Femtoscopic correlation studies between D^0 mesons and charged hadrons in Au+Au collisions
at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV by STAR

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Heavy quarks are produced in hard partonic scatterings at the very early stage of heavy-ion collisions and they experience the whole evolution of the Quark-Gluon Plasma medium. Femtoscopic correlations, i.e. two-particle correlations at low relative momentum, are sensitive to the final-state interactions as well as to the extent of the region from which the correlated particles are emitted. A study of such correlations between charmed mesons and identified charged hadrons could shed light on their interactions in the hadronic phase and the interaction of charm quarks with the medium.

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In this presentation, we will show the first measurement of femtoscopic correlations between $D^0-hadron$ pairs at mid-rapidity in Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=200$ GeV by the STAR experiment. D^0 mesons are reconstructed via the $K^--\pi^+$ (and its charge conjugate) decay channel using topological criteria enabled by the Heavy Flavor Tracker with excellent track pointing resolution. We will present the femtoscopic correlation function for D^0 transverse momentum above 1 GeV/c in the 0-80% centrality. We will also compare the experimental results with available theoretical models and discuss physical implications.