

The anisotropic flow of π^{\pm} in Au + Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ = 3.9 GeV

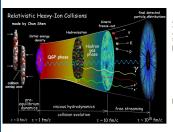


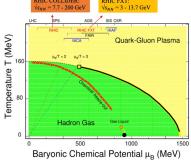
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The anisotropic flow, especially the first two Fourier expansion coefficients directed flow (v₁) and elliptic flow (v₂), are excellent probes for studying properties of the nuclear matter created in high-energy nuclear collisions owing to their sensitivity to the expansion dynamics. The v₁ and v₂ measurements over a large energy span will provide effective information that the created nuclear matter is dominant by hadronic or partonic degrees of freedom, thus one can explore the QCD phase structure.

In this poster, we will present the measurements of v_1 and v_2 for π^{\pm} in Au + Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 3.9$ GeV using the STAR detector. The rapidity dependence of v₁ and p_T dependence of v₂ will be shown. The inferred information related to the QCD phase structure will be discussed.

Motivation





- Directed flow v₁(y) in the mid-rapidity region provide sensitivity to the
- expansion dynamics of participant matter Elliptic flow v₂ is sensitive to the degree of freedom of the produced medium

Experimental setup



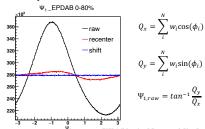
The STAR Detector **EPD**

- 2π azimuthal coverage
- Large acceptance
- Excellent PID

π^{\pm} PID selection

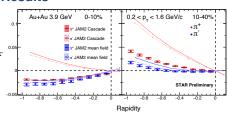
- π^+ : $|n\sigma shift| < 3$ (TPC), $m^2 \in (-0.1, 0.15)$ GeV²/c⁴ (TOF), P < 3.0
- π^- : $|n\sigma shift| < 3$ (TPC), P < 3.0 GeV/c

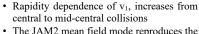
Event plane reconstruction



- The first order event plane (Ψ_1) is determined by the Event Plane Detector (EPD)
- EPD-AB is the 1st through 8th ring in the EPD, from inner to outer $(\eta \in (-5.3, -3.3))$
- The Event Plane distribution is flatted by the recentering and shift calibrations

Results

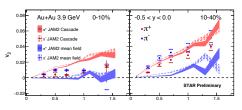




• Good event plane resolution

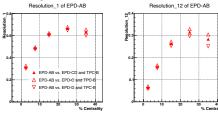
• Acceptance at $2.1 < |\eta| < 5.1$

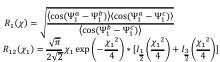
The JAM2 mean field mode reproduces the rapidity dependence of v₁



- p_T dependence of v₂, increases from central to mid-central collisions
- The JAM2 cascade mode describes the experimental data better

Event plane resolution





Event plane resolution has a strong centrality dependence

- dv₁/dy is positive in central collisions for all p_T windows and is negative in peripheral collisions at low p_T windows for
 - The JAM2 mean field mode agrees well with experimental data

Summary

- Rapidity dependence of v₁, p_T dependence of v₁ slope and v₂ are measured
- Results are compared with the model calculations: JAM2 mean field well reproduces the $v_1(y)$ and $dv_1/dy(p_T)$, but JAM2 cascade mode describes the $v_2(p_T)$ better

Outlook

• Explore the QCD phase diagram with Energy dependence of v₁, v₂

Au+Au 3.9 GeV

₩π JAM2 Mean Field ∓

π+ JAM2 Cascade