▶ Larger acceptance: |η|: 1 → 1.5, p_T: 125 → 60 MeV/c
- TPC, TOF and EPD used in this analysis

Analysis method

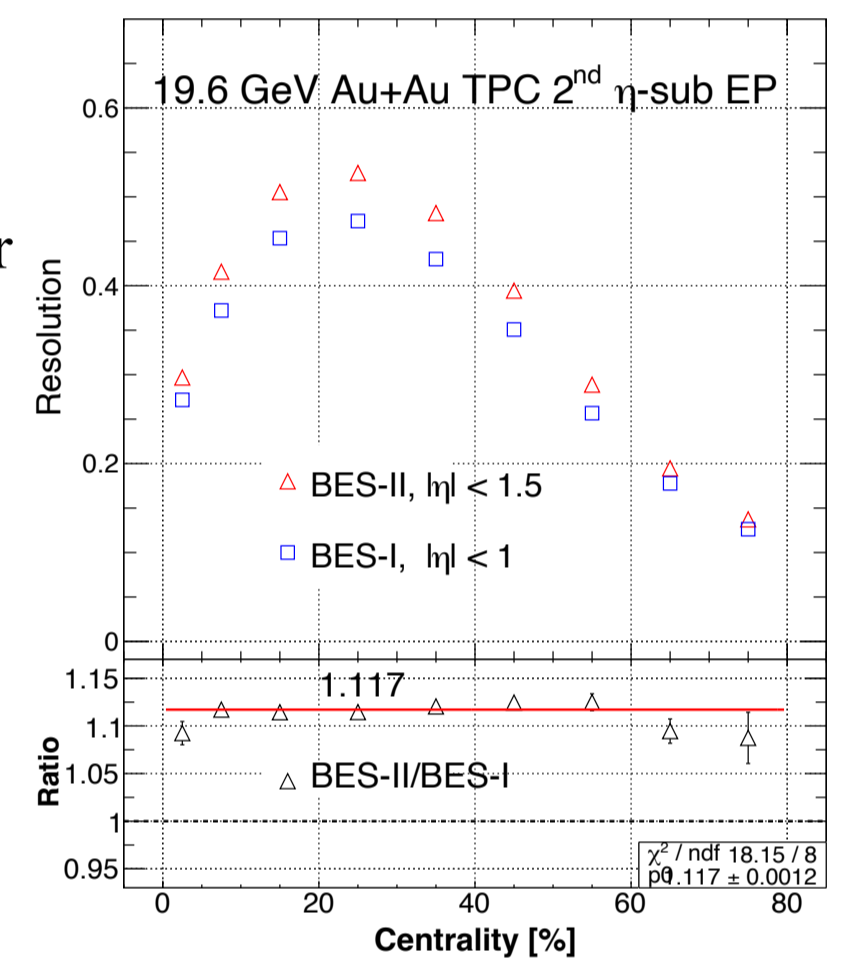
Event plane method

- The nth harmonic event plane (EP) was calculated by Q vector
- Event plane resolution estimated by two sub-events method
- 1st order EP reconstructed by EPD, while 2nd EP by TPC

$$\Psi_n = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sum_i w_i \sin(n\phi_i)}{\sum_i w_i \cos(n\phi_i)} \right) / n$$

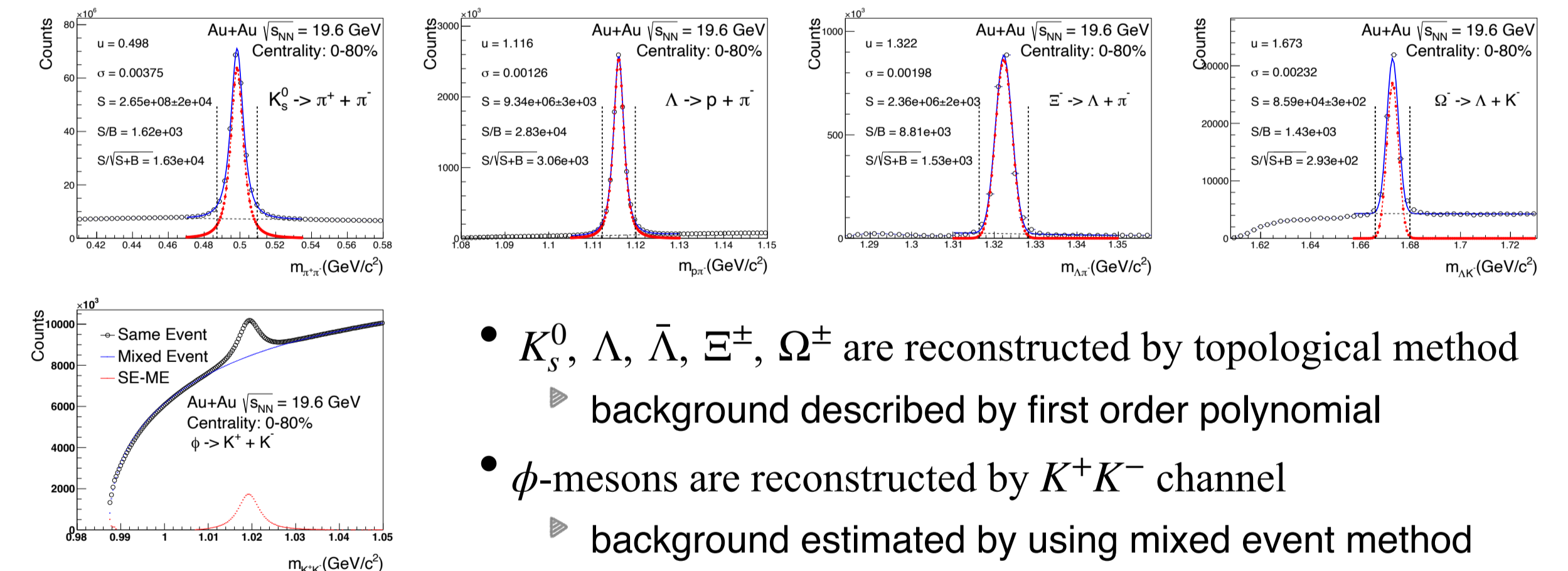
$$\vec{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} Q_y \\ Q_x \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sum_i w_i \sin(n\phi_i) \\ \sum_i w_i \cos(n\phi_i) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_{n,sub} = \sqrt{\langle \cos[n(\Psi_{n,east} - \Psi_{n,west})] \rangle}$$



- The v_n are corrected by EP resolution: $v_n = \frac{\langle \cos[n(\phi - \Psi_n)] \rangle}{R_n}$

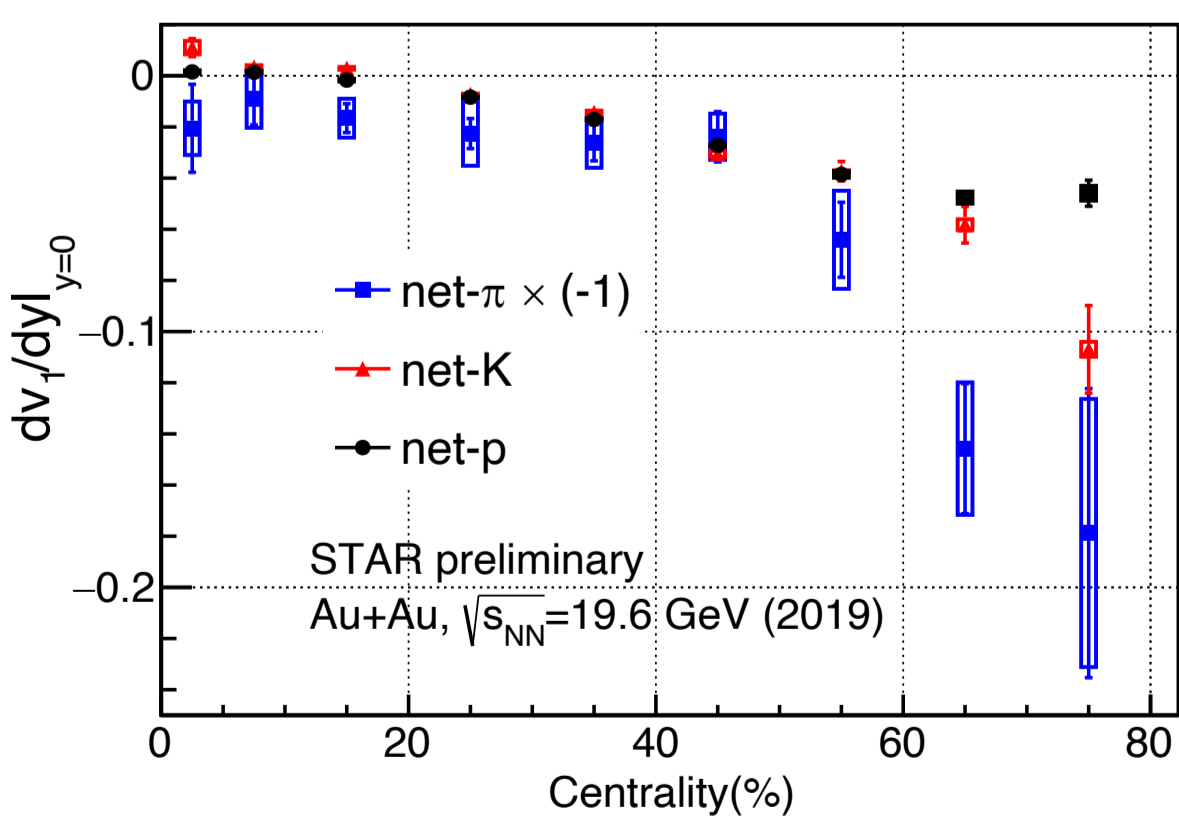
Particle Reconstruction



- K_S^0 , Λ , $\bar{\Lambda}$, Ξ^\pm , Ω^\pm are reconstructed by topological method
 - ▶ background described by first order polynomial
- ϕ -mesons are reconstructed by K^+K^- channel
 - ▶ background estimated by using mixed event method

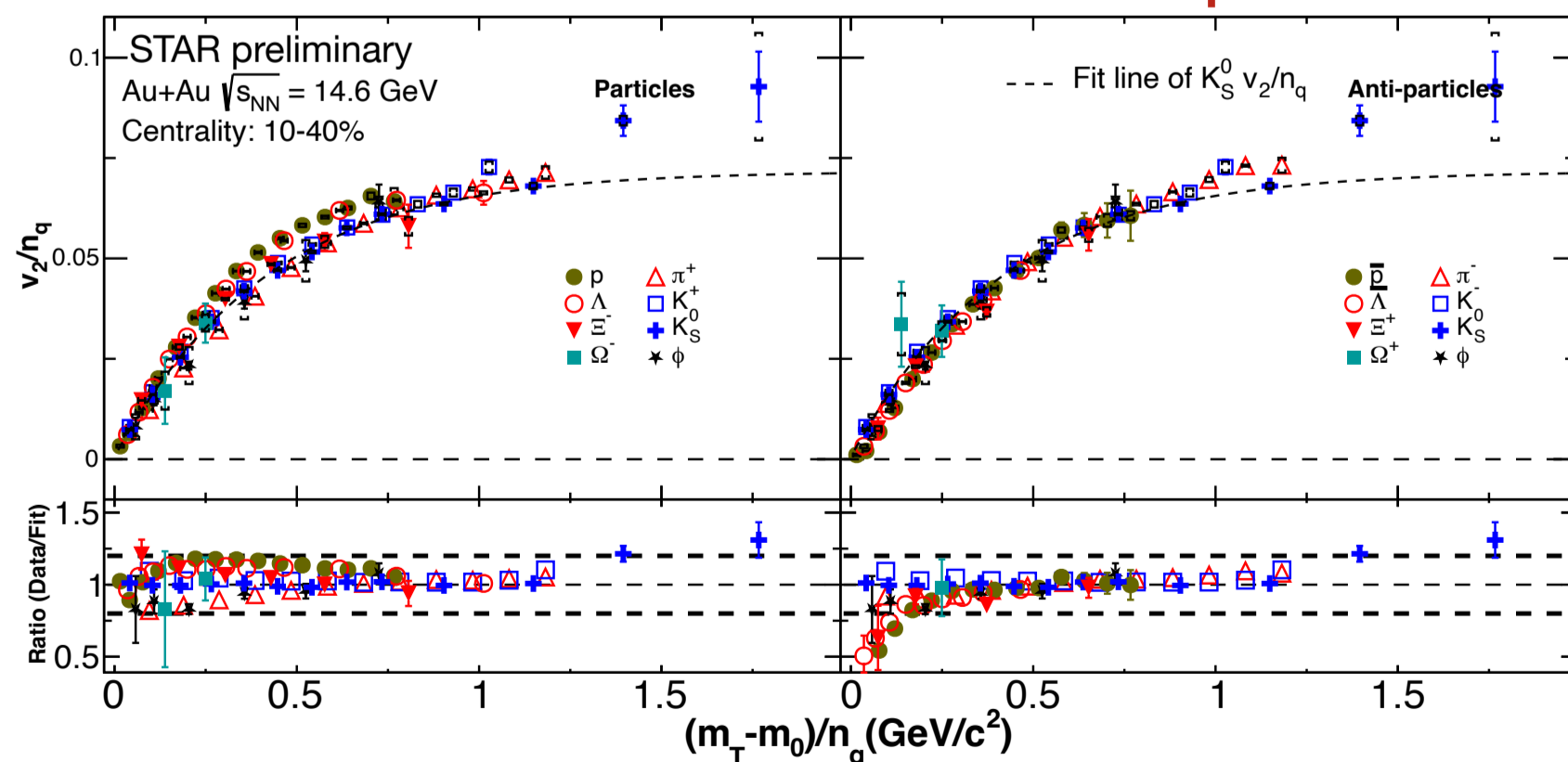
Results

Directed flow



- Net-particles v_1 : $v_{1,net} = \frac{n_p v_{1,p} - n_{\bar{p}} v_{1,\bar{p}}}{n_p - n_{\bar{p}}}$, n_p is particles yield, $n_{\bar{p}}$ is anti-particles yield, define π^-, K^- are anti-particles
- Centrality dependence of v_1 slope for net-particle (net-p, net-K and net-pion), larger in more peripheral collisions, an ordering of net-particles flow observed

Elliptic flow



- NCQ scaling of v_2 holds
 - ▶ Partonic collective flow
- NCQ scaling of anti-particles is better than particles
 - ▶ Produced vs. transported quarks

Summary & Outlook

- Centrality dependence of dv_1/dy for net-particle (net-p, net-K, net-pion), and v_2 (p_T) for strange particles (K^\pm , K_S^0 , Λ , $\bar{\Lambda}$, ϕ , Ξ^\pm , Ω^\pm) are measured
- An ordering of centrality dependence of dv_1/dy for net-p, net-K and net-pion are observed, provides additional constraints to the models
- NCQ scaling of v_2 holds well indicates collective flow has been built up in the partonic stage
- Outlook: Explore the QCD phase diagram with v_1 , v_2 of (multi-)strange hadrons in BES-II