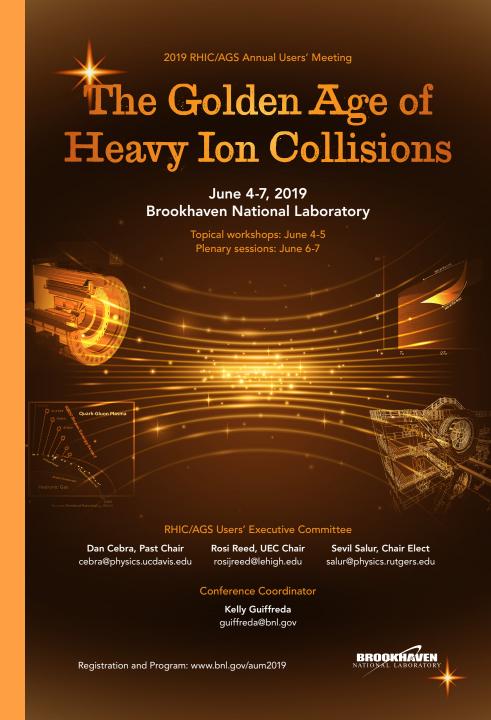
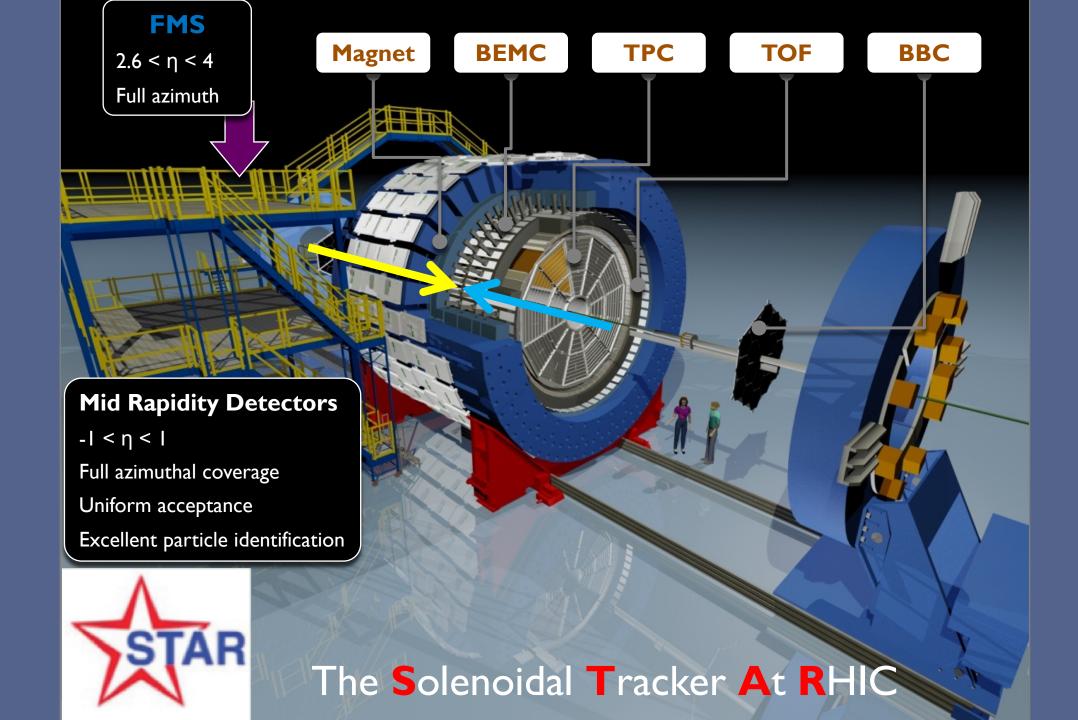
TRANSVERSE SPIN RESULTS FROM STAR

Renee Fatemi
For the STAR Collaboration



University of Kentucky





SPIN - MOMENTUM



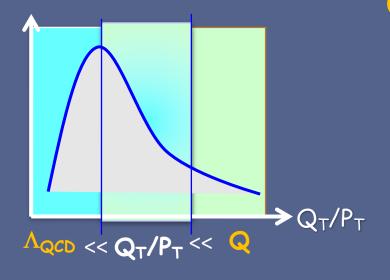
Sivers TMD and Twist-3 Correlators

- $W^{+/-}$ & ZA_N
- Drell-Yan
- Direct Photon
- Inclusive Jet

TMD

Requires two scales: Hard scale Q^2 Soft scale : p_T

Appropriate for SIDIS, DY, W^{+/-} & Z, hadrons in jets

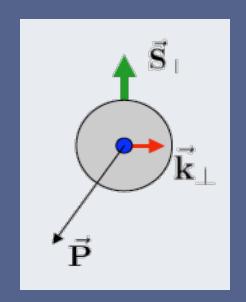


Collinear Twist-3

Single hard scale: p_T

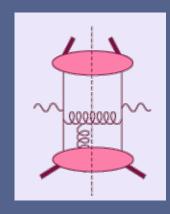
Appropriate for inclusive Π^0 , jet, γ

Sensitive to <k_T>



ETQS correlators connected to TMD_s via:

$$-\int d^2k_{\perp} \frac{|k_{\perp}|^2}{M} f_{1T}^{\perp q}(x, k_{\perp}^2)|_{SIDIS} = T_{q,F}(x, x)$$



Efremov, Teryaev; Qiu, Sterman

SPIN - MOMENTUM



SPIN - SPIN



Sivers TMD and Twist-3 Correlators

- $W^{+/-}$ & ZA_N
- Drell-Yan
- Direct Photon
- Inclusive Jet

Collinear/TMD Transversity & Fragmentation Function

- Lambda D_{TT}
- Interference Fragmentation Function
- Hadrons in Jets

SPIN - MOMENTUM



SPIN – SPIN



Sivers TMD and Twist-3 Correlators

- $-W^{+/-}$ & ZA_N
- Drell-Yan
- Direct Photon
- Inclusive Jet

Collinear/TMD Transversity \otimes Fragmentation Function

- Lambda D_{TT}
- Interference Fragmentation Function
- Hadrons in Jets

Gluon Linear Polarization

- Hadrons in Jets

SPIN - MOMENTUM



Sivers TMD and Twist-3 Correlators

- $W^{+/-}$ & ZA_N
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- Direct Photon
- Inclusive Jet

SPIN - SPIN



Collinear/TMD Transversity & Fragmentation Function

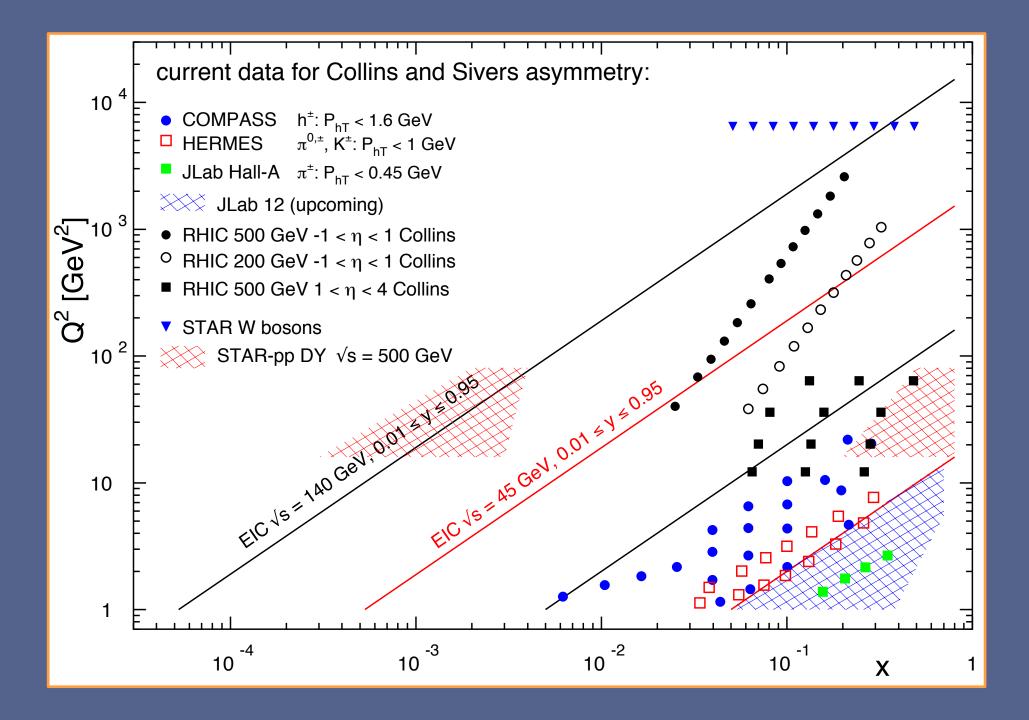
- Lambda D_{TT}
- Interference Fragmentation Function
- Hadrons in Jets

Gluon Linear Polarization

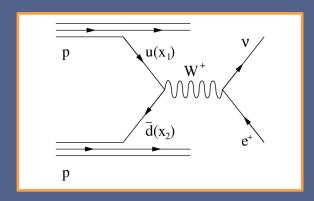
- Hadrons in Jets

Origin of FORWARD SSA

$$- p^{\uparrow} + p \rightarrow p + \pi^0 + X$$



$$W^{+/-} + Z^0 A_N$$



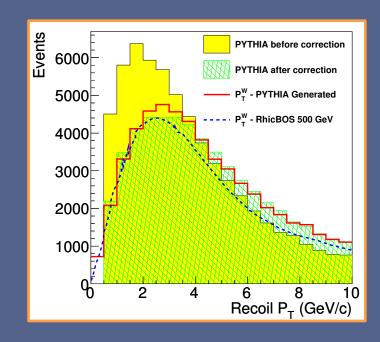
Single Spin Asymmetry of W/Z production in transversely polarized p+p:

- Sensitive to the q/qbar Sivers' functions
- Hard scale set by $M_{W/Z}$ Soft scale set by $P_T^{W/Z}$
- Maximal signal in full reconstruction of W/Z

• Reconstruction relies on measurement of the hadronic recoil:

$$\vec{P}_T^W = \vec{P}_T^e + \vec{P}_T^V = -\vec{P}_T^{recoil}$$

- Uncorrected P_T^{recoil} is sum over towers and tracks excluding e^{+/-} of W/Z candidate
- PYTHIA embedded into data used to correct for efficiency and fiducial losses.
- Method used at LHC and Fermilab and now at STAR!

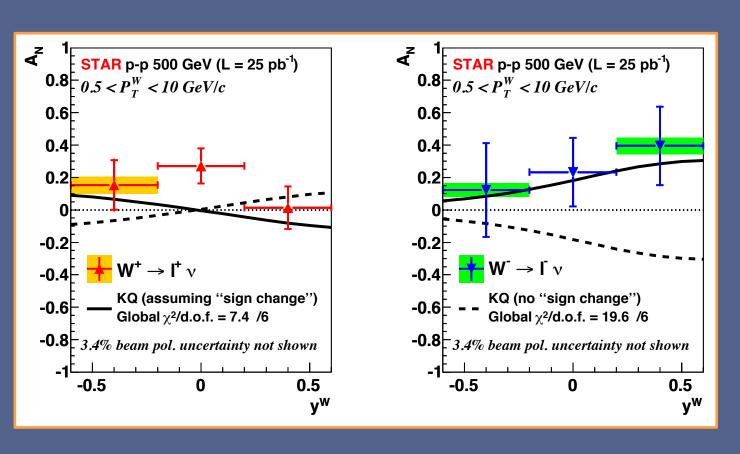


$W^{+/-}$ A_N FROM 25PB⁻¹ IN 2011

Theoretical curves include no evolution effects. Z.-B. Kang and J.-W. Qiu, Phys. Rev. Lett. 103, 172001.

Data favor Sivers Function sign change.

TMD evolution has nonperturbative component that must be measured!



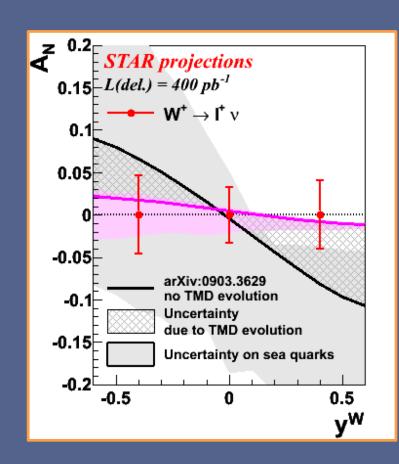
Phys. Rev. Lett. **I16** (2016) 132301

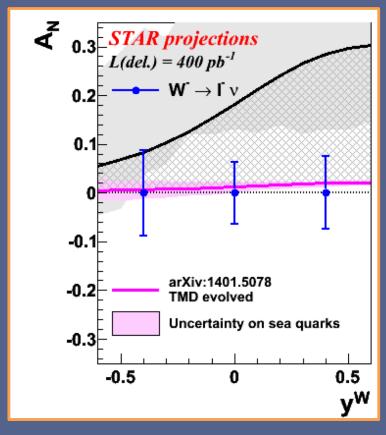
W^{+/-} A_N FROM 400 PB⁻¹ IN 2017

Data will provide:

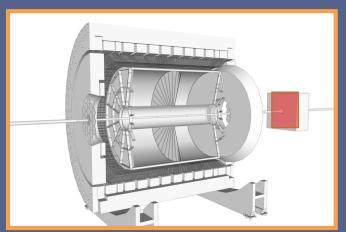
- I. Rigorous test of Sivers sign-change.
- 2. Constraints on sea quark Sivers function
- 3. Experimental input into TMD evolution

Analysis ongoing – will be released when EMC calibration is finalized.





DRELL-YAN AN FROM 400 PB-1 IN 2017



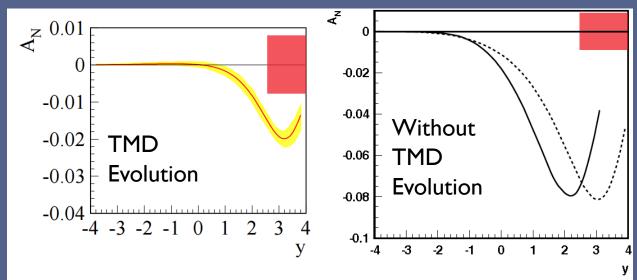
+

FMS post-shower detector added for 2017 run.

Combining with pre-shower allows factor of 10⁶ suppression in ratio of QCD background to signal!

DY e+e- in $2.5 < \eta < 4.0$ $4.0 \text{ GeV} < M_{e+e-} < 9.0 \text{ GeV}$

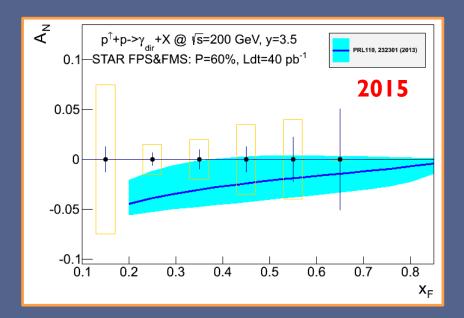
Note: The orange square is the statistical uncertainty achievable with 400 pb⁻¹.

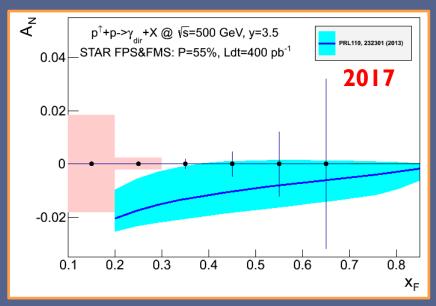


Phys.Rev.D 89, 074013 (2014)

DIRECT-Y AN

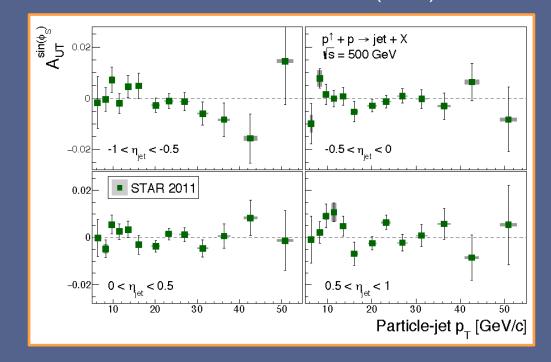
- Sensitive to Sivers twist-3 correlators and sign change within twist-3 framework.
- Constrains Sivers TMD functions via ETQS Equation.
- Comparison of 200 and 500 GeV data will provide information on $T_{q,F}(x_1,x_2)$ evolution.
- Blue curves are theoretical predictions based on fits to existing SIDIS data.
- Complementary to W^{+/-} & ZA_N





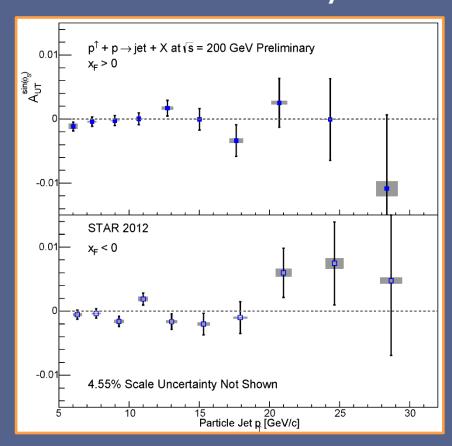
GLUON TWIST-3 CORRELATORS: INCLUSIVE JET AN

500 GeV: PRD 97, 032004 (2018)

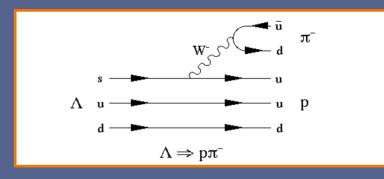


Sensitive to the gluon Sivers function via the Twist-3 relationship

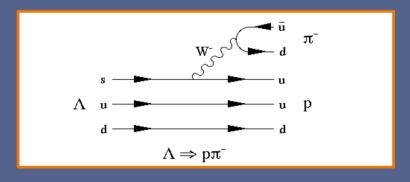
200 GeV: Preliminary



$$D_{TT} = \frac{d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\uparrow X} - d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\downarrow X}}{d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\uparrow X} + d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\downarrow X}}$$

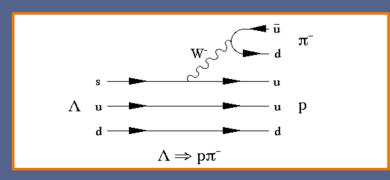


$$D_{TT} = \frac{d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\uparrow X} - d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\downarrow X}}{d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\uparrow X} + d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\downarrow X}}$$



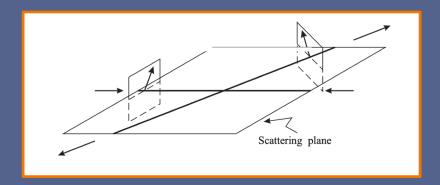
TRANSVESE SPIN TRANSFER D_{TT} AT RHIC

$$D_{TT} = \frac{d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\uparrow X} - d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\downarrow X}}{d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\uparrow X} + d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\downarrow X}}$$



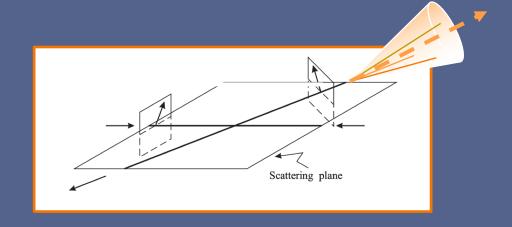
Proton momentum prefers direction of A polarization.

$$D_{TT} = \frac{d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\uparrow X} - d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\downarrow X}}{d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\uparrow X} + d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\downarrow X}}$$



Experimentally θ^* is determined from transverse spin orientation of the outgoing fragmenting parton.

$$D_{TT} = \frac{d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\uparrow X} - d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\downarrow X}}{d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\uparrow X} + d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\downarrow X}}$$

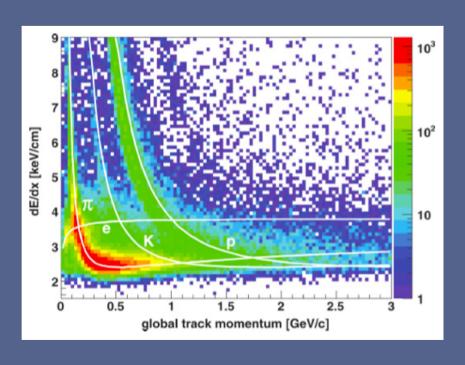


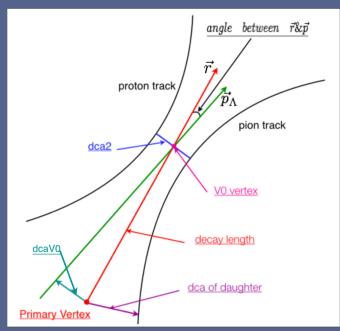
Experimentally θ^* is determined from transverse spin orientation of the outgoing fragmenting parton. Jet associated with Λ used as parton proxy.

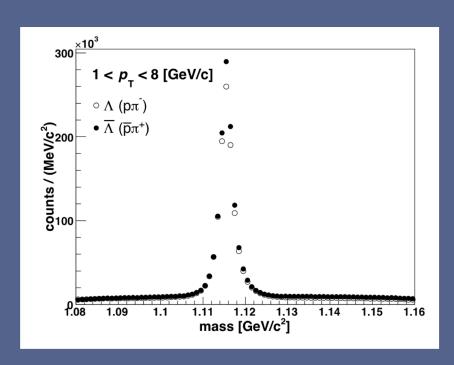
$$D_{TT} = \frac{d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\uparrow X} - d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\downarrow X}}{d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\uparrow X} + d\sigma^{p\uparrow p \to \Lambda\downarrow X}} = \frac{d\Delta_{T}\sigma}{d\sigma}$$

If the Λ spin direction is highly correlated with the strange constituent quark spin orientation, $|\Lambda\rangle = (ud)_{00} s^{\uparrow}$, then D_{TT} is sensitive to both the strange transversity PDF and the transversely polarized Λ FF.

LAMBDA RECONSTRUCTION



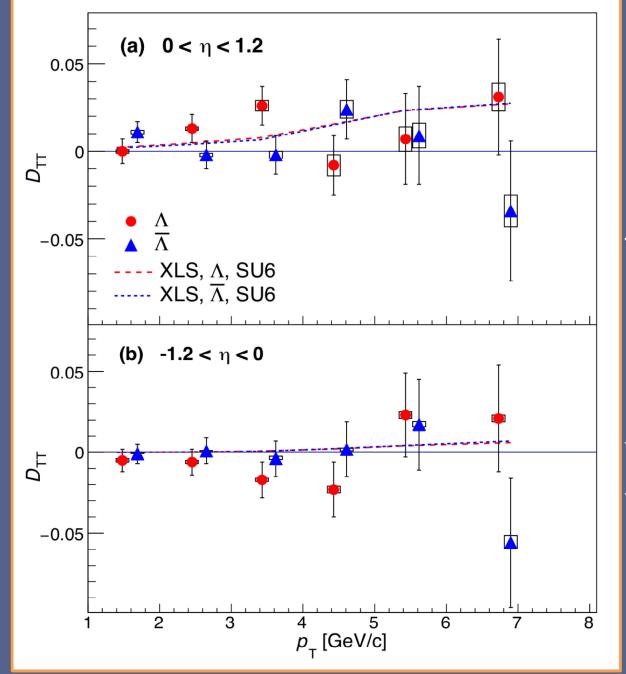




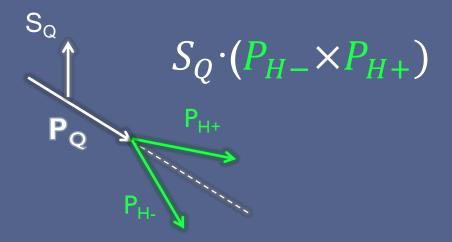
- TPC dE/dx and topological cuts are used to reconstruct decay proton and pion.
- Require Lambda to be associated with a jet reconstructed using the anti- k_T method with R = 0.6.

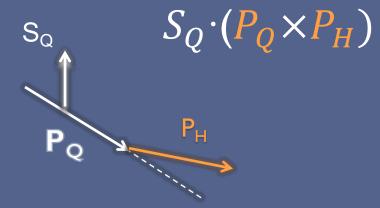
LAMBDA D_{TT}

- First extraction of D_{TT} from 18 pb⁻¹ in $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV p+p collisions.
- Lambda asymmetries are consistent with model predictions by Xu, Liang and Sichtermann, PRD 73 (2006) 077503
- Lambda asymmetries are also consistent with zero.



TRANSVERSITY





Interference Fragmentation Functions

Correlation between spin of transversely polarized quark and momentum cross-product of dihadron pair.

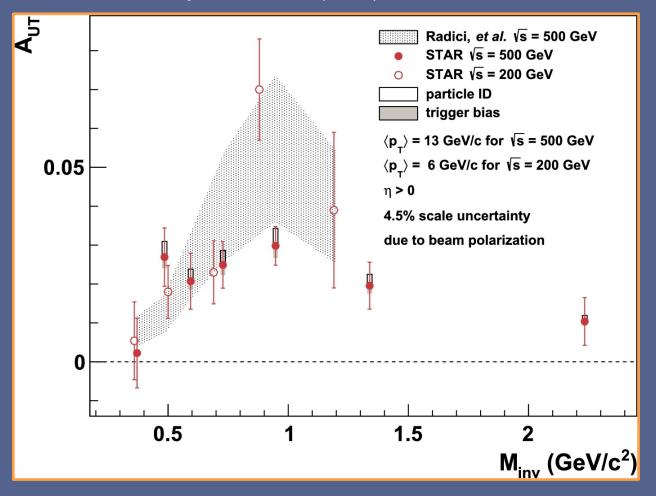
Collins Fragmentation Functions

Correlation between spin of transversely polarized quark and transverse momentum kick given to fragmentation hadron.

TRANSVERSITY \otimes IFF

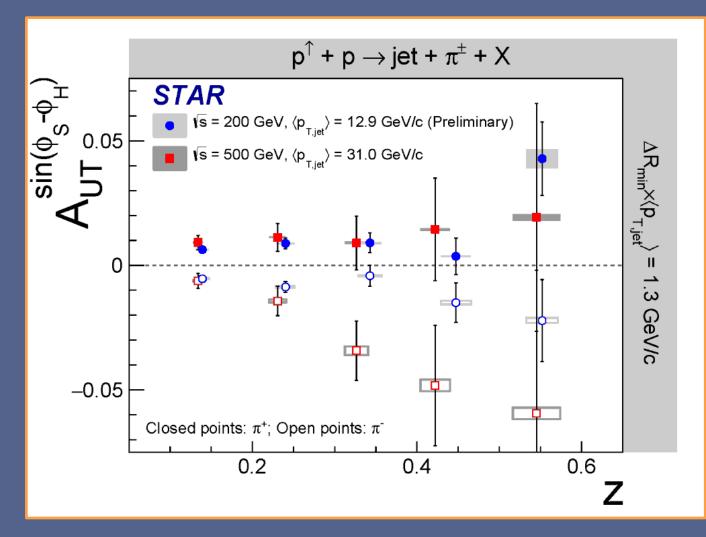
- First significant transversity signal measured in proton-proton collisions.
- Despite different scales asymmetries are very similar in 200 and 500 GeV when <x_T> is similar.
- STAR data are well described by IFF theoretical calculations incorporating SIDIS and e+e- data.
- Recent global analysis by Radici and Bacchetta (PRL 120, 192001) shows significant reduction in uncertainty for u quark transversity distributions from STAR data.

Phys.Lett. B780 (2018) 332



TRANSVERSITY \otimes COLLINS FF

- Complementary TMD channel to the collinear dihadron channel.
- Again asymmetries are very similar in 200 and 500 GeV.
- Additional statistics for both 200 and 500 GeV are on tape!
- Provides input on TMD evolution, which cannot be calculated fully from first principles.

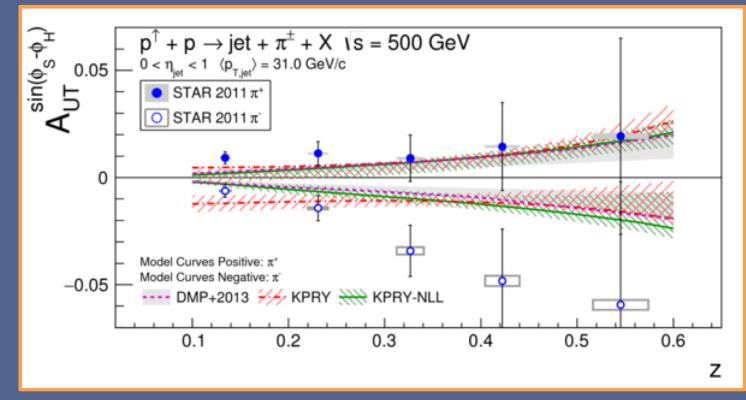


hys. Rev. **D 97** (2018) 32004

500 GEV $A_{UT}^{SIN(\phi_S - \phi_H)}$ vs z

STAR data compared to calculations by

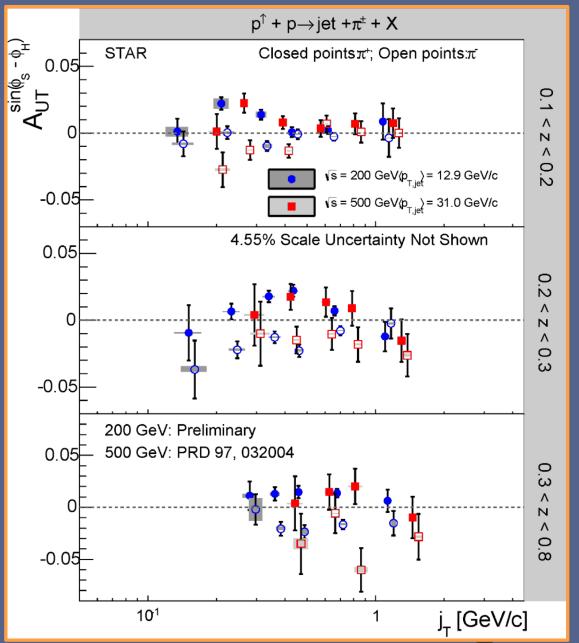
- D'Alesio, Murgia &
 Pisano, Phys. Lett. **B773**,
 300 (2017)
- Kang, Prokudin, Ringer,
 & Yuan, Phys.Lett. **B774** 635-642 (2017)
 without and with
 evolution.



Data and theory agree - TMD Evolution effects appear to be small. At the current level of precision the data supports theoretical work by Kang, Liu, Ringer and Xing JHEP 1711 (2017) 068, ie universality holds for Collins TMDs in p+p collisions. Need more data!

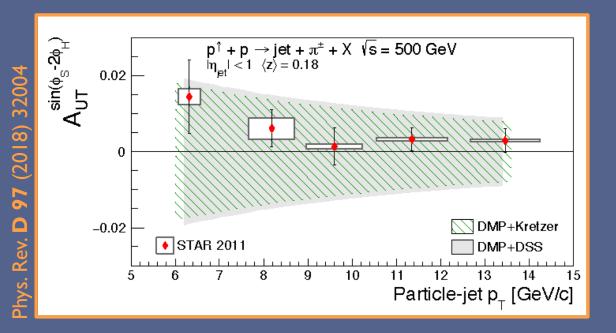
$A_{UT}^{SIN(\phi_S-\phi_H)}$ VS J_T IN BINS OF Z

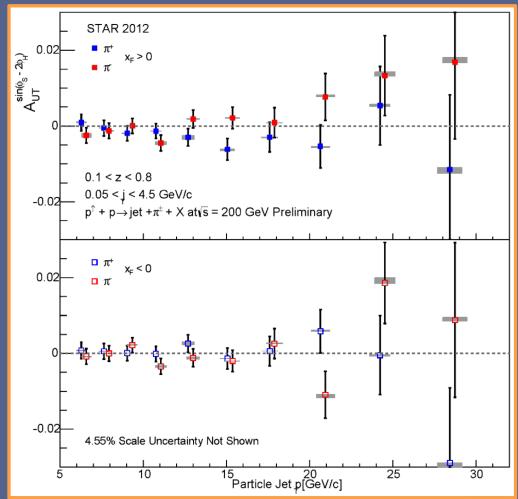
- 200 and 500 GeV tell the same story.
- Shape of j_T changes with z.
- Peak of distribution moves towards higher <j_T> as z increases.
- Hadron j_T is independent of initial state transverse momentum.



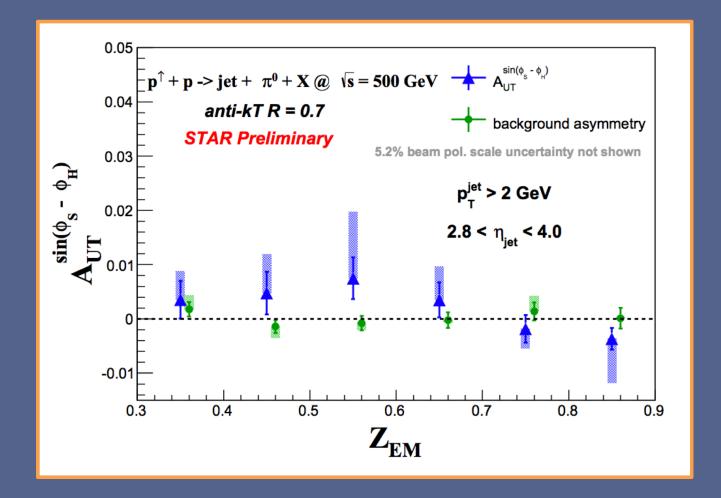
GLUON TMDS @ 200 AND 500 GEV

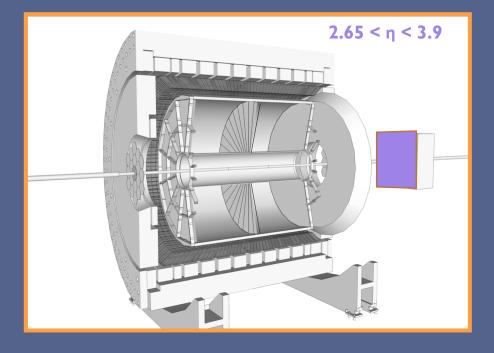
- sin(φ_s-2φ_H) moment Gluon Linear Polarization
 ⊗ Collins-Like FF
- First limit on linearly polarized gluons in a polarized proton!





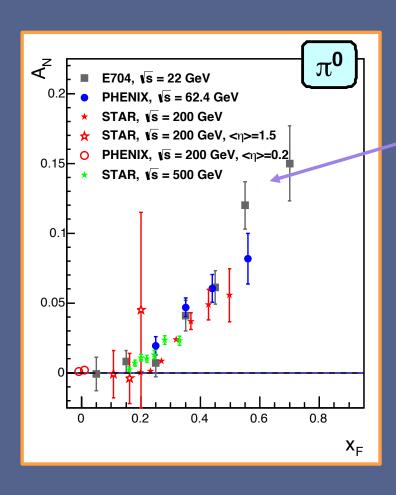
Far-Forward Collins TMD FF

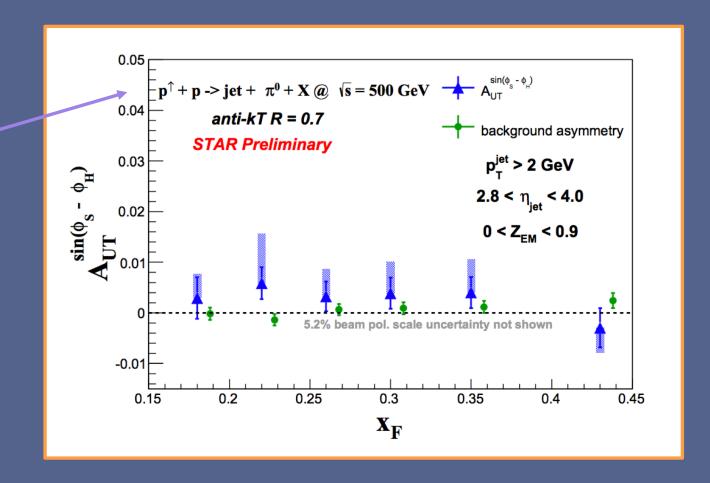




- No charged tracks EM jets only. Leads to large systematic error on reconstruction of the Collins angle.
- π⁰ reconstruction
- Size and shape of asymmetries very similar to mid-rapidity.

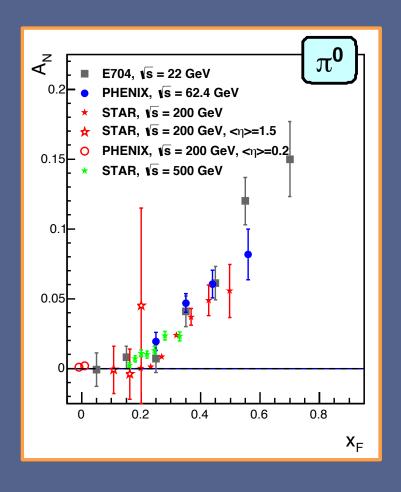
DOESN'T EXPLAIN LARGE FORWARD SSA

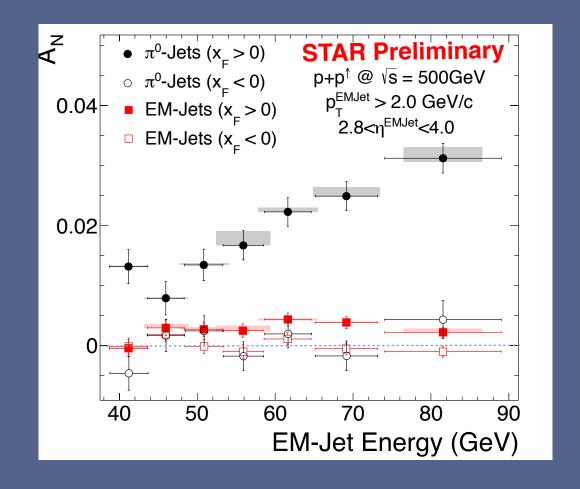




Jet asymmetries don't represent size or shape of inclusive π⁰ SSA!

DOESN'T EXPLAIN LARGE FORWARD SSA

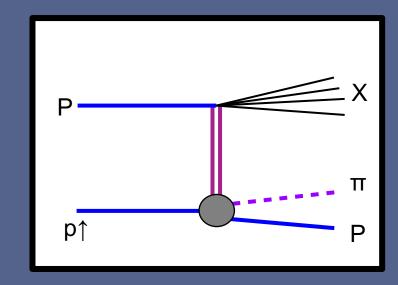




"Recover" asymmetries if "jet" is composed largely of a single pion.

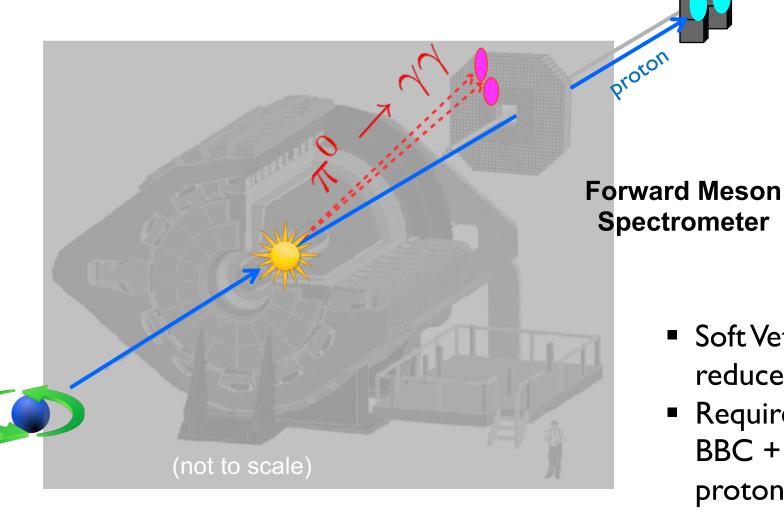
Possible SSA channel: p↑p→pπ⁰X

- Signature is an isolated neutral pion and proton scattered in the far forward region
- Possible Model: Incident polarized proton may fluctuate into a proton + pion pair, which then interacts with the opposing proton
- Incident proton transverse spin may be correlated with proton + pion angular momentum
- Goal: study asymmetries modulated by proton and pion azimuthal angles



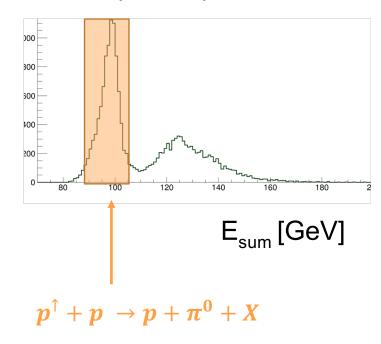
200 GeV transversely

polarized p+p collisions



Roman Pots

$E_{sum} = E_{proton} + E_{pion}$ Distribution

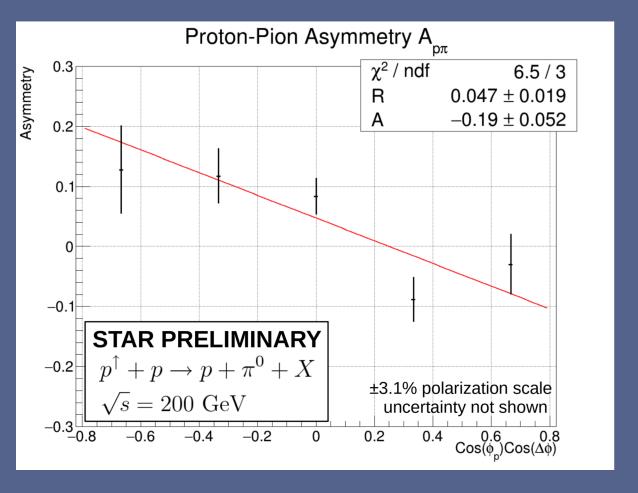


- Soft Veto on forward BBC to reduce accidental coincidences
- Require energy in backward BBC + TOF to ensure 2nd proton breaks up

$Cos(\Phi_P)Cos(\Delta\Phi)$ Asymmetry

$$\frac{1}{\langle P \rangle} \frac{N^{\uparrow} - N^{\downarrow}}{N^{\uparrow} + N^{\downarrow}} = R + A \cos \phi_p \cos \Delta \phi$$

- ♦ Several asymmetries investigated. The largest is the pion asymmetry in the scattering plane of the proton with a 19% asymmetry ∼4σ!
- Vertical error bars are statistical uncertainties
- Horizontal error bars are propagated from FMS and RP position uncertainties
- ♦ 5% background under π⁰ mass peak
- **◆** 3.1% scale uncertainty from polarization

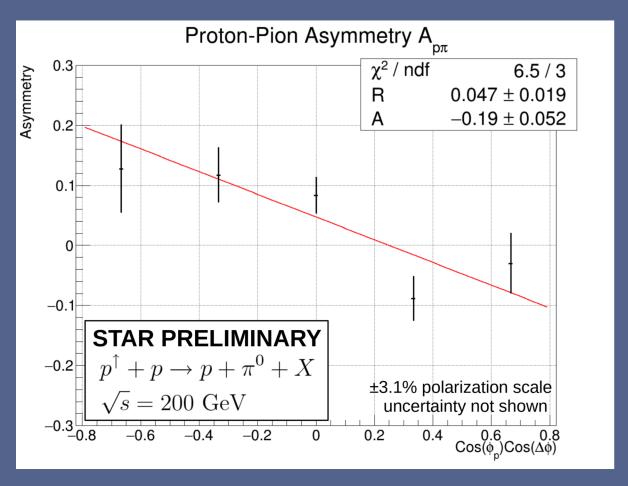


$Cos(\Phi_P)Cos(\Delta\Phi)$ Asymmetry

Spin UP/DOWN proton scatters L/R

$$\frac{1}{\langle P \rangle} \frac{N^{\uparrow} - N^{\downarrow}}{N^{\uparrow} + N^{\downarrow}} = R + A \cos \phi_p \cos \Delta \phi$$

- Several asymmetries investigated. The largest is the pion asymmetry in the scattering plane of the proton with a 19% asymmetry $\sim 4\sigma!$
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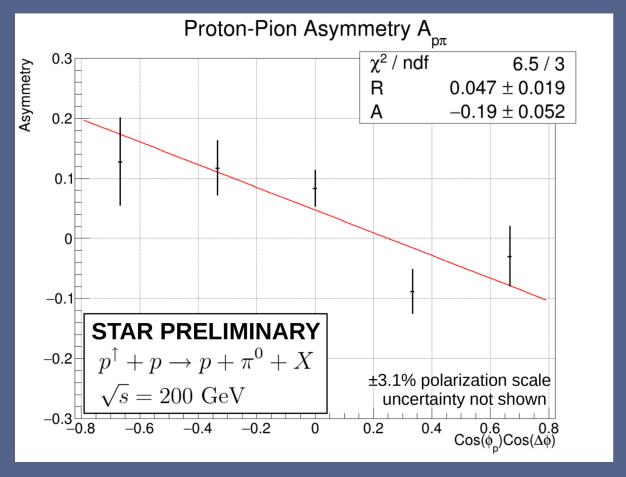


$Cos(\Phi_P)Cos(\Delta\Phi)$ Asymmetry

Pion is within the scattering plane of detected proton

$$\frac{1}{\langle P \rangle} \frac{N^{\uparrow} - N^{\downarrow}}{N^{\uparrow} + N^{\downarrow}} = R + A \cos \phi_p \cos \Delta \phi$$

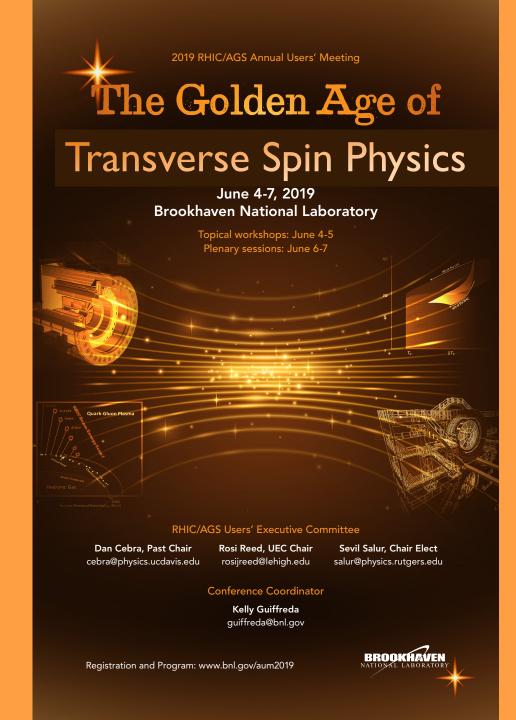
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- Horizontal error bars are propagated from FMS and RP position uncertainties
- ♦ 5% background under π⁰ mass peak
- **◆** 3.1% scale uncertainty from polarization



NEW PUBLICATIONS

- Lambda D_{TT}
 Phys.Rev. D98, 091103
- Transversity and Interference Fragmentation Function via di-hadron A_{UT} at √s = 500 GeV Phys.Lett. B780 (2018) 332
- Collins Function, Gluon Linear Polariztion and Twist-3 Sivers Function via charged pion in jet A_{UT} at $\sqrt{s} = 500$ GeV.

Phys. Rev. D 97 32004



NEW PRELIMINARY RELEASES

- Inclusive Jet twist-3 Sivers
 Function at $\sqrt{s} = 200 \text{ GeV}$
- Collins Function via charge pion in jet A_{UT} differential in z and jT at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV.
- Forwqard diffractive pion spin SSA at $\sqrt{s} = 200 \text{ GeV}$.