Measurement of directed flow of inclusive jets in heavy-ion collisions at RHIC

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4 Abstract

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Jets are collimated sprays of hadrons fragmented by highly virtual partons produced in 5 the early stage of heavy-ion collisions via hard scatterings. Different observables of the 6 jet-medium interaction probe the properties of the Quark-Gluon Plasma and its dynamics. 7 The bulk medium produced in non-central heavy-ion collisions is expected to be tilted 8 with respect to the beam axis, while the hard scatterings are symmetric along the rapidity. q This asymmetry between hard and soft processes coupled with in-medium interactions can 10 induce a large rapidity-odd directed flow (v_1) for jets. In fact, it has been observed that 11 the D^0 mesons show a significantly larger v_1 signal as a function of rapidity compared to 12 charged hadrons at the top-RHIC energy, reflecting the interplay between soft and hard 13 processes. 14

In this poster, we report the first measurement of inclusive jets v_1 in isobar (Ru+Ru and Zr+Zr) and Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 200$ GeV. Inclusive jets are reconstructed using the anti- k_T algorithm with a hard-core selection to suppress the combinatorial background. The jet v_1 is presented as a function of rapidity and transverse momentum in these collision systems. Finally, we discuss the implications of these results on the jet-medium interaction in a tilted bulk medium.