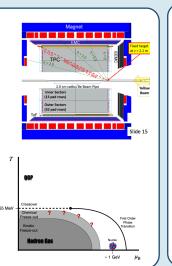


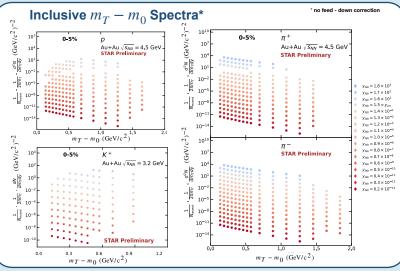
# Light-Flavour Hadron Production and Baryon Stopping at High Baryon Density

Mathias Labonté (<u>mlabonte@ucdavis.edu</u>) for the STAR Collaboration University of California, Davis

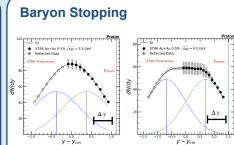
# Introduction

- Light hadron (\(\pi\), \(P\), \(p\))
   production measurements can
   constrain the equation of state of
   the medium produced in heavy
   ion collisions.
- Changes in the trends of baryon stopping have been proposed as a signature of a first order phase transition between a hadron gas and Quark-Gluon Plasma (Yu B. Ivanov. "Alternative scenarios of relativistic heavy-ion collisions. I. Baryon stopping". In: Physical Review C 87.6 (2013), p. 064904.)
- The Fixed-Target program at STAR allows us to study hadron production in a high baryon density region where the QCD critical point may exist.



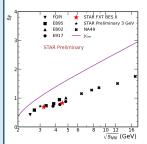


# Inclusive dN/dy\* \*\*no feed - down correction \*\*Take Preliminary\*\* \*\*Inclusive dN/dy\* \*\*Inclusive dN/dy

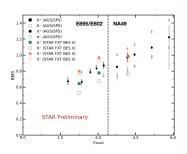


- ∆y quantifies how much the protons have shifted away from beam rapidity.
- A first order phase transition is predicted to have a softening of the equation of state, leading to less stopping.
- If the protons have completely shifted to center of mass rapidity, then  $\Delta y = 0$ .

### Results



 Preliminary results help resolve the tension in baryon stopping measurements between E895 and E917



 Widths of Kaon d N/d y measured for the first time in this energy region

Science

## **Summary**

- Au+Au collisions analyzed at STAR at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=3.2$  and 4.5 GeV.
- Transverse mass spectra and rapidity density distributions for  $\pi, \ k \ p$  reported.
- Preliminary results show consistency in baryon stopping trend and agree with E895 measurement.
- First measurement of Kaon dN/dy width in this energy.

### Next Steps:

- Continue measuring  $\pi$ , K, p spectra in FXT.  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = [3.2, 3.5, 3.9, 4.5, 5.2, 7.2, 7.7]$  GeV.
- Estimate feed-down contribution from V0-type particles.

The STAR Collaboration







