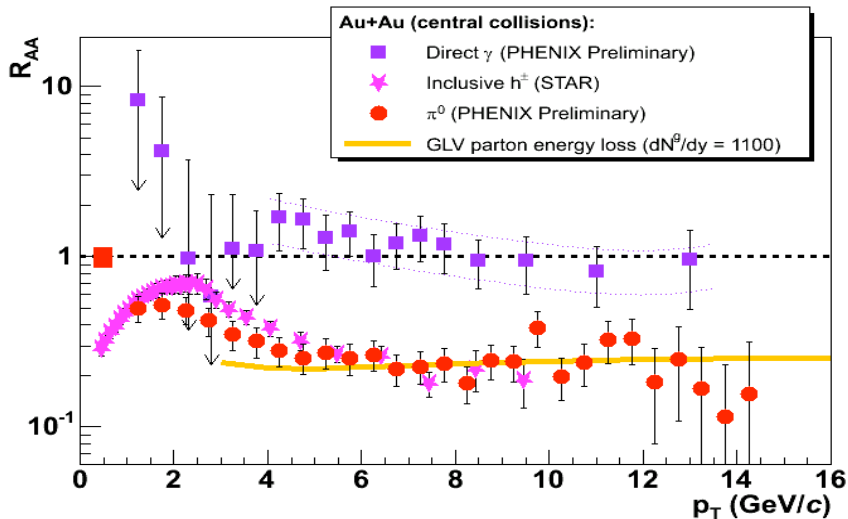
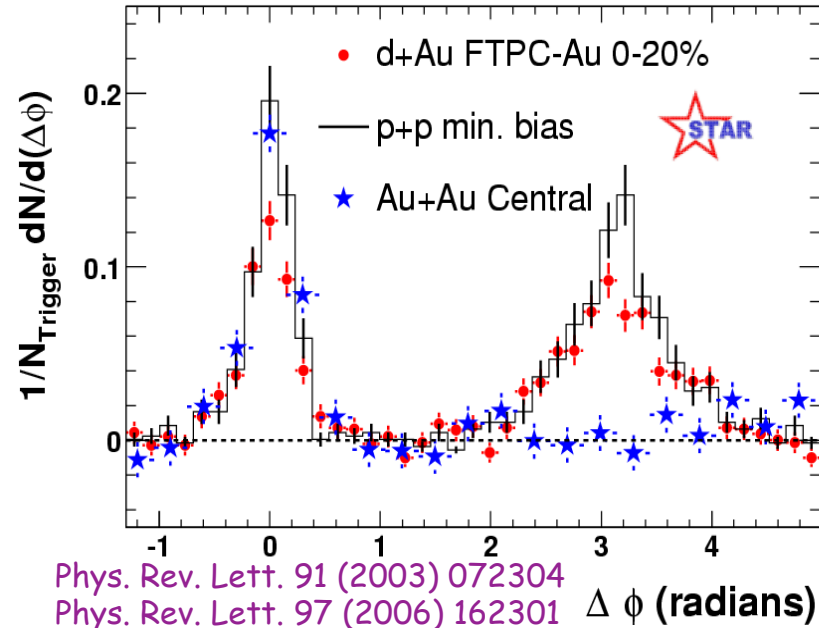


Direct measurement of jets in  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=200$  GeV  
Heavy Ion Collisions by 

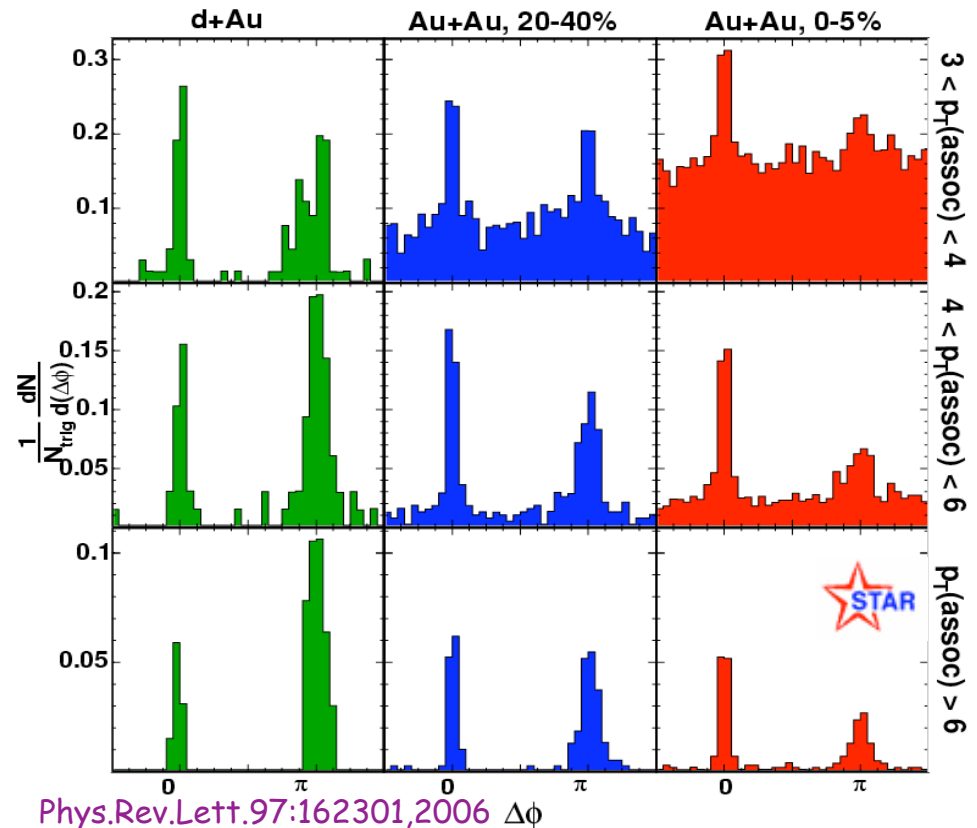
SEViL SALUR for the STAR Collaboration  
LAWRENCE BERKELEY NATIONAL LABORATORY

# RHIC Famous Results



Phys. Rev. Lett 96 202301 (2006)

"Colorful" measurements of High  $p_T$  hadron suppression at RHIC observed via di-hadron correlations and  $R_{AA}$  and described by pQCD+partonic energy loss.



# Why Reconstruct Jets?

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Full jet reconstruction gives access to the full spectrum of fragmentation topologies:

- much reduced geometric biases, full exploration of quenching.
- qualitatively new observables: jet shape, fragmentation function, energy flow,...

Goal is Unbiased Jet Reconstruction:

Reconstruct partonic kinematics independent of fragmentation details - quenched or unquenched.

## Event Selection and Terminology

---

**Au+Au STAR:** 0-10% Central Au+Au  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=200$  GeV selected via charged multiplicity from Year 7 Run.

**MB-Trig:** Minimum Bias Trigger

**HT-Trig:** Satisfied Minimum Bias and additional condition that EMC cluster  $>7.5$  GeV

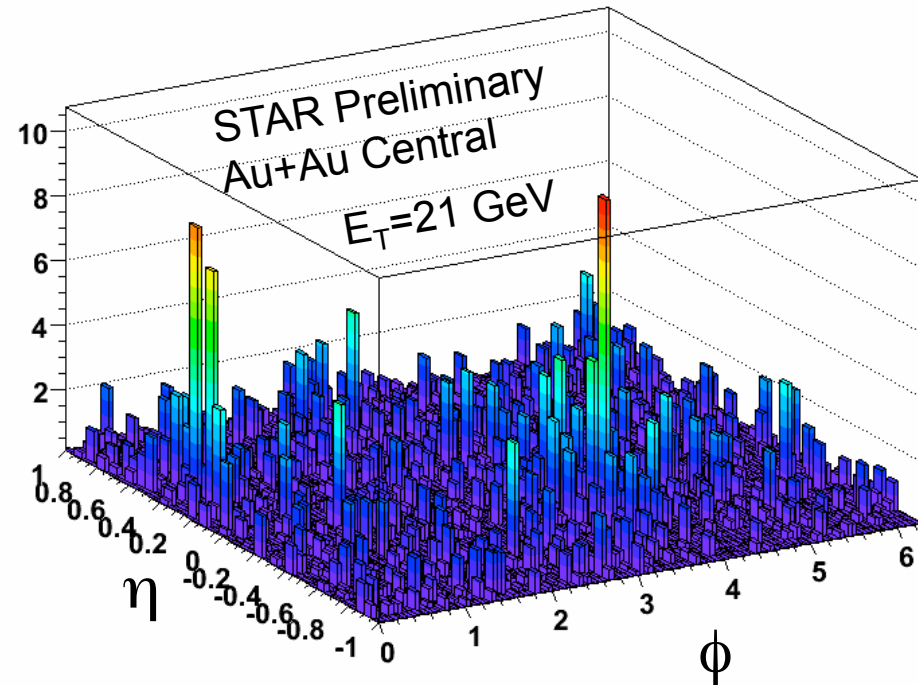
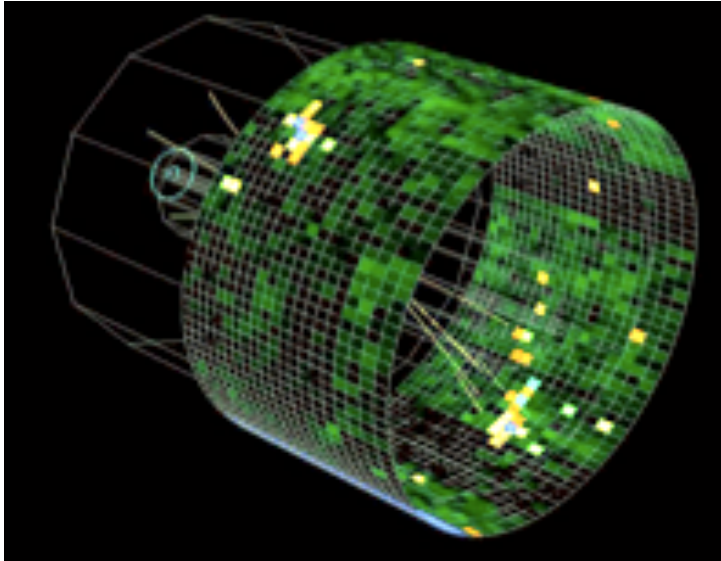
**p+p STAR:** p+p at  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV (*Phys. Rev. Lett.* 97 (2006) 252001)

**PyTrue:** Pythia 8.107 p+p at  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV, all particles except neutrinos.

**PyDet:** Pythia p+p at  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV at detector level.

**PyEmbed:** PyDet, embedded into real Au+Au 0-10% events.

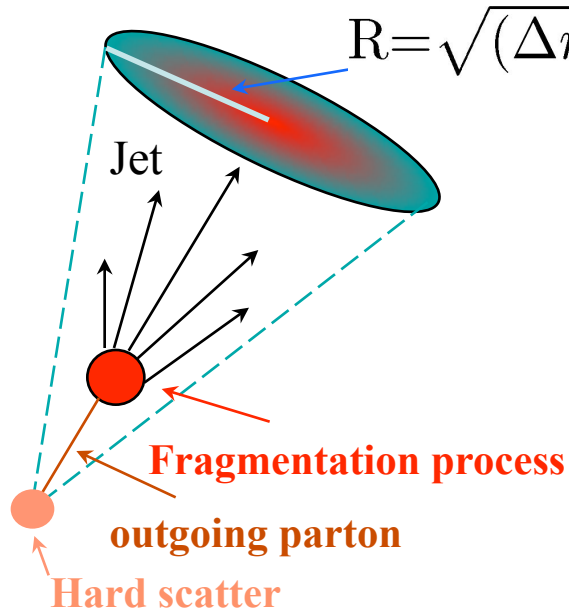
# Jet Measurements



Jets are reconstructed via STAR EMC and TPC.  
Correction applied for the hadronic energy in the EMC.

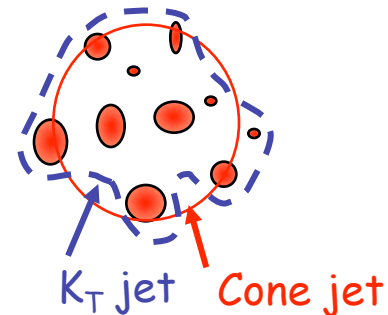
Jet Selection: Take only the highest energy jet per event.

# Jet Reconstruction Algorithms:



## Cone Algorithm

1. Leading Order High Seed Cone (LOHSC)
2. Mid Point Cone: Merging & Splitting



## Sequential recombination

3. KT
4. Cambridge/ Aachen

Explore systematics: Use both Clustering & Cone algorithms.

# Correction for Heavy-Ion Background

0-10% Most Central Au+Au at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ ,

- $R=0.4$ , Bkg Energy  $\sim 40 \text{ GeV}$
- Unmodified (p+p) jets:  $\sim 80\%$  of energy within  $R \sim 0.3$  for 50 GeV jet (CDF/D0 Jets)

• Background Estimates:  
Assess backgrounds event by event.

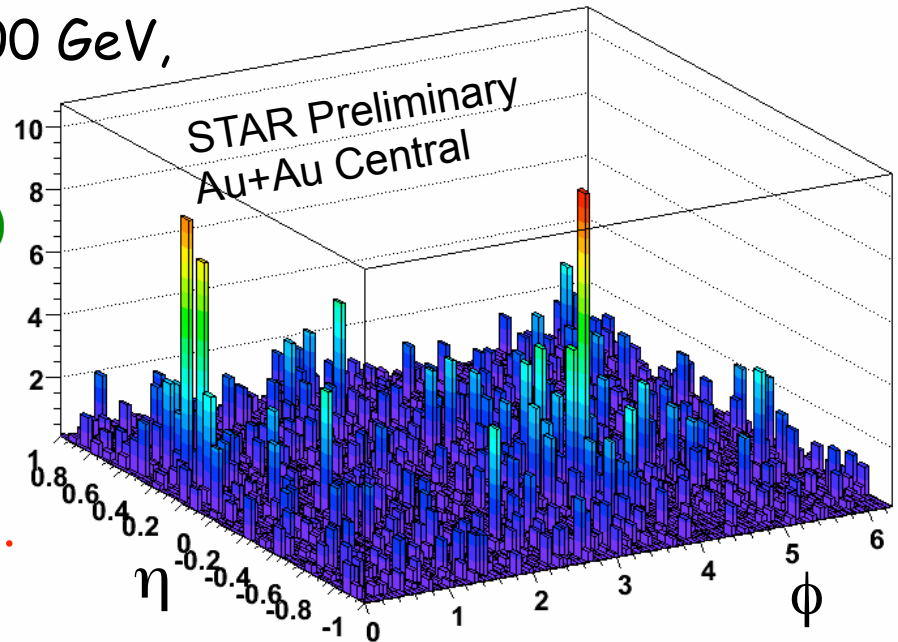
1. **Cone:** Look at  $\langle p_T \rangle$  out-of jet cones..  
 $A = \pi R^2$

2. **Sequential Recombination:** Estimate the active area of each jet by addition of zero energy particles of known density.

$$p_T(\text{Jet Measured}) \sim p_T(\text{Parton}) + \rho \times A(\text{Jet}) \pm \sigma \sqrt{A(\text{Jet})}$$

$\rho$  = Diffuse noise,  $\sigma$  = noise fluctuations

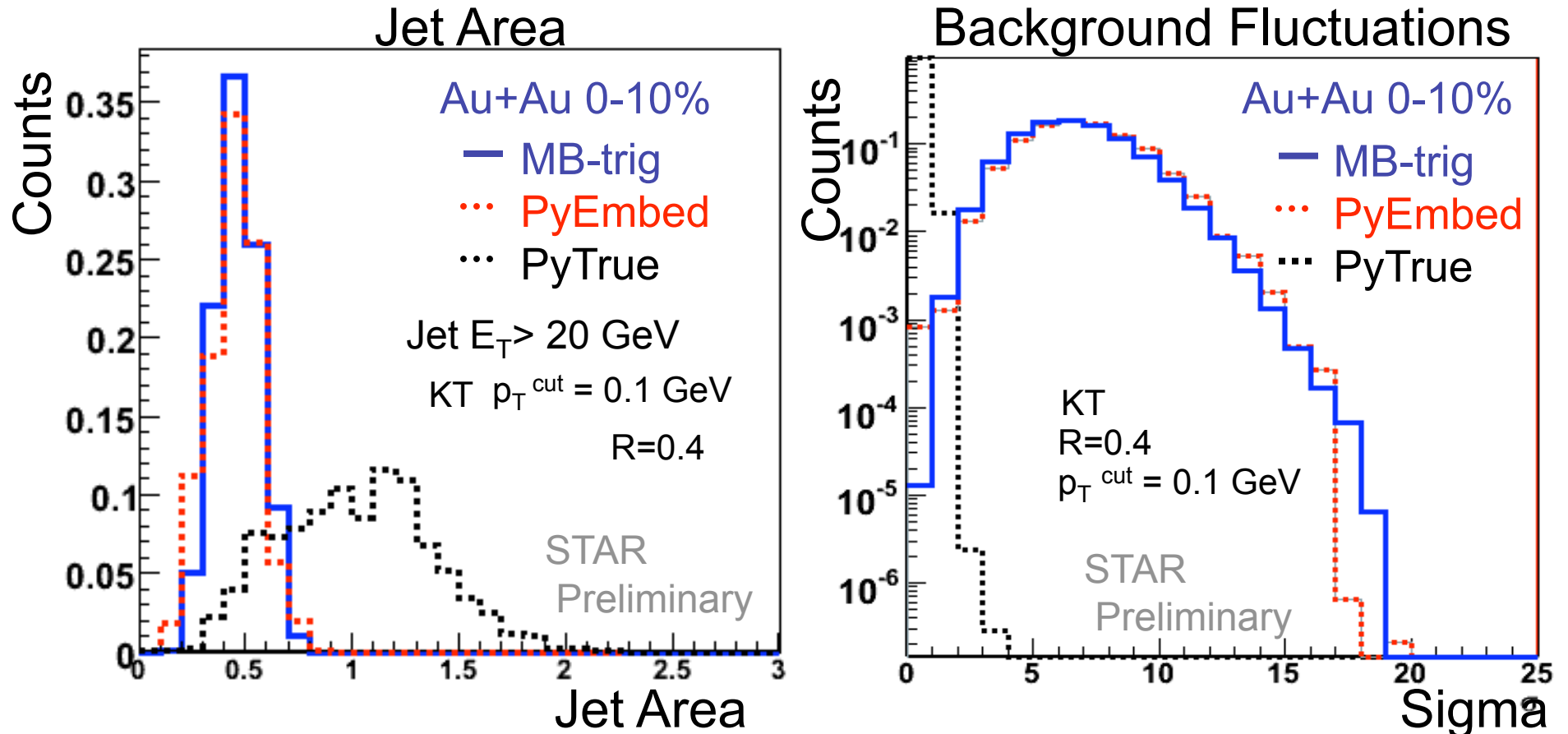
M. Cacciari, G. Salam, G. Soyez 0802.1188 [hep-ph]



Reduction of background fluctuations:  $p_T$  cuts, limit  $R$ .

# Event Characteristics: Jet Area & Fluctuations

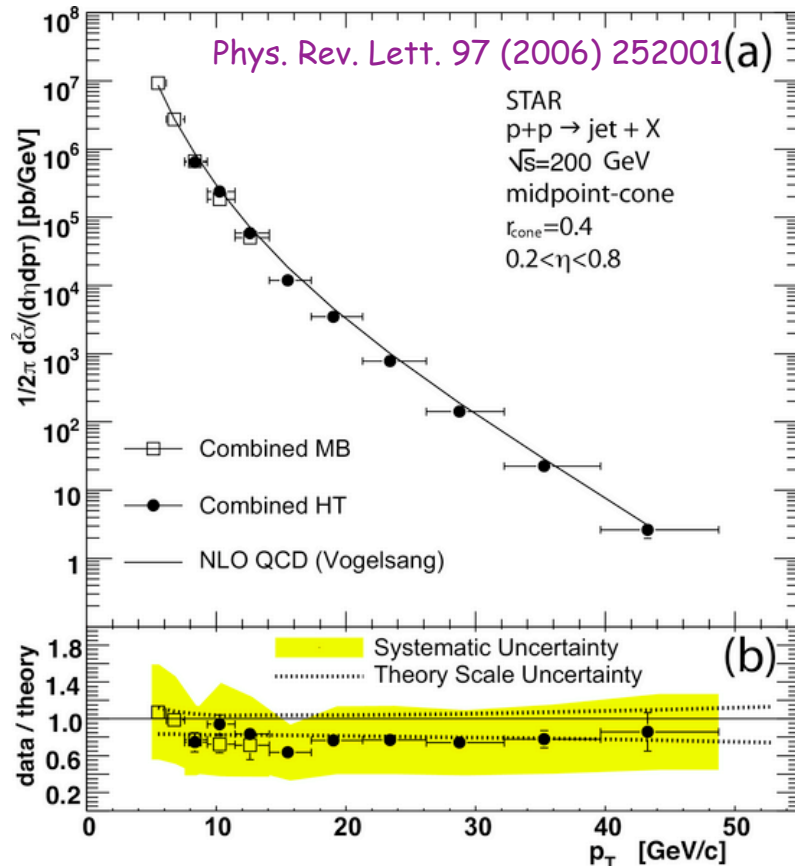
M. Cacciari, G. Salam, G. Soyez 0802.1188 [hep-ph]



Heavy-ion: Reduction in Jet Area & Increase in fluctuations  
**Pythia Jets embedded in real Au+Au background events** have the same area and fluctuations with that of **Jets in real Au+Au data**.



# Inclusive Jet Measurement at $\sqrt{s} = 200$ GeV p+p collisions



Experimental uncertainty ~50%

Inclusive mid-rapidity jet production in polarized proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=200$  GeV.

Reconstructed by a mid-point jet cone algorithm with  $R = 0.4$

Agrees also well with NLO p-QCD

Use this result as a reference for Au+Au:

$$\frac{dN_{Au+Au}^{jet}}{dE_T} = T_{AA} \frac{\sigma_{p+p}^{jet}}{dE_T}$$

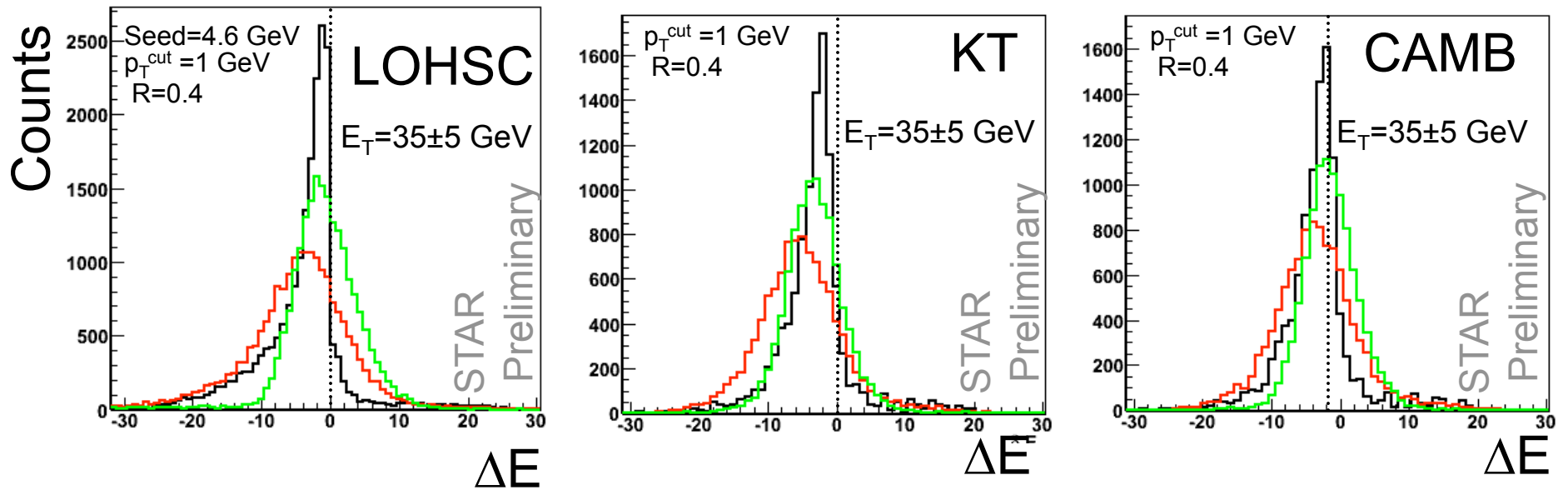
**Unbiased jet reconstruction:** Reconstruct partonic kinematics independent of fragmentation details - quenched or unquenched.

**If jet reconstruction in Au+Au is unbiased,**

**$N_{\text{binary}}$  scaling relative to p+p will be observed.**

# Energy Resolution

Event by event comparison of PyTrue vs PyDet vs PyEmbed.



$$\Delta E = E^{\text{PyDet}} - E^{\text{PyTrue}}$$

$$\Delta E = E^{\text{PyEmbed}} - E^{\text{PyTrue}}$$

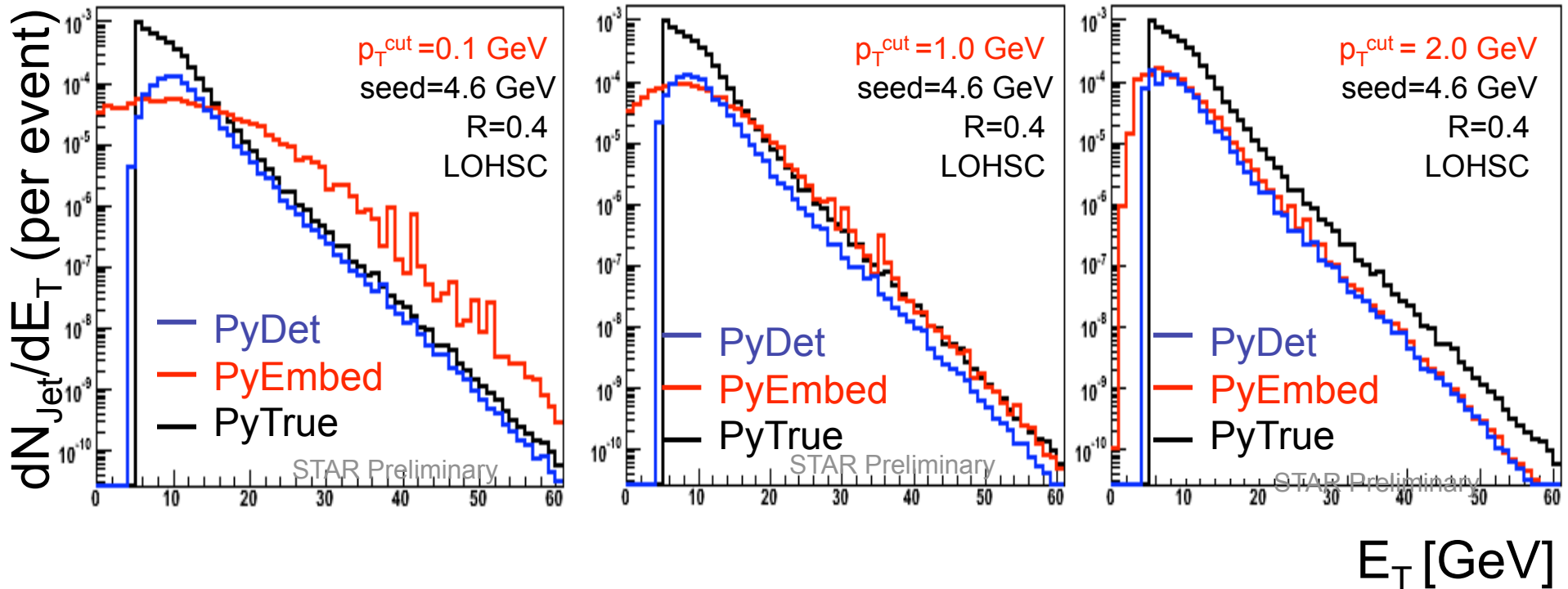
$$\Delta E = E^{\text{PyEmbed}} - E^{\text{PyDet}}$$

Shift of median due to un-measured particles ( $n, K^0_L$ ) and the  $p_T$  cut.

Smearing due to background subtraction in Au+Au.

Tail at positive  $\Delta E$  causes a kick in the spectrum.

# Effect of Resolution on Spectrum

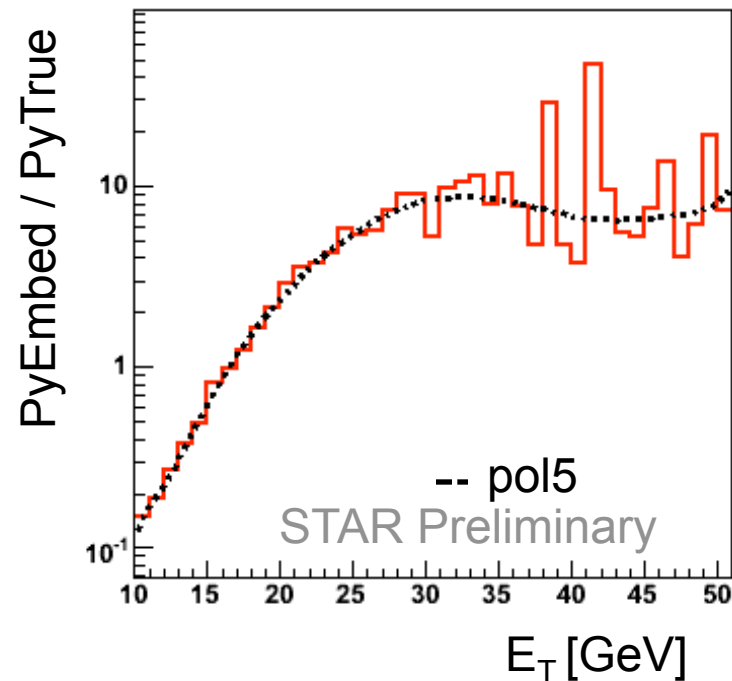
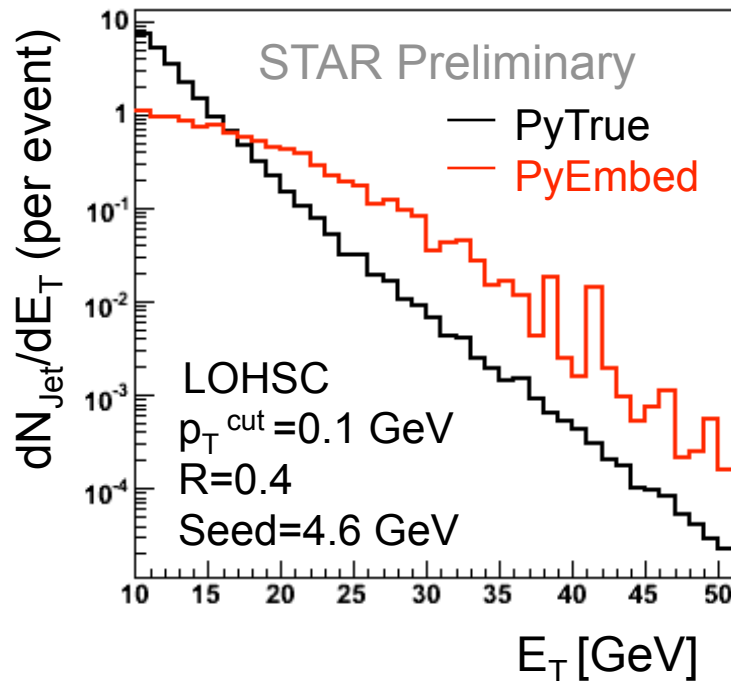


- Increase  $p_T$  threshold: Reduce the effect of background fluctuations (jet reconstruction in 0-10% Au+Au is similar in p+p)
- The  $p_T$  cut is expected to produce biases.

Similar effects also observed for KT & Cambridge/Aachen

# Resolution and Efficiency & Acceptance Corrections

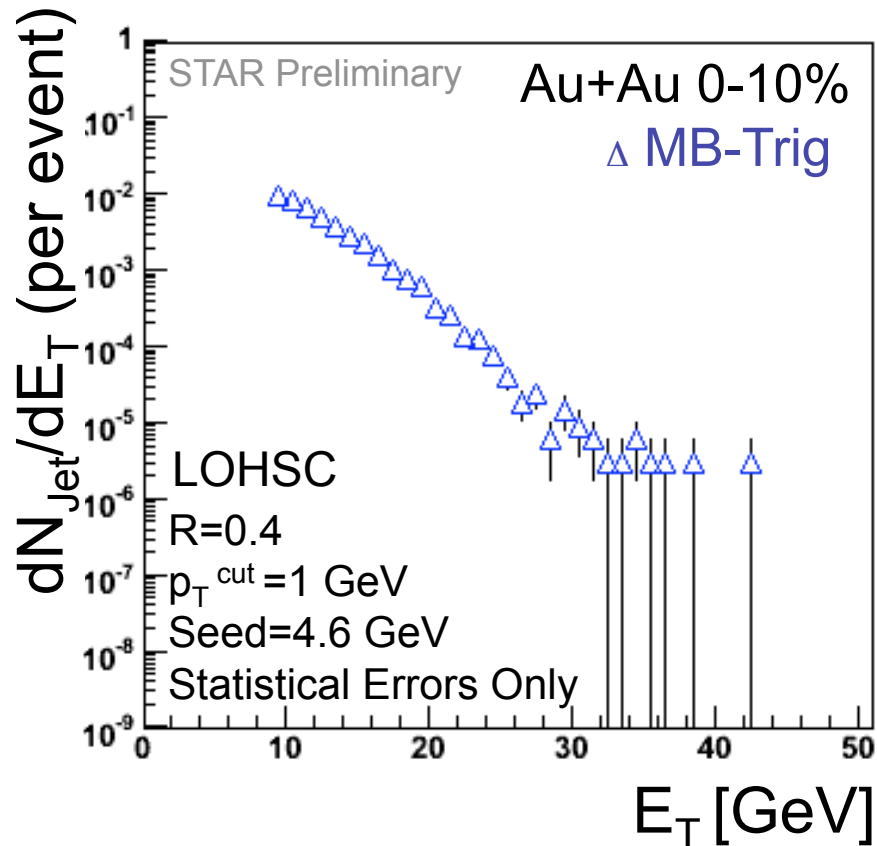
Resolution effect corrected assuming **Pythia Fragmentation**.  
 Embed Pythia Jets in 0-10% Central Events with MBtrig.



E <sub>T</sub> -dependent correction factors			
P <sub>T</sub> <sup>cut</sup>	LOHSC	KT	CAMB
0.1 GeV	0.2-10	1-4	2-6
1 GeV	0.2-1	0.7-1	1-2
2 GeV	0.2-0.3	0.5-1	0.5-1

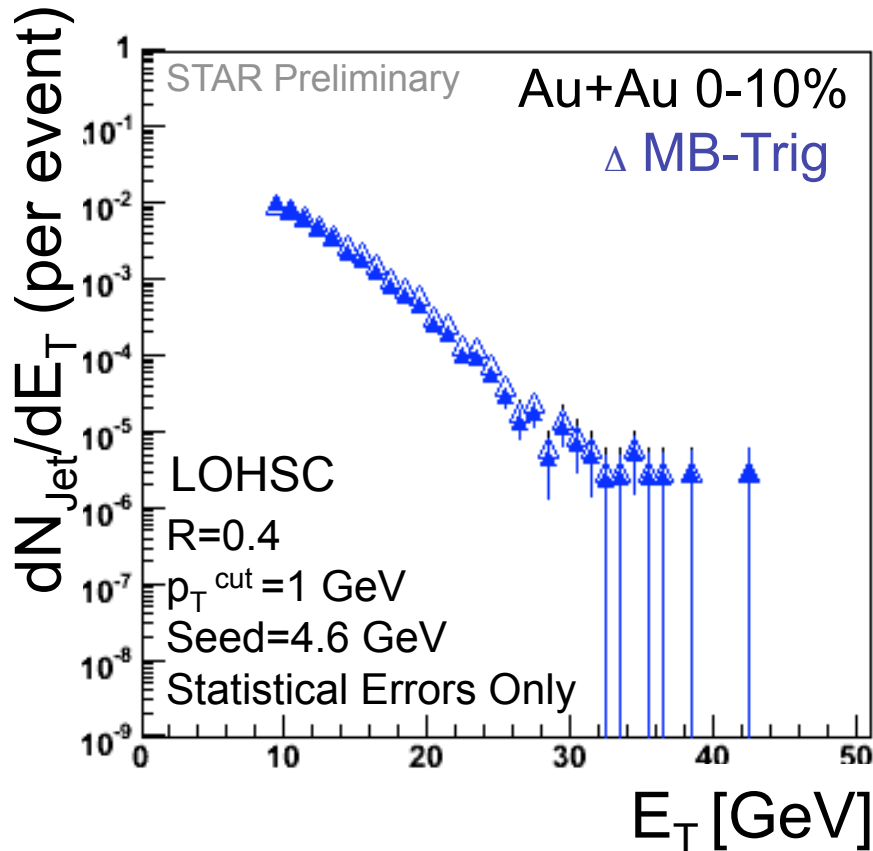
Use the fit functions from the ratio of PyEmbed to PyTrue to correct for energy resolution, efficiency & acceptance.

# Reconstructed Jet Spectra & Corrections:



Resolution effect corrected  
assuming Pythia Fragmentation.

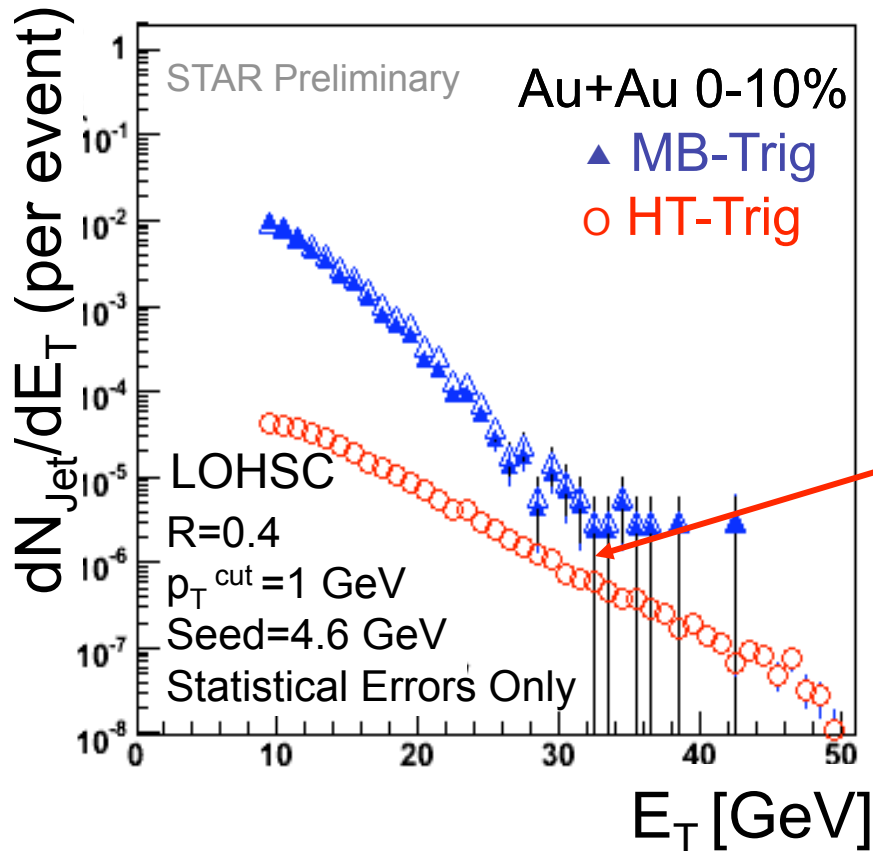
# Reconstructed Jet Spectra & Corrections:



$p_T^{\text{cut}}=1$  GeV small correction  
for resolution, efficiency &  
acceptance.

Resolution effect corrected  
assuming Pythia Fragmentation.

# Reconstructed Jet Spectra & Corrections:



Resolution effect corrected  
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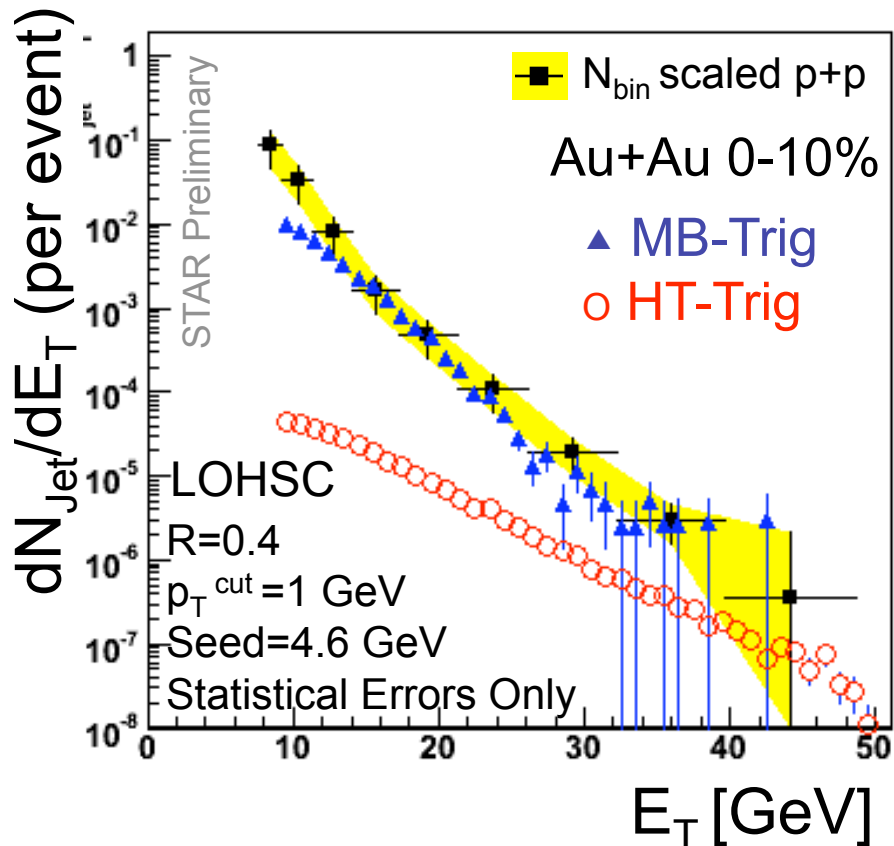
$p_T^{\text{cut}} = 1$  GeV small correction  
for resolution, efficiency &  
acceptance.

Large trigger bias persists  
at least to 30 GeV.

HP 2008 Monday Talk by J. Putschke

Further statistics of MB is needed to  
assess the bias in HT Trigger. (~20  
more MB is recorded)

# Reconstructed Jet Spectra & Corrections:



Resolution effect corrected  
assuming Pythia Fragmentation.

Relative normalization systematic uncertainty: ~50%  
Good agreement with  $N_{\text{bin}}$  Scaled p+p.

$p_T^{\text{cut}} = 1 \text{ GeV}$  small correction  
for resolution, efficiency &  
acceptance.

Large trigger bias persists  
at least to 30 GeV.

HP 2008 Monday Talk by J. Putschke

Further statistics of MB is needed to  
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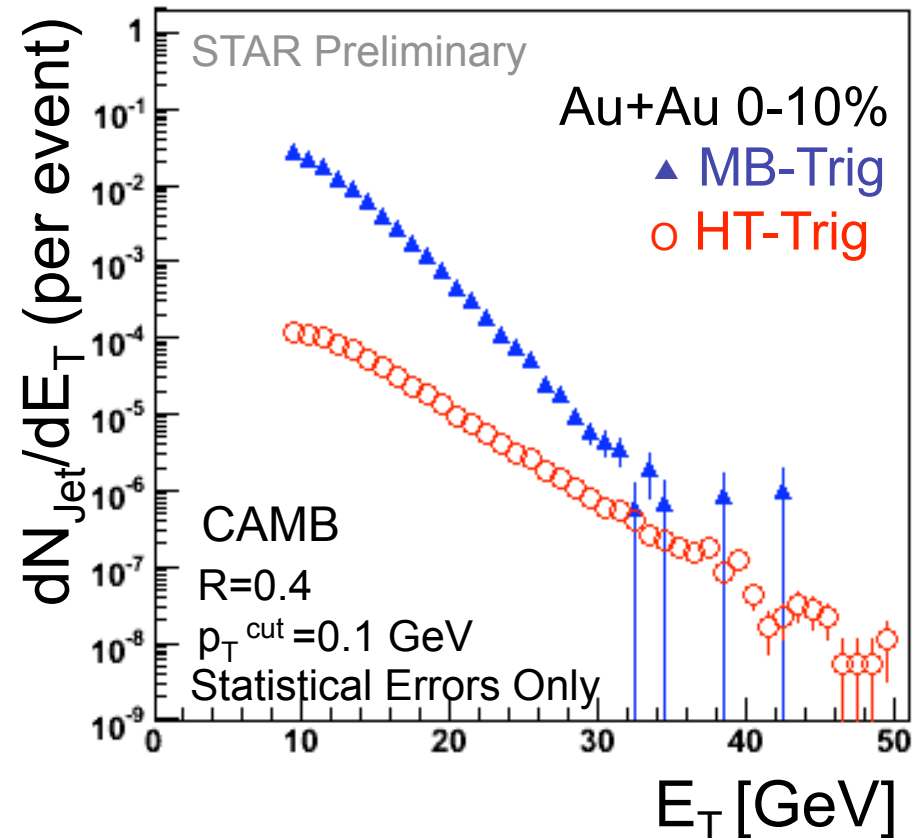
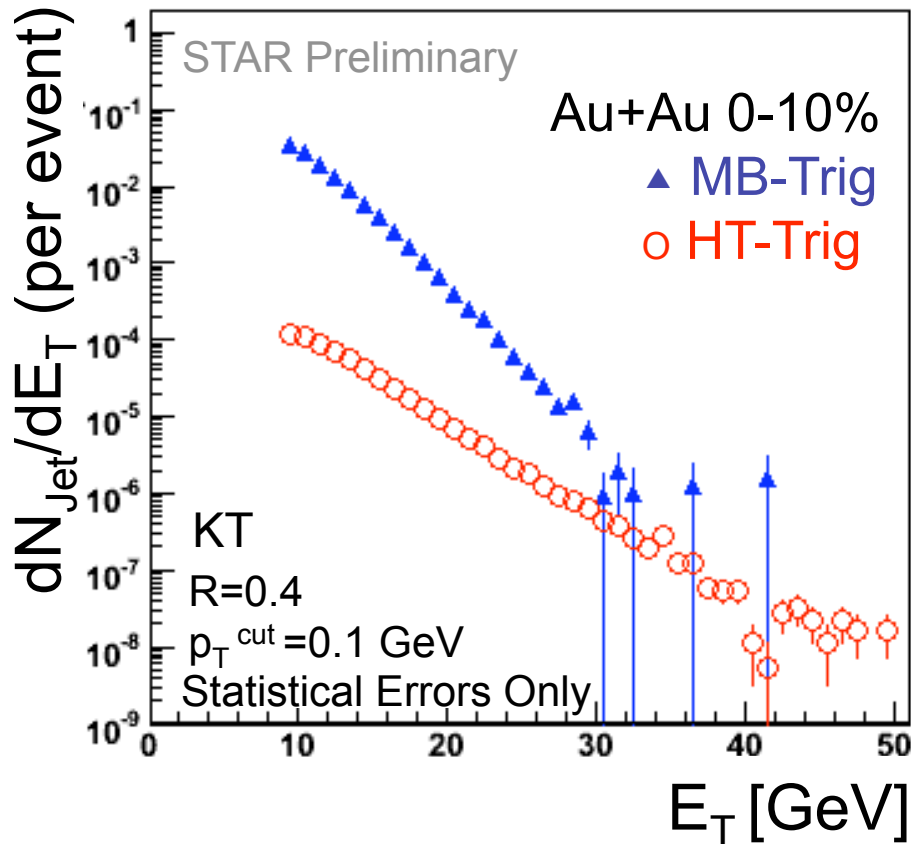
HP 2008 Next Talk by M. Heinz

What does this mean?

Lets look at other algorithms.

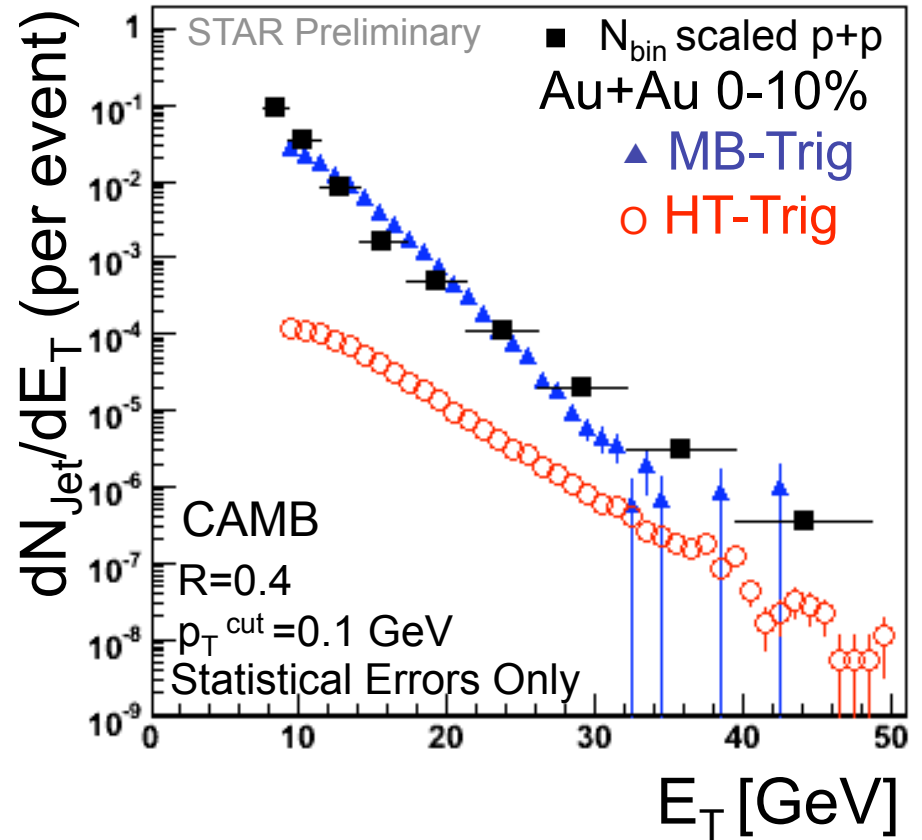
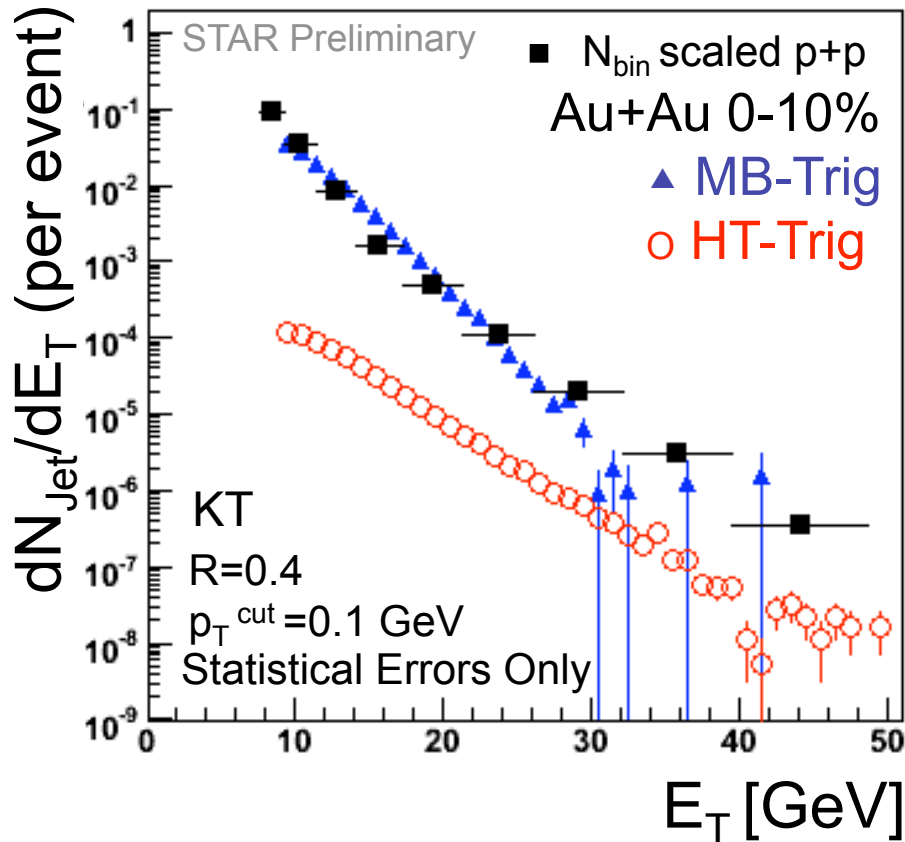


# Jets with Sequential Recombination Algorithm



- KT & CAMB biases are different wrt. LOHSC due to:
- background subtraction algorithm
  - no seed
  - low  $p_T$  cut

# Jets with Sequential Recombination Algorithm



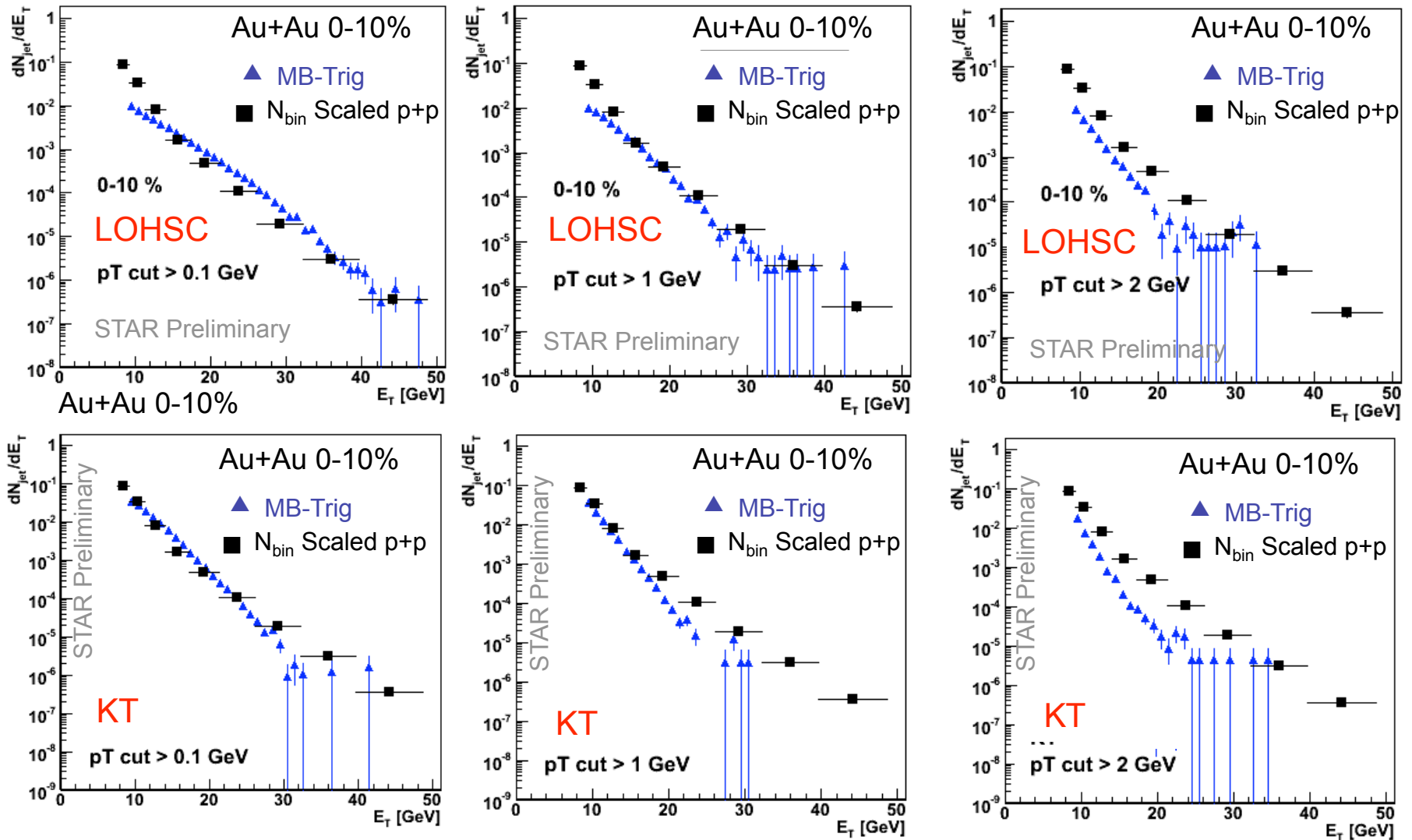
KT & CAMB biases are different wrt. LOHSC due to:

- background subtraction algorithm
- no seed
- low  $p_{\text{T}}$  cut

Systematic Uncertainty on Normalization: 50%

Good agreement with  $N_{\text{bin}}$  scaled p+p for unbiased algorithms.

# Effect of Variation of $p_T$ Cuts on spectra:



Imprecise subtraction of underlying event?  
Do we introduce a bias with  $p_T$ -cuts?

$P_T$  Cut

How sensitive are we to fragmentation model in corrections (PYTHIA)?

# Conclusions

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- It is possible to reconstruct jets in 0-10% central heavy ion collisions at RHIC collisions. (Current reach is 50 GeV)
- Heavy ion background subtraction is possible, systematics studied via utilizing various algorithms.
- $N_{\text{bin}}$  scaling (50% Syst Uncert.) observed for least-biased cuts → Unbiased Jet Reconstruction ?
- All the corrections are based on Pythia Fragmentation. Require systematic checks with quenching models.
- Biases due to online triggers... Will be addressed with full Min-Bias data set (on tape).

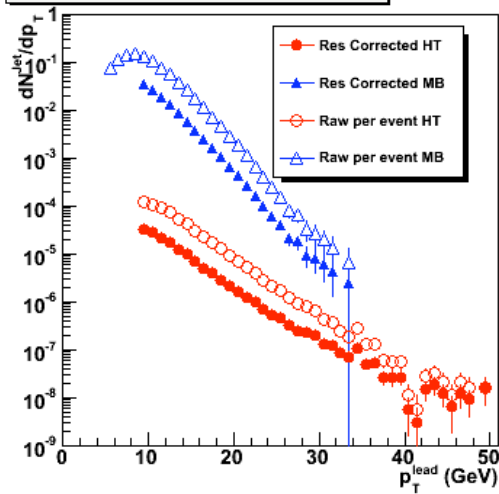
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Thanks to all "old" and "new" (Elena Bruna & Mateusz Ploskon)  
STAR collaborators.

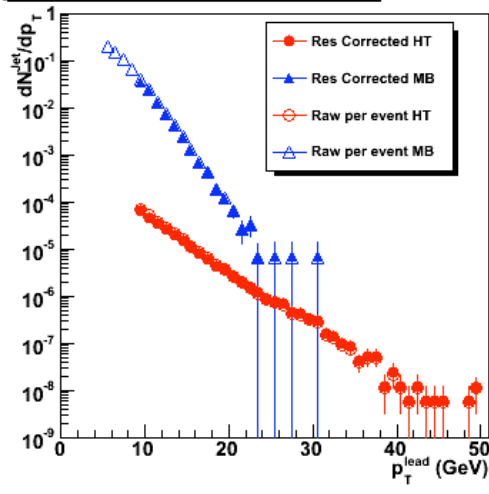


# KT and Cambridge

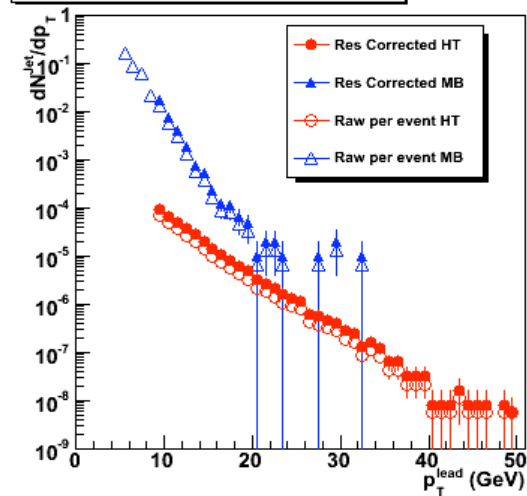
AuAu 10% c of MB LEAD  $p_T$  cut 0.1 KT



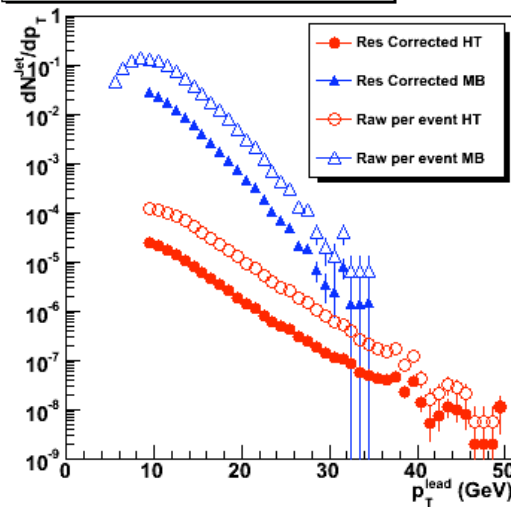
AuAu 10% c of MB LEAD  $p_T$  cut 1.0 KT



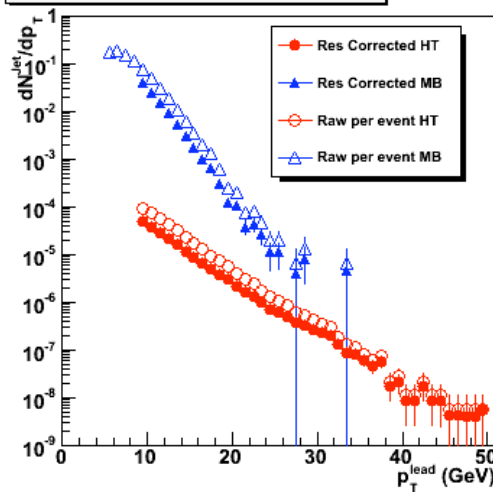
AuAu 10% c of MB LEAD  $p_T$  cut 2.0 KT



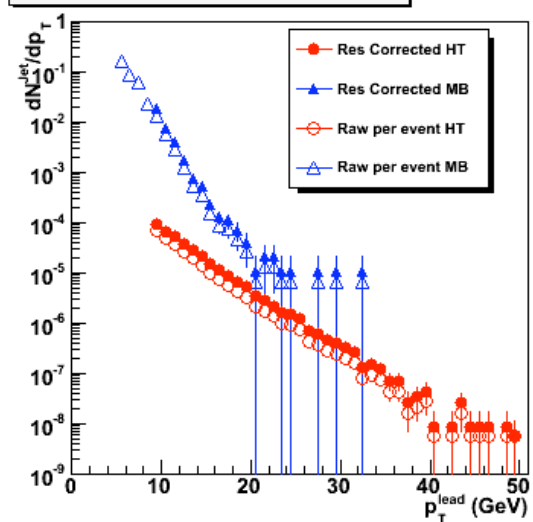
AuAu 10% c of MB LEAD  $p_T$  cut 0.1 CAMB



AuAu 10% c of MB LEAD  $p_T$  cut 1.0 CAMB



AuAu 10% c of MB LEAD  $p_T$  cut 2.0 CAMB



# Correction factors:

