

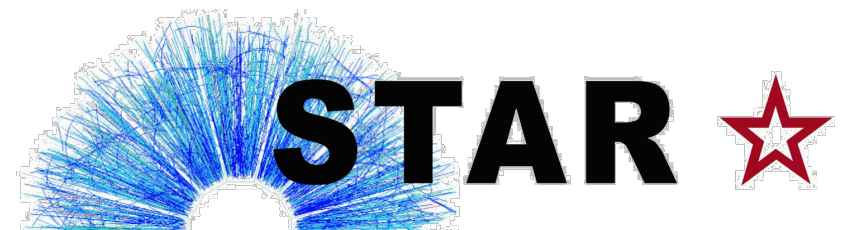
Di-jet Hadron Correlations in Au+Au Collisions at STAR at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200$ GeV

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Wayne State University



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Office of
Science



Jets

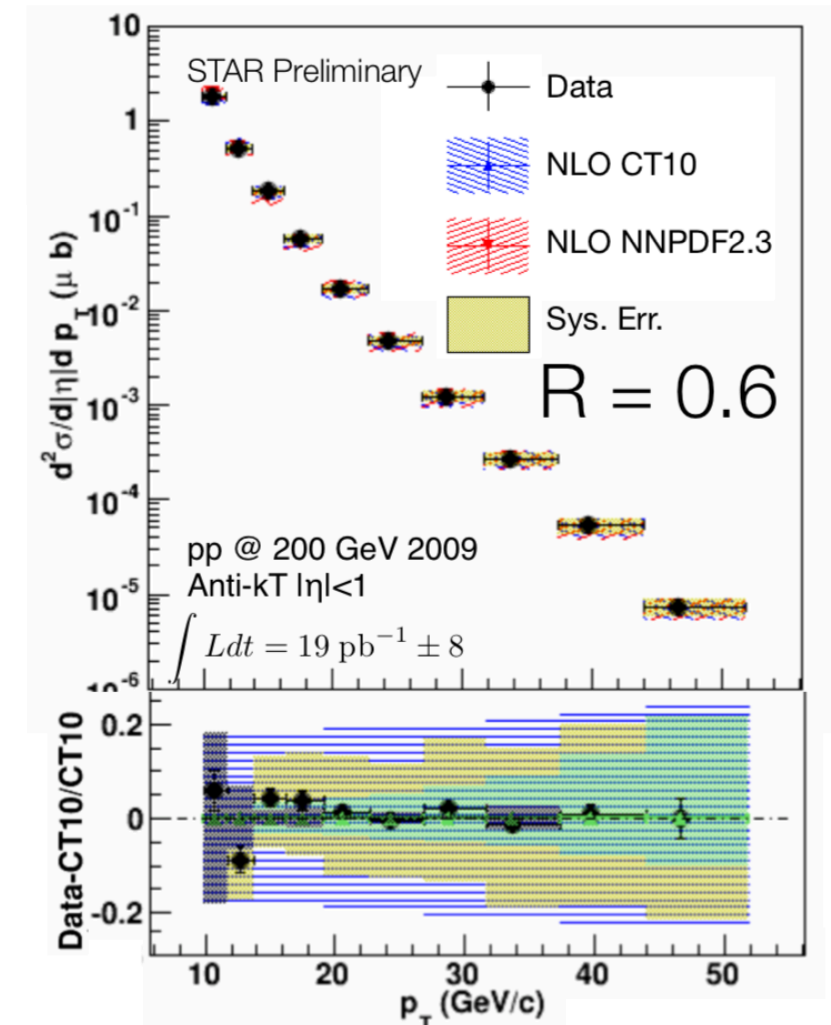
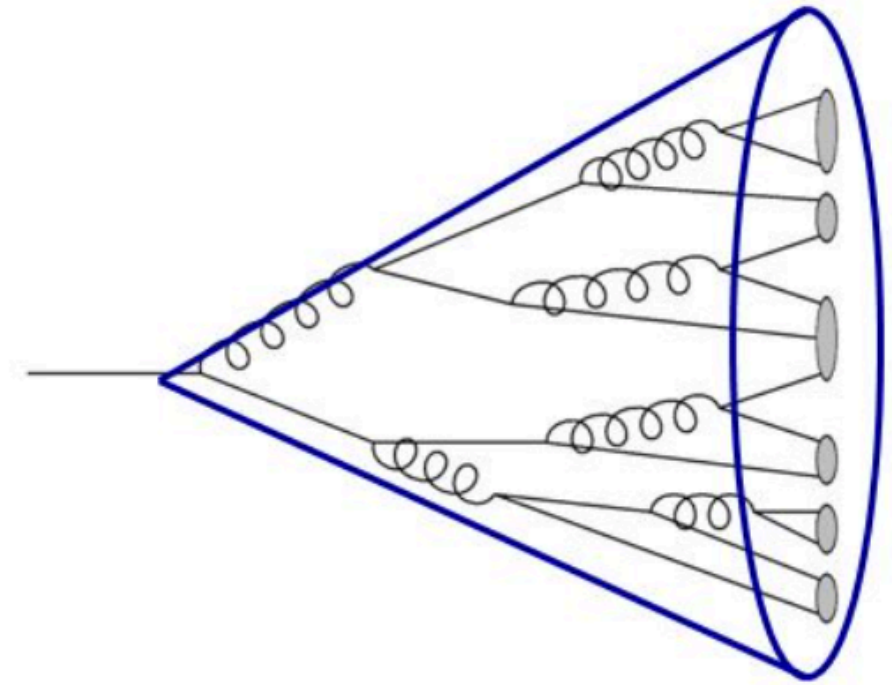
theory: $X \rightarrow q\bar{q}$ (or g)

experiment: collimated shower of hadrons

theory \rightarrow jetfinding \rightarrow experiment

jets are calculable: pQCD

experimental agreement with theoretical predictions



[arXiv:1506.06314]

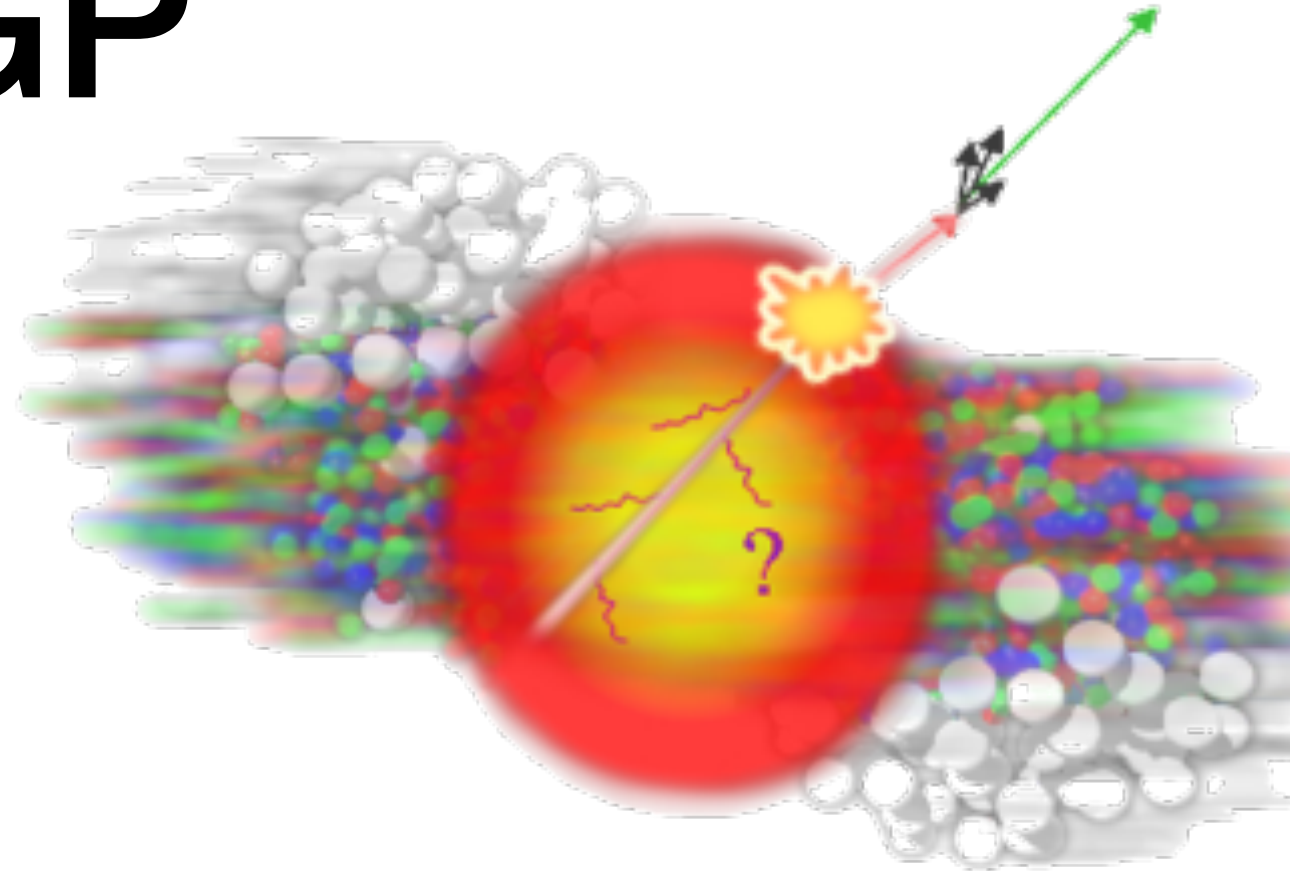
FastJet

Jets in the QGP

hard scattering happens early
internal probe of the QGP

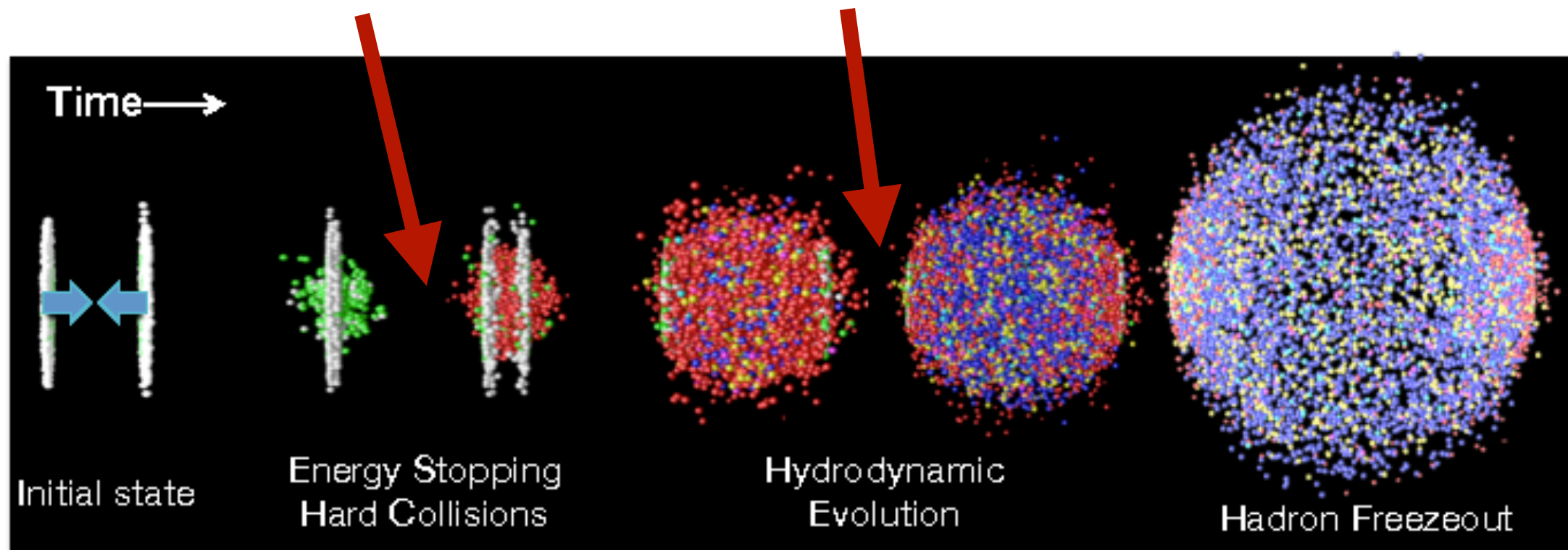
partonic energy loss

→ broadening & softening

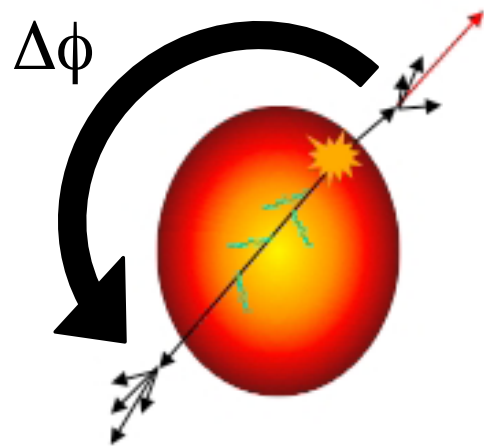


jet production

probes medium evolution



Jets in the QGP at STAR

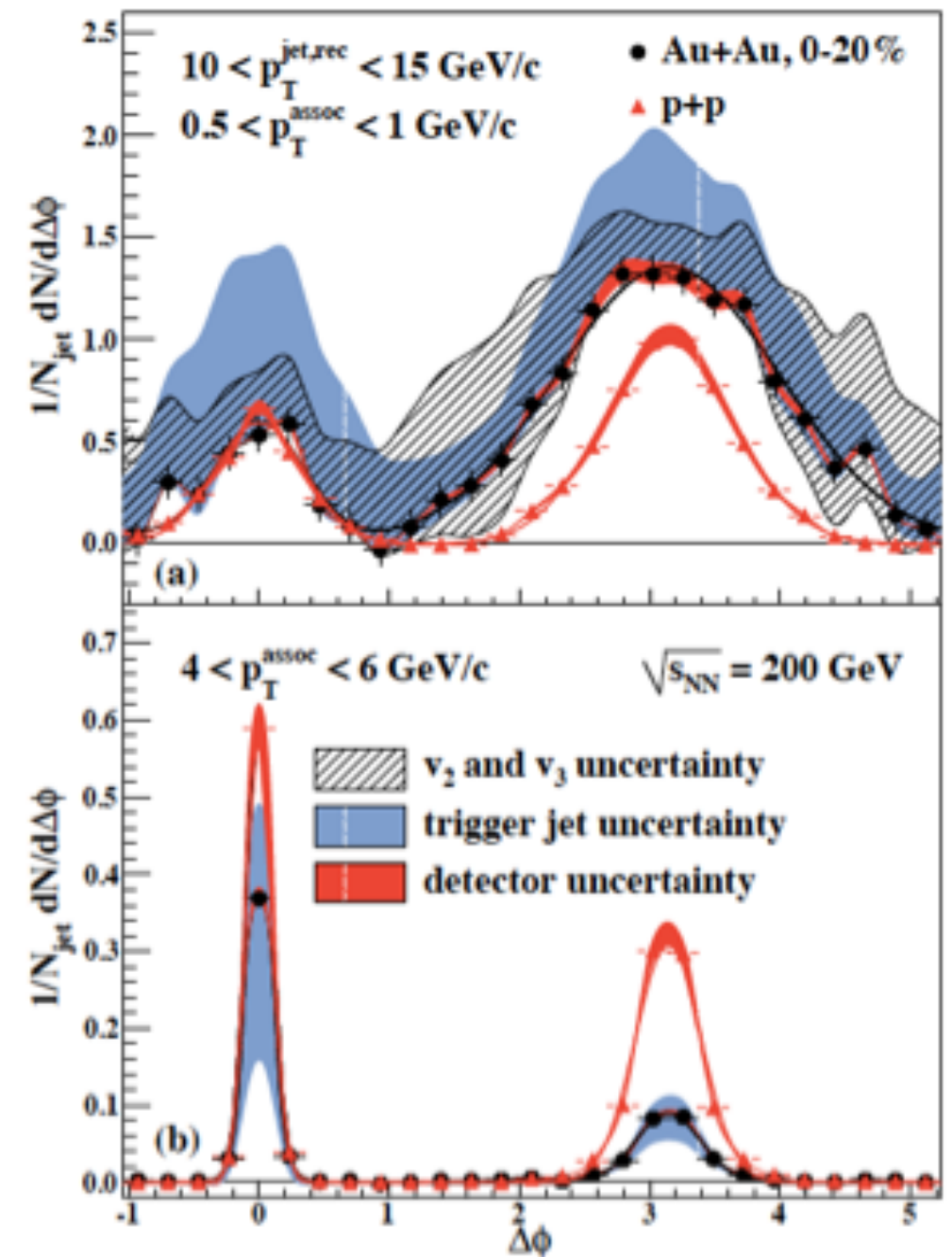


enhancement of recoil jet
low p_T constituents

suppression of recoil jet
high p_T constituents

how to measure jet-by-jet
energy loss?

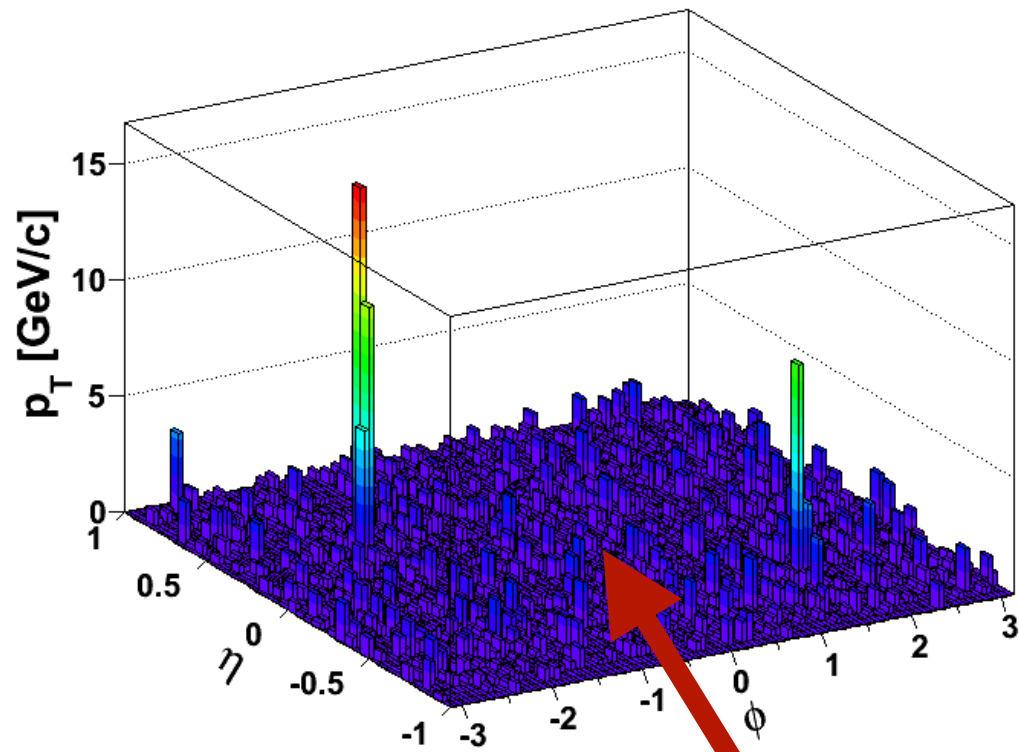
jet-hadron correlations



STAR, PRL 112, 122301 (2014)

Hard core jets at STAR

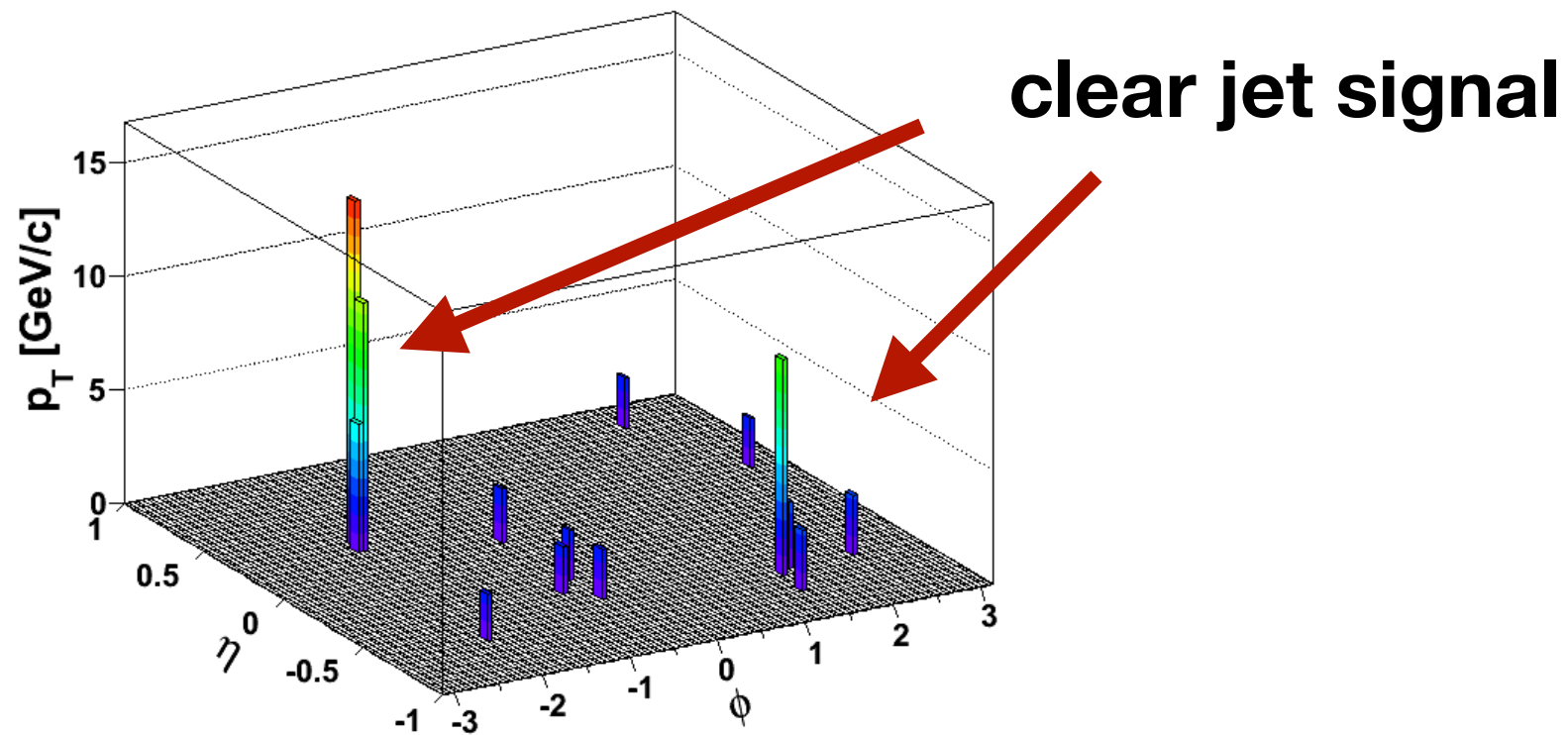
in a heavy ion background



large background energy density

Hard core jets at STAR

in a heavy ion background



$p_T^{\text{const}} > 2$ GeV/c cut

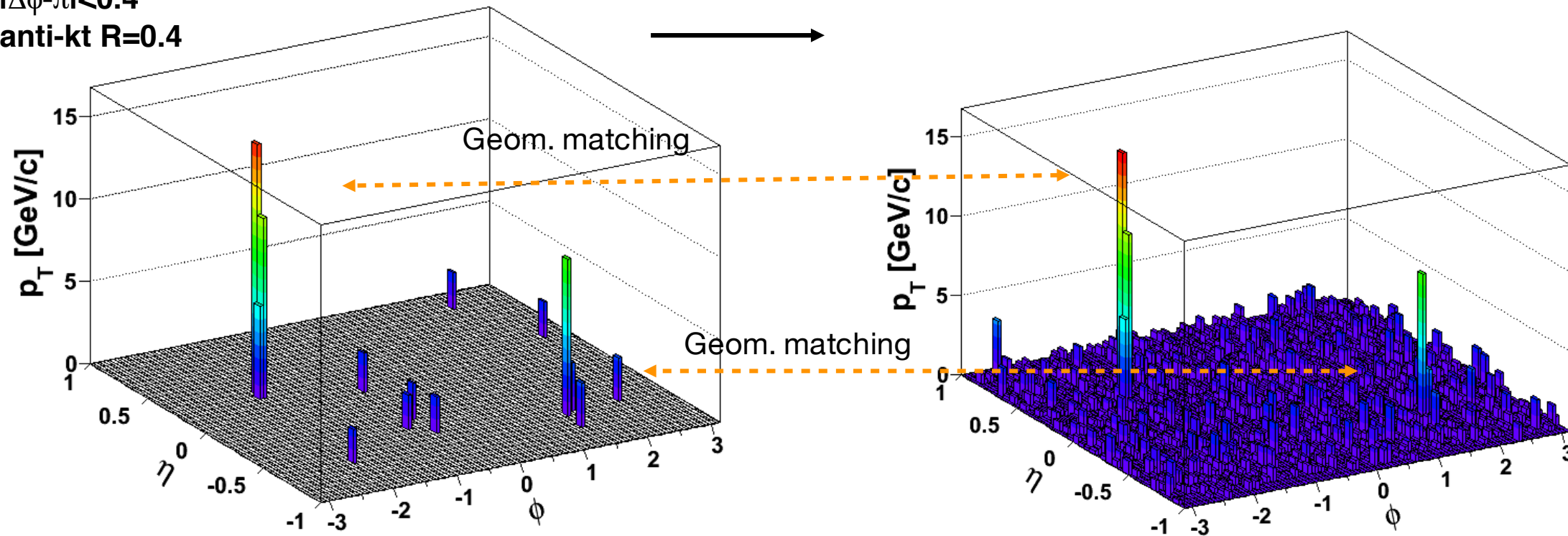


removes almost all background

Hard core jets at STAR

in a heavy ion background

$p_{T}^{\text{Cut}}=2 \text{ GeV}/c$
 $p_{T}^{\text{Lead}}>20 \text{ GeV}/c$
 $p_{T}^{\text{SubLead}}>10 \text{ GeV}/c$
 $|\Delta\phi-\pi|<0.4$
anti-kt $R=0.4$



$p_{T}^{\text{const}}>2 \text{ GeV}/c$ cut



removes almost all background

geometric matching



no combinatoric jets,
recover all constituents

Di-jet imbalance at STAR

$$A_J = \frac{p_T^{\text{Lead}} - p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}{p_T^{\text{Lead}} + p_T^{\text{SubLead}}}$$

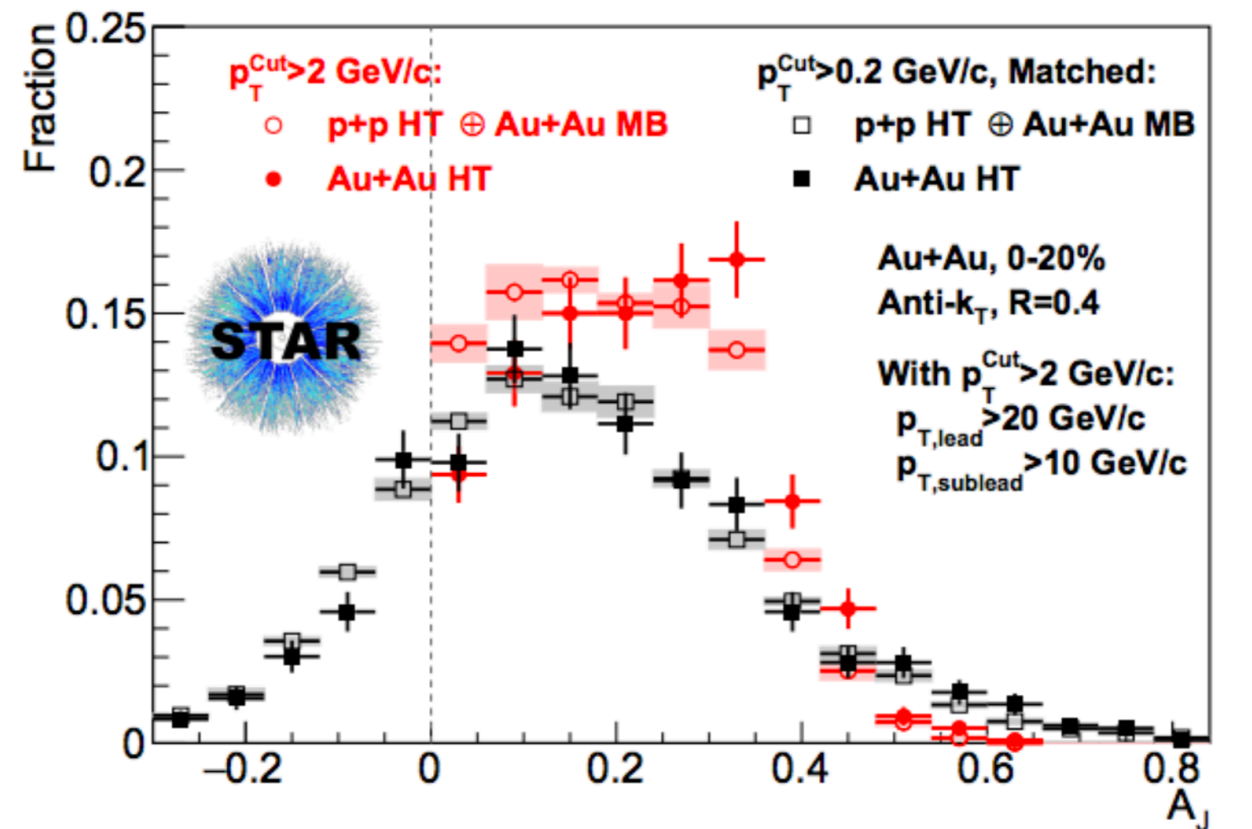
hard core di-jets imbalanced
with respect to p+p

when soft constituents
are included:
balance restored to
the level of p+p in R=0.4

more differential



di-jet hadron
correlations



STAR Collaboration, Phys. Rev. Lett. 119, 062301 (2017)

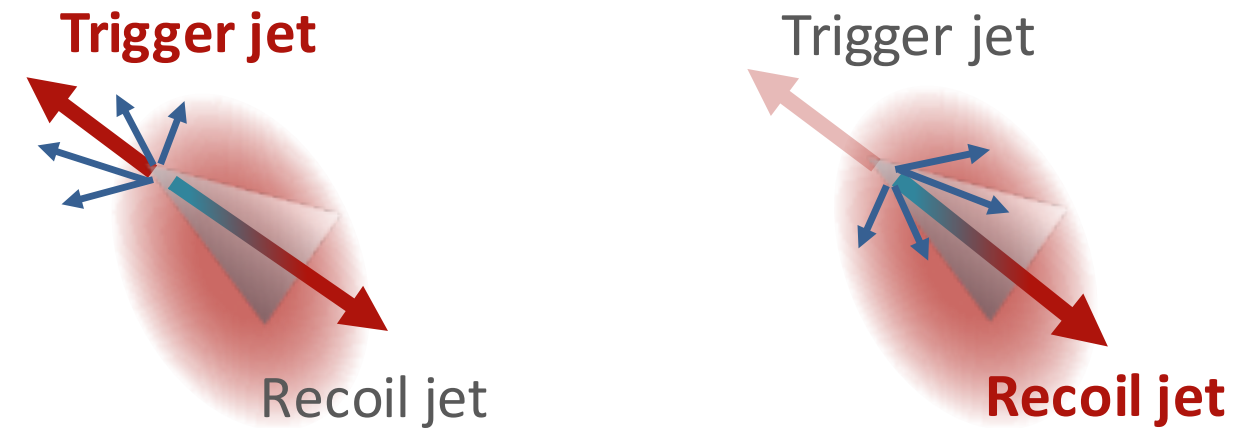
Di-jet hadron correlations

di-jet definition

$p_T^{\text{Cut}} = 2 \text{ GeV}/c$
 $p_T^{\text{Lead}} > 20 \text{ GeV}/c$
 $p_T^{\text{SubLead}} > 10 \text{ GeV}/c$
 $|\Delta\phi - \pi| < 0.4$
 anti- k_T $R = 0.4$

correlations

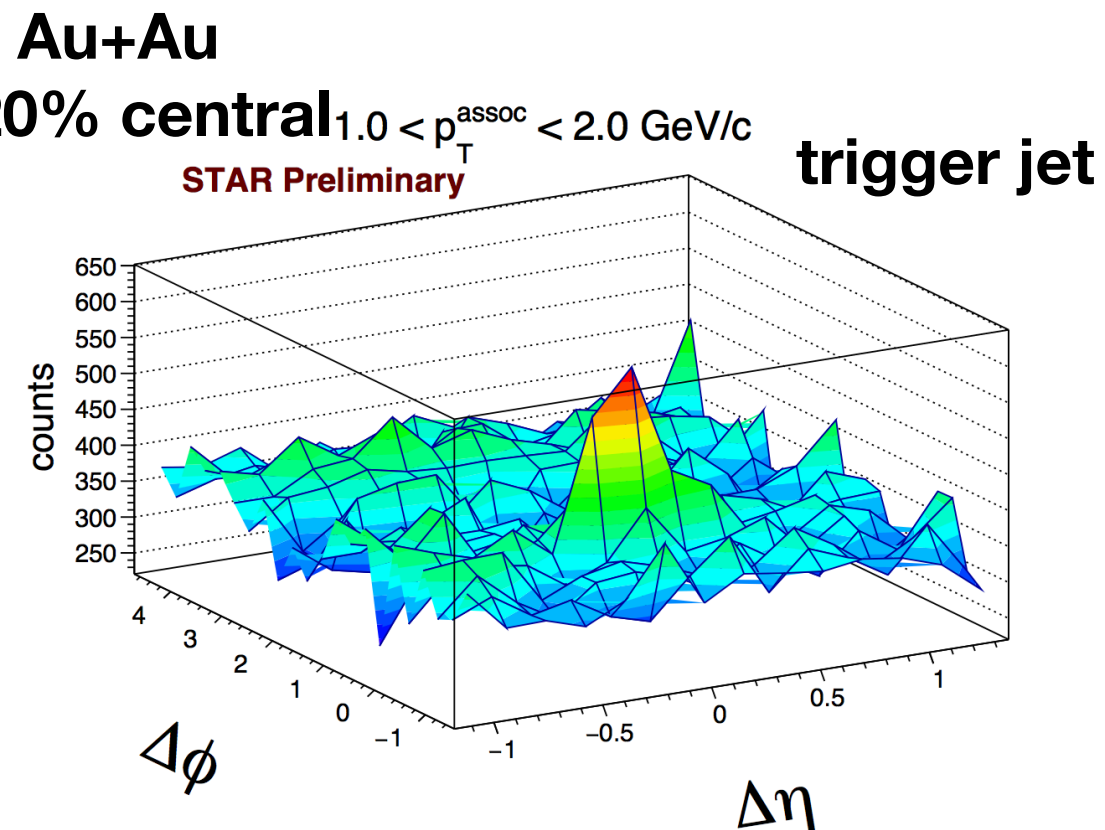
$\Delta\eta = \eta^{\text{jet}} - \eta^{\text{track}}$
 $\Delta\phi = \phi^{\text{jet}} - \phi^{\text{track}}$



jetfinding → **detector level**
correlations & yields → **particle level**

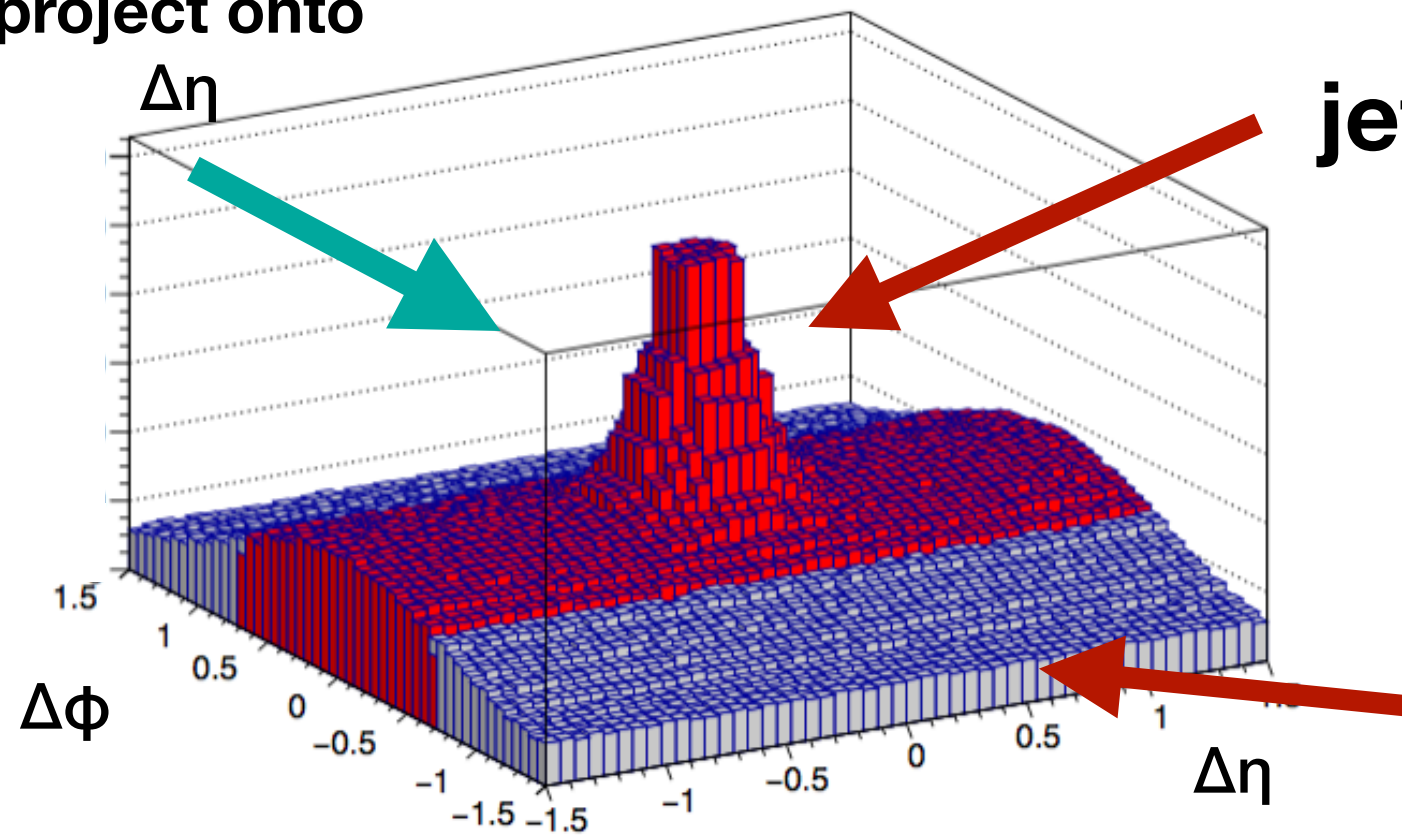
systematic uncertainties

- **tracking efficiency ($\pm 5\%$)**
- **relative jet energy scale**
- relative tracking efficiency ($\pm 7\%$)**
- relative tower energy scale ($\pm 2\%$)**



Correlations in $\Delta\eta$

project onto

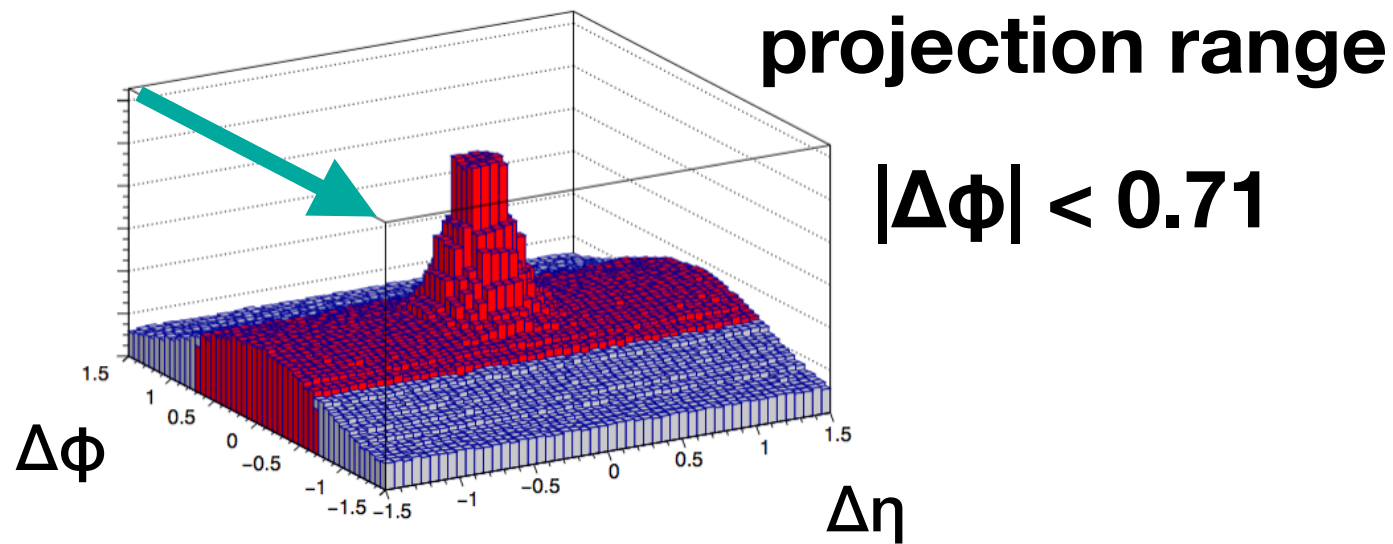


jet signal centered at (0,0)

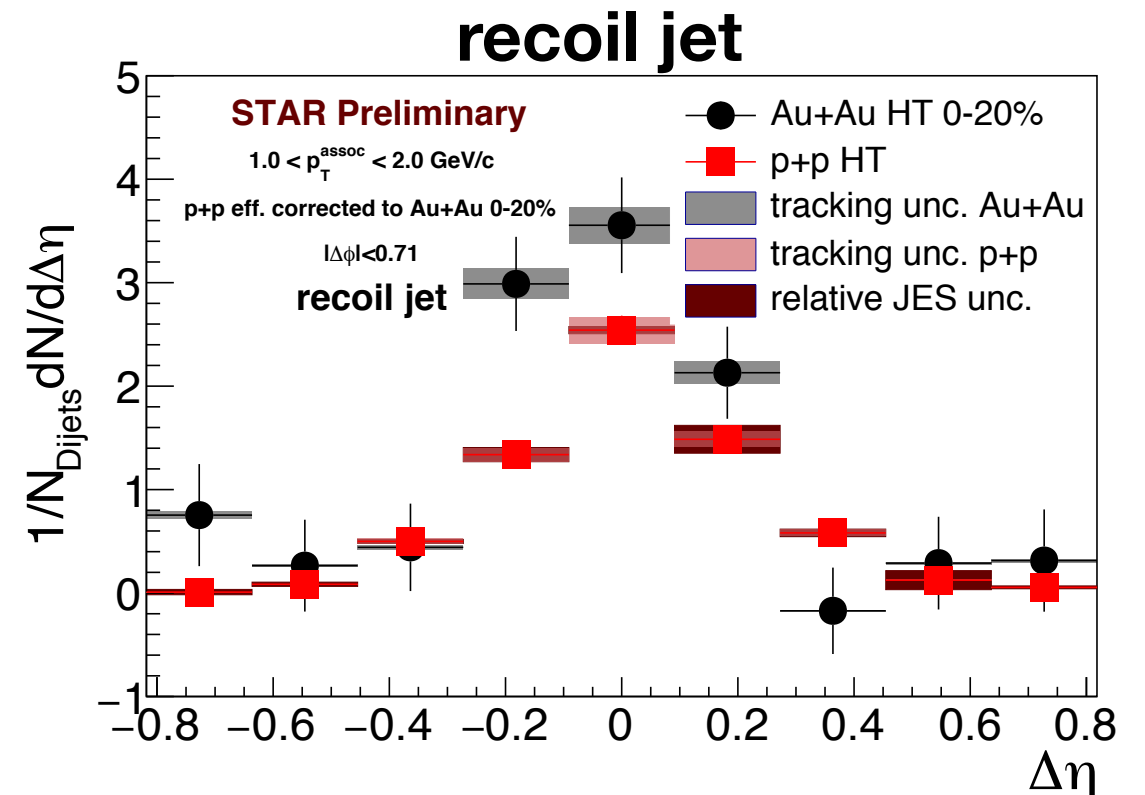
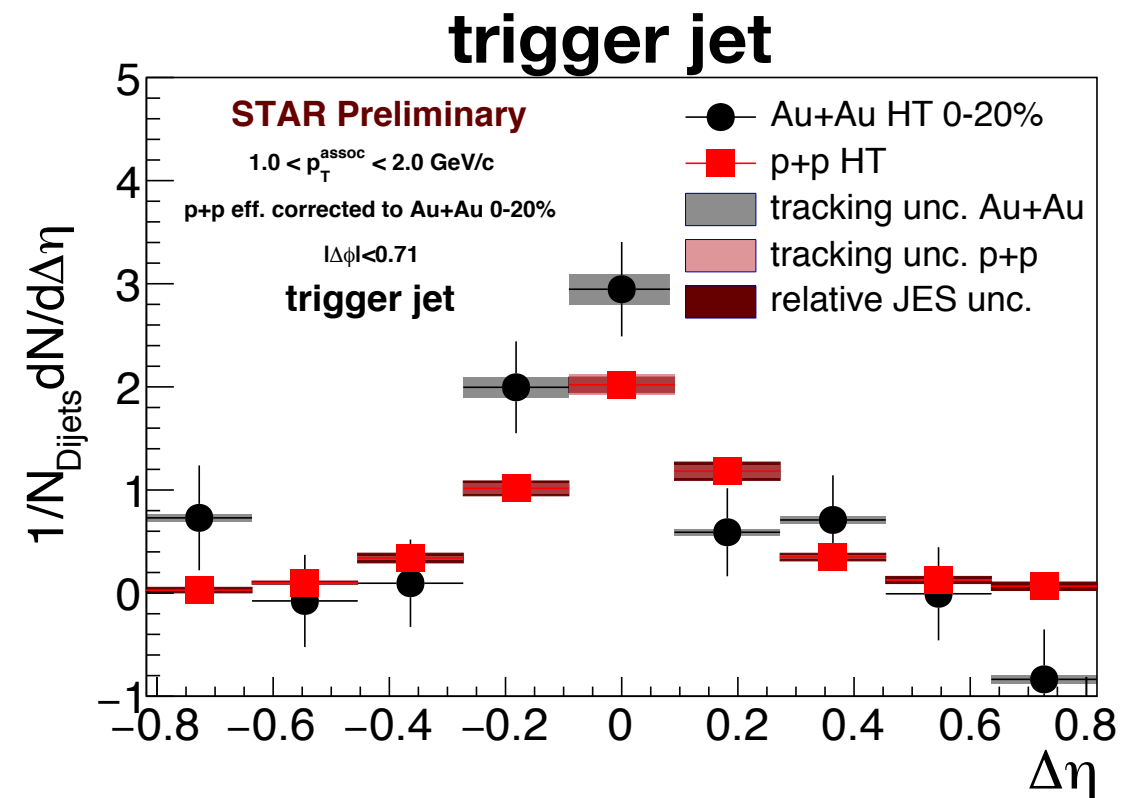
underlying event

fit with a constant+gaussian
constant subtracted as
background

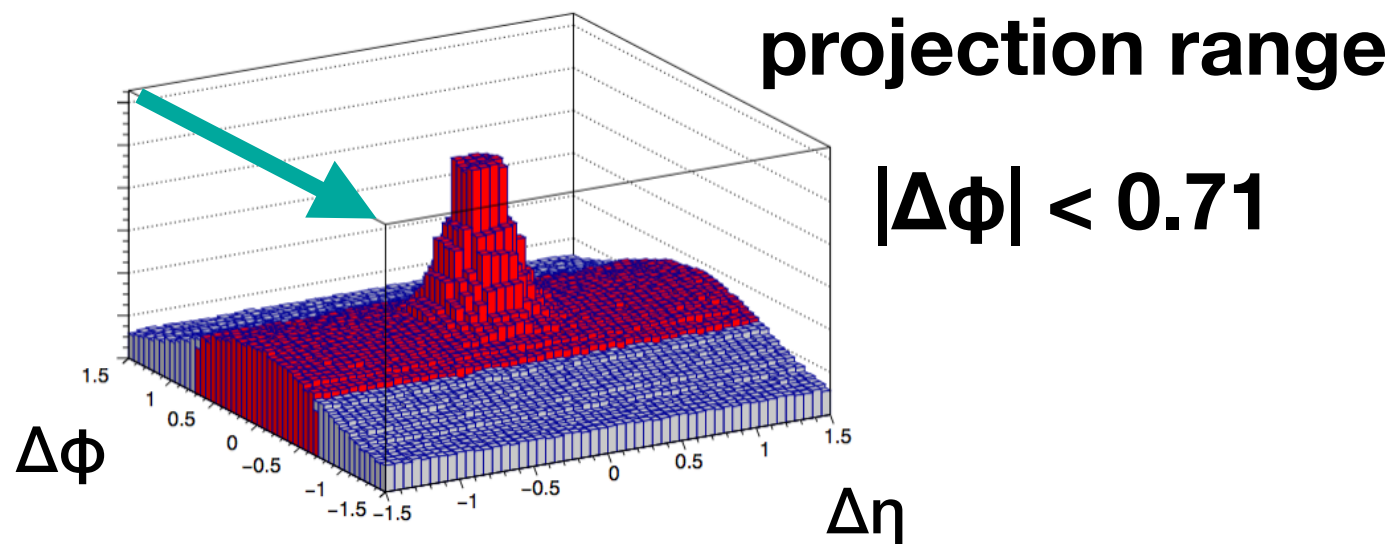
Correlations in $\Delta\eta$ $1.0 < p_T^{\text{assoc}} < 2.0 \text{ GeV}/c$



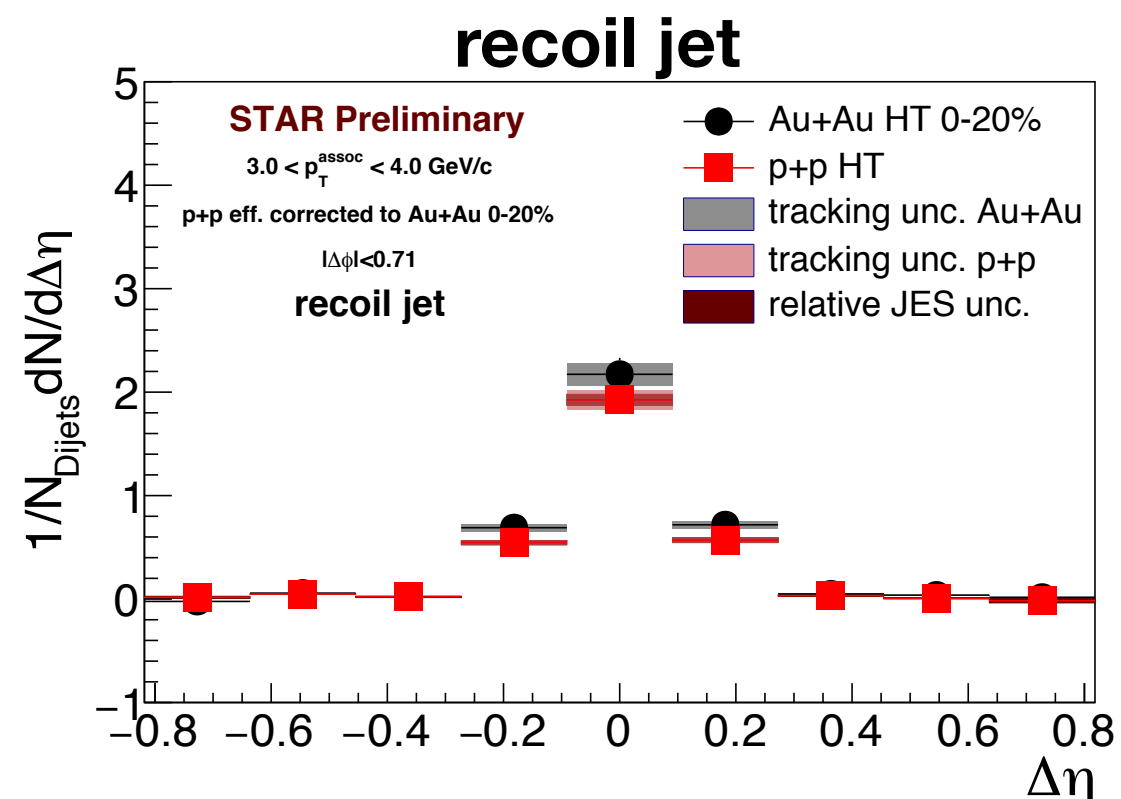
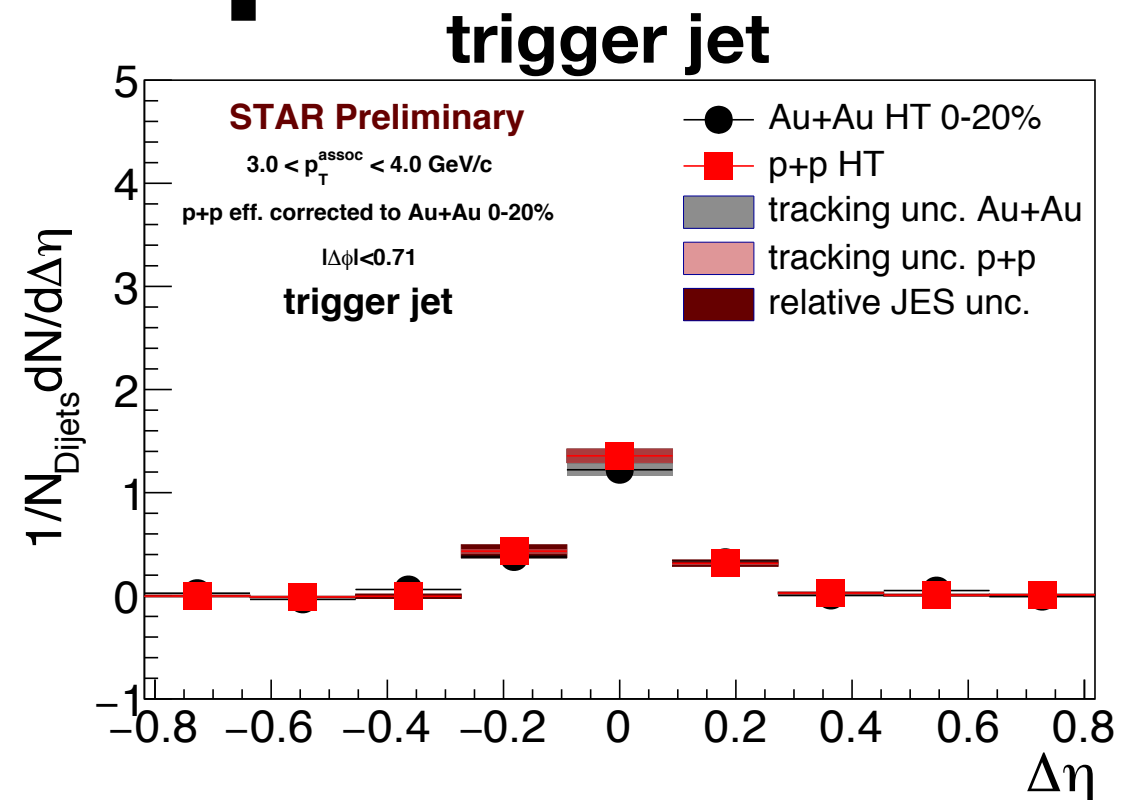
**yield contained within
jet radius $R=0.4$**



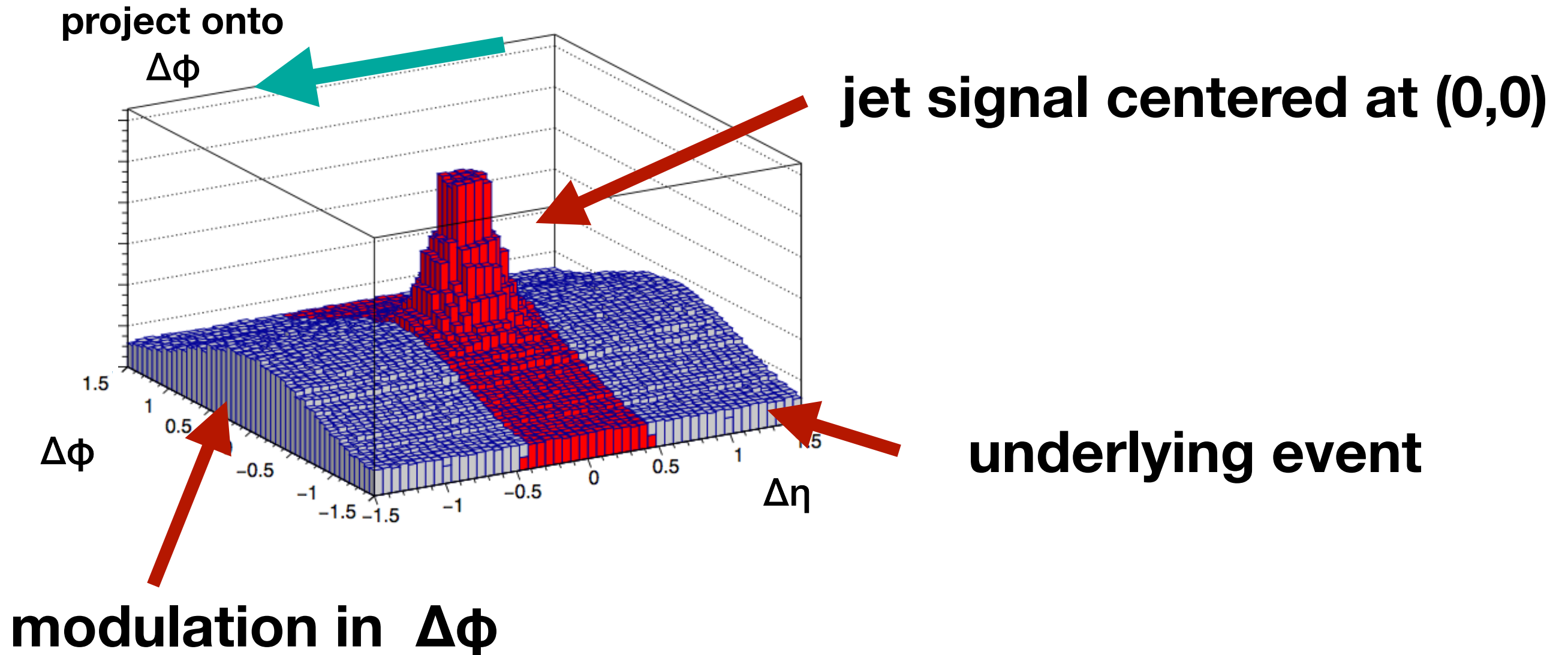
Correlations in $\Delta\eta$ $3.0 < p_T^{\text{assoc}} < 4.0 \text{ GeV}/c$



yield contained within jet radius $R=0.4$



Correlations in $\Delta\phi$

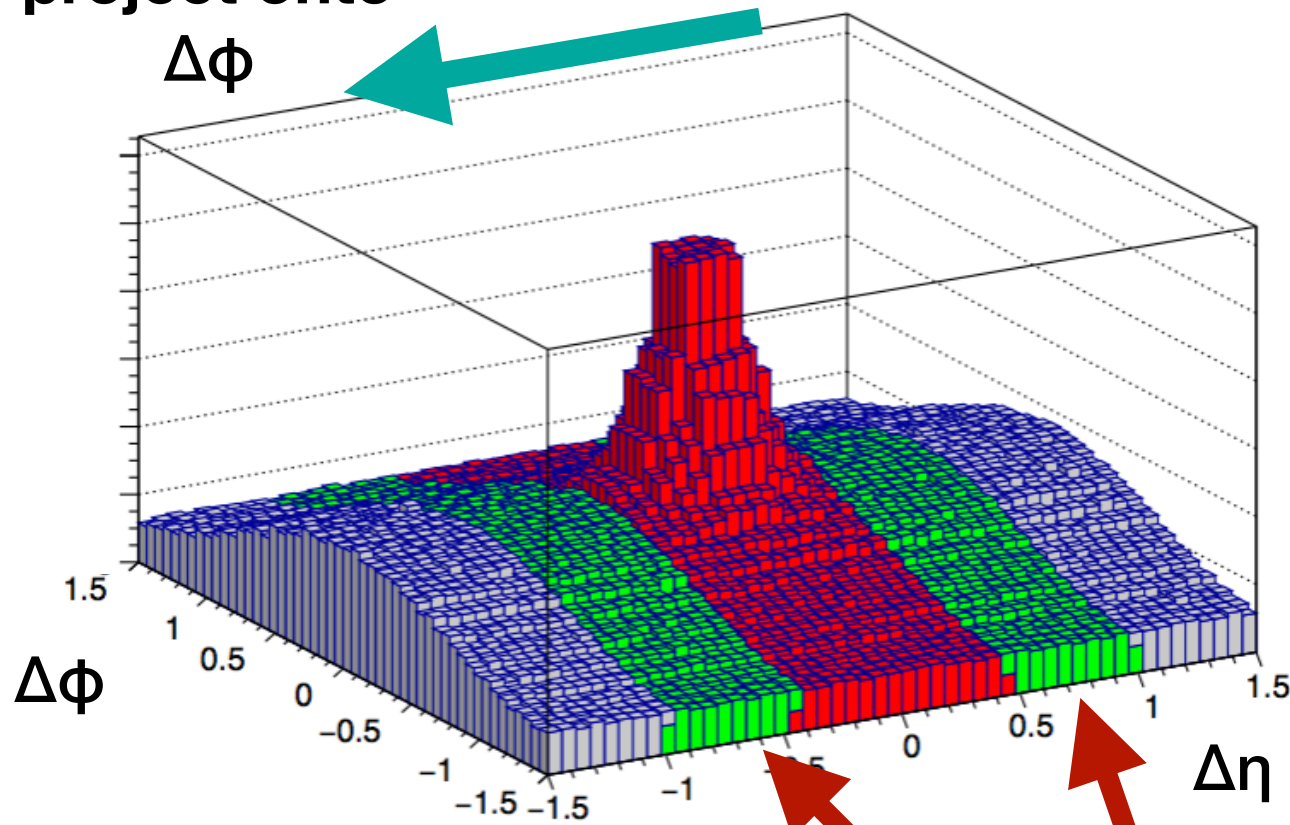


Correlations in $\Delta\phi$

project onto

$\Delta\phi$

jet signal centered at (0,0)

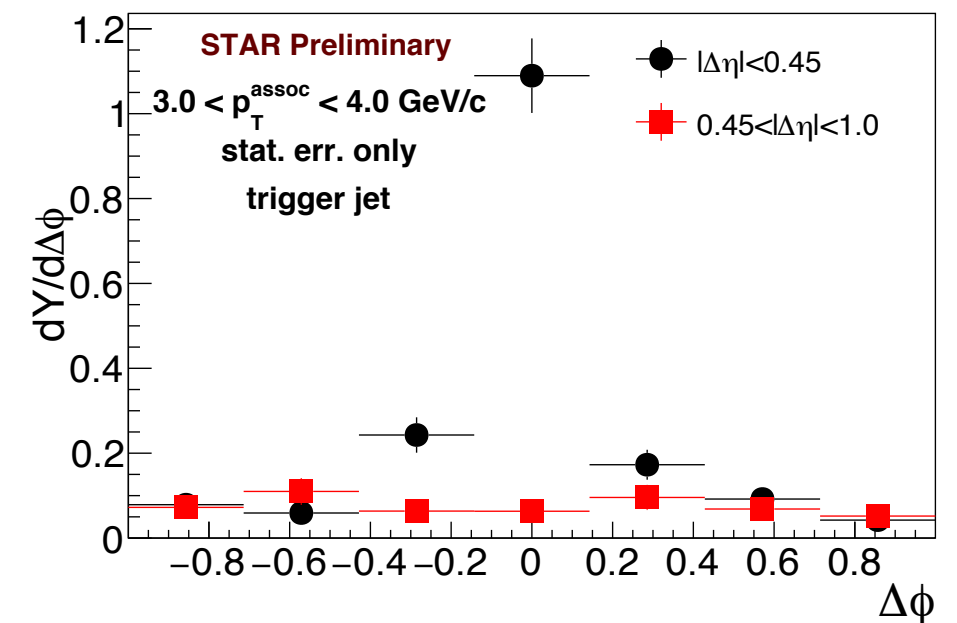


modulation in $\Delta\phi$

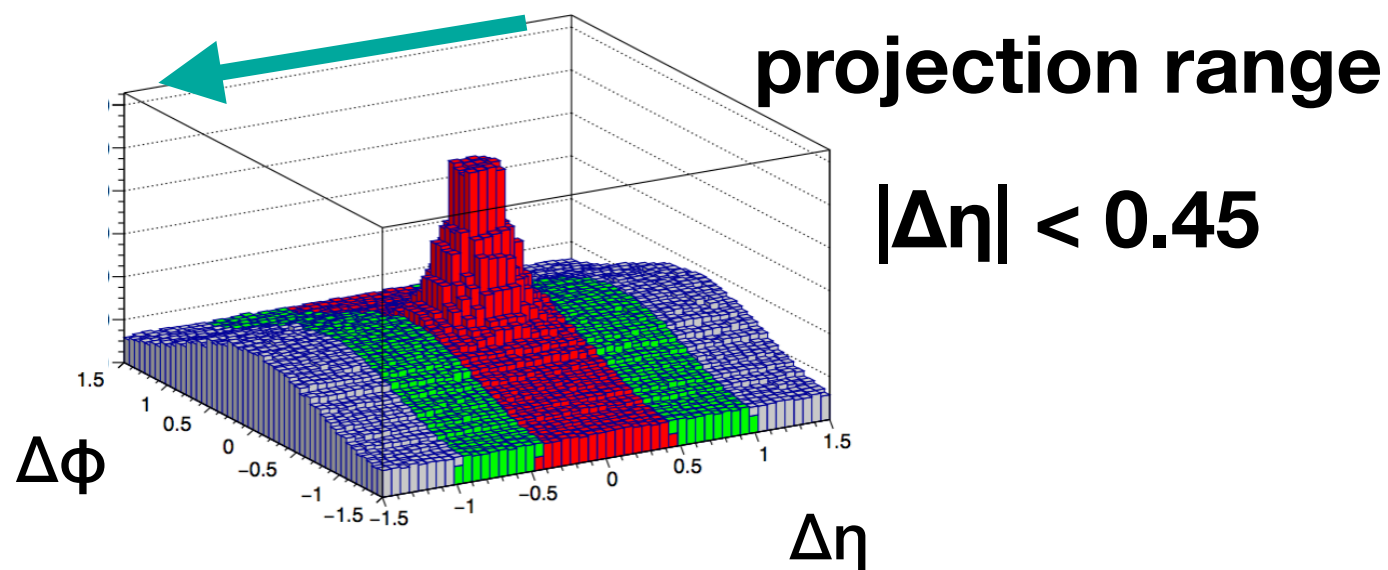
side bands

use sideband subtraction to account for flow in underlying event

underlying event

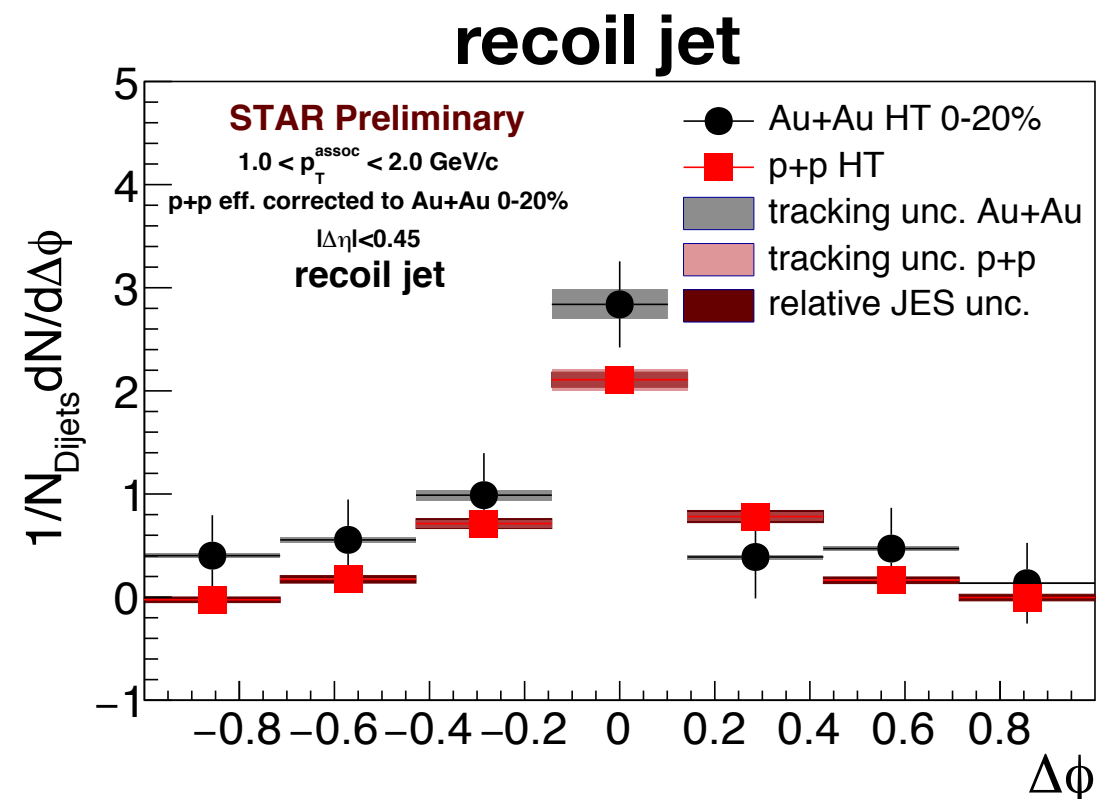
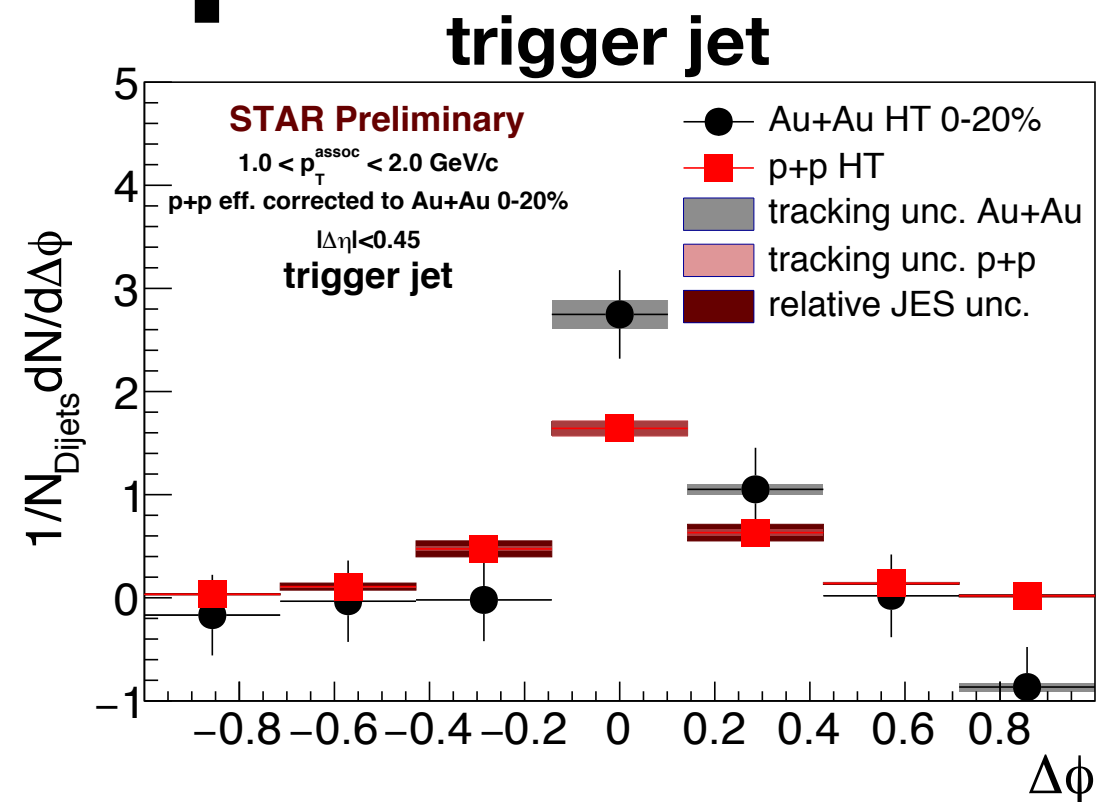


Correlations in $\Delta\phi$ $1.0 < p_T^{\text{assoc}} < 2.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

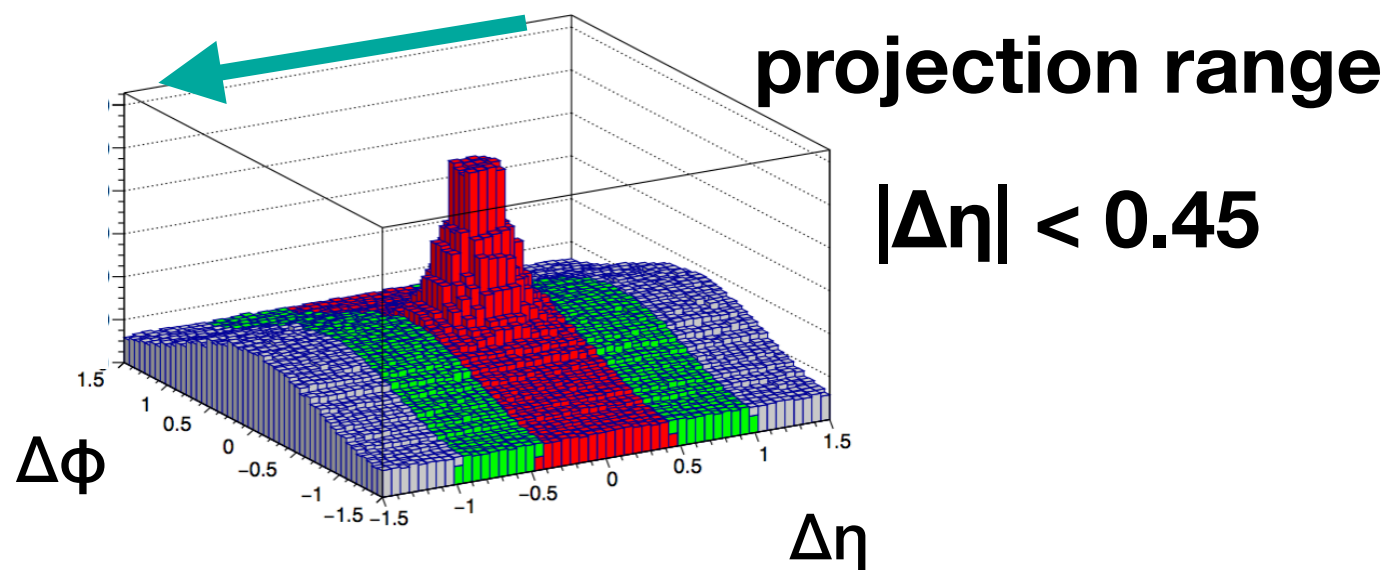


→ **yield contained within jet radius $R=0.4$**

→ **similar to $\Delta\eta$
~ circular jets**

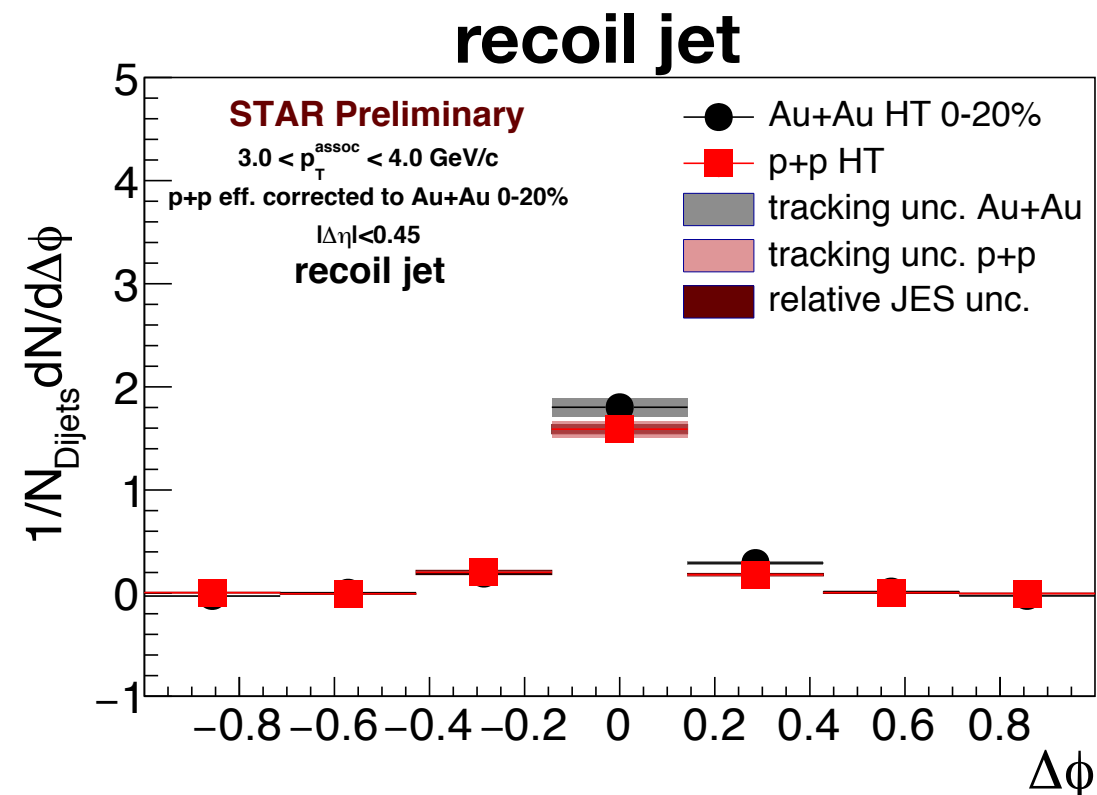
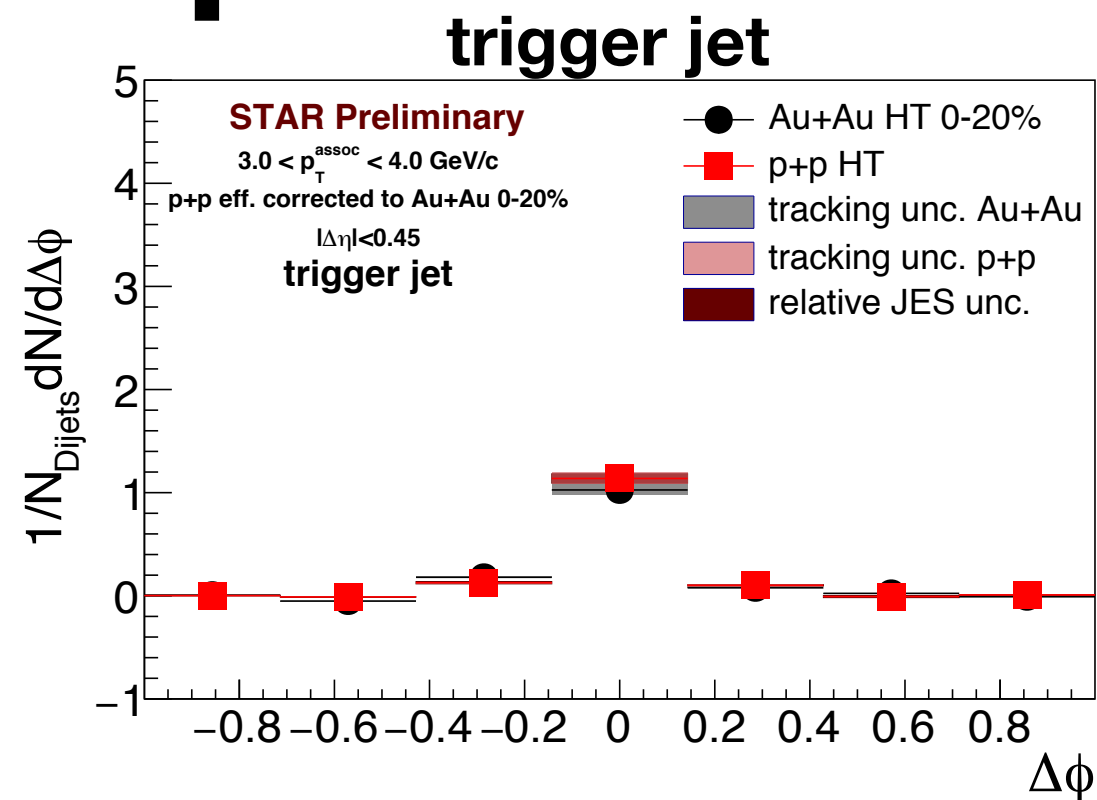


Correlations in $\Delta\phi$ $3.0 < p_T^{\text{assoc}} < 4.0 \text{ GeV}/c$



→ **yield contained within jet radius $R=0.4$**

→ **similar to $\Delta\eta$
~ circular jets**



Jet constituent Yields

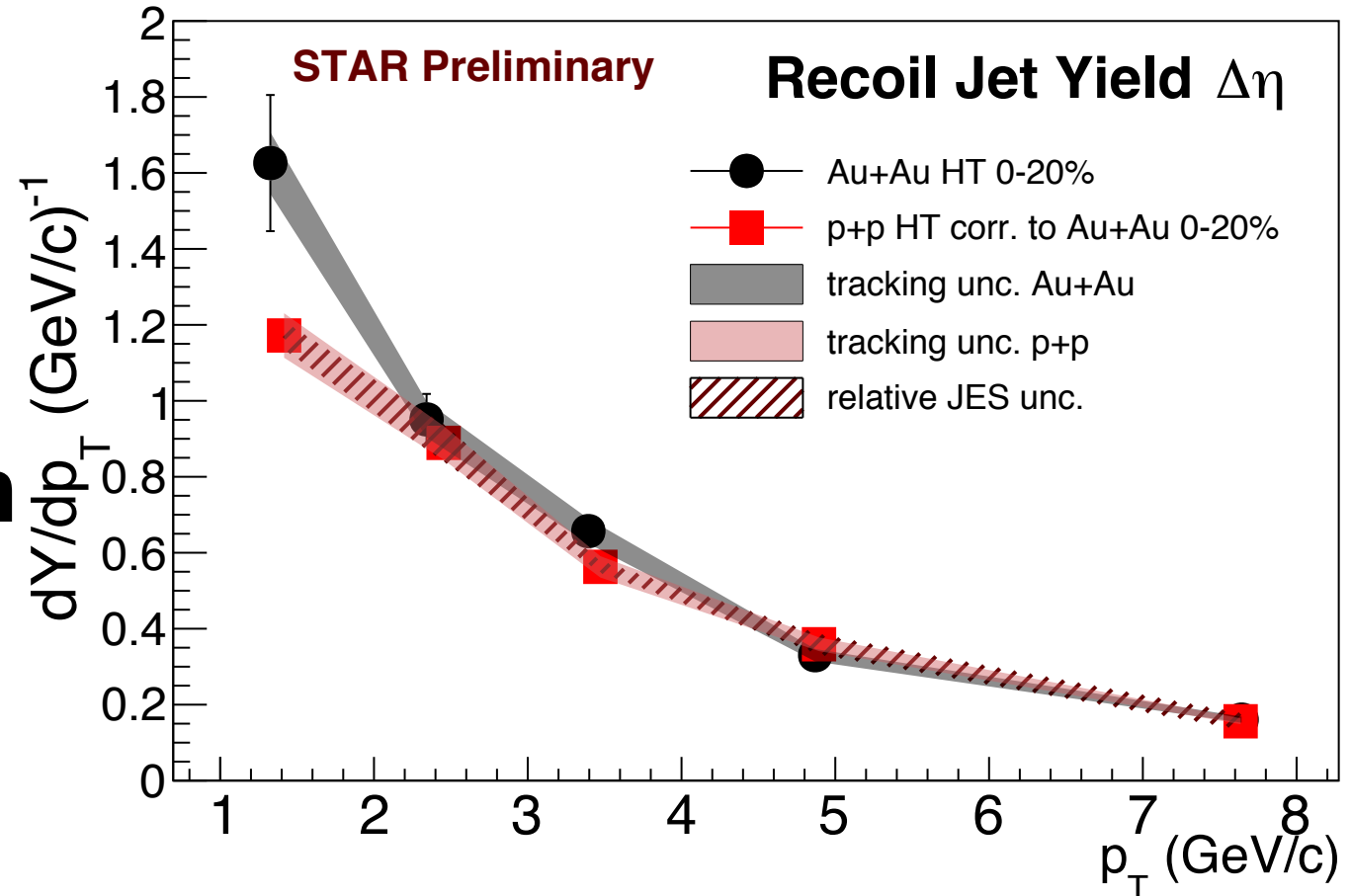
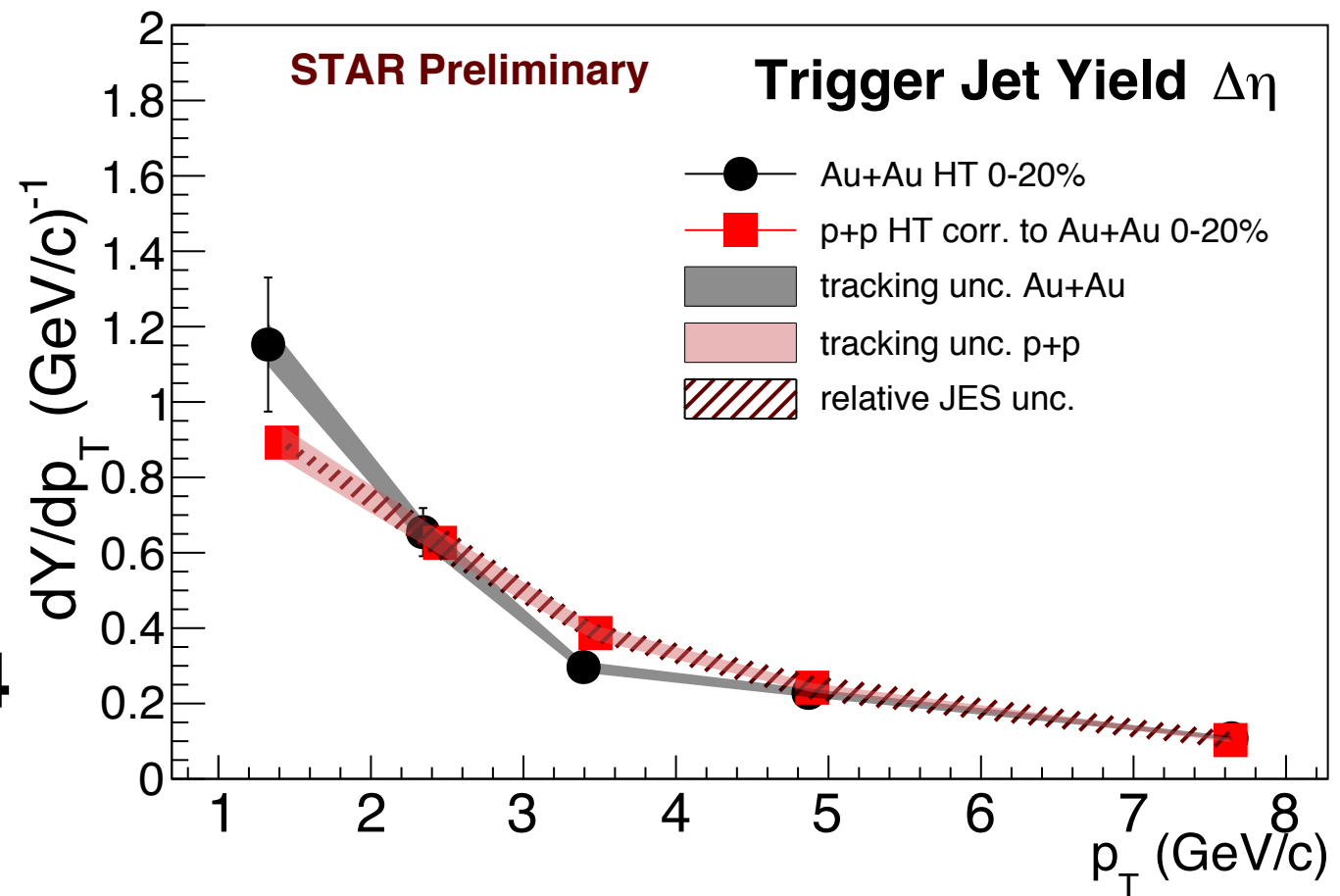
yields consistent between
 $\Delta\phi$ & $\Delta\eta$

→ yield contained within $R=0.4$

trigger jet: unmodified

→ "surface bias"

recoil jet: hint of modification
for $p_{T}^{\text{assoc}} < 2.0 \text{ GeV}/c$



Consistent with A_J ?

How is the energy distributed?

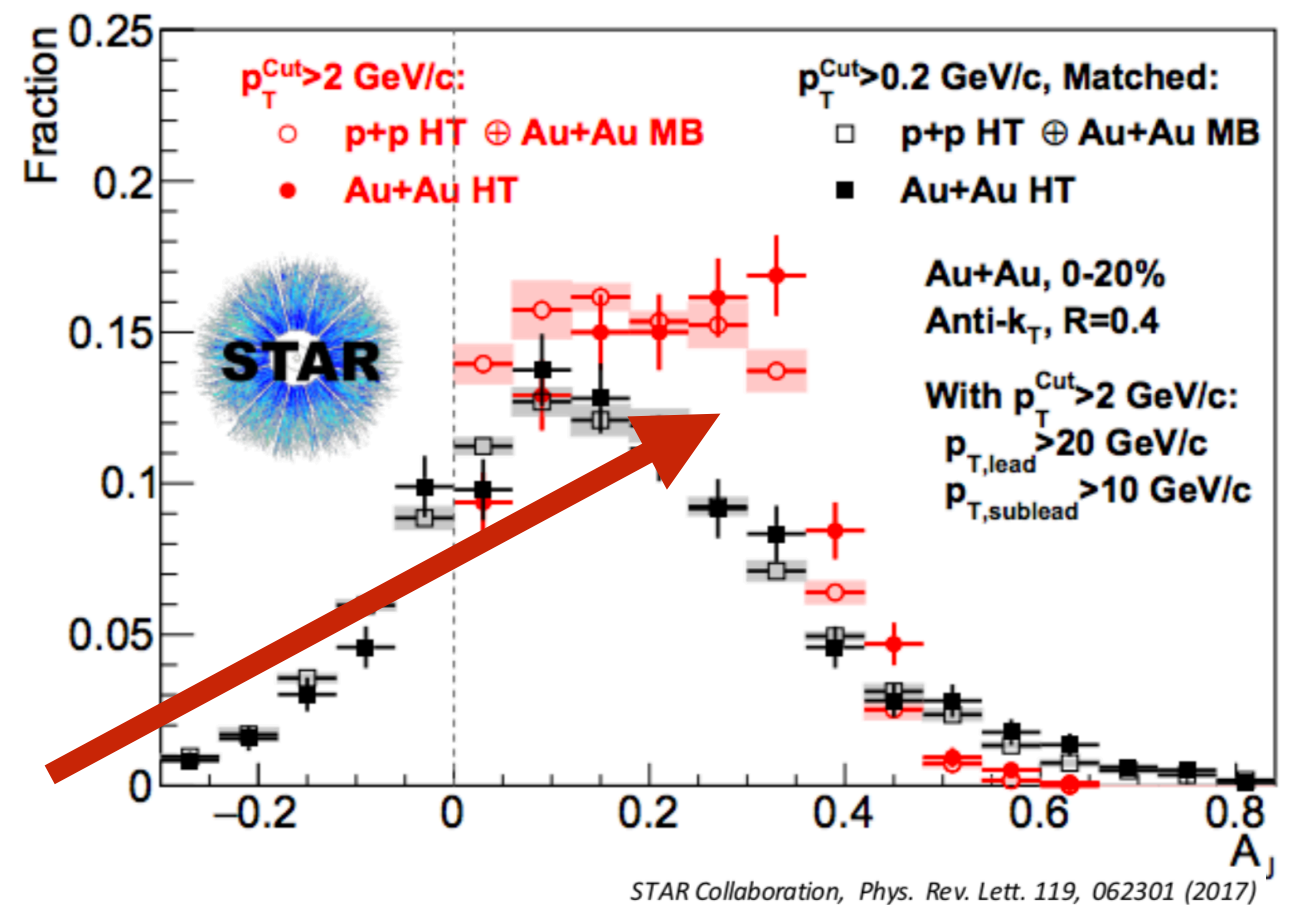
minimal modification
at high p_T for both trigger
& recoil jets

possible enhancement at
low p_T in recoil jet

A_J enhances sensitivity
to modification

effect is diluted in ensemble
measurements like
di-jet hadron correlations

Why a small effect?



Conclusions

“Hard-Core” di-jets at STAR:

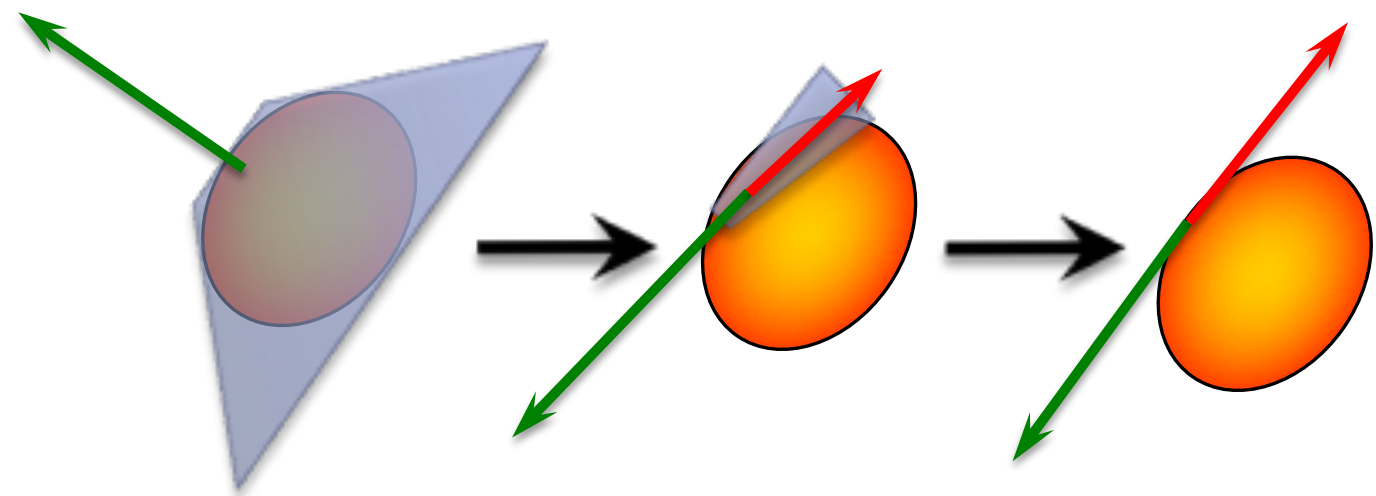
- ➔ energy recovered within $R=0.4$
- ➔ hint of modification of A_J jets on recoil side

towards the future:

large new data set

systematically explore
di-jet cuts to constrain
path length of jet in medium

- ➔ “jet geometry engineering”

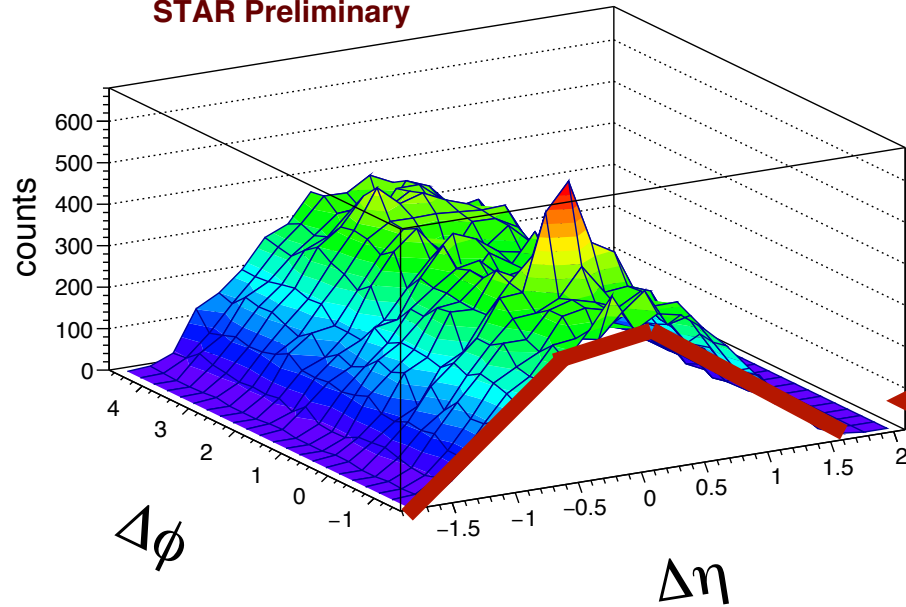


Thank you :)

Event mixing

$1.0 < p_T^{\text{assoc}} < 2.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

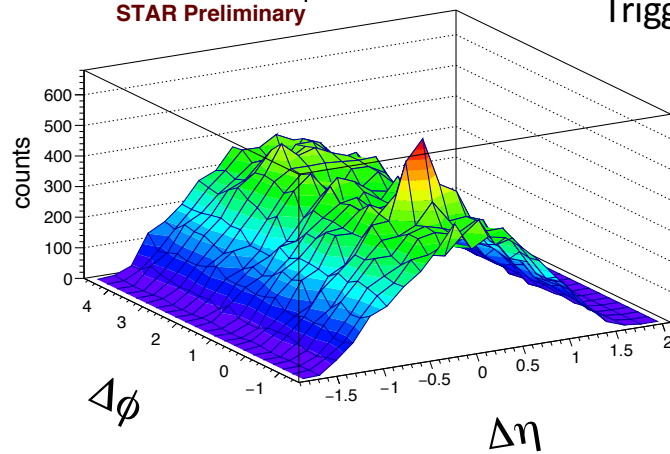
STAR Preliminary



flattened triangle in signal
effect of pair acceptance

$1.0 < p_T^{\text{assoc}} < 2.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

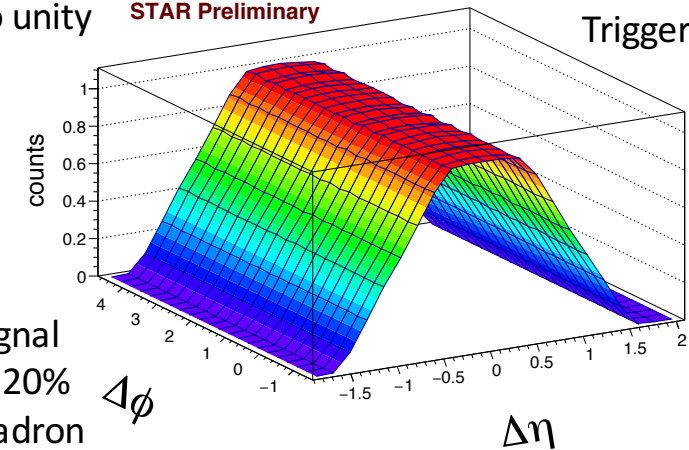
STAR Preliminary



Correlation signal
Au+Au HT 0-20%
Trigger jet-hadron

Max bin in $\Delta\eta$ projection
normalized to unity

$1.0 < p_T^{\text{assoc}} < 2.0 \text{ GeV}/c$
STAR Preliminary



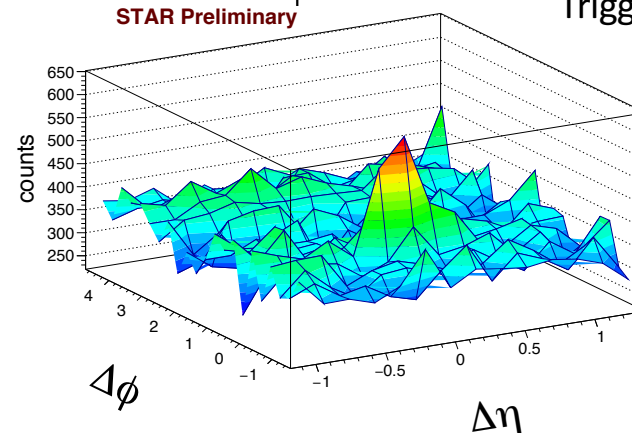
Mixed Events
Au+Au HT 0-20%
Trigger jet-hadron

Division

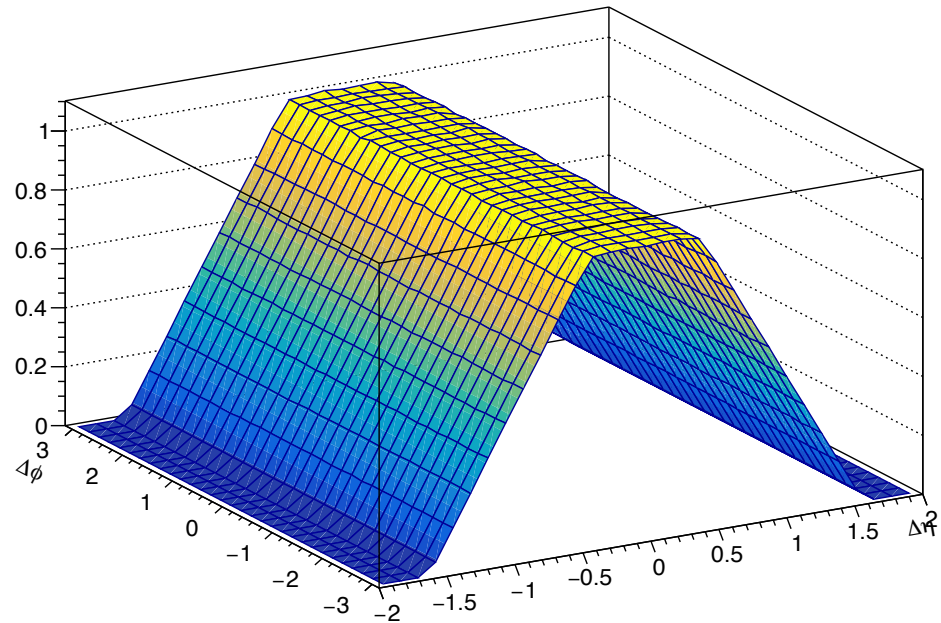
Corrected Signal
Au+Au HT 0-20%
Trigger jet-hadron

$1.0 < p_T^{\text{assoc}} < 2.0 \text{ GeV}/c$

STAR Preliminary

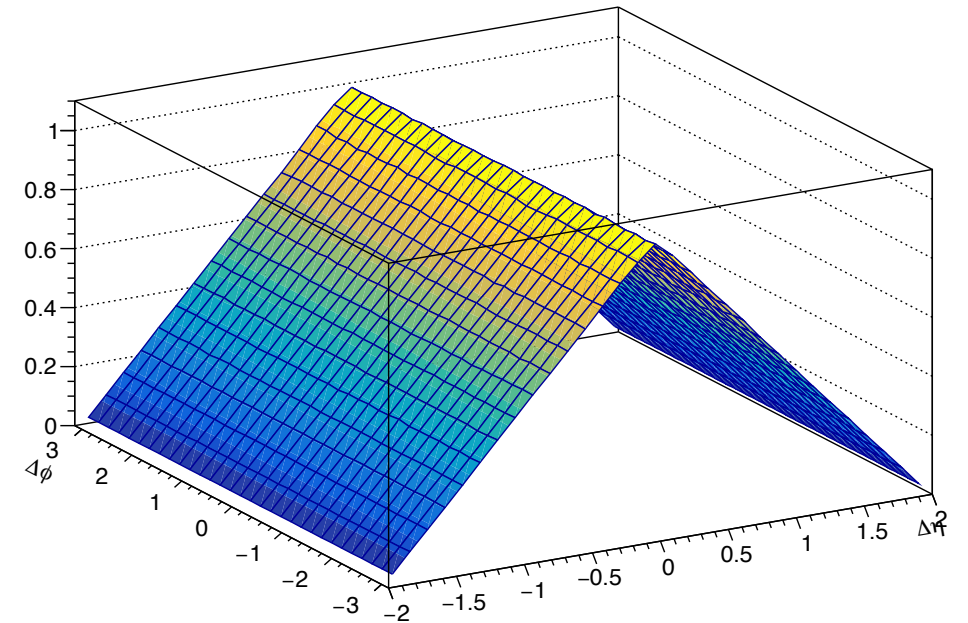


Event mixing



$$|\eta^{\text{assoc}}| < 1.0$$
$$|\eta^{\text{trigger}}| < 1.0 - R$$

example:
jet-hadron
event mixing



$$|\eta^{\text{assoc}}| < 1.0$$
$$|\eta^{\text{trigger}}| < 1.0$$

example:
hadron-hadron
event mixing