1First measurement of femtoscopic correlation function between D^0 mesons and charged2hadrons in Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV at STAR

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Heavy quarks are produced in hard partonic scatterings at the very early stage of heavy-ion
collisions and they experience the whole evolution of the Quark-Gluon Plasma medium.
Femtoscopic correlations, i.e. two-particle correlations at low relative momentum, are sensitive
to the final-state interactions as well as to the extent of the region from which the correlated
particles are emitted. A study of such correlations between charmed mesons and identified
charged hadrons could shed light on their interactions in the hadronic phase and the interaction
of charm quarks with the medium.

12 In this poster, we will present the first measurement of femtoscopic correlations between 13 $D^{0}-\pi$, $D^{0}-K$, and D^{0} -proton pairs at mid-rapidity in Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV using 14 the data taken in the year 2014 and 2016 by the STAR experiment. D^{0} mesons are reconstructed 15 via the K⁻- π^{+} decay channel using topological criteria enabled by the Heavy Flavor Tracker with 16 excellent track pointing resolution. We will present the femtoscopic correlation function for D^{0} 17 transverse momentum above 1 GeV/c in the 0-80% centrality. We will also compare the 18 experimental results with available theoretical models and discuss physical implications.