

STAR Highlight on Heavy Ion Physics

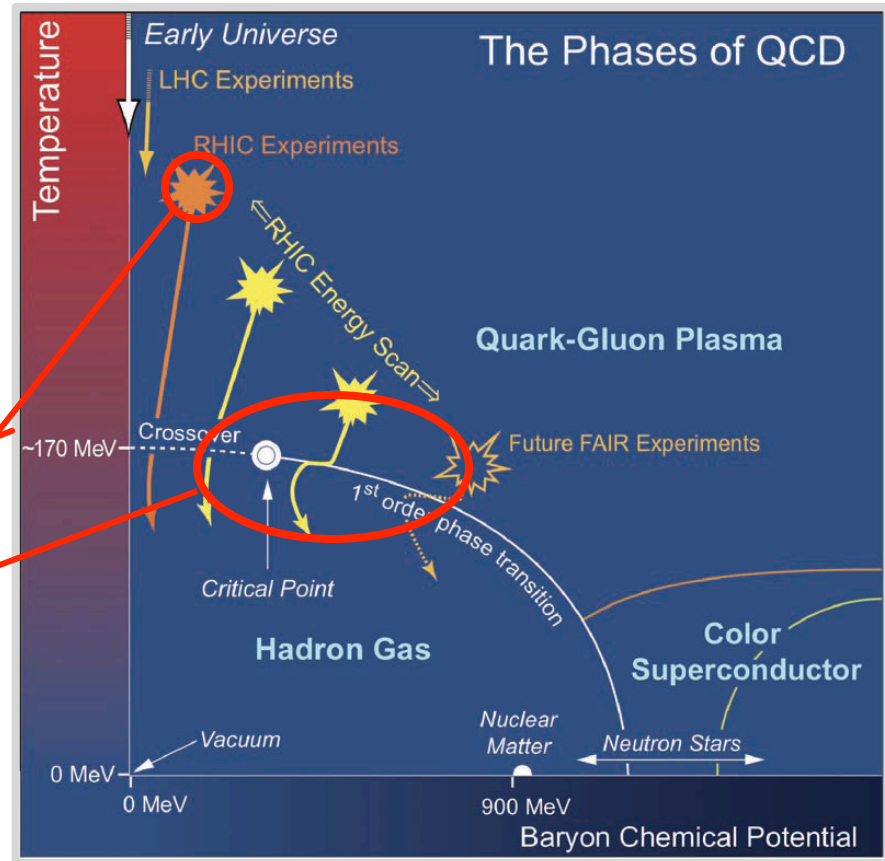
Shusu Shi
for the STAR collaboration

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

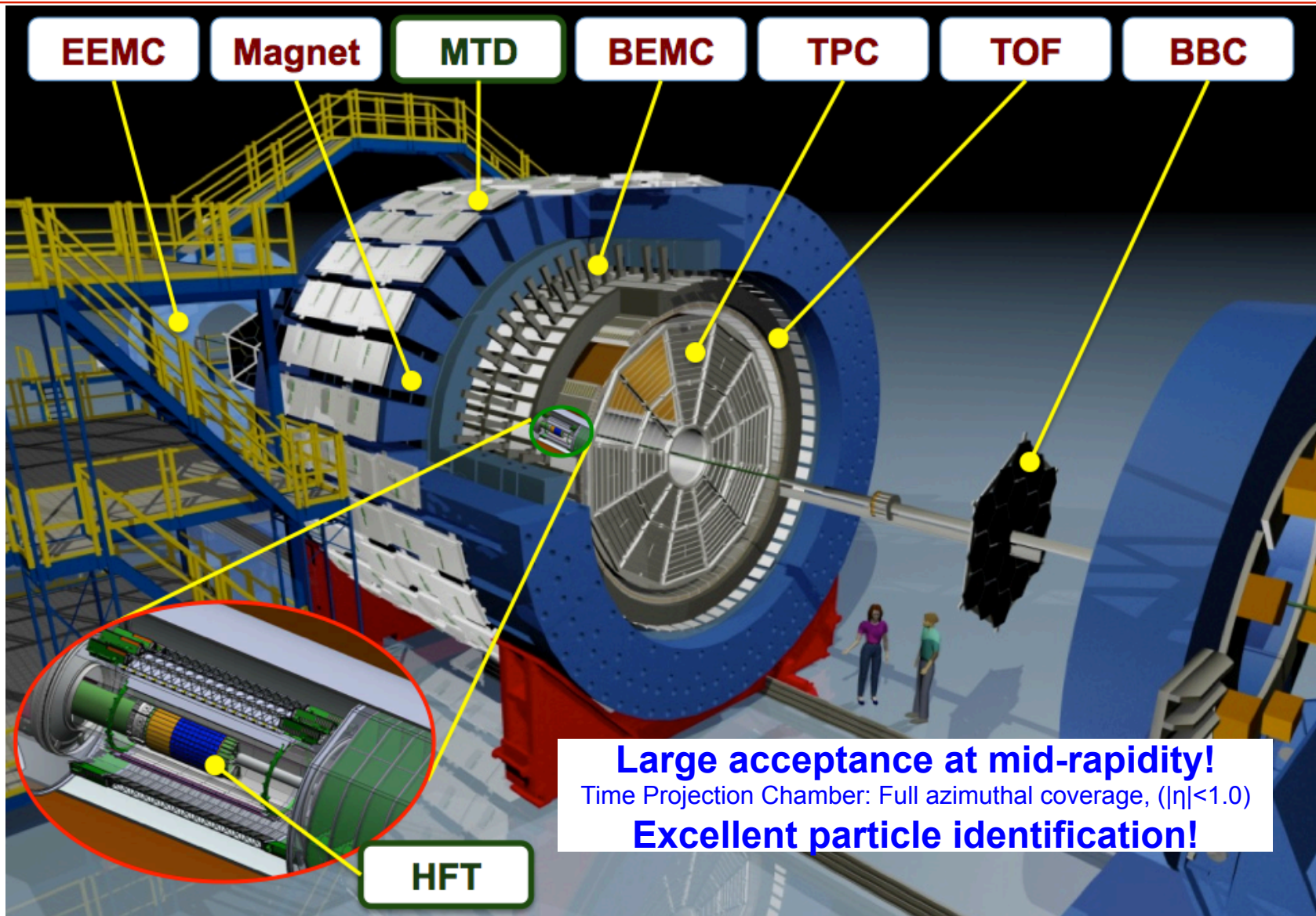
The 3rd International Conference on New Frontiers in Physics 2014

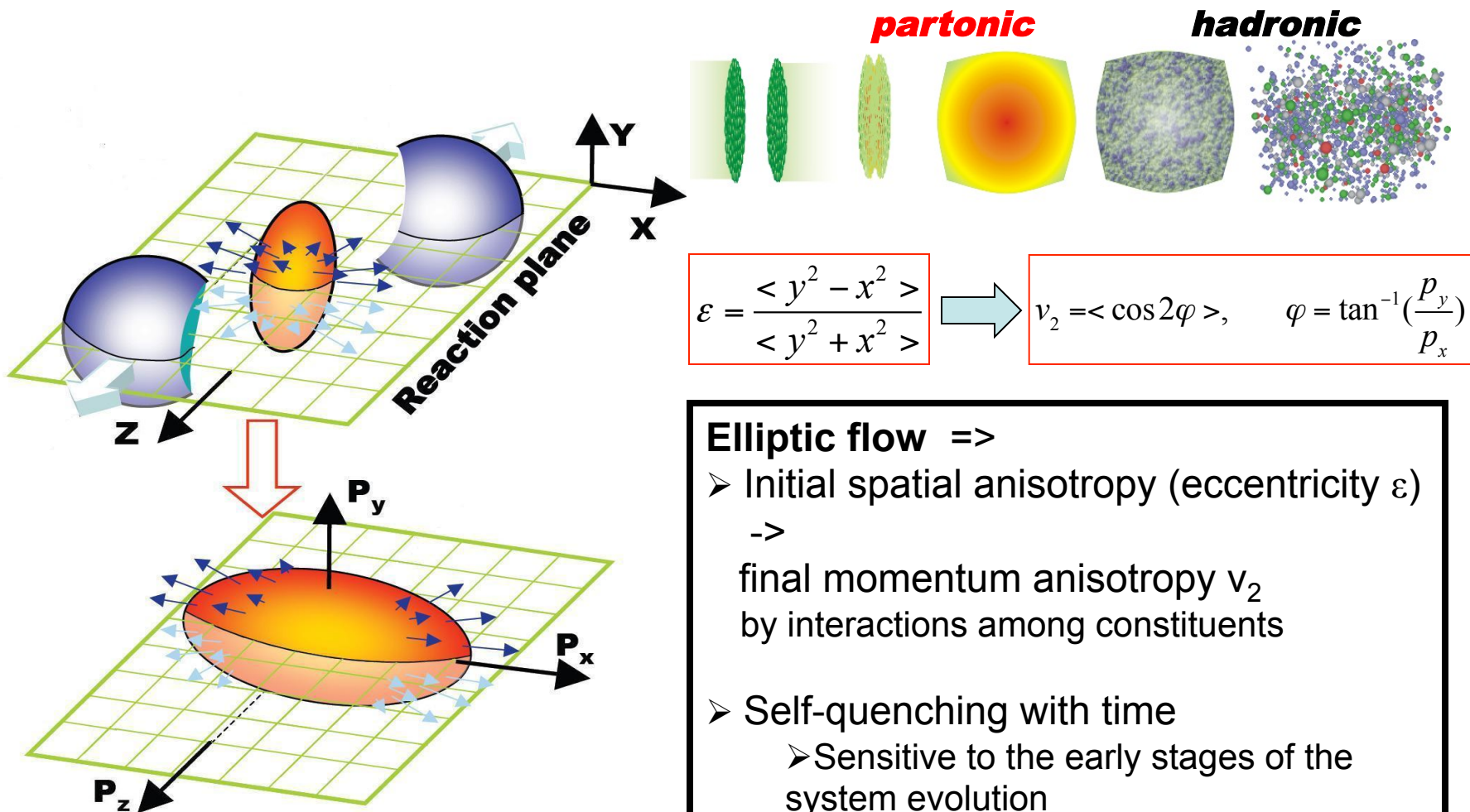
28 July – 6 August 2014, Kolymbari, Crete, Greece

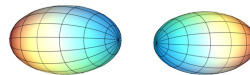
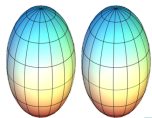
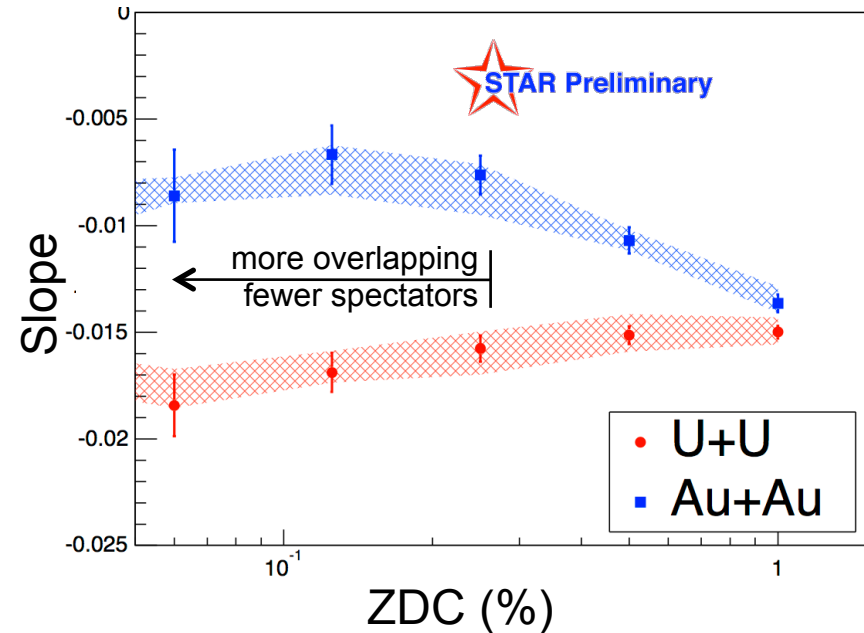
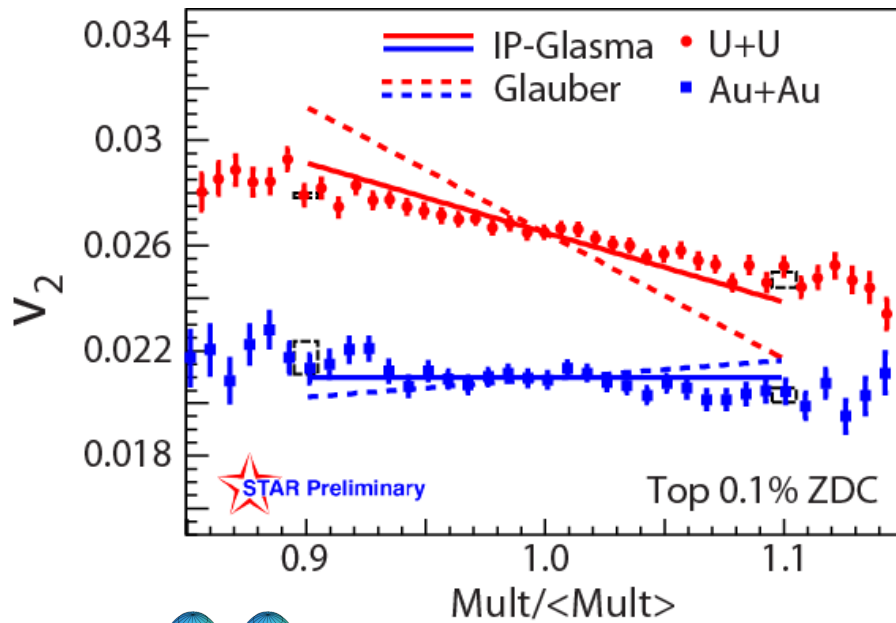
- **Introduction**
- **STAR Detectors**
- **Recent Results**
 - Top energy collisions at RHIC
 - Study the medium properties
 - Beam Energy Scan at RHIC
 - QCD phase boundary and critical point
- **Summary/Outlook**



STAR Detectors





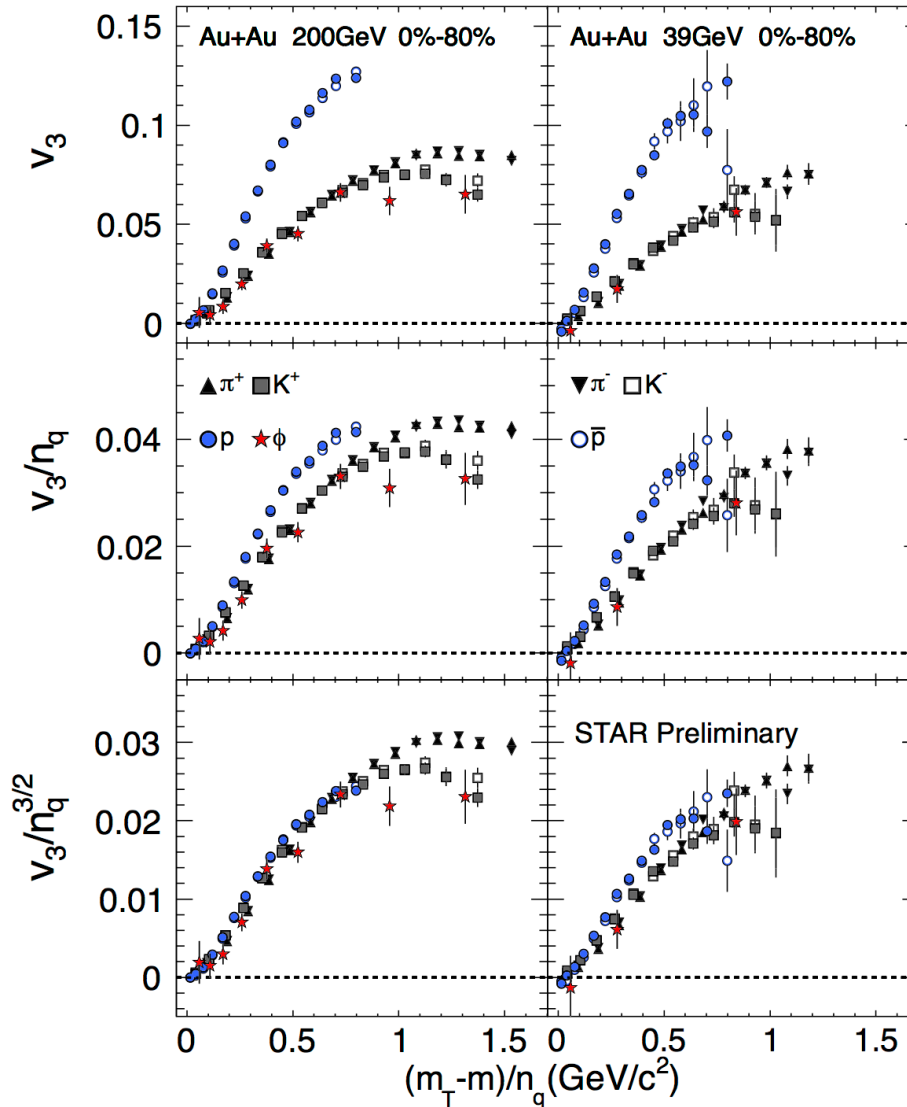


Dashed boxes are systematic errors

- RHIC delivered the U+U collisions in order to study geometry effects
- Tip-tip and body-body enhanced samples selected via ZDC-mult cut
- IP-Glasma model matches the data better

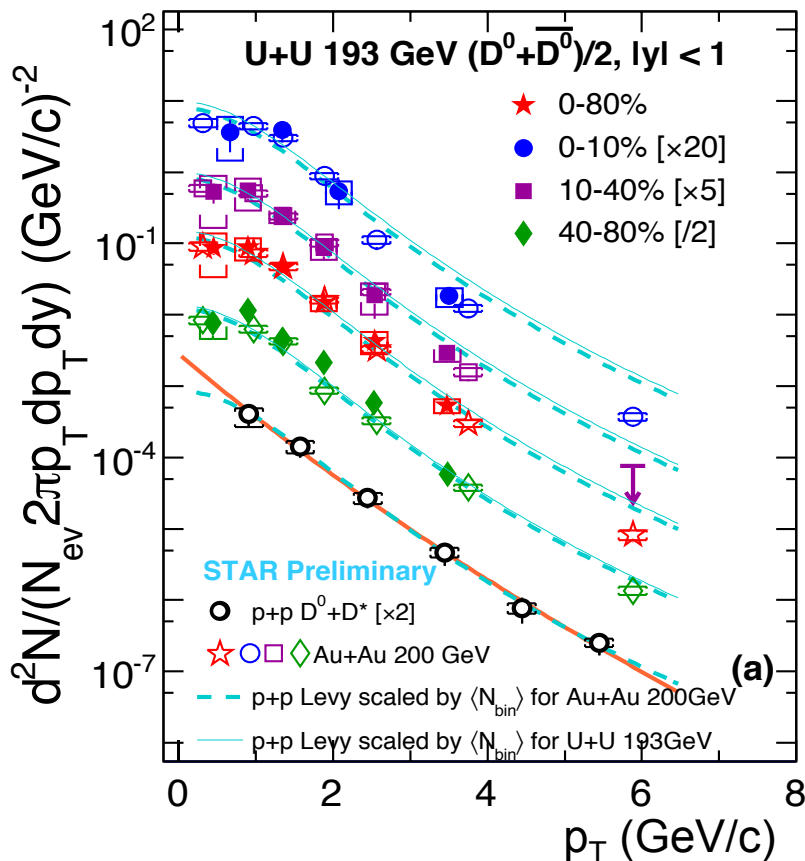
Bjoern Schenke, et al. arXiv:1403.2232

Maciej Rybczyński, et al. PRC87,044908(2013)

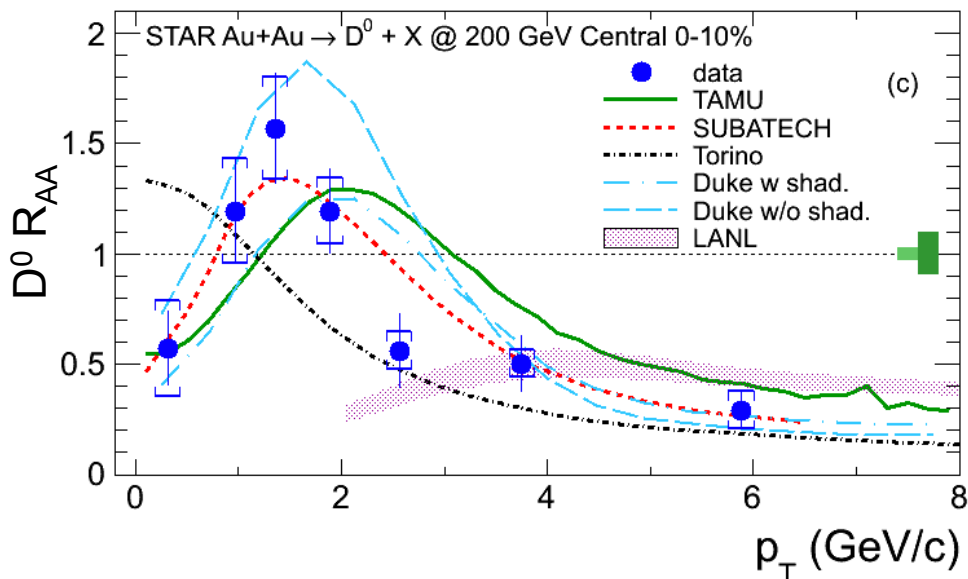


- Event-by-Event fluctuations
 $\epsilon_3 \rightarrow v_3$
- The number of constituent quark scaling does not work for v_3
- Hydro inspired $(n_q)^{i/2}$, $i=3$, seems to work for 200 GeV collisions up to $(m_T - m)/n_q \sim 1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

P. Huovinen, Phys. Lett. **B503**, 58 (2001)
 R. Lacey, J. Phys. **G38**, 124048(2011)



Au+Au@200 GeV: submitted to PRL, arXiv:1404.6185



Average number of binary collisions in A+A

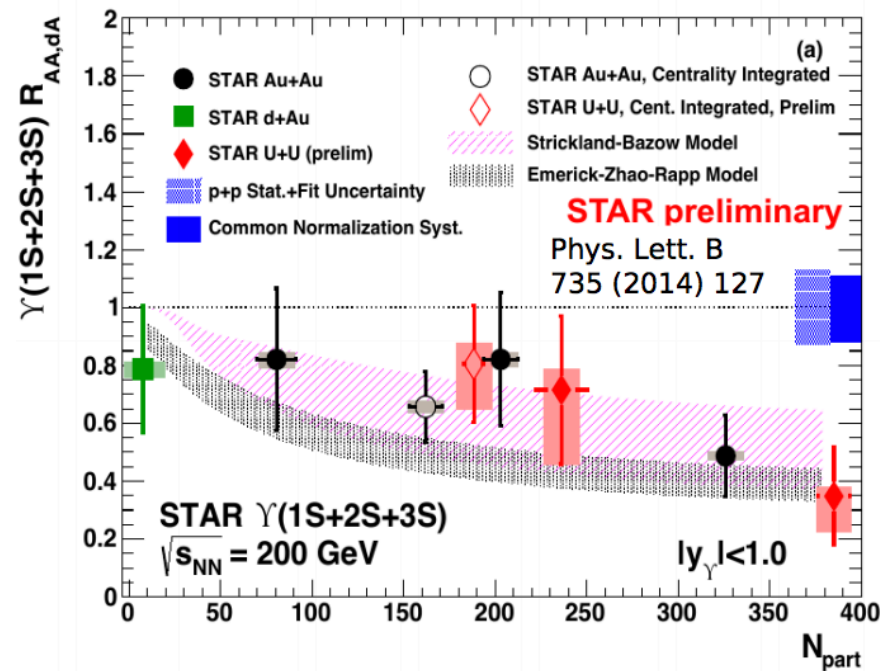
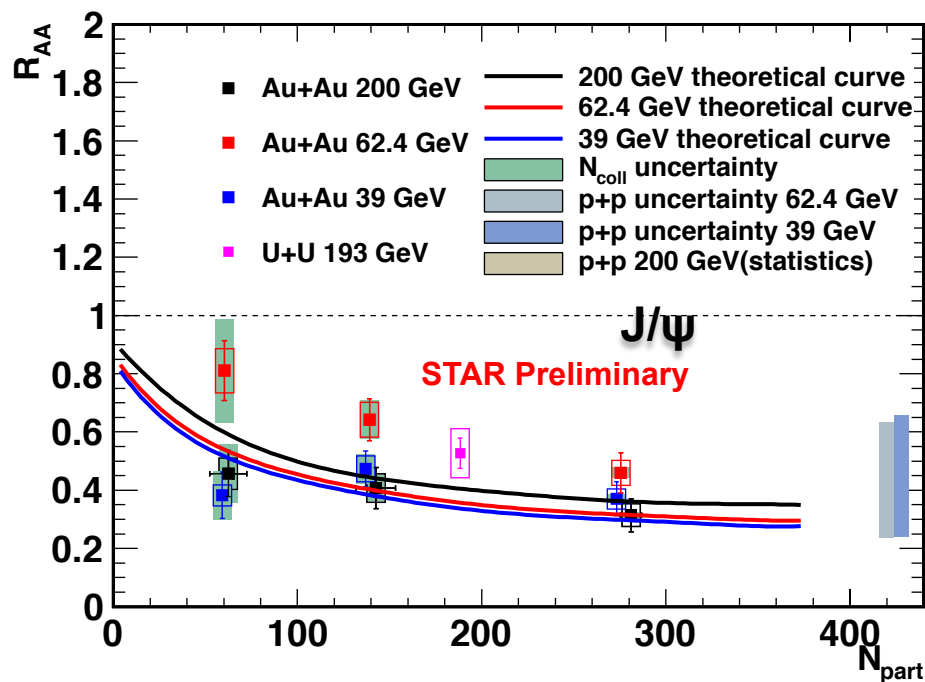
$$R_{AA}(y, p_T) = \frac{1}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle} \frac{\frac{d^2 N_{AA}}{dp_T dy}}{\frac{d^2 N_{pp}}{dp_T dy}}$$

Particle production in A+A

Particle production in p+p

David Tlusty: August 6 [parallel 2]

- Large suppression at high p_T indicates strong charm-medium interactions
- Enhancement at $p_T \sim 0.7-2$ GeV/c: described by models with charm quark coalescence with light quarks

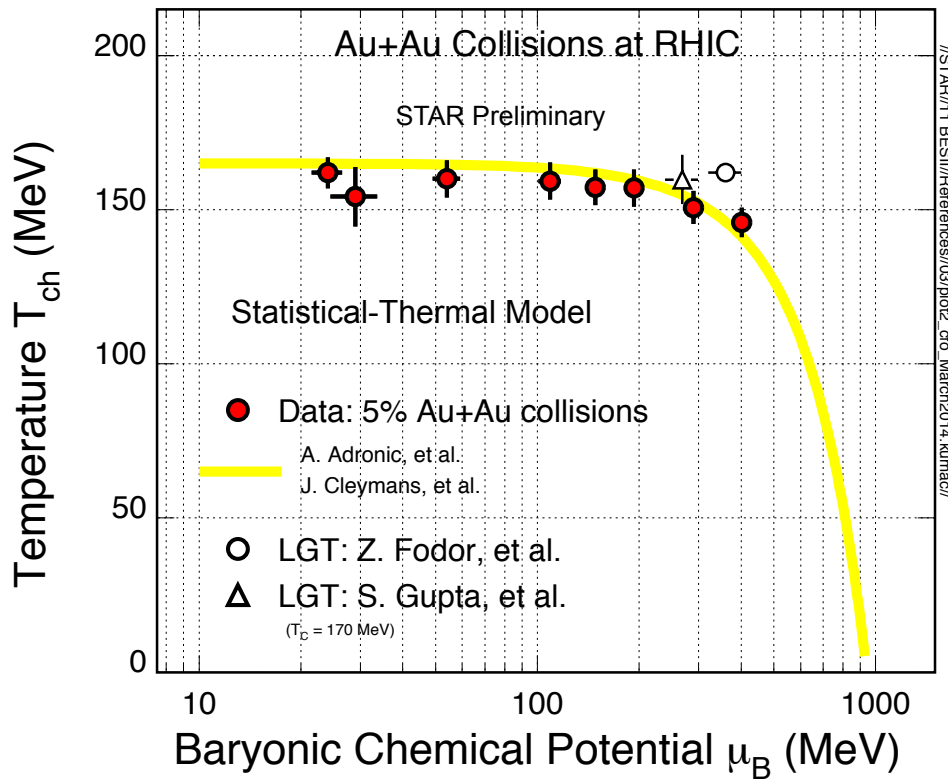


Barbara Trzeciak: August 2 [parallel 4]

- Suppression increases with collision centrality
- Similar suppression in U+U and Au+Au collisions
- Weak beam energy dependence of J/ψ R_{AA}

X.B. Zhao et al., PRC82, 064905(2010)

L. Yan et al., PRL97, 232301(2006)



Observables:

Phase boundary

Charge separation;
 v_2 - NCQ scaling

1st order phase transition

Directed flow v_1

Critical point

Fluctuations

Chiral symmetry restoration

Di-lepton production

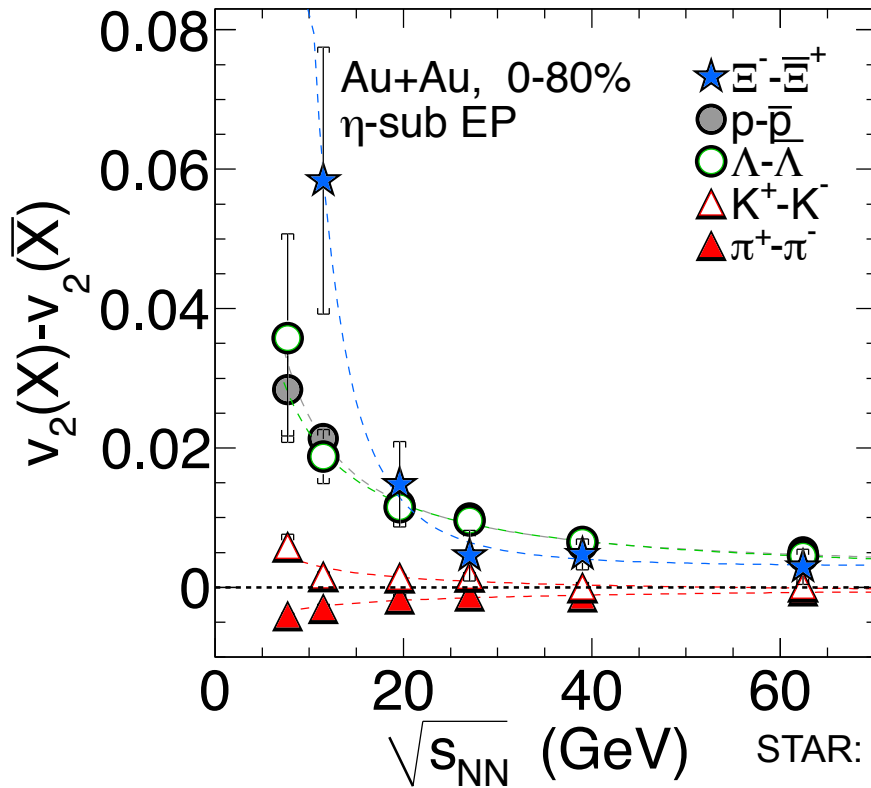
Study QCD Phase Structure!

Daniel McDonald: July 29 [FAIR workshop]

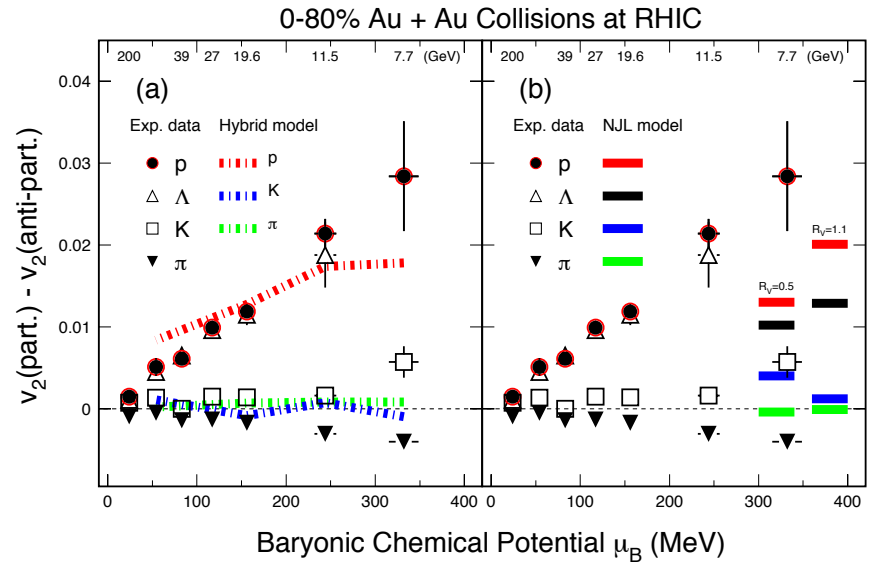
BES-I

Year 2014

$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	7.7	11.5	14.5	19.6	27	39
μ_B (MeV)	420	315	260	205	155	115



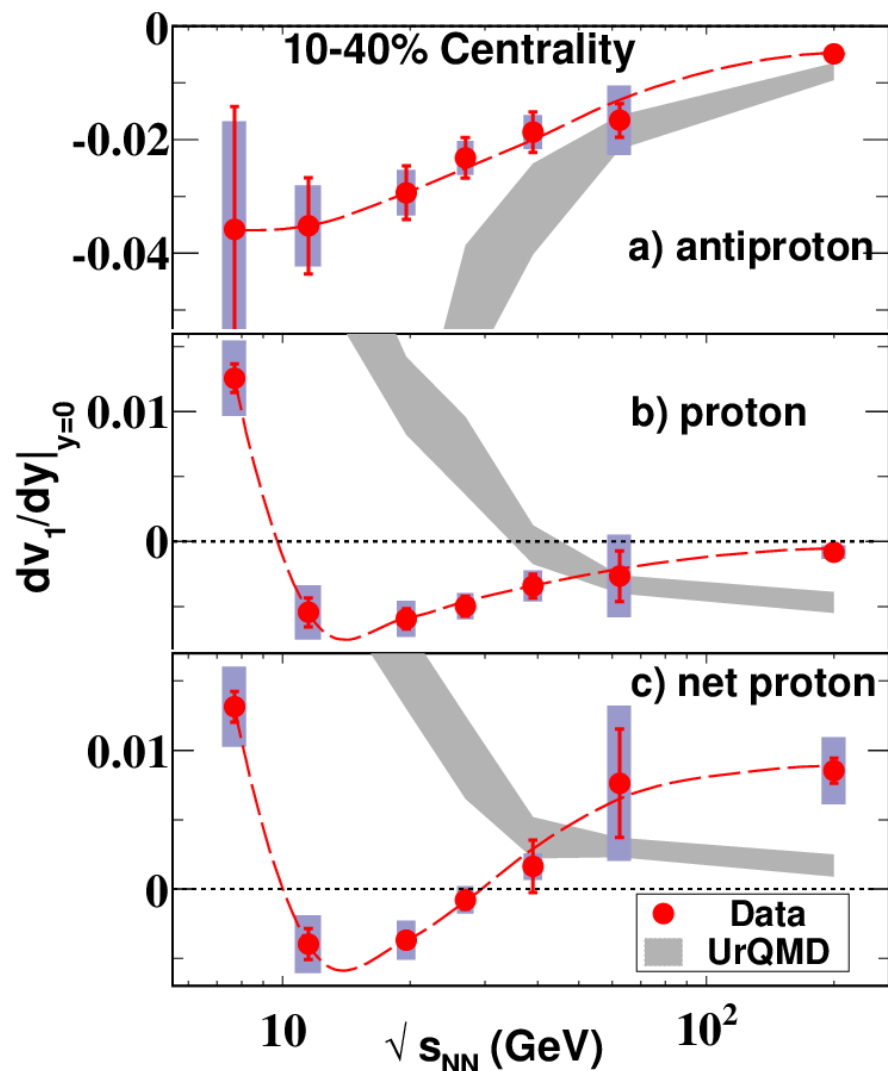
STAR: Phys. Rev. Lett. **110** (2013) 142301



- The difference between particles and anti-particles increases with decreasing beam energy – NCQ scaling breaks
- Model comparison
 - Hydro + Transport (UrQMD): consistent with baryon data
 - Nambu-Jona-Lasino (NJL) model (partonic + hadronic potential): hadron splitting consistent

J. Steinheimer, V. Koch, and M. Bleicher PRC86, 44902(2013); J. Xu, et al., PRL112, 012301(2014)

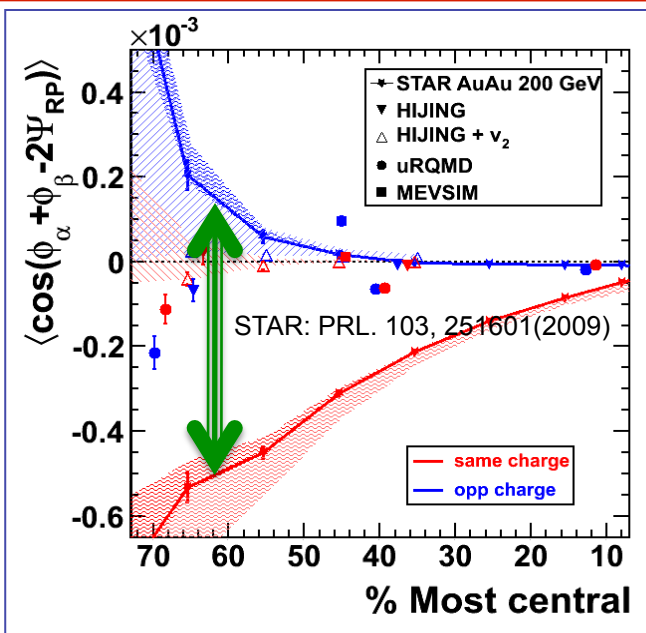
Directed Flow v_1 : Softest Point



dv_1/dy : the slope of directed flow versus rapidity near mid-rapidity

- Hydro calculation with 1st order phase transition motivates the study
- Net-proton slope changes sign twice
EOS softest point?
- UrQMD fails to reproduce the data
- BESII improvement:
Improved reaction plane determination
Systematic centrality-dependent analysis

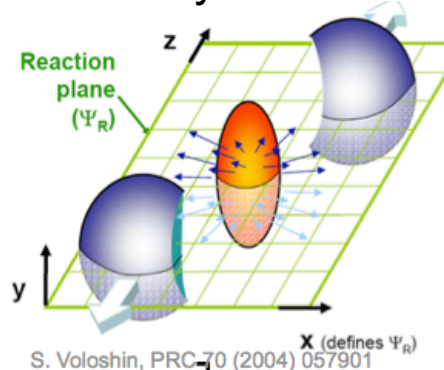
STAR: PRL112, 162301(2014)
H. Stoecker, NPA750, 121(2005)



Chiral Magnet Effect + Local Parity Violation

$$\frac{dN_{\pm}}{d\phi} \propto 1 + 2a_{\pm} \cdot \sin(\phi^{\pm} - \Psi_{RP})$$

A direct measurement of the P -odd quantity "a" should yield zero.



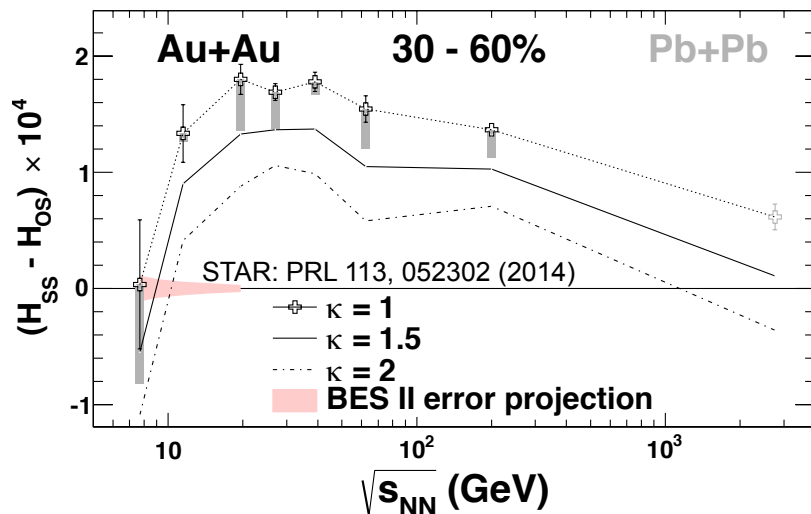
$$\gamma = \langle \cos(\phi_\alpha + \phi_\beta - \psi_{RP}) \rangle$$

$$= \left[\langle v_{1,\alpha} v_{1,\beta} \rangle + B_{in} \right] - \left[\langle a_\alpha a_\beta \rangle + B_{out} \right]$$

Non-flow/non-parity effects: largely cancel out

P -even quantity: still sensitive to charge separation

Directed flow: expected to be the same for SS and OS



➤ H : CME contributions

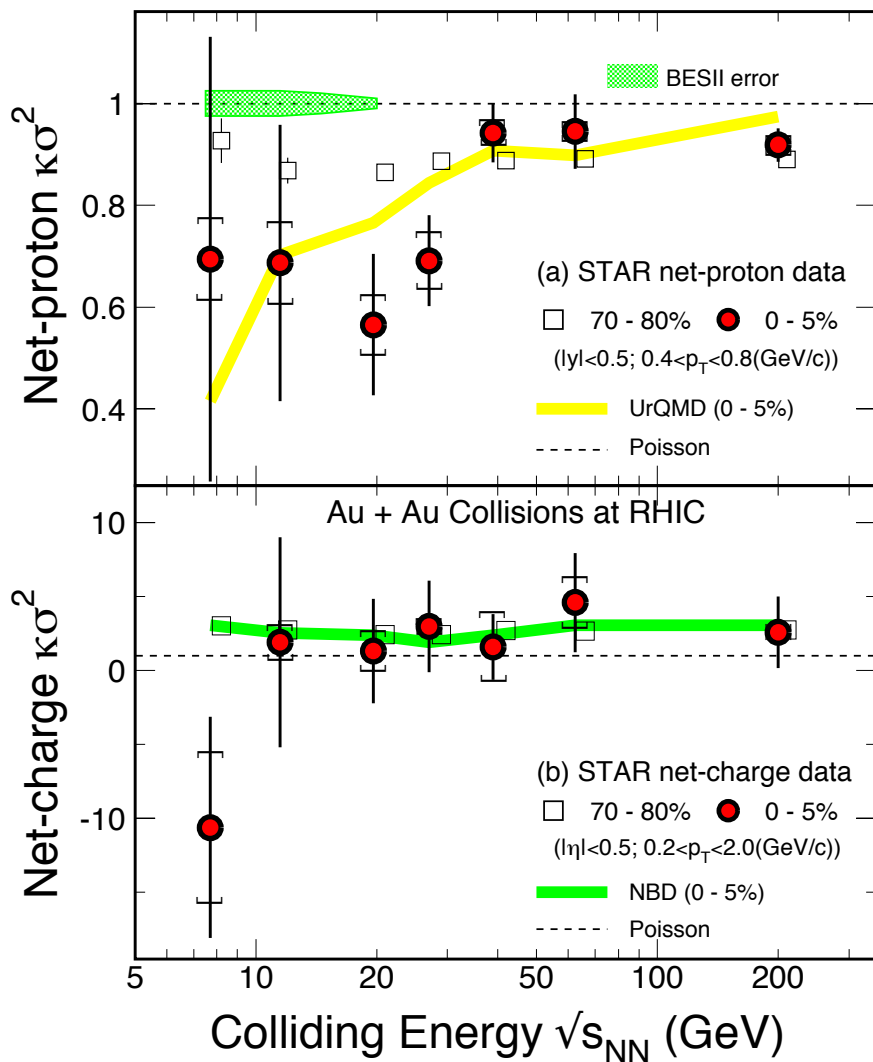
A. Bzdak et al., Lect. Notes Phys. 871, 501 (2013)

➔ Disappears at low energy

hadronic interactions become dominant at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \leq 11.5$ GeV

D. Kharzeev. PLB633, 260 (2006)

D. Kharzeev, et al. NPA803, 227(2008)



**Sensitive to critical point
 (ξ correlation length):**

$$\langle (\delta N)^2 \rangle \approx \xi^2, \langle (\delta N)^3 \rangle \approx \xi^{4.5}, \langle (\delta N)^4 \rangle \approx \xi^7$$

$$S\sigma \approx \frac{\chi_B^3}{\chi_B^2}, \kappa\sigma^2 \approx \frac{\chi_B^4}{\chi_B^2}$$

**Non-monotonic behavior would
 be indicative of existence of CP**

Net-proton results:

- Deviations below Poisson for $\kappa\sigma^2$ at all energies. Relatively larger deviation at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \sim 20 \text{ GeV}$

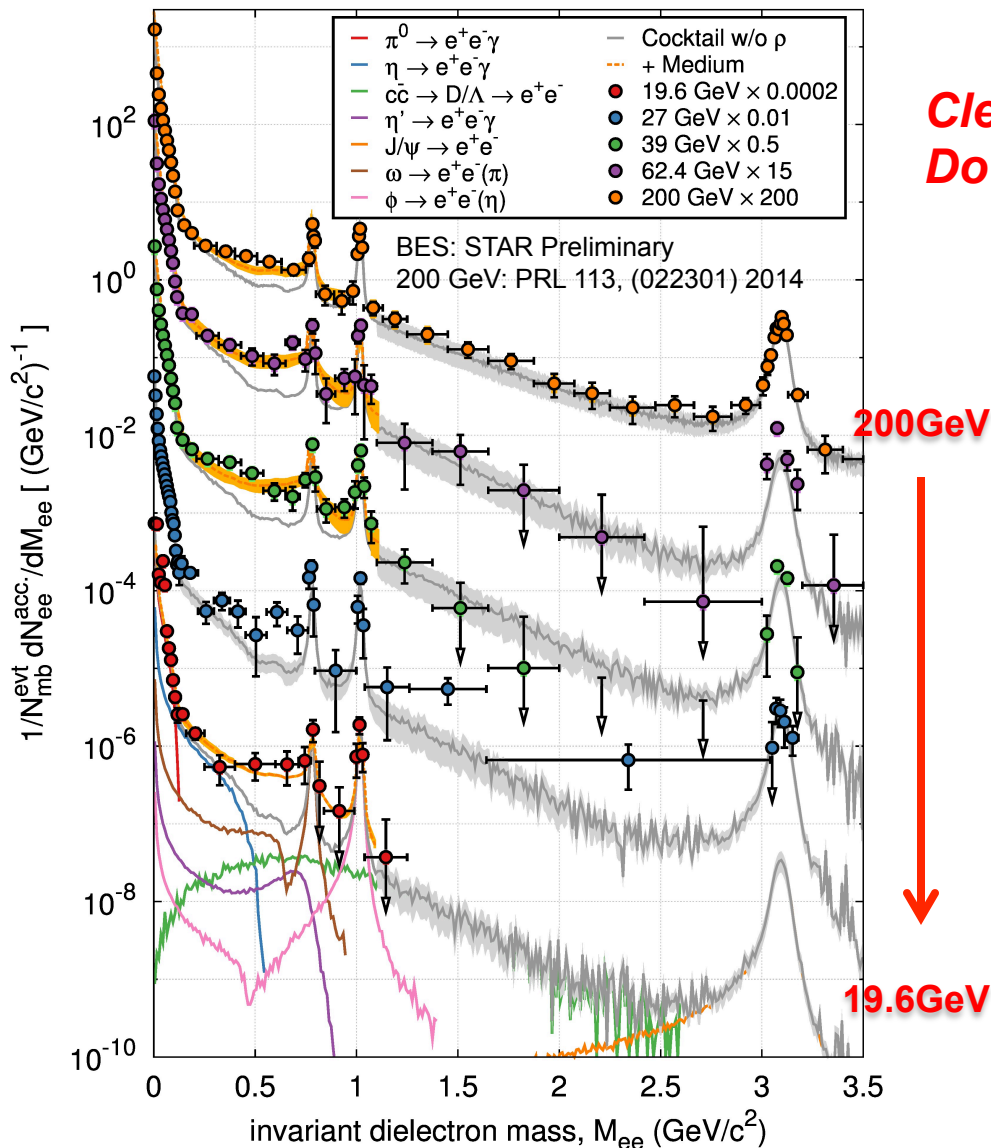
STAR: PRL112, 32302(2014)

Net-charge results:

- No non-monotonic behavior
- More affected by resonance decays

STAR: arXiv: 1402.1558

Higher statistics needed for collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} < 20 \text{ GeV}$



Clean and penetrating probe!
Do not suffer from strong interactions

➤ **$M_{ee} < 1.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$:**
Model results with in-medium broadened ρ are consistent with data.

➤ **$1.1 < M_{ee} < 3.0 \text{ GeV}/c^2$:**
QGP thermal radiation

➤ **BES-II: high statistics**

R. Rapp: PoS CPOD13, 008(2013)

➤ Top Energy Heavy Ion Collisions

- Initial Condition:

U+U collisions: IP-Glasma results match data better

- Hot and dense sQGP:

Heavy flavor hadron R_{AA} : large suppression for D mesons at high p_T

➤ RHIC Beam Energy Scan Program

$\sqrt{s_{NN}} \geq 39$ GeV: partonic interactions dominant

$\sqrt{s_{NN}} \leq 11.5$ GeV: hadronic interactions dominant

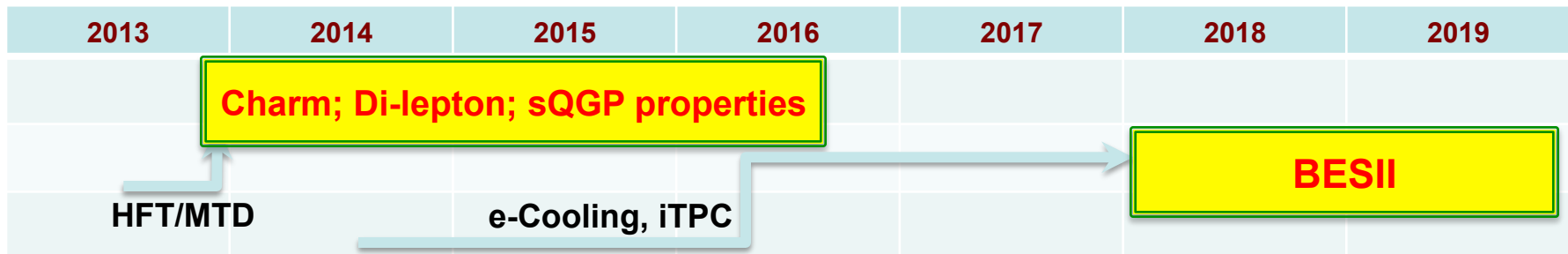
➤ Outlook

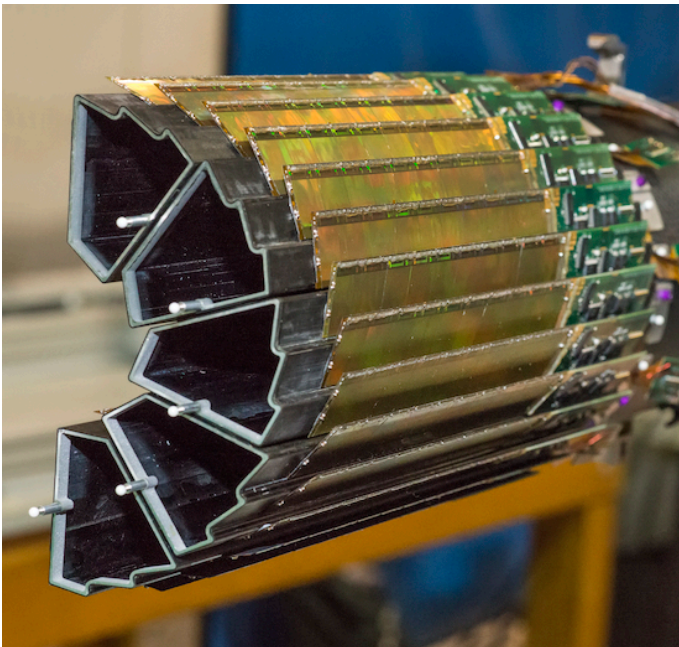
- Heavy flavor program with new upgrade

Heavy Flavor Tracker and Muon Telescope Detector

- RHIC BES-II:

Focus on $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \leq 20$ GeV region





Both Fully installed in Run14!

Heavy Flavor Tracker (HFT)

Physics goal: **Precision measurement of heavy quark hadron production in heavy ion collisions**

Collected 1.2 B Au+Au at 200 GeV events in year 2014

Spyridon Margetus: August 5 [parallel 5]

Muon Telescope Detector (MTD):

Physics goal: **Heavy Quarkonia – Upsilon states**

Took 12 nb⁻¹ Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV in year 2014 for quarkonium physics

Electron cooling + longer beam bunches for BES II factor 4-15 improvement in luminosity compared with BES I

Detector upgrade

- **Event Plane Detector**
important for flow and fluctuation analyses
- **iTPC upgrade**
increases TPC acceptance to ~ 1.7 in η ; improves dE/dx resolution

Fixed target program

extends STAR's physics reach to region of compressed baryonic matter

Grazyna Odyniec: August 4 [Plenary 5]

