



#### Strangeness Production in STAR Beam Energy Scan

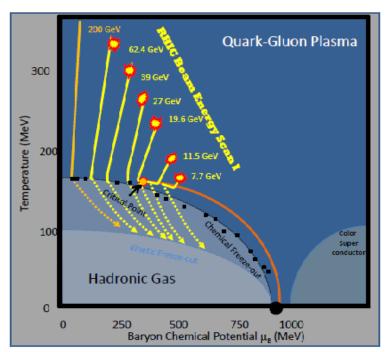
# Xianglei Zhu, Tsinghua University For the STAR Collaboration 11/17/2014



#### **Outline**

- STAR beam energy scan (BES)
- Chemical freeze-out parameters
- Turn-off of QGP signatures
  - ➤ Nuclear modification factors
  - ➤ Baryon/meson enhancement
- Summary

#### STAR BES: study QCD phase diagram



➤ Beam Energy Scan at RHIC

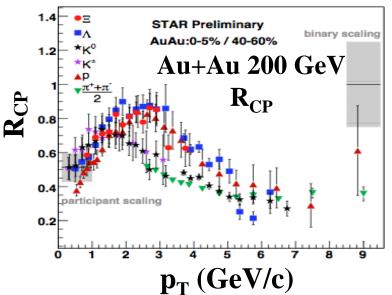
Look for onset of de-confinement,

phase boundary and critical point

Systematic study of Au+Au collisions

at 7.7, 11.5, 14.5, 19.6, 27, 39 GeV

(BES phase I)



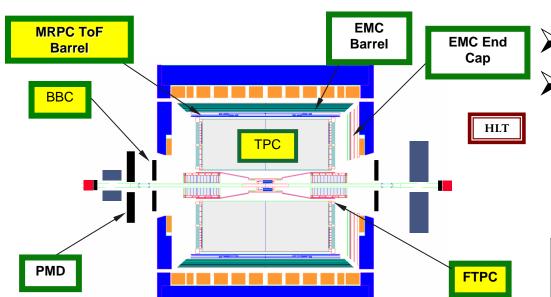
- >Key observables on de-confinement
  - (1) Baryon/meson ratio

Parton recombination

#### (2) Nuclear modification factor

Partonic energy loss & recombination STAR, arXiv:1007.2613

#### **Detector settings during STAR BES 2010-2011**



Collisions: Au+Au
Collisions centrality
from uncorrected  $dN_{ch}/d\eta$  in  $|\eta| < 0.5$ 

4	Au + Au at Run10, lv <sub>z</sub> l < 50 cm			
$\frac{10^{-1} \text{ Mp}}{10^{-2}} \frac{10^{-2} \text{ Mp}}{10^{-6}} \frac{10^{-6} \text{ Mp}}{10^{-6}}$	Data • 7.7 GeV * • 11.5 GeV • 39 GeV	MC 		
T 10 <sup>-2</sup>	62.4 GeV 200 GeV	STAR pr	eliminary	
$2^{5}$ $10^{-3}$	See 1			
10 <sup>-4</sup>	top 10%	top 10%		
$2^{\circ}$ 10 <sup>-5</sup>	dot	dot	et -	
10-6	000	400		
Ü	200	400	600	
	Uncorrected N <sub>ah</sub>			

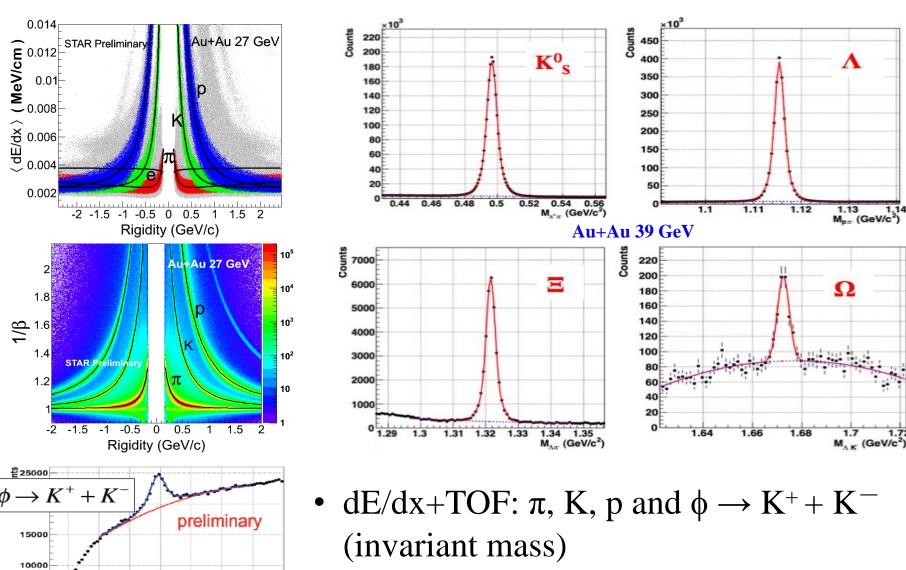
Year	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	Minimum bias events in Million
2010	7.7	~ 4 M
2010	11.5	~ 12 M
2011	19.6	~ 36 M
2011	27	~ 70 M
2010	39	~ 130 M
2014*	14.5	~ 20 M

<sup>\*</sup> not analyzed yet

#### Particle identification and reconstruction

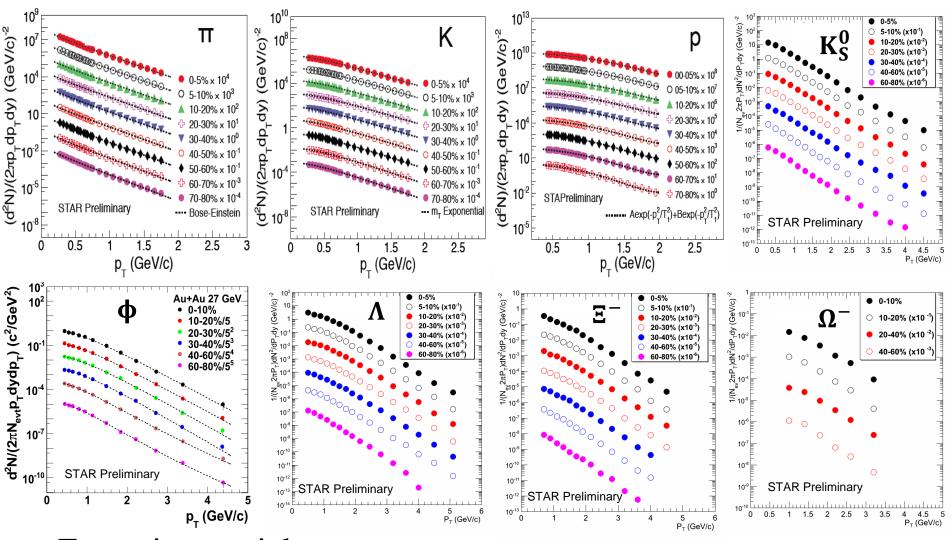
5000

1.01 1.02 1.03 1.04 1.05 1.06 M<sub>K 'K'</sub> (GeV/c<sup>2</sup>)



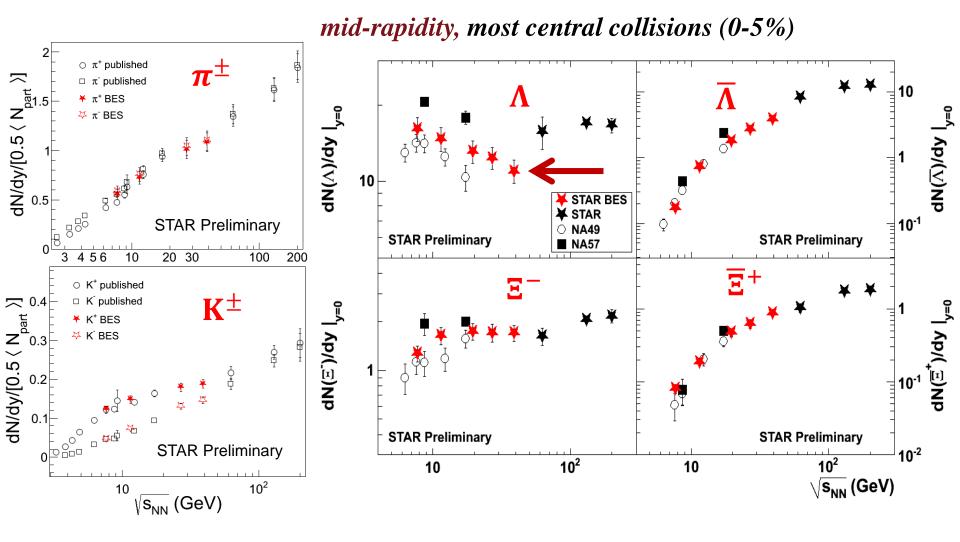
• Weak decay particles  $(K_S^0, \Lambda, \Xi, \Omega)$ , secondary vertex + invariant mass

#### p<sub>T</sub> spectra (27 GeV)



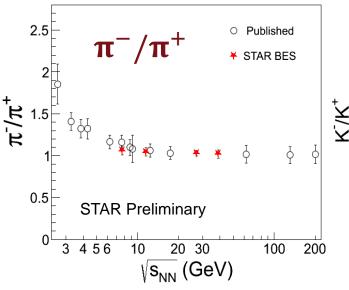
- Extensive particle spectra
- $\Lambda(\overline{\Lambda})$  spectra are weak decay feed-down corrected

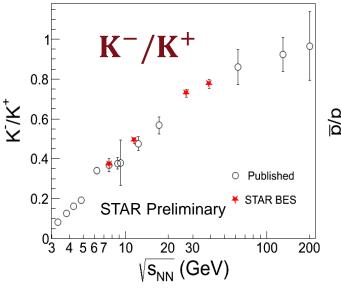
#### Particle yields

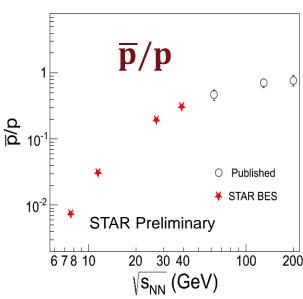


- STAR results are consistent with published data in general
- A yields show dip at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 39 \text{ GeV}$

#### Particle ratios





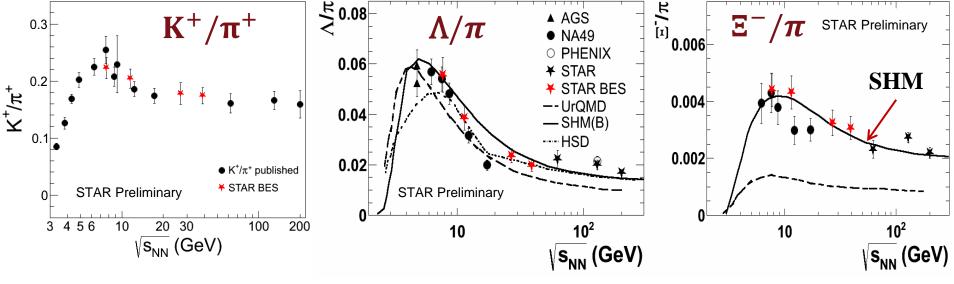


most central (0-5%) statistical and systematic errors added in quadrature

• Anti-particle to particle ratios at BES energies follows a systematic trend with beam energy.

BRAHMS: PRL 90, 102301 (2003) Becattini et al. PRC 64, 024901 (2001)

#### Particle ratios



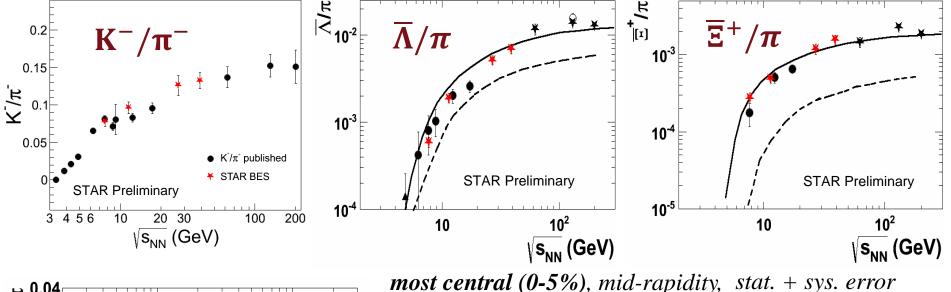
**RHIC BES** 

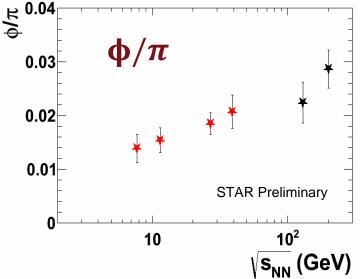
J. Randrup et al., PRC 74, 047901 (2006)

most central (0-5%), mid-rapidity, stat. + sys. error

- ➤ Particle ratios consistent with NA49, consistent with the picture of a maximum net-baryon density around  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \sim 8$  GeV at freeze-out
- Associate production channels like  $N + N \rightarrow N + \Lambda + K^+$  may be important for  $K^+$  production, N is nucleon

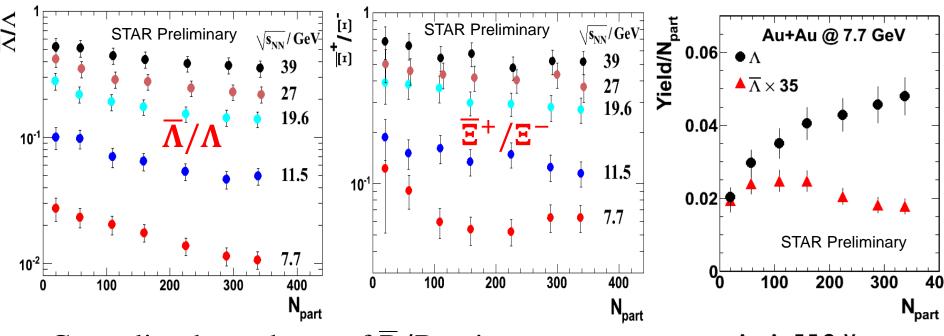
#### **Particle ratios**



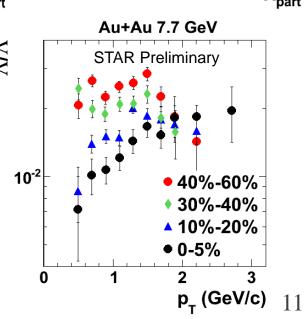


- □ Clear  $K^-$ ,  $\overline{\Lambda}$ ,  $\overline{\Xi}^+$  yield enhancement compared to pions with increasing collision energy
- $\Box$  Similar behavior for hidden strangeness  $\phi(s\bar{s})$

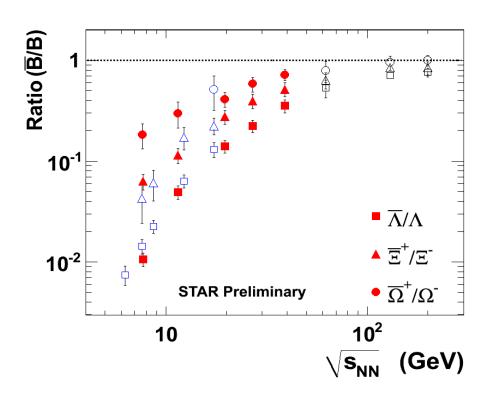
#### Anti-baryon to baryon ratio (centrality dependence)



- Centrality dependence of  $\overline{B}/B$  ratios: peripheral > central
- This effect is more prominent at lower energies.
   baryon stopping, absorption
- Absorption: loss of low  $p_T$   $\overline{\Lambda}$  in central collisions



#### **Anti-baryon to baryon ratio (excitation function)**



Solid red: STAR BES;

Open black: STAR published;

Open blue: NA49

central collisions (0-5%)

- STAR BES data lie in a trend with NA49 data
- $\overline{B}/B$  ratios increase with number of strange quarks at low energies  $\overline{\Omega}^+/\Omega^- > \overline{\Xi}^+/\Xi^- > \overline{\Lambda}/\Lambda$

$$n_{i} = \frac{g_{i}}{(2\pi^{2})} \gamma_{S}^{|S_{i}|} m_{i}^{2} T K_{2}(m_{i}/T) \exp(\mu_{i}/T)$$

$$\frac{\overline{\Lambda}}{\Lambda} = \exp(-\frac{2\mu_{B}}{T} + \frac{2\mu_{S}}{T}) \qquad \ln(\frac{\overline{\Lambda}}{\Lambda}) = -\frac{2\mu_{B}}{T} + \frac{2\mu_{S}}{T}$$

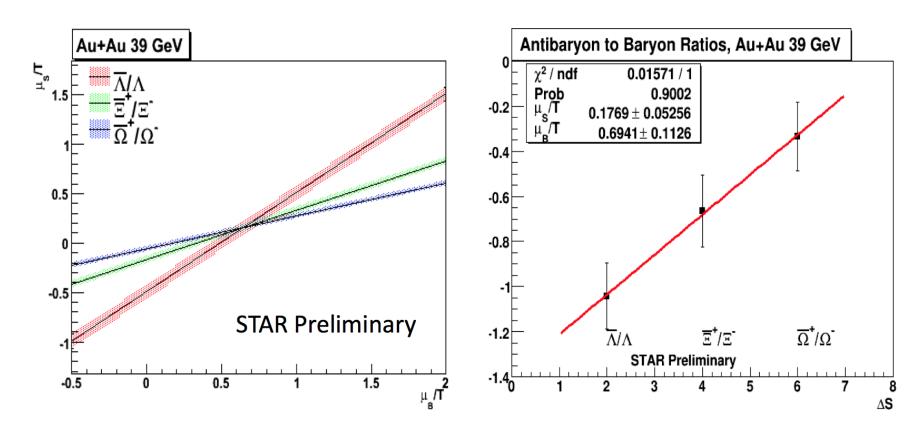
$$\frac{\overline{\Xi}^{+}}{\Xi^{-}} = \exp(-\frac{2\mu_{B}}{T} + \frac{4\mu_{S}}{T}) \qquad \ln(\frac{\overline{\Xi}^{+}}{\Xi^{-}}) = -\frac{2\mu_{B}}{T} + \frac{4\mu_{S}}{T}$$

$$\frac{\overline{\Omega}^{+}}{\Omega^{-}} = \exp(-\frac{2\mu_{B}}{T} + \frac{6\mu_{S}}{T}) \qquad \ln(\frac{\overline{\Omega}^{+}}{\Omega^{-}}) = -\frac{2\mu_{B}}{T} + \frac{6\mu_{S}}{T}$$

- T is the temperature.
- $\mu_B$  is the baryon chemical potential.
- ullet  $\mu_{\text{S}}$  is the strangeness chemical potential.

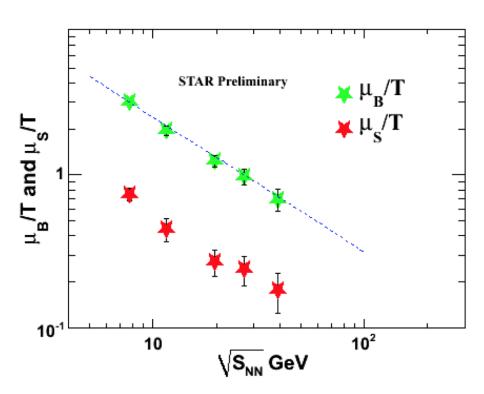
(arXiv:nucl-th/9704046v1 by J.Cleymans & Phys. Rev. C 71(2005)054901)

$$\ln(Ratio) = -\frac{2\mu_B}{T} + \frac{\mu_S}{T} \times \Delta S$$



#### Cross the same point and straight line

→ Thermal statistical fit works!



$$T \approx T_0 - b\mu_B^2$$

$$\mu_B = \alpha \frac{\log \sqrt{S_{NN}}}{(\sqrt{S_{NN}})^{\beta}}$$
Where:
$$T_0 = 167.5 MeV$$

$$b = 0.1583 GeV^{-2}$$

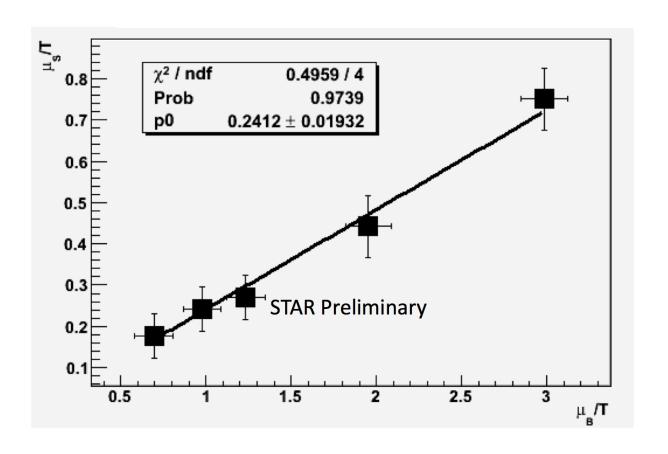
$$\alpha = 2.06$$

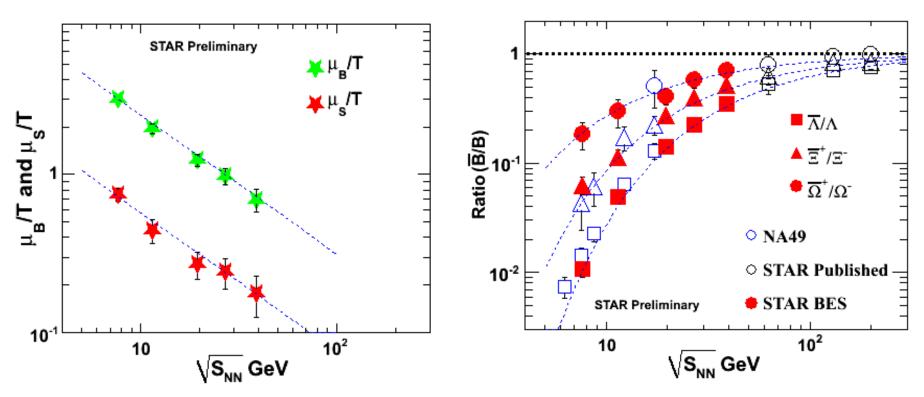
$$\beta = 1.13$$

Parameters are from the fitting of published data of AGS, SPS and RHIC 130 GeV data.

Reference: F.Becattini et al. Phys Rev C 73, 044905 (2006)

#### $\mu_s$ and $\mu_B$ correlation



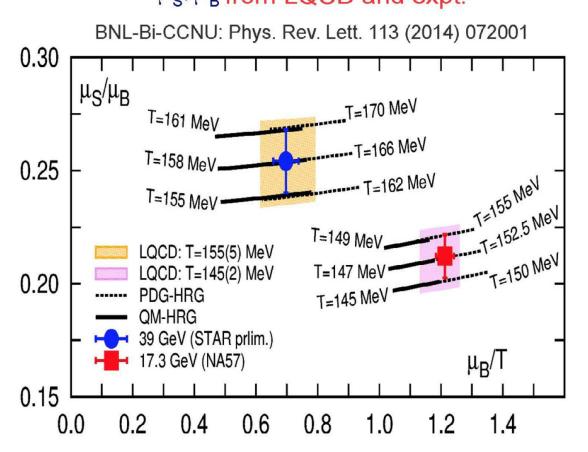


 $T(\mu_B)$  parameterization is from the fitting of published data of AGS, SPS and RHIC 130 GeV data.

F.Becattini et al. Phys Rev C 73, 044905 (2006)

• Anti-baryon to baryon ratios are consistent with statistical thermal model

# Strangeness, LQCD and freeze-out in HIC freeze-out T by comparing $\mu_{\text{S}}/\mu_{\text{B}}$ from LQCD and expt.

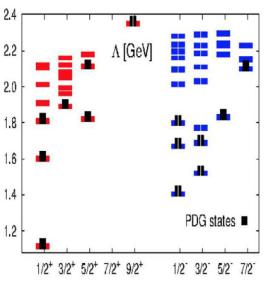


indirect evidence for so-far undiscovered strange baryons at RHIC?

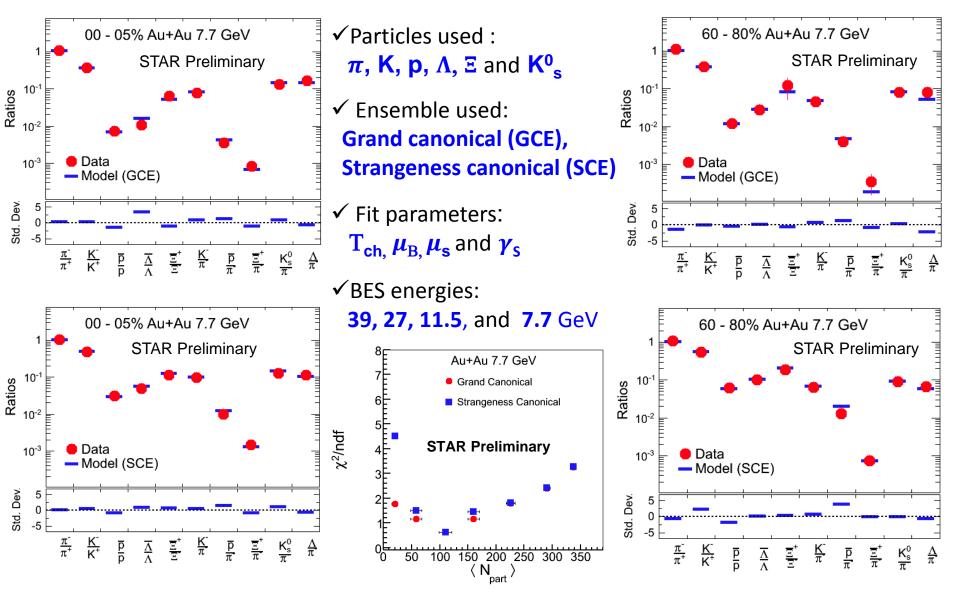
#### Swagato Mukherjee, Mon

not reproduced by hadron gas with only PDG states

reproduced when additional Quark Model (QM) predicted strange baryons are taken into account

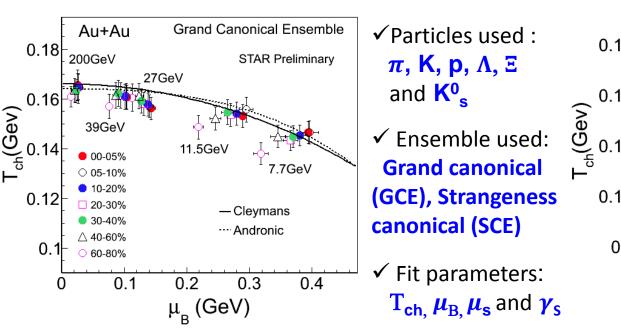


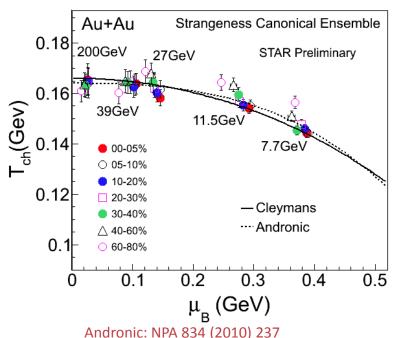
#### Chemical freeze-out parameters



Thermus, S. Wheaton & J. Cleymans, Comput. Phys. Commun. 180: 84-106, 2009.

#### Chemical freeze-out parameters: $T_{ch}$ vs. $\mu_B$



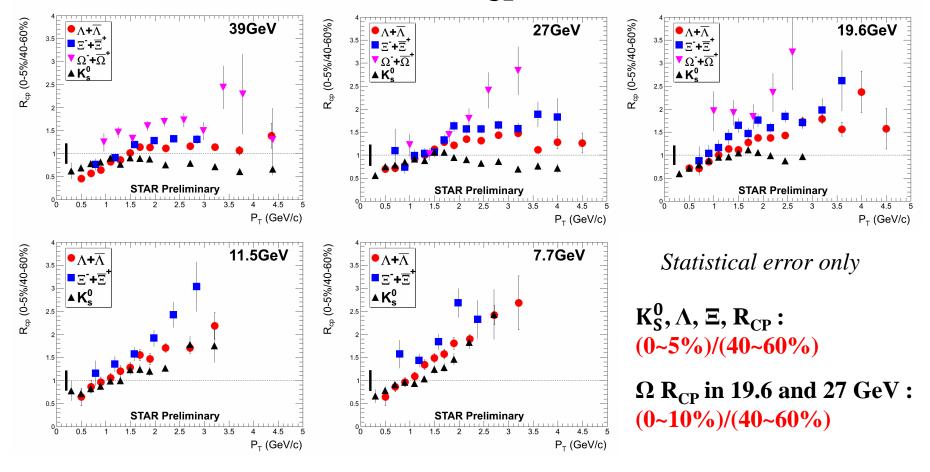


Cleymans: PRC 73 (2006) 034905

Au+Au 200 GeV: Phys. Rev. C 83 (2011) 24901

- ➤ Central collisions: Grand canonical (GCE) and Strangeness canonical (SCE) provide consistent results on chemical freeze-out parameters.
- ➤ Peripheral collisions: GCE and SCE results not consistent, more detailed study is on-going.

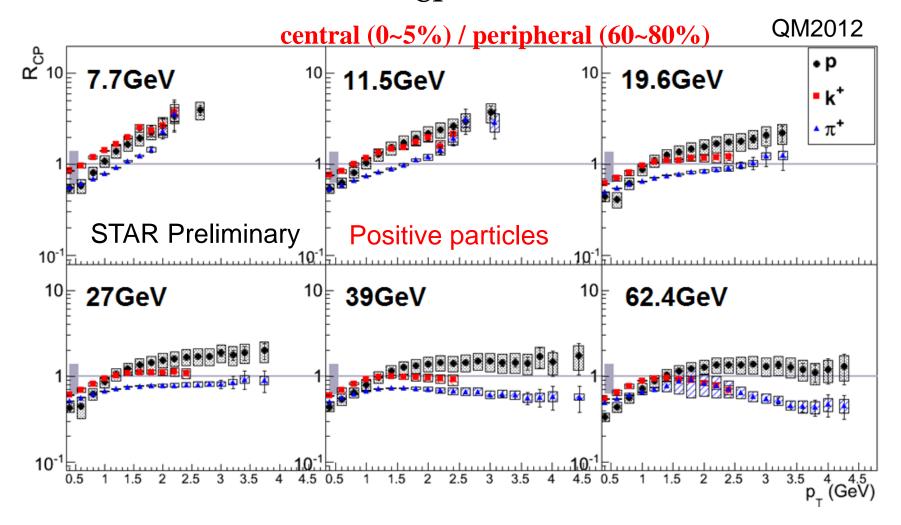
#### Open strange hadrons $R_{CP}$



#### $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \leq 11.5 \text{ GeV},$

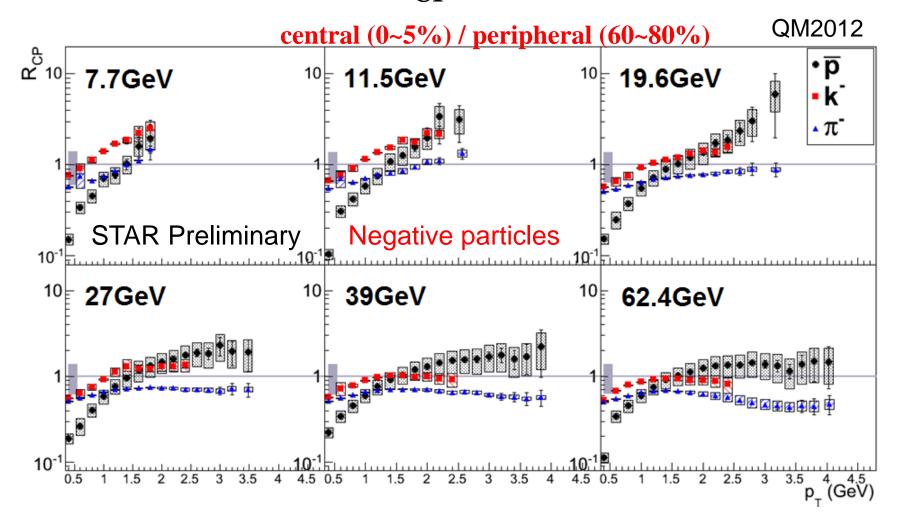
- $K_S^0 R_{CP}$  larger than unity for  $p_T > 1.5 \text{ GeV/c}$
- R<sub>CP</sub> particle type (baryon/meson) difference at intermediate p<sub>T</sub> (2~3 GeV/c) becomes less obvious

#### Charged particles R<sub>CP</sub>



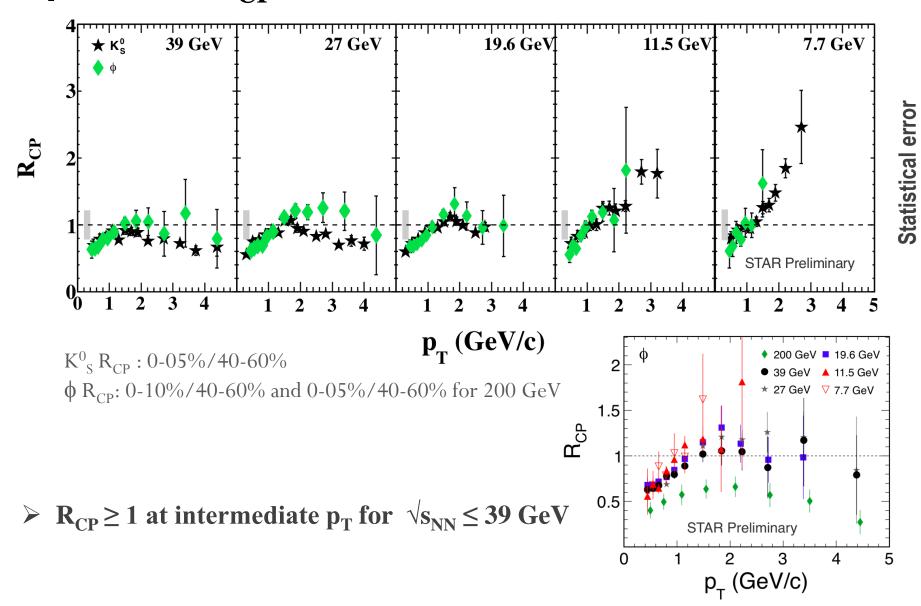
•  $K^{\pm}$  and  $\pi^{\pm}$   $R_{CP}$  larger than unity (for  $p_T > 2$  GeV/c) at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \le 11.5$  GeV

#### Charged particles R<sub>CP</sub>

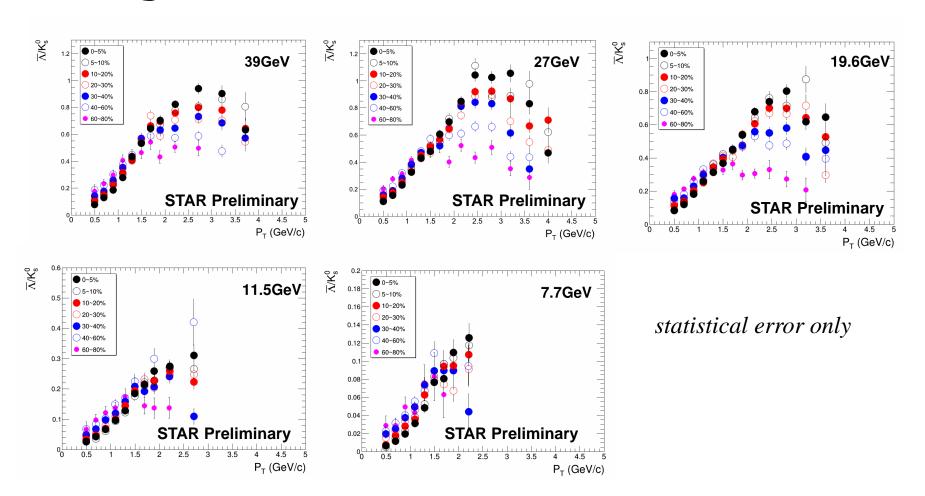


•  $K^{\pm}$  and  $\pi^{\pm}$   $R_{CP}$  larger than unity (for  $p_T > 2$  GeV/c) at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \le 11.5$  GeV

#### $\phi$ meson $R_{CP}$

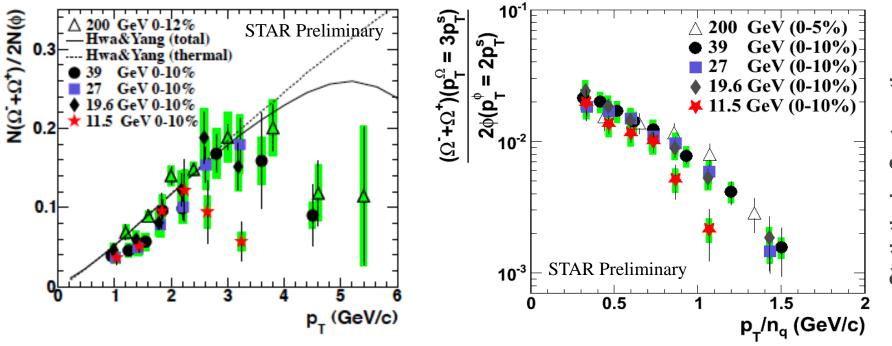


# $\overline{\Lambda}/K_S^0$ ratio



At  $p_T \sim 2 \text{GeV/c}$ , the  $\overline{\Lambda}/\text{K}_S^0$  magnitude decreases with decreasing energy, the separation of central and peripheral decreases as well

## $\Omega$ / $\phi$ ratio



- Intermediate  $p_T \Omega/\phi$  ratios: Indication of separation between  $\geq 19.6$  and 11.5 GeV.  $\chi^2/ndf$  for deviation between 11.5 and 19.6 GeV ( $p_T > 2.4$  GeV/c) is 8.3/2
- Perived strange quark  $p_T$  distributions show a trend of separation between  $\geq 19.6$  and 11.5 GeV.

### Summary & outlook

- Measurements of strange hadron production in STAR beam energy scan.
- Chemical freeze-out parameters extracted with thermal statistical model
- $K_S^0$ ,  $K^\pm$  and  $\pi^\pm$   $R_{CP}$  larger than unity at intermediate  $p_T$  for  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \le 11.5$  GeV
- At  $p_T \sim 2 \text{GeV/c}$ , the  $\overline{\Lambda}/\text{K}_S^0$  ratio decreases with decreasing energy, the separation of central and peripheral decreases as well
- $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$  = 14.5 GeV Au+Au collisions data have been taken in 2014, to complete BES phase I
- BES phase II is planned for 2018-2019!