## Measurements of Hypernuclei Production and Their Properties in Heavy-Ion Collisions at STAR

Yuanjing Ji<sup>1</sup>, Yue Hang Leung<sup>2</sup>, Xiujun Li<sup>3</sup>, Dongsheng Li<sup>3</sup>

[1] Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
[2] University of Heidelberg
[3] University of Science and Technology of China

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Hypernuclei, bound states of nuclei with one or more hyperons, serve as a natural labo-1 ratory to investigate the hyperon-nucleon (Y-N) interaction, an important ingredient for the 2 equation-of-state (EoS) of nuclear matter. Precise measurements of hypernuclei properties 3 and their production yields in heavy-ion collisions are crucial for the understanding of their 4 production mechanisms and the strength of the Y-N interaction. The strangeness population 5 factor,  $S_{\rm A} = ({}^{\rm A}_{\Lambda}{\rm H}/{}^{\rm A}{\rm He})/(\Lambda/p)$  (A=3,4), is of particular interest as it directly relates to the 6 ratio of light nuclei and hypernuclei coalescence parameters  $B_A$ . Moreover, it is suggested 7 that  $S_A$  might be sensitive to the onset of deconfinement. The STAR Beam Energy Scan II 8 program and isobar collisions offer a great opportunity to investigate energy and system size 9 dependence of hypernuclei production. 10

In this talk, we present new measurements on transverse momentum  $(p_T)$ , rapidity (y), and centrality dependence of  ${}^{3}_{\Lambda}$ H,  ${}^{4}_{\Lambda}$ H, and  ${}^{4}_{\Lambda}$ He production yields in Au+Au collisions from  $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 3$  to 27 GeV, as well as in Ru+Ru and Zr+Zr collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 200$  GeV. Strangeness population factors  $S_{3,4}$  as functions of collision energy, centrality,  $p_T$ , and y are also reported. In addition, we present new measurements on  ${}^{4}_{\Lambda}$ He and  ${}^{5}_{\Lambda}$ He lifetimes. These results are compared with phenomenological model calculations, and the physics implications on the hypernuclei production mechanism and properties of Y-N interaction will be discussed.