

# Baryon-to-meson Ratios in Jets from Au+Au and p+p Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV

*Gabriel Dale-Gau for the STAR Collaboration  
University of Illinois at Chicago*



*Quark Matter 2025, Frankfurt, Germany  
April 6-12, 2025*

Supported in part by



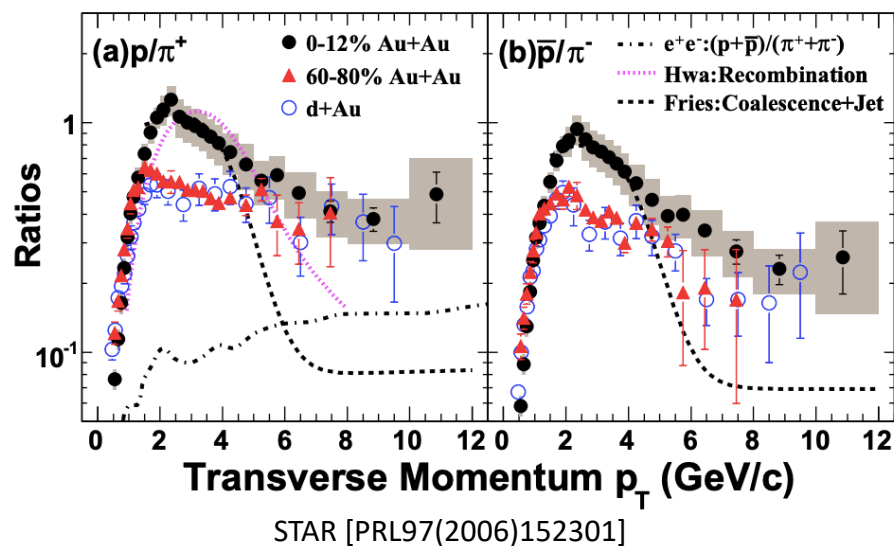
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

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Science



STAR Collaboration

# Motivation



STAR

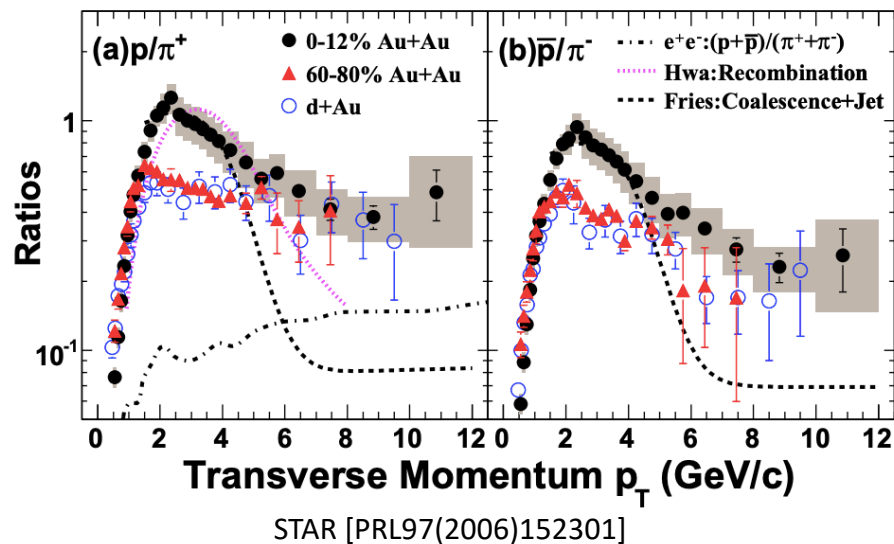
d+Au  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV

Au+Au  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV

$e^+ + e^-$   $\sqrt{s} = 91.2$  GeV

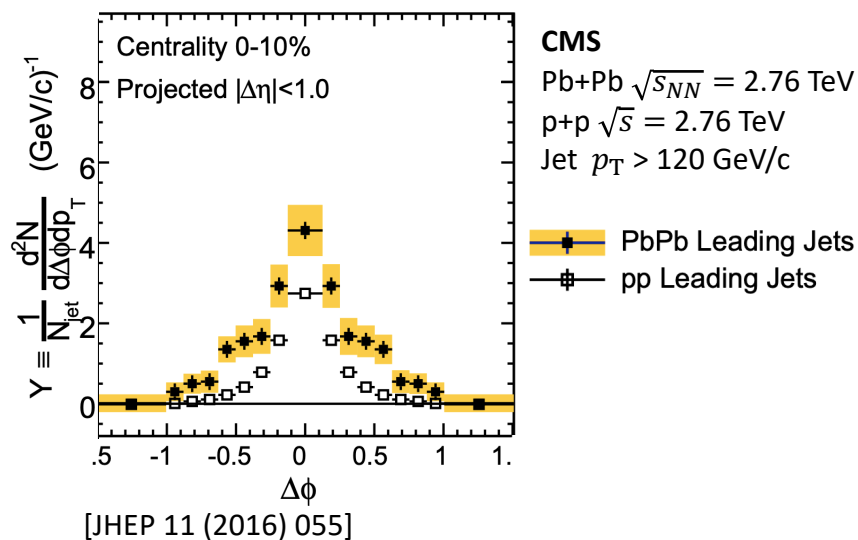
- Two prominent signatures of QGP:
  - **Baryon enhancement**
  - Jet quenching/Jet modification

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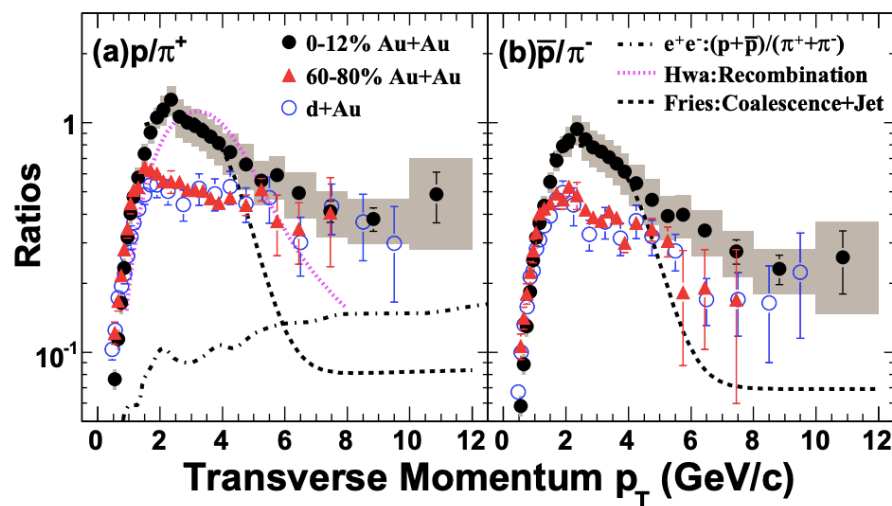
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CMS  
 $Pb+Pb \sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76 \text{ TeV}$   
 $p+p \sqrt{s} = 2.76 \text{ TeV}$   
 Jet  $p_T > 120 \text{ GeV/c}$

■ PbPb Leading Jets  
■ pp Leading Jets

# Motivation



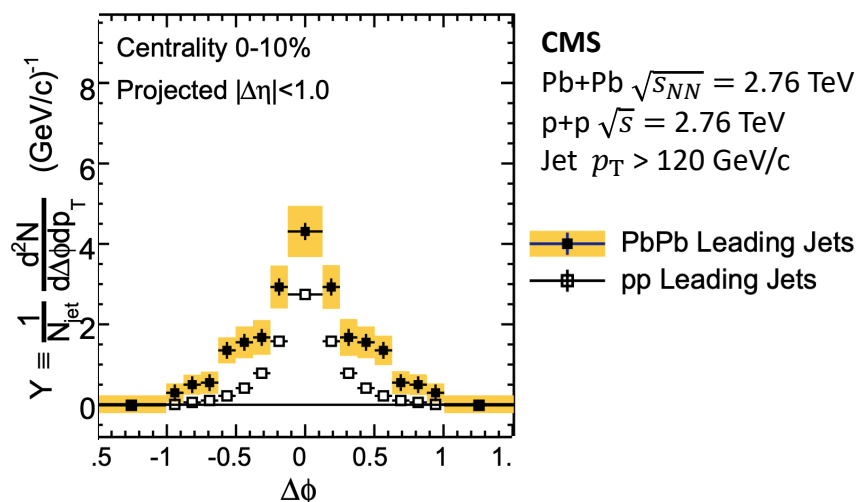
STAR [PRL97(2006)152301]

STAR

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Is jet hadro-chemistry modified by QGP?

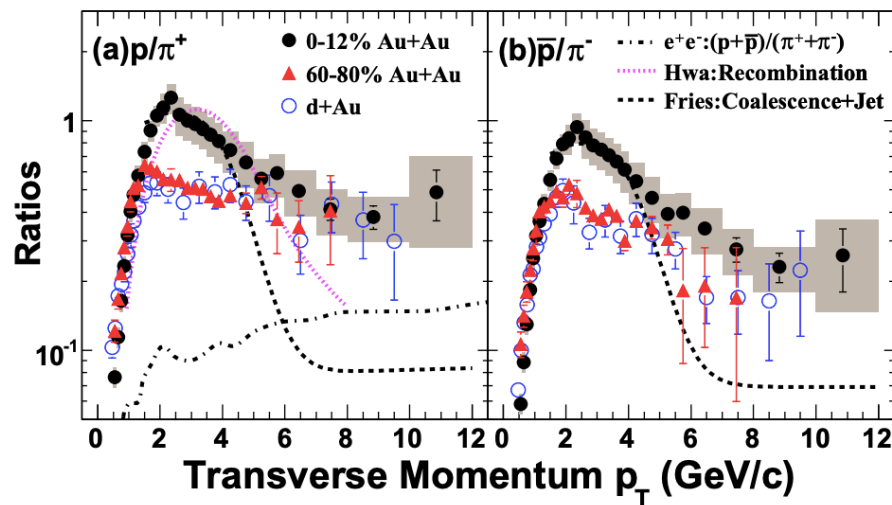


[JHEP 11 (2016) 055]

CMS

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- Thermal-Shower Recombination**  
R.C. Hwa & C. B. Yang [PRC(2004)0312271]

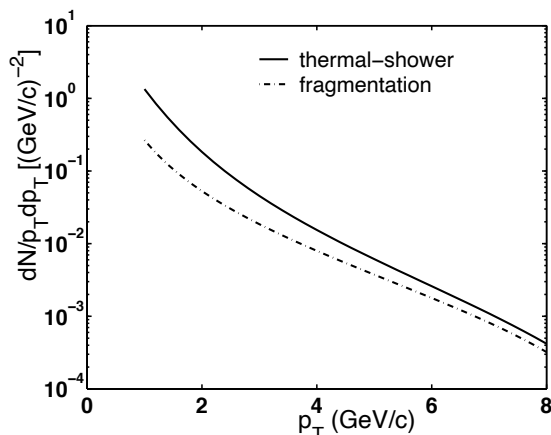
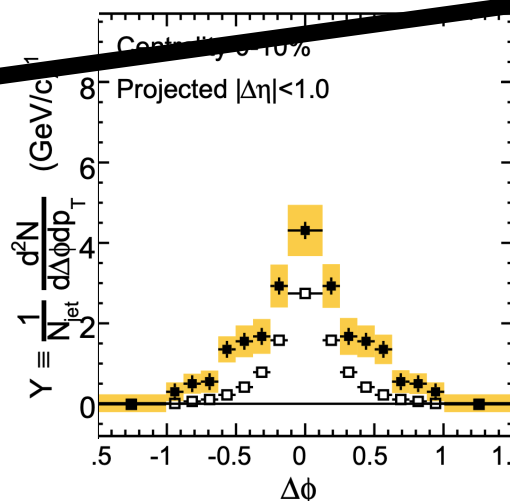


FIG. 4: Distributions of  $\pi^+$  in  $p_T$  arising from thermal-shower recombination (solid line) and shower-shower recombination, i.e. fragmentation (dash-dot line).



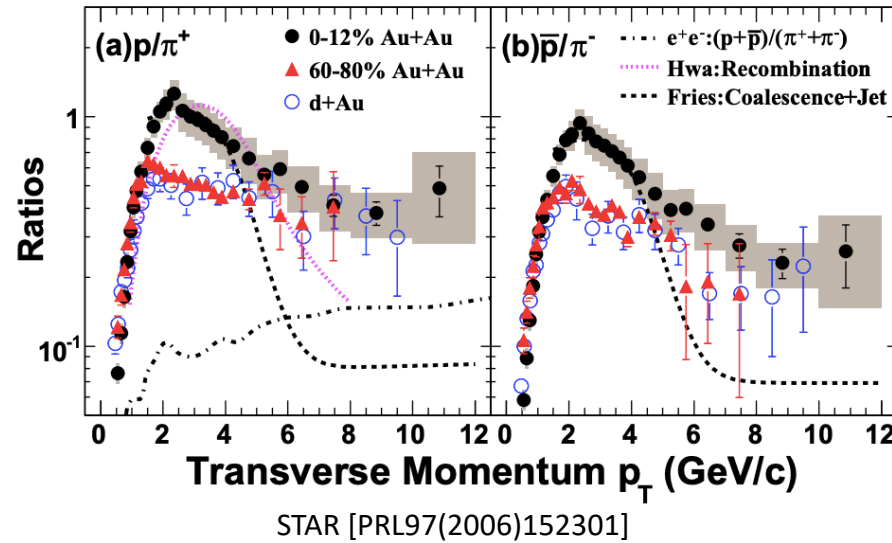
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—●— PbPb Leading Jets  
—●— pp Leading Jets

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- AMPT simulations:  $p/\pi$  is modified for jets in QGP**  
A. Luo et al. [PLB(2022)137638]

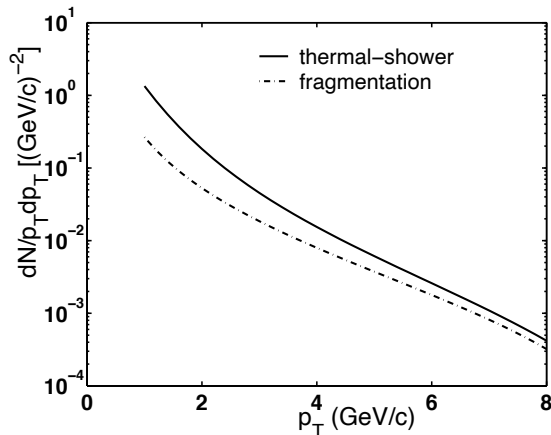
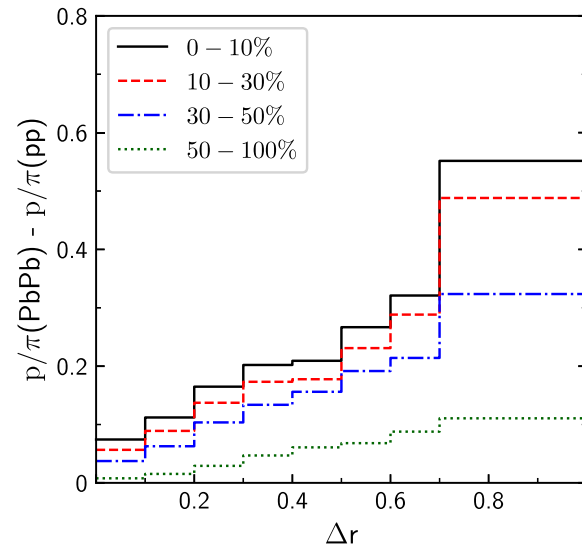
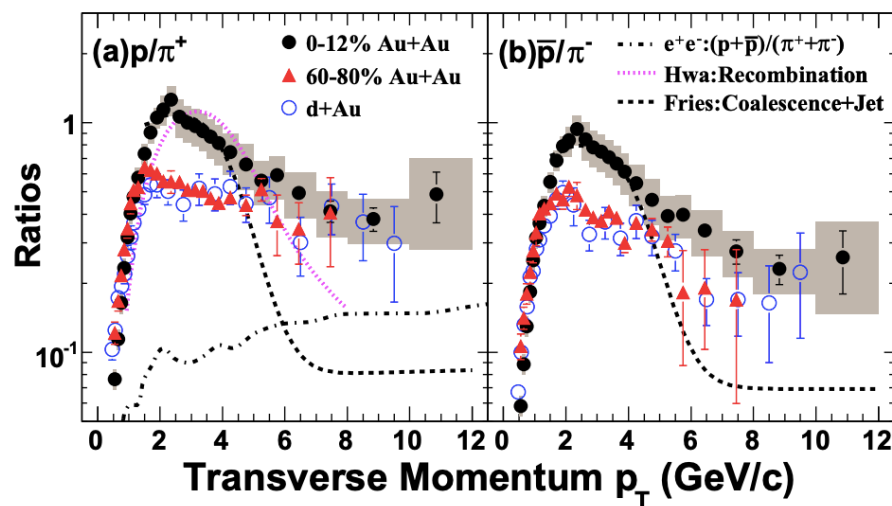


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AMPT  
Pb+Pb  
p+p  
 $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV

# Motivation



STAR [PRL97(2006)152301]

STAR

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- We measure  $p/\pi$  in jets using jet-hadron correlations**

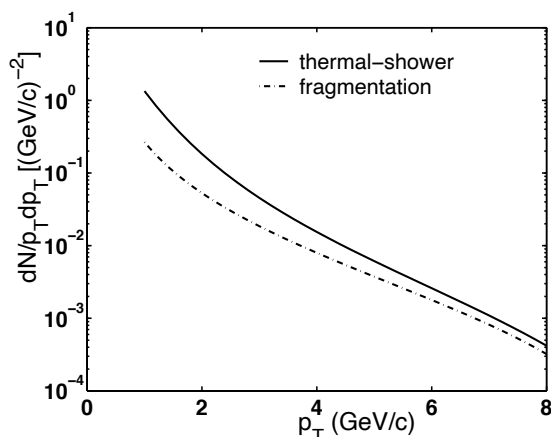
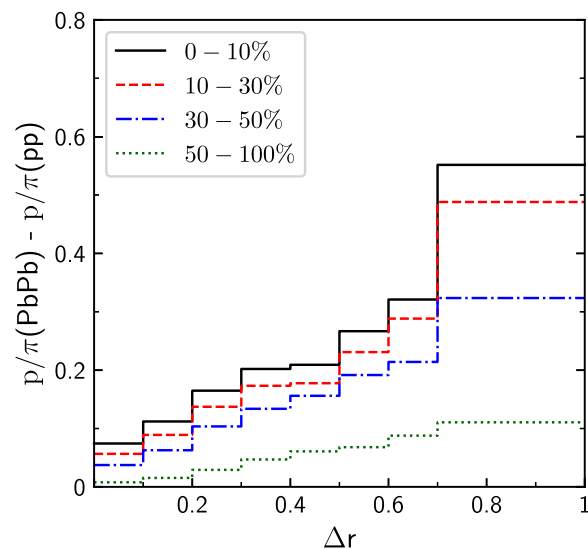


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AMPT

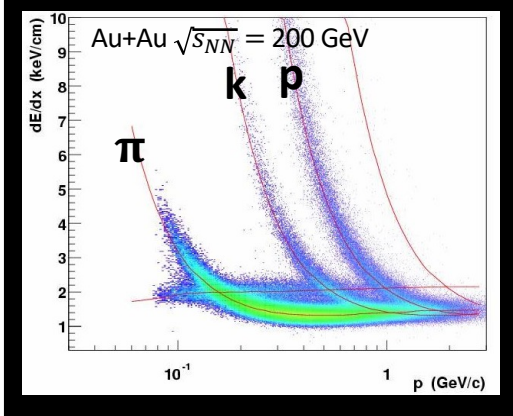
Pb+Pb

p+p

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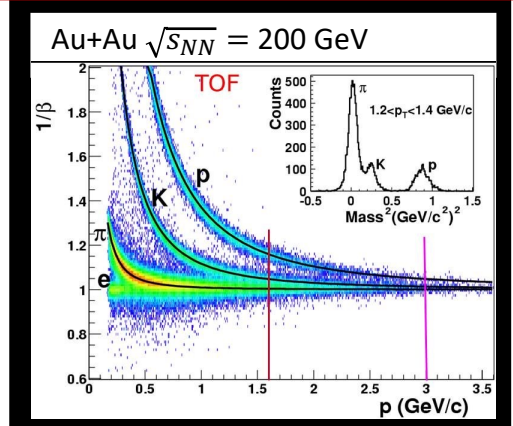


## dE/dx from Time Projection Chamber (TPC)



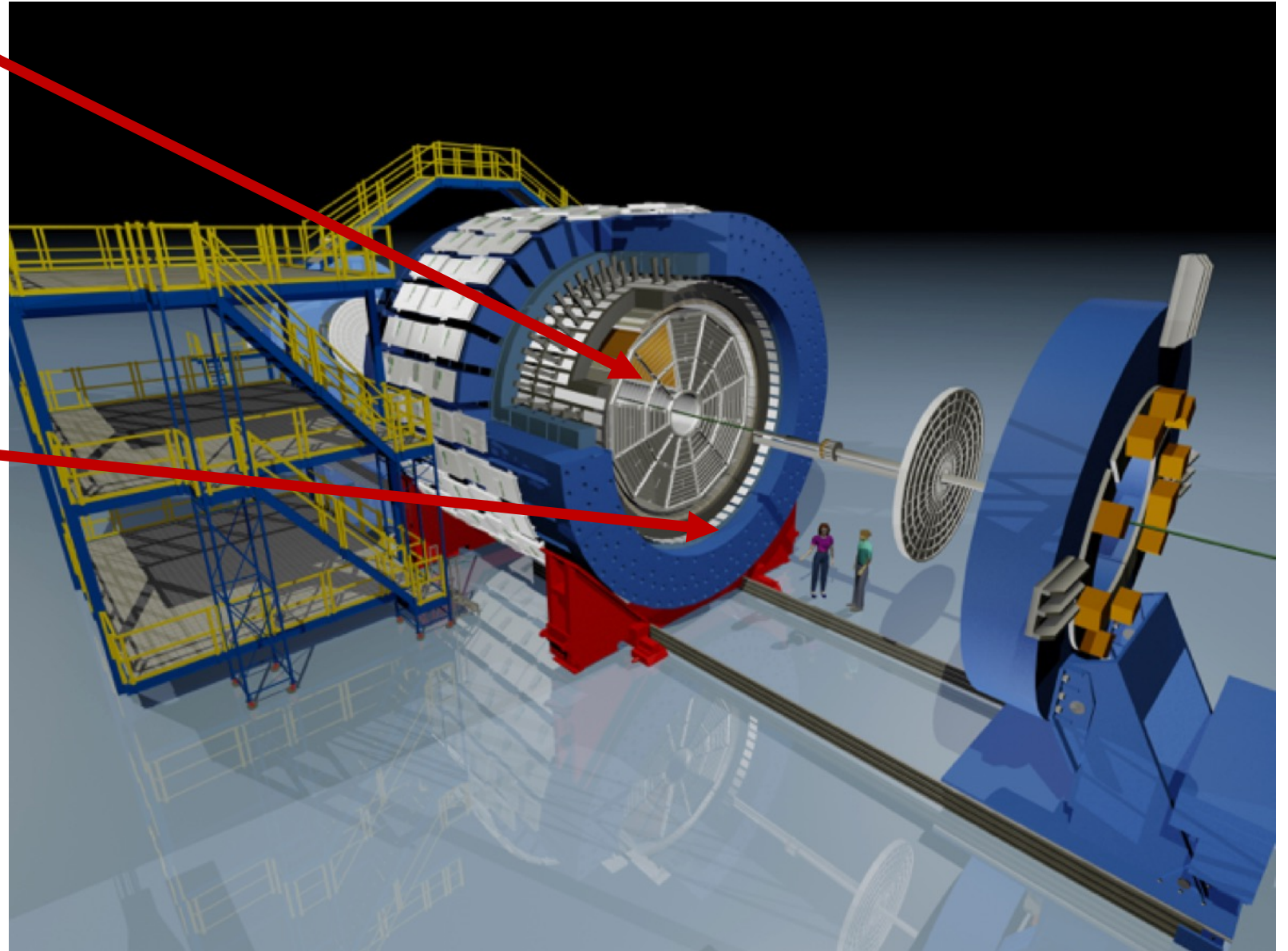
- Tracking
- PID

## $\beta$ from Time Of Flight (TOF)



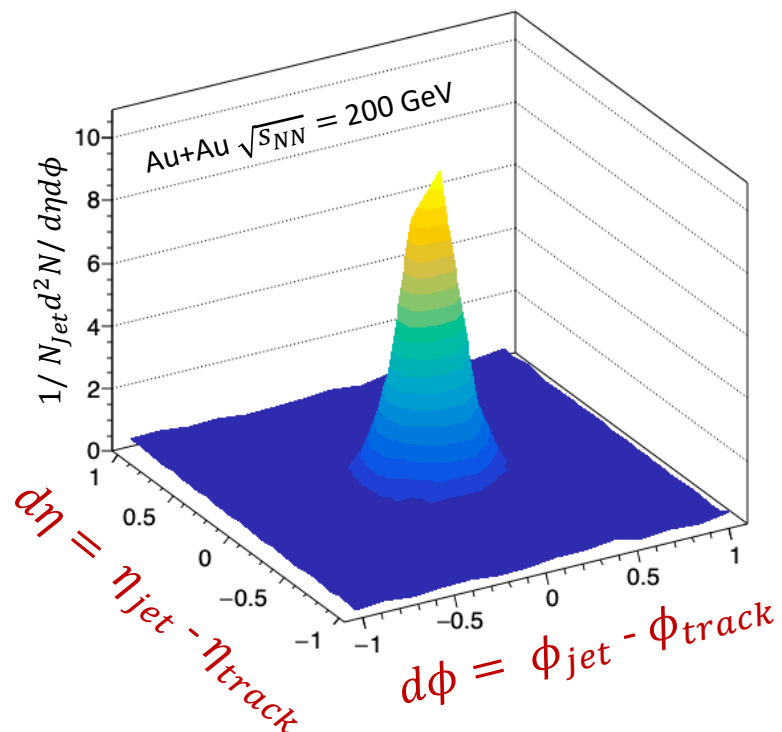
- PID

# STAR Detector

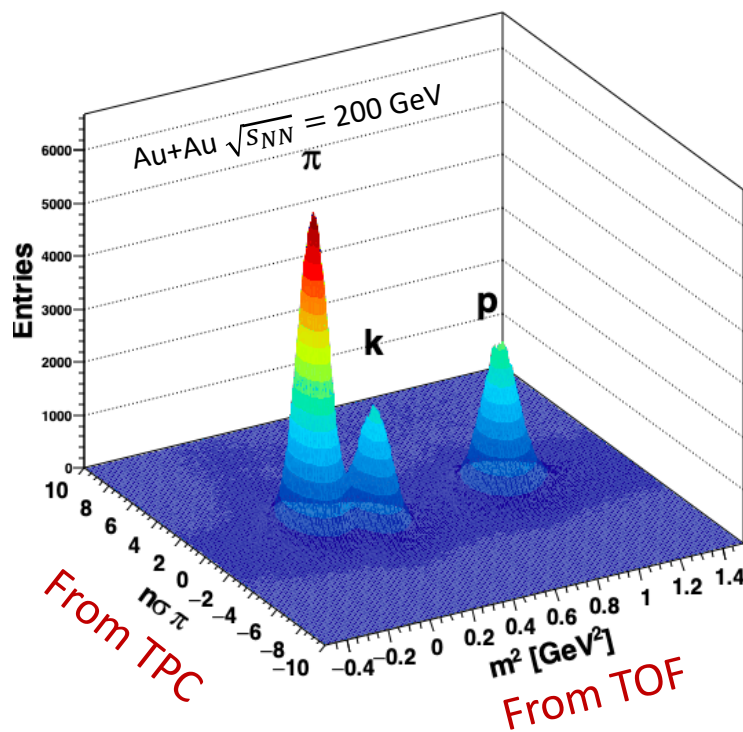




## 2D jet-track correlation



## Particle Identification



## Data Samples

- $p+p$  collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV (2015)
- 0-10% central Au+Au collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$  GeV, (2014)

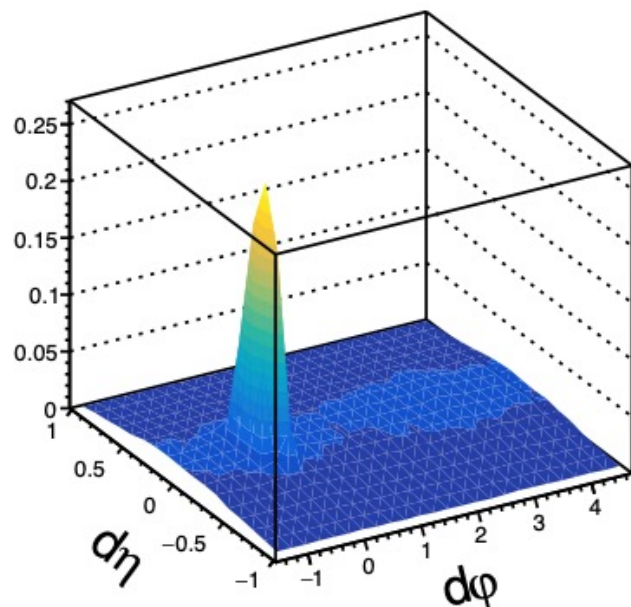
## Jet Reconstruction

- Anti- $k_T$
- Jet  $R = 0.2, 0.3, 0.4$
- $p_T^{\text{cons}} > 2.0$  GeV/c
- Jet  $p_T^{\text{raw}} > 9$  GeV/c
- $|\eta_{jet}| < 1.0 - R$

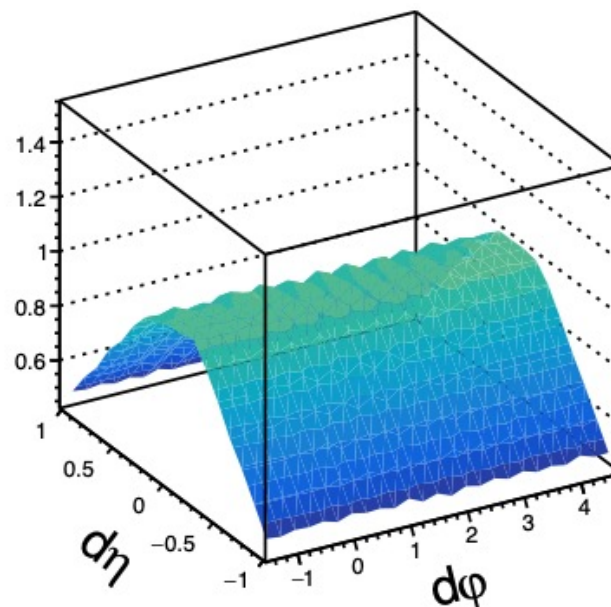
**Fully reconstructed jets** with tracks identified by **Time Projection Chamber (TPC)** and **Time of Flight (TOF)** information  
**=> Particle Identification in jets**

# Jet-Track Correlation

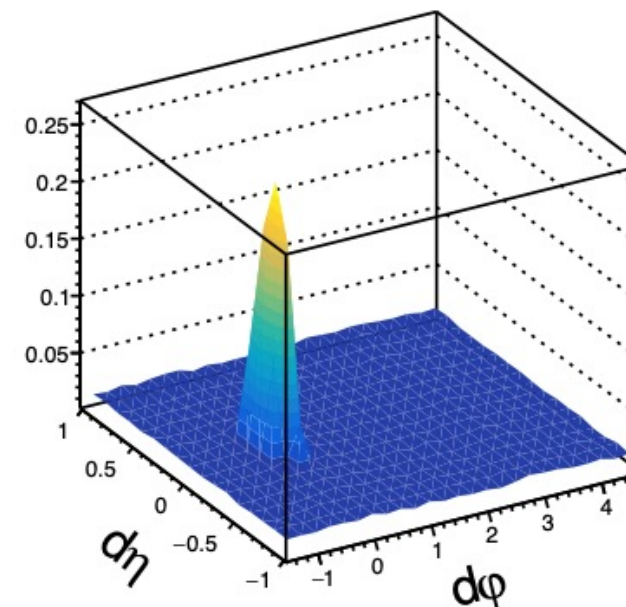
Raw Correlation



Mixed Event

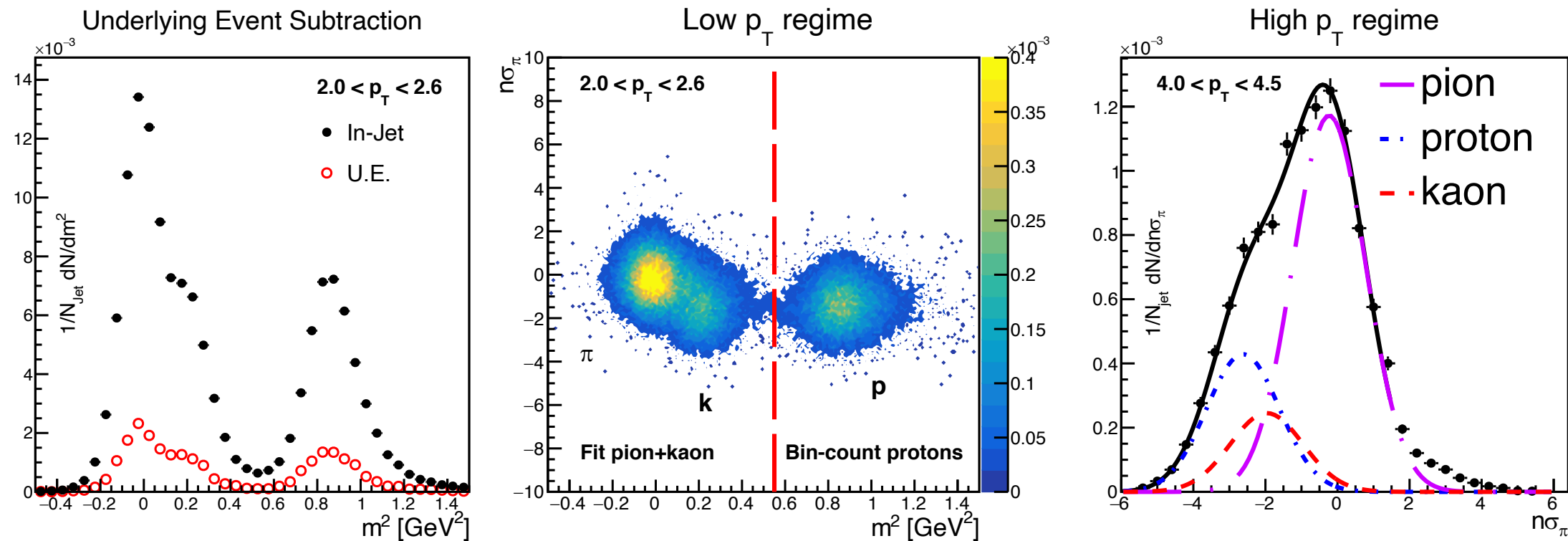


After acceptance correction



- Run Anti- $k_T$  algorithm to identify Jet Axis
- Perform correlations with all tracks within  $|\eta_{\text{track}}| < 0.5$
- Build Mixed Event for pair acceptance correction
- Divide signal correlation by Mixed Event
- Select regions of equal area for jet and underlying event for every  $p_T$  bin from 2.0 GeV/c to 5.0 GeV/c

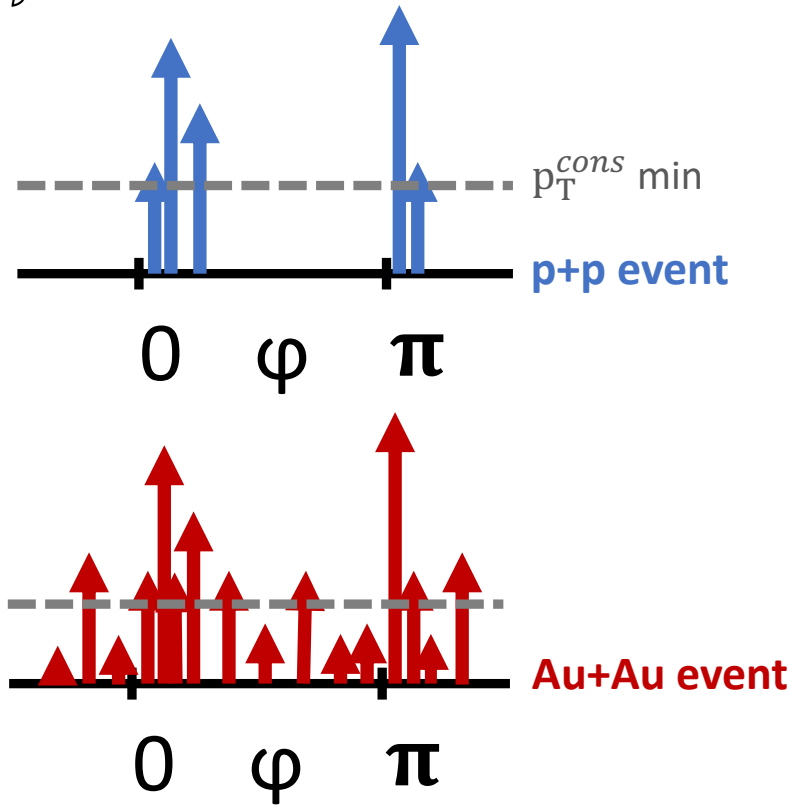
# Particle Identification



- Subtract UE from jet in  $d\phi$ ,  $d\eta$ ,  $n\sigma_\pi$ , and  $m^2$
- Identify pion, proton, kaon yields from remaining jet signal
- Low  $p_T$  regime:  $p_T < 3.0$  GeV/c  $\rightarrow$  bin-count protons
- High  $p_T$  regime:  $p_T > 3.0$  GeV/c  $\rightarrow$  triple Gaussian fit
- Divide proton yield by pion yield to measure ratio

# Correlated Background Removal

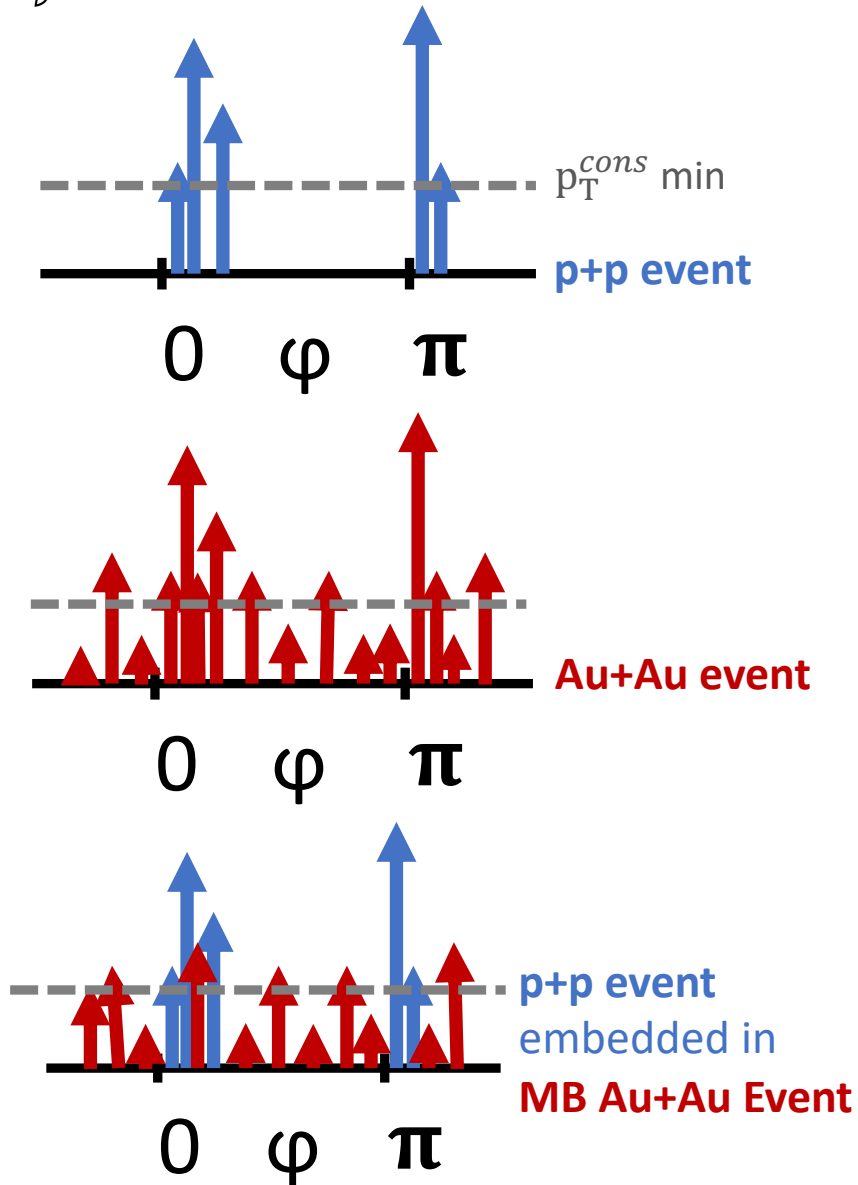
QM 25



## The Challenge:

Jet selection threshold coupled with upward fluctuation in underlying event causes the jet finder algorithm to pick up background tracks at a higher rate

# Correlated Background Removal



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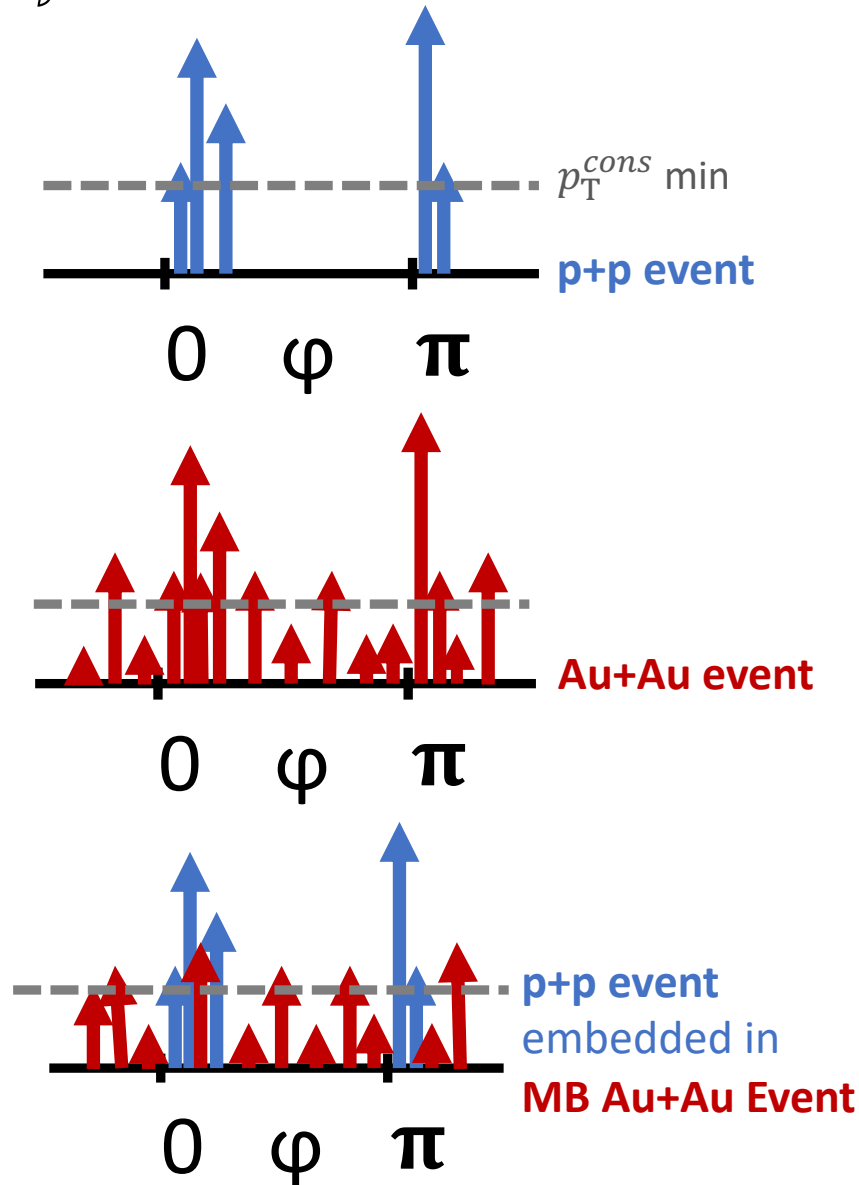
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## The Solution:

**Pseudo-embedding:** take  $p+p$  jets down to low  $p_T \rightarrow$  overlay with minimum bias  $Au+Au$  event  $\rightarrow$  run jet finder  $\rightarrow$  match to original  $p+p$  jet  $\rightarrow$  construct jet+track correlations with  $Au+Au$  event and perform uncorrelated UE subtraction



# Correlated Background Removal



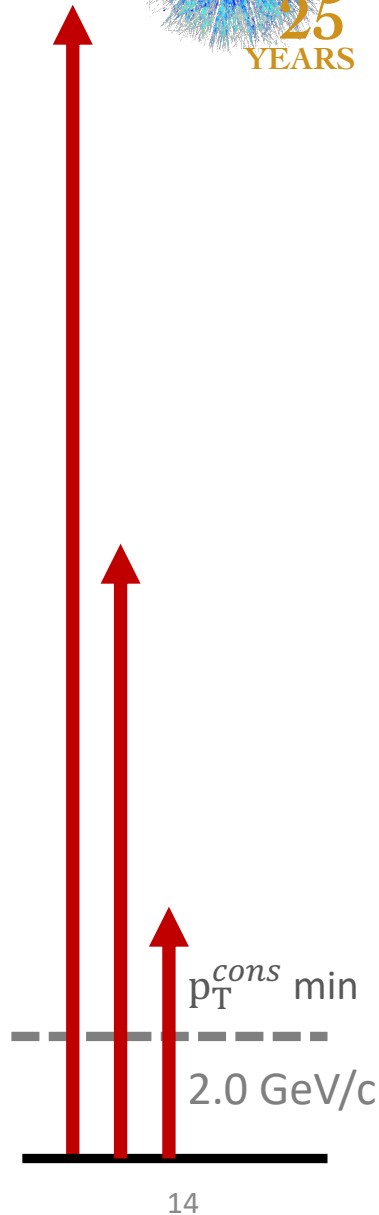
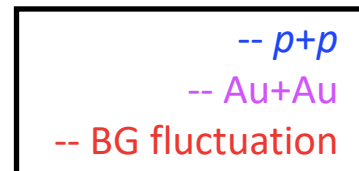
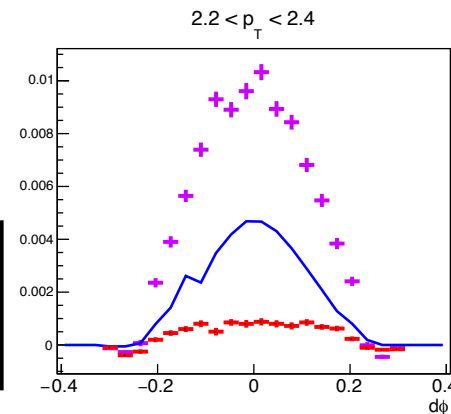
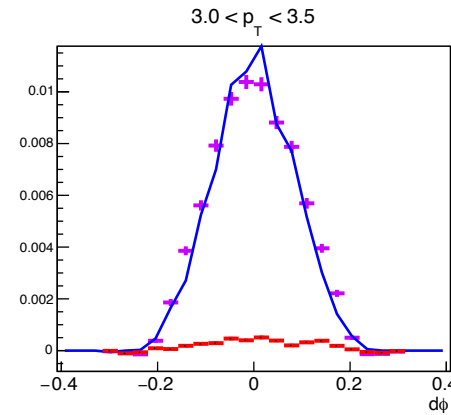
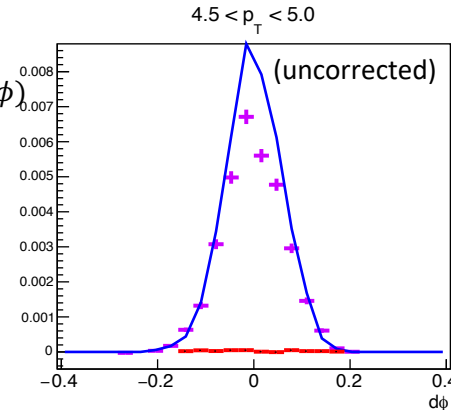
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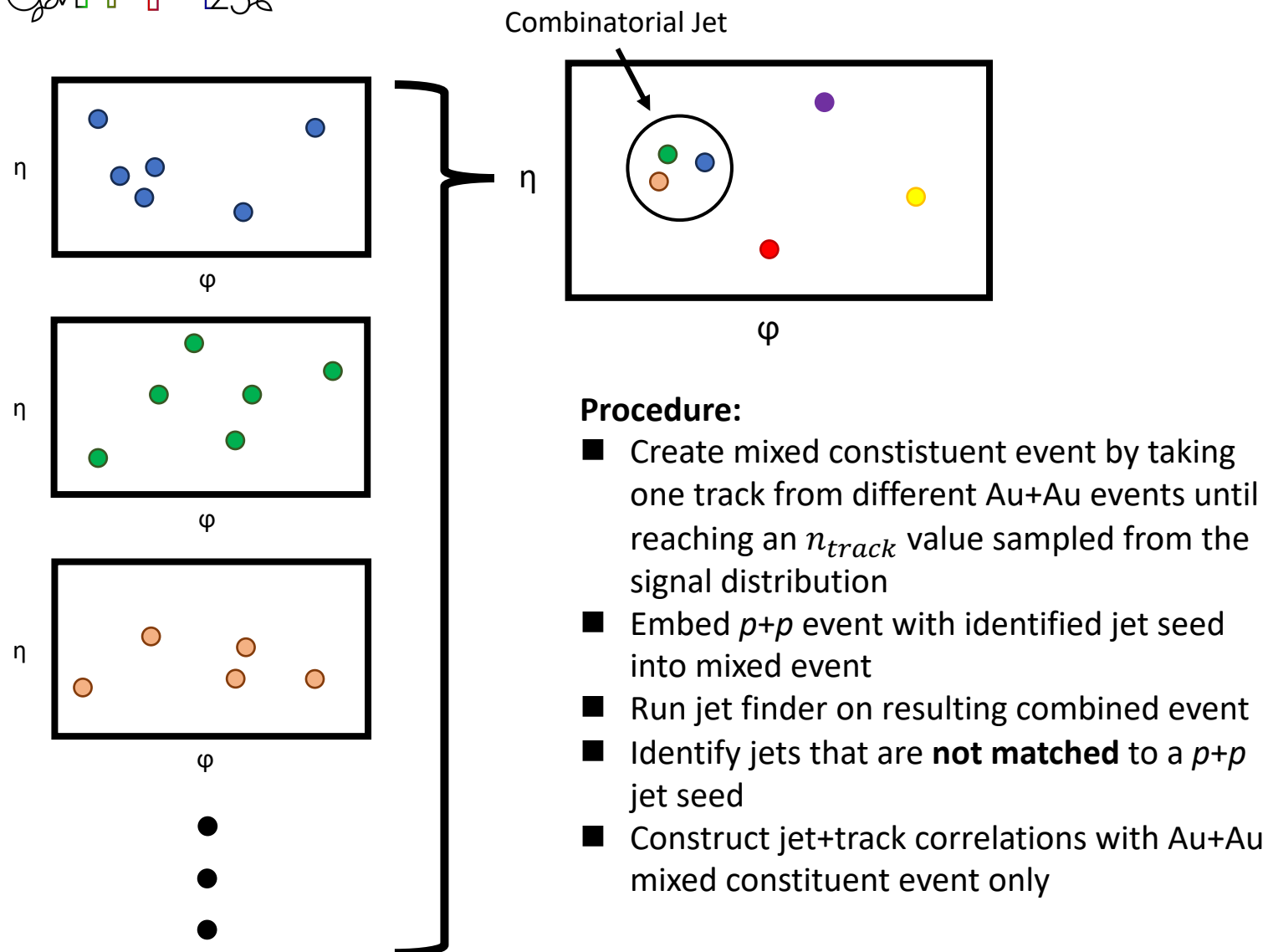
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$$\frac{1}{N_{jet}} \left( \frac{dn_{track}}{d\phi} \right)$$

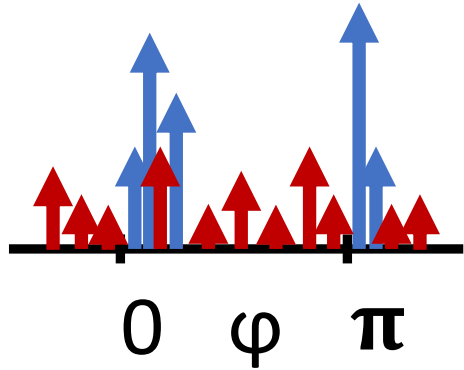


# Evaluating Contribution from Combinatorial Jets



# Correlated Background Removal: Embed into Mixed Constituent Event

**p+p event**  
embedded in  
**Au+Au Mixed Event**



+

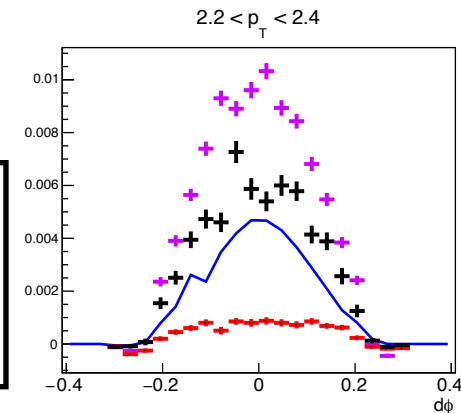
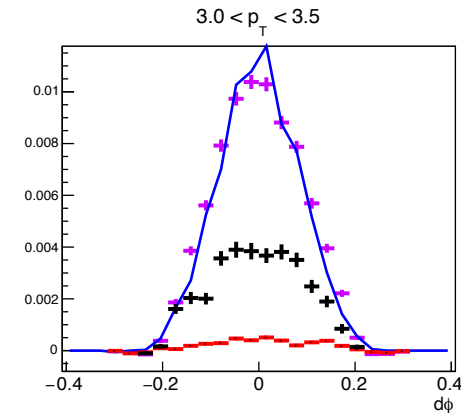
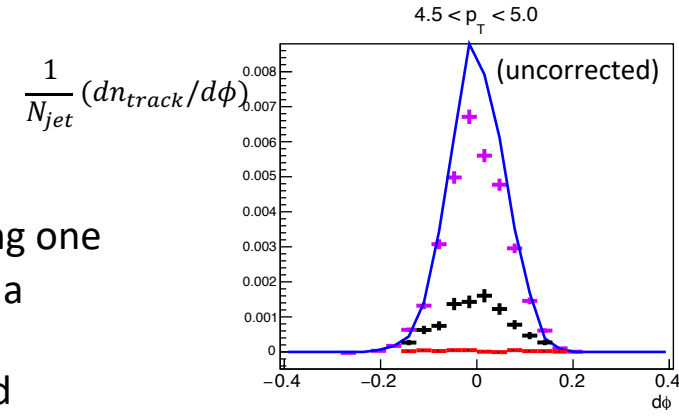
## Procedure:

- Run jet finder on  $p+p$  event
- Create mixed constituent event by taking one track from different Au+Au events until a reasonable nTrack value is reached
- Combine  $p+p$  event (with jet) and mixed constituent event
- Run jet finder on resulting mixed event
- Perform correlations with mixed event

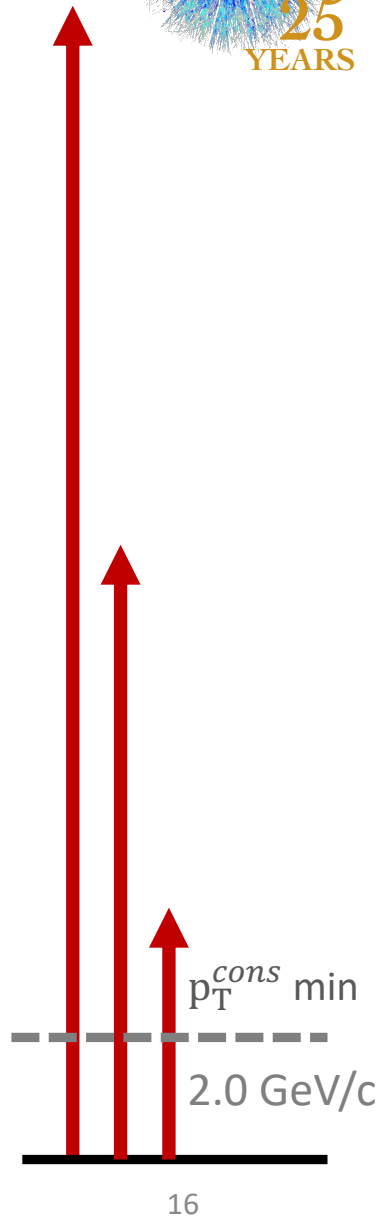
**Pseudo-embedding → Matched Jets**  
**Combinatorials → Unmatched jets**

## Fake Rate Determination:

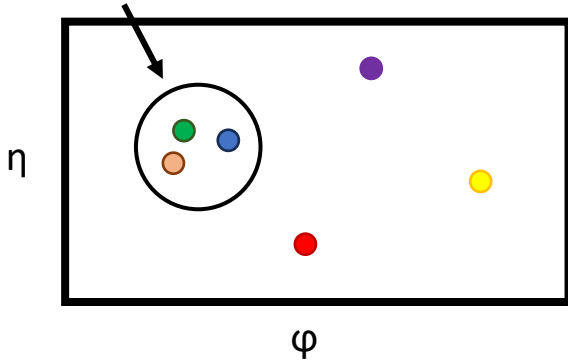
- Fake Rate =  $\frac{n_{jet}^{combi}/n_{event}^{combi}}{n_{jet}^{signal}/n_{event}^{signal}}$
- Scale per-jet combinatorial yields by Fake Rate
- Scale per-jet fluctuation yields by (1-Fake Rate)
- Subtract correlated background from jet signal



-- p+p  
-- Au+Au  
-- BG fluctuation  
-- Combinatorial

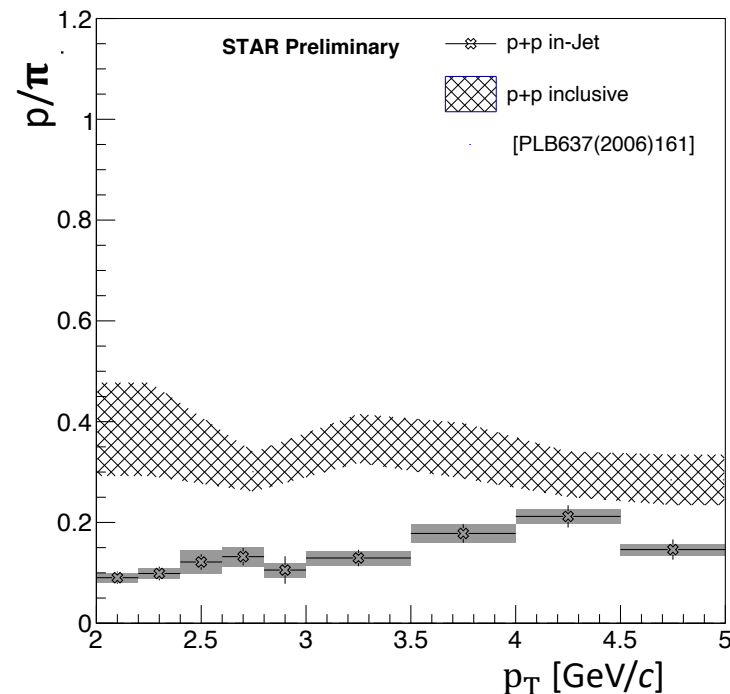


Combinatorial Jet

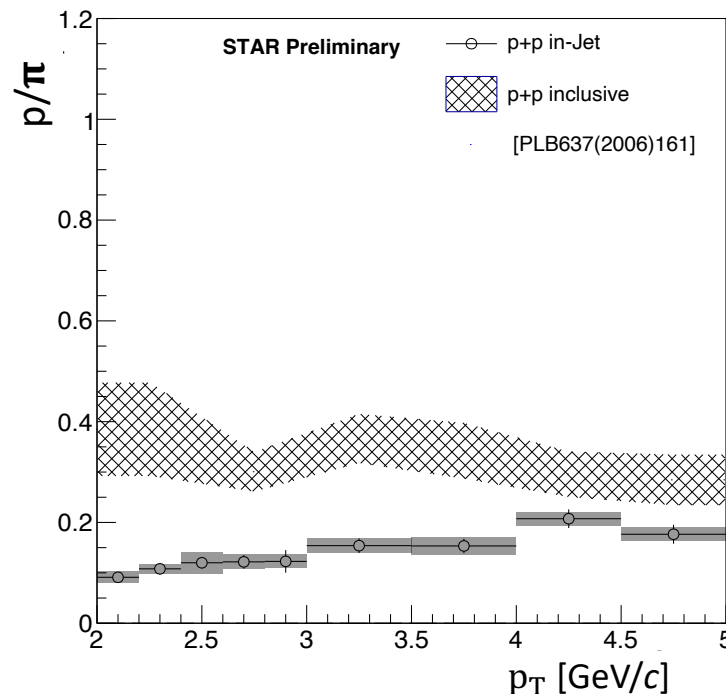


# $p/\pi$ Ratios In-Jet vs Inclusive Hadron

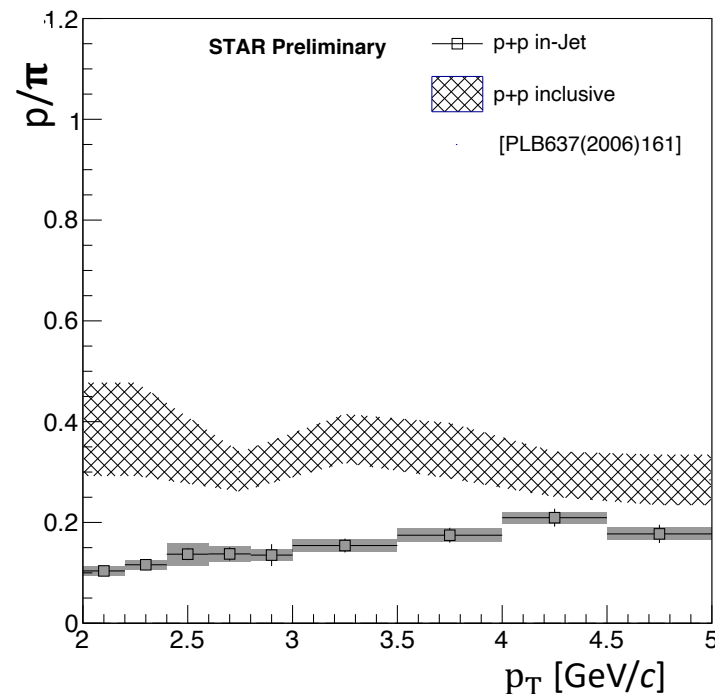
$R = 0.2$ , Jet  $p_T^{\text{raw}} > 9 \text{ GeV}/c$ ,  $p_T^{\text{cons}} > 2 \text{ GeV}/c$



$R = 0.3$ , Jet  $p_T^{\text{raw}} > 9 \text{ GeV}/c$ ,  $p_T^{\text{cons}} > 2 \text{ GeV}/c$

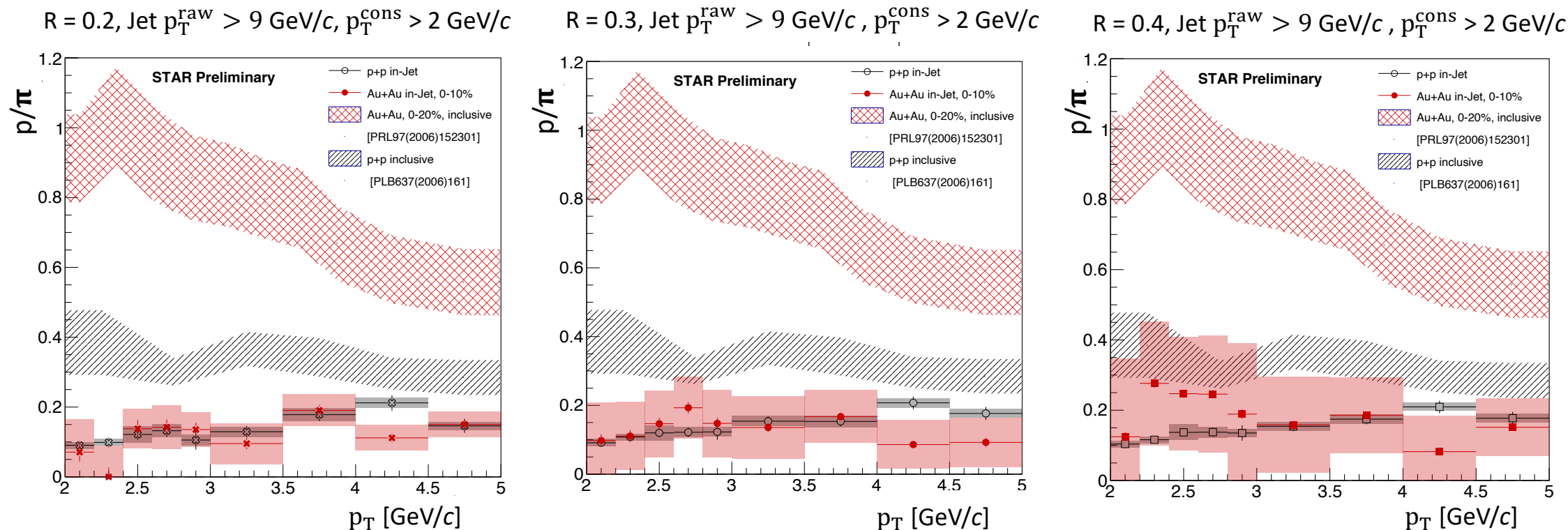


$R = 0.4$ , Jet  $p_T^{\text{raw}} > 9 \text{ GeV}/c$ ,  $p_T^{\text{cons}} > 2 \text{ GeV}/c$



- In  $p+p$  collisions, the in-jet  $p/\pi$  sits below  $p/\pi$  from inclusive hadrons, with no dependence on jet  $R$

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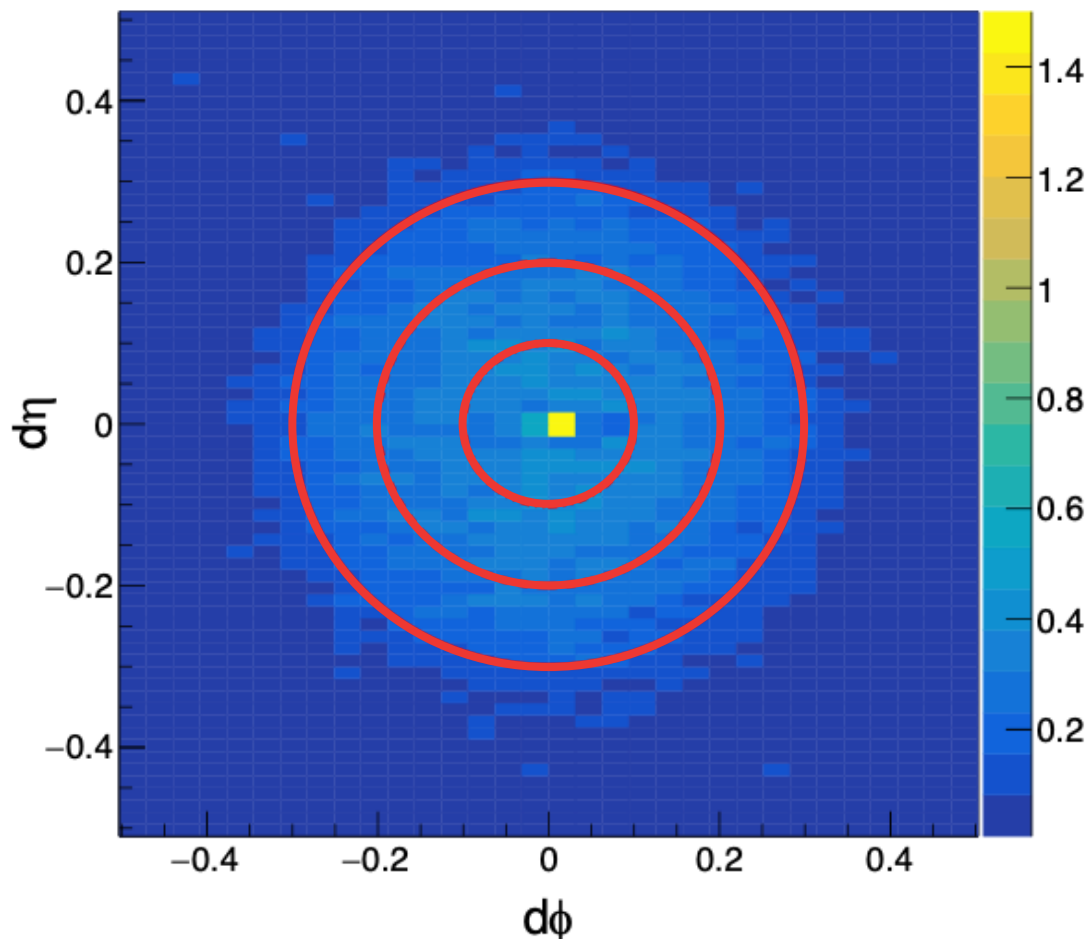


- In  $p+p$  collisions, the in-jet  $p/\pi$  sits below  $p/\pi$  from inclusive hadrons, with no dependence on jet  $R$
- For every jet  $R$  studied, in-jet  $p/\pi$  measured in central **Au+Au** are consistent with those from  $p+p$ , with no evidence for enhancement between the two systems



# Yields as a Function of $\Delta r$

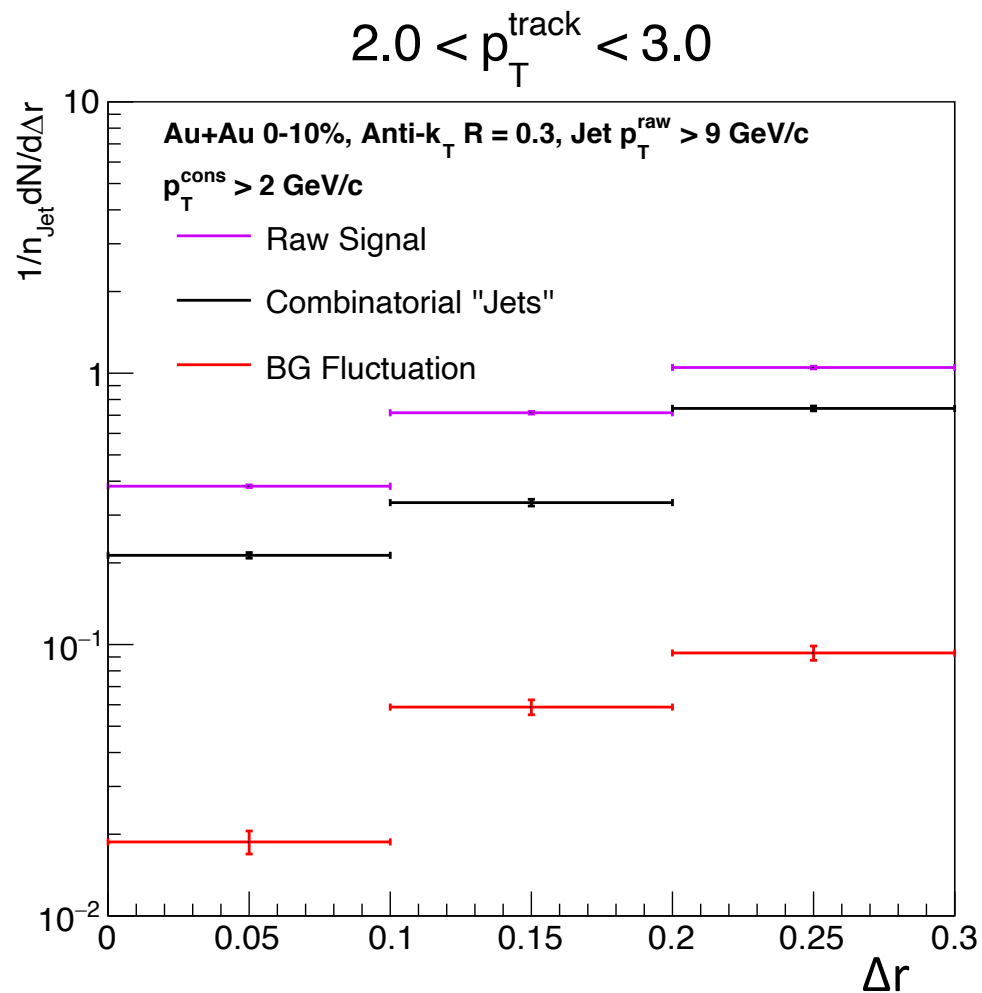
$$2.0 < p_T^{\text{track}} < 3.0 \text{ GeV}/c$$



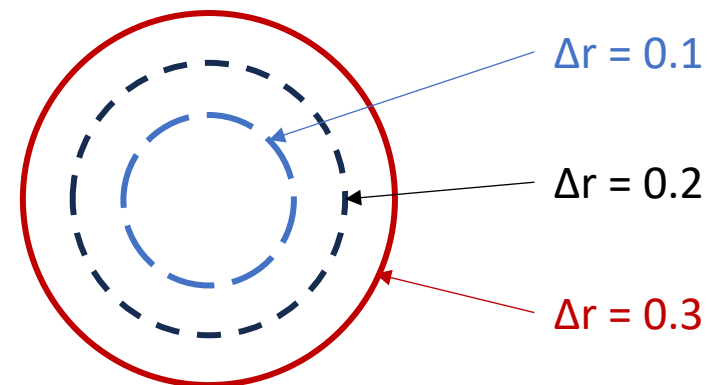
$$\Delta r = \sqrt{(\eta_{\text{jet}} - \eta_{\text{track}})^2 + (\varphi_{\text{jet}} - \varphi_{\text{track}})^2}$$

- All previous results are integrated using  $\Delta r = R$
- Fixed Anti- $k_T$   $R = 0.3$ , integrate yields for  $\Delta r = 0.1, 0.2, 0.3$
- $2.0 < p_T^{\text{track}} < 3.0 \text{ GeV}/c$  is chosen for clean PID

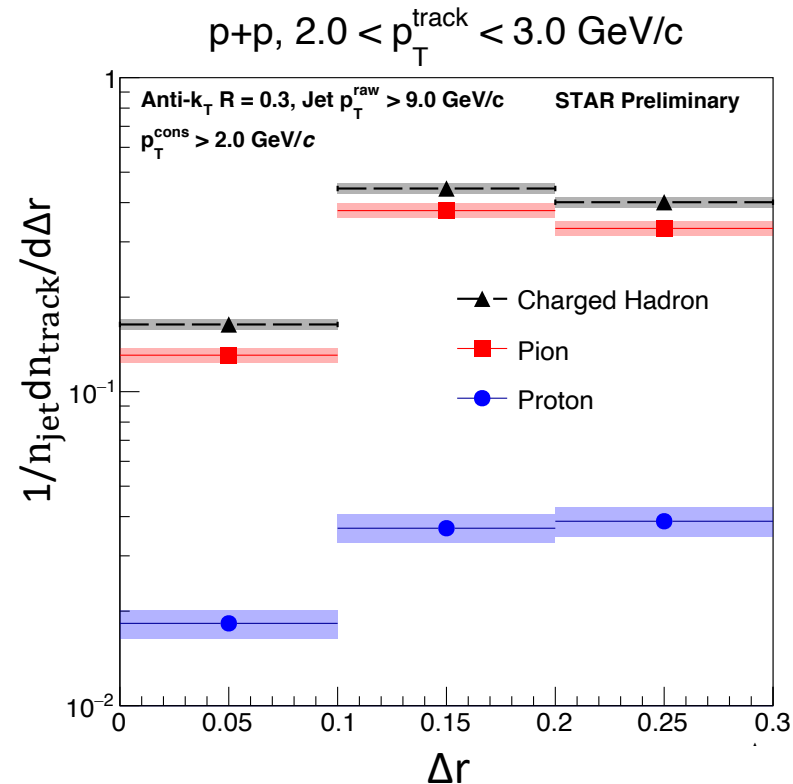
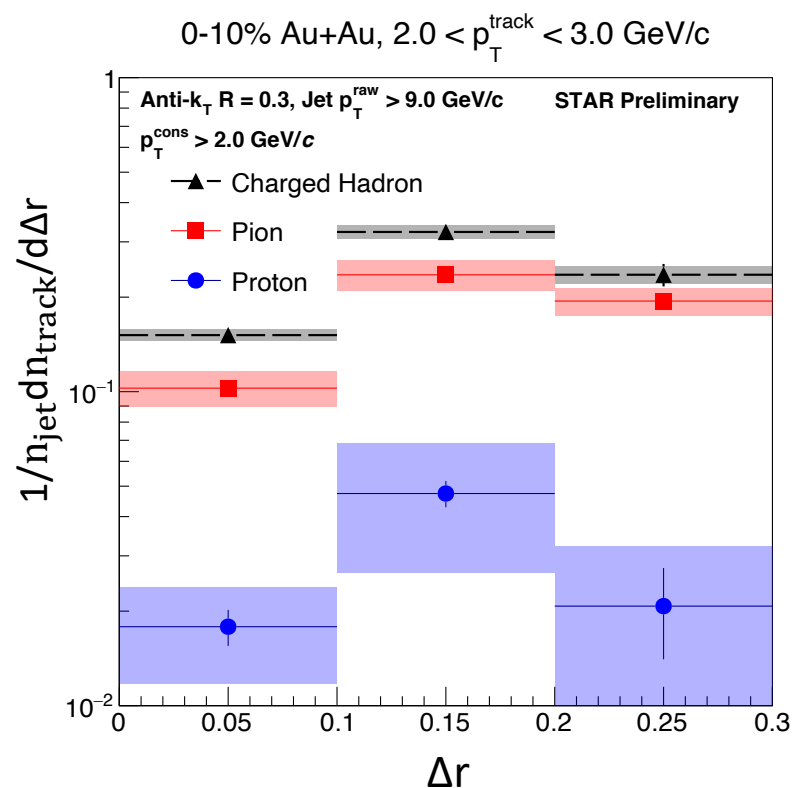
# Correlated Background Correction in $\Delta r$



- Subtract inner from outer radii to measure yield as a function of  $\Delta r$
- The same procedure is followed for combinatorial "jets" and BG fluctuation contamination

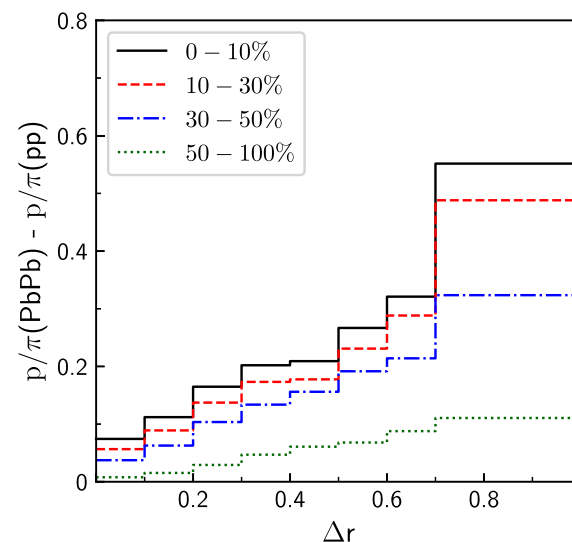
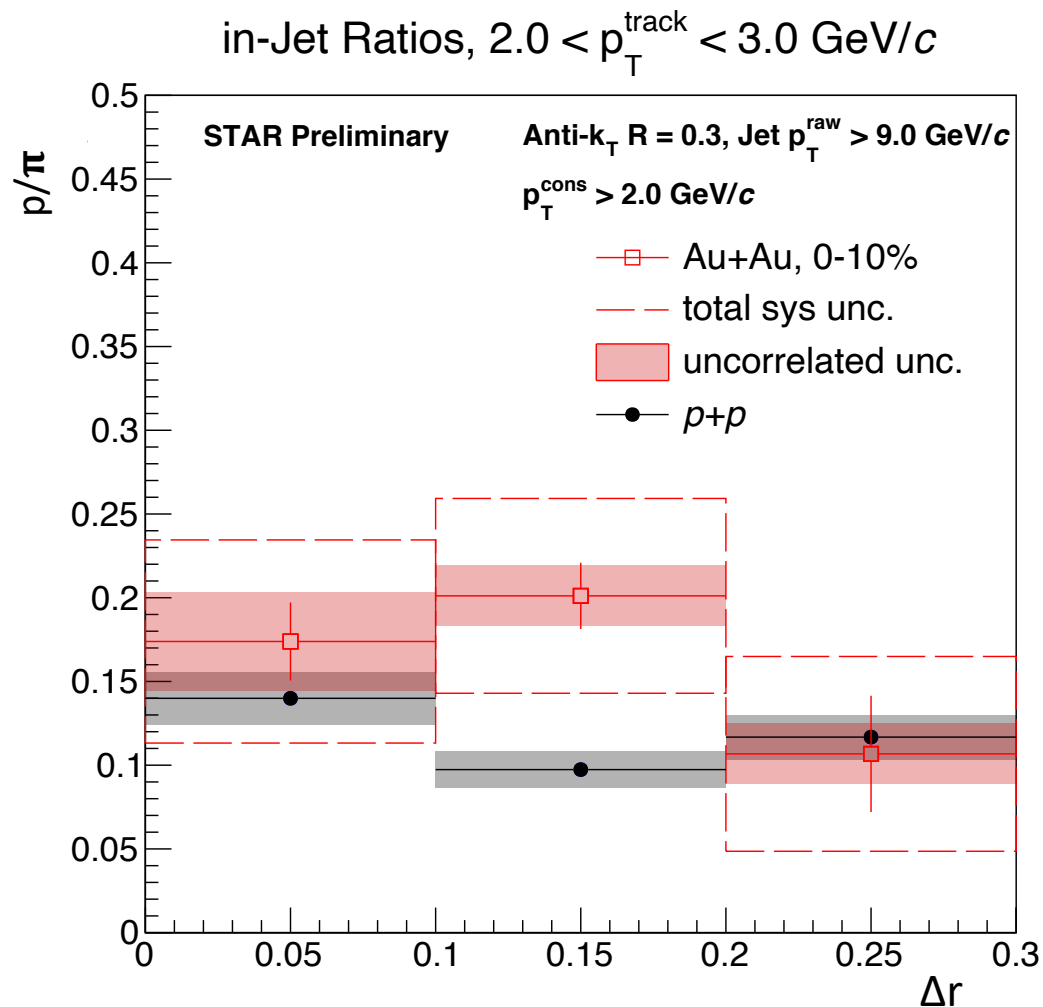


# Identified Yields as a Function of $\Delta r$



- Per-Jet Identified hadron yields are shown as function of  $\Delta r$  for jets with  $R = 0.3$  in  $p+p$  and 0-10% central Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV

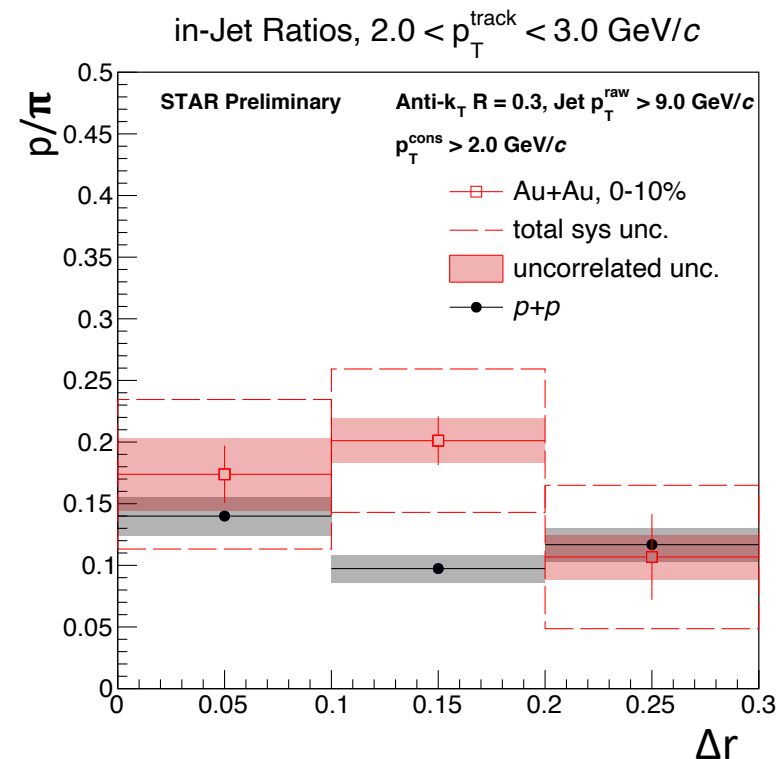
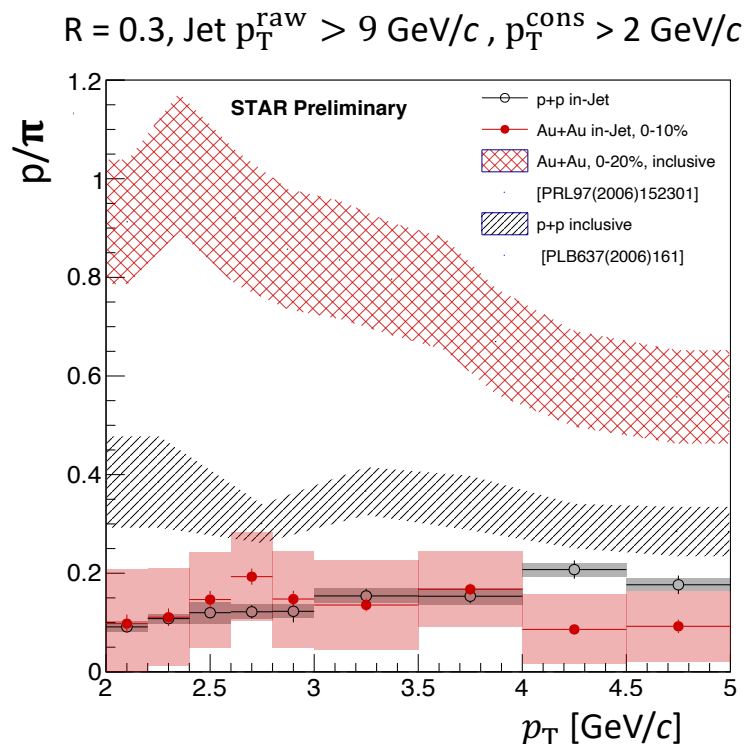
# $p/\pi$ $\Delta r$ Dependence



AMPT, Pb+Pb  
 $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV  
 $p_T^{\text{track}} < 6.0$  GeV/c  
 A. Luo et al.  
 [PLB(2022)137638]

- In our selected kinematic regime, **we do not observe the predicted linear trend** in the difference of the in-cone radial evolution of  $p/\pi$  between 0-10% Au+Au and  $p+p$  collisions measured at 200 GeV
- Different collision energies between our measurement and AMPT prediction

# Summary



- We present the **first in-jet baryon-to-meson ratio measurement from STAR**, with both Jet  $R$  and  $\Delta r$  dependence
- For every jet  $R$  studied, in-jet  $p/\pi$  measured in central Au+Au are consistent with those from  $p+p$
- **we do not observe a linear trend** in the difference of the in-cone radial evolution of  $p/\pi$  between 0-10% Au+Au and  $p+p$  collisions
- **We observe no evidence for enhancement of the in-jet  $p/\pi$  between central Au+Au and  $p+p$  collisions for our kinematic selections**, aside from a hint of deviation at  $\Delta r = 0.15$

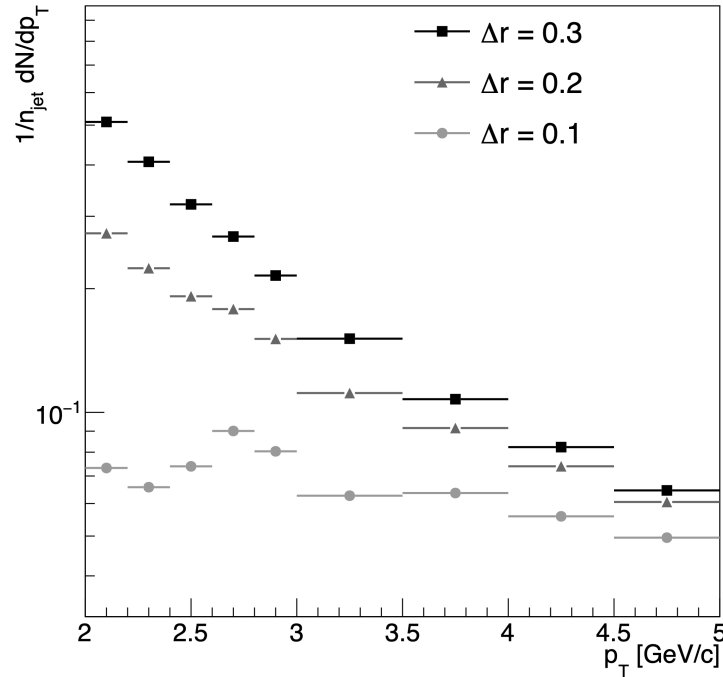


# Backup

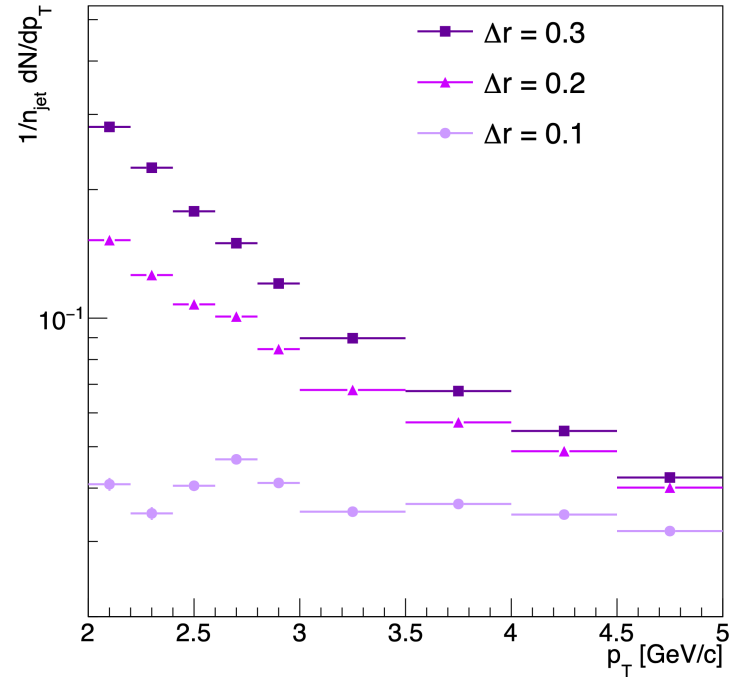
# Yields as a function of $\Delta R$



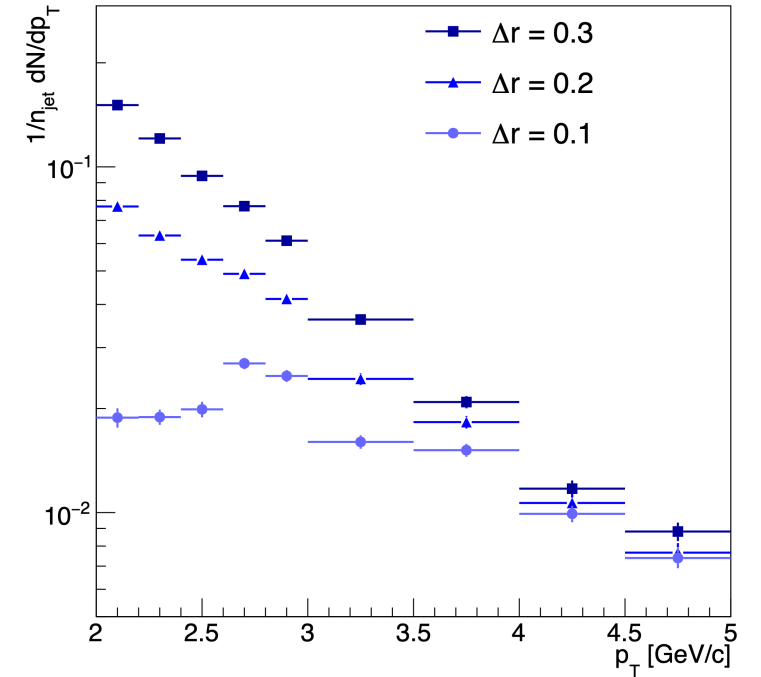
Raw Charged Hadron Yield



Raw Pion Yield

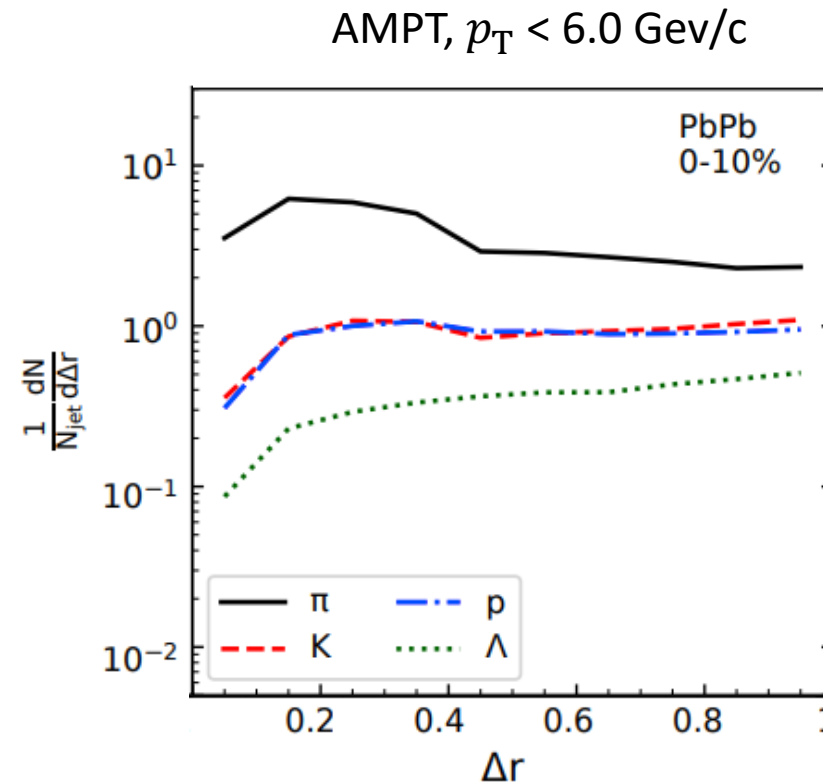
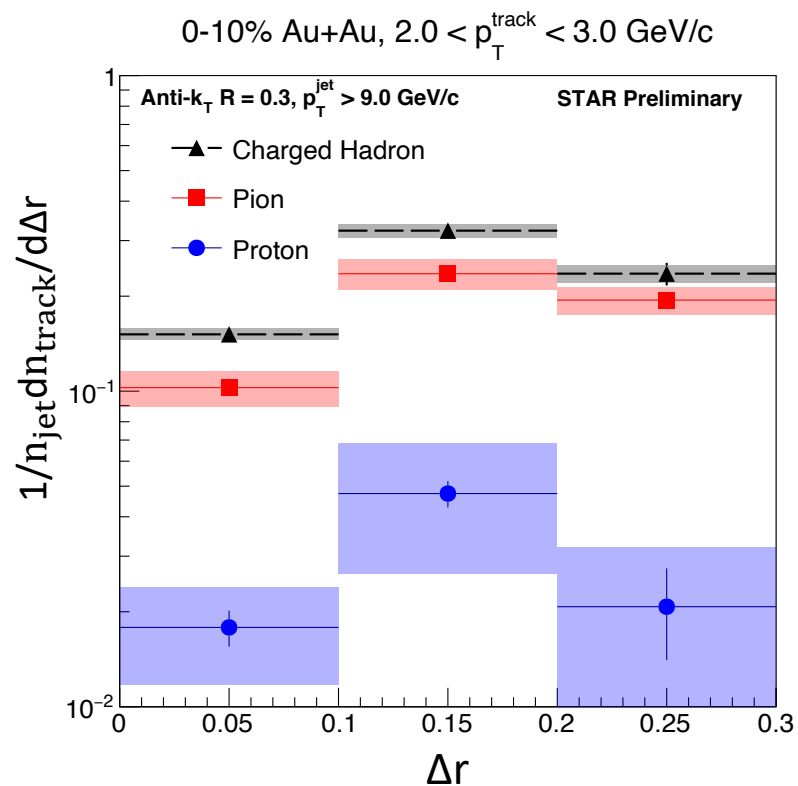


Raw Proton Yield



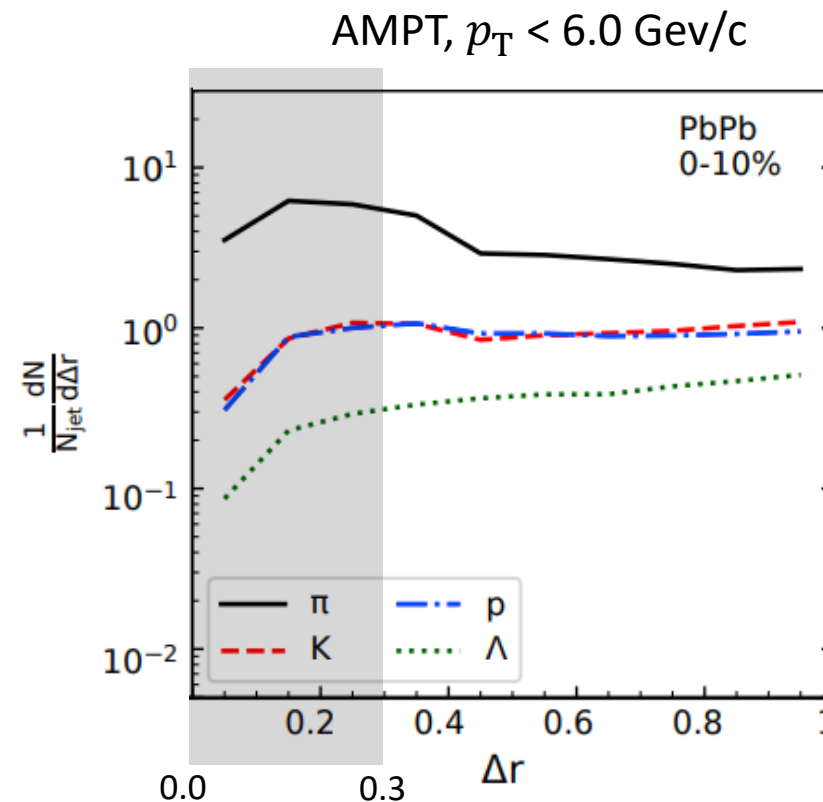
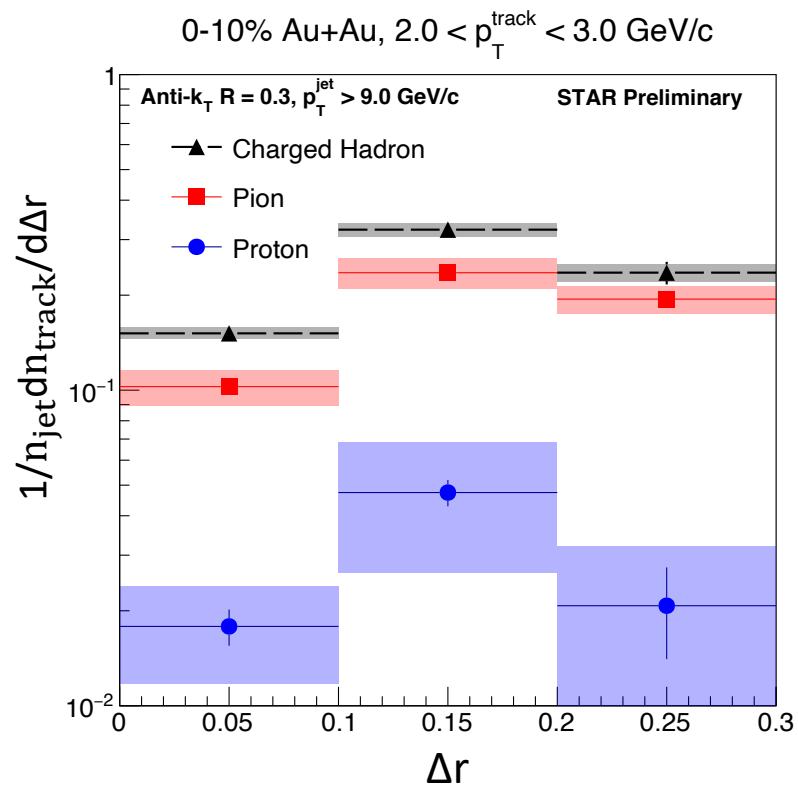
- Raw (before correlated background correction) yields for charged hadrons, identified protons and pions from jets with  $R = 0.3$  at  $\Delta r = 0.1, 0.2, 0.3$
- To isolate yield for each ring in  $\Delta r$ , we subtract smaller  $\Delta r$  yields from larger  $\Delta r$  yields

# Identified Yields as a function of $\Delta r$



- Per-Jet Identified hadron yields are shown as function of  $\Delta r$  for jets with  $R = 0.3$  in 0-10% central Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV
- Total charged hadron yield is shown to provide reference for the overall radial distribution

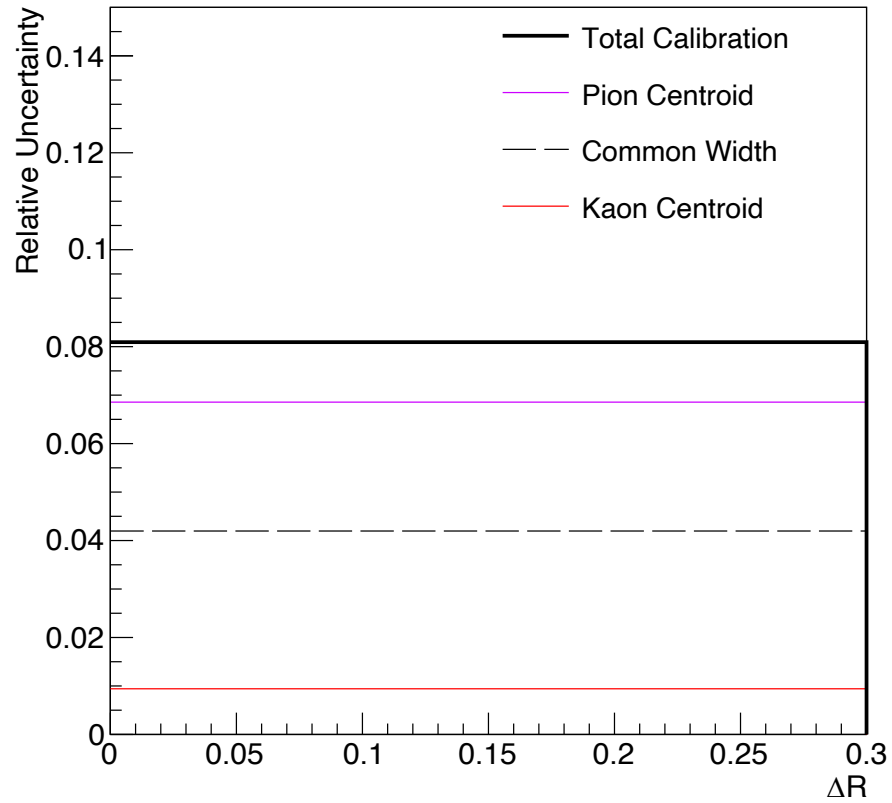
# Identified Yields as a function of $\Delta r$



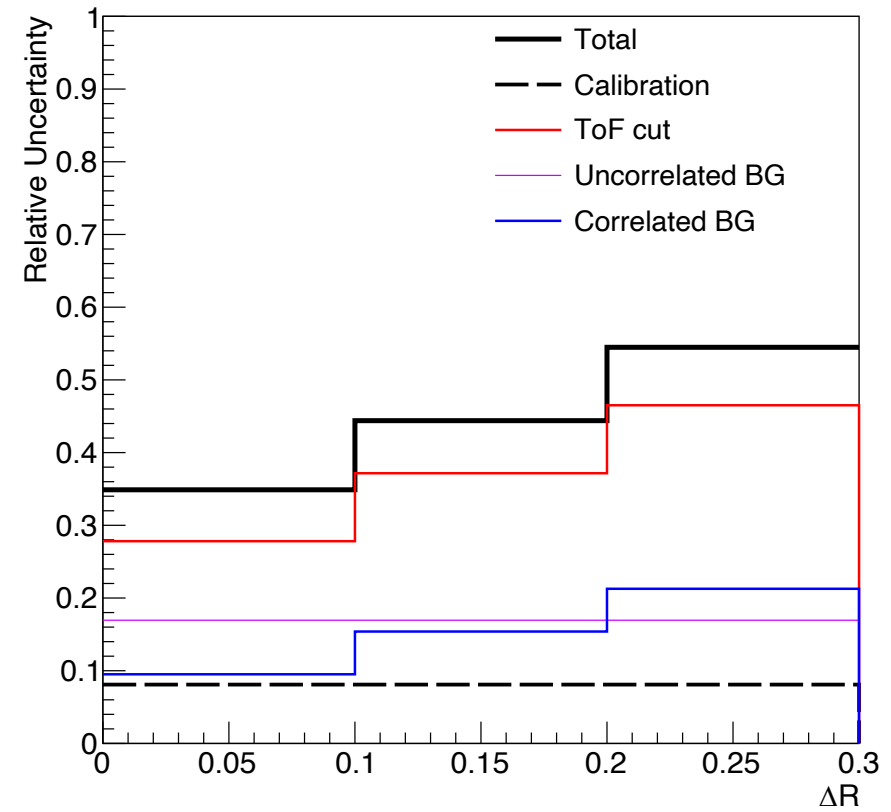
- Per-Jet Identified hadron yields are shown as function of  $\Delta r$  for jets with  $R = 0.3$  in 0-10% central Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV
- Highlighted region shows our radial coverage

# Au+Au p/ $\pi$ $\Delta R$ Systematics

p/ $\pi$  Systematic Uncertainty from Calibration, R = 0.3

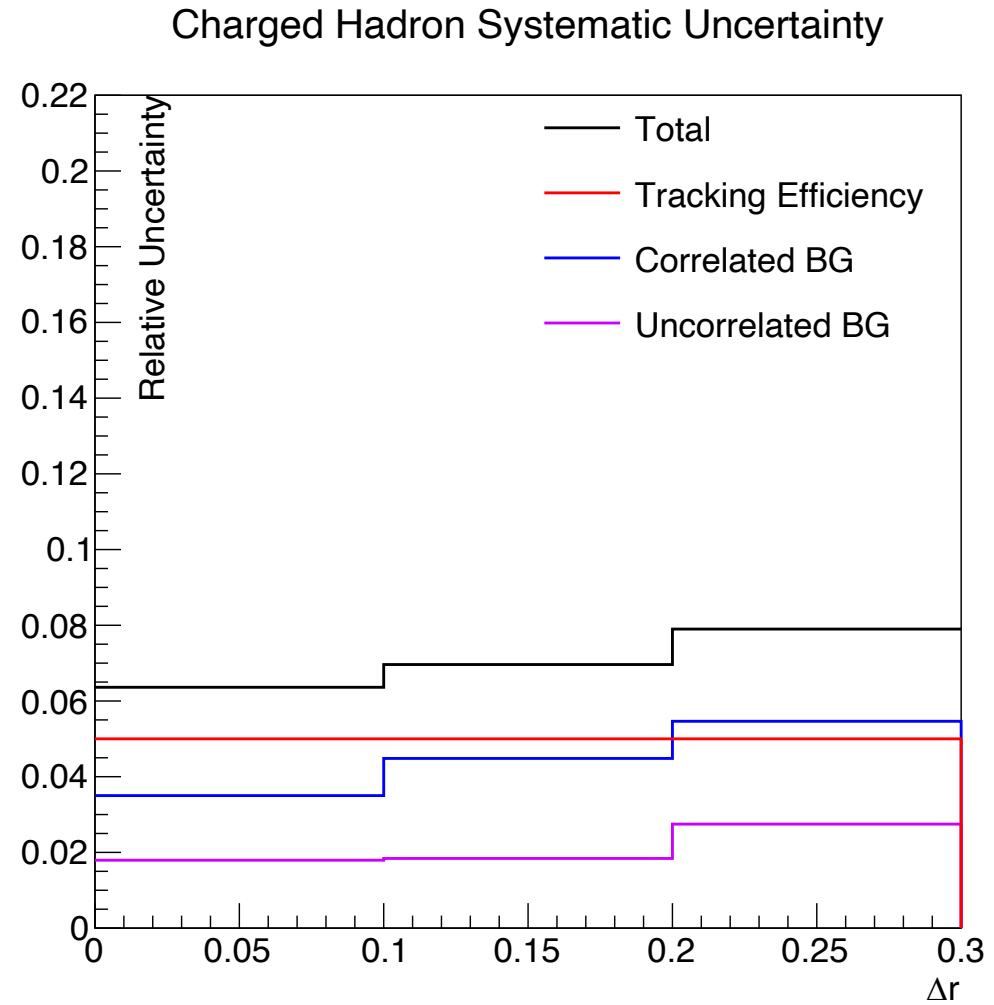


p/ $\pi$  Systematic Uncertainty, R = 0.3



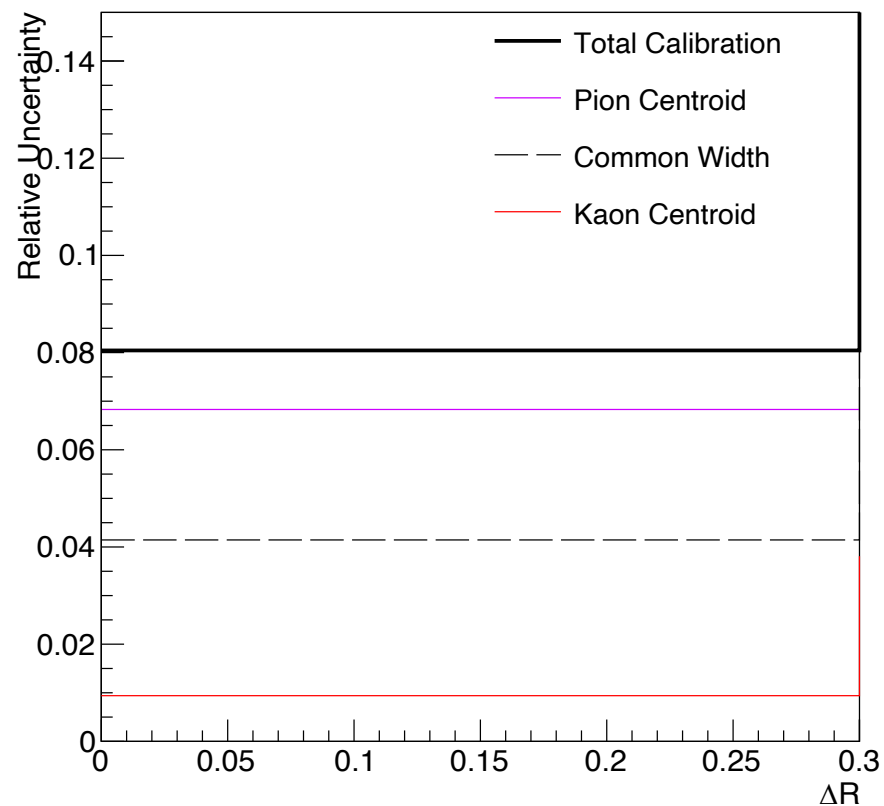


# Au+Au Charged Hadron Yield $\Delta r$ Systematics

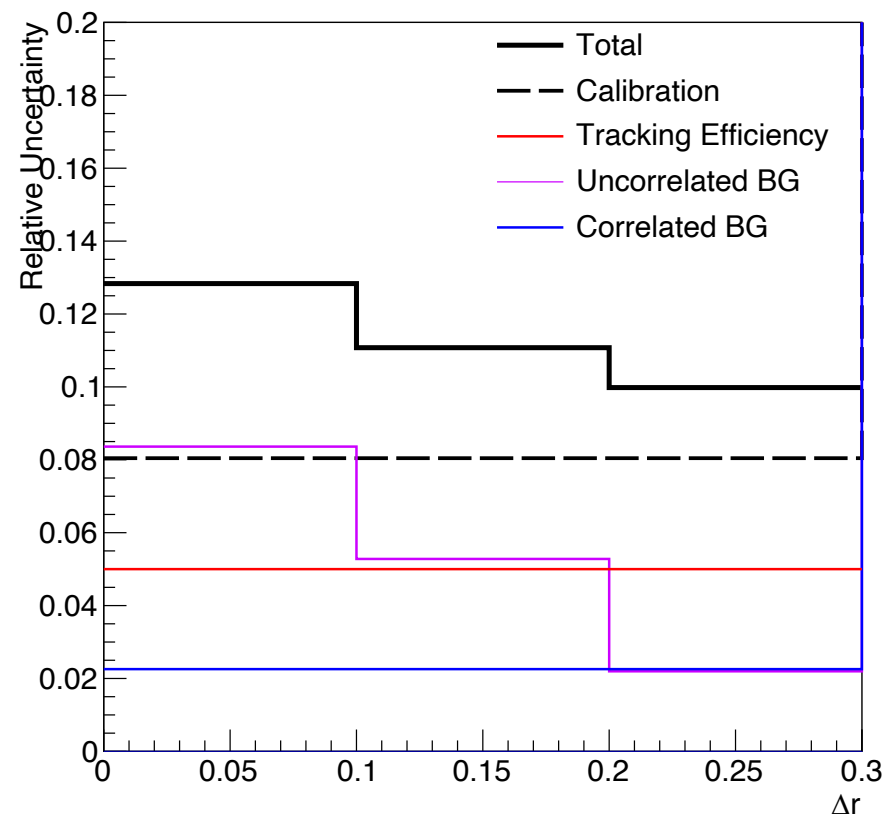


# Au+Au Pion Yield $\Delta r$ Systematics

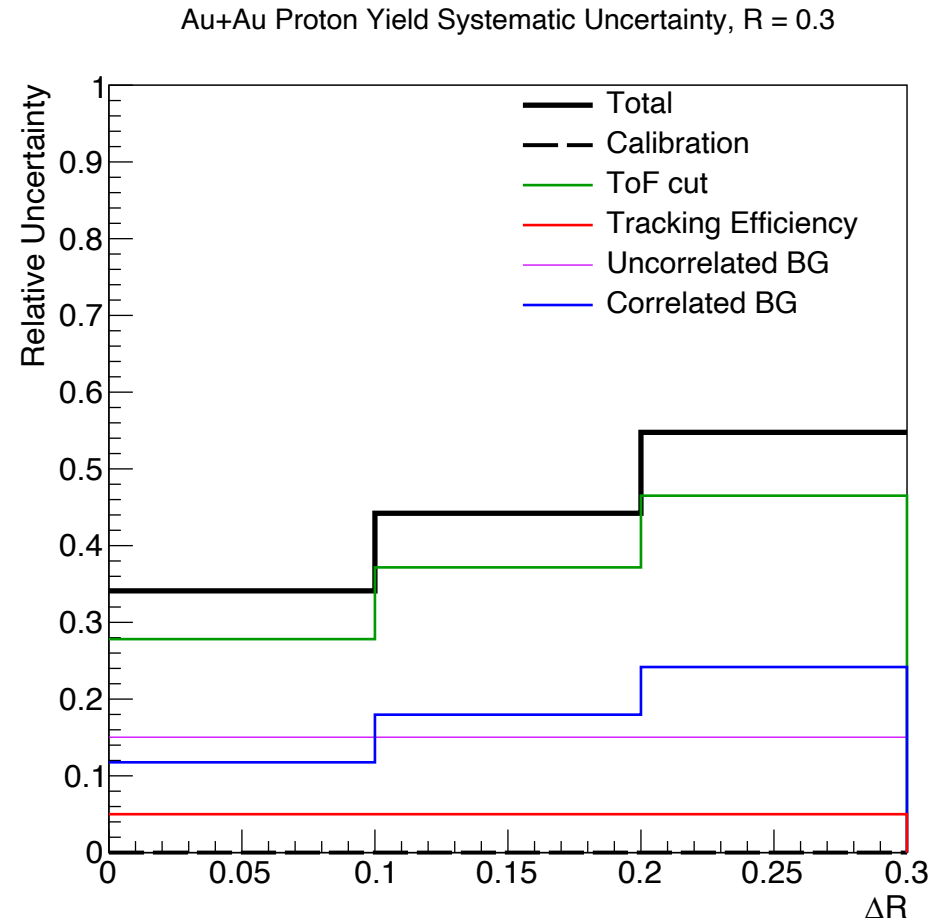
Systematic Uncertainty from Calibration,  $R = 0.3$



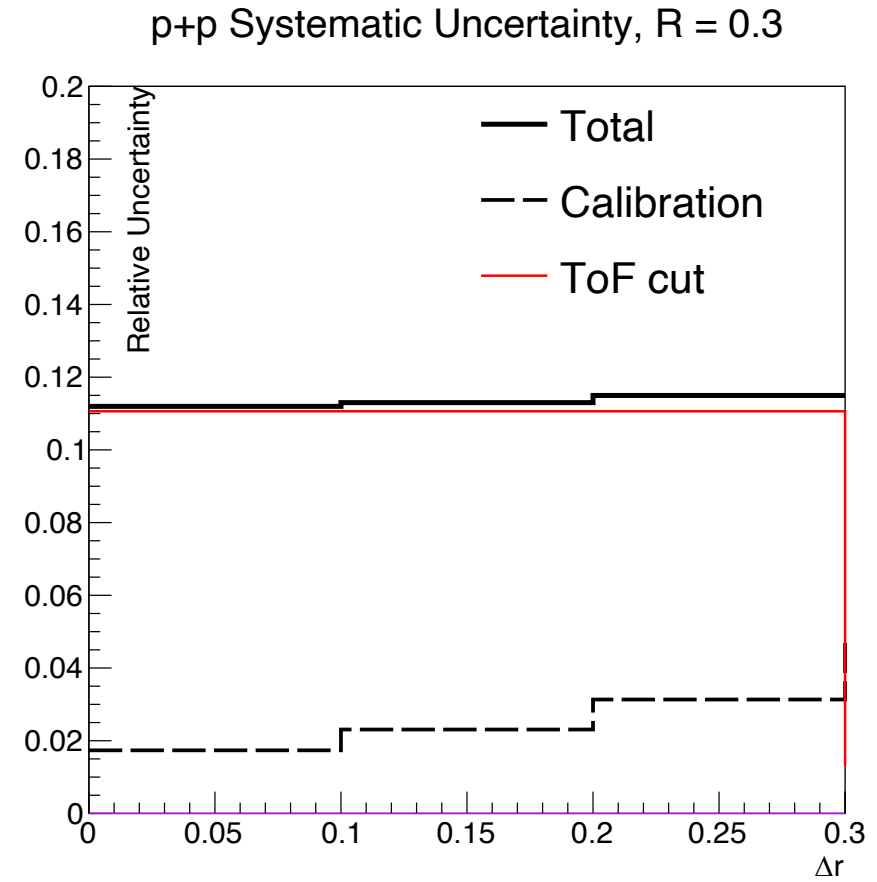
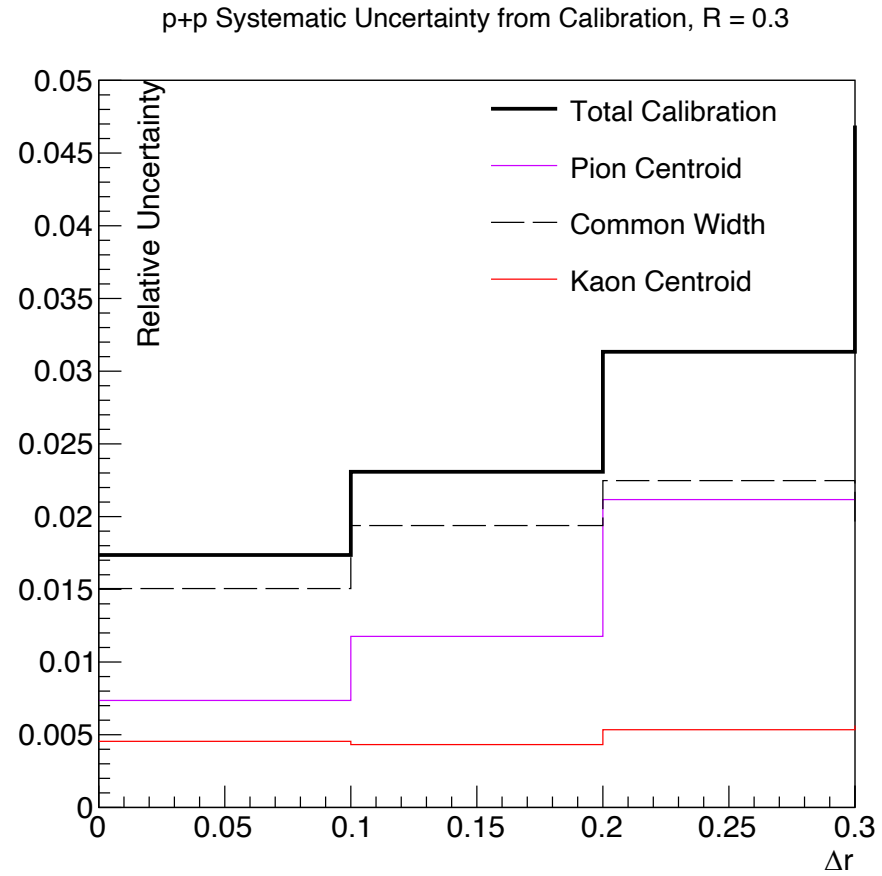
Au+Au Pion Yield Systematic Uncertainty,  $R = 0.3$



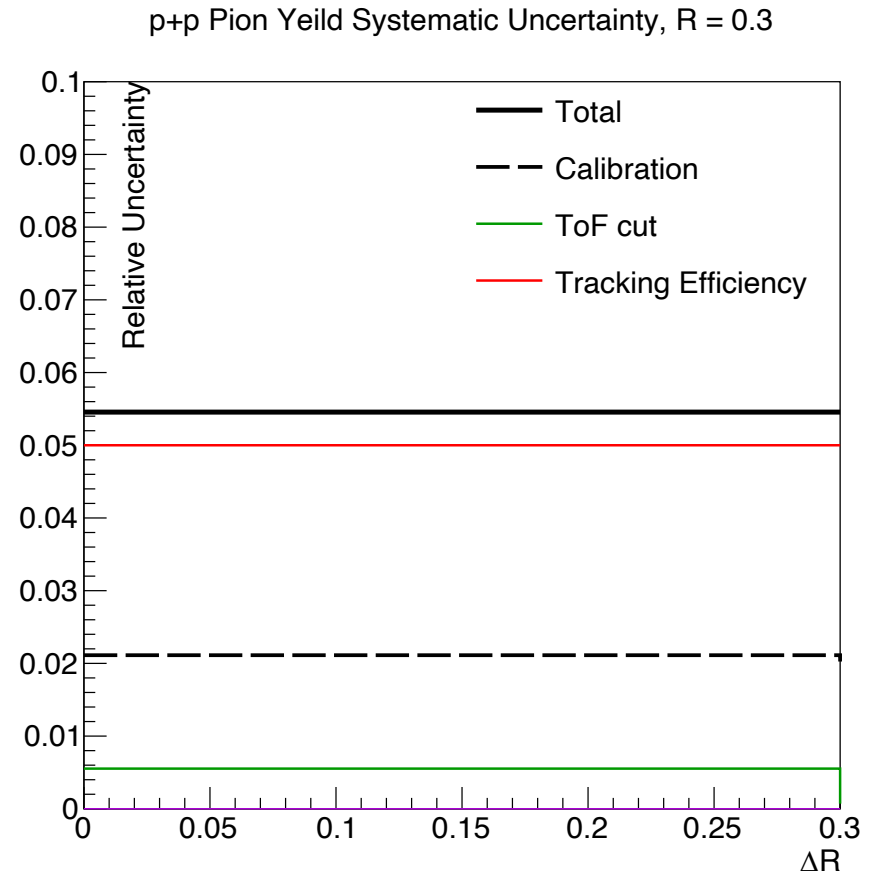
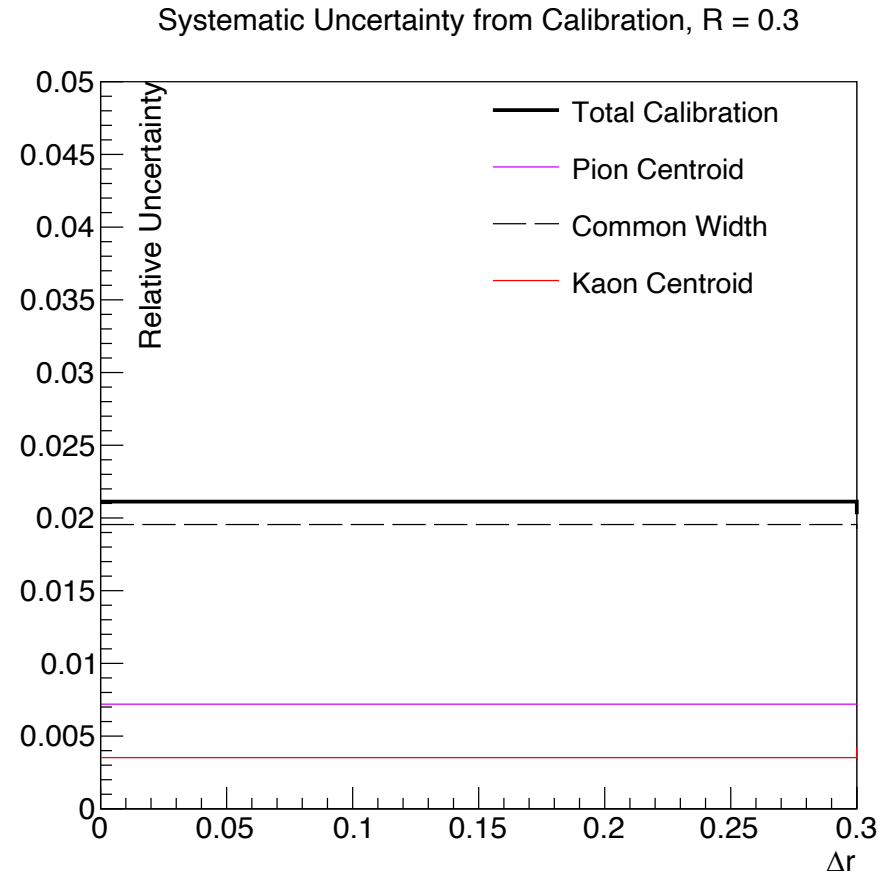
# Au+Au Proton Yield $\Delta r$ Systematics



# p+p p/ $\pi$ $\Delta r$ Systematics

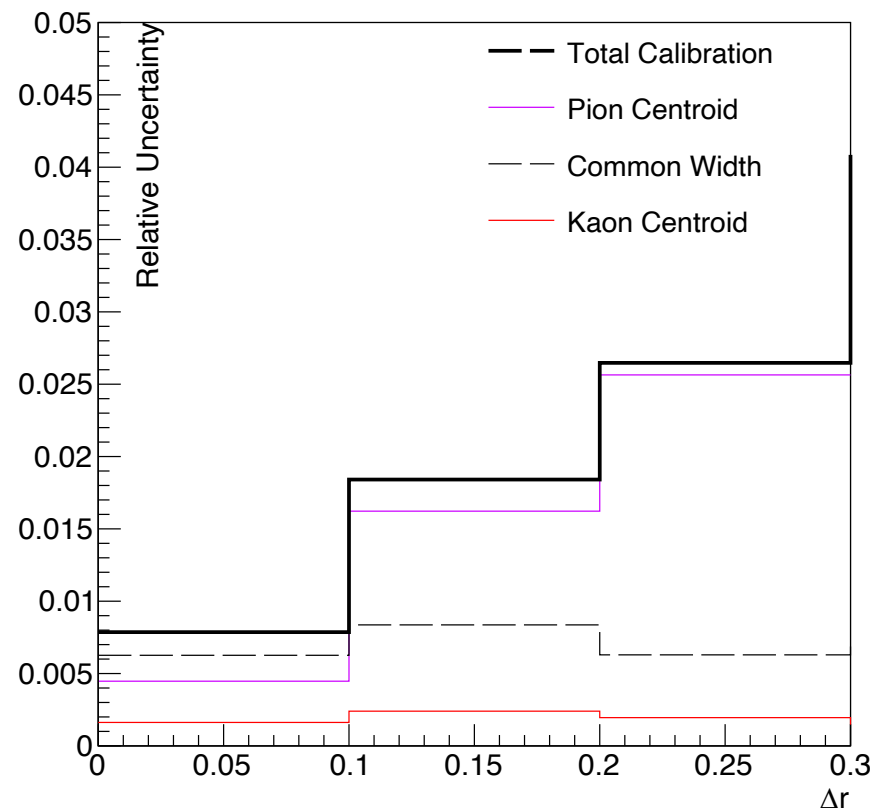


# p+p Pion Yield $\Delta r$ Systematics

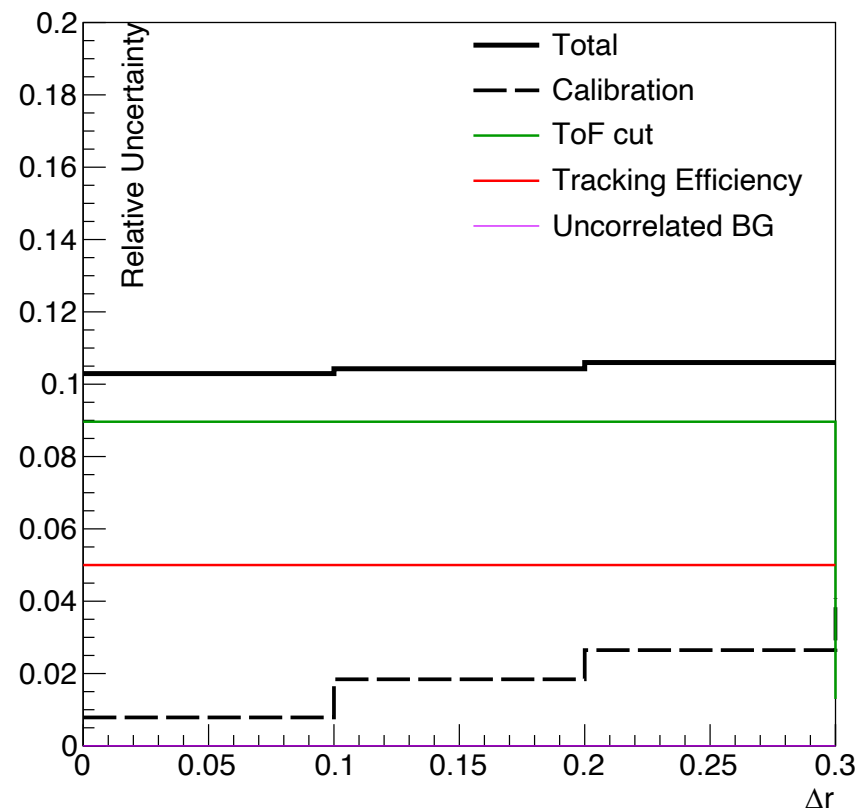


# p+p Proton Yield $\Delta r$ Systematics

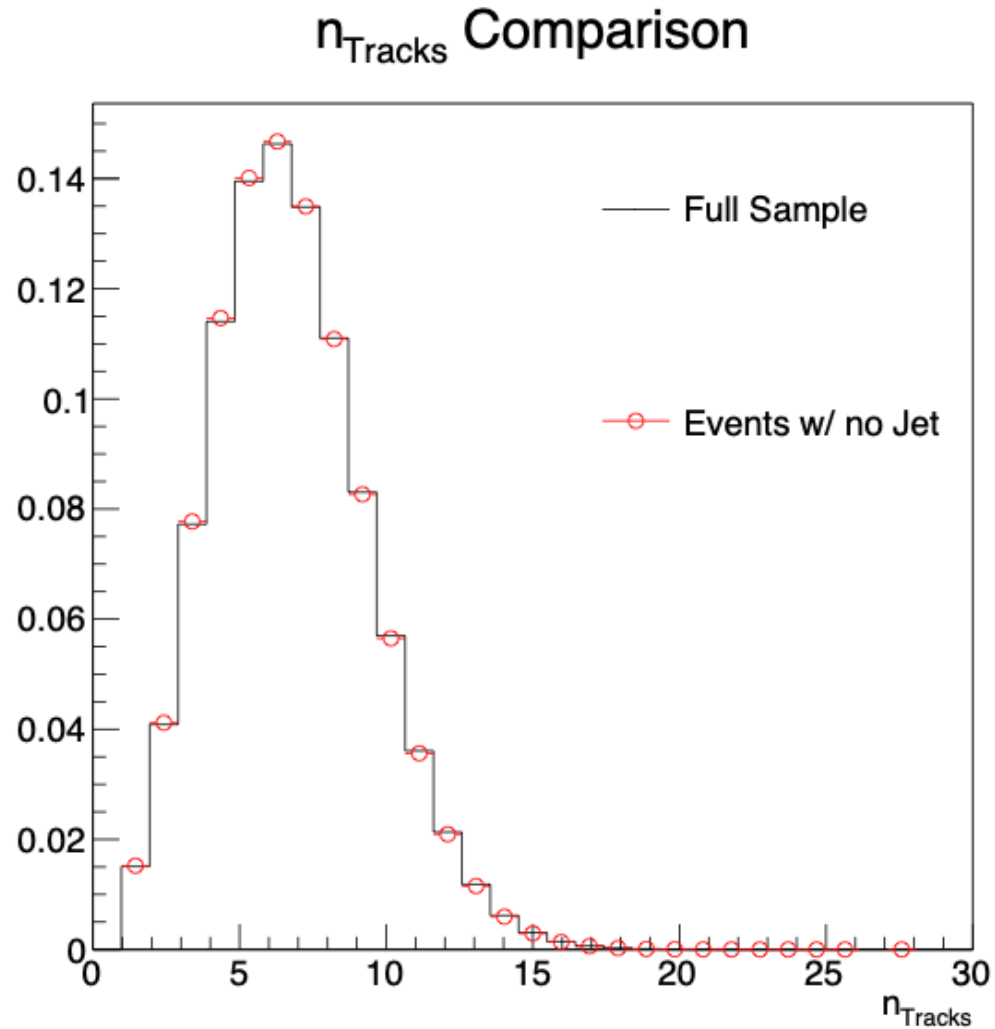
Systematic Uncertainty from Calibration,  $R = 0.3$



p+p Proton Yield Systematic Uncertainty,  $R = 0.3$



# Combinatorial Evaluation Uncertainty

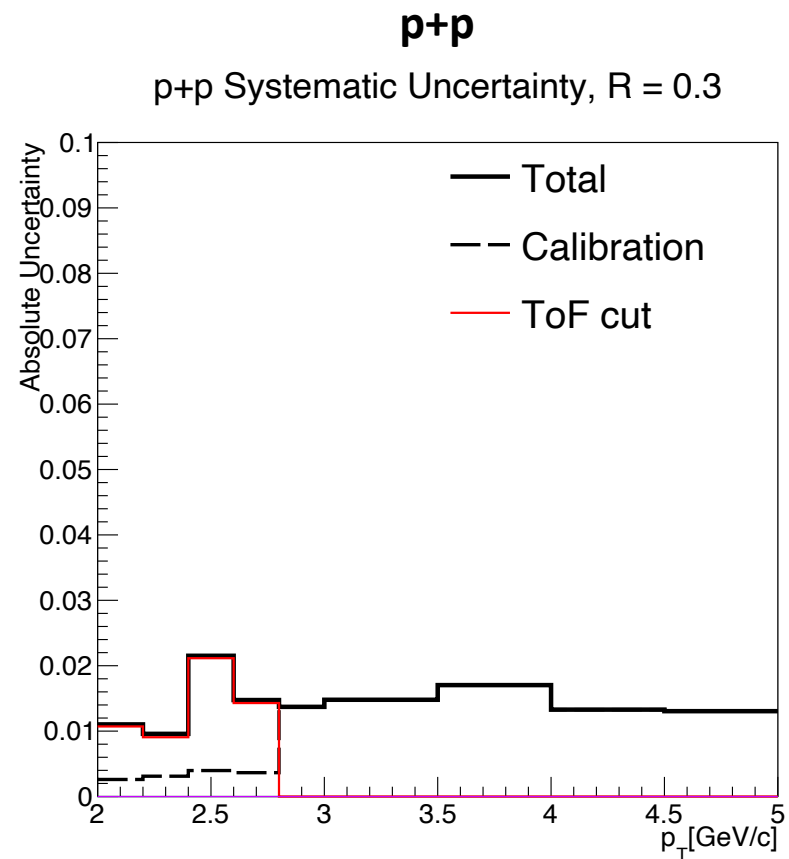
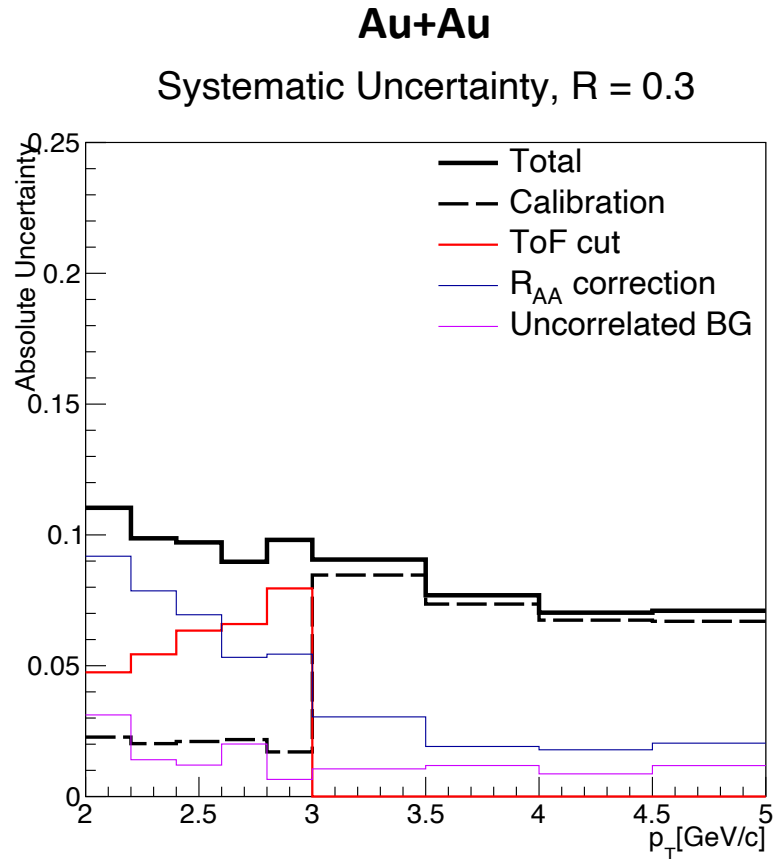


Sample	nEvents	Mean nTracks
Full	20,058,323	6.691
Events w/o Jet	19,898,309	6.471

- When building Mixed events we match the  $n_{\text{Track}}$  per event distribution from signal.
- Constructing Mixed Events with non-jetty  $n_{\text{track}}$  distribution yields a 0.2% variation in resulting Fake rate



# Systematic Uncertainty



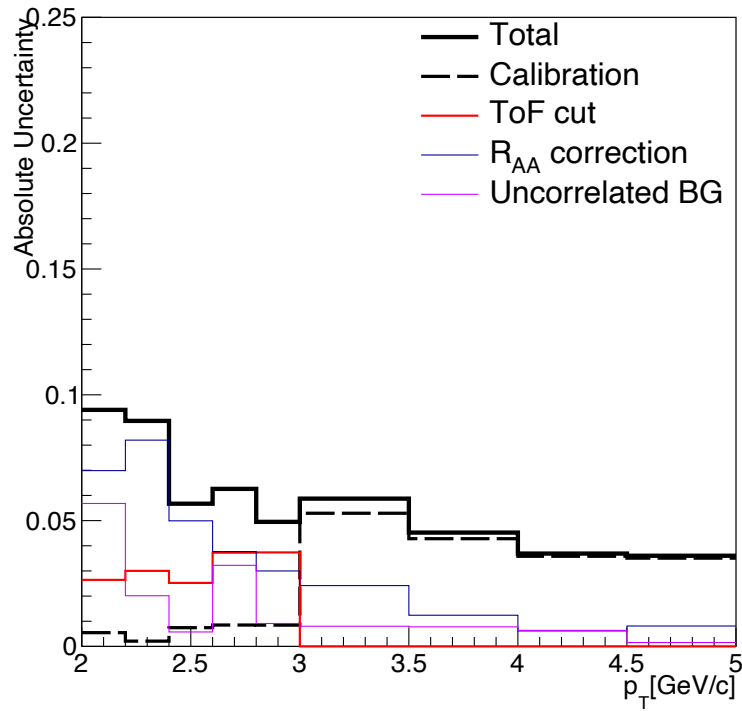
- One representative Jet R is shown here, all Systematics included in backup

## Systematic Sources:

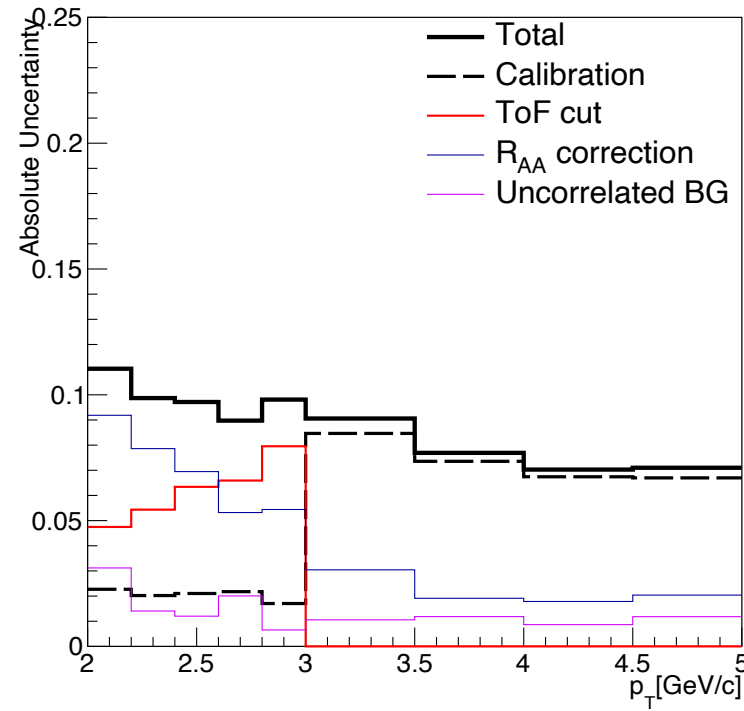
- dE/dx calibration, determined by varying each input parameter for gaussian fits
- ToF cut placement for proton identification below 3.0 GeV/c
- Uncorrelated background subtraction, determined by varying UE definition
- $R_{AA}$  correction is included in nominal, for systematic uncertainty on fake rate, the template fits are run without  $R_{AA}$  correction, and the resulting fake rate is used

## Au+Au Systematics

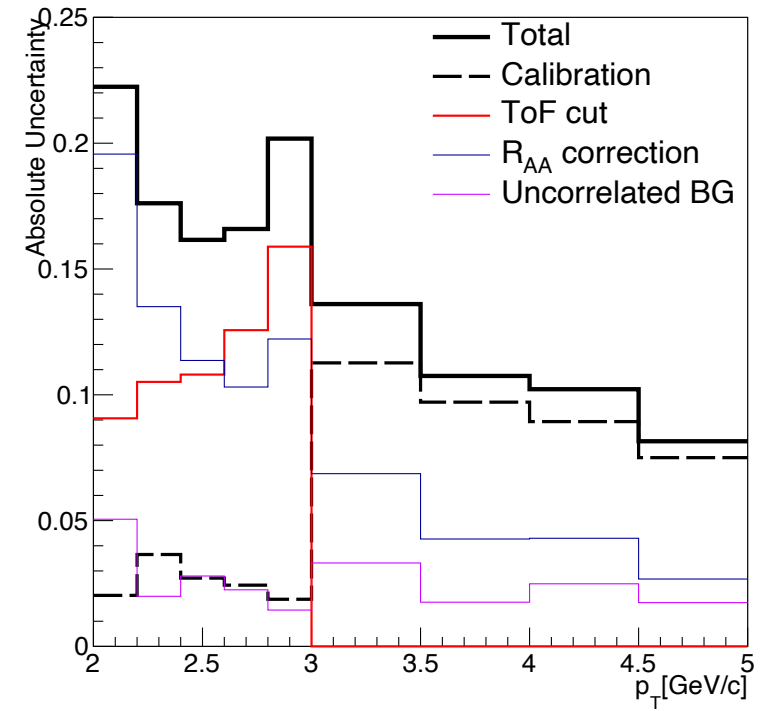
Systematic Uncertainty,  $R = 0.2$



Systematic Uncertainty,  $R = 0.3$

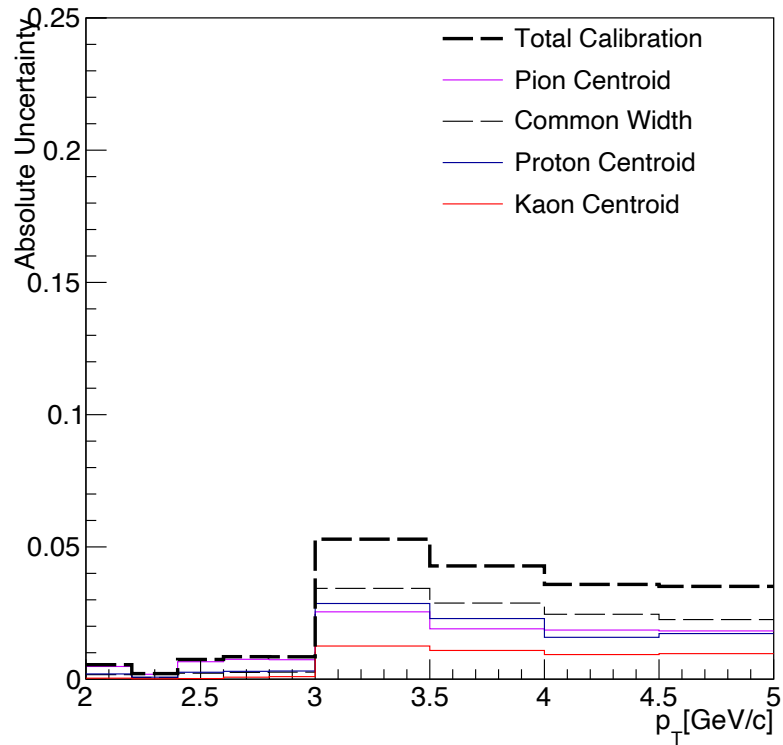


Systematic Uncertainty,  $R = 0.4$

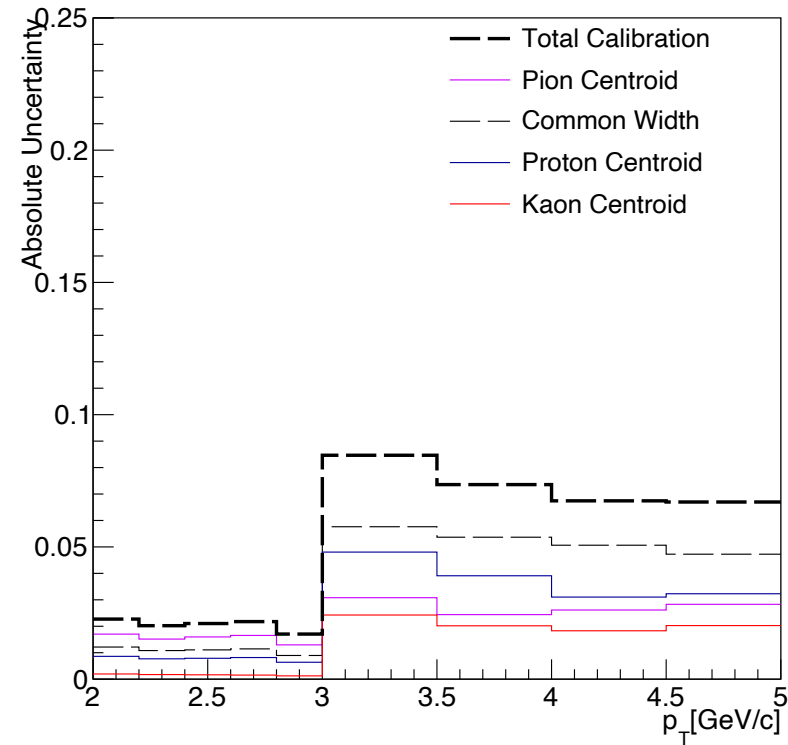


## Au+Au, dE/dx Calibration Breakdown

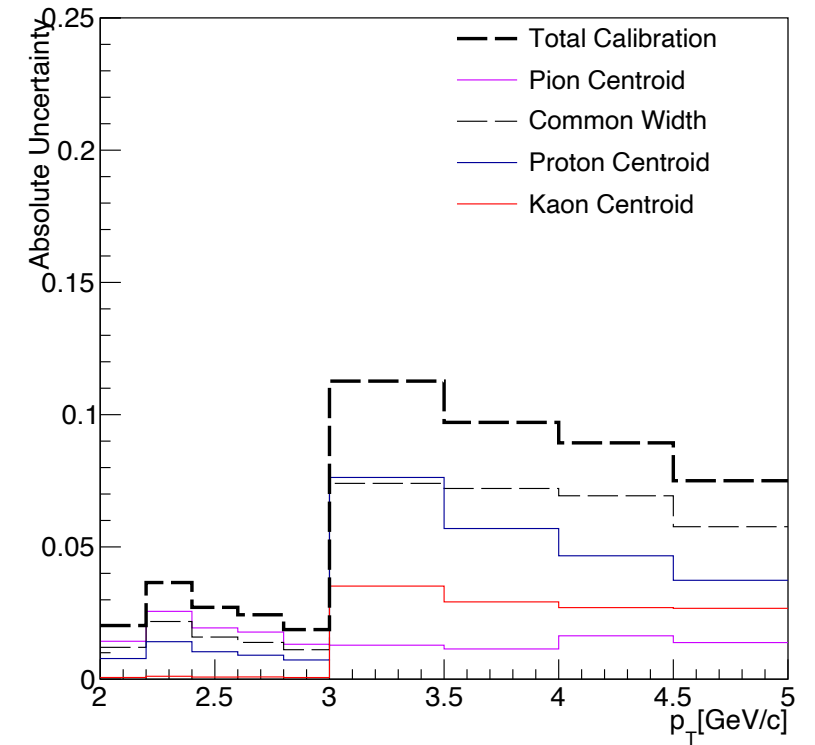
Systematic Uncertainty from Calibration,  $R = 0.2$



Systematic Uncertainty from Calibration,  $R = 0.3$

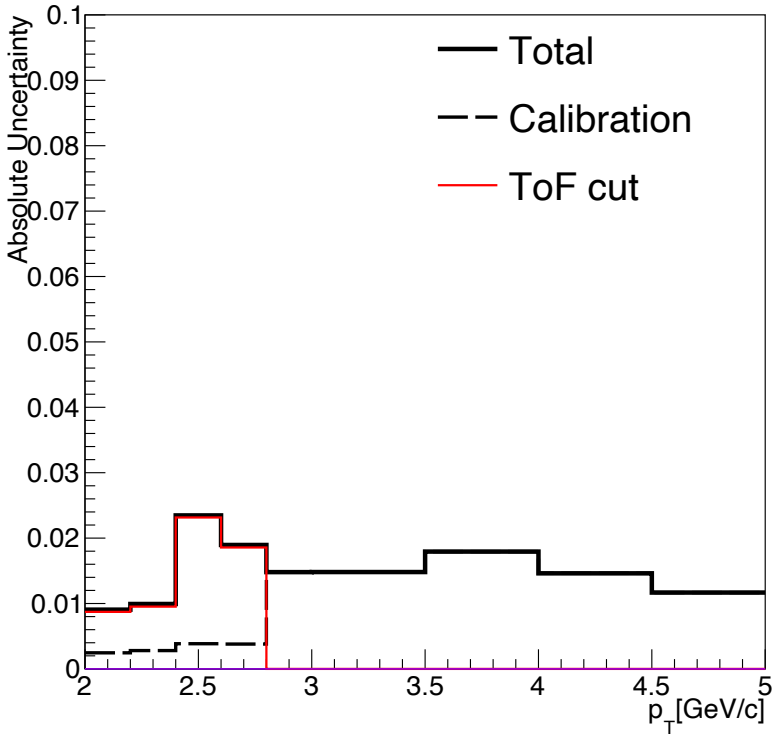


Systematic Uncertainty from Calibration,  $R = 0.4$

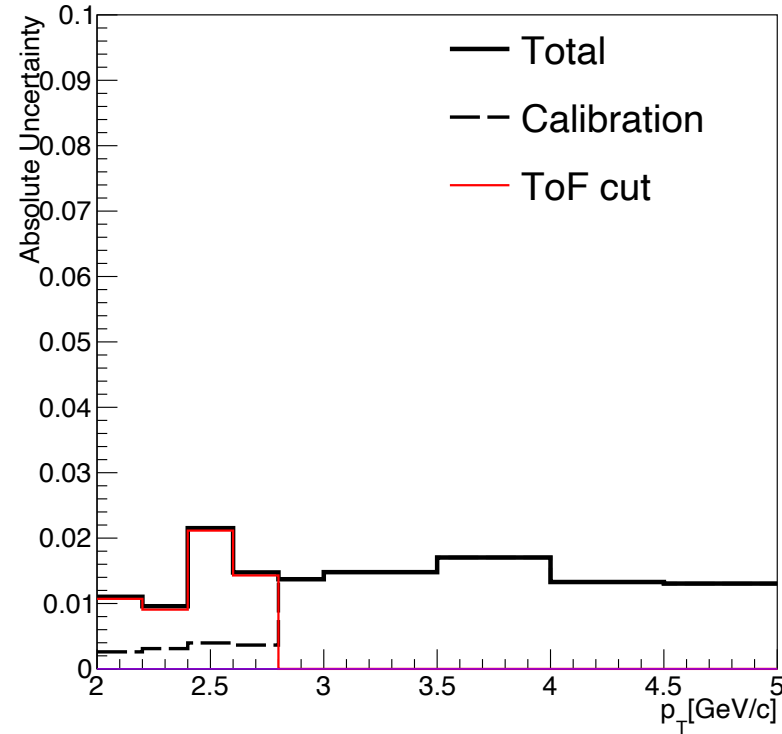


## p+p Systematics

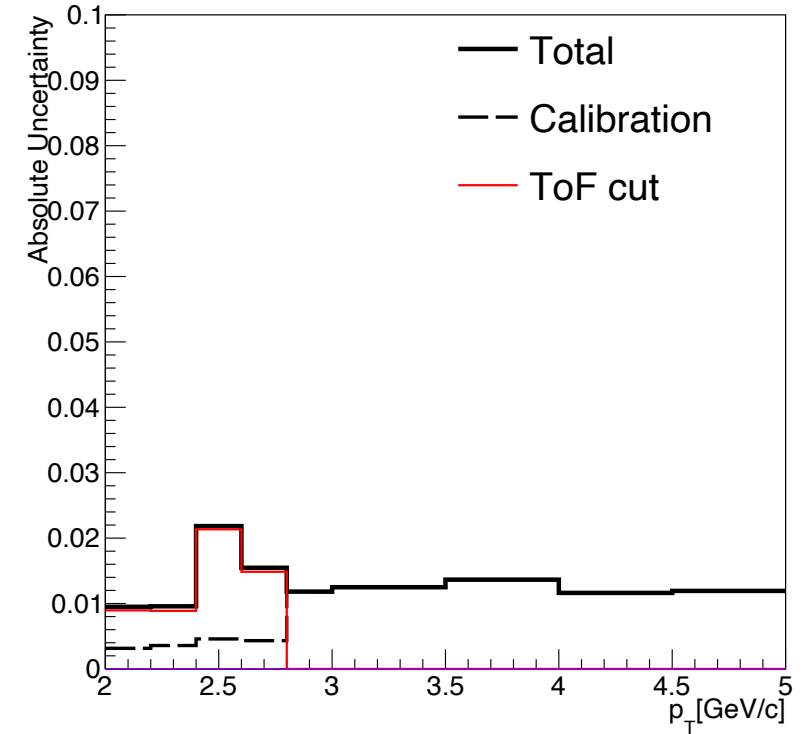
p+p Systematic Uncertainty,  $R = 0.2$



p+p Systematic Uncertainty,  $R = 0.3$



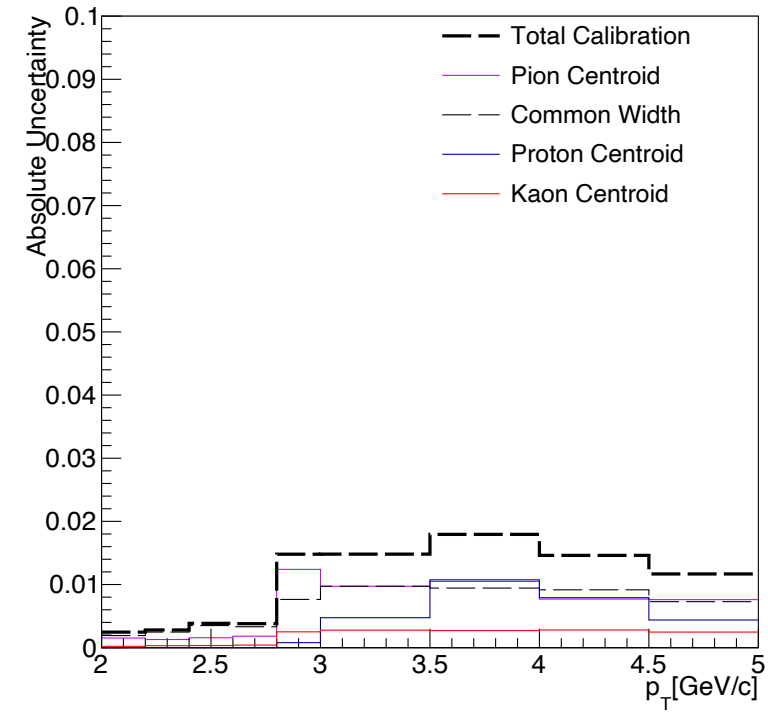
p+p Systematic Uncertainty,  $R = 0.4$



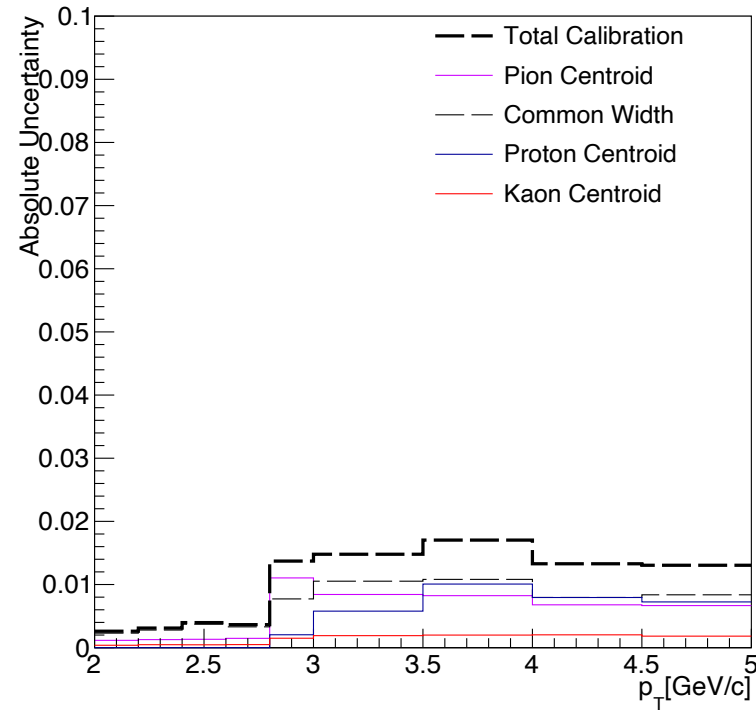


## p+p, dE/dx Calibration Breakdown

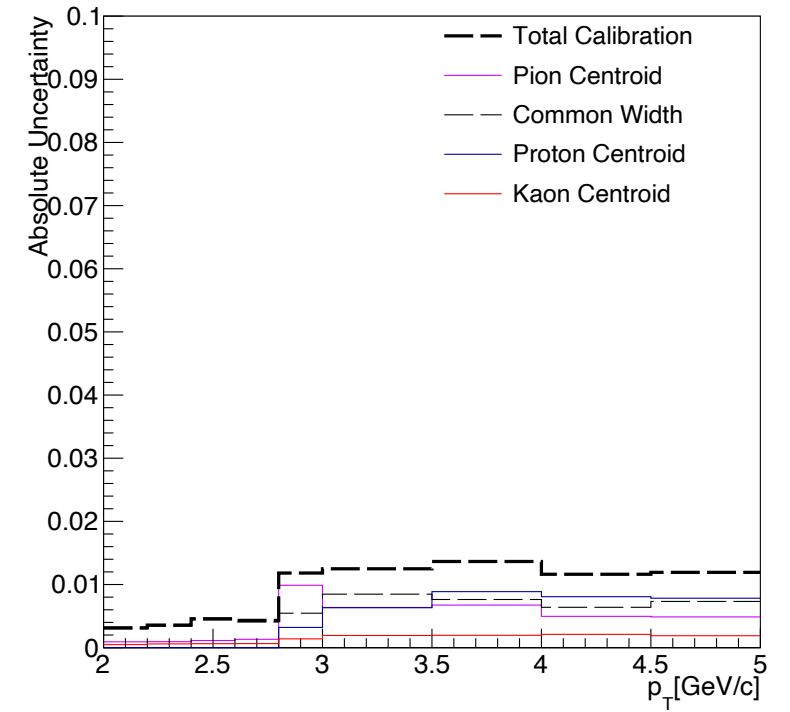
p+p Systematic Uncertainty from Calibration, R = 0.2



p+p Systematic Uncertainty from Calibration, R = 0.3



p+p Systematic Uncertainty from Calibration, R = 0.4

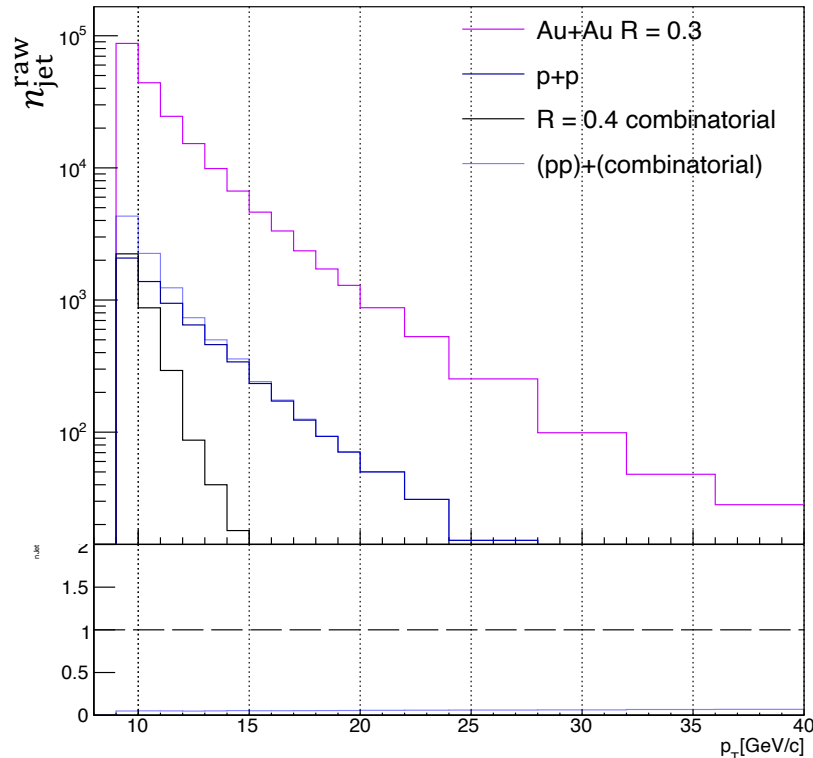


# Determining Fake Rate: Spectra Template Fit



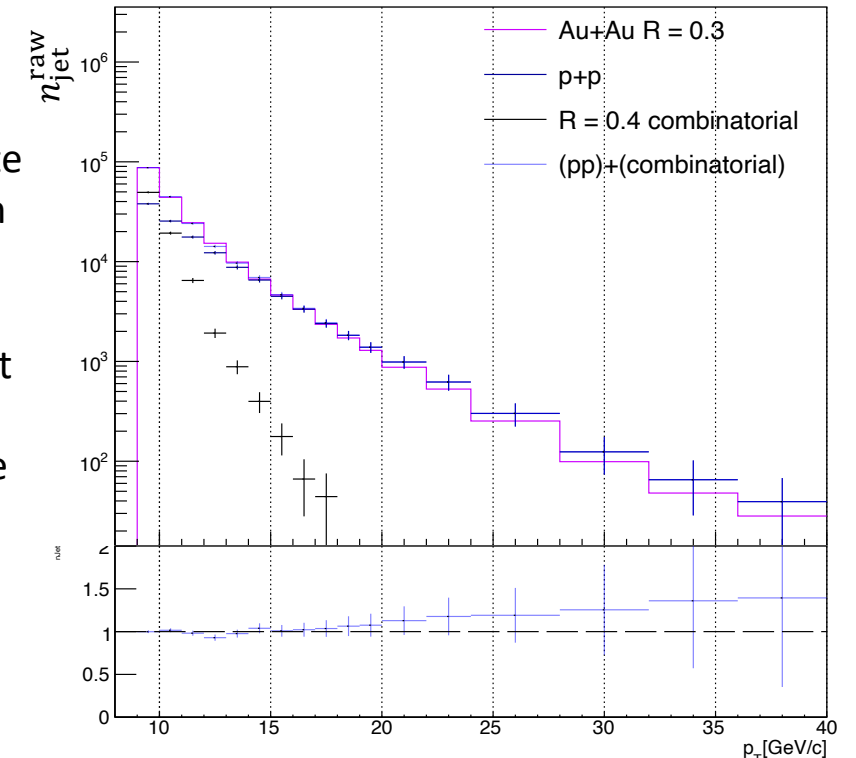
## Raw Spectra

Rebuilding R = 0.3 Spectra



## Template Fit

Rebuilding R = 0.3 Spectra



- Create a two-parameter template fit using the raw jet spectra from p+p and combinatorial jets
- Fit the raw Au+Au spectra
- Scale p+p and combinatorial Njet values by the resulting parameters to calculate fake rate

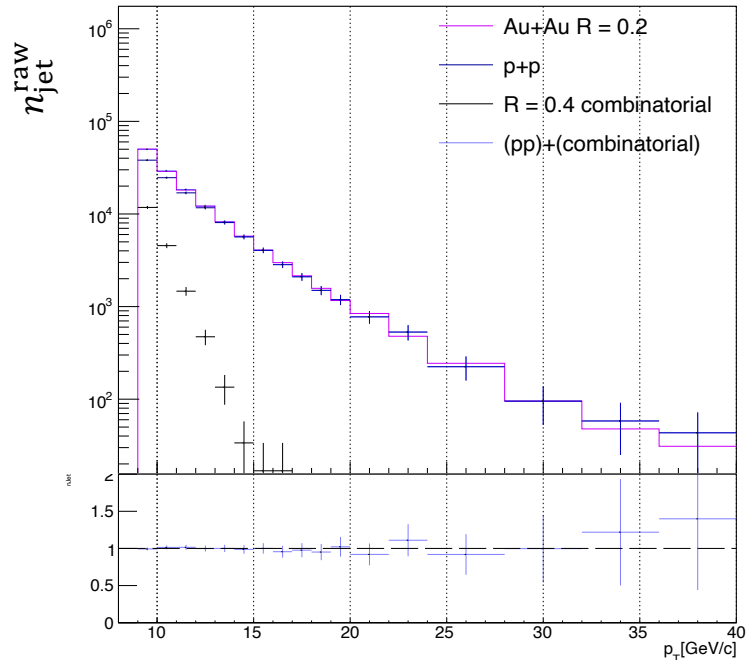
$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \text{p+p} & \rightarrow 6,984 \text{ jets} \quad * \quad 20.5 = 143,715 \\
 \text{Combinatorial} & \rightarrow 4,143 \text{ jets} \quad * \quad 22.1 = 91,597 \rightarrow \text{39\% Fake Rate}
 \end{array}$$

Fit Parameters

# Determining Fake Rate: Spectra Template Fit

**R = 0.2**

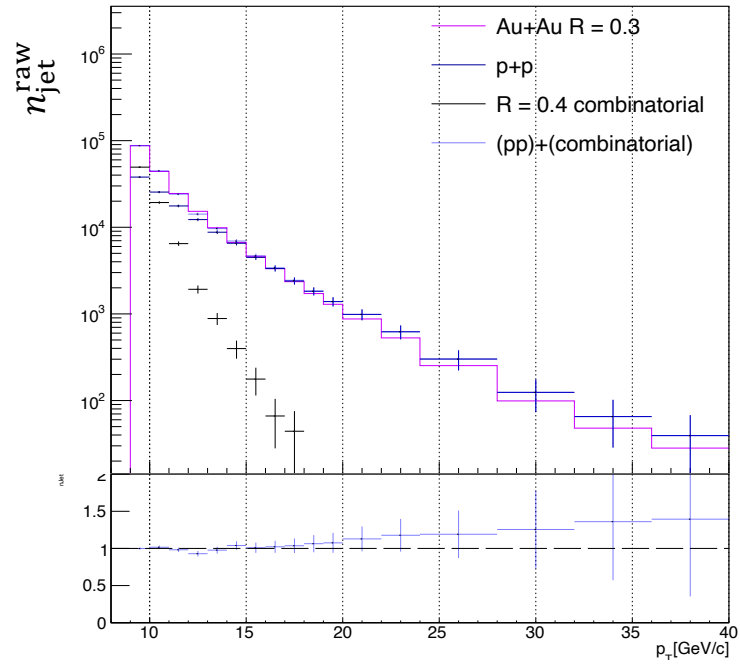
Rebuilding R = 0.2 Spectra



**Fake Rate: 13%**

**R = 0.3**

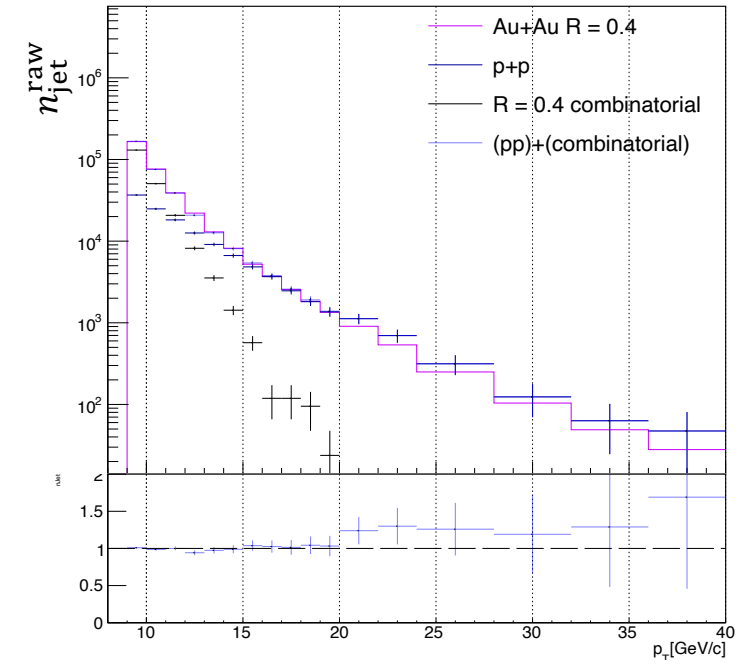
Rebuilding R = 0.3 Spectra



**Fake Rate: 39%**

**R = 0.4**

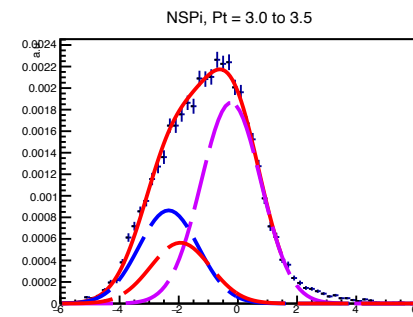
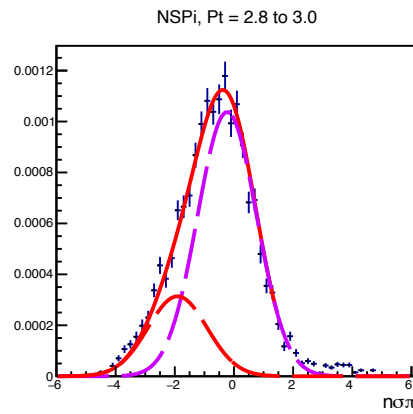
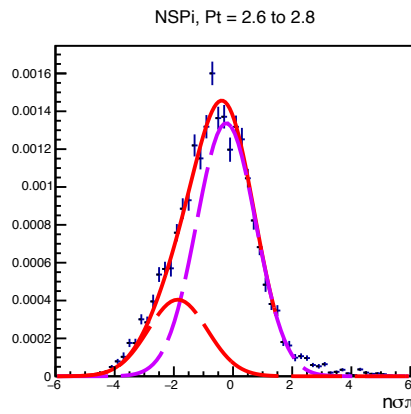
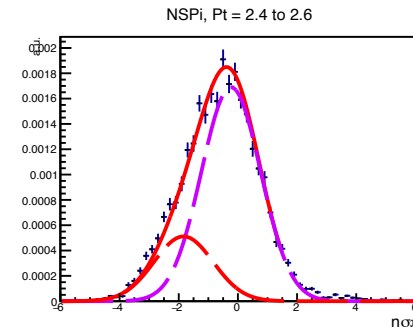
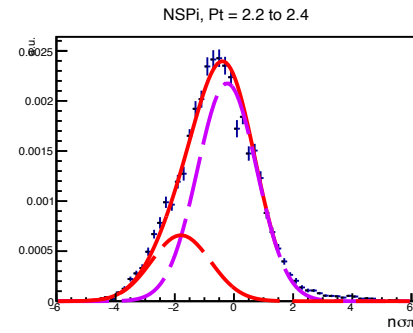
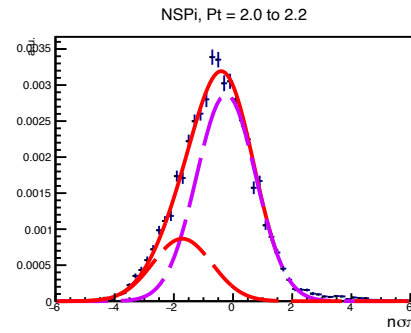
Rebuilding R = 0.4 Spectra



**Fake Rate: 63%**



## Double Fits for $m^2 < 0.5$



Gaussian Fits for  $R = 0.3$

## Triple Fits for full $m^2$ Range

