

Identified Light and Strange Hadron Spectra at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 14.5$ GeV with STAR at RHIC BES I

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RICE

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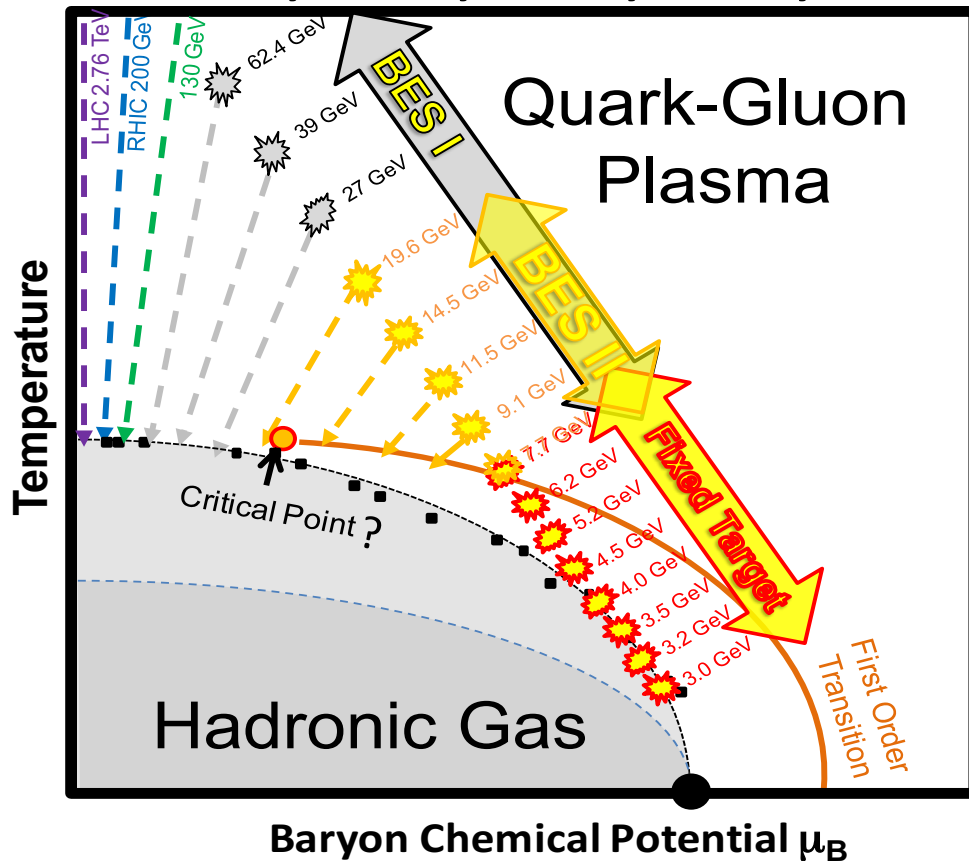
STAR ☆ RHIC Beam Energy Scan (BES) Phase I

BES Phase I - Au+Au collisions at 7.7, 11.5, 14.5, 19.6, 27.0, and 39.0 GeV

- Search for Conjectured QCD critical point
- Search for 1st order phase transition

Search for the onset of key QGP signatures

- $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 14.5 \text{ GeV}$
- Important measurement in the relatively large μ_B gap between 11.5 and 19.6 GeV



$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ [GeV] =	7.7	11.5	14.5	19.6	27.0	39.0
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$\sim \mu_B$ (in central collisions) [MeV]	420	315	260	205	155	115
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J. Cleymans, H. Oeschler, K. Redlich, and S. Wheaton, Phys. Rev. C73 (2006) 034905



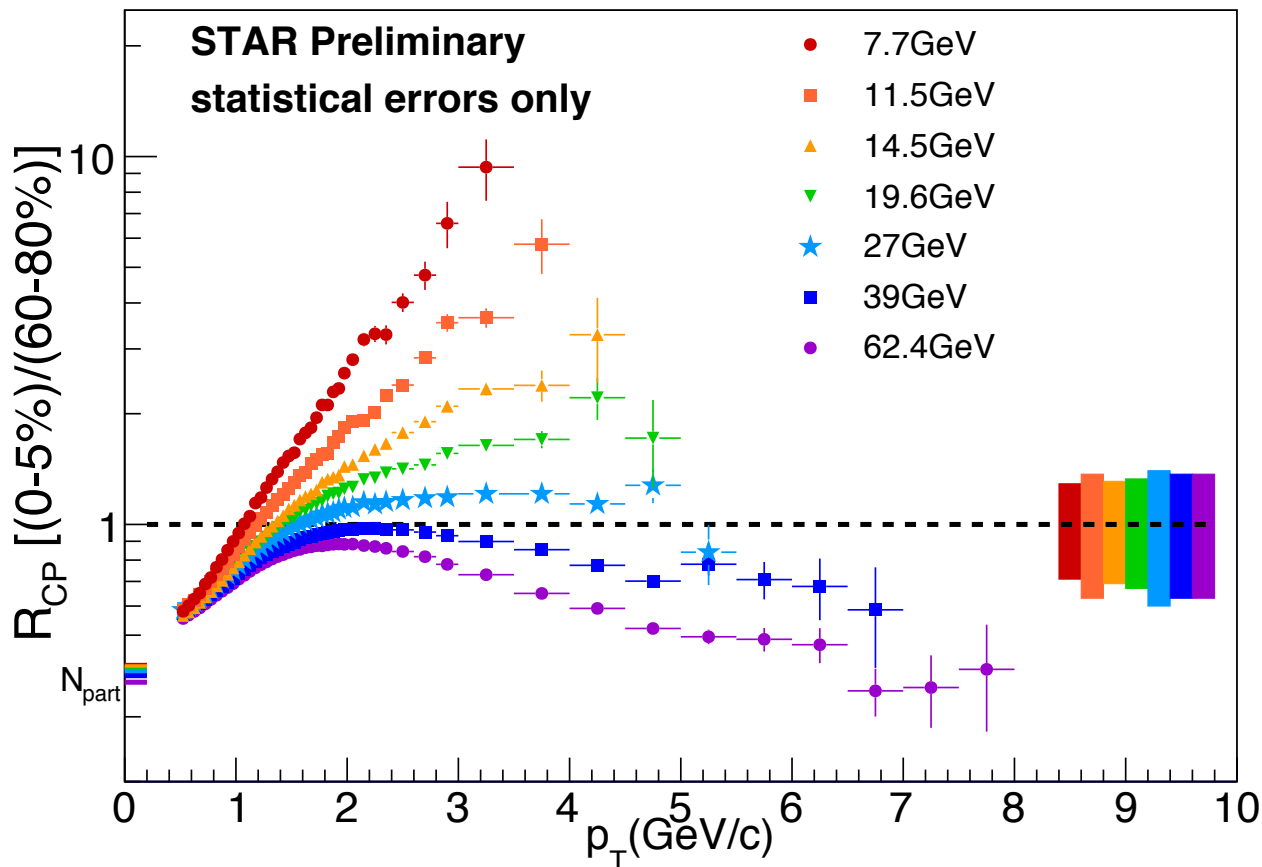
Nuclear Modification Factor R_{CP}

- High p_T suppression $\equiv R_{CP} < 1.0$
 - Strong suppression observed in inclusive charged hadrons at top RHIC energies.
 - Attributed to energy loss in QGP
- Enhancement $\equiv R_{CP} > 1.0$
 - Cold nuclear matter effects, radial flow and coalescence.

R_{CP} vs. R_{AA}

- R_{CP} analysis can be done with a single dataset
- The pp baseline in R_{AA} has no hot nuclear matter effects
- R_{CP} is less sensitive than R_{AA} to cold nuclear matter effects
- R_{CP} has large correlated systematic uncertainty on the calculation of N_{coll} in peripheral events

Inclusive Charged hadrons @ RHIC BES I



- Smooth transition in the intermediate to high p_T range from suppression at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 39$ GeV to strong enhancement at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7.7$ GeV



Baryon/Meson Ratio eg. (Λ/K_S^0) and (p/π)

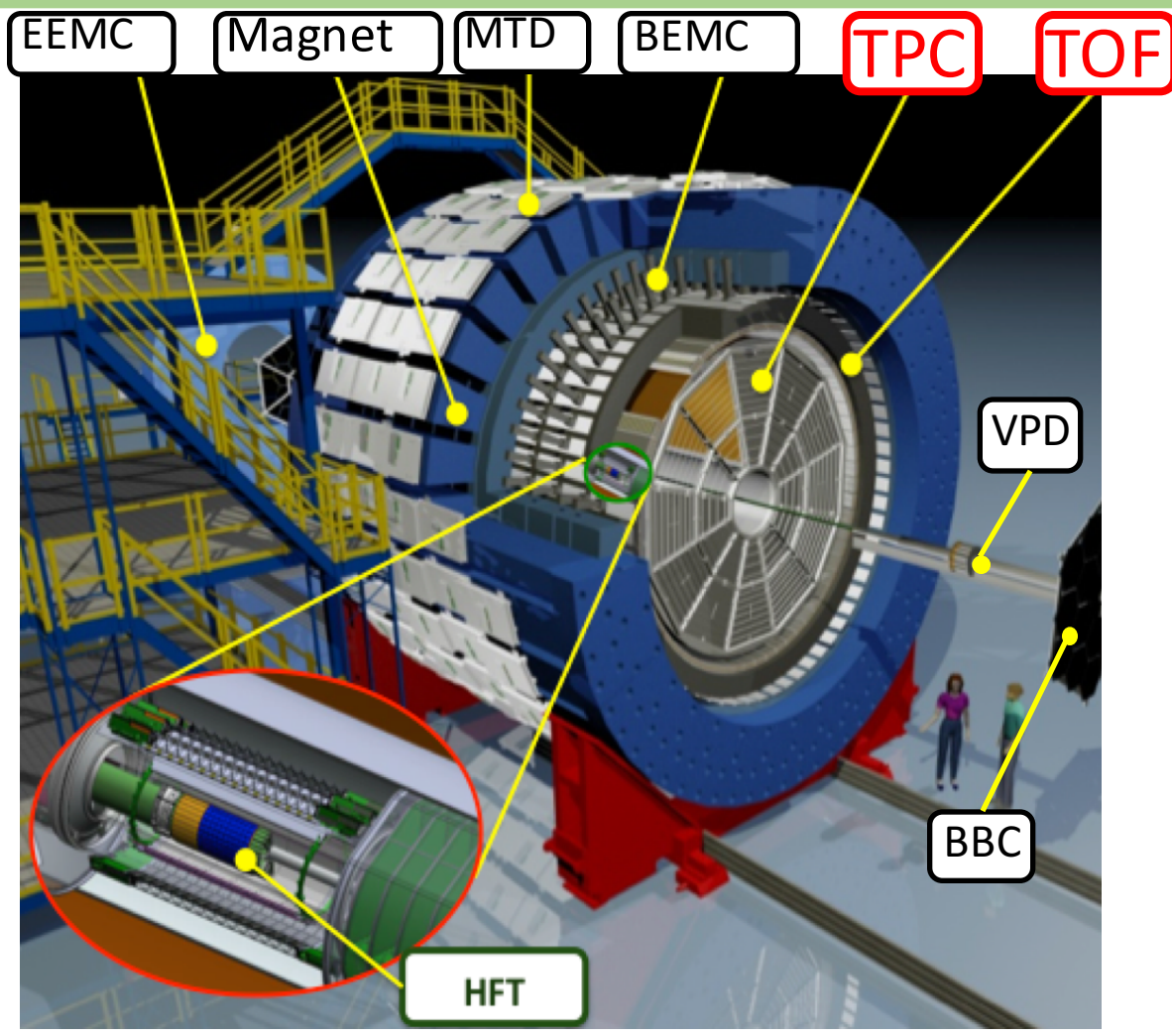
- Baryon enhancement observed in Au+Au collisions at top RHIC energies
- Baryon/Meson ratio is sensitive to QGP formation through:
 - Parton recombination
 - Coalescence
- Baryon/Meson ratio is also sensitive to:
 - Radial flow
 - cold nuclear matter effects

Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

- Charged Particle Tracking
- Momentum reconstruction
- Particle identification from ionization energy loss (dE/dx)
- Pseudorapidity coverage $|\eta| < 1.0$

Time Of Flight (TOF) Detector

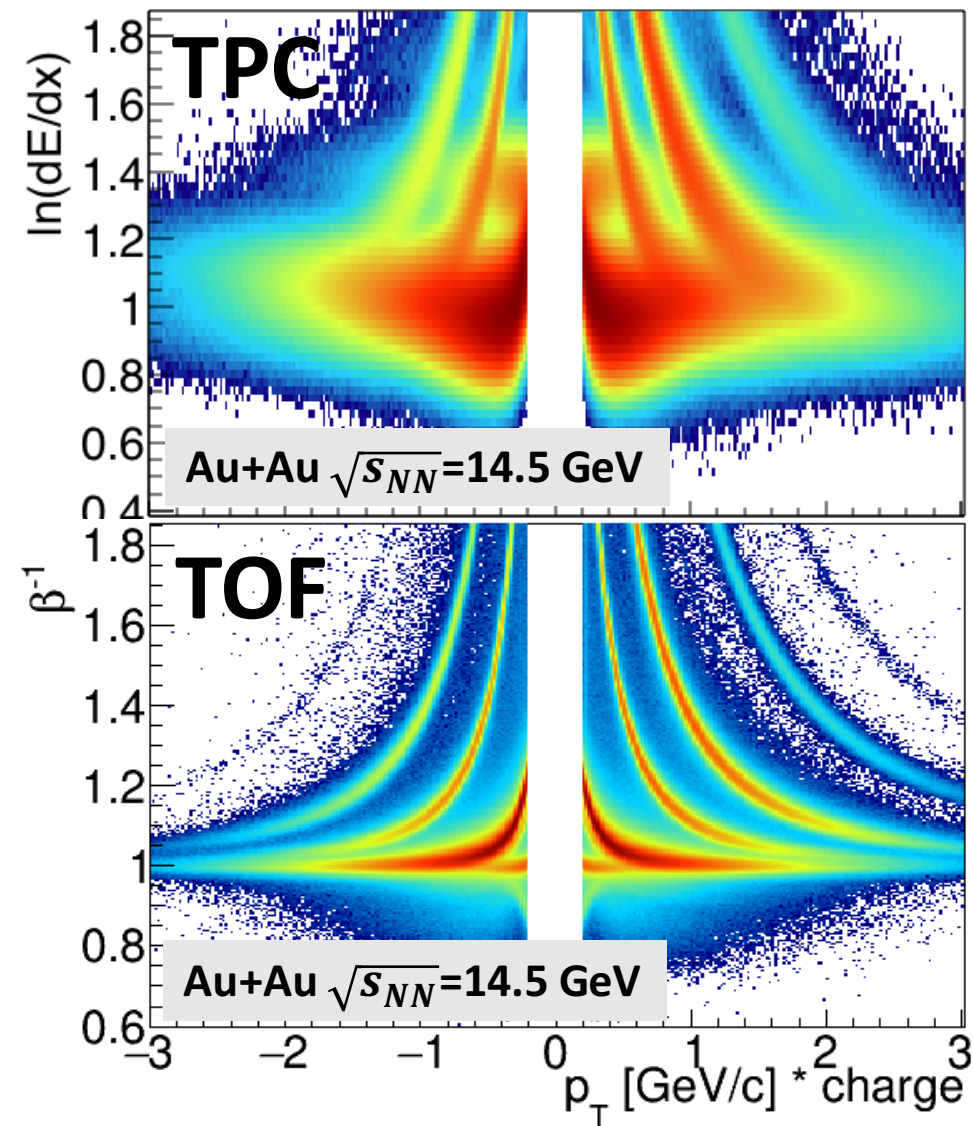
- Particle identification $1/\beta$
- Pseudorapidity coverage $|\eta| < 0.9$



The BBC detectors are used to trigger minimum bias collisions

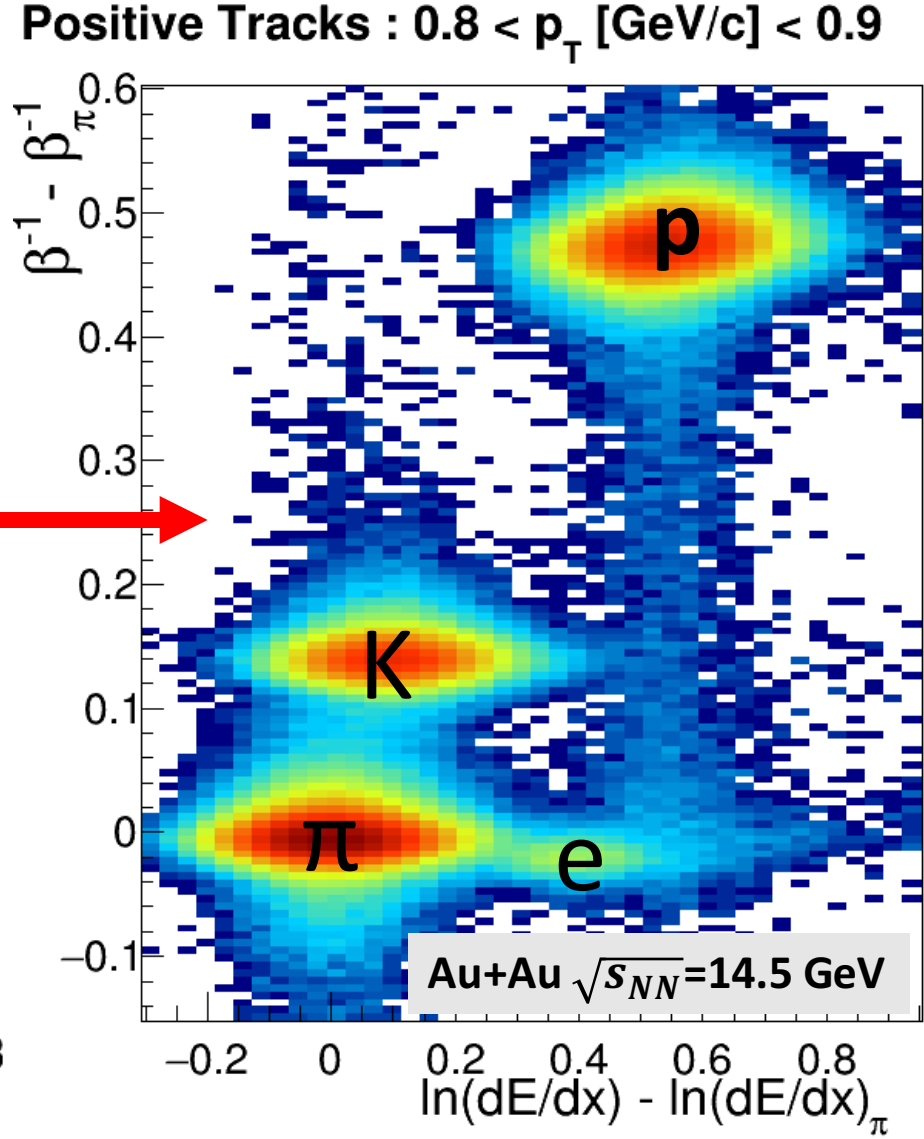
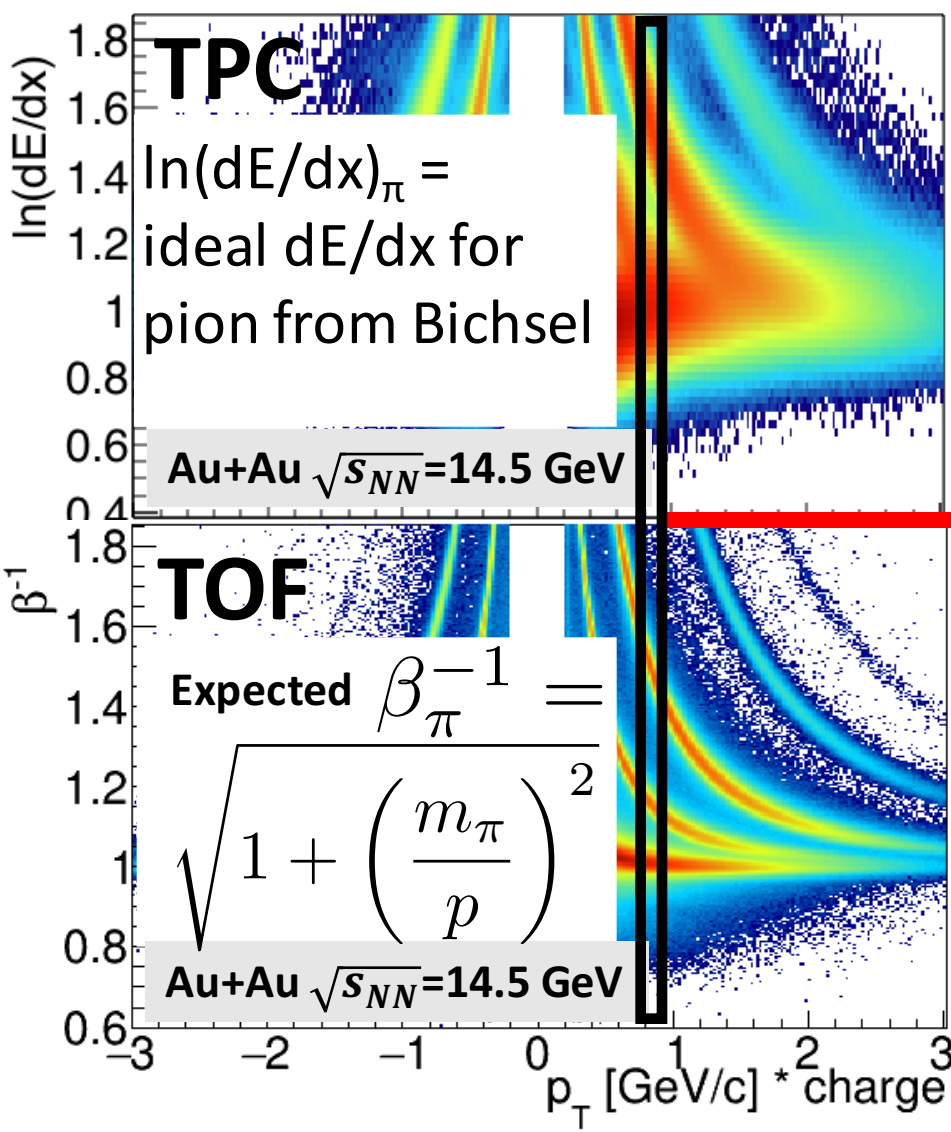


STAR ☆ Particle Identification @ STAR



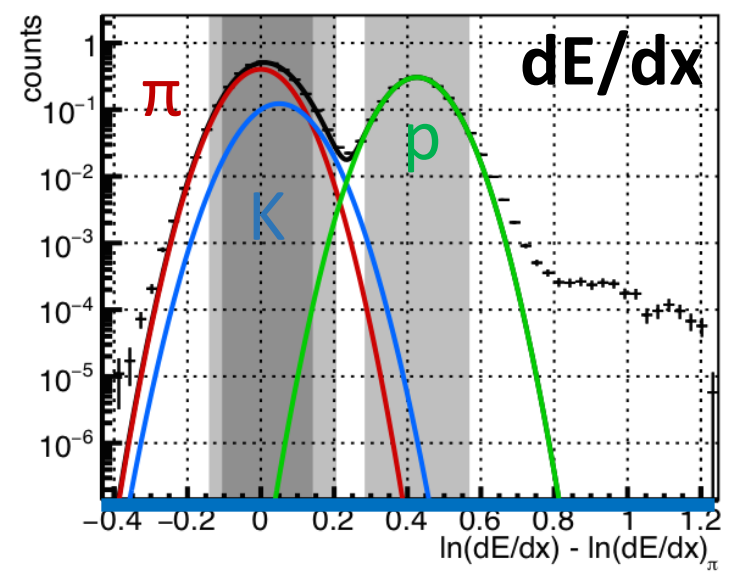
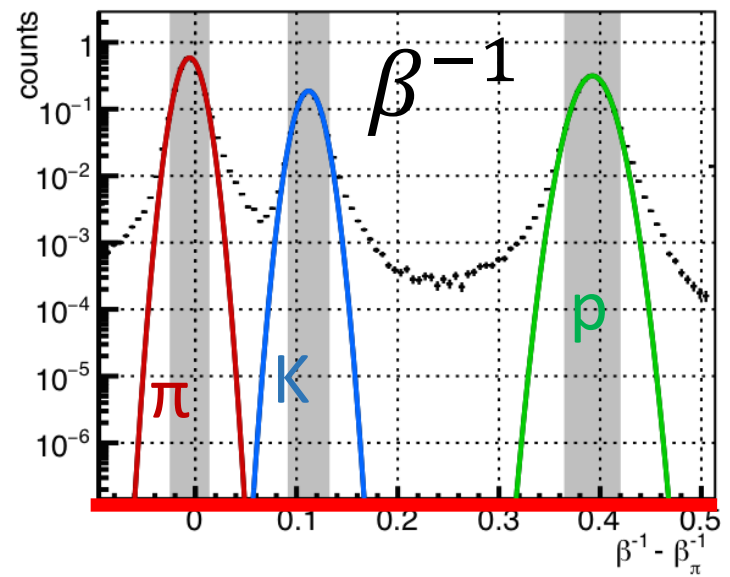


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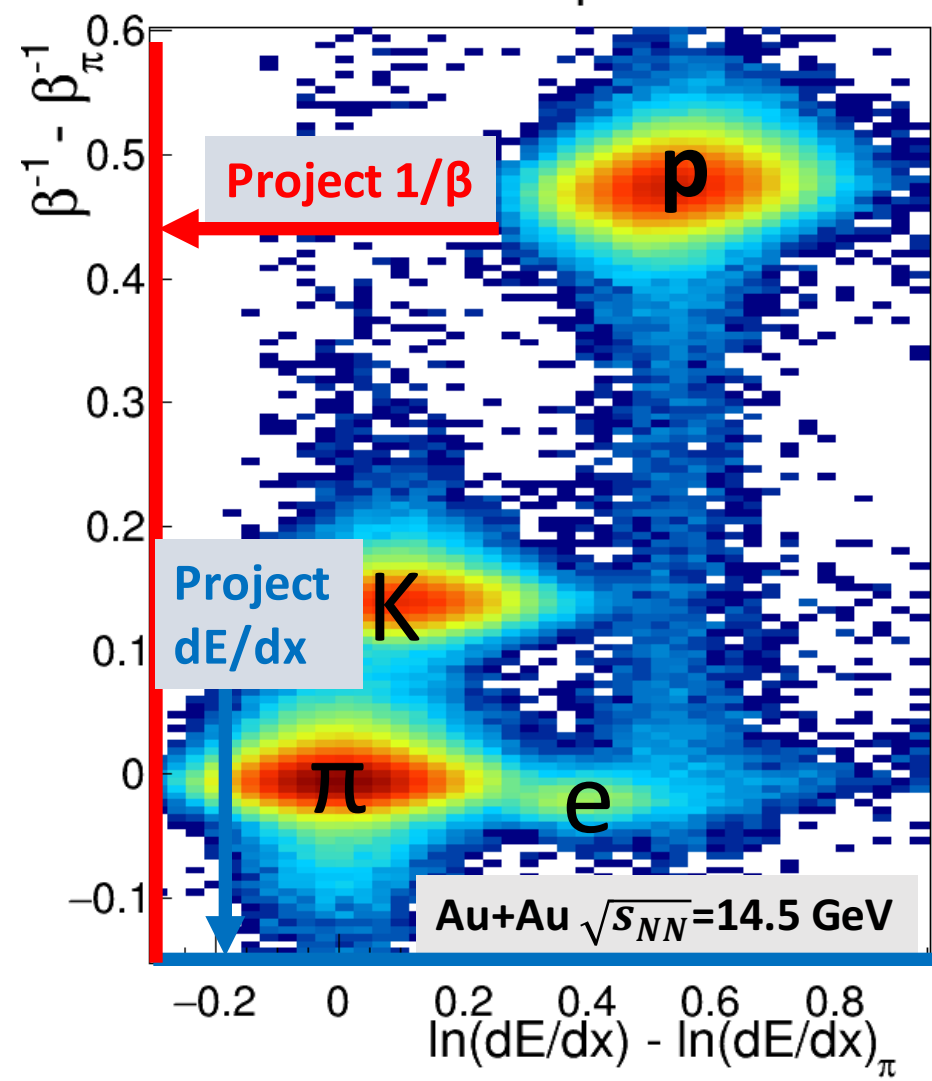




STAR ☆ Particle Identification @ STAR



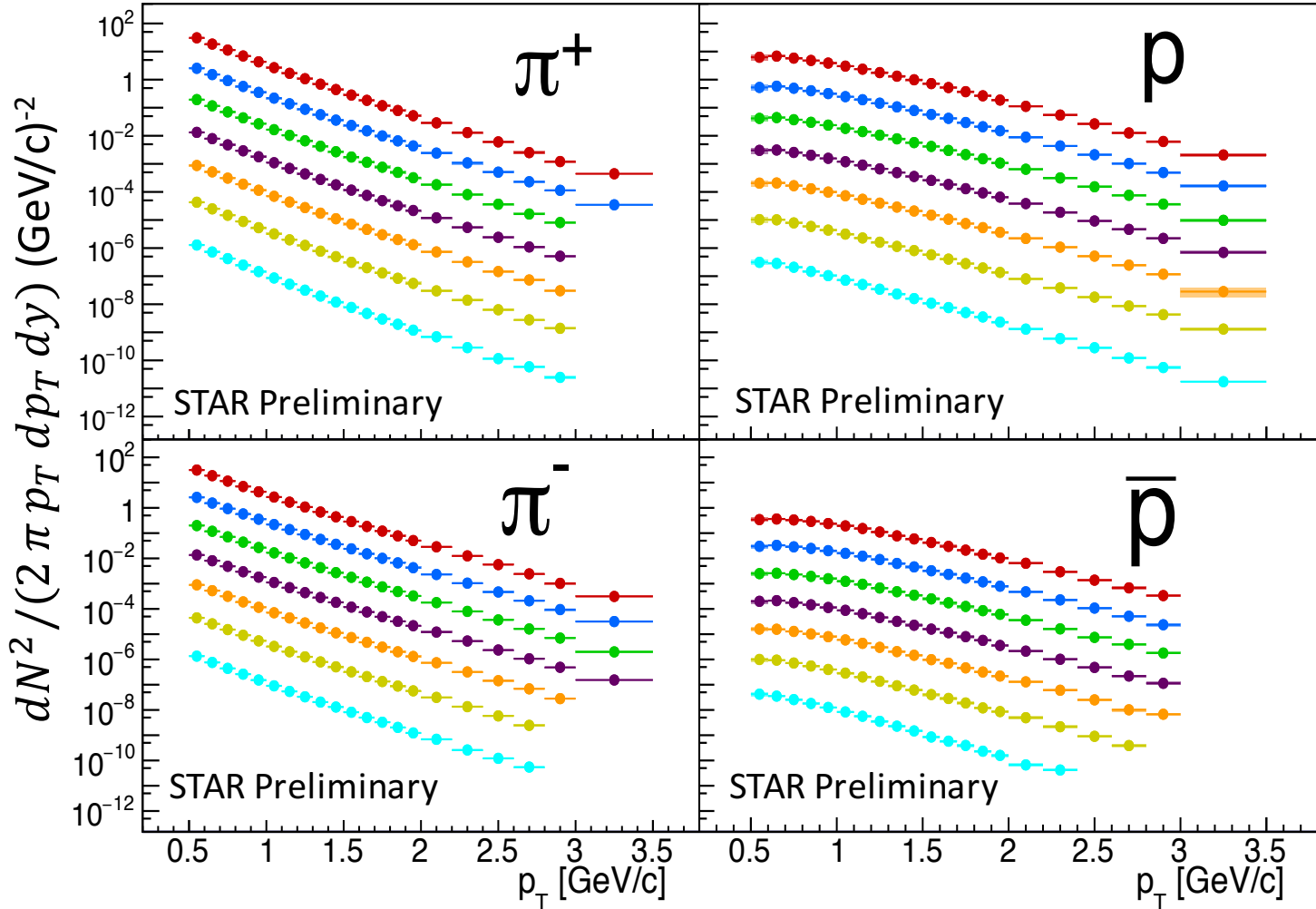
Positive Tracks : $0.8 < p_T$ [GeV/c] < 0.9



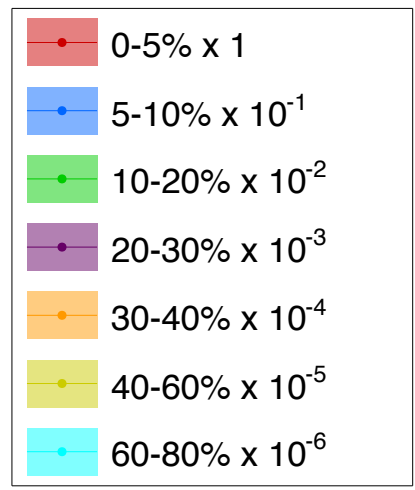


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Light Hadron Spectra @ Au+Au $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=14.5$ GeV



Centrality :

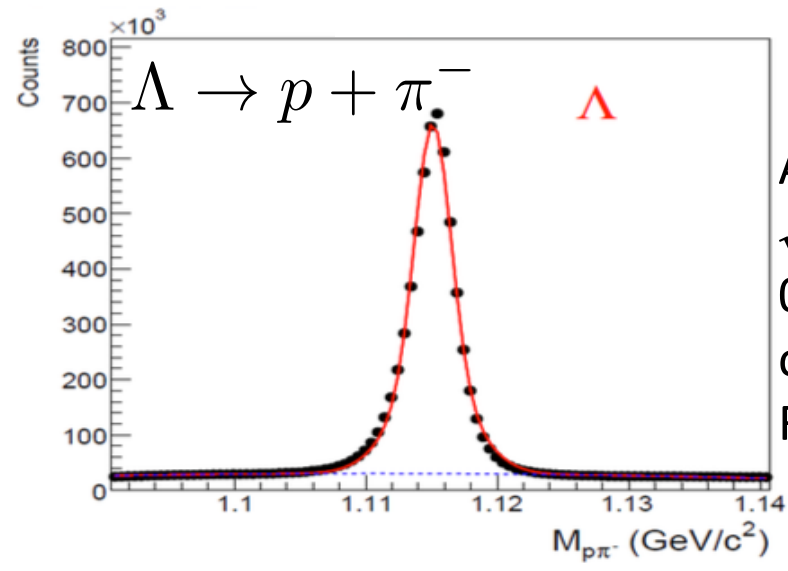
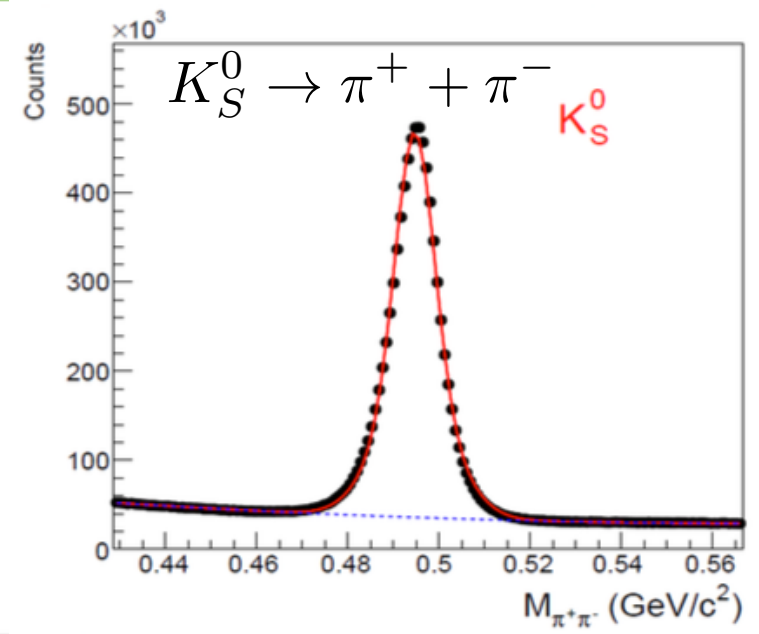
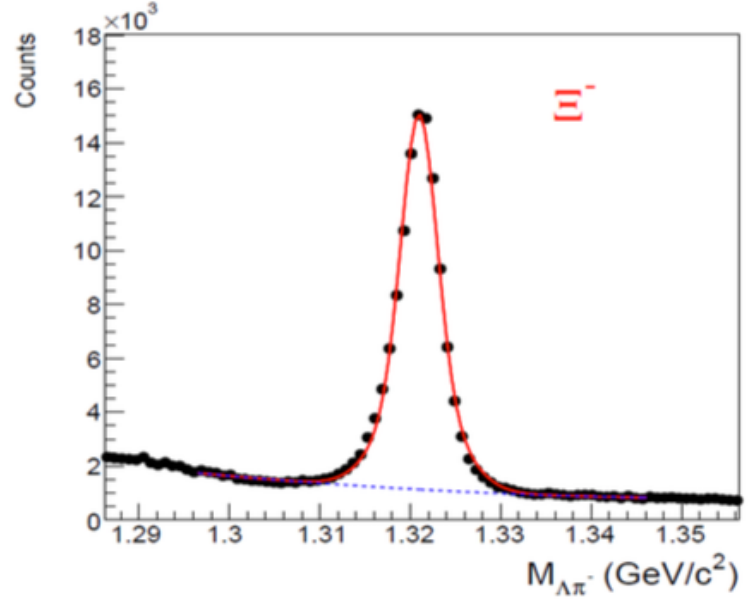
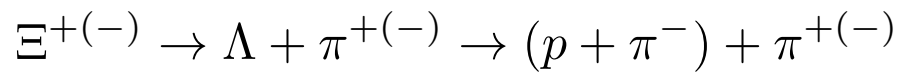


- $|y| < 0.25$
- $\pi^{+/-}$ and p/\bar{p} are weak decay feed-down corrected

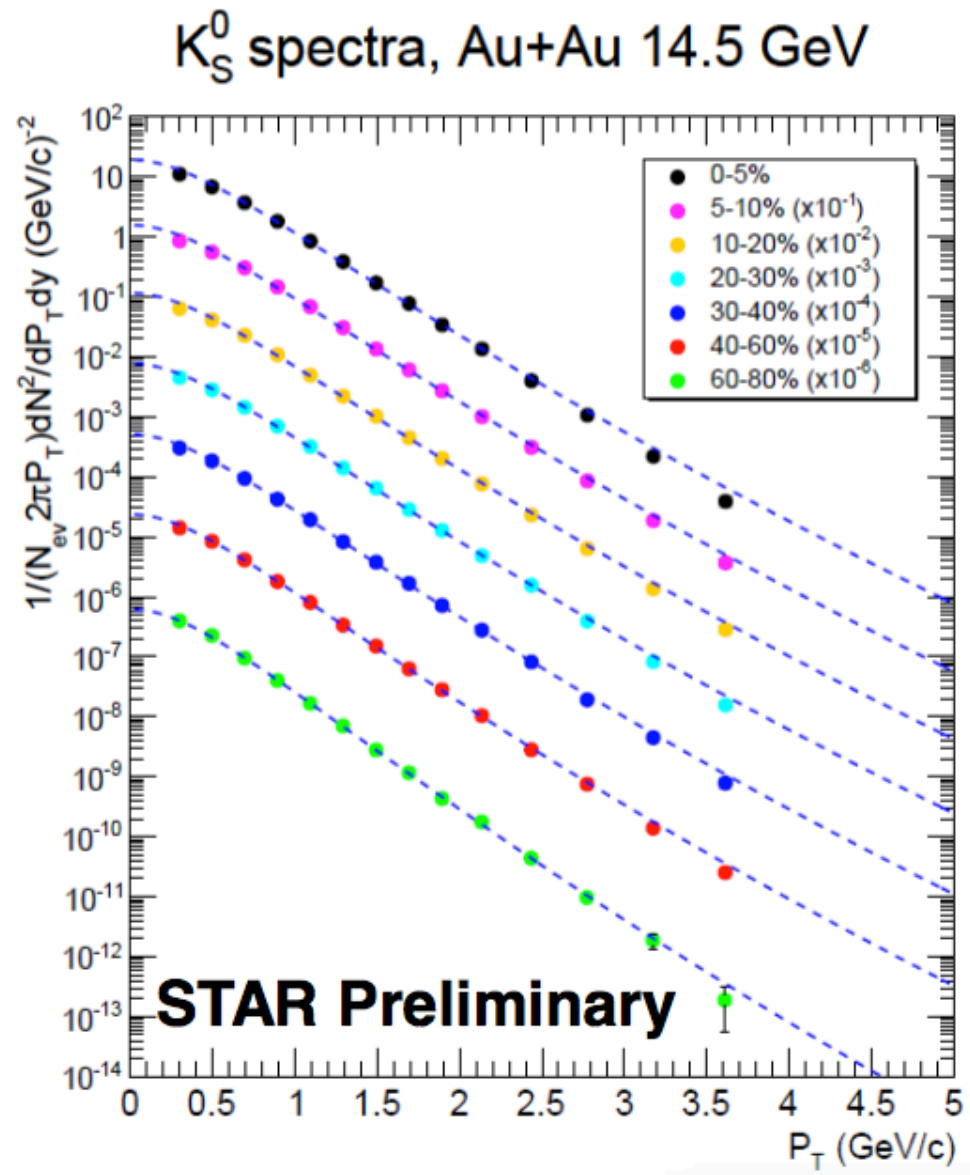


STAR ☆ Topological Particle Identification

- Reconstruct secondary vertex from charged decay products
- Use topological cuts
- Extract yield by fitting to invariant mass peak



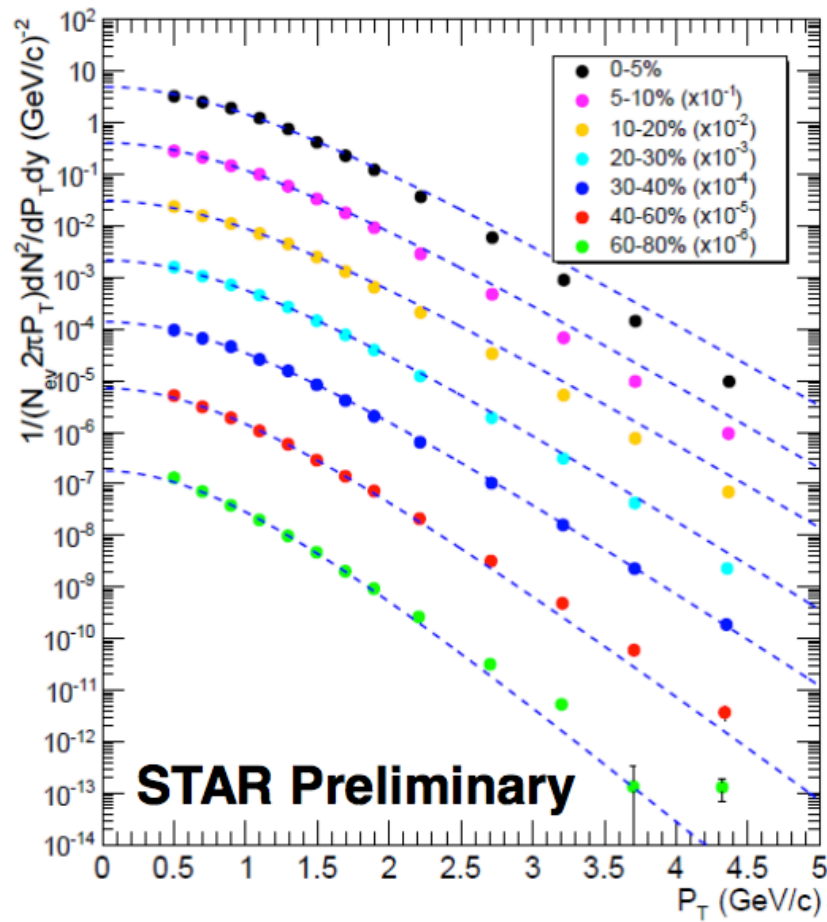
Au+Au
 $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=14.5$ GeV
 0 – 80% centrality
 Full p_T range



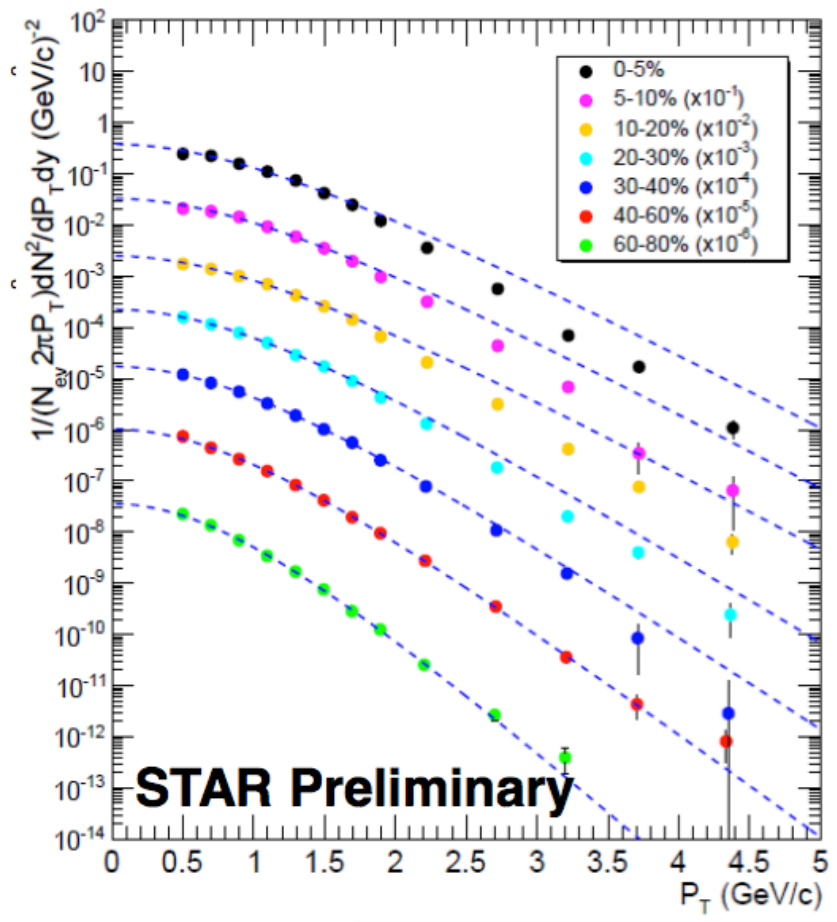
- Statistical Uncertainties only
- $|y| < 0.5$
- Fit with Levy function



Λ spectra, Au+Au 14.5 GeV



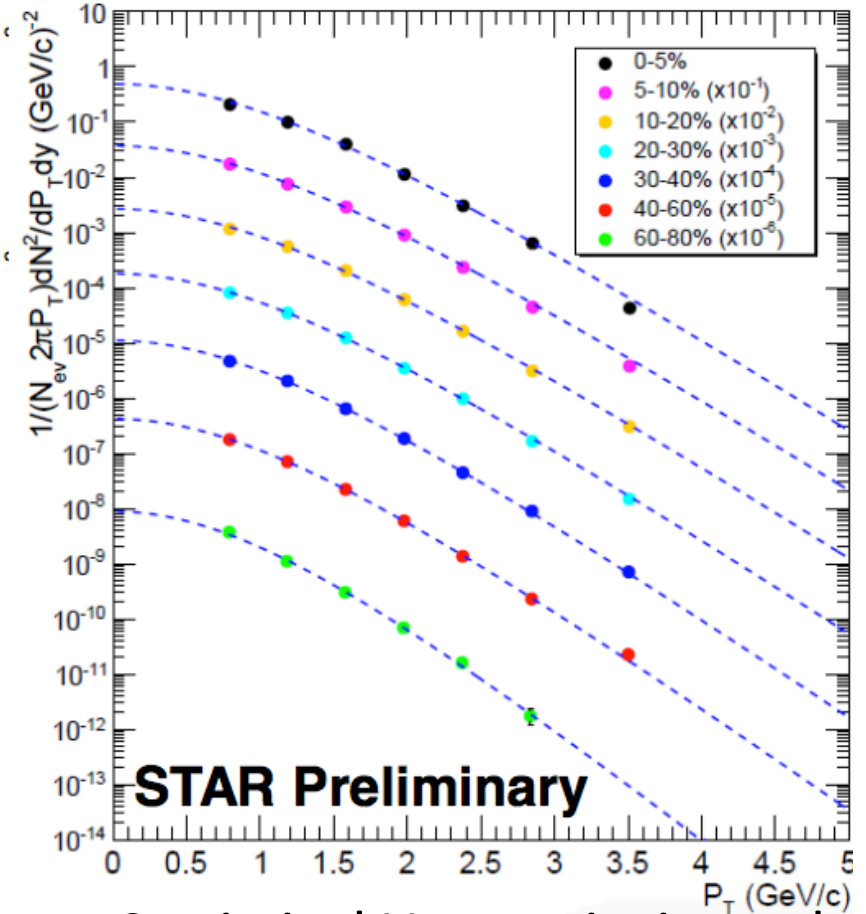
$\bar{\Lambda}$ spectra, Au+Au 14.5 GeV



- Statistical Uncertainties only
- $|y| < 0.5$
- Λ spectra are weak decay feed-down corrected
- Fit with Boltzmann function



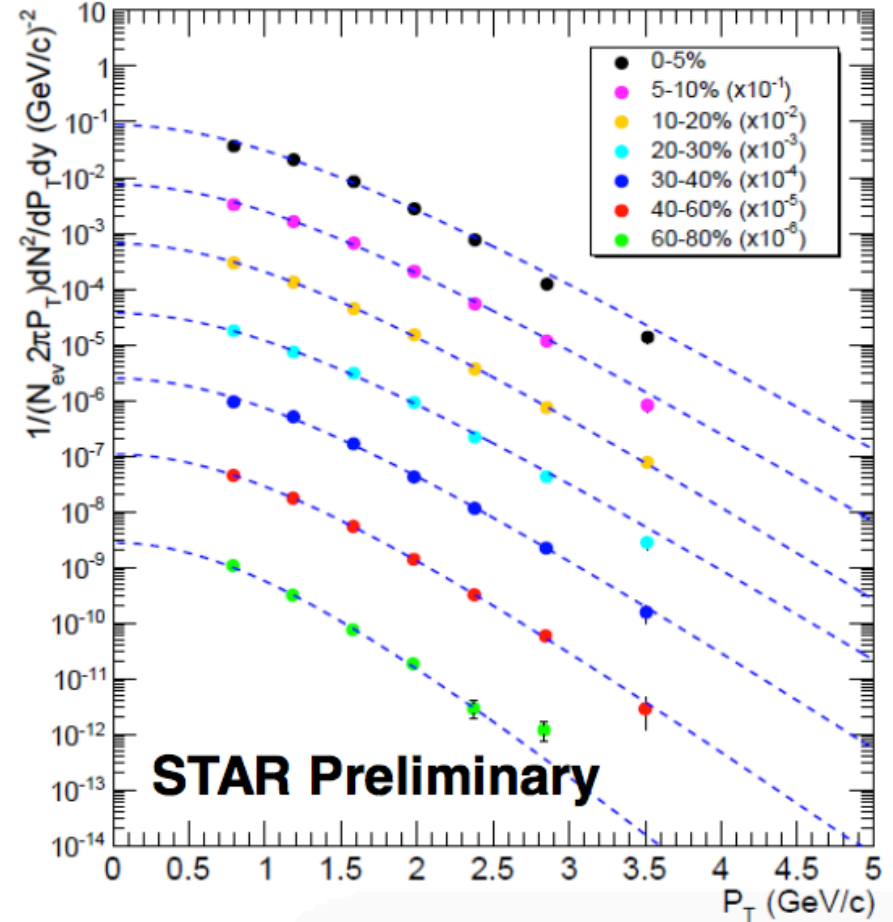
Ξ^- spectra, Au+Au 14.5 GeV



STAR Preliminary

- Statistical Uncertainties only
- $|y| < 0.5$

Ξ^+ spectra, Au+Au 14.5 GeV

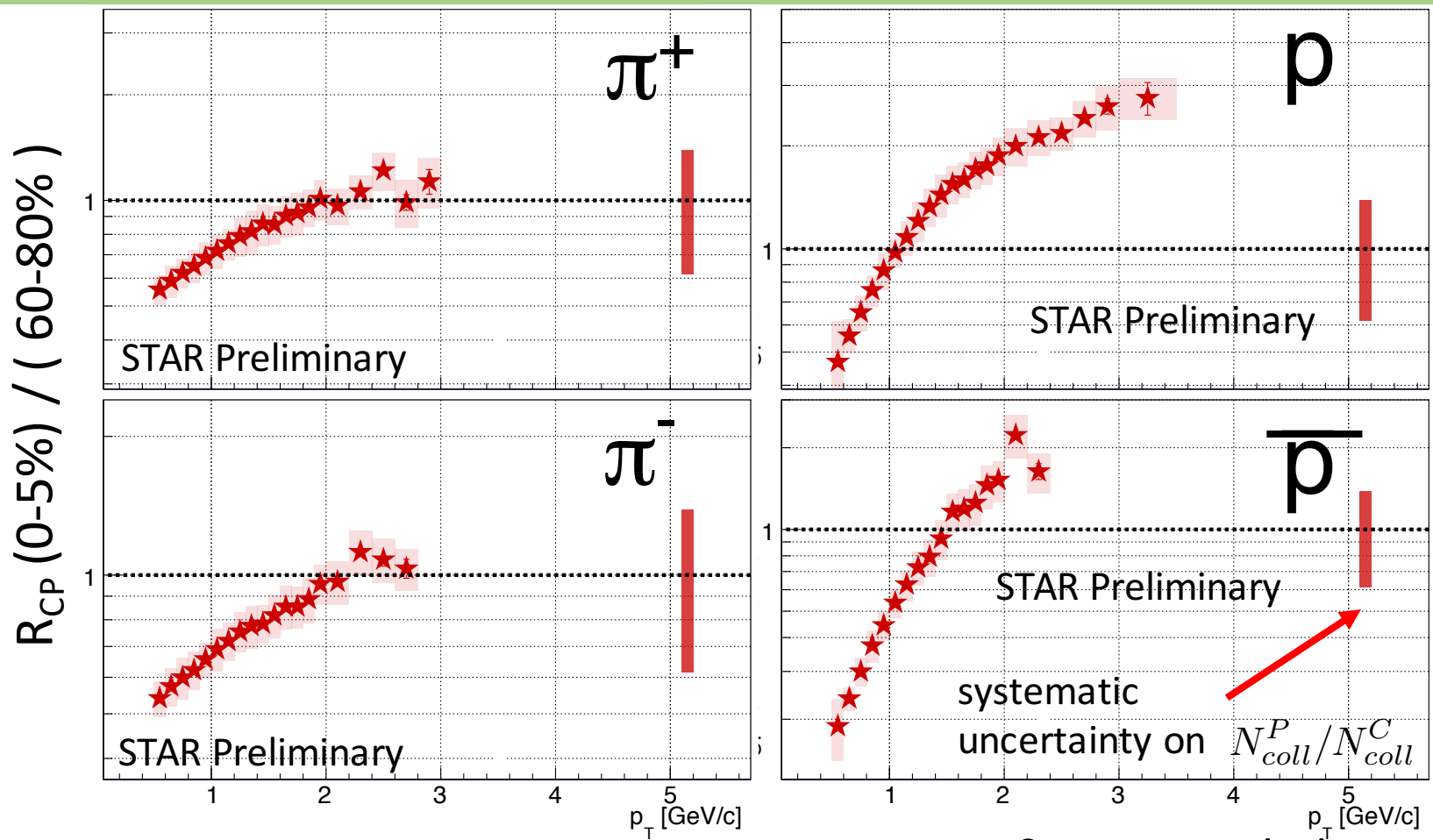


STAR Preliminary

- Fit with Boltzmann function



STAR ☆ $R_{CP} (0-5\%)/(60-80\%) @ Au+Au \sqrt{s_{NN}} = 14.5$

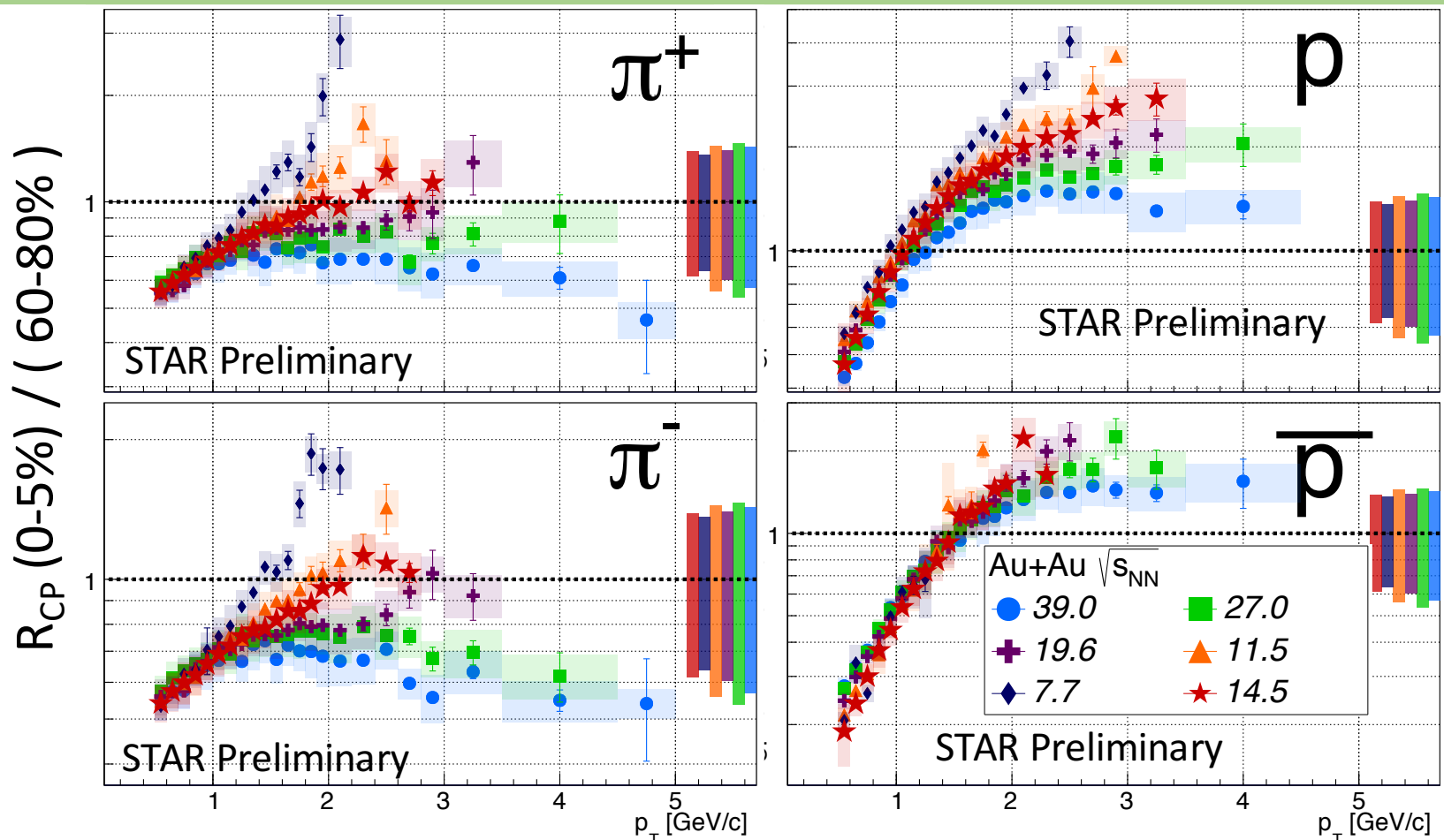


- Enhancement observed for protons
- Pions around unity for $p_T > 2.0$ GeV/c

- Stat. uncertainties – vertical bars
- Syst. uncertainties - vertical boxes
- Bin width – horizontal box size



STAR ☆ $R_{CP} (0-5\%)/(60-80\%) @ \text{BES I Energies}$

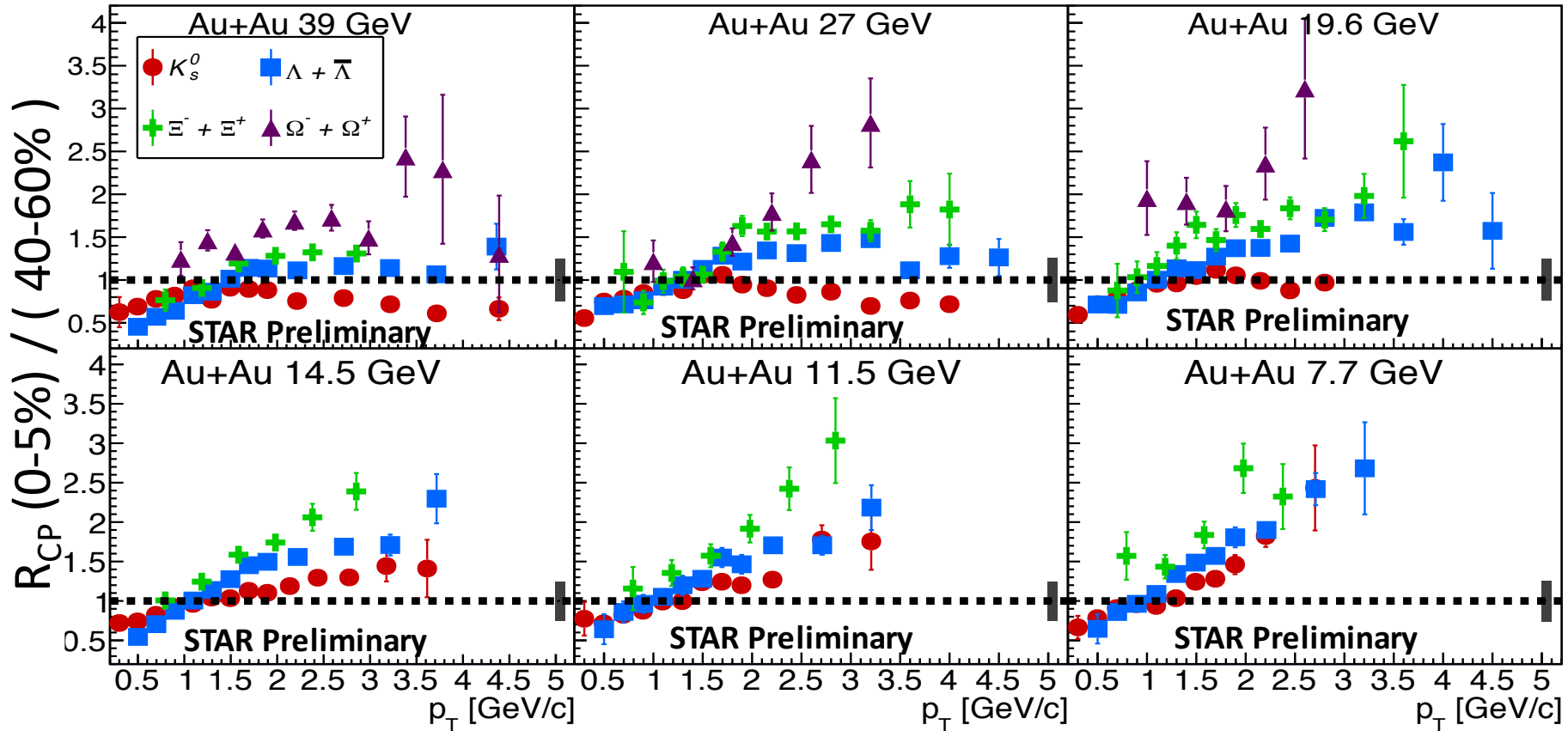


- Enhancement observed for all species @ $p_T > \sim 2.0$ in $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 14.5$ GeV and below – **key signature of QGP no longer visible at these energies**
- R_{CP} of different energies splits between $p_T \sim 1.5 - 3.0$ GeV/c (except in \bar{p})
- R_{CP} of $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7.7, 11.5, 19.6, 27, 39$ GeV shown previously at CPOD 2013



STAR ☆ Strange Hadron R_{CP} (0-5%)/(40-60%)@ BES I Energies

Statistical Uncertainty Only



For $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 14.5$ GeV and below:

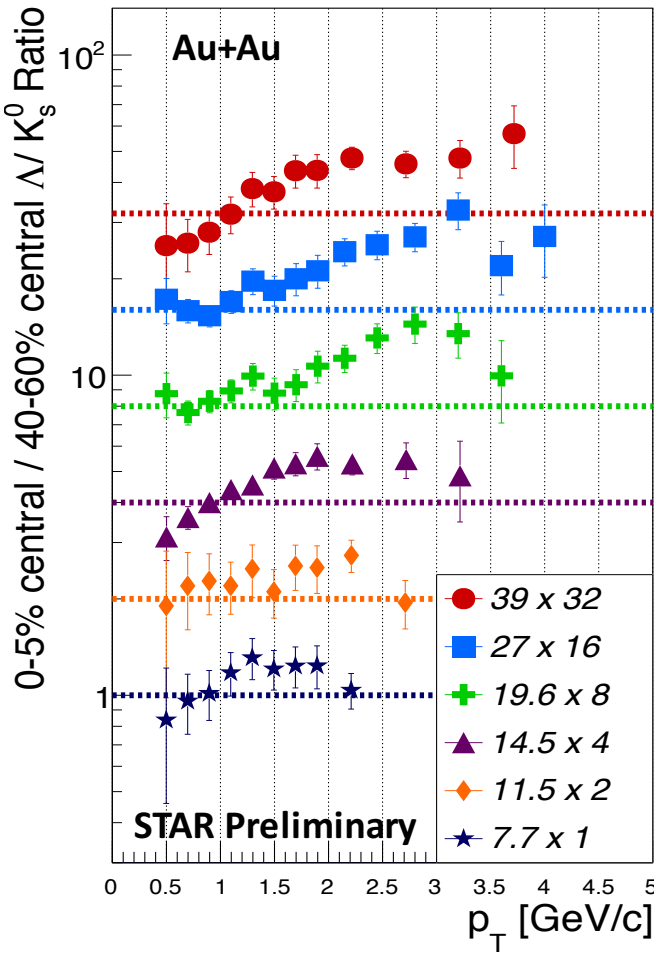
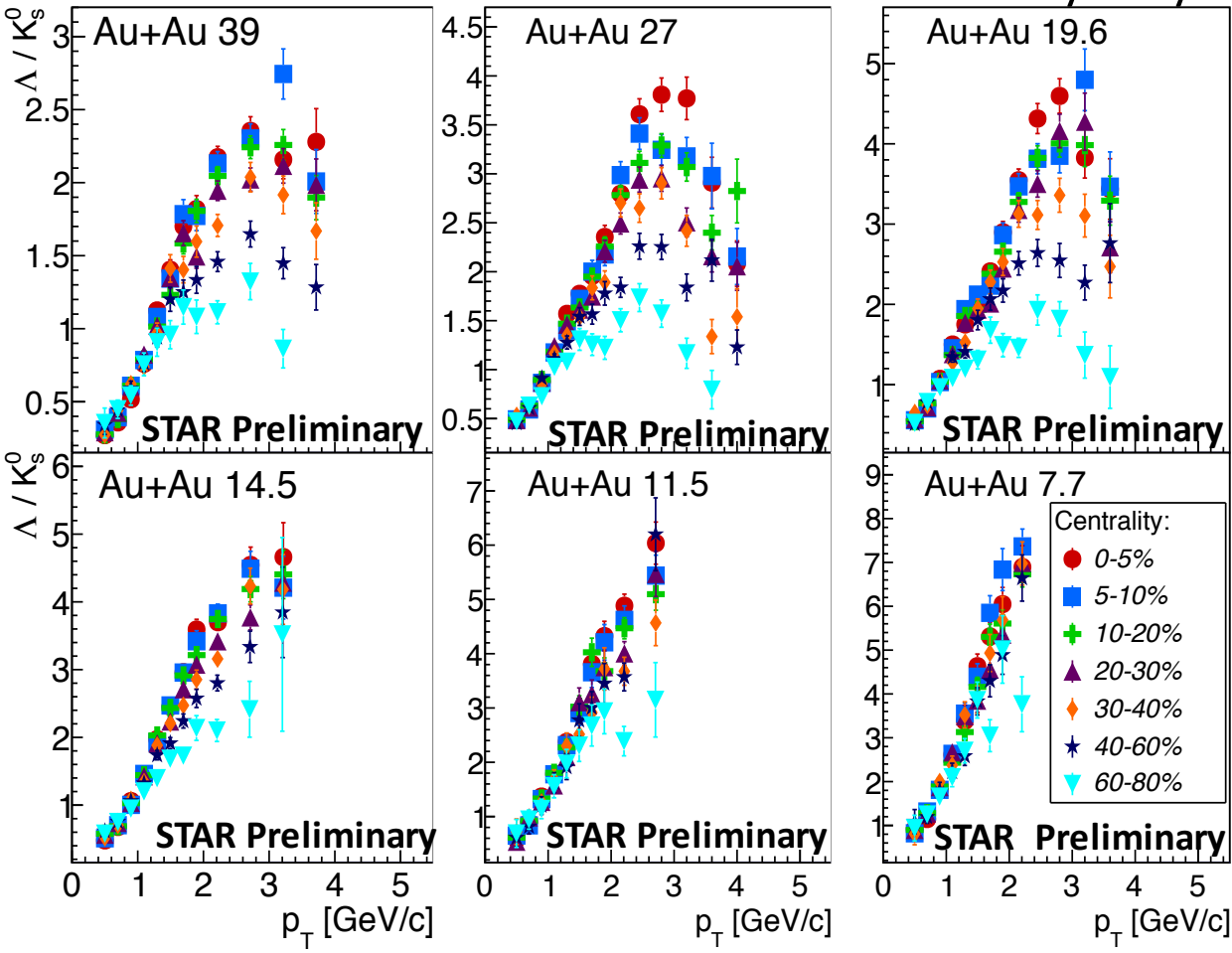
- R_{CP} is greater than or equal to 1 for $p_T > \sim 1.5$ GeV/c
- R_{CP} particle type dependence becomes less significant
- Specifically baryon vs. meson difference at intermediate p_T becomes less pronounced

Ω R_{CP} in 19.6 and 27 GeV :
(0-10%) / (40-60%)



STAR ☆ Baryon/Meson Ratio : Λ/K_S^0 @ BES I

- Separation between centralities decreases with decreasing $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$
 - “Double ratio” peak p_T value changes with $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$
 - “Double ratio” for $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7.7$ consistent with unity
- (0-5%) Central (Red)
 (40-60%) Peripheral (Dark Blue)



Au+Au Collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 14.5$ GeV

- **New** (at QM15) STAR results in the large μ_B gap between 11.5 and 19.6 GeV
- Completes the RHIC Beam Energy Scan Phase I

Onset of QGP signatures

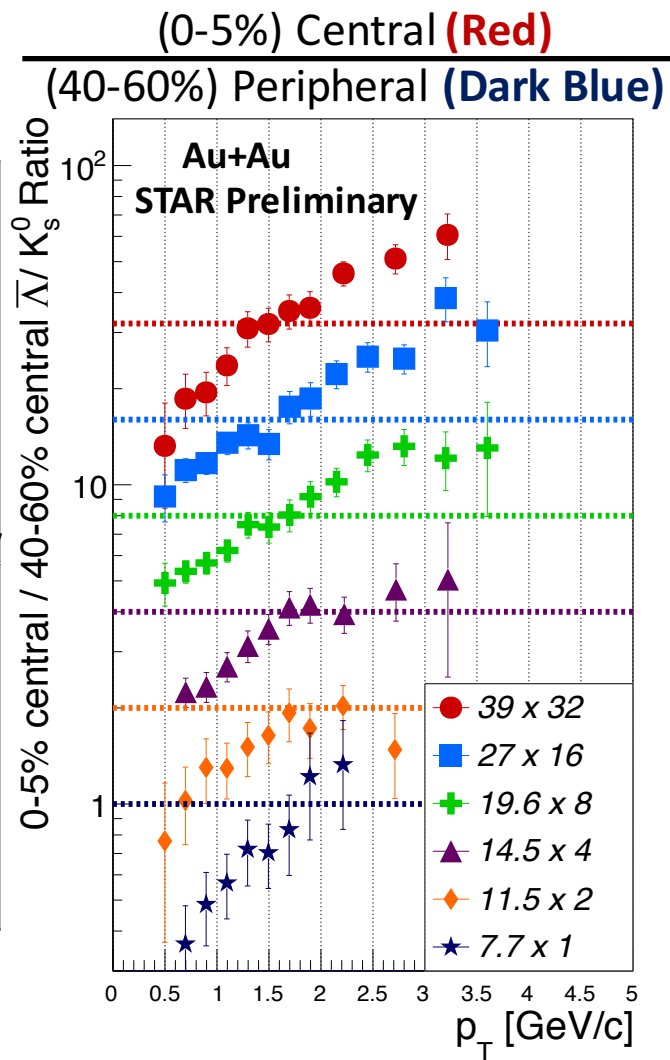
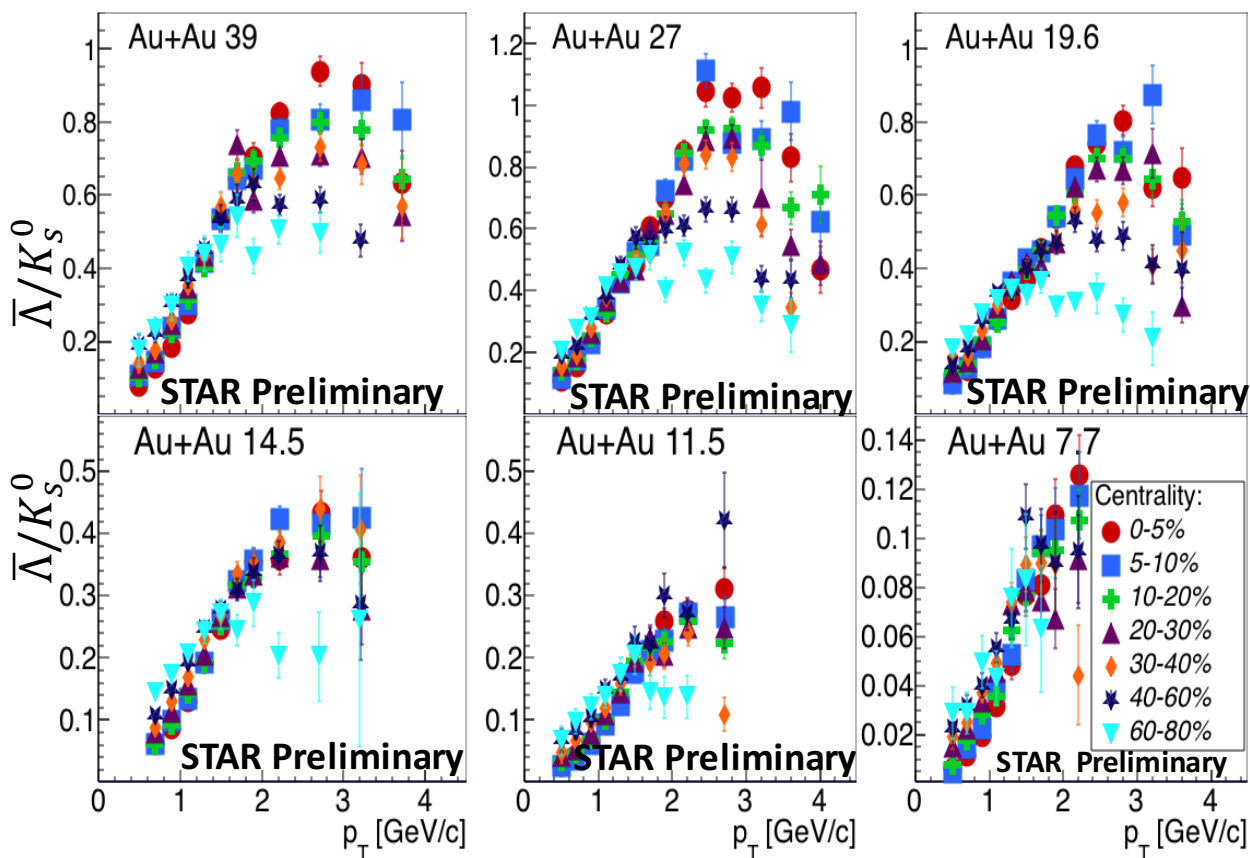
- R_{CP} from $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 14.5$ GeV in both light and strange hadrons agrees with the trends from other BES I energies
- No evidence of suppression at intermediate p_T in the R_{CP} of all species for energies at and below $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 14.5$ GeV
- Baryon/Meson ratios show evidence for change in collision dynamics for $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ below 19.6 GeV

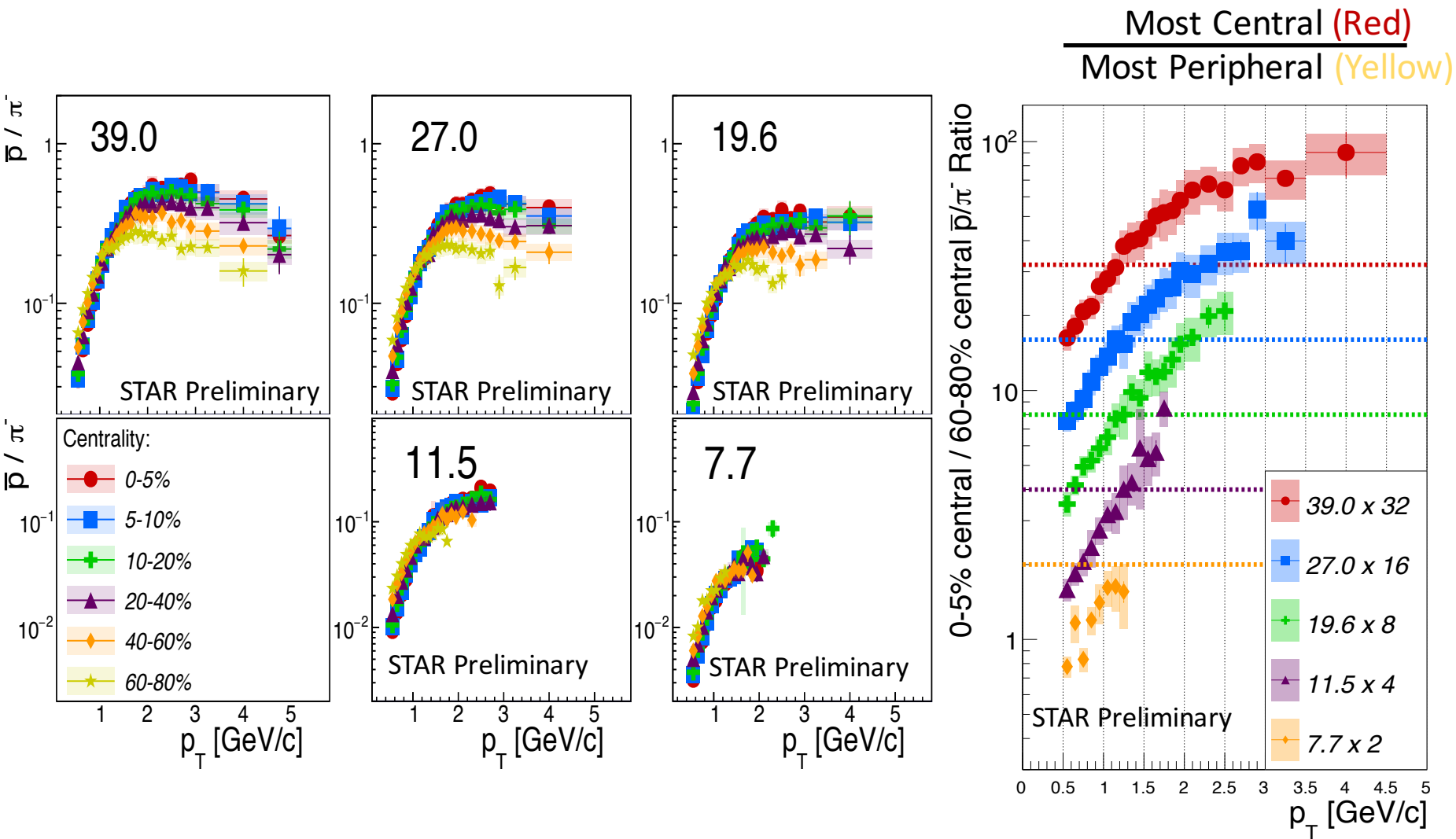
Beam Energy Scan Phase II is needed for conclusive results

- More statistics – push kinematic reach to higher p_T
- More energies below $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 20$ GeV

THANK YOU

Statistical Uncertainty Only

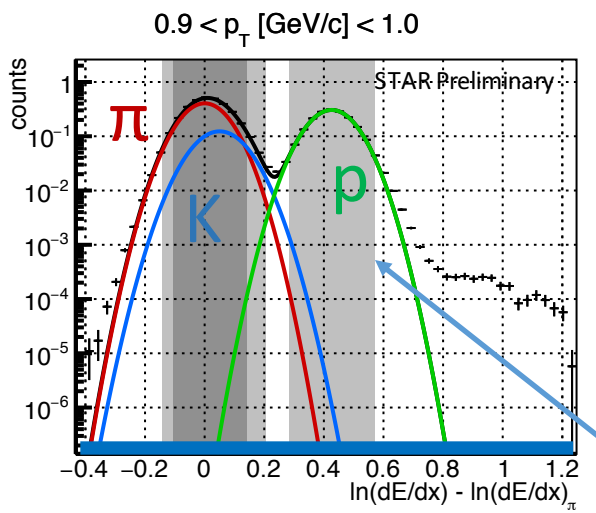
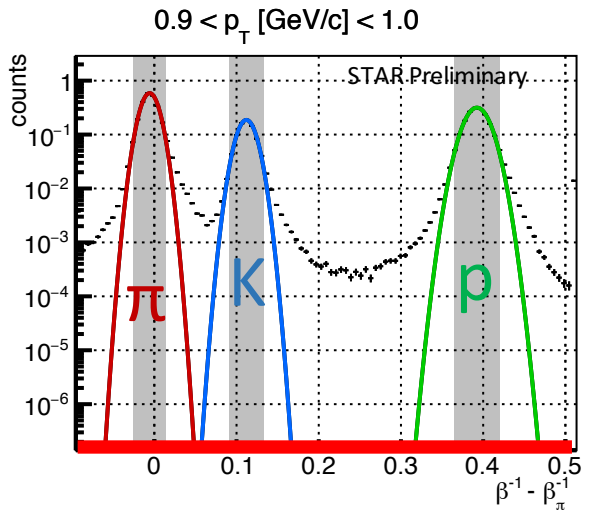






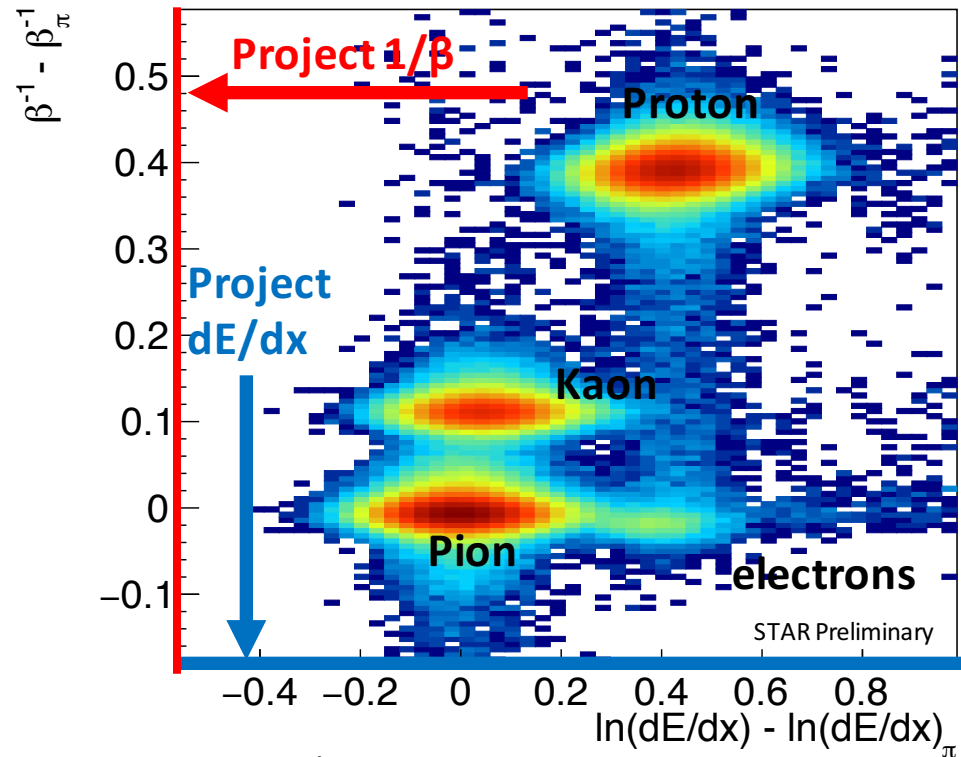
STAR ☆ $\pi^{+(-)}, K^{+(-)},$ and (anti-)proton particle identification

Extract yields by simultaneously fitting the dE/dx and $1/\beta$ distributions.



Combined TPC + TOF for a single p_T bin

Positive Tracks : $0.9 < p_T$ [GeV/c] < 1.0



- Grey bands show $\pm 2\sigma$ around each particle peak
- The pion and kaon peaks are merged in dE/dx but are still well separated in $1/\beta$
- The black band is the total fit result