



Critical Point and Onset of Deconfinement
7 - 11 November 2011, Wuhan, China



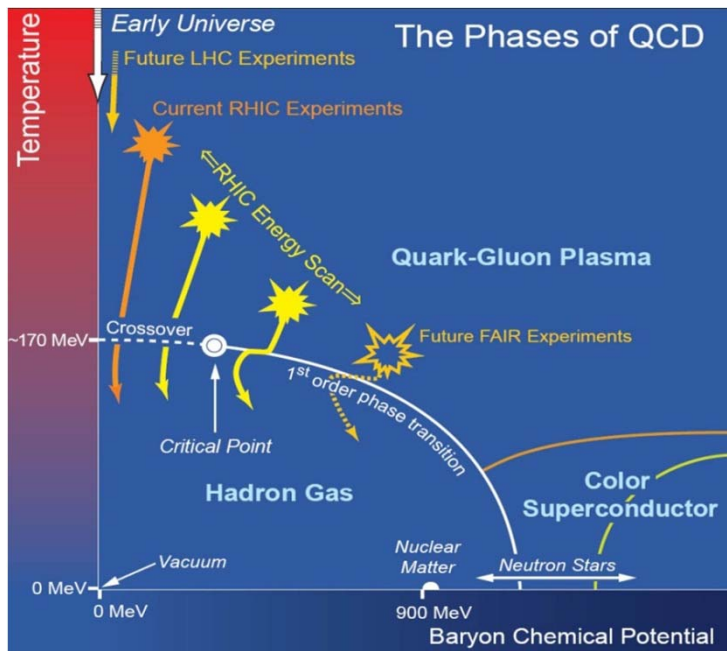
Probing QCD phase diagram with ϕ meson production in STAR BES program

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For the STAR Collaboration

- QCD phase transition and ϕ meson production
- Spectra and elliptic flow (v_2) results and discussions
- Summary and outlook

Motivation: study QCD phase diagram



➤ **Beam Energy Scan at RHIC**
 Look for **onset of de-confinement, phase boundary** and critical point
 Systematic study of Au+Au collisions at 5.0, 7.7, 11.5, 19.6, 27, 39, 62.4 GeV

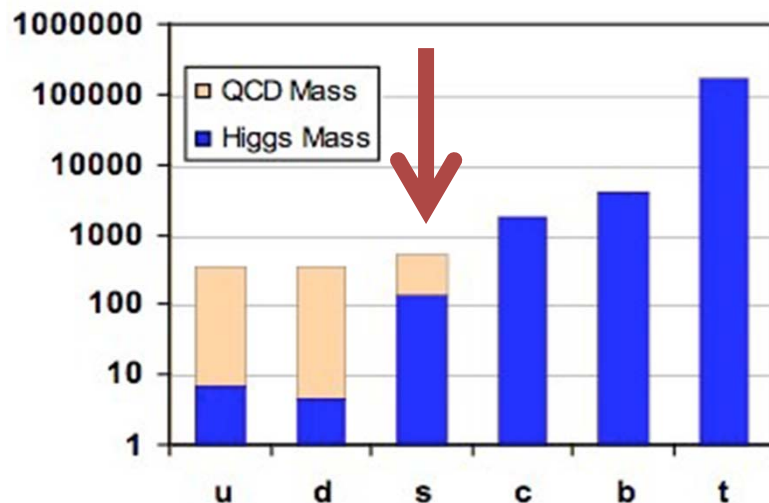
➤ Observables on de-confinement

(1) Strangeness enhancement

Temperature \uparrow , s quark mass \downarrow
 $m_s(\text{QCD}) > T_c > m_s(\text{current})$

(2) Number-of-Constituent-Quark (NCQ) scaling of elliptic flow

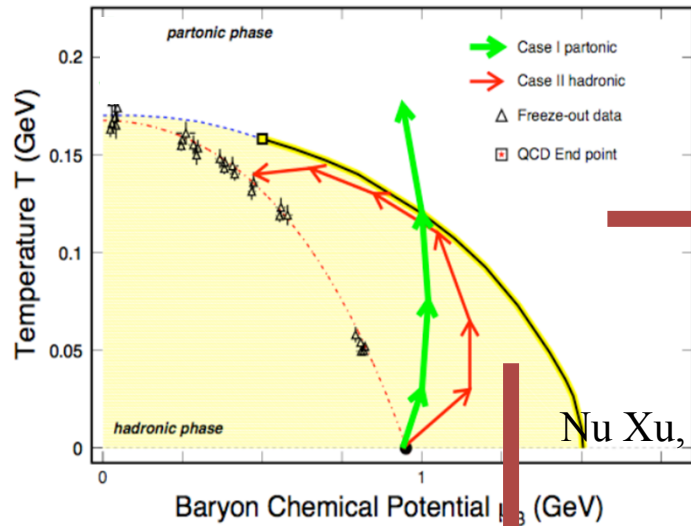
partonic v.s. hadronic degree of freedom



<http://drupal.star.bnl.gov/STAR/starnotes/public/sn0493>; B. Müller, SQM 2011;

<http://www.physik.uni-bielefeld.de/xqcd/talks/bazavov.pdf>

ϕ meson v_2 — A key measurement



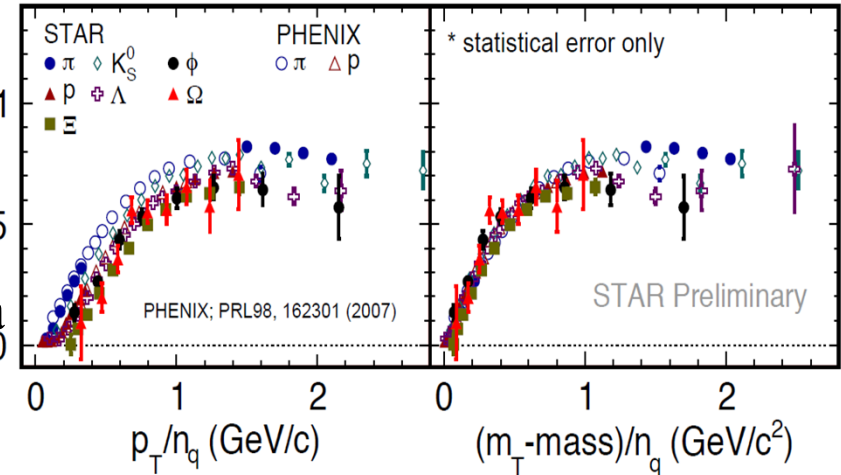
partonic

v_2/n_q

RHIC Data

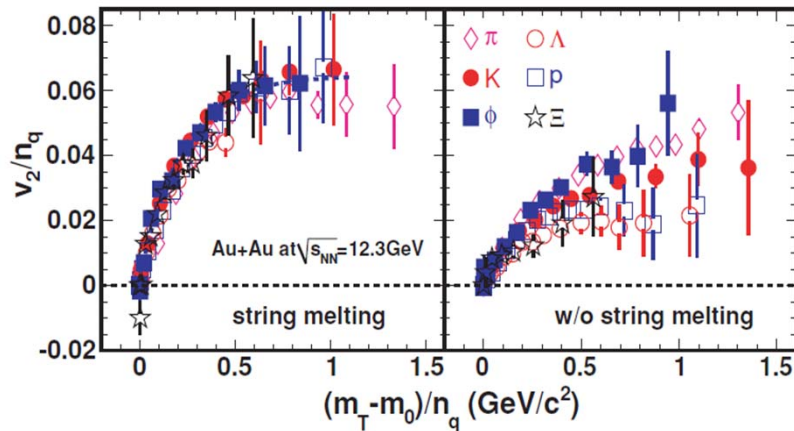
Nu Xu, SQM2009

Minimum bias, Au + Au at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV



AMPT model

hadronic



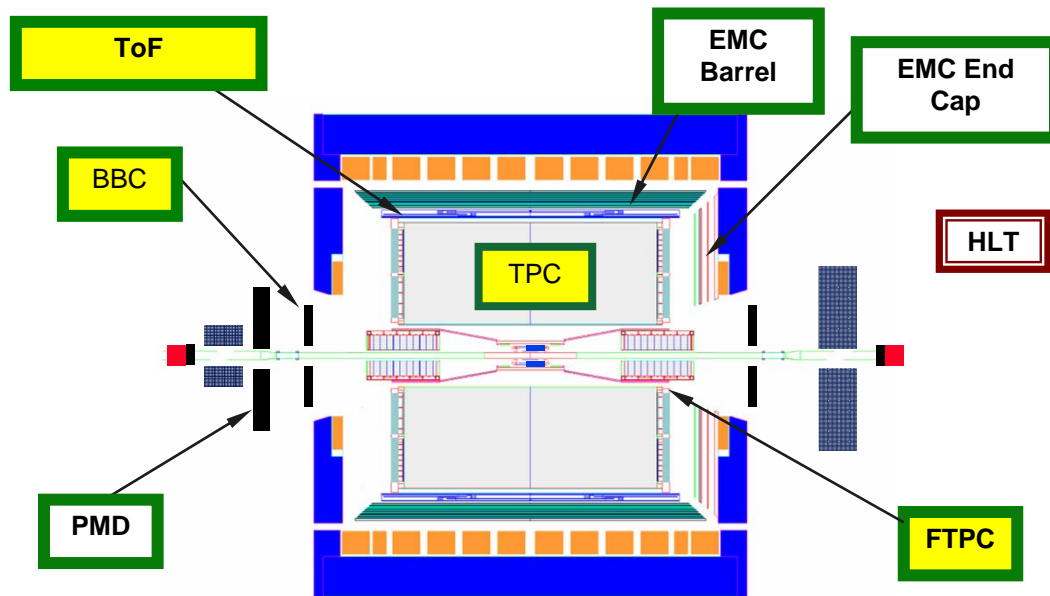
- ✓ mass: proton $\sim \phi(s\bar{s}) \sim \Lambda$
- ✓ ϕ : meson, proton & Λ : baryon
- ✓ $s + \bar{s} \rightarrow \phi$ not $K^+ + K^- \rightarrow \phi$
- ✓ **small hadronic cross section**

$$\sigma_{\phi\text{-hadron}} \ll \sigma_{p\text{-}\pi, \pi\text{-}\pi}$$

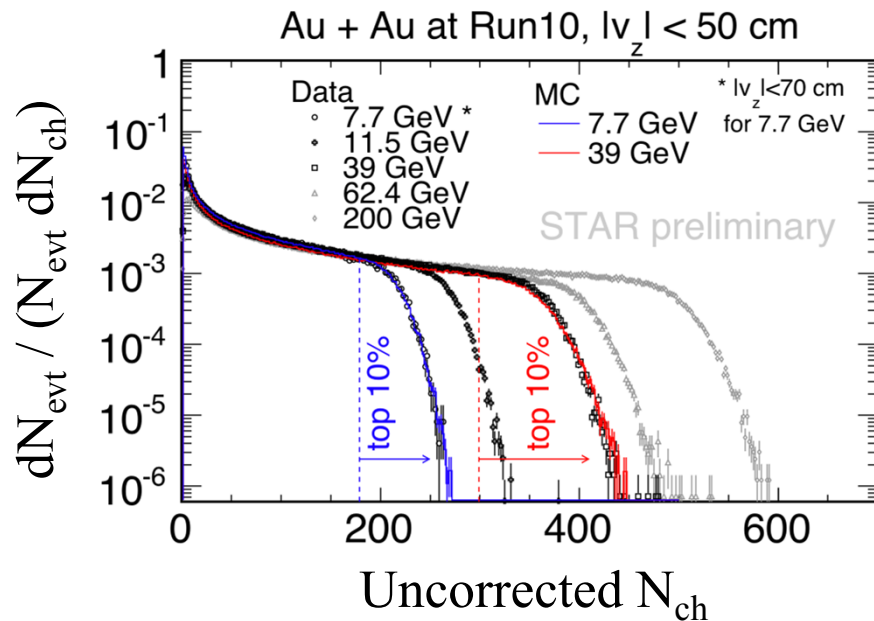
In the hadronic case, no number-of-quark scaling and the value of ϕ meson v_2 is expected to be small

Phys. Rev. C 79, 067901 (2009); J. Phys. G 36, 064022 (2009); J. Phys. G 37, 094029 (2010)

Detector settings during STAR BES 2010-2011

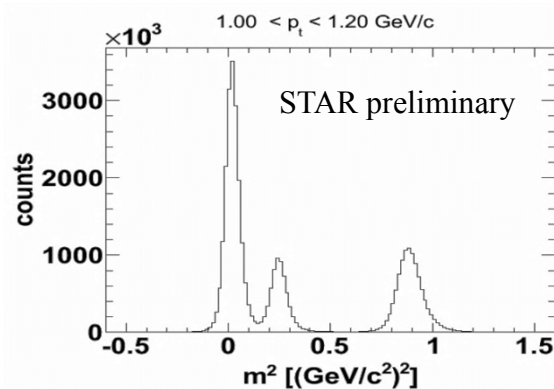
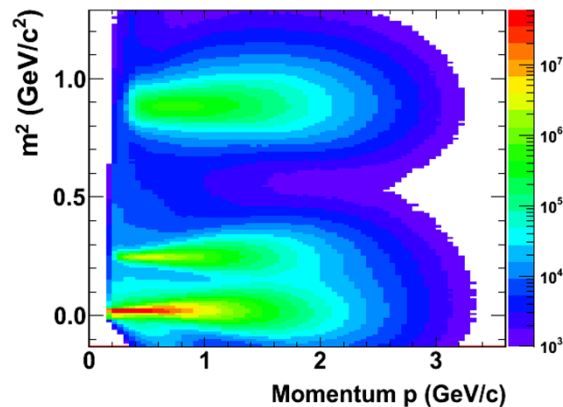
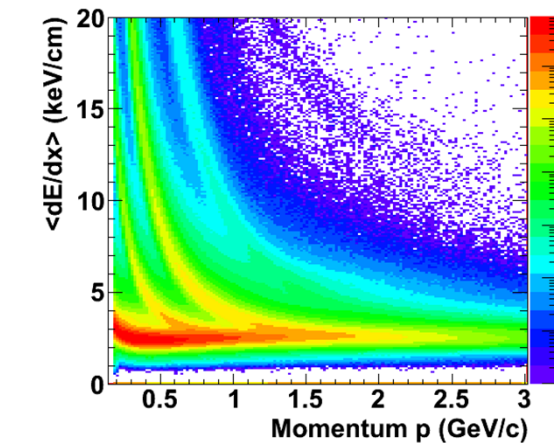


- Collisions: Au+Au
- Collisions centrality from uncorrected $dN_{ch}/d\eta$ in $|\eta| < 0.5$



$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	Good MB events in Million
5.0	
7.7	~ 4 M
11.5	~ 12 M
19.6	~ 36 M
27	~ 70 M
39	~ 130 M
62.4	~ 67 M

Particle identification and v_2 analysis



- **Time projection chamber (TPC)**

full azimuth, $|\eta| < 1$

dE/dx v.s. momentum

- **Barrel Time-Of-Flight (TOF)**

full azimuth, $|\eta| < 1$

Particle flight time

Clean separation of K, π up to $p_T = 1.6$ GeV/c

- $v_2 = \langle \cos 2(\varphi - \psi_2) / Res \rangle$

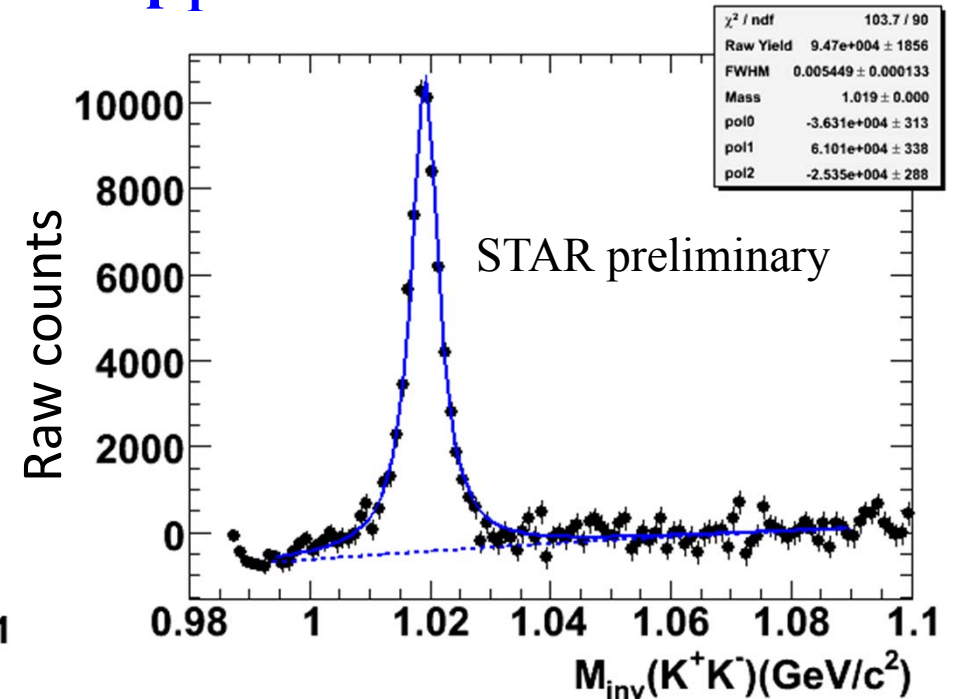
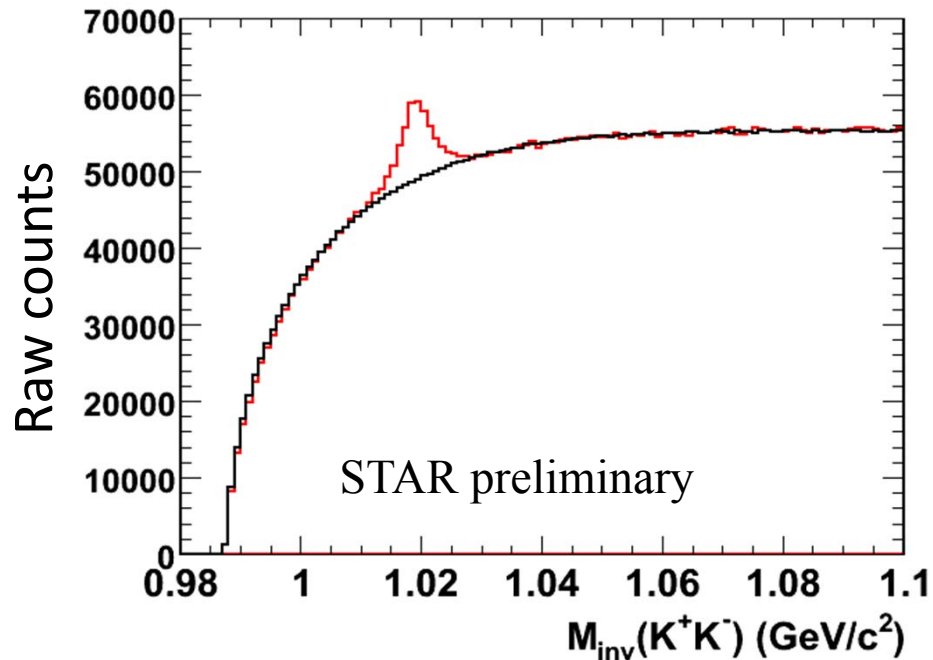
- **TPC η -sub event plane for v_2 analysis**

Non-flow effect reduced

η -sub event plane method: STAR, Phys. Rev. C 77, 054901 (2008)

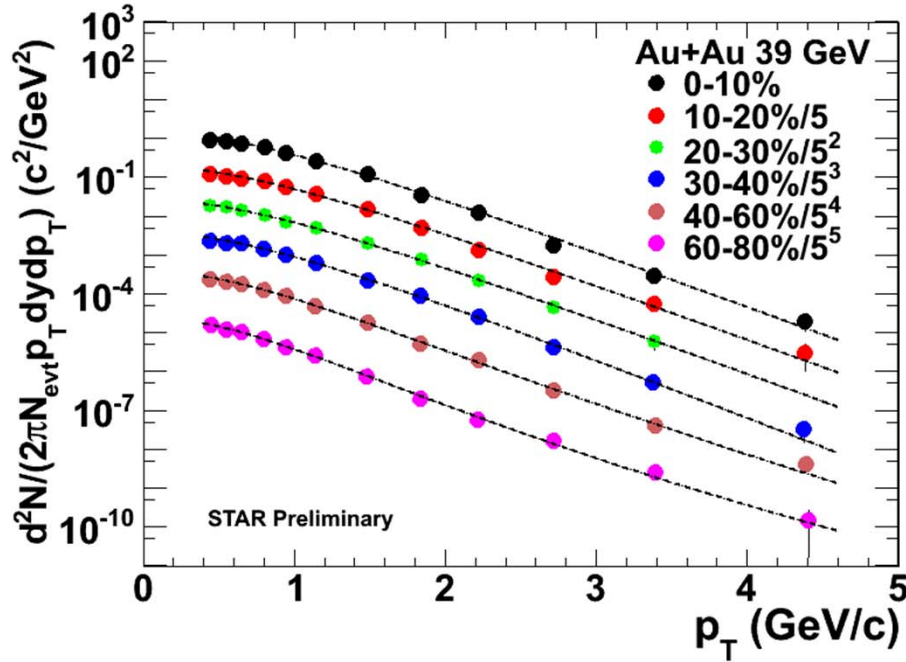
$\phi \rightarrow K^+ + K^-$ reconstruction

Au+Au 7.7 GeV $0.3 < p_T < 1.2$ GeV/c



- TPC particle identification (PID) is used for spectra analysis, TPC+TOF PID is used for v_2 analysis
- **Signal/Background of ϕ resonance significantly improved with additional TOF PID**

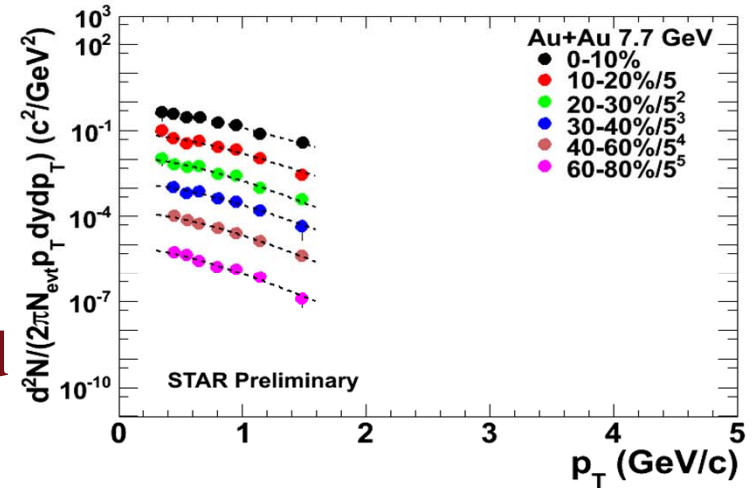
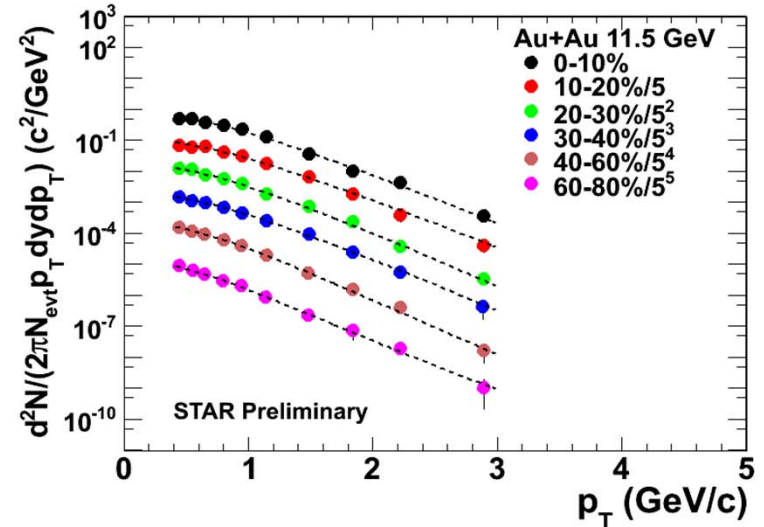
Spectra from $\phi \rightarrow K^+ + K^-$ decay channel



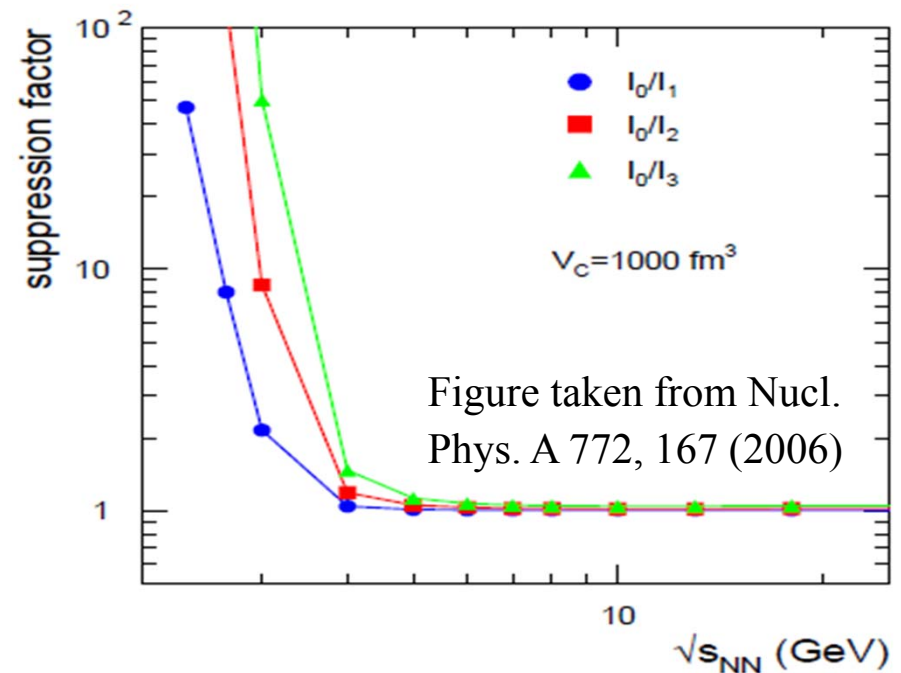
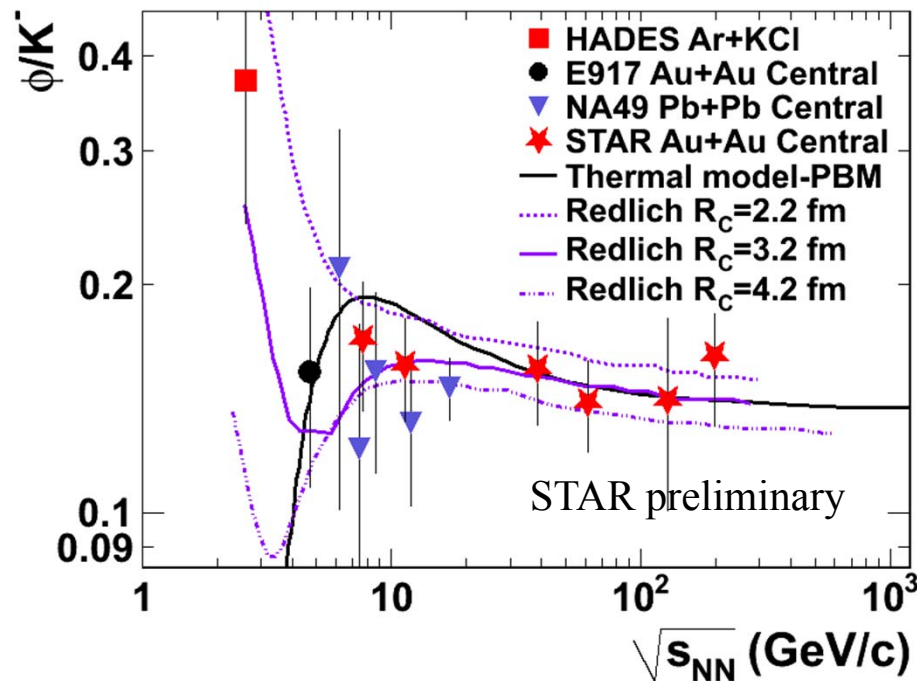
Statistical error only

- ϕ meson transverse momentum distribution can be well described by a Levy function

$$\frac{1}{2\pi p_T} \frac{d^2 N}{dp_T dy} = \frac{dN/dy}{2\pi n T (n T + m(n-2))} \frac{(n-1)(n-2)}{\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{p_T^2 + m^2} - m}{n T}\right)^{-n}}$$



ϕ/K^- ratio



HADES: Phys. Rev. C 80, 025209 (2009)

E917: Phys. Rev. C 69, 054901 (2004)

NA49: Phys. Rev. C 78, 044907 (2008)

STAR 62.4, 130 & 200 GeV: Phys. Rev. C 79, 064903 (2009)

Thermal model-PBM: Nucl. Phys. A 772, 167 (2006)

Redlich model: Phys. Lett. B 603, 146 (2004)

Statistical + systematical error

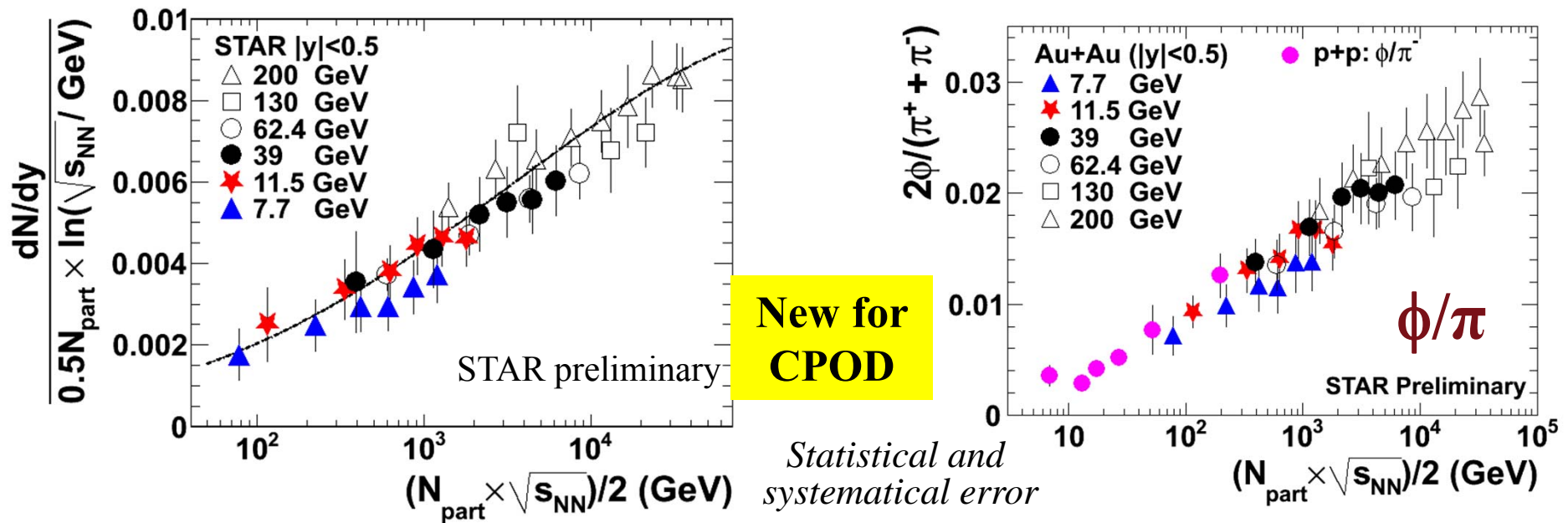
➤ ϕ/K^- ratio is sensitive to strangeness production mechanism

➤ PBM model: canonical suppression, canonical volume $V_C = 1000 \text{ fm}^3$

➤ Redlich model: strangeness correlation radius R_C : 2.2 – 4.2 fm

➤ More precise measurements at BES energies 5-10 GeV might be helpful

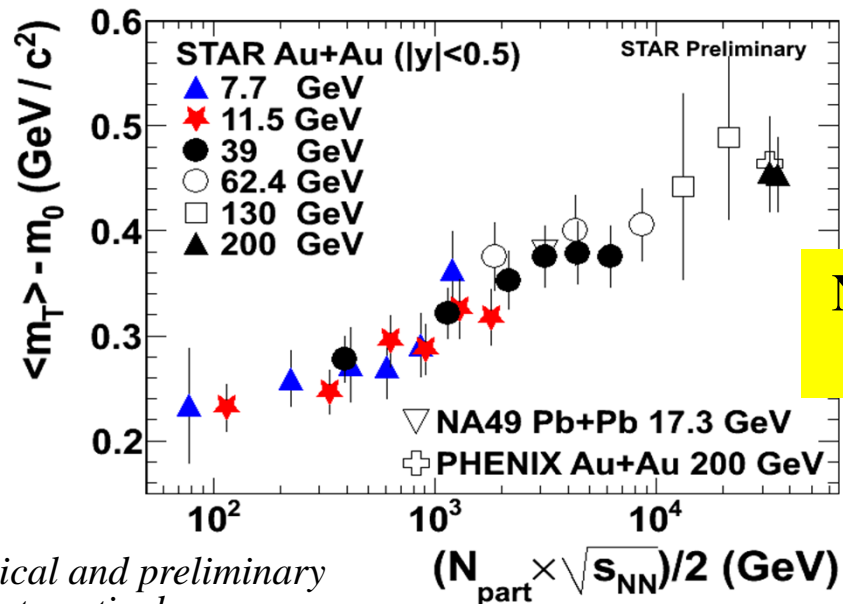
Scaling behavior of ϕ meson yields and ϕ/π ratio



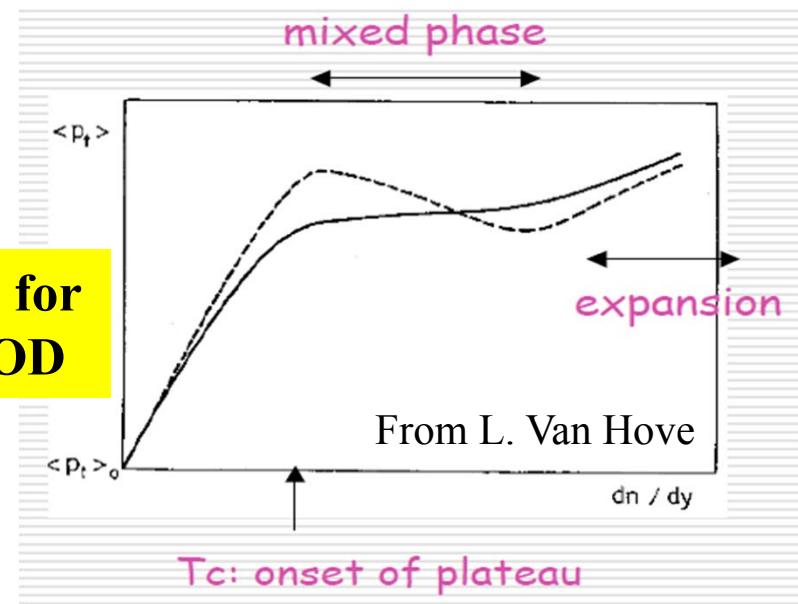
STAR 62.4, 130 & 200 GeV: Phys. Rev. C 79, 064903 (2009). ϕ data in pp are from Phys. Lett. B 491, 59 (2000), Phys. Rev. C 63, 024004 (2001), Phys. Lett. B 468, 7 (1999); *ibid.* 59, 88 (1975); *ibid.* 110, 326 (1982); Nucl. Phys. 186, 205 (1981); Z. Phys. C 9, 293 (1981). π data: STAR, L. Kumar, QM2011; Phys. Rev. C 79, 034909 (2009).

- dN/dy per participant pair scaled by $\ln\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}}$ v.s. \sim total collision energy
- **A common curve for above energies and collision centralities**
- ϕ/π ratio v.s. \sim total collision energy has the similar scaling
p+p data fall in the same trend!
- Increase of ϕ/π ratio with \sim total collision energy, **strangeness enhancement**

ϕ meson $\langle m_T \rangle - m_0$



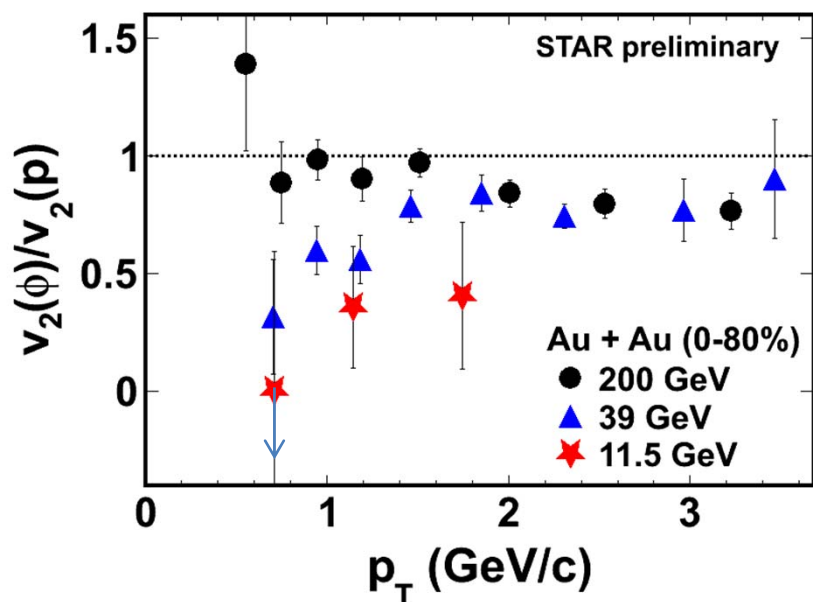
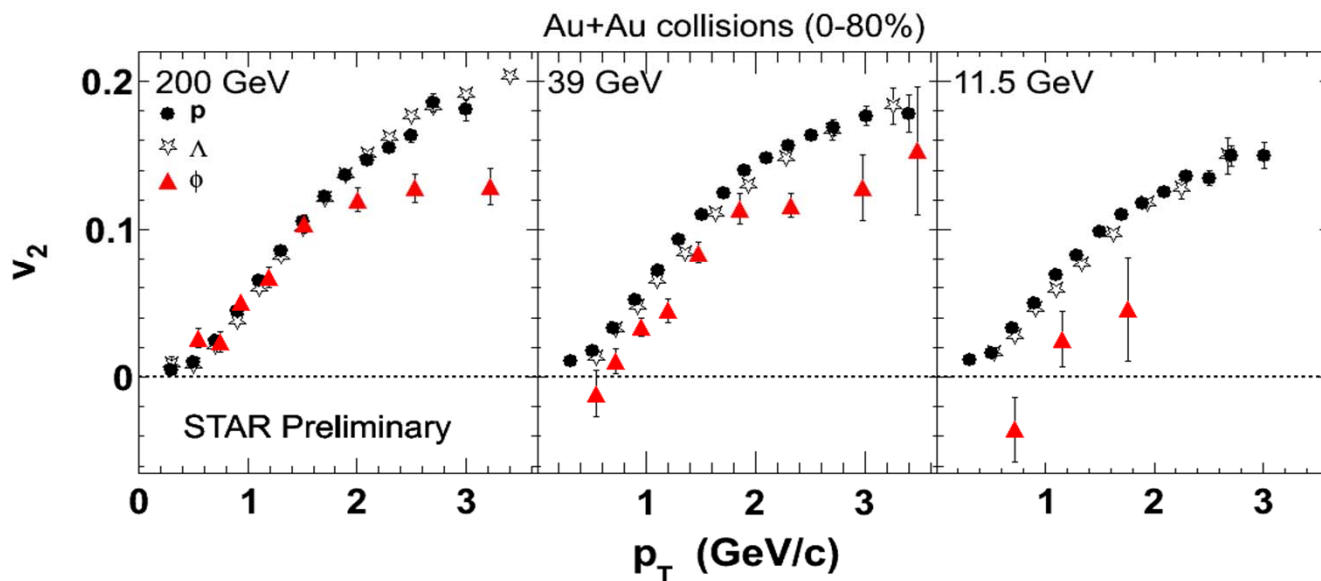
Statistical and preliminary systematical error



- $\langle m_T \rangle - m_0$ is sensitive to transverse expansion of the system
- Mixed phase: constant T and p, plateau structure is expected
- ϕ meson $\langle m_T \rangle - m_0$ v.s. \sim total collision energy
- **A common curve for above energies and collision centralities**
- ϕ meson $\langle m_T \rangle - m_0$ show a roughly increasing trend, more data are helpful to see if plateau exists

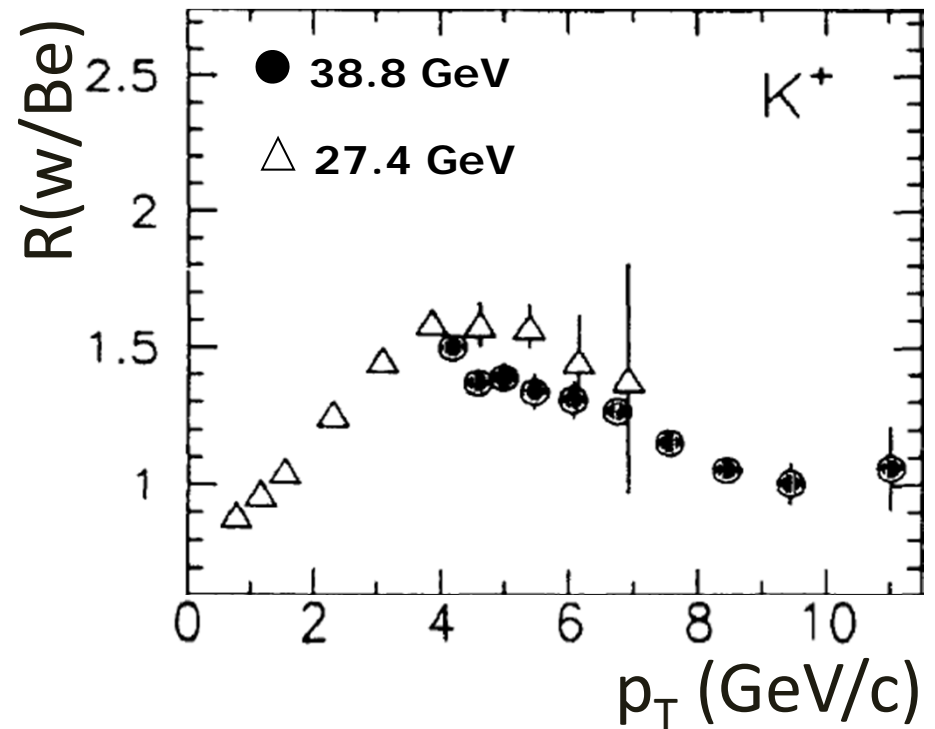
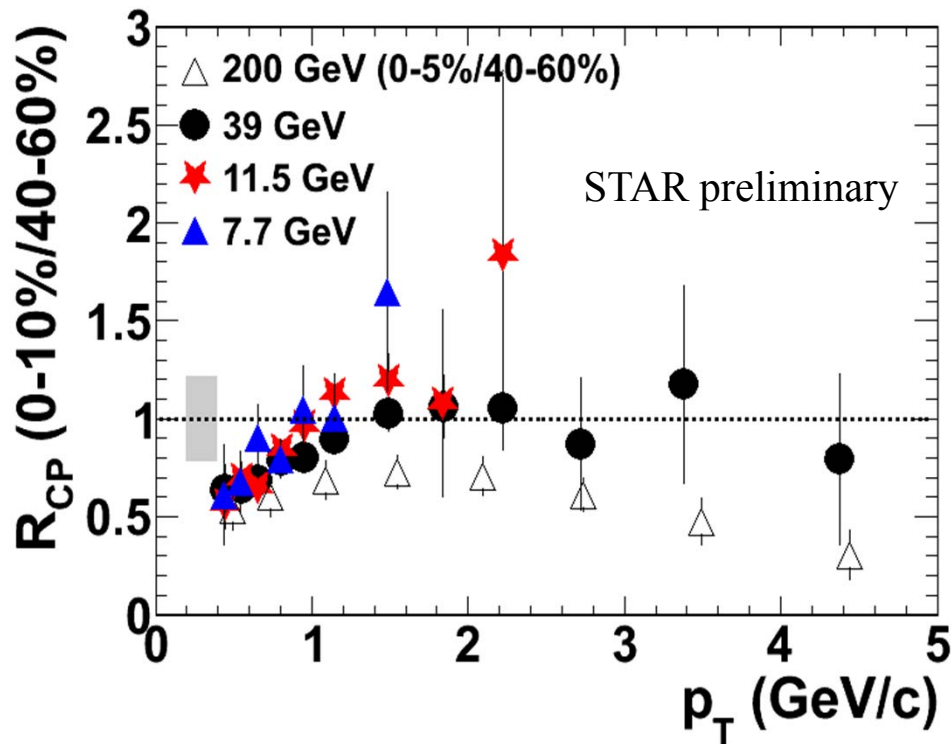
STAR 62.4, 130 & 200 GeV: Phys. Rev. C 79, 064903 (2009); PHENIX: Phys. Rev. C 72, 014903 (2005);
 NA49: Phys. Rev. C 78, 044907 (2008); L. Van Hove, Phys. Lett. B 118, 138 (1982); R. Sahoo et al., arXiv: 1007.4335v1

ϕ meson v_2 v.s. p_T



- Mass: proton $\sim \phi \sim \Lambda$
- At low p_T , $v_2(\phi)/v_2(p)$ decreases with decreasing beam energies
 → **strange quark collectivity becomes weaker relative to light quarks**

ϕ meson nuclear modification factor (R_{CP})



P. B Straub et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 68, 452 (1992)

Grey band: normalization error on number of binary collisions Points: statistical error

- **$R_{CP}(0-10\%/40-60\%)$ consistent with unity for $p_T > 1$ GeV/c at 39 GeV, no suppression**
- Interplay between Cronin effect (p_T broadening due to multiple scatterings) and parton energy loss?

Summary and outlook

➤ STAR preliminary ϕ meson spectra and v_2 results in $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7.7, 11.5$ and 39 GeV Au+Au collisions have been presented

➤ Scaling behavior of ϕ meson production in different collision energies and centralities
With increasing total collision energies:

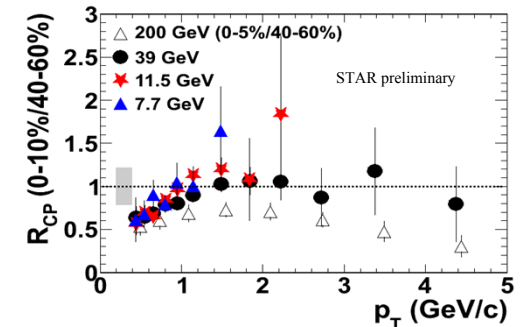
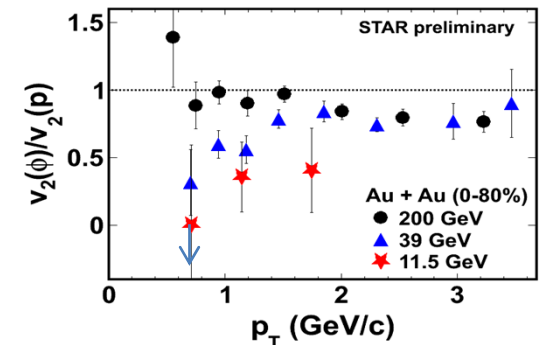
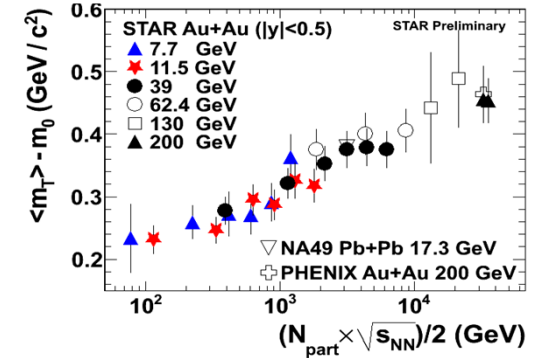
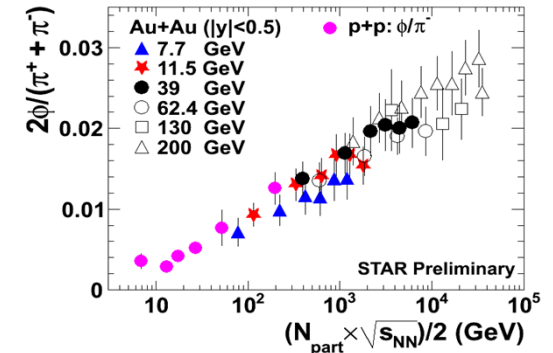
ϕ yields enhancement relative to π meson

ϕ meson $\langle m_T \rangle - m_0$ show a increasing trend

➤ $v_2(\phi)/v_2(p)$ decreases with decreasing beam energies at low $p_T \rightarrow$ **strange quark collectivity becomes weaker relative to light quarks**

➤ ϕ meson $R_{CP}(0-10\%/40-60\%)$ consistent with unity at **39 GeV, no suppression**

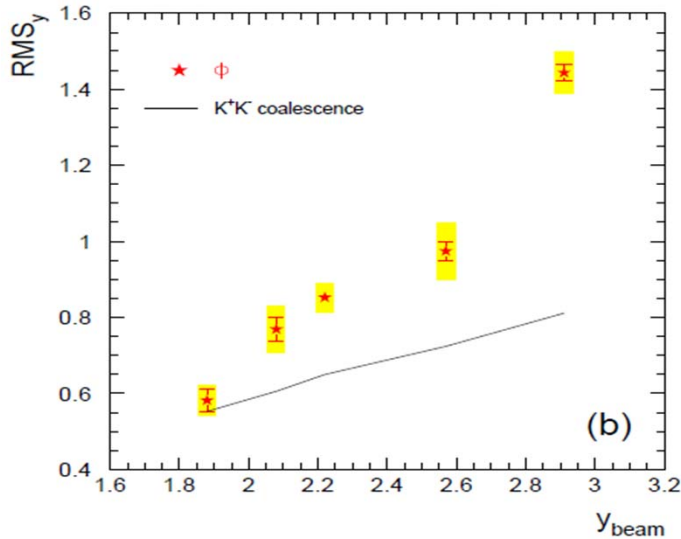
➤ Outlook: 19.6, 27 and 62.4 GeV data under analysis



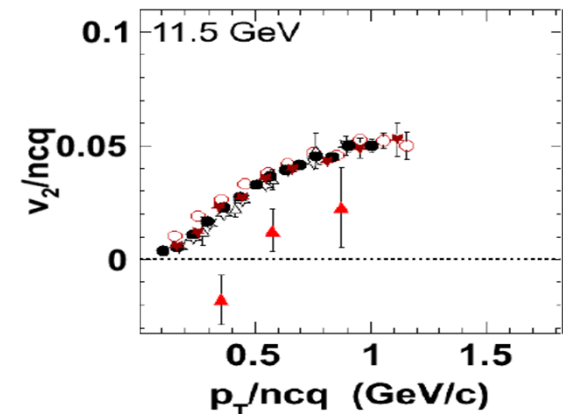
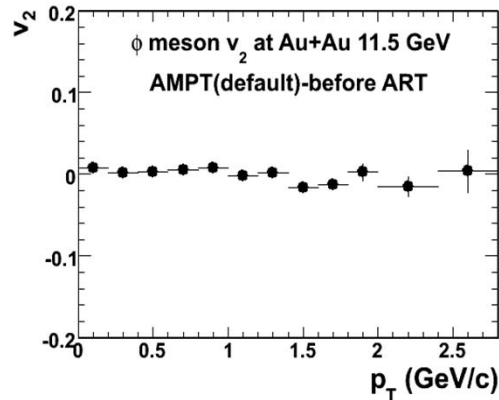
Backup

Why $\phi(s\bar{s})$ is special?

- K^+K^- is not the main production channel in our interested region
- ϕ meson $v_2 \sim 0$, if only from string fragmentation
- ϕ meson has small hadronic cross section. $\sigma(\phi N) \sim 10$ mb
- **Small ϕv_2 at hadronic phase**
- **ϕ meson v_2 indicates strange quark collectivity becomes weaker with decreasing beam energy**



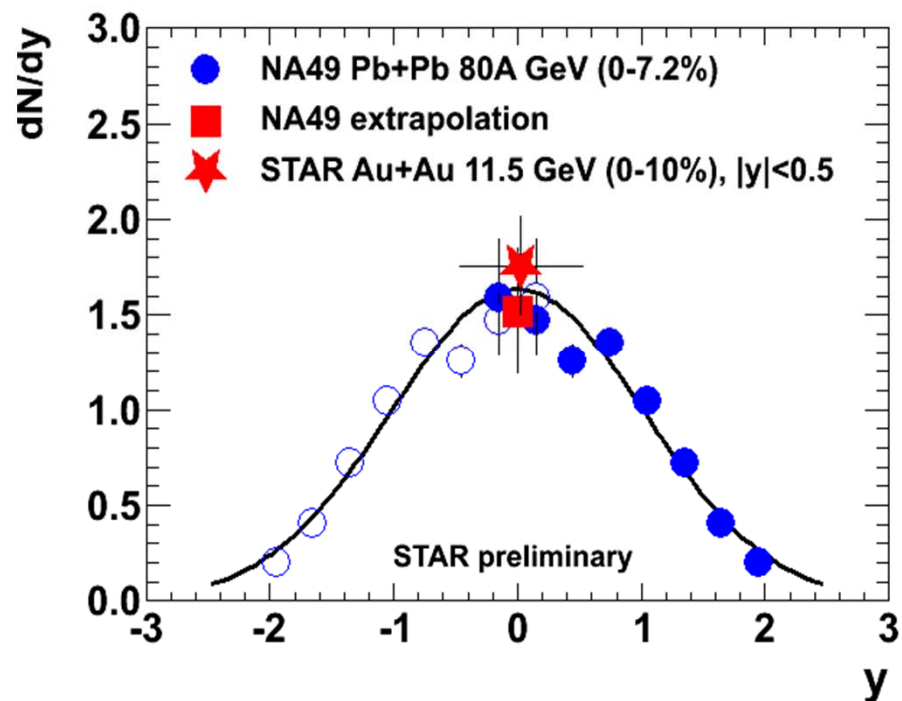
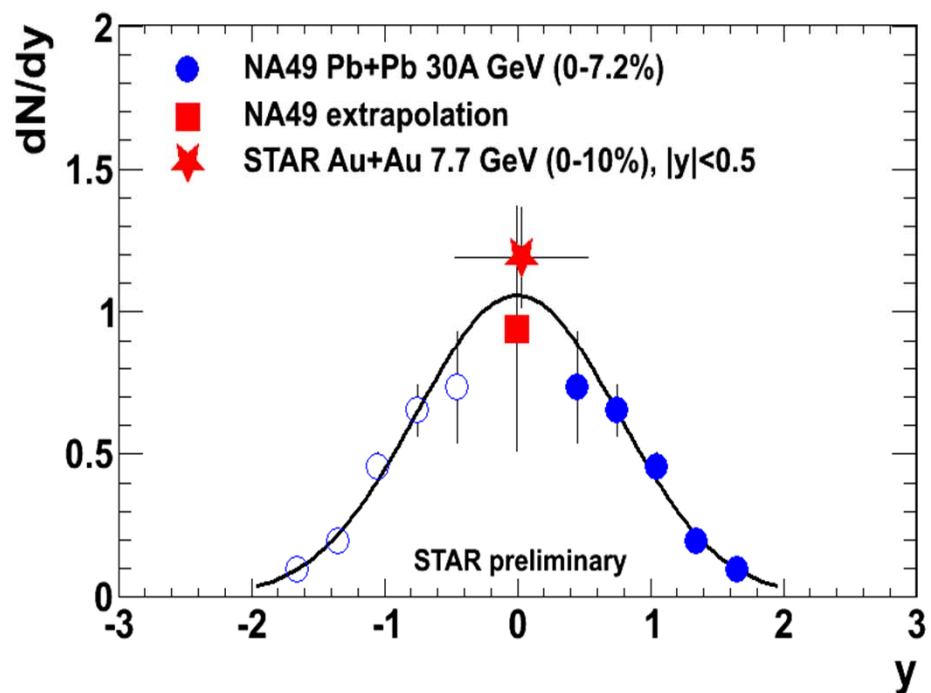
$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_{\rho N} &\sim 3 \sigma_{\phi N} & \sigma_{\Delta N} &\sim 3.5 \sigma_{\phi N} \\ \sigma_{\pi N} &\sim 2.6 \sigma_{\phi N} & \sigma_{NN} &\sim 4 \sigma_{\phi N} \\ \sigma_{KN} &\sim 2.1 \sigma_{\phi N} & & \end{aligned}$$



\sqrt{s} (GeV) 6.3 \longrightarrow 17.3

B. Mohanty and N. Xu, J. Phys. G 36 (2009) 064022
 NA49, Phys. Rev. C 78 (2008) 044907

ϕ meson yields comparison

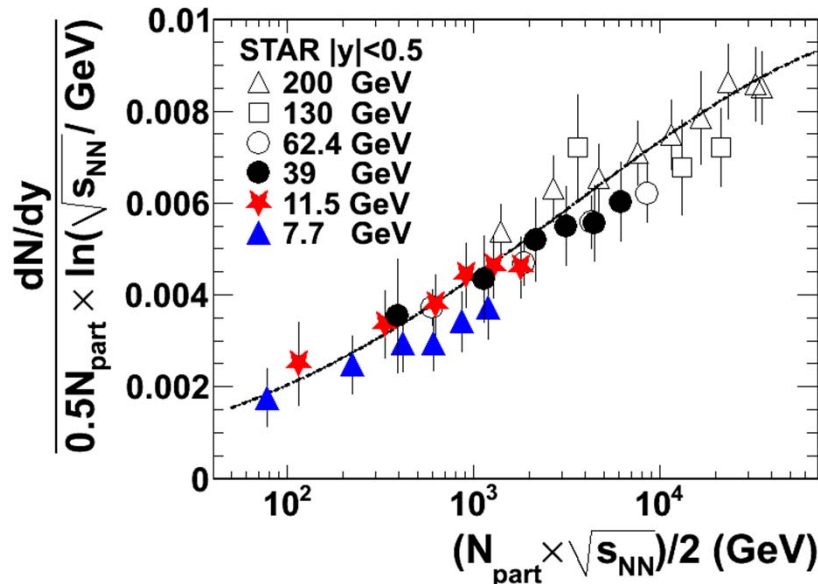


➤ NA49: 30A GeV $\sim \sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7.6$ GeV, 80A GeV $\sim \sqrt{s_{NN}} = 12.3$ GeV

➤ Consistent within error bars: statistical + systematical error

NA49, Phys. Rev. C 78, 044907 (2008)

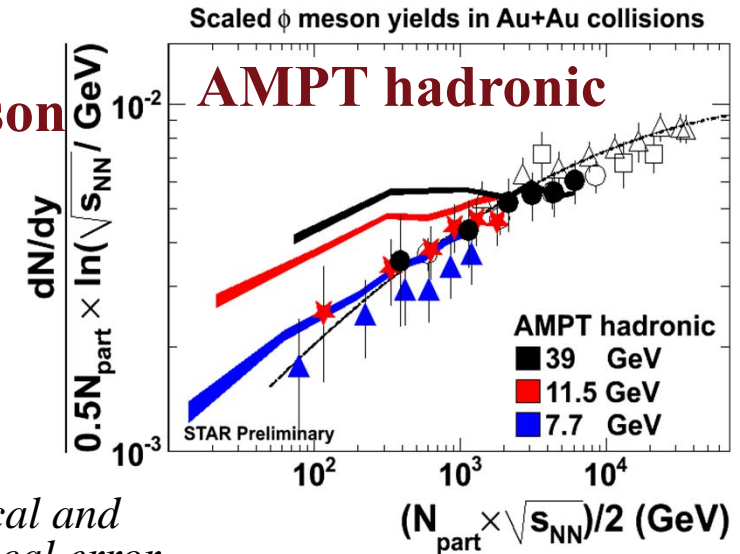
Scaling behavior of ϕ meson yields



Model
comparison

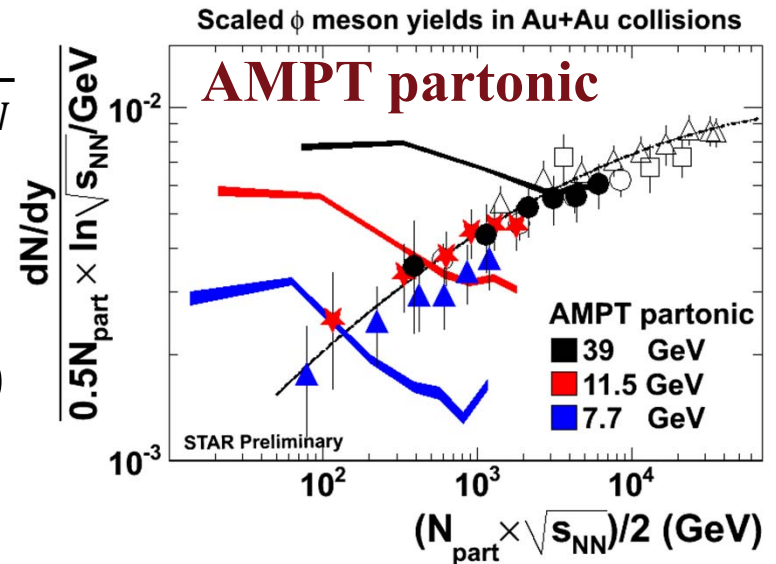


Statistical and
systematical error

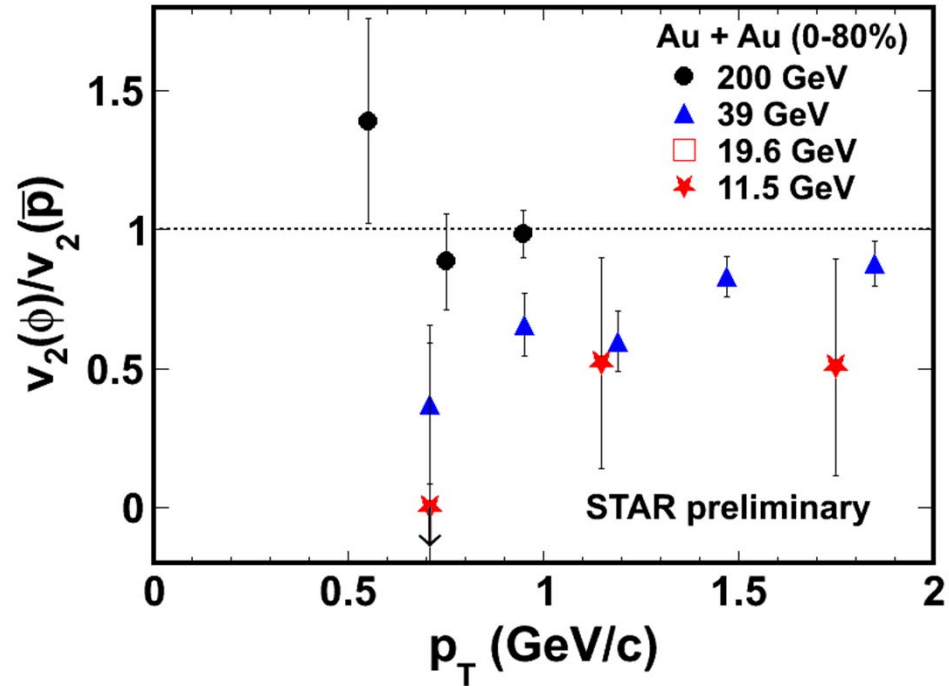


STAR 62.4, 130 & 200 GeV: Phys. Rev. C 79, 064903 (2009).

- dN/dy per participant pair scaled by $\ln\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}}$ v.s. \sim total collision energy
- **A common curve for above energies and collision centralities**
- Rapid increase in $0.5N_{\text{part}} \times \sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} < 2000$
- AMPT model with hadronic interactions approximately reproduces the 7.7 GeV data
- AMPT model with partonic interactions reproduces data at 39 GeV mid-central to central collisions



$$v_2(\phi) / v_2(\bar{p})$$



200 GeV: TPC full event plane; 11.5 and 39 GeV, TPC η -sub event plane; statistical error only