



Di-electron spectra in p+p and Au+Au at 200 GeV from STAR

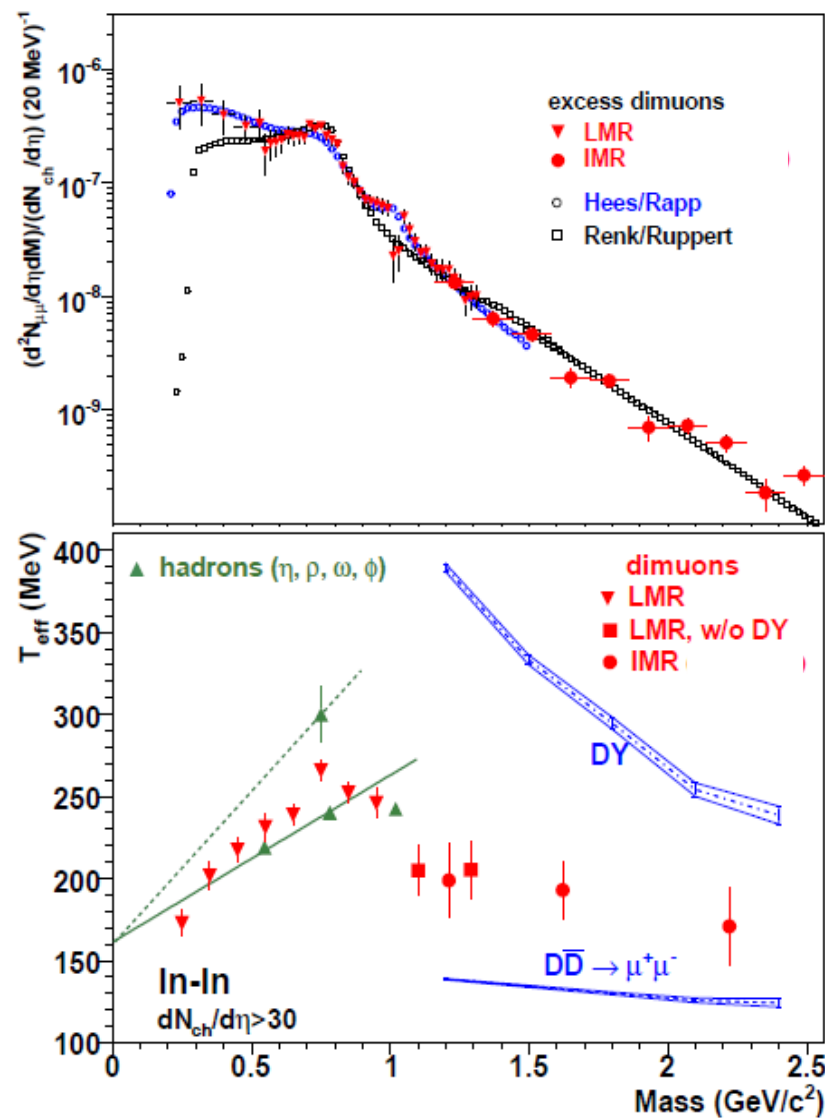
Bingchu Huang *(for the STAR Collaboration)*
Brookhaven National Laboratory

Outline

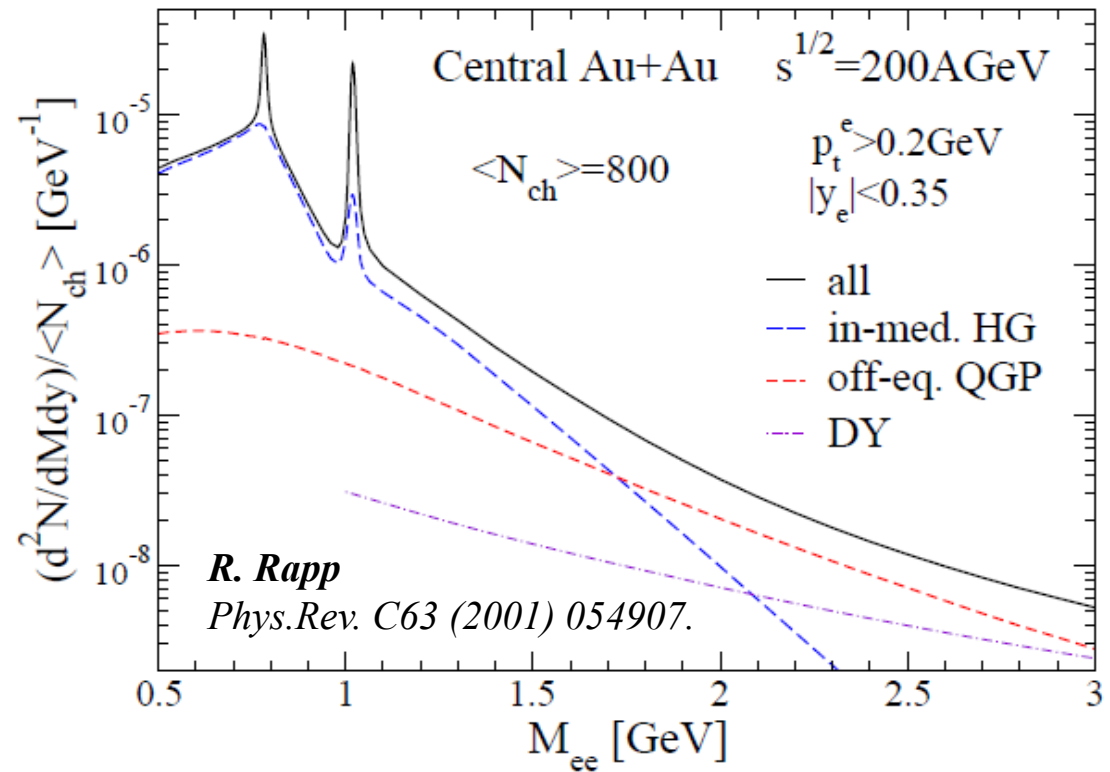


- ◆ Motivation
- ◆ Analysis
- ◆ Di-electron production in p+p and Au+Au at 200 GeV
- ◆ Summary

Motivation



NA60: *Eur.Phys.J.C*59:607-623,2009



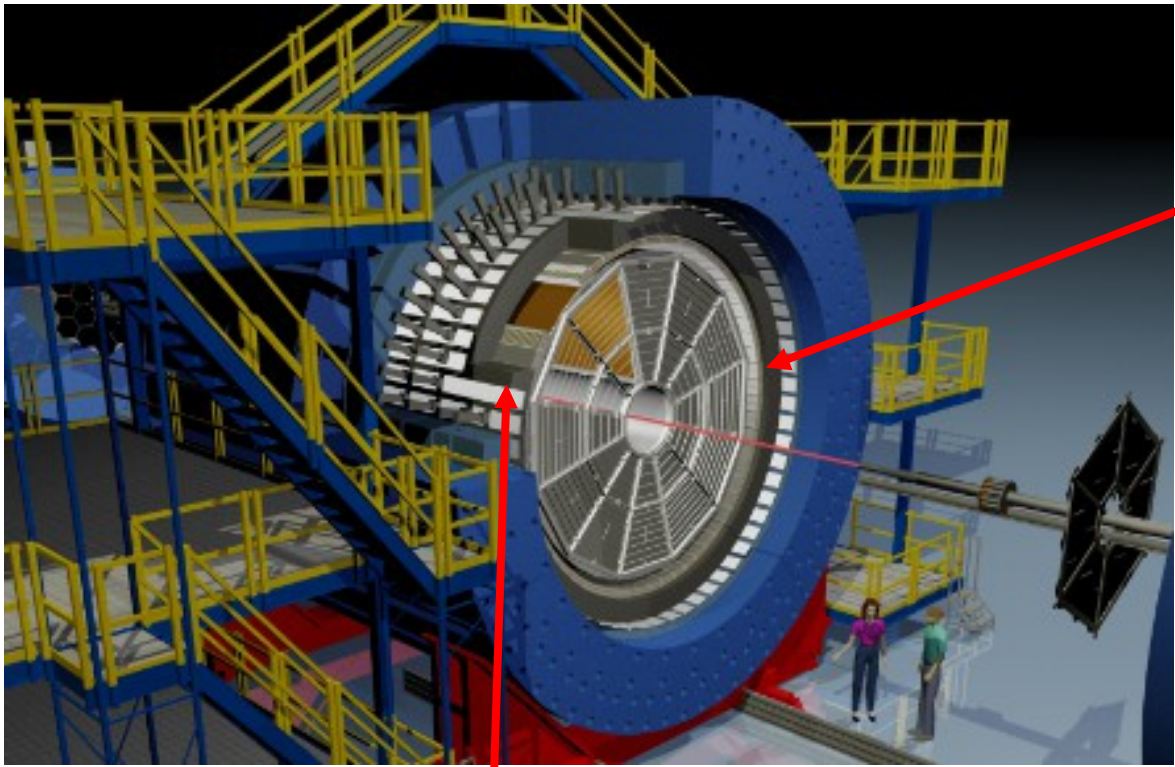
Low mass range (LMR):

In-medium modifications of vector mesons.
Possible link to chiral symmetry restoration.

Intermediate mass range (IMR):

QGP thermal radiation.
Heavy flavor modification.

Electron identification

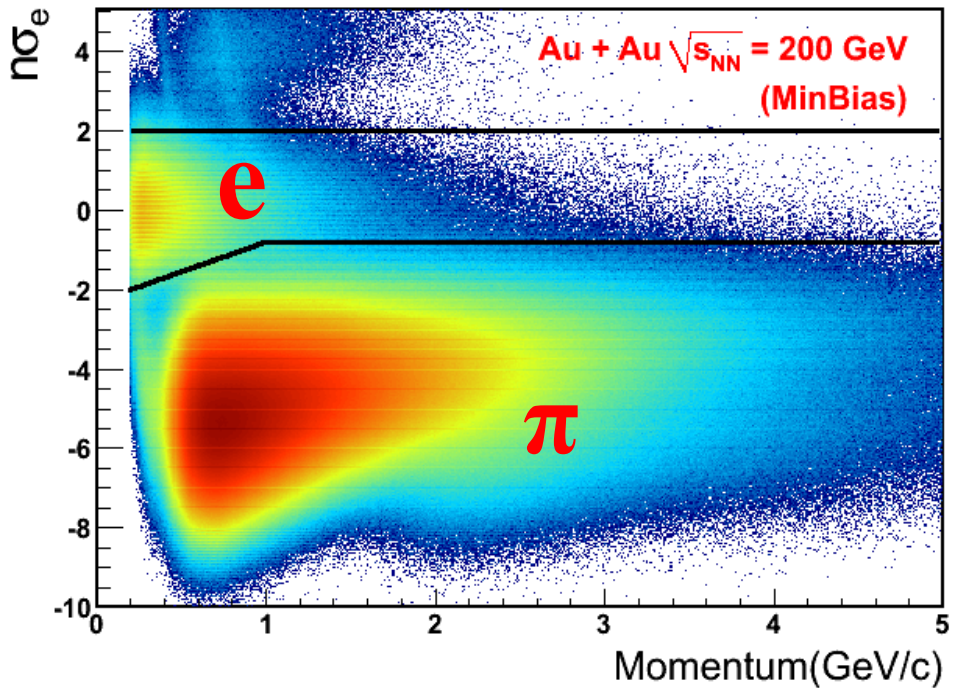


Tracking: TPC

- Time Projection Chamber
- 1. Tracking
- 2. Ionization energy loss (dE/dx PID)
- 3. Coverage $-1 < \eta < 1$

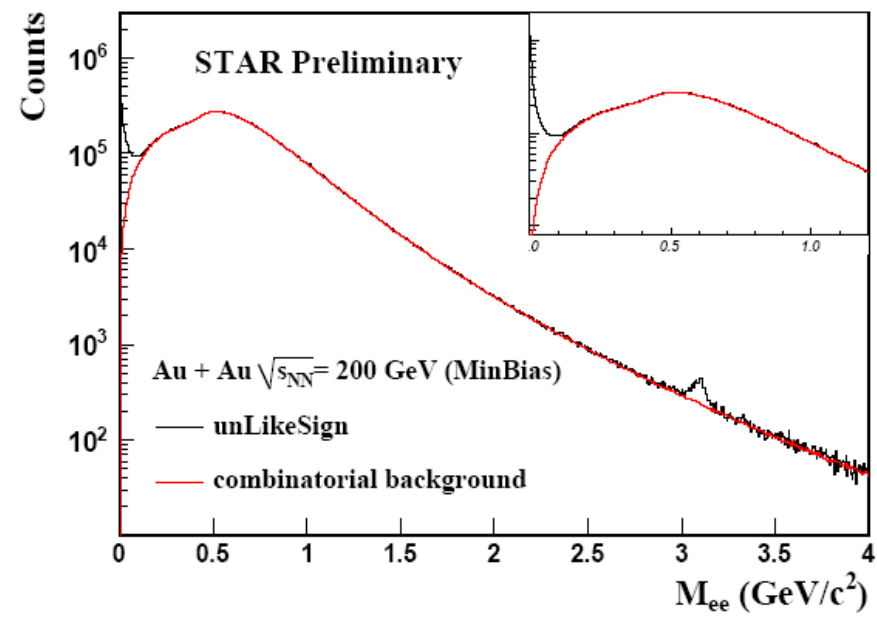
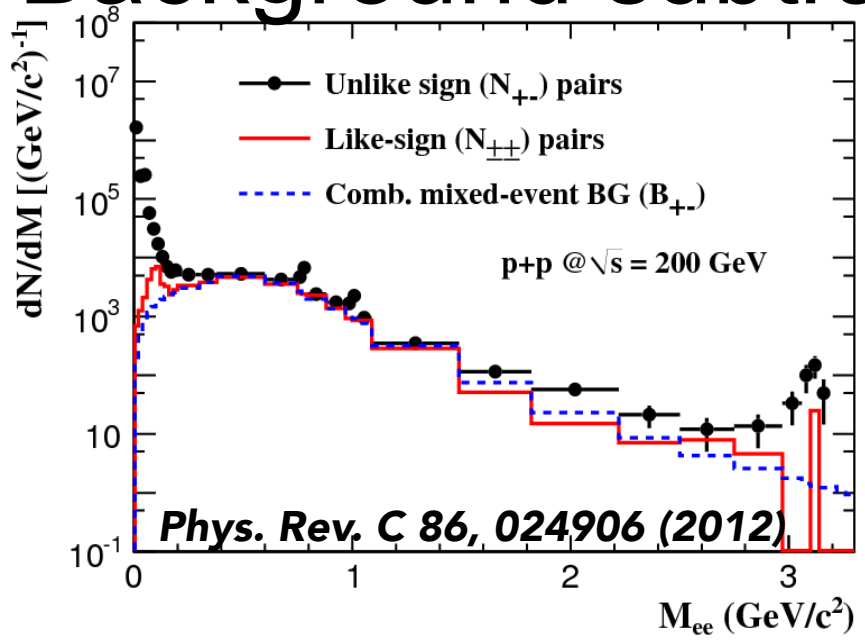
Particle ID: TOF

- Time Of Flight ----
- 1. Timing resolution ($< 100\text{ps}$)
- 2. Coverage: $-0.9 < \eta < 0.9$
- 3. Completed in 2010 (72% in 2009)



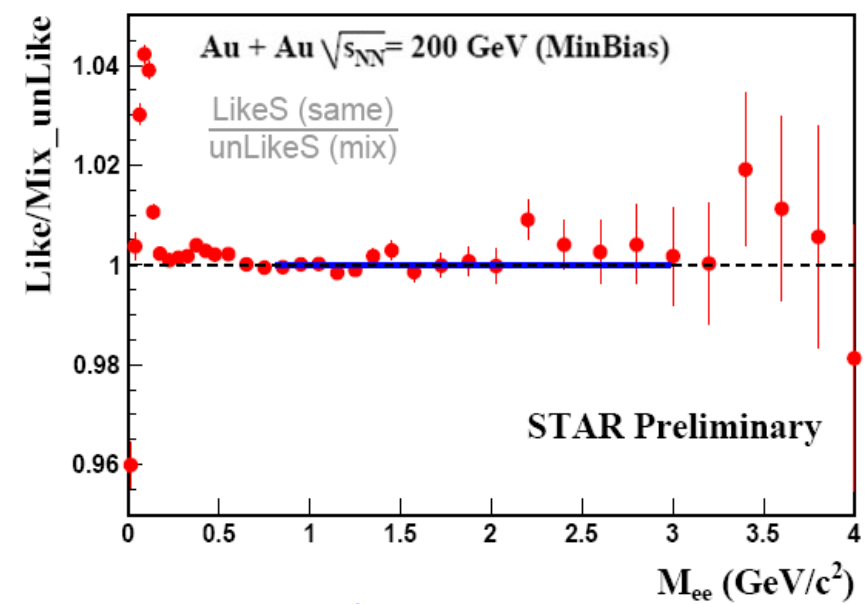
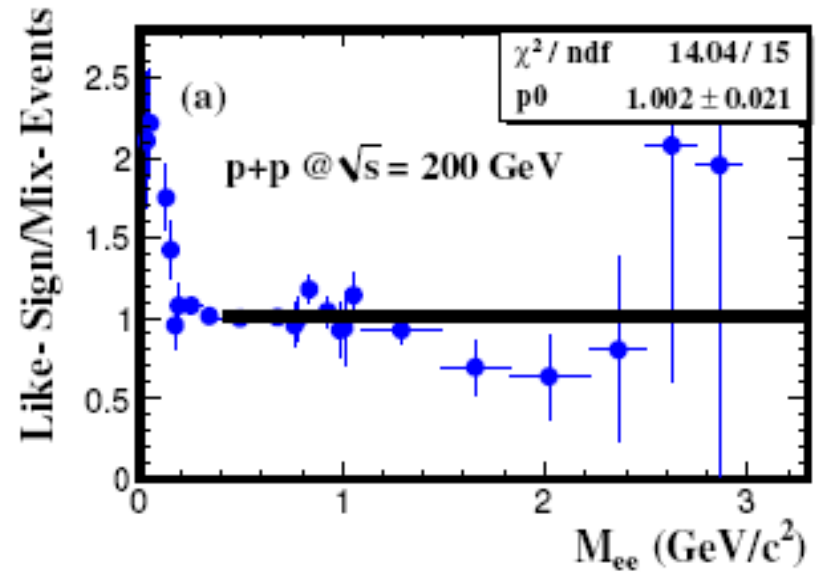


Background subtraction



Like-sign background has been corrected by acceptance factor:

$$\frac{B_{+-}^{Mix}}{2\sqrt{B_{++}^{Mix} B_{--}^{Mix}}}$$



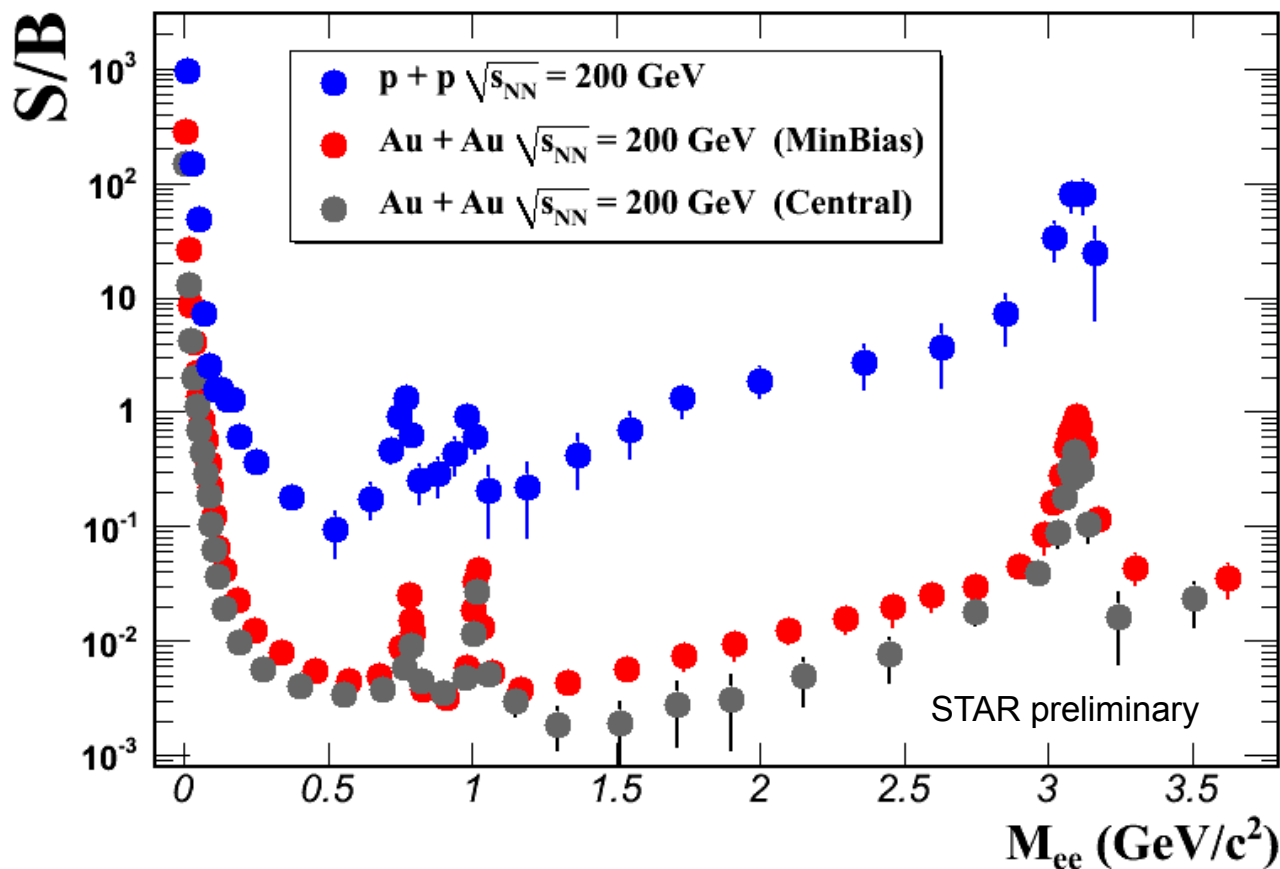
Normalization range of M_{ee} :

p+p : (0.4, 1.5) GeV/c^2

Au+Au: (0.7, 3) GeV/c^2

Mixed-event BG subtraction range: $M_{ee} > 0.4 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for p+p and $M_{ee} > 0.75 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for Au+Au 200 GeV.

Signal/background



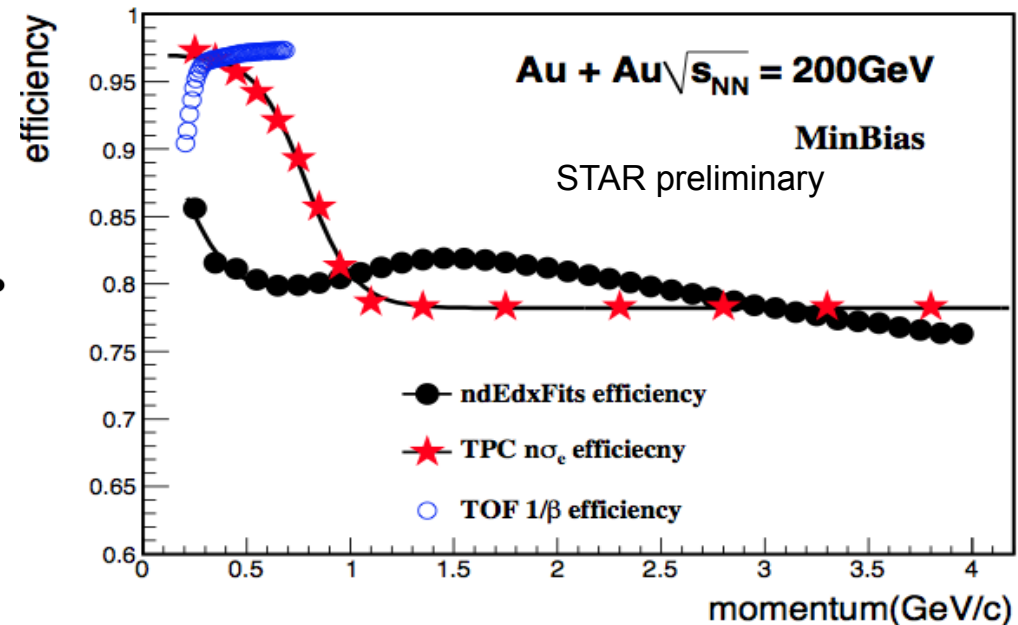
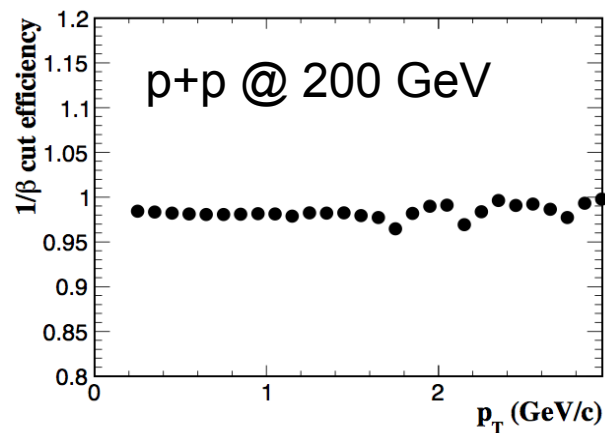
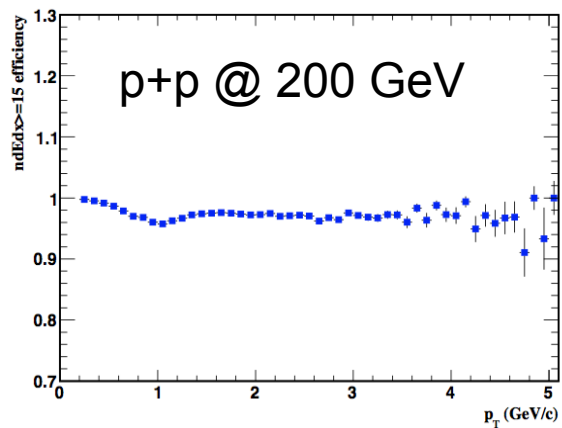
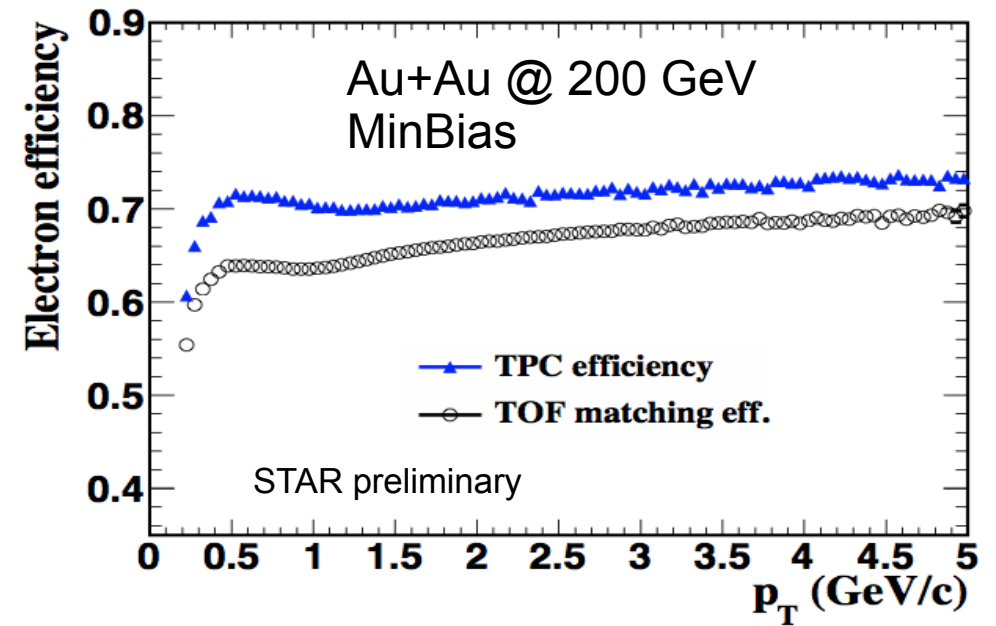
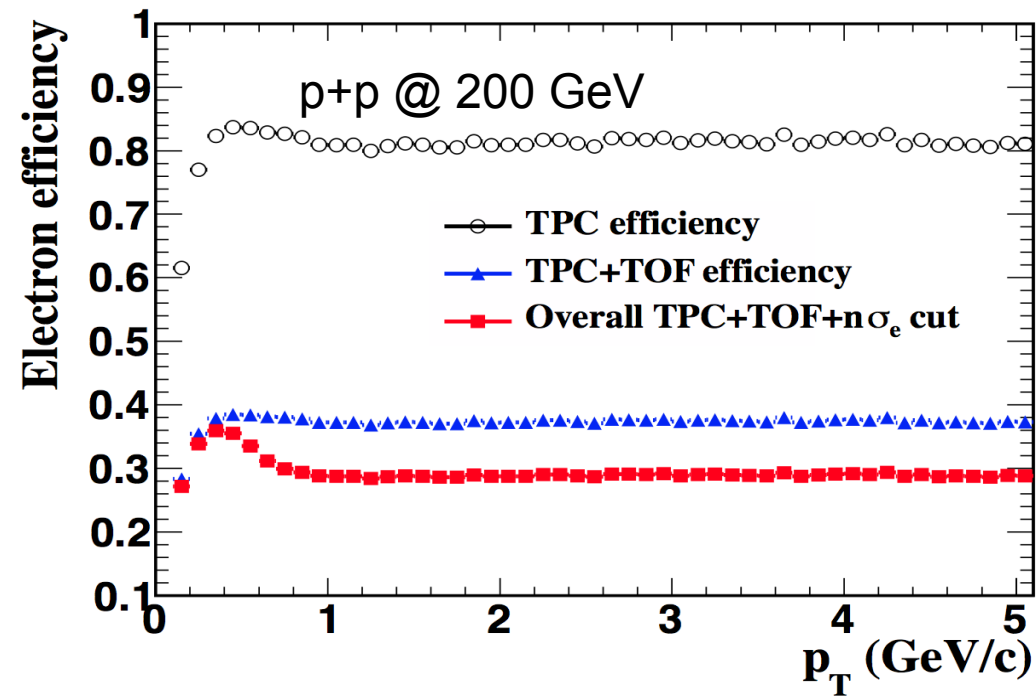
➤ **Signal/background ratio:** $M_{ee} \sim 0.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

~ 1:10 for $p + p$ collisions

~ 1:200 for $Au + Au$ minbias collisions

~ 1:250 for $Au + Au$ central collisions

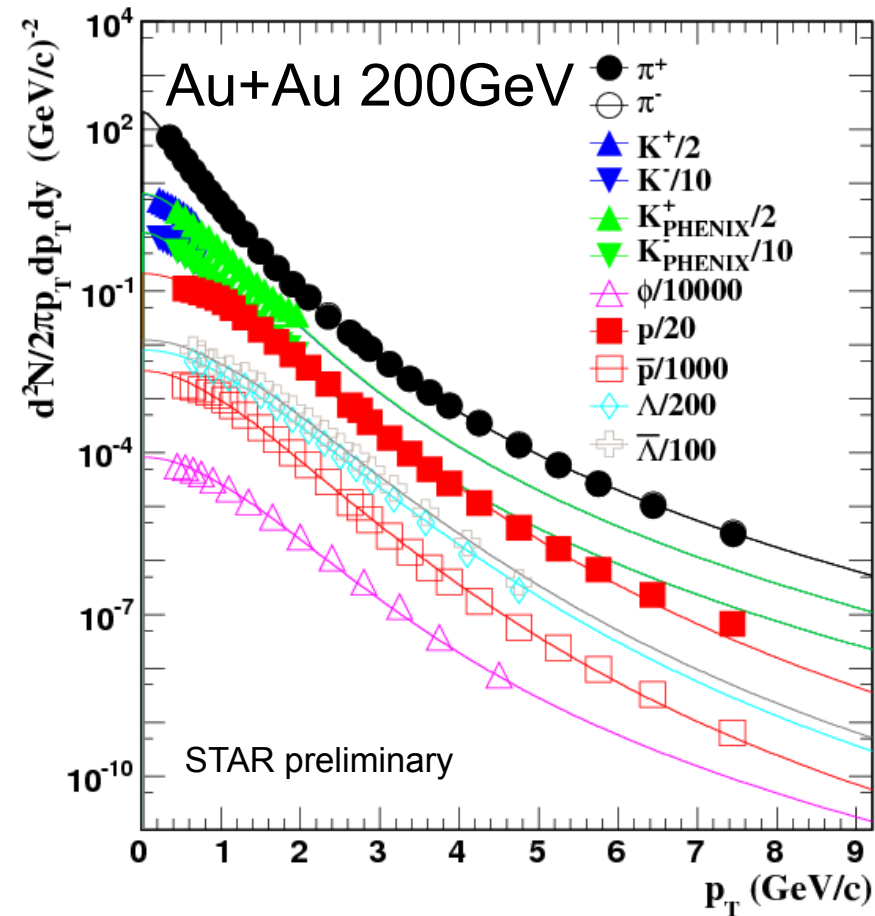
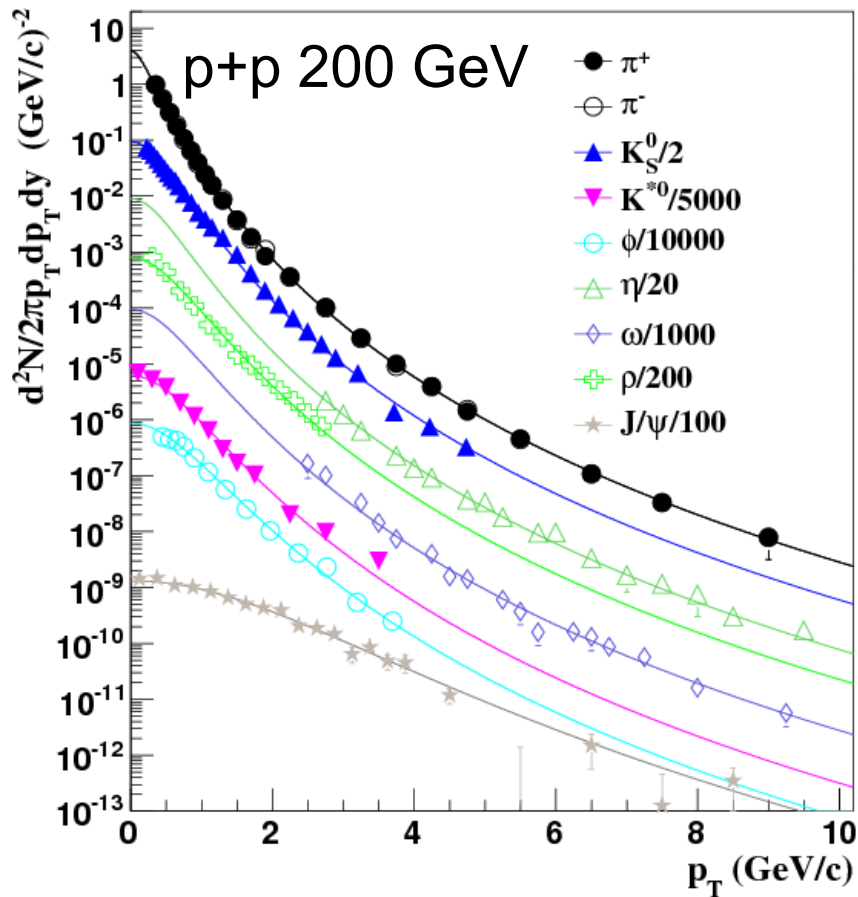
Efficiency of single electron



Simulation

Inputs:

- Kinetics: flat rapidity (-1,1), flat Φ (0, 2π), p_T Tsallis function fit for all measured particles.
- Hadrons decay: using Kroll-Wada formula, form factors are from measurements.
- Heavy flavor sources: line shapes from PYTHIA, scaled by STAR measured cross-section.



η and J/ψ are fitted separately in Au+Au.

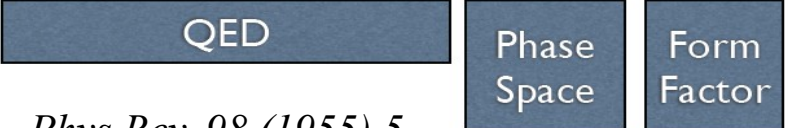
Zebo Tang et al, PRC 79, 051901(R) (2009)



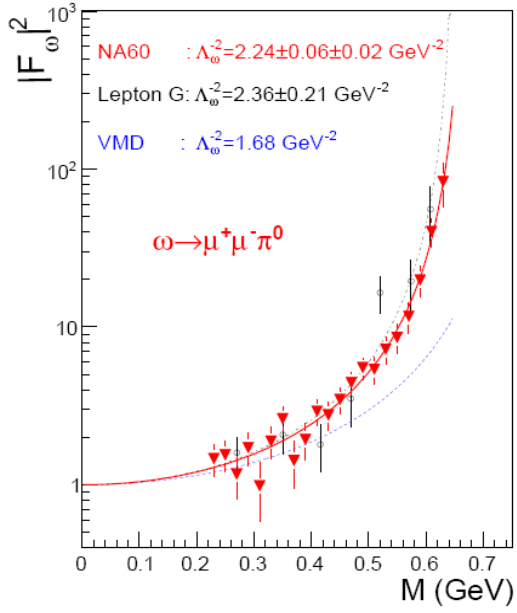
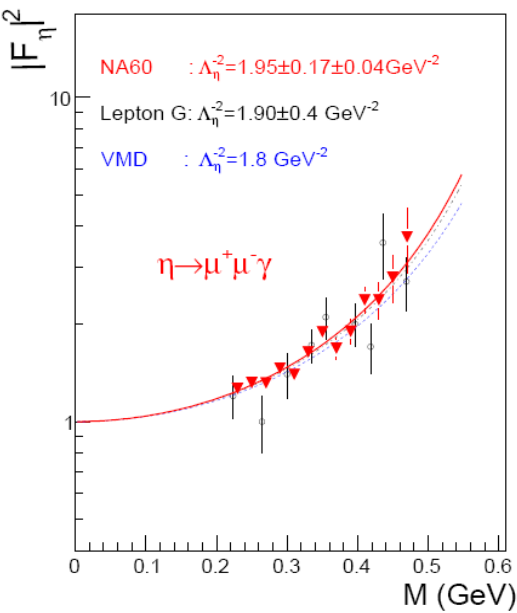
Meson decay

Kroll-Wada Formula:

$$\frac{dN}{dm_{ee}} \propto \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m_e^2}{m_{ee}^2}} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2m_e^2}{m_{ee}^2}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{m_{ee}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{m_{ee}^2}{M_h^2}\right)^3 |F(m_{ee}^2)|^2$$



N.M. Kroll, et al., Phys Rev, 98 (1955) 5.



NA60: PLB677 (2009) 260.

$$|F(m_{ee}^2)|^2 = \frac{1}{(1 - m_{ee}^2 \cdot \Lambda^{-2})^2 + \Gamma_0^2 \cdot \Lambda^{-2}}$$

Twobody: Breit-Wigner
Dalitz: Kroll-Wada
FF: parameterized from measurement.

Phase Space term for omega, phi:

$$\left(1 - \frac{m_{ee}^2}{m_h^2}\right)^3 \rightarrow \left(\left(1 + \frac{m_{ee}^2}{m_\omega^2 - m_{\pi^0}^2}\right)^2 - \frac{4m_\omega^2 m_{ee}^2}{(m_\omega^2 - m_{\pi^0}^2)^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\frac{dN}{dm_{ee} dp_T} \propto \frac{m_{ee} M_\rho \Gamma_{ee}}{(M_\rho^2 - m_{ee}^2)^2 + M_\rho^2 (\Gamma_{\pi\pi} + \Gamma_{ee} \Gamma_2)^2} \times PS,$$

Rho meson:

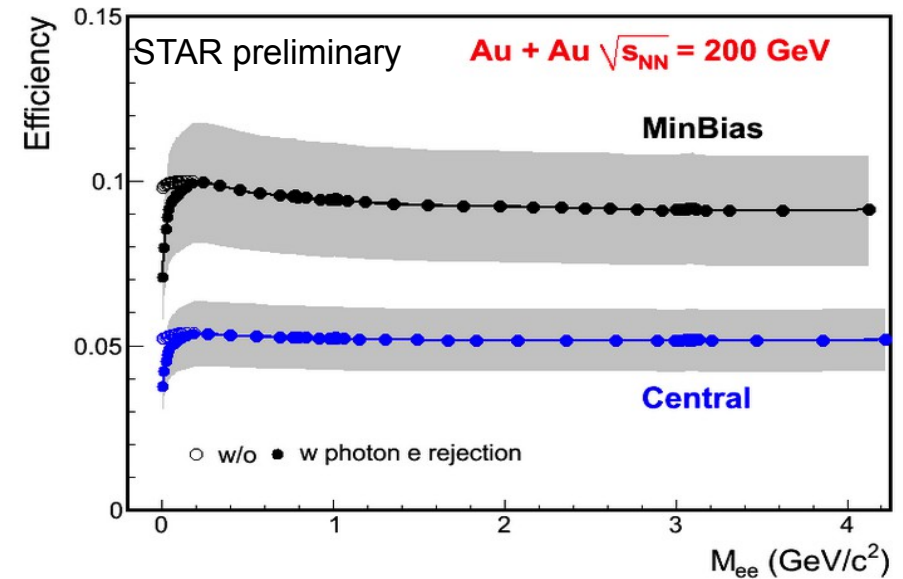
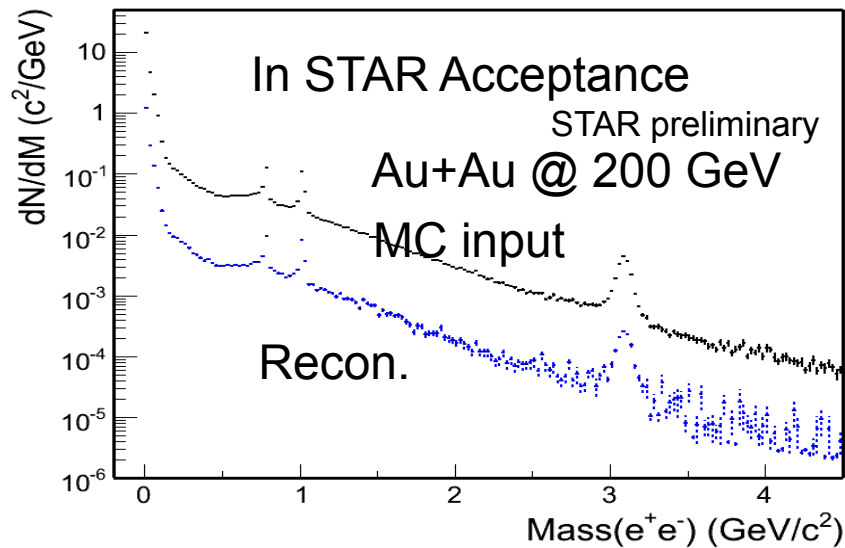
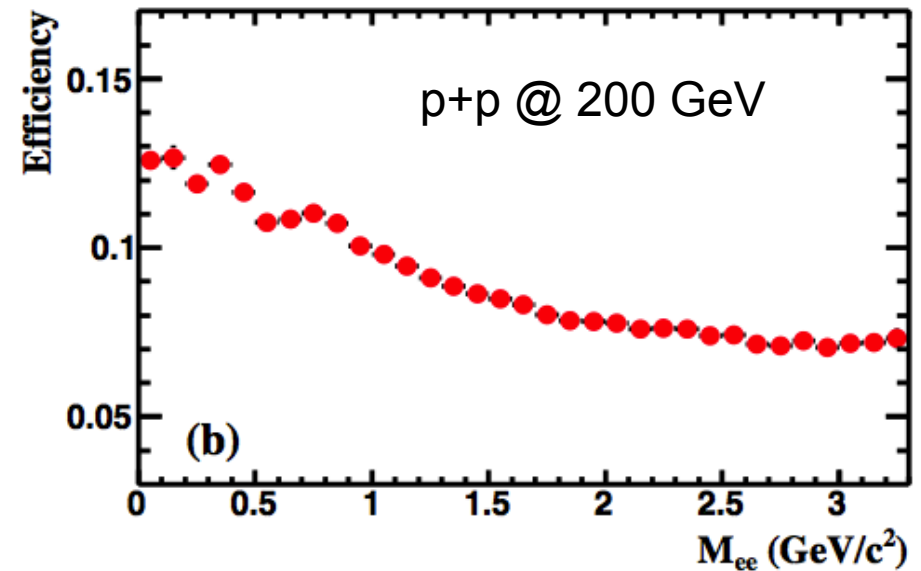
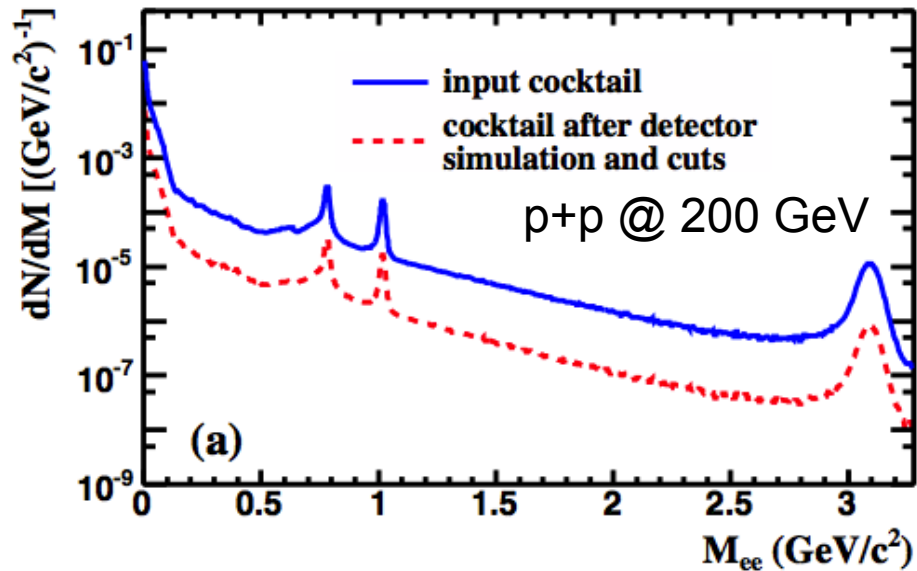
P-wave of $\pi\pi$ channel: $\Gamma_{\pi\pi} = \Gamma_0 \frac{M_\rho}{m_{ee}} \left(\frac{m_{ee}^2 - 4M_\pi^2}{M_\rho^2 - 4M_\pi^2}\right)^{3/2},$

S-wave of ee channel: $\Gamma_{ee} = \Gamma_0 \frac{M_\rho}{m_{ee}} \left(\frac{m_{ee}^2 - 4m_e^2}{M_\rho^2 - 4m_e^2}\right)^{1/2},$

$$PS = \frac{m_{ee}}{\sqrt{m_{ee}^2 + p_T^2}} e^{-\frac{\sqrt{m_{ee}^2 + p_T^2}}{T}}.$$

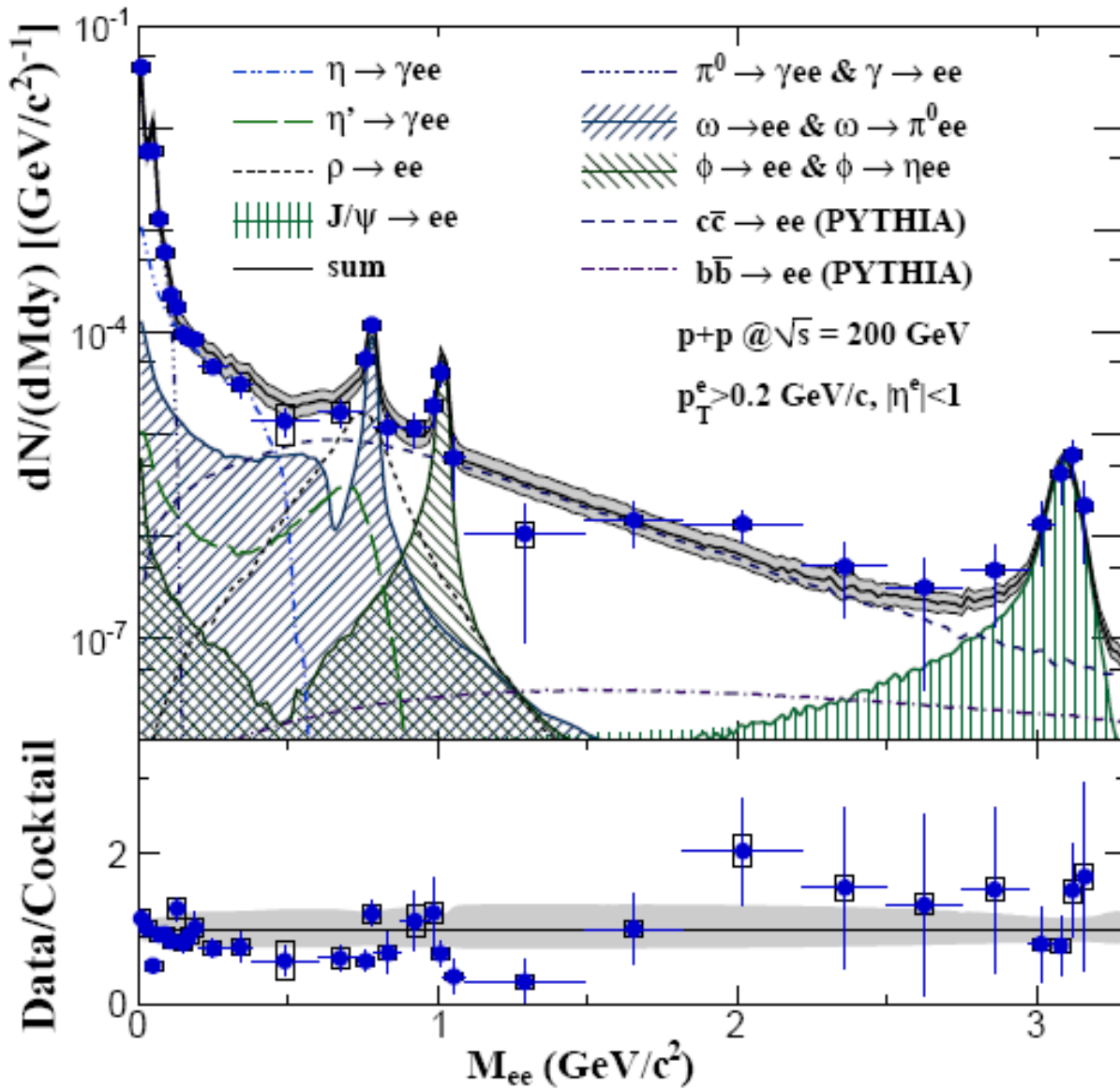
PRC 78, 044906 (2008)

Pair efficiency



$$pair\ eff. = \frac{(cocktail\ sampled\ single\ electron\ eff.)}{(input\ cocktail)}$$

Di-electron results in p+p 200 GeV



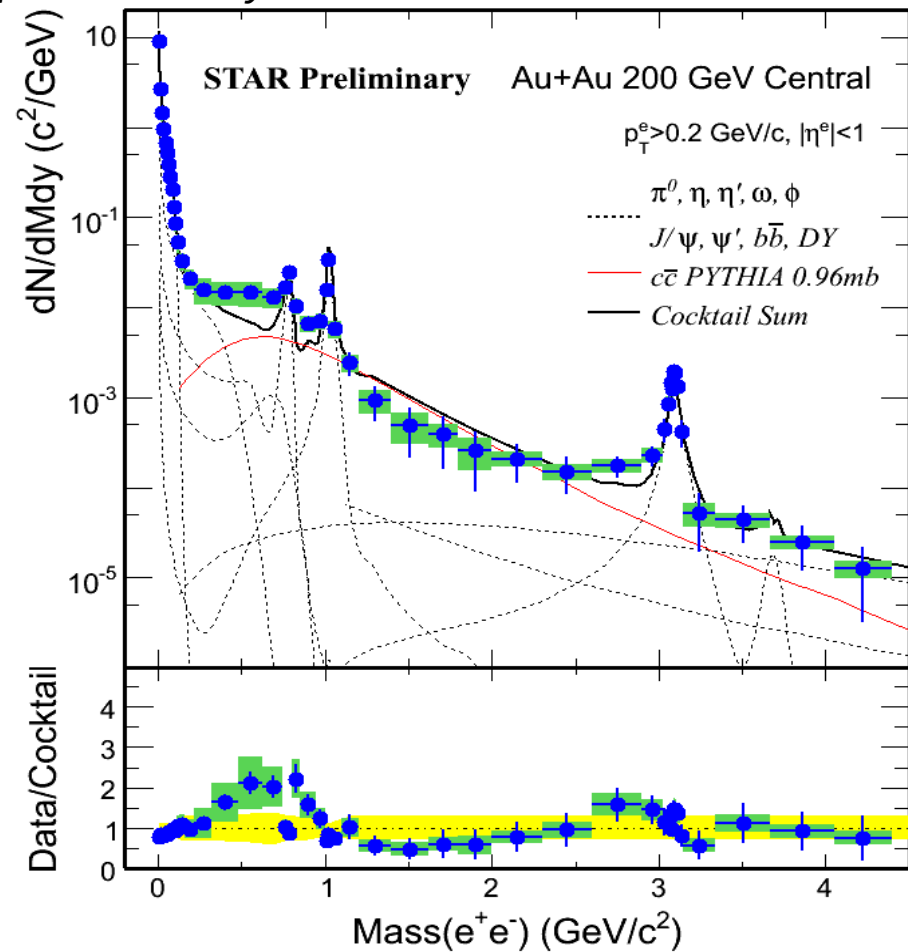
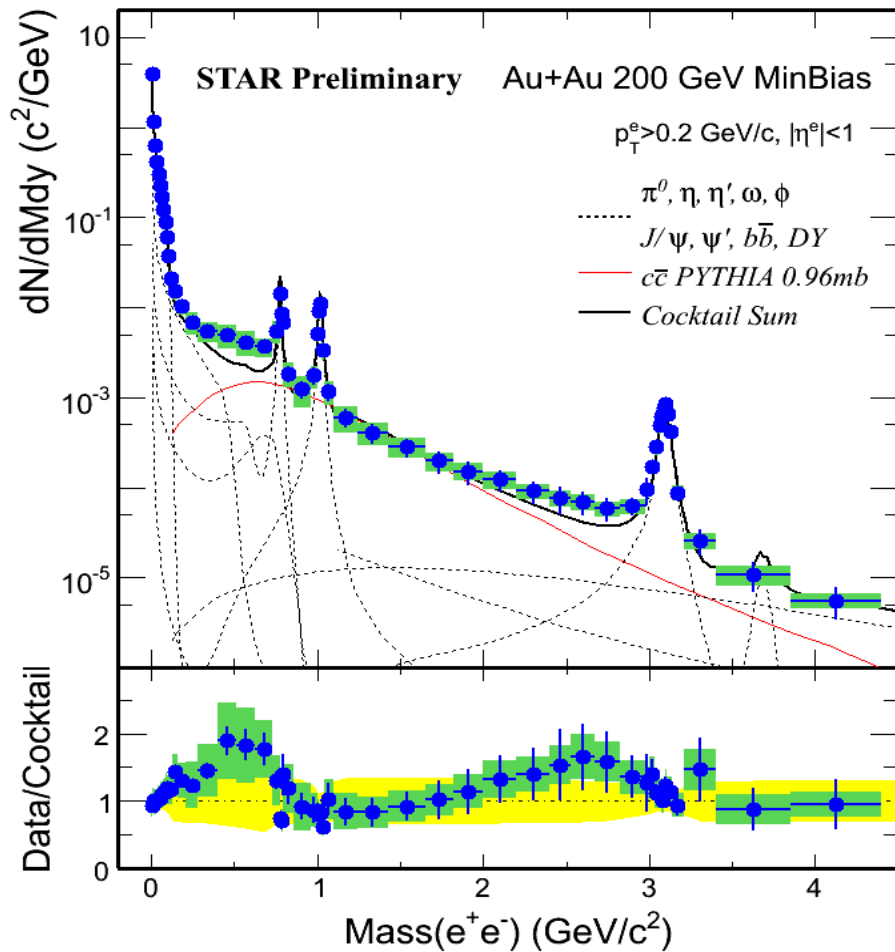
Phys. Rev. C 86, 024906 (2012)

- Cocktail simulation is consistent with di-electron spectrum within quoted uncertainties.
- Intermediate mass region is dominated by charm correlation contribution.

Di-electron results in Au+Au 200 GeV



STAR QM2011:J. Phys. G:38 124134



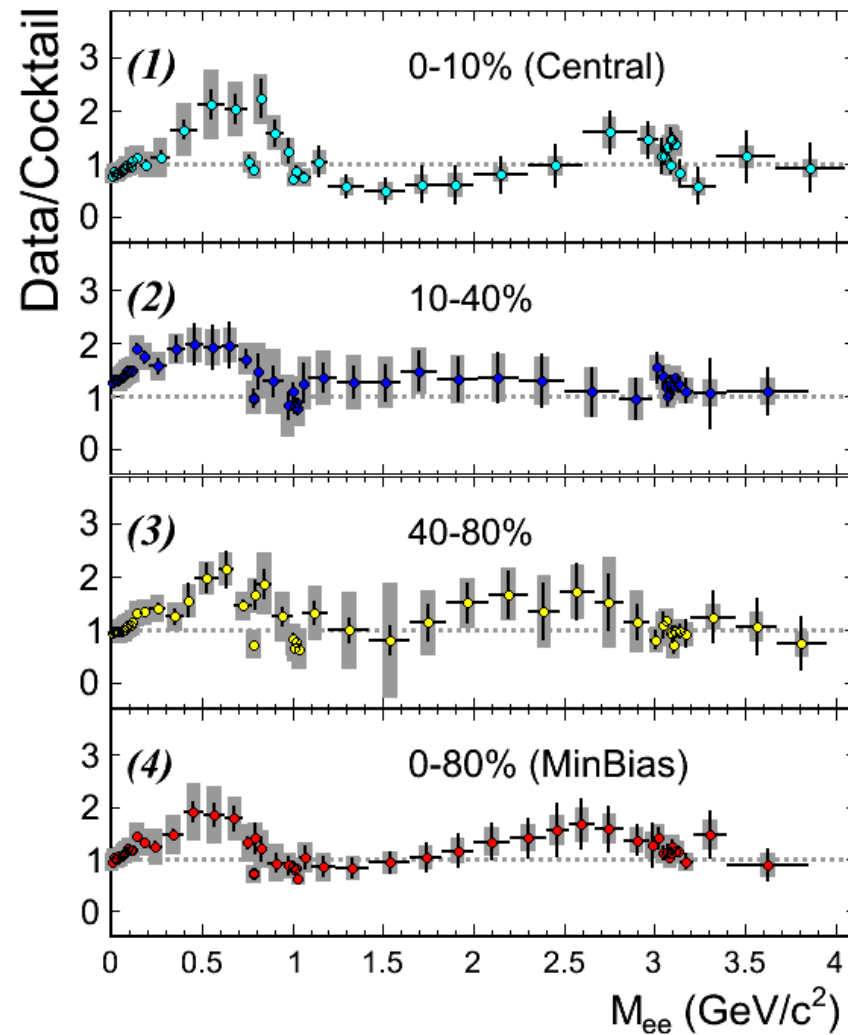
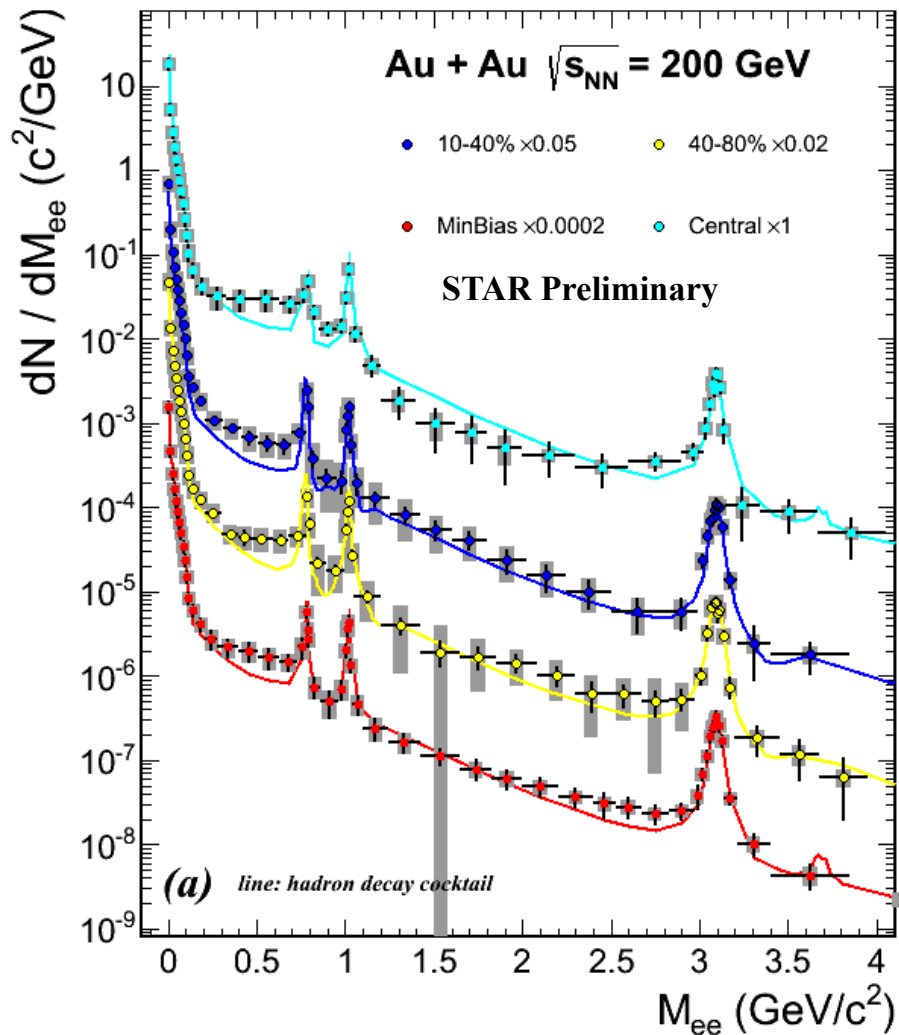
Enhancement factor in
 $0.15 < M_{ee} < 0.75 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

	Minbias (value \pm stat \pm sys)	Central (value \pm stat \pm sys)
STAR	$1.53 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.41$ (w/o ρ) $1.40 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.38$ (w/ ρ)	$1.72 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.50$ (w/o ρ) $1.54 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.45$ (w/ ρ)
PHENIX	$4.7 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.5$	$7.6 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.3$
Difference	2.0σ	4.2σ

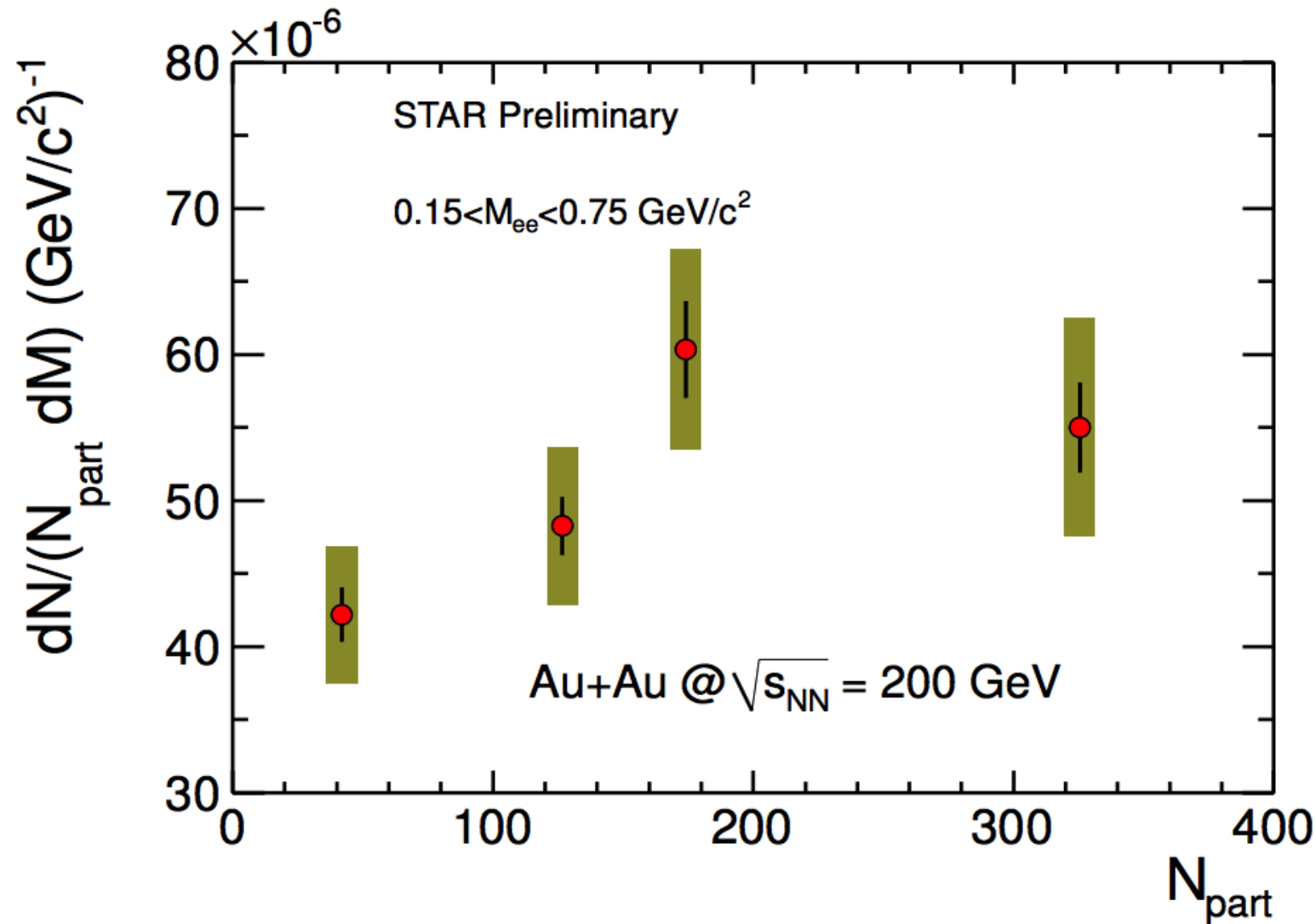
PHENIX Phys.Rev. C81 (2010) 034911

Centrality dependence in Au+Au 200 GeV

By Jie Zhao



LMR yields in Au+Au



LMR enhancement scaled by N_{part} vs. centrality.

Comparison to theoretical calculation



Theoretical calculation:

Blue: Hadron gas contribution in medium (HG) with a broadened ρ spectral function.

Pink: QGP.

R. Rapp (private communication).

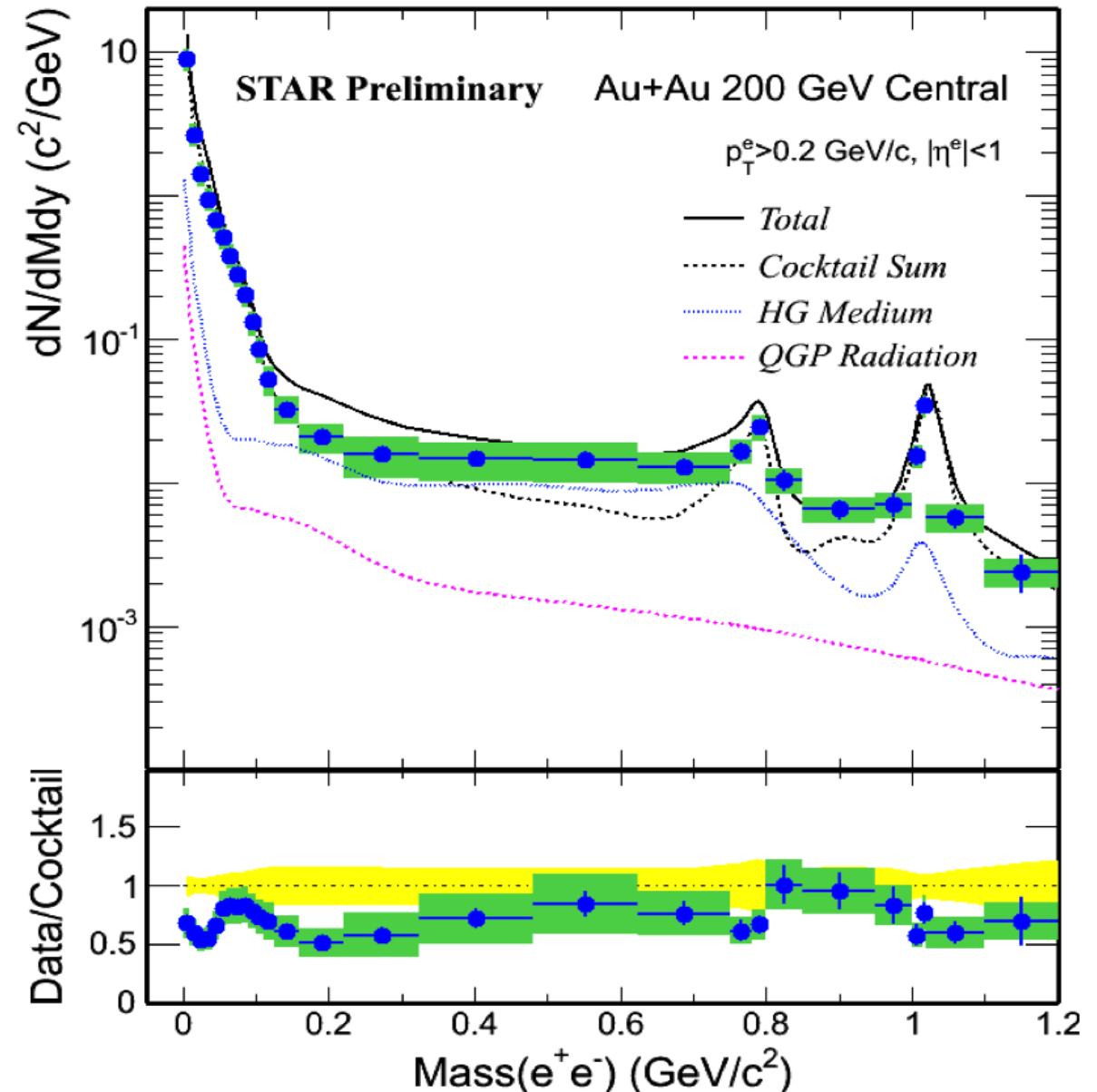
R. Rapp, Phys. Rev. C 63 (2001) 054907

R. Rapp & J. Wambach, EPJ A 6 (1999) 415

Solid lines: cocktail + HG + QGP

Black : cocktail

A sum of cocktail+HG+QGP agree with data within uncertainty. It satisfies with a broadened ρ spectral function. Indicates the ρ emission rate is dominated by hadron gas phase.



Comparison to theoretical calculation

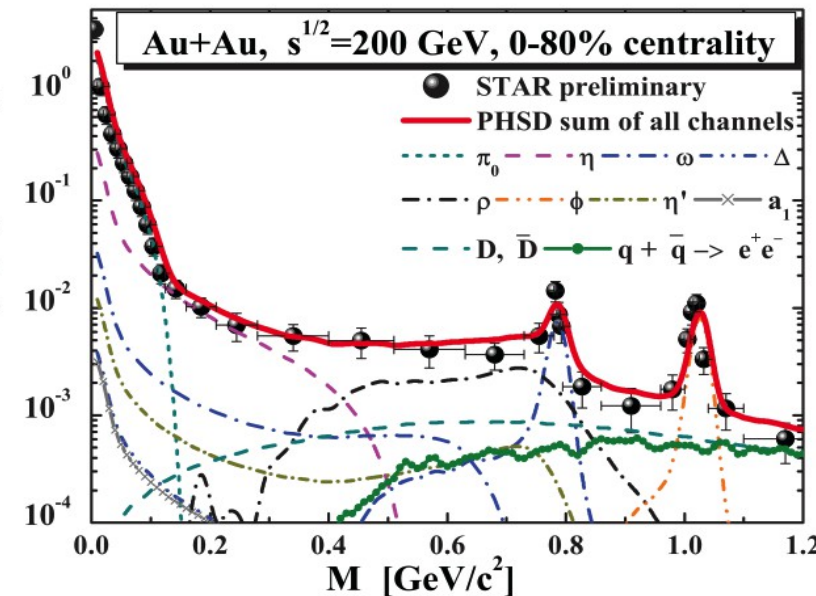
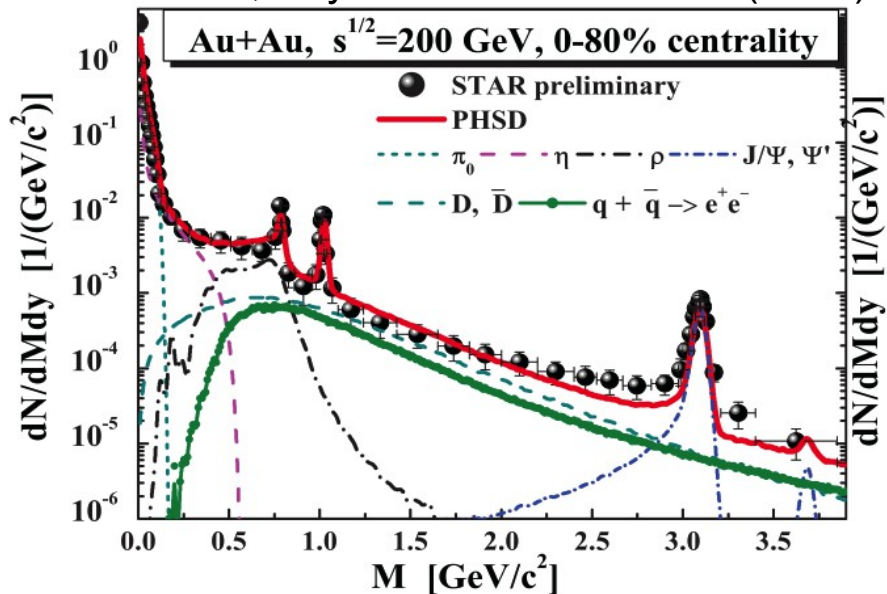


O. Linnyk et al., Phys. Rev. C 85 024910 (2012)

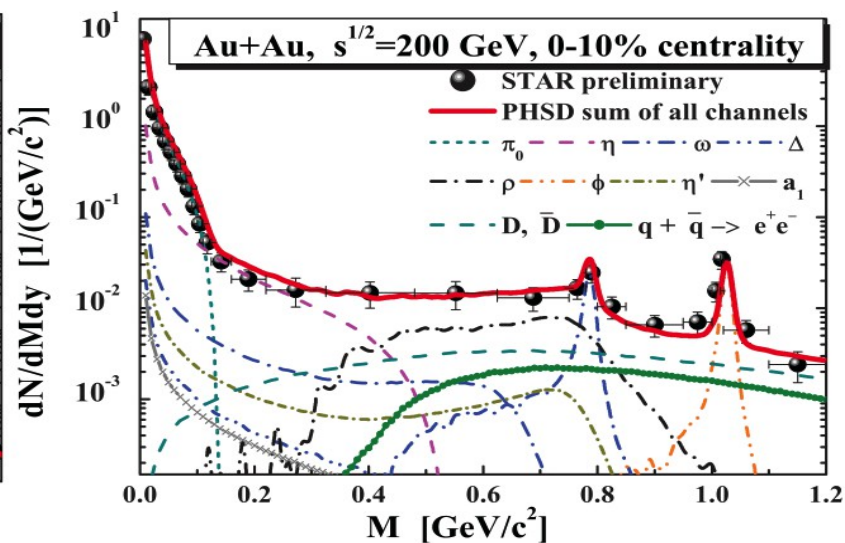
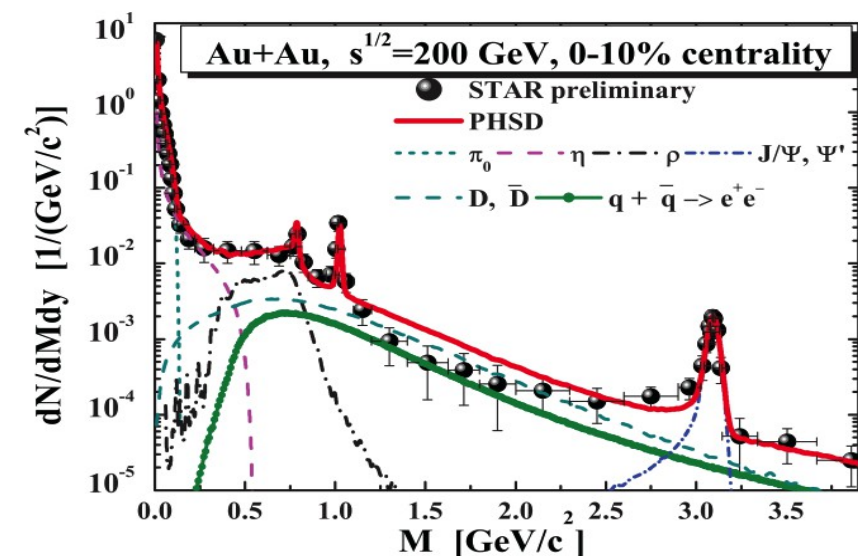
H. Xu et al., Phys. Rev. C 85 024906 (2012)

Parton-Hadron-String Dynamics (PHSD)

Consists of broadened vector mesons and QGP thermal radiation.



Agreements show in enhancement region (0.3-0.7 GeV/c²) in minbias and central.

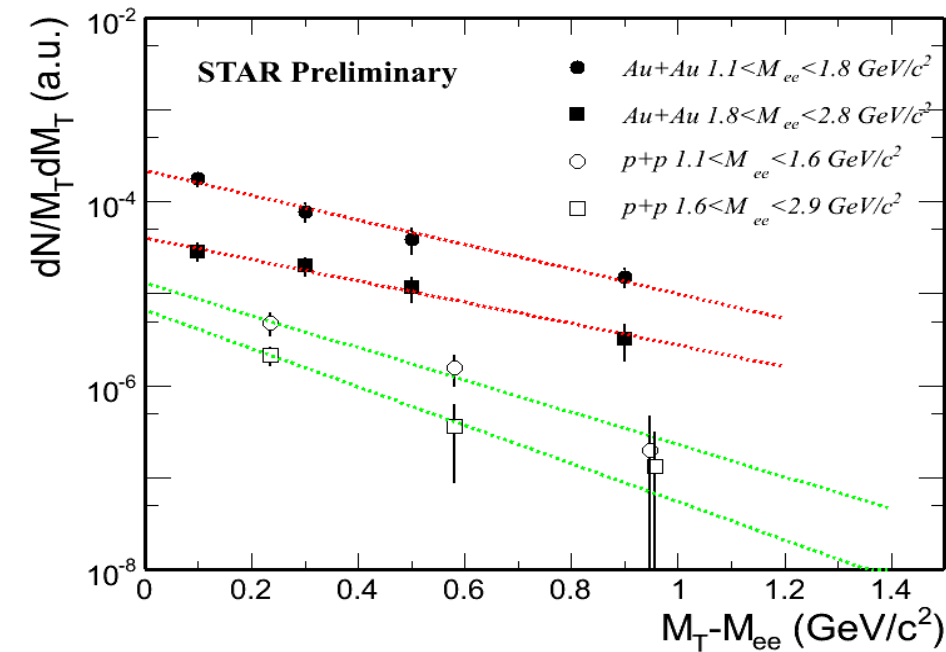


Transverse mass spectra

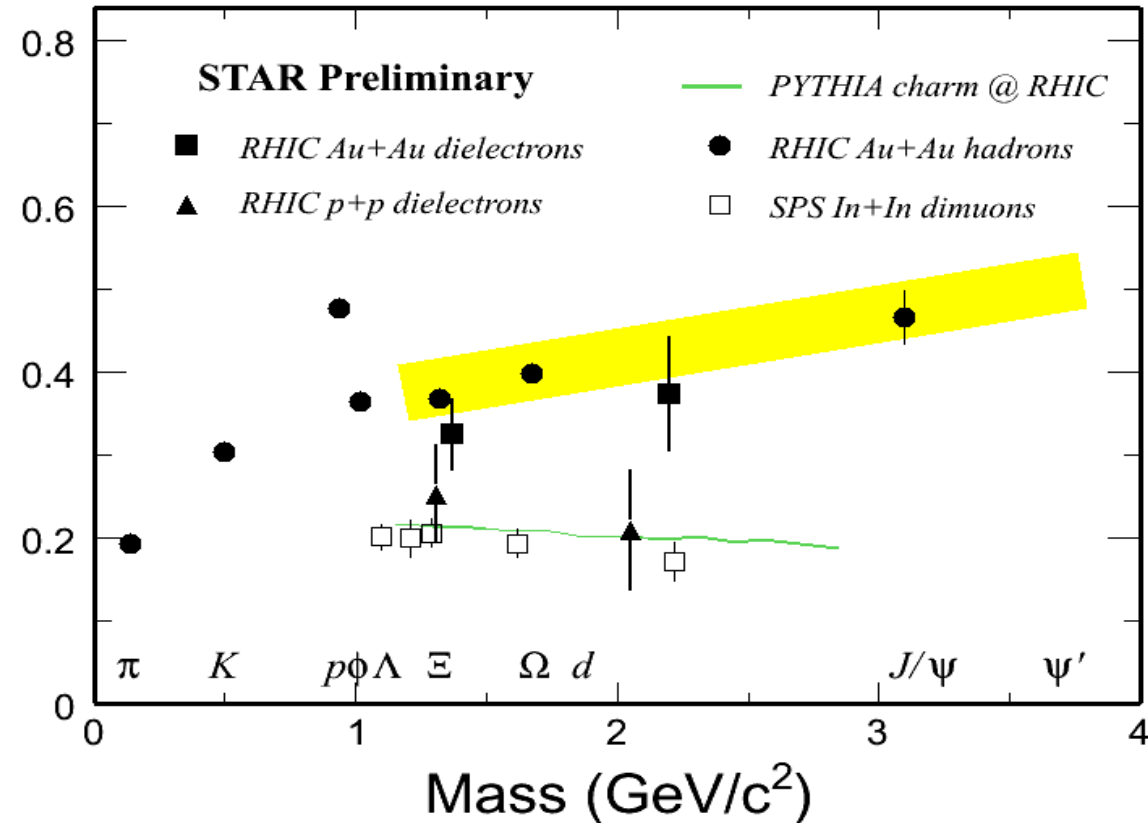


A + A: Minbias collisions

RHIC Au + Au 200 GeV / SPS In + In 17.2 GeV



T_{eff} (GeV)



➤ p + p result consistent with PYTHIA charm

➤ m_T slope parameter in Au+Au is higher than that in p + p

hint of thermal di-lepton production and/or charm modification

➤ Inclusive di-lepton slope in Au+Au at RHIC is also higher than that (charm/DY subtracted) from SPS

SPS data: charm/DY subtracted - PRL 100, 022302 (2008)

STAR data: inclusive di-electron, statistical error only

Yellow band indicates the sys. uncertainties at STAR.

Summary

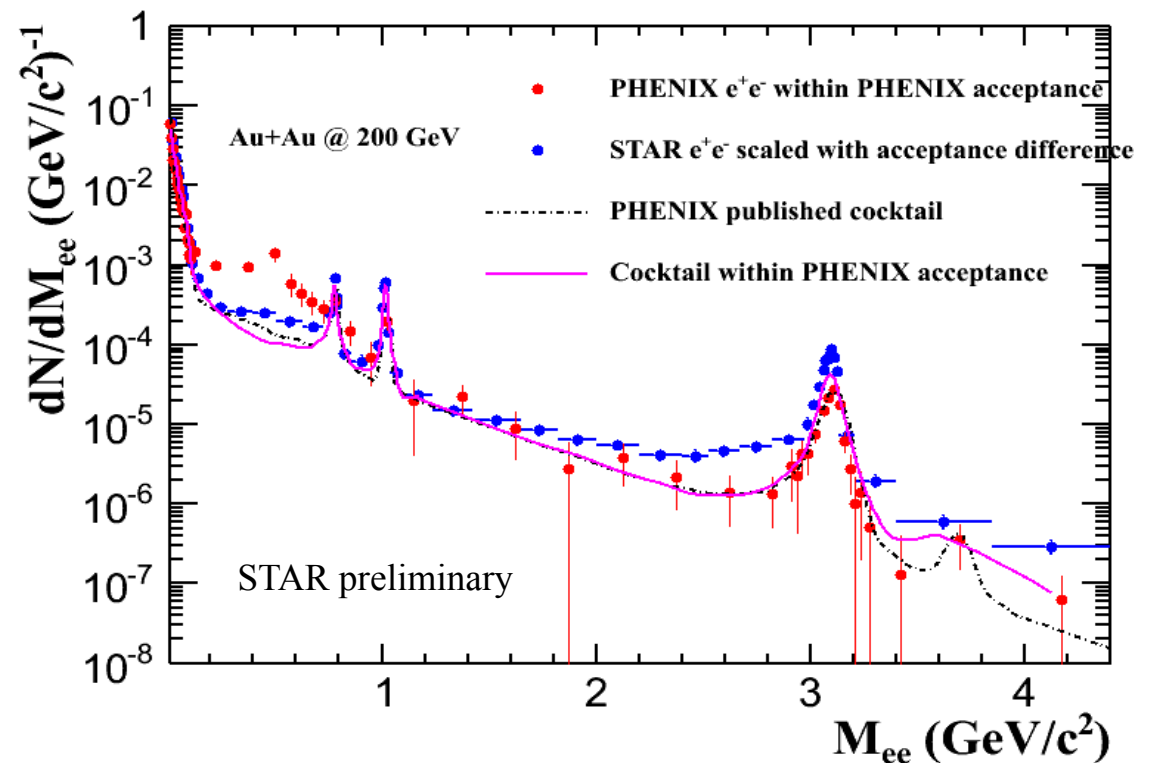
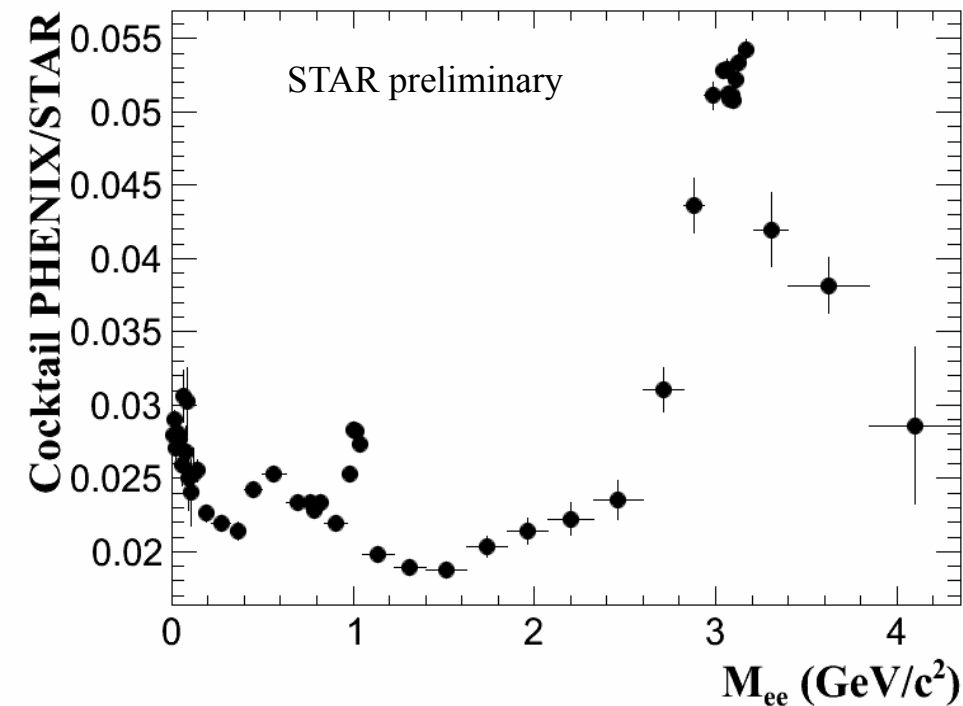


- Di-electron productions have been measured in p+p and Au+Au at 200 GeV.
 - Di-electron measurement in p+p is consistent with the expected yields within uncertainties.
 - Observed an enhancement at low mass region in Au+Au at 200 GeV.
 - Slope parameter in Au+Au is higher than that in p+p.
- A broadened ρ spectral function scenario can describe the low mass enhancement observed in Au+Au central collisions at 200 GeV.

Thank you !



Check with acceptance difference



Acceptance difference:

Cocktail in PHENIX acceptance

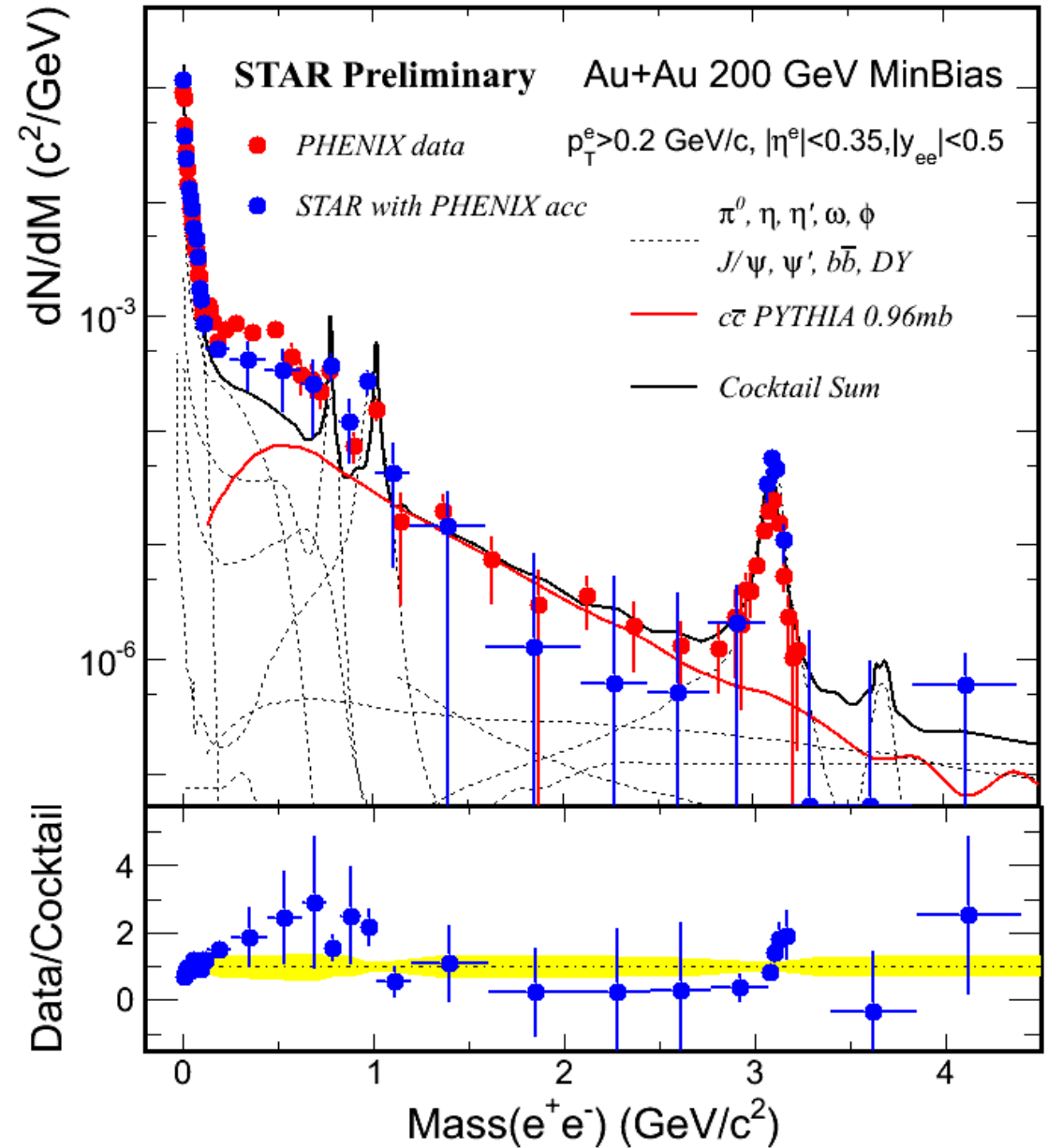
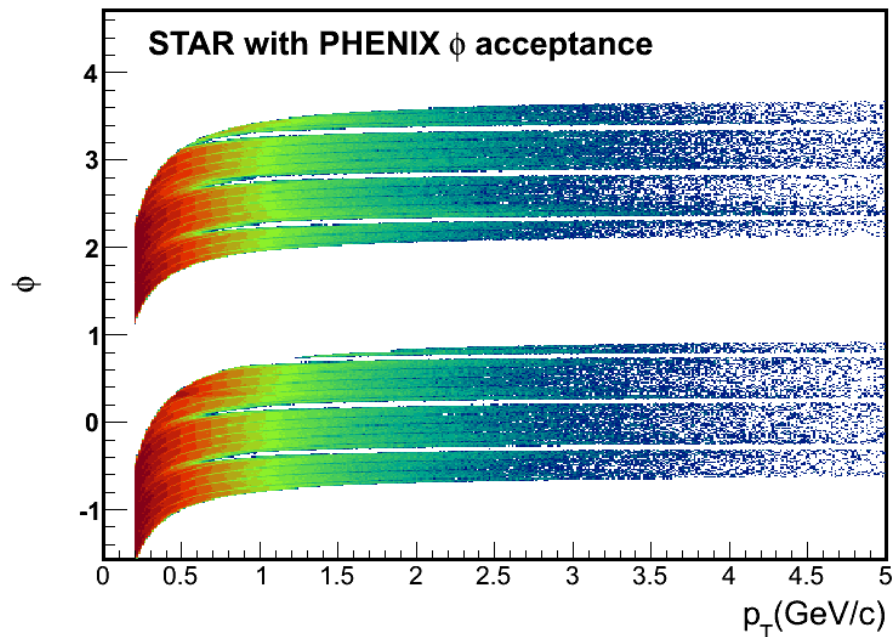
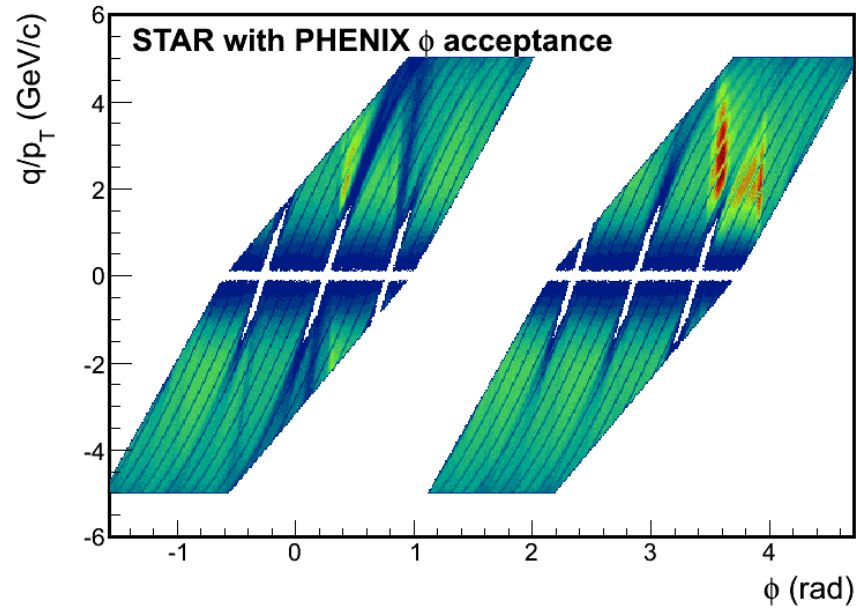
Cocktail in STAR acceptance

Scaled by same meson and charm yields.

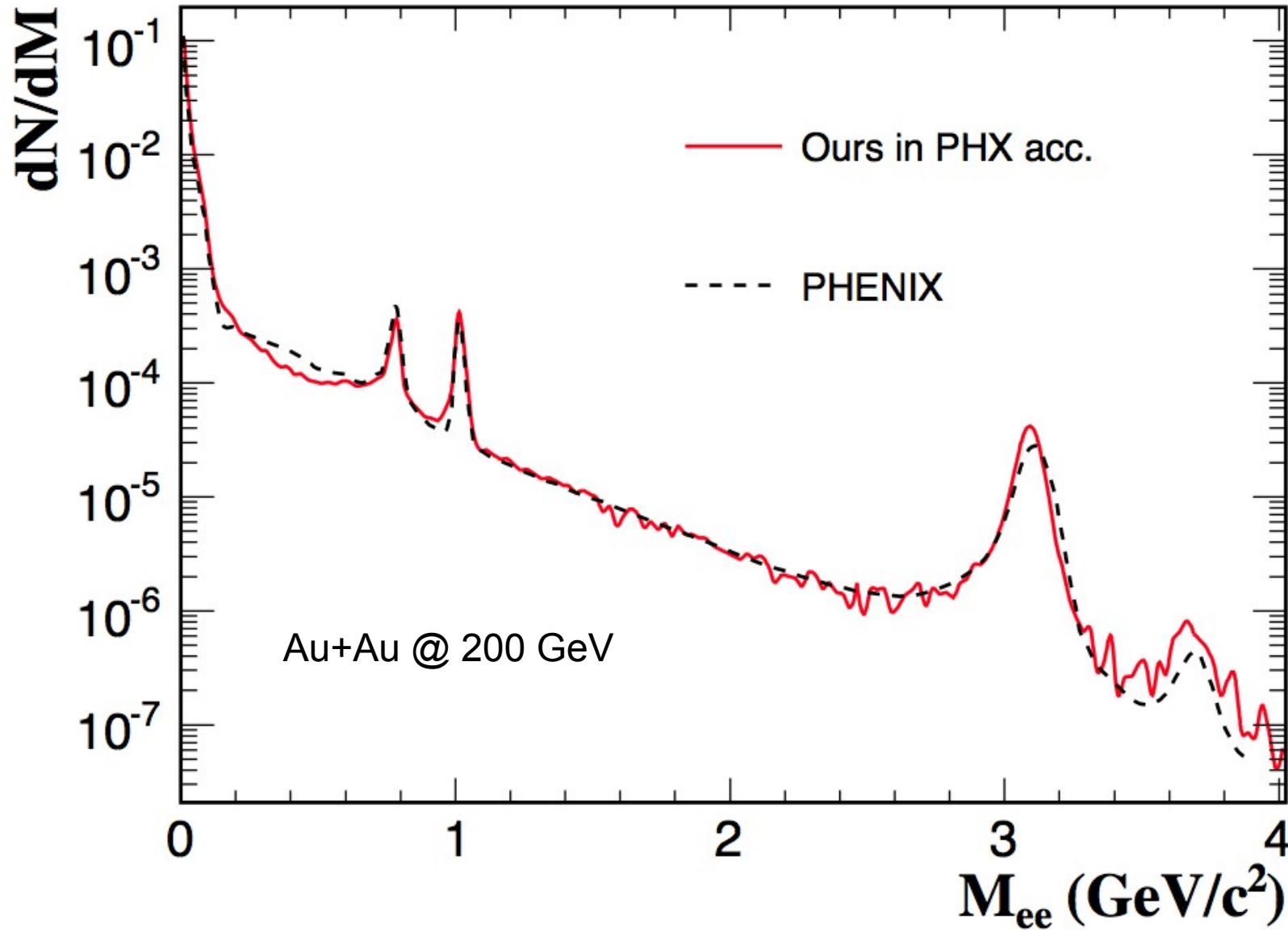
Scaled by the acceptance difference

Difference at low mass is not from the simulation but from the measurements.

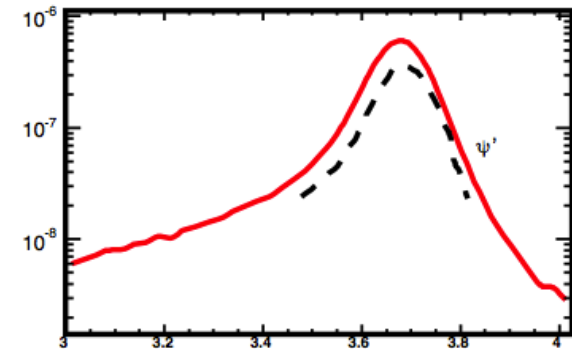
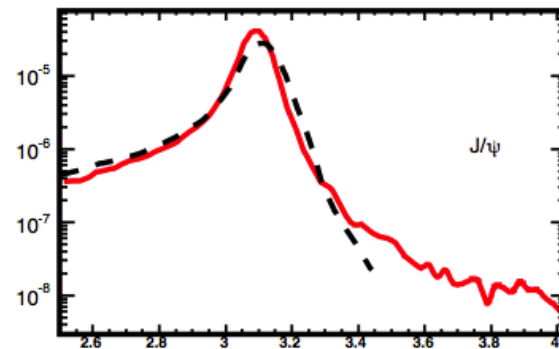
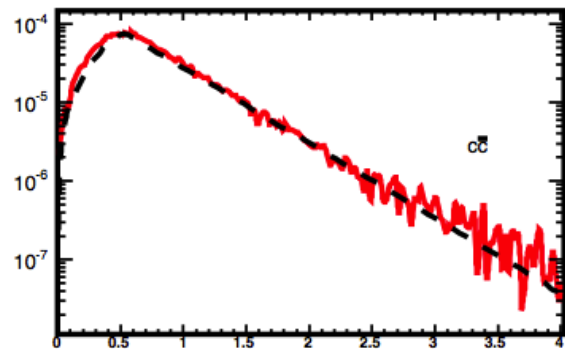
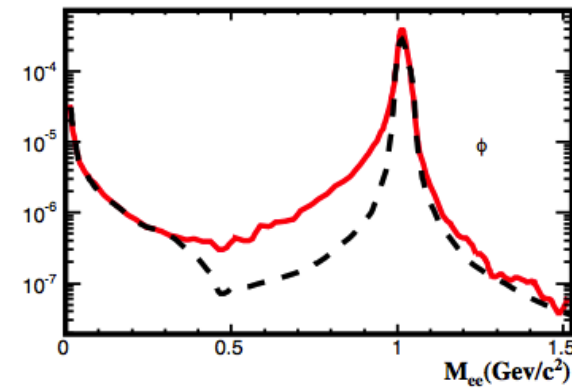
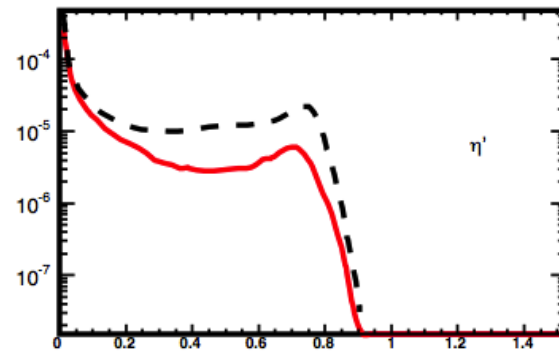
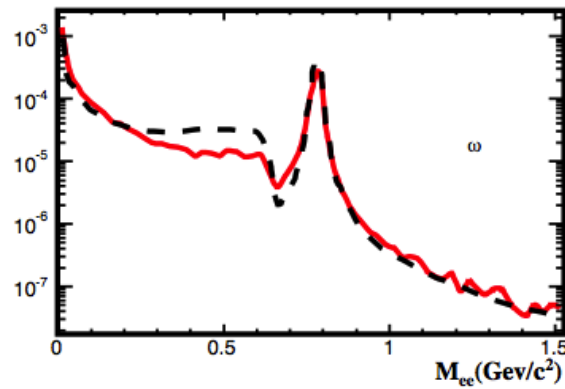
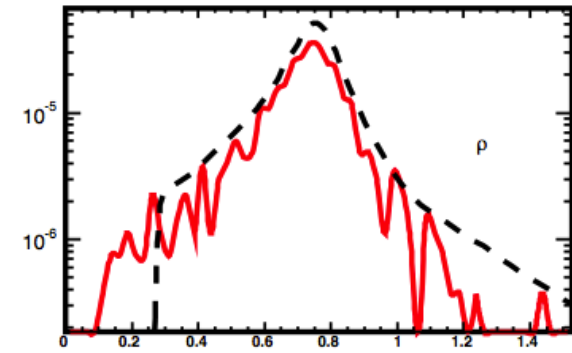
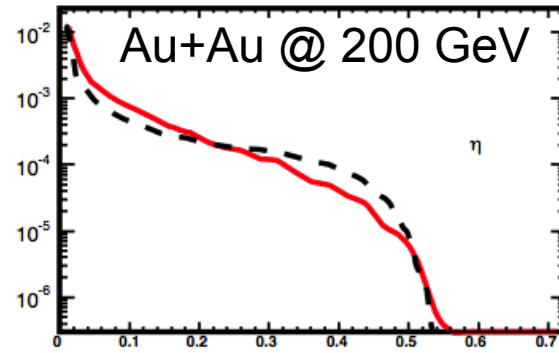
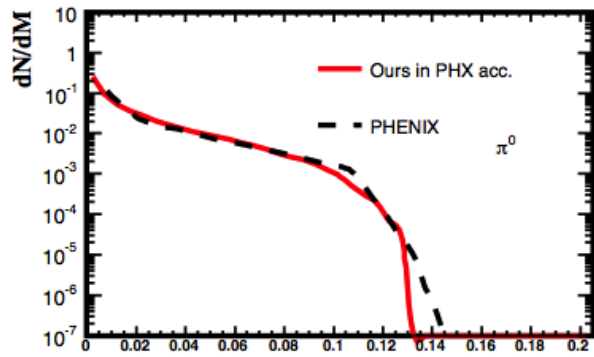
STAR with PHENIX ϕ acceptance



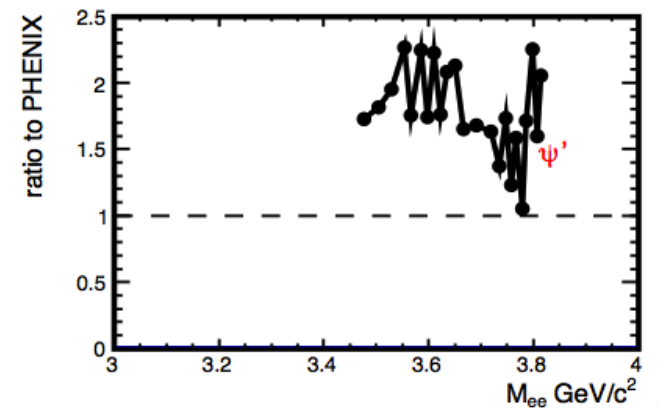
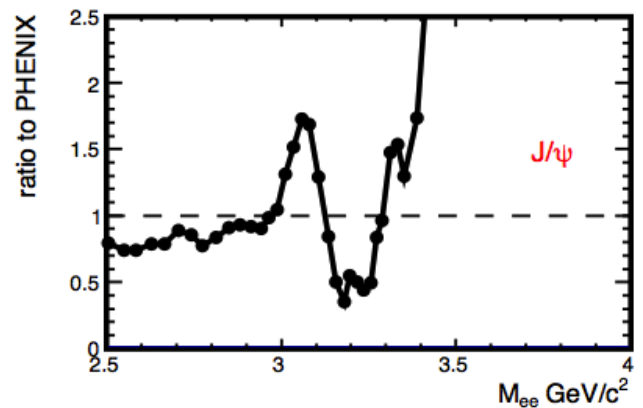
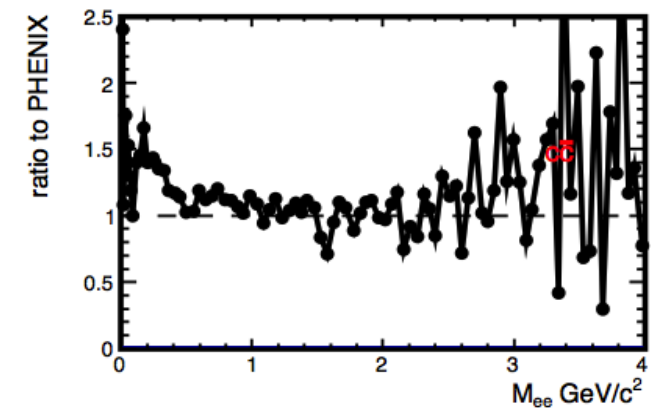
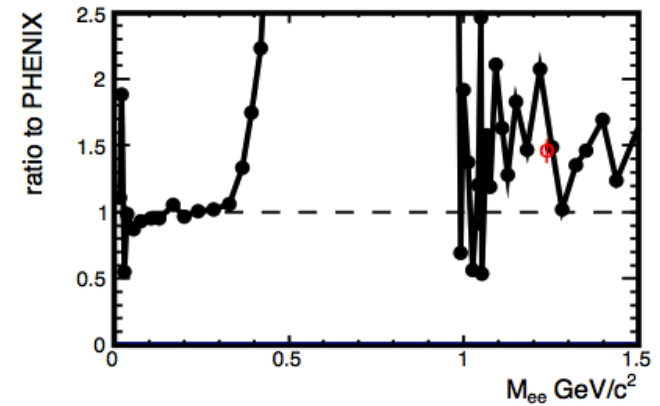
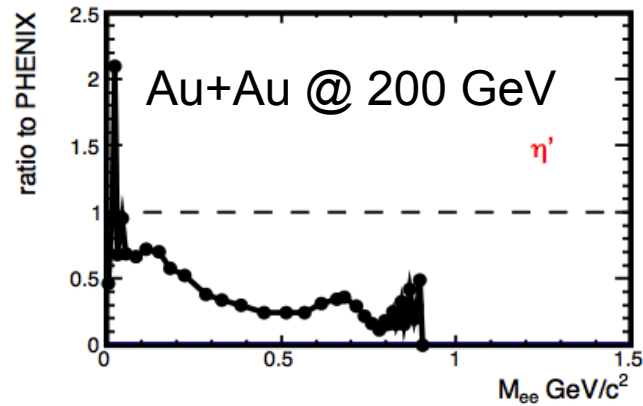
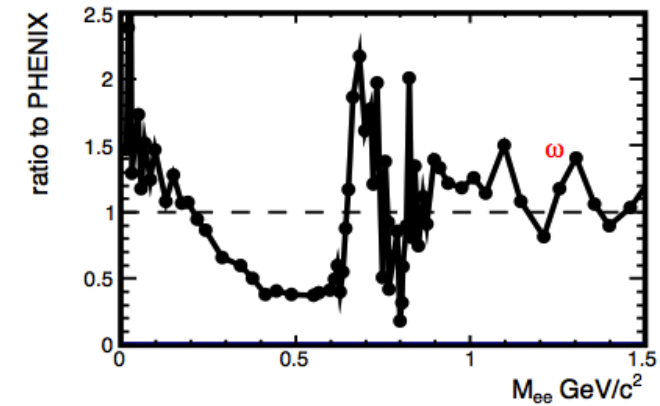
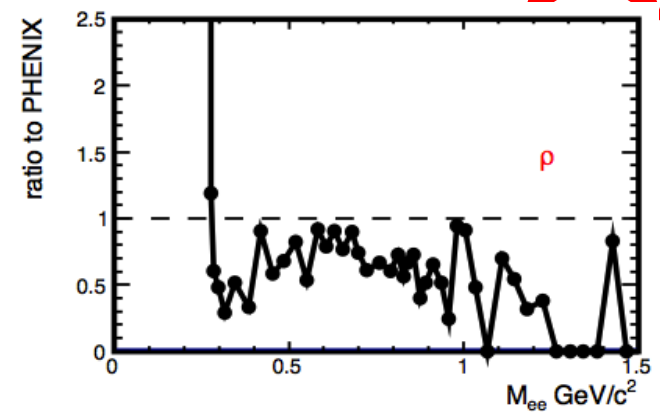
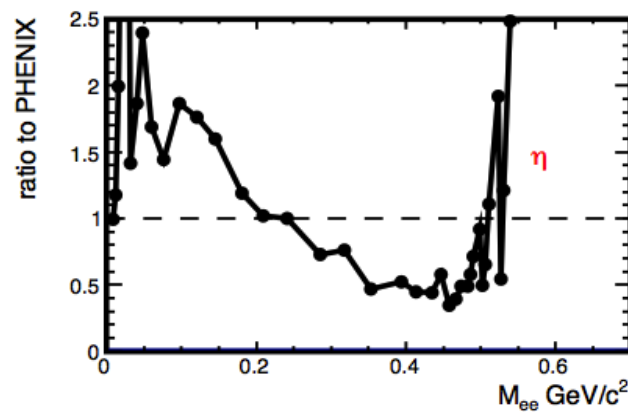
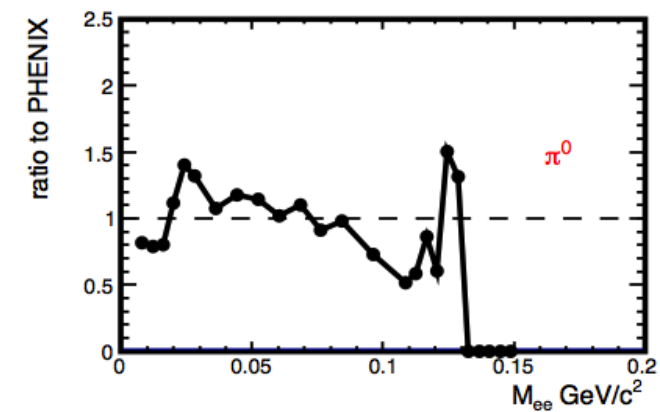
Simulation in PHENIX acceptance



Red line: STAR simulation method applied to PHENIX acceptance. All components scaled by the yields and B.R.s PHENIX used.



Ratio to PHENIX



Simulation in PHENIX acceptance

