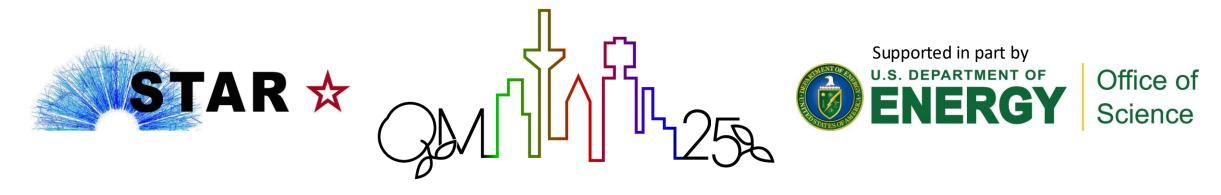
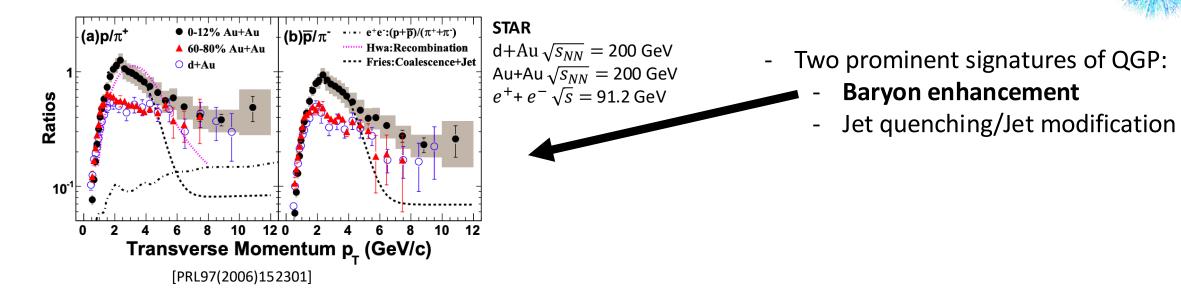
# Baryon-to-meson Ratios in Jets from Au+Au and p+p collisions at 200 GeV

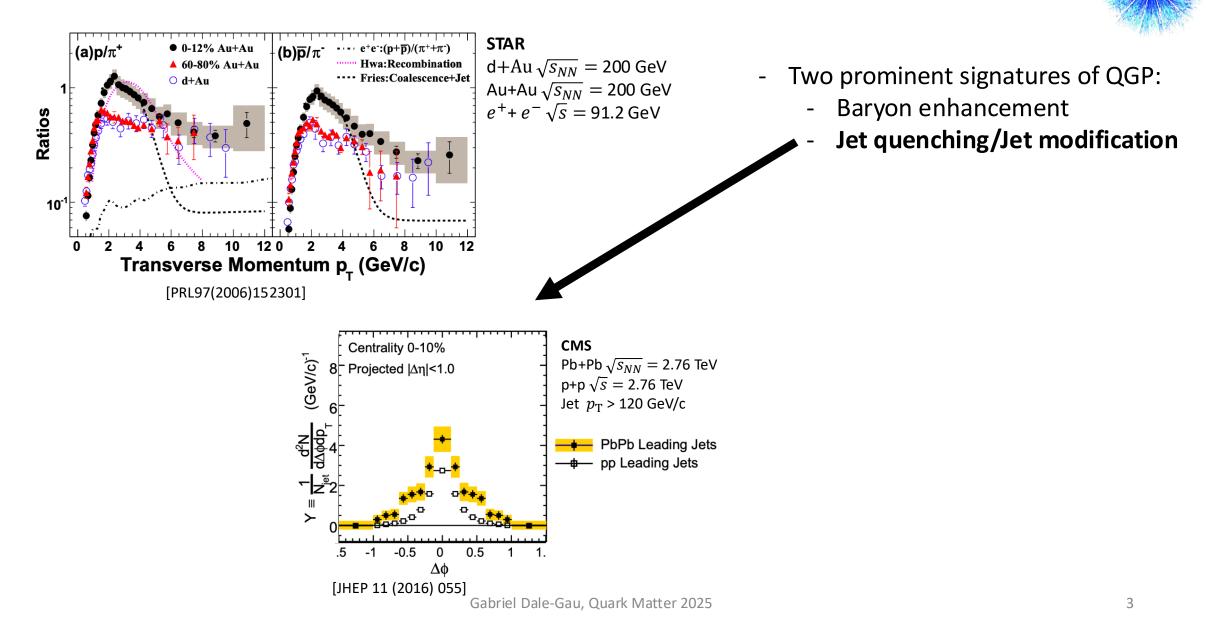
Quark Matter 2025

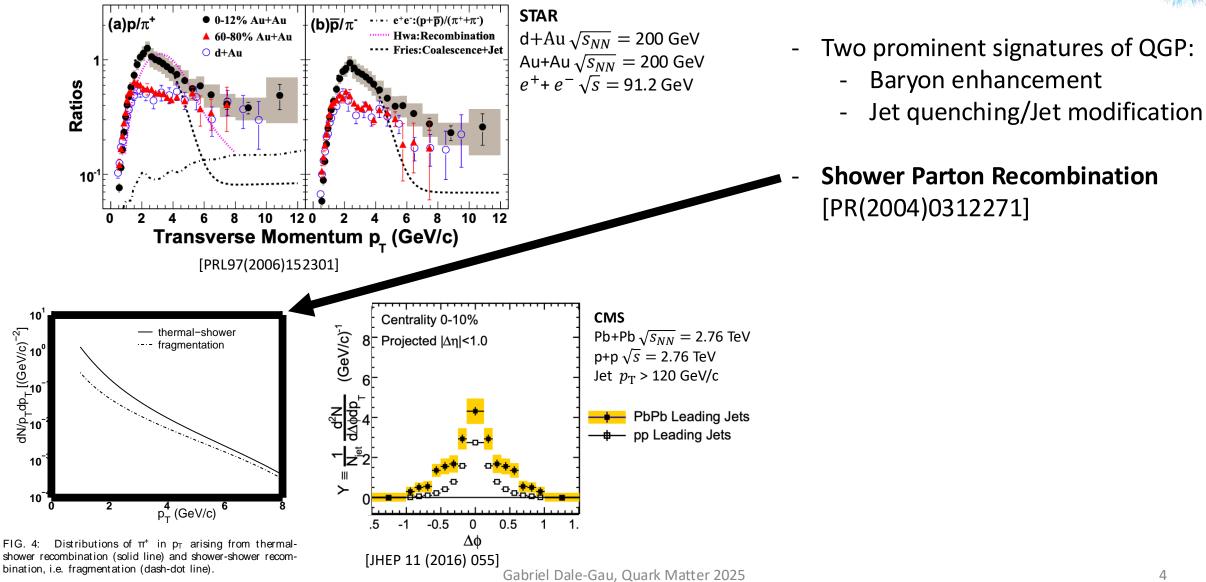
Gabriel Dale-Gau on behalf of the STAR collaboration



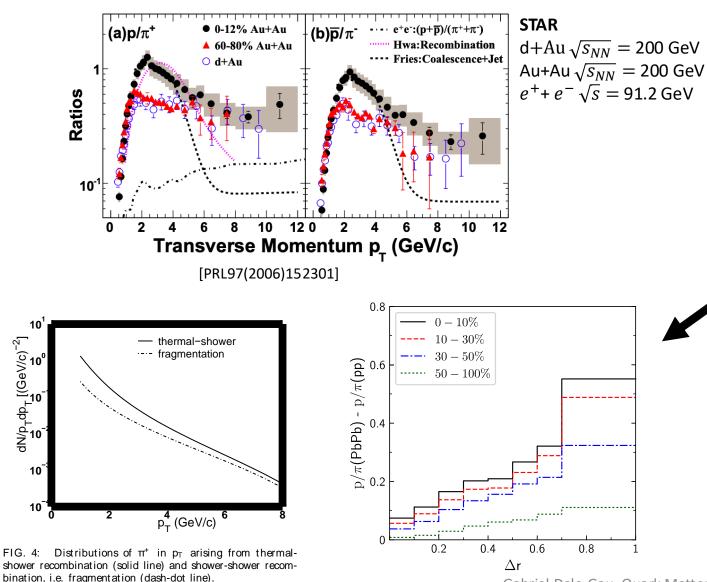


STAR



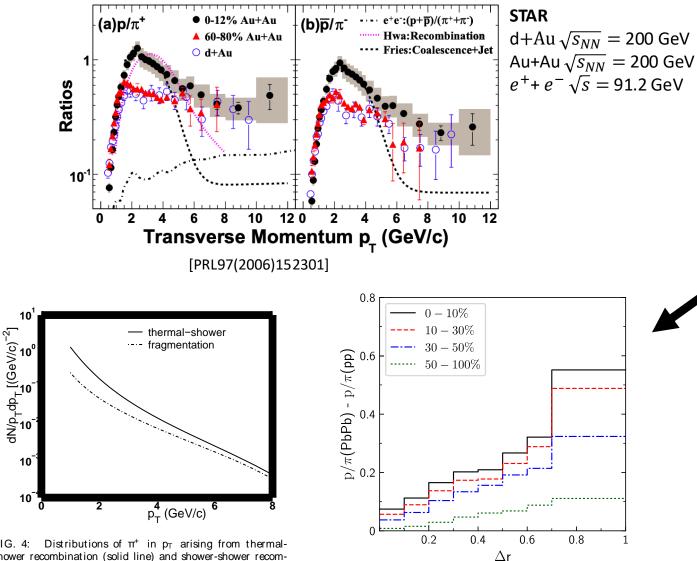








- Two prominent signatures of QGP:
  - Baryon enhancement
  - Jet quenching/Jet modification
- Shower Parton Recombination [PR(2004)0312271]
- AMPT simulations: baryon/meson is modified for jets in QGP [PLB(2022)137638]





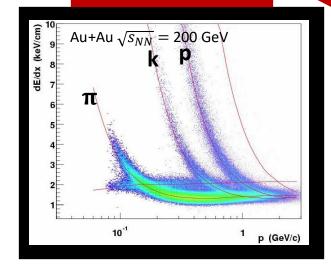
- Two prominent signatures of QGP: -
  - Baryon enhancement
  - Jet quenching/Jet modification -
- Shower Parton Recombination [PR(2004)0312271]
- AMPT simulations: baryon/meson is modified for jets in QGP [PLB(2022)137638]
  - Is jet fragmentation modified by QGP?
- We measure  $p/\pi$  in jets using jethadron correlations

FIG. 4: Distributions of  $\pi^+$  in  $p_T$  arising from thermalshower recombination (solid line) and shower-shower recombination, i.e. fragmentation (dash-dot line)

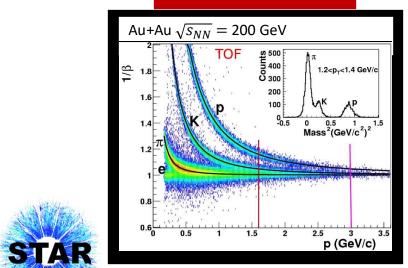
Gabriel Dale-Gau, Quark Matter 2025

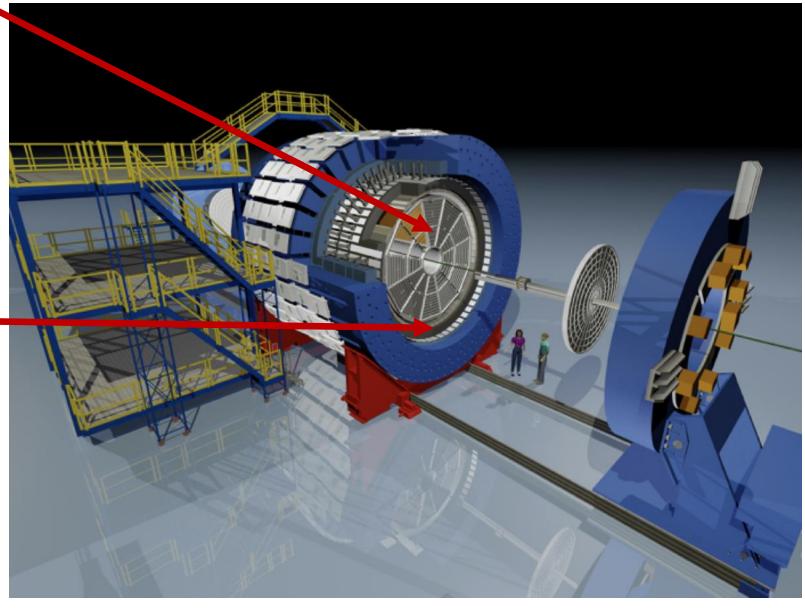


### **STAR Detector**



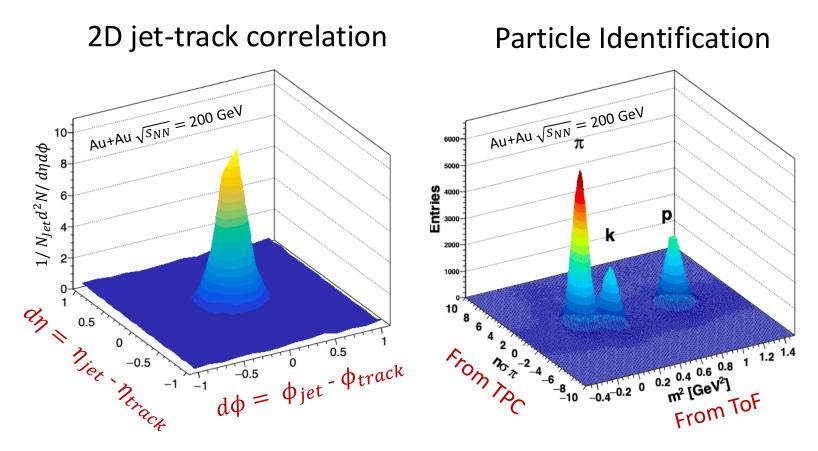
#### $oldsymbol{eta}$ from ToF





7

#### **Measurement Technique**



Fully reconstructed jets with tracks identified by Time of Flight (ToF) and Time Projection Chamber (TPC) information => Particle Identification in jets

#### **Data Samples**

- p+p collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV (2015)
- 0-10% central Au+Au collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV, (2014)

#### Jet Reconstruction

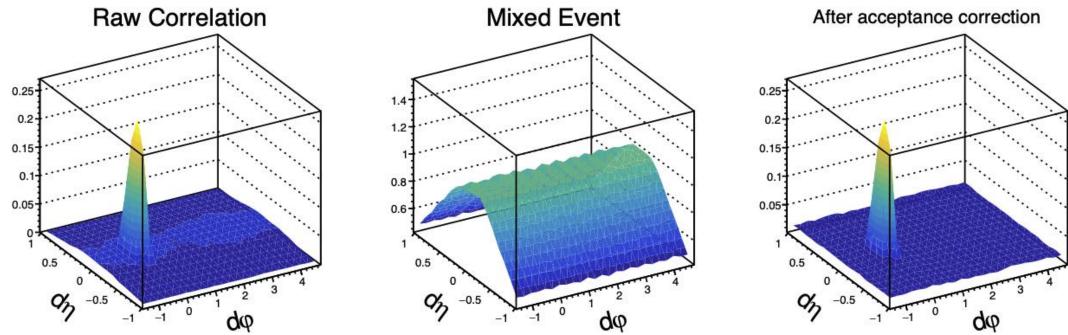
- Anti- $k_{\rm T}$ 

\_

- Jet R = 0.2, 0.3, 0.4
- Constituent selections -  $p_{T}^{const}$  > 2.0 GeV/c
  - $p_{\rm T}^{const}$  > 3.0 GeV/c
- Jet  $p_{\rm T}^{raw}$  > 9 GeV/c
- Inclusive Jets

### **Jet-Track Correlation**

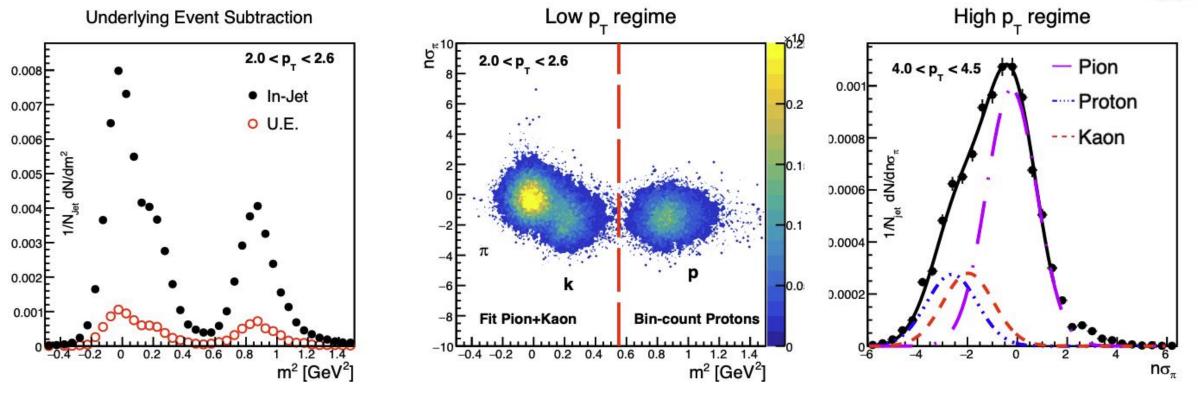




- **\blacksquare** Run Anti- $k_{\rm T}$  algorithm to identify Jet Axis
- Perform correlations with all tracks within  $|\eta_{\text{track}}| < 0.5$
- Build Mixed event for pair acceptance correction
- Divide signal correlation by mixed event
- Select regions of equal area for jet and underlying event for every p<sub>T</sub> bin from 2.0 GeV/c to 5.0 GeV/c

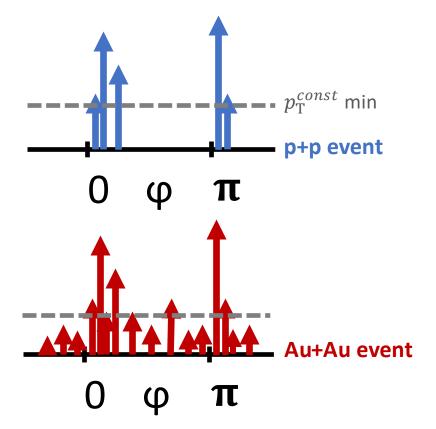
### **Particle Identification**





- Subtract UE from Jet in d $\varphi$ , d $\eta$ ,  $n\sigma_{\pi}$ , and  $m^2$
- Identify Pion, Proton, Kaon yields from remaining Jet Signal
- Low  $p_{\rm T}$  regime:  $p_{\rm T}$  < 3.0 GeV/c → bin-count protons
- High  $p_{\rm T}$  regime:  $p_{\rm T} > 3.0 \, {\rm GeV}/c \rightarrow {\rm triple Gaussian fit}$
- Divide proton yield by pion yield to measure ratio

### **Correlated Background Removal**

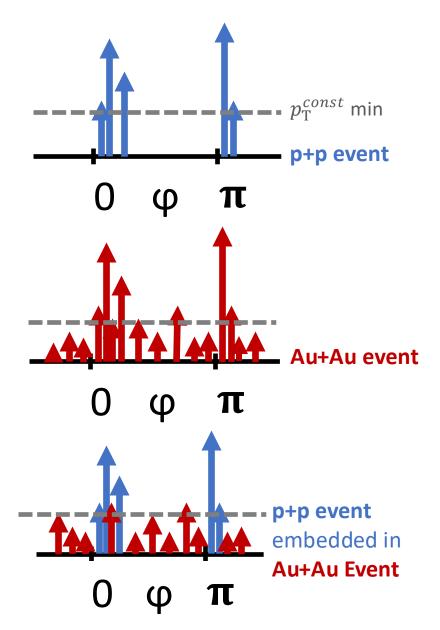


#### The Challenge:

Jet selection threshold coupled with upward fluctuation in underlying event causes the jetfinder algorithm to pick up background tracks at a higher rate



### **Correlated Background Removal**



#### The Challenge:

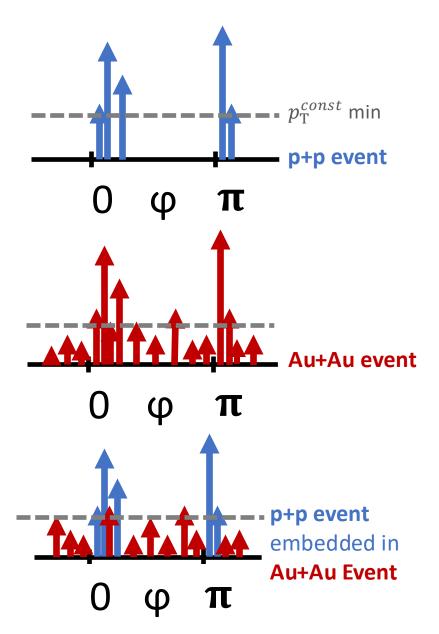
Jet selection threshold coupled with upward fluctuation in underlying event causes the jetfinder algorithm to pick up background tracks at a higher rate

#### The Solution:

**Pseudo-embedding:** take p+p jets down to low  $p_T \rightarrow$  overlay with mixed constituent Au+Au event  $\rightarrow$  run jet finder  $\rightarrow$  match to original p+p jet  $\rightarrow$ construct jet+track correlations with Au+Au event and perform uncorrelated UE subtraction



#### **Correlated Background Removal**

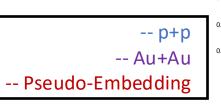


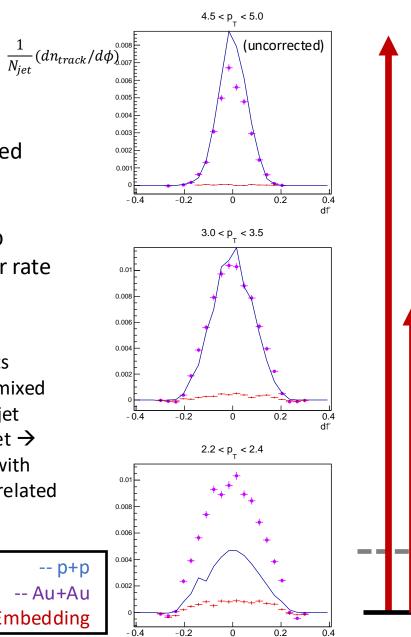
#### The Challenge:

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**Pseudo-embedding:** take *p*+*p* jets down to low  $p_{\rm T} \rightarrow$  overlay with mixed constituent Au+Au event  $\rightarrow$  run jet finder  $\rightarrow$  match to original p+p jet  $\rightarrow$ construct jet+track correlations with Au+Au event and perform uncorrelated **UE** subtraction







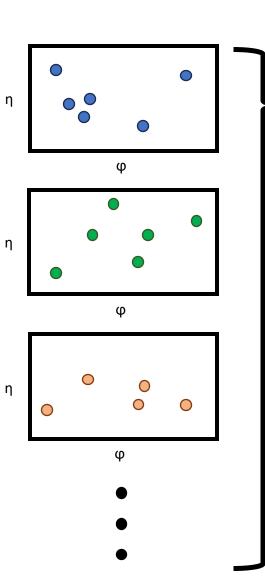
13

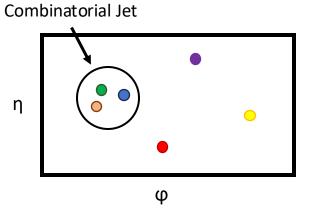
df

 $p_{\rm T}^{const}$  min

2.0 GeV/c

### **Evaluating Contribution from Combinatorial Jets**

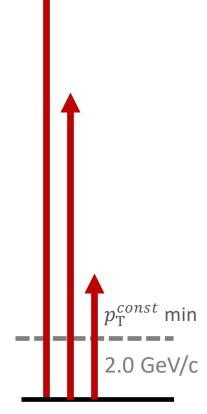




#### Procedure:

- Create mixed event by taking one track from different events until reaching an n<sub>track</sub> value sampled from the signal distribution
- Embed p+p event with identified jet seed into mixed event
- Run Jetfinder on resulting combined event
- Identify jets that are **not matched** to a *p*+*p* jet seed
- Construct jet+track correlations with Au+Au mixed event only

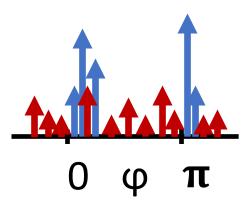




#### **Correlated Background Removal: Embed into Mixed Constituent Event**

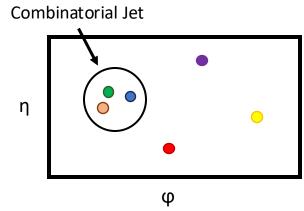


Au+Au Mixed Event



p+p event

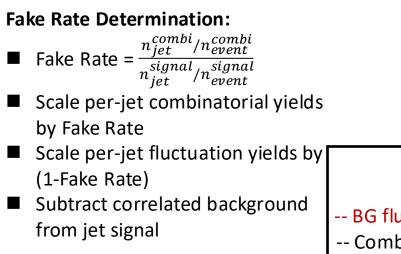
embedded in

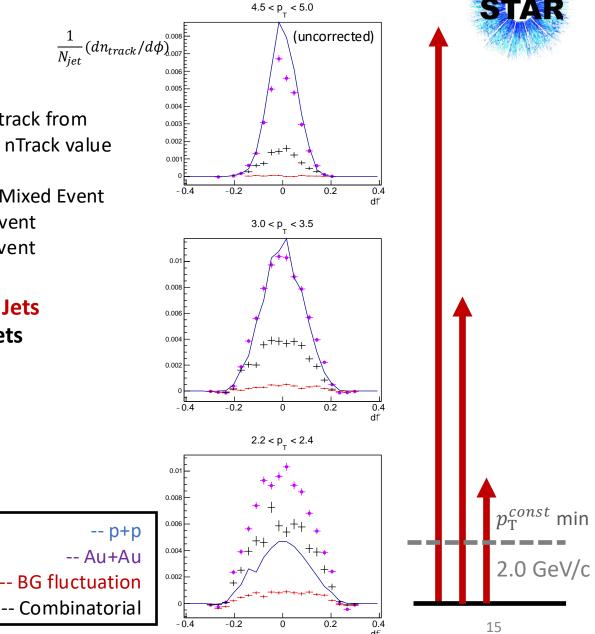


#### **Procedure:**

- Run Jetfinder on *p*+*p* event
- Create Mixed event by taking one track from different events until a reasonable nTrack value is reached
- Combine p+p event (with jet) and Mixed Event
- Run Jetfinder on resulting mixed event
- Perform correlations with mixed event

#### Pseudo-embedding $\rightarrow$ Matched Jets Combinatorials $\rightarrow$ Unmatched jets

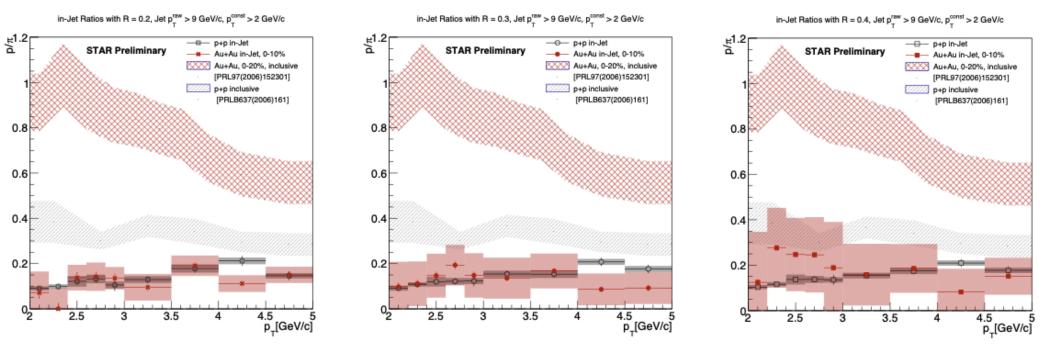




### **Preliminary plots from HP24**

#### R = 0.2

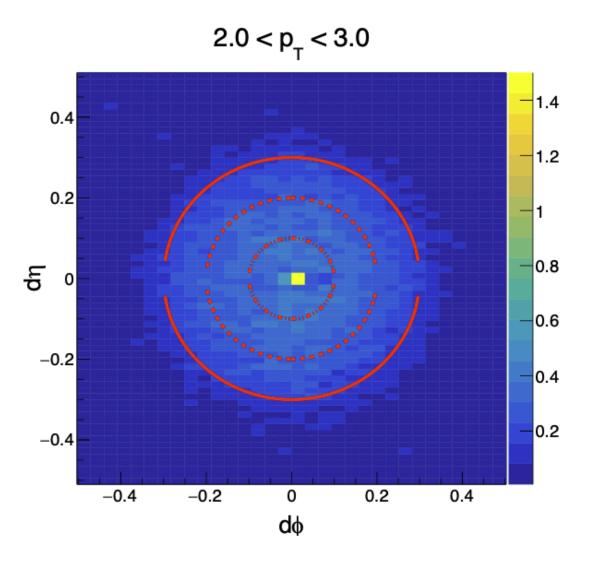
R = 0.3



- We present the first ever in-Jet  $p/\pi$  study with jet R dependence from STAR
- Study shows jets with  $p_T^{const} > 2.0 \text{ GeV/c}$  and jet  $p_T^{raw} > 9.0 \text{ GeV/c}$
- In p+p collisions, the in-jet p/ $\pi$  ratio sits below the p/ $\pi$  ratio from inclusive hadrons, with no dependence on jet R
- For every jet R studied, in-jet  $p/\pi$  ratios measured in central Au+Au are consistent with those from p+p, with no evidence for enhancement between the two systems

R = 0.4

### Yields as a function of $\Delta r$





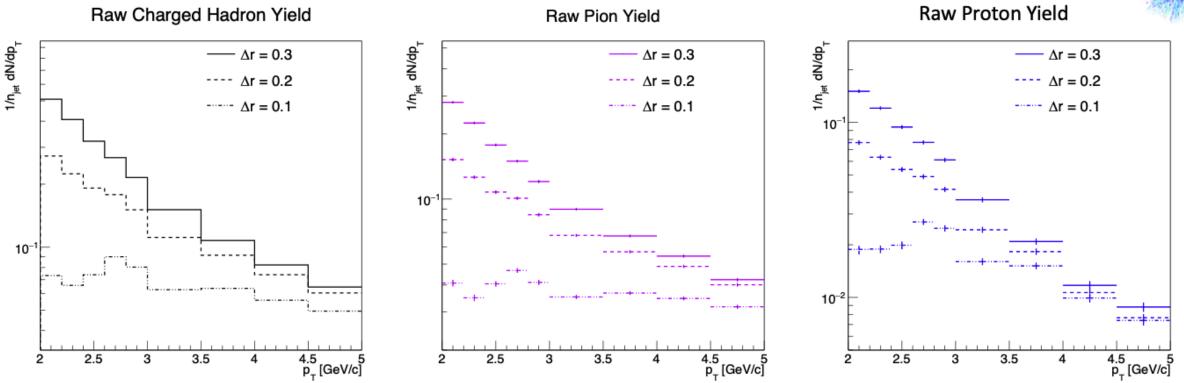
Δr is defined as the distance to the jet axis for any particular track.

$$\Delta \mathbf{r} = \sqrt{(\eta_{jet} - \eta_{track})^2 + (\varphi_{jet} - \varphi_{track})^2}$$

- All previous results are integrated using Δr = R
  To study identified particle content as a function of Δr, we keep a fixed Jet R for clustering, and vary the integration radius, performing PID on resulting distributions
- For this study we use R = 0.3 and ∆r = 0.1, 0.2, 0.3
- A range of 2.0 < p<sub>T</sub> < 3.0 Gev/c is chosen for this study to ensure the cleanest PID results, given we can bin-count proton yield from ToF information in that regime

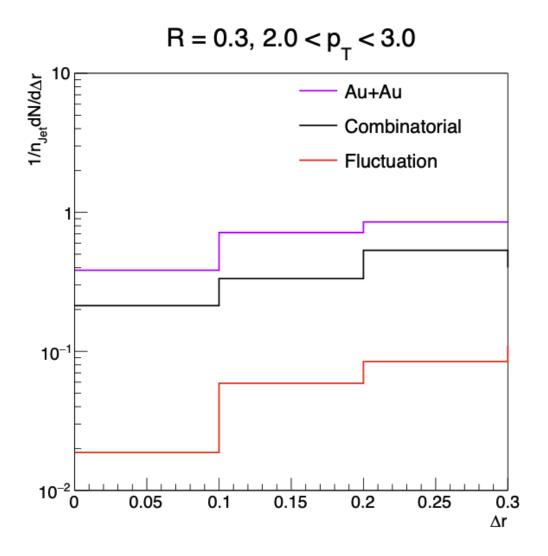
### Yields as a function of $\Delta R$





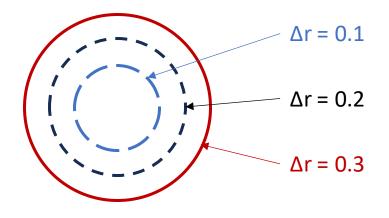
- Raw (before correlated background correction) yields for charged hadrons, identified protons and pions from jets with R = 0.3 at ∆r = 0.1, 0.2, 0.3
- **T** o isolate yield for each ring in  $\Delta r$ , we subtract smaller  $\Delta r$  yields from larger  $\Delta r$  yields

#### Correlated Background correction in $\Delta R$



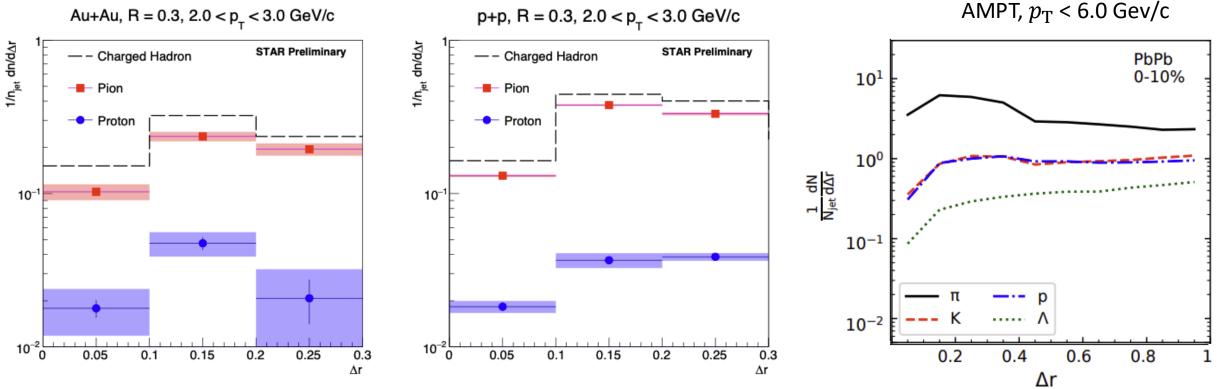


- Combining bins in the range 2.0 < p<sub>T</sub> < 3.0 Gev/c, we subtract inner from outter radii to measure yield as a function of Δr
- The same procedure is followed for correlated background contribution from combinatorial jets and upward fluctuation into our jet yield



### Identified Yields as a function of $\Delta r$



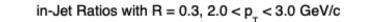


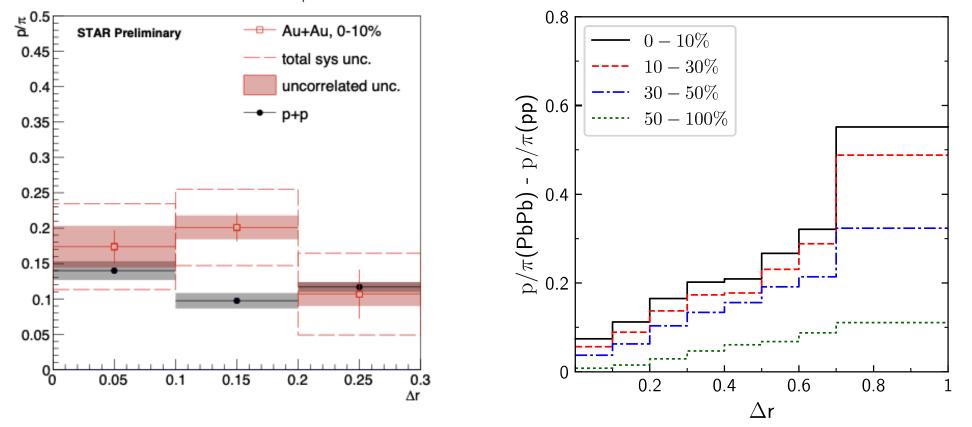
- Per-Jet Identified hadron yields are shown as function of ∆r for jets with R = 0.3 in p+p and 0-10% central Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV
- Total charged hadron yield is shown to provide reference for the overall radial distribution

### $p/\pi \Delta r$ Dependence

Pb+Pb AMPT,  $p_{\rm T}$  < 6.0 Gev/c



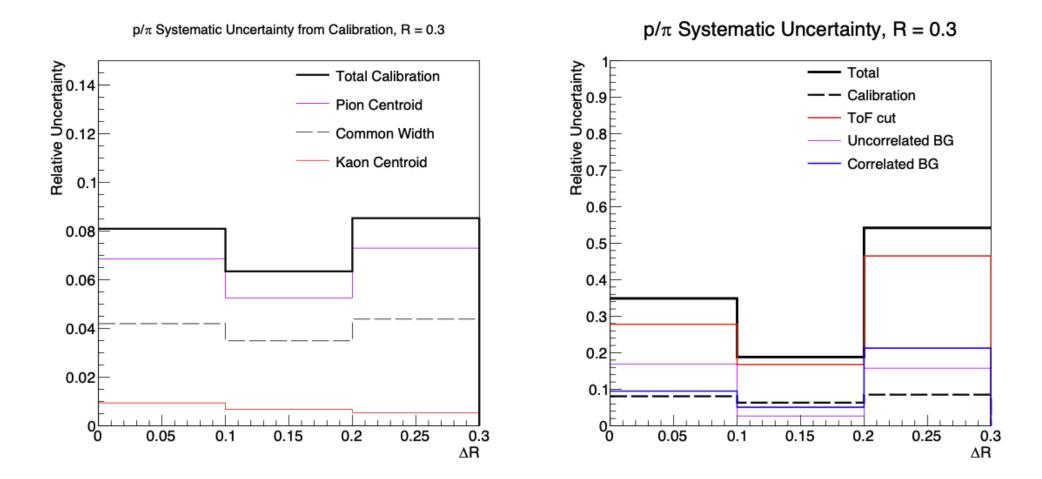




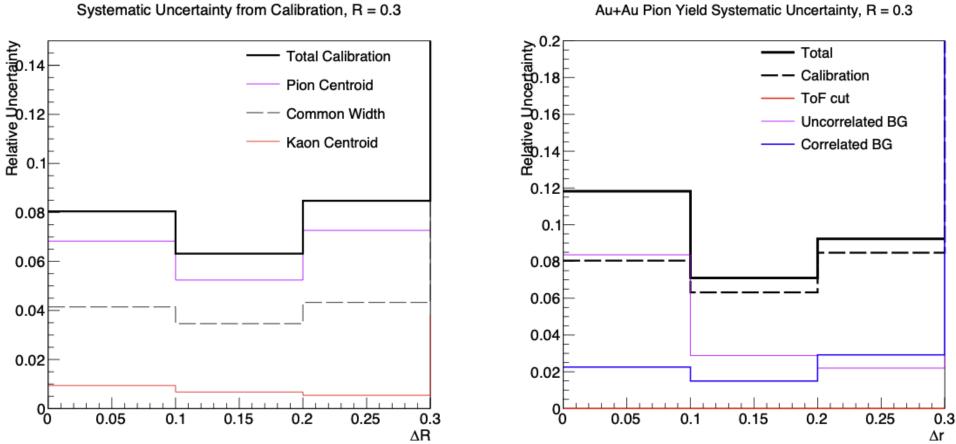
For Tracks with 2.0 <  $p_T$  < 3.0 Gev/c in jets with R = 0.3,  $p_T^{const}$  > 2.0 GeV/c and jet  $p_T^{raw}$  > 9.0 GeV/c, we observe no significant difference in the in-cone radial evolution of p/ $\pi$  between 0-10% Au+Au and p+p collisions at 200 GeV

## Backup

#### Au+Au p/ $\pi \Delta r$ Systematics



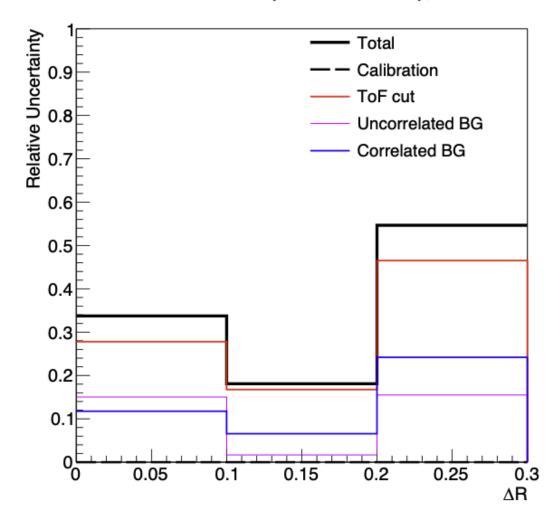
#### Au+Au Pion Yield Δr Systematics



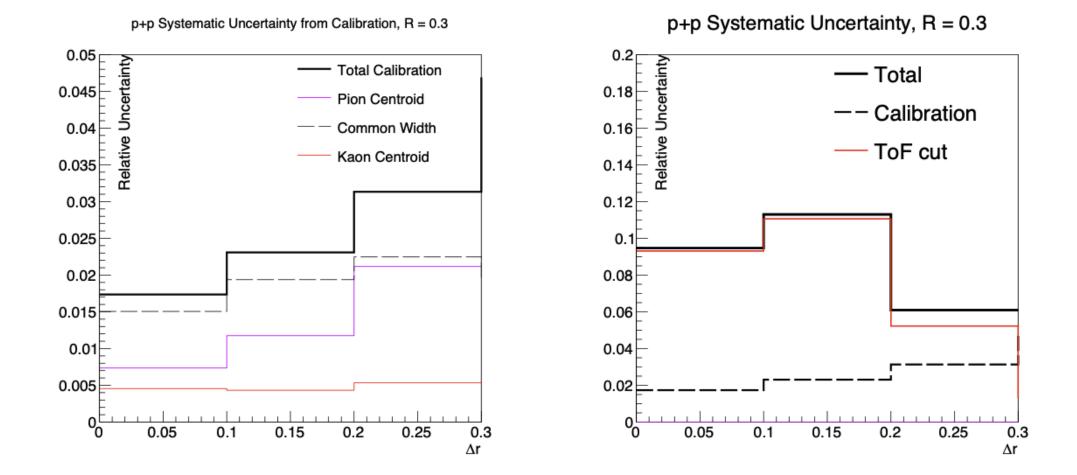
Au+Au Pion Yield Systematic Uncertainty, R = 0.3

#### Au+Au Proton Yield Δr Systematics

Au+Au Proton Yield Systematic Uncertainty, R = 0.3

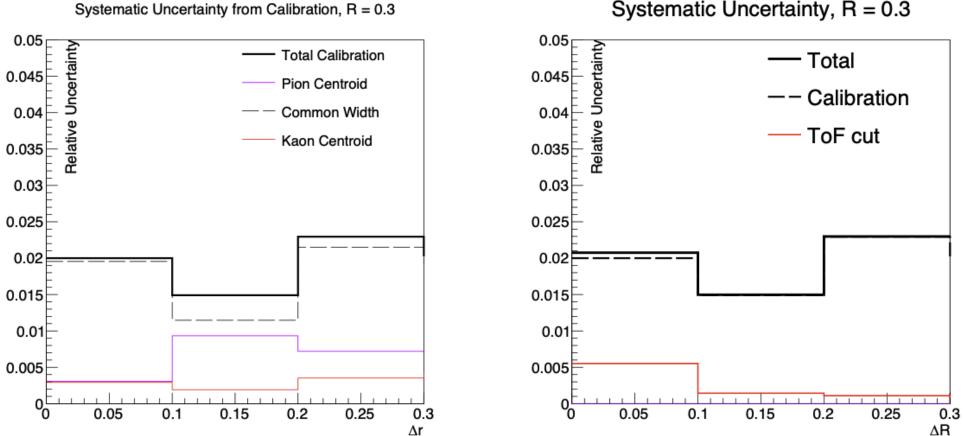


#### p+p p/ $\pi \Delta r$ Systematics



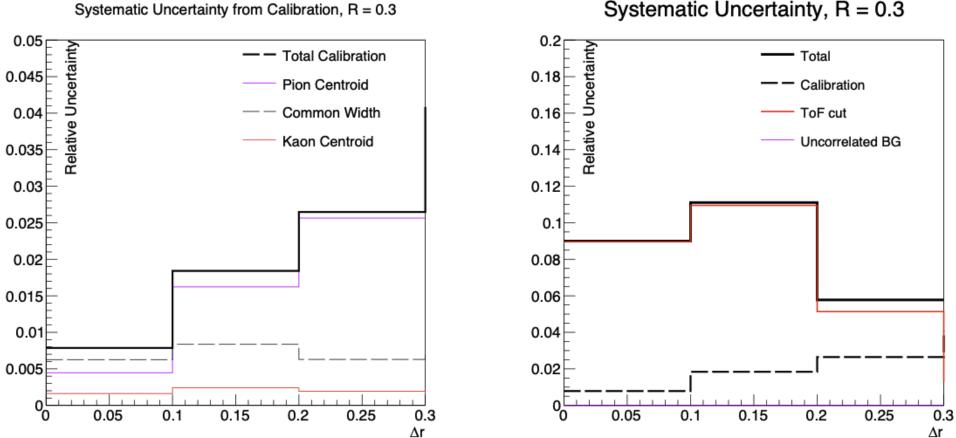
Gabriel Dale-Gau, Quark Matter 2025

#### **p+p Pion Yield Δr Systematics**



Systematic Uncertainty, R = 0.3

#### **p+p Proton Yield Δr Systematics**



Systematic Uncertainty, R = 0.3