

10th International Conference on Hard and Electromagnetic Probes of High-Energy
Nuclear Collisions

STAR Highlights at HP2020

Zaochen Ye (Rice University) for the STAR Collaboration



Office of Science



STAR Highlights at HP2020



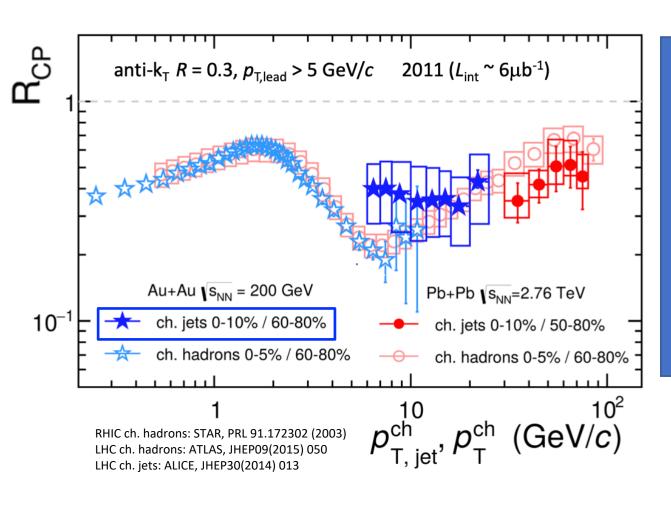
- Jet
- Heavy Flavor
- Electroweak Probe
- Beyond BES-II

Selected results out of 15 Parallel Talks + 4 Posters

Jet Suppression: Inclusive Charged Jet



R. Licenik, 1 June, 12:20, A1

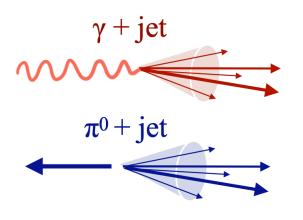


First inclusive charged jet R_{CP} and R_{AA} at RHIC:

- Significant suppression in central collisions
 w.r.t peripheral collisions
- Suppression level is similar as inclusive hadrons (RHIC & LHC) and jets (LHC), with a possibly different p_T-dependence

Jet Suppression: γ^{dir} +jet and π^0 +jet

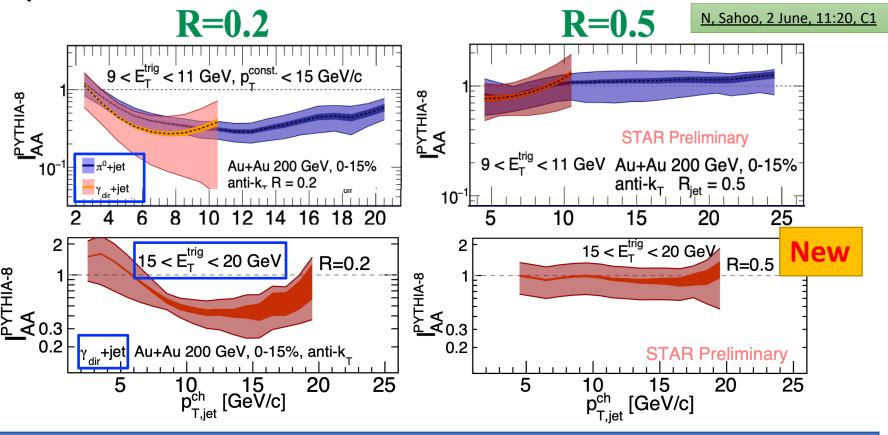




Vary:

- quark vs. gluon of recoil jets
- <path length>

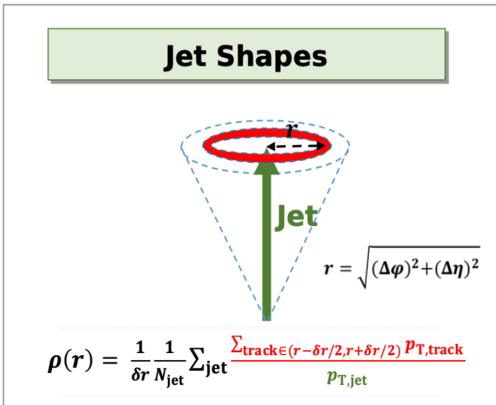
$$I_{AA}(p_{T,jet}^{ch}) = \frac{Y(p_{T,jet}^{ch})^{Au+Au}}{Y(p_{T,jet}^{ch})^{p+p}}$$



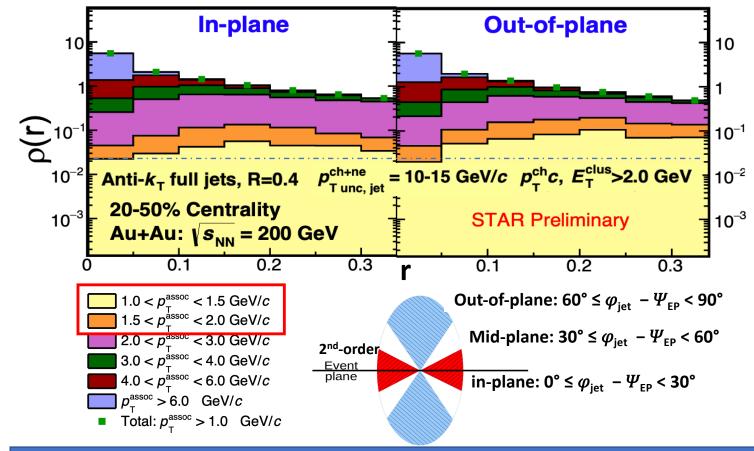
First γ^{dir} +jet and π^0 +jet in Au+Au at RHIC:

- $\gamma^{\rm dir}$ +jet and π^0 +jet show similar level of suppression, no significant trigger E_T dependence
- R dependence of suppression sensitive to reference used (PYTHIA 6 STAR tune vs. PYTHIA8);
 will be resolved with p+p measurements





 Provides information about the radial distribution of momentum carried by the jet constituents (fragments)

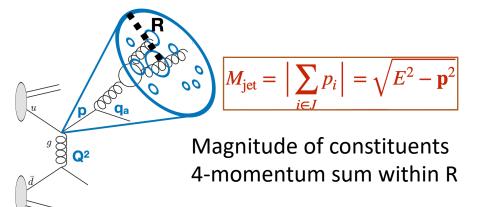


First full-jet (charged+neutral) shapes in Au+Au at RHIC:

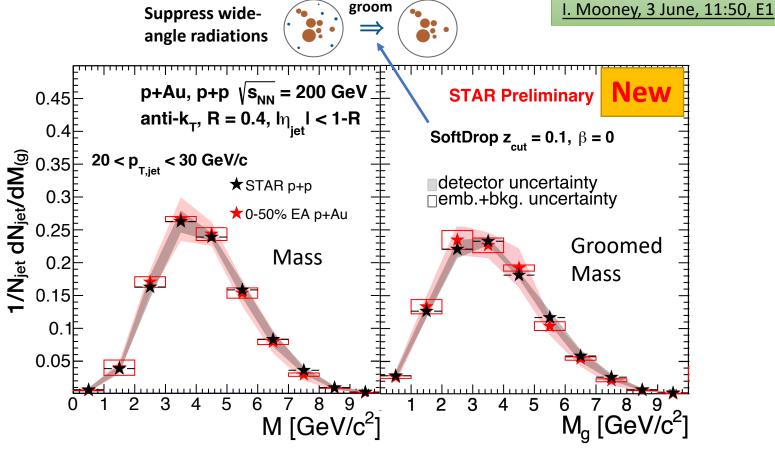
- Low- p_T particles have larger yields, and are pushed toward larger ${\it r}$ in the out-of-plane direction
 - → Hint of path-length dependent jet quenching

Jet (groomed) Mass in p+p and p+Au





- Jet mass is sensitive to how parton loses energy in medium
- Jets with different masses resolve medium at different scales

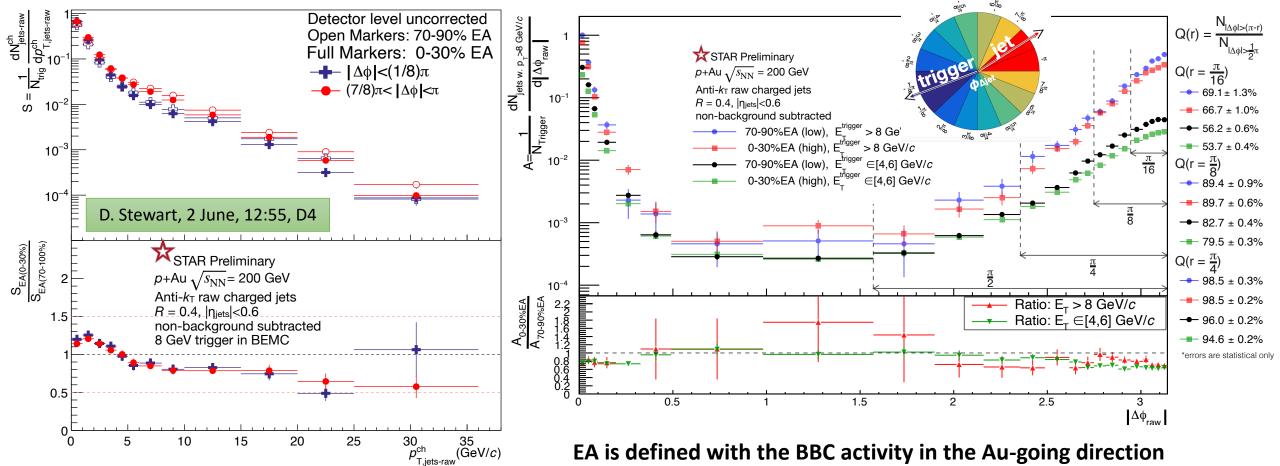


First inclusive jet (groomed) mass measurements in p+p and p+Au at RHIC:

- High event activity p+Au consistent with p+p, suggesting p+p-like fragmentation
- No significant modification on jet mass due to the CNM effects

Event Activity Dependent Jet Study in p+Au



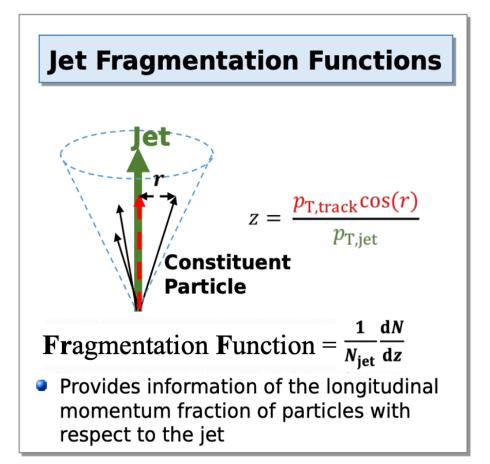


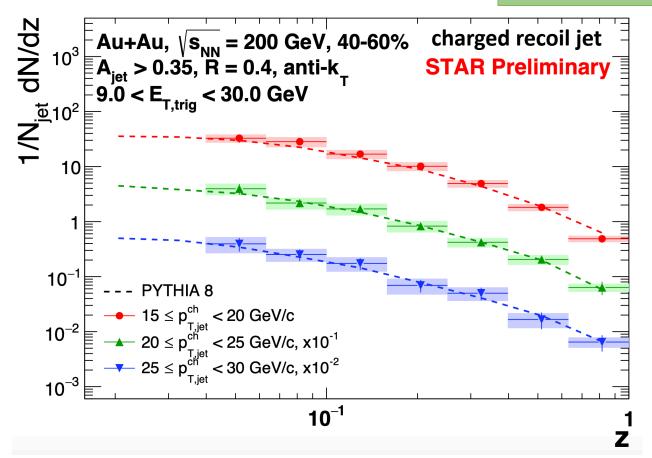
- High-EA vs, low-ξΑ: spectra clearly suppressed, but acoplanarity minimally modified
- Consistent with phase-specific Correlation; qualitatively reproduced by PYTHIA (details in Dave's talk)

Jet Fragmentation Function in Au+Au



J. Mazer, 4 June, 13:50, H1





Semi-inclusive jet fragmentation functions in 15 <= $p_{T,iet}^{ch}$ < 30 GeV/c:

• Unfolded results (40-60%) are comparable to PYTHIA8 predictions

<u>J/ψ Production in Jet in p+p</u>

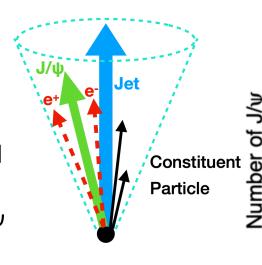


Q. Yang, 2 June, 12:55, D2

J/ψ as a probe of QGP, its production mechanism is still unclear

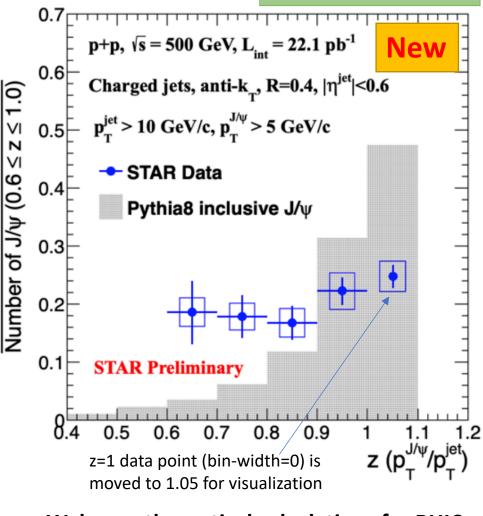
- The non-pQCD transition $(c\overline{c} \rightarrow J/\psi)$ can be characterized through the universal NRQCD long-distance matrix elements (LDMEs)
- Calculations with different LMDEs could well describe the inclusive J/ψ p_T spectrum, but give significantly different predictions on J/ψ distribution inside jets

Zhong-Bo, Kang et.al, PRL 119, 032001(2017)



First J/ψ -jet fragmentation function at RHIC:

 Data indicate different trend and less isolated production than PYTHIA8



Welcome theoretical calculations for RHIC

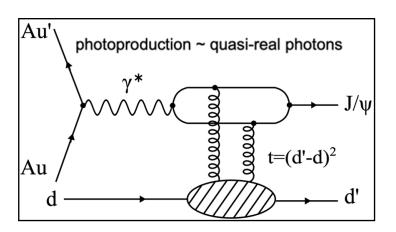
Photoproduction of J/ψ in d+Au UPC



Z. Tu, 1 June, 11:20, A4

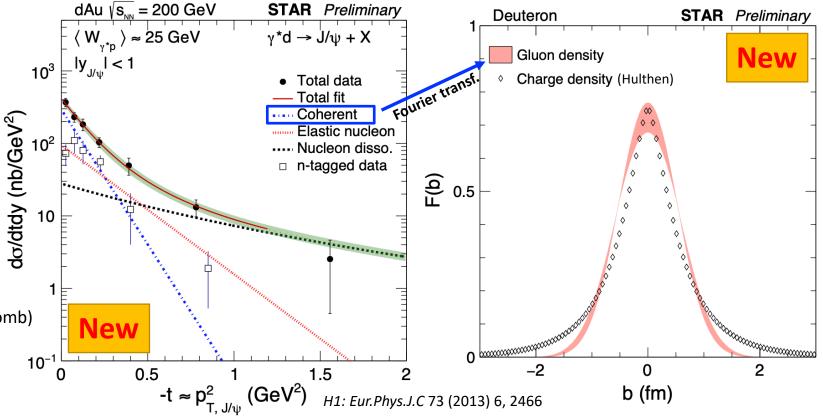
Photoproduction of J/ψ is a good tool to study the gluon density distributions

inside nucleons and nucleus





- X = d' (coherent) or $d' \rightarrow p' + n'$ (coherent + coulomb)
- X = p'+n' (elastic nucleon)
- X = p'+X or n'+X (nucleon dissoc.)



First coherent J/ψ photoproduction off deuteron:

- Cross sections of different physics processes are extracted
- Hint: gluon distribution is different to the charge distribution

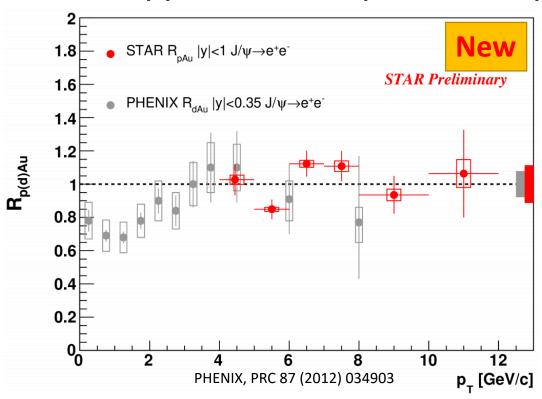
J/ψ Suppression in p+Au w.r.t. p+p

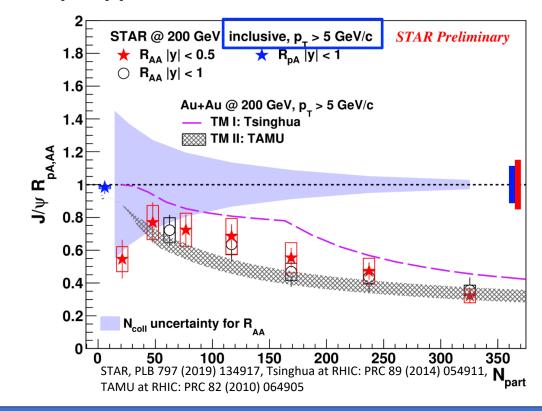


ZY Zhang, 1 June, 12:20, A3

11

CNM effects on J/ ψ production are important to interpret J/ ψ suppression in AA



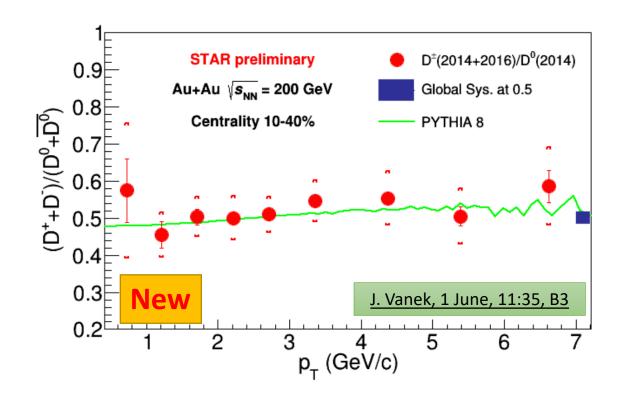


The new J/ψ R_{pA} measurements:

- Consistent with unity, suggesting no suppression at high p_T due to the CNM effects
- Suppression of high $p_T J/\psi$ in Au+Au are dominantly due to the hot medium effect

D^{\pm} and D_s^{\pm} vs D^0 in Au+Au

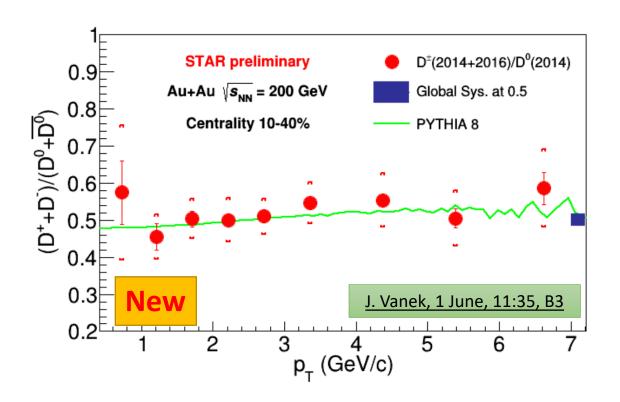




D[±] show similar level of suppression as D⁰, as expected

$\operatorname{\mathsf{D}}^\pm$ and $\operatorname{\mathsf{D}}^\pm_{\operatorname{\mathsf{s}}}$ vs $\operatorname{\mathsf{D}}^0$ in Au+Au



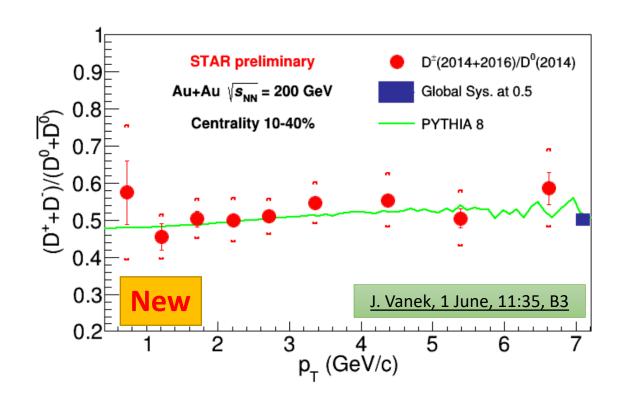


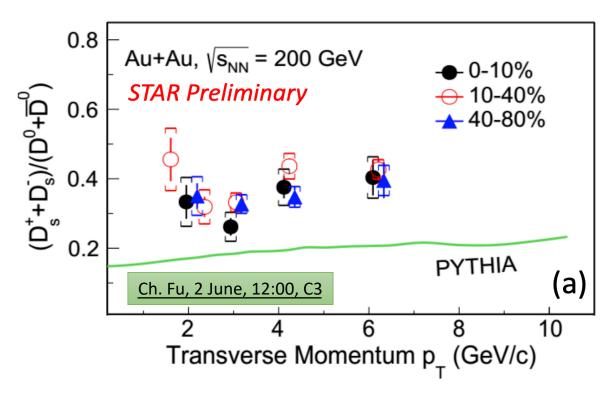
 Will the enhanced strangeness production observed in A-A collisions be reflected in D_s production?

D[±] show similar level of suppression as D⁰, as expected

D^{\pm} and $\mathsf{D}^{\pm}_{\mathsf{S}}$ vs D^0 in Au+Au





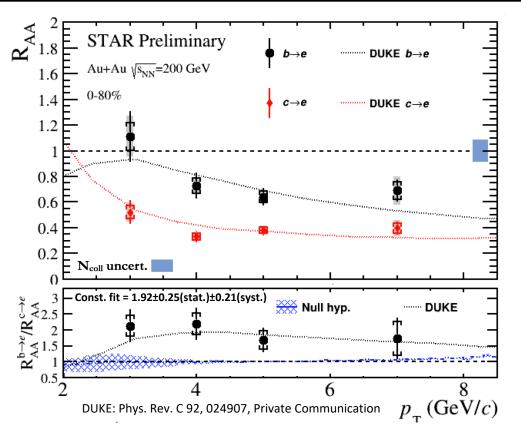


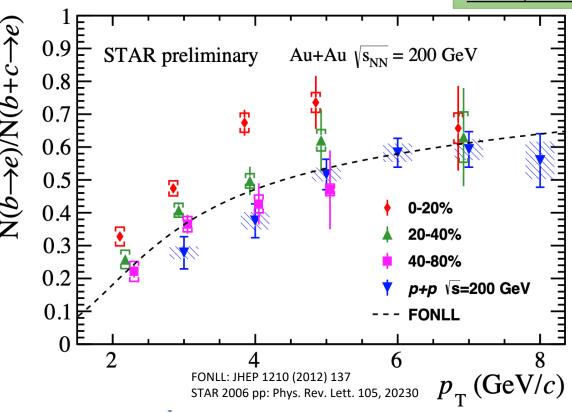
- D[±] show similar level of suppression as D⁰, as expected
- $(D_s^+ + D_s^-)/(D^0 + \overline{D}^0)$: larger than the PYTHIA calculation (1.5~2 times), consistent with the expectation of coalescence hadronization of c with enhanced s quarks

$c \rightarrow$ e and $b \rightarrow$ e with Heavy Flavor Tracker



YJ Zhou, 4 June, 11:35, G3





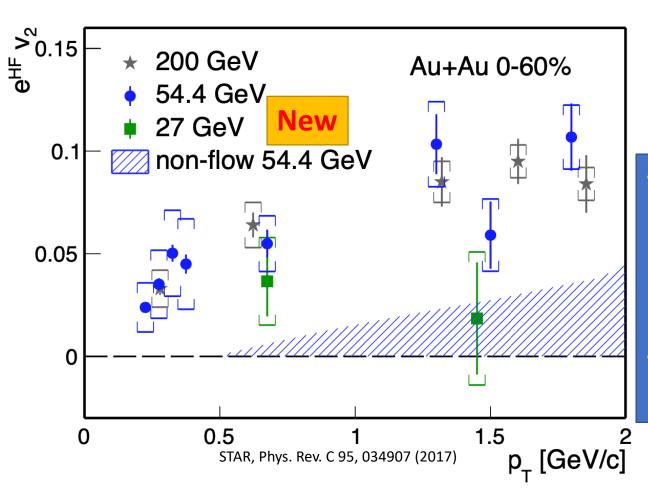
- $R_{AA}(b \rightarrow e) > R_{AA}(c \rightarrow e)$ (>3 σ): bottom is less suppressed than charm
- Bottom fraction significantly enhanced in central collisions, approach p+p data towards peripheral
- Consistent with $\Delta E(b) < \Delta E(c)$ in the QGP

$HF(c+b) \rightarrow e v_2 at Lower Energies$



YJ Ji, 4 June, 11:15, G3

Do heavy flavor quarks show similar collectivity at lower energies?



Large datasets $\sim 10x$ BES-I allow measuring HF decayed electron v_2 at lower energies

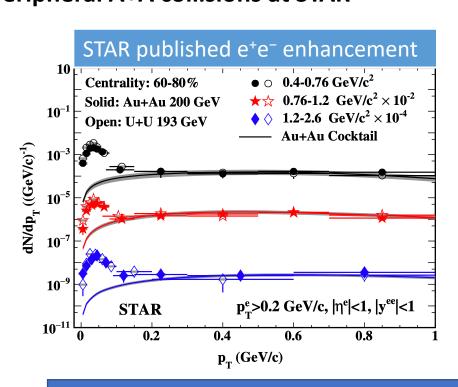
- e^{HF} in 54.4 GeV: non-zero v₂, comparable to e^{HF} at 200 GeV as well as light hadrons at 54.4 GeV
 - Indication of strong charm-medium interactions at 54.4 GeV
- e^{HF} in 27 GeV: hint of a smaller v₂ than 54.4 and 200 GeV

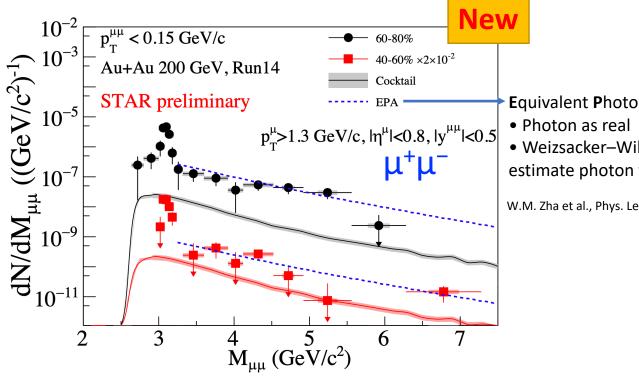
μ⁺μ⁻ pairs Enhancement in Peripheral Au+Au



Significant enhancement of the very low- $p_T J/\psi$ and low mass e^+e^- pairs observed in

peripheral A+A collisions at STAR STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 123 (2019)132302, STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 121 (2018) 132301





Equivalent Photon Approximation

 Weizsacker–Williams method to estimate photon flux

W.M. Zha et al., Phys. Lett. B 800 (2020) 135089

First dimuon enhancement from STAR:

- Similar as in previous dielectron measurements at M_{ee} <3.2 GeV/c², extend to the higher mass region
- Consistent with EPA model calculations

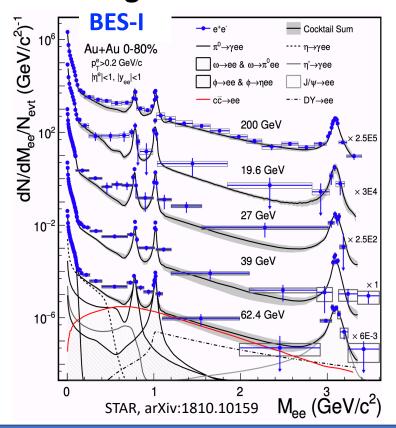
Dielectron Production in Au+Au

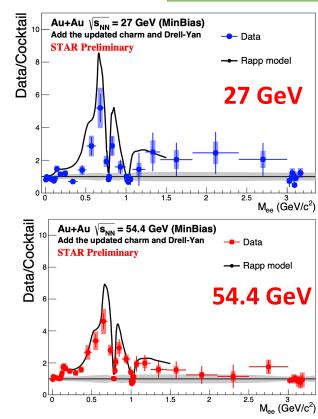


Excellent penetrating probe, created throughout evolution of medium

Z. Wang, 2 June, 11:40, C2

- LMR (M_{ee} < M_{ϕ}): in-medium modifications linked to the chiral symmetry restoration
- IMR ($M_{\phi} < M_{ee} < M_{J/\psi}$): excess from thermal radiation $\xrightarrow{}$ medium temperature





New 54.4 GeV and improved 27 GeV (~x10 BES-I):

- Consistent with published data with greatly improved data precision
- Hint of more enhancement at IMR in 27 GeV than 54 GeV → lower energy 7.7-19.6 GeV (BES-II) could further explore



 \Box The forward (2.5 < η < 4) upgrade includes Trackers (silicon microstrip tracker & small-strip

Thin Gap Chamber) and Calorimeters (ECAL & HCAL) dedicated to study nuclear structure,

QGP (details will be in Daniel's talk).

Forward-rapidity 2.5 < h < 4.0

A+A

Beam:

Full Energy AuAu

Physics Topics:

- Temperature dependence of viscosity through flow harmonics up to h~4
- Longitudinal decorrelation up to h~4
- Global Lambda Polarization
- strong rapidity dependence predicted

p+p & p+A

Beam:

500 GeV: p+p

200 GeV: p+p and p+A

Physics Topics:

- TMD measurements at high x transversity → tensor charge
- Improve statistical precision for Sivers through DY
- Dg(x,Q²) at low x through Di-jets
- Gluon PDFs for nuclei
- R_{DA} for direct photons & DY
- Test of Saturation predictions through di-hadrons, g-Jets

Observables:

- Inclusive jets and di-jets
- Hadrons in jets
- Direct photons
- Drell-Yan e+e-
- Lambda's
- Mid-forward & forward-forward
- rapidity correlations

Requirements:

- Good e/h separation
- Hadrons, photons, π^0 identification

2021/22: 500 GeV polarized pp run

Additional pp, pA, and AA data taking in parallel to the sPHENIX campaign

Summary: Enjoy All STAR Talks and Posters !!!



Initial State

- 234. Dependence of jet and high- p_T charged particle production on event activity at high rapidity in sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV p+Au collisions
- 315. Photoproduction of J/psi -mesons off deuteron in d+Au Ultra-Peripheral Collisions using the STAR detector

Jets and High Momentum Hadrons

- 235. Jet substructure in p+p and p+Au collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV at STAR
- 236. Evolution of jet shapes and fragmentation functions in Au+Au collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV with the STAR experiment at RHIC
- 237. Measurement of fully-reconstructed inclusive jet production in Au+Au collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV by the STAR experiment
- 238. γ +jet and π^0 +jet Measurements in Au+Au Collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV with the STAR Experiment
- 247. Measuring the groomed shared momentum fraction (z_g) in Au+Au collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV at STAR
- 248. Measurement of semi-inclusive jet fragmentation functions in Au+Au collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV in STAR
- 249. Jet and Di-jet Underlying Event in p+Au collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV at STAR
- 253. Transverse Momentum Imbalance for Jets Recoiling from Direct-photon and π^0 Triggers in Au+Au Collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV

Heavy Flavor and Quarkonia

- 223. Elliptic flow of electrons from heavy-flavor decays in 54.4 and 27 GeV Au+Au collisions from the STAR experiment at RHIC
- 225. Measurements of electron production from heavy flavor decays in p+p and Au+Au collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV at STAR
- 227. Measurement of D[±] meson production in Au+Au collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV with the STAR experiment
- 229. Production of D_s^{\pm} mesons in Au+Au collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV by STAR
- 232. J/psi production in jets in p+p collisions at sqrt(s) = 500 GeV by STAR
- 233. Cold Nuclear Matter Effects on J/psi and Upsilon Productions at RHIC with the STAR Experiment

Electroweak Probes

- 240. Measurements of dielectron production in Au+Au collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 27 and 54.4 GeV with the STAR experiment
- 245. Low-p_T μ^+ μ^- pair production in Au+Au collisions at sqrt(sNN) = 200 GeV at STAR

New Experimental Developments

288. The Forward Rapidity Upgrade for the STAR Detector

<u>The STAR Collaboration: https://drupal.star.bnl.gov/STAR/presentations/</u>

Click for contributions

David Stewart, 2 June, 12:55, D4 Zhoudunming Tu, 1 June, 11:20, A4

 Isaac Mooney,
 3 June, 11:50, E1

 Joel Mazer,
 4 June, 13:50, H1

 Robert Licenik,
 1 June, 11:20, A1

 Nihar Sahoo,
 2 June, 11:20, C1

Daniel Nemes

Saehanseul Oh

Veronica Verkest

Annika Ewigleben

 Yuanjing Ji,
 4 June, 11:15, G3

 Yingjie Zhou,
 4 June, 11:35, G3

 Jan Vanek,
 1 June, 11:35, B3

 Chuan Fu,
 2 June, 12:00, C3

 Qian Yang,
 2 June, 12:55, D2

 Zivue Zhang,
 1 June, 12:20, A3

<u>Zhen Wang</u>, 2 June, 11:40, C2 Zhen Liu, 2 June, 11:00, C2

D. Brandenburg, 4 June, 11:55, G4



STAR is composed of 68 institutions from 14 countries and region, with a total of 722 collaborators

STAR Collaboration Acknowledgements

We thank the RHIC Operations Group and RCF at BNL, the NERSC Center at LBNL, and the Open Science Grid consortium for providing resources and support. This work was supported in part by the Office of Nuclear Physics within the U.S. DOE Office of Science, the U.S. National Science Foundation, the Ministry of Education and Science of the Russian Federation, National Natural Science Foundation of China, Chinese Academy of Science, the Ministry of Science and Technology of China and the Chinese Ministry of Education, the National Research Foundation of Korea, Czech Science Foundation and Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports of the Czech Republic, Hungarian National Research, Development and Innovation Office, New National Excellency Programme of the Hungarian Ministry of Human Capacities, Department of Atomic Energy and Department of Science and Technology of the Government of India, the National Science Centre of Poland, the Ministry of Science, Education and Sports of the Republic of Croatia, RosAtom of Russia and German Bundesministerium fur Bildung, Wissenschaft, Forschung and Technologie (BMBF) and the Helmholtz Association.

STAR official webpage: https://www.star.bnl.gov/

STAR Beyond BES-II



☐ Detectors from BES-II upgrade (iTPC and EPD) will keep going

The forward (2.5 $< \eta < 4$) upgrade includes Trackers (silicon microstrip tracker & small-strip

Thin Gap Chamber) and Calorimeters (ECAL & HCAL) dedicated to study nuclear

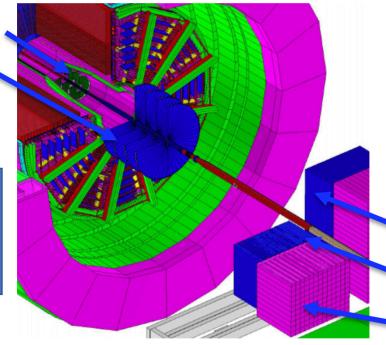
structure, QGP.

Forward Tracker

☐ 3 silicon disks

4 sTGC layers

Preparing for data-taking from **2021+**



Detector	pp and pA	AA
ECAL	~10%/vE	~20%/vE
HCAL	~60%/√E	
Tracking	Charge separation Photon suppression	0.2 < p _T < 2 GeV/c with 20 – 30% 1/p _T

Forward Calorimeters

- ☐ Pre/post-shower: scintillator
- \blacksquare ECAL: PbSc towers (18 X_0)
- \blacksquare HCAL: FeSc plates (4.5 λ)