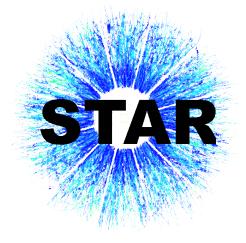
Measurements of dielectron production in Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ = 27, 54.4 and 200 GeV with the STAR experiment



Florian Seck (TU Darmstadt) for the STAR Collaboration







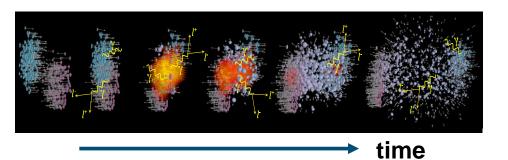
In part supported by



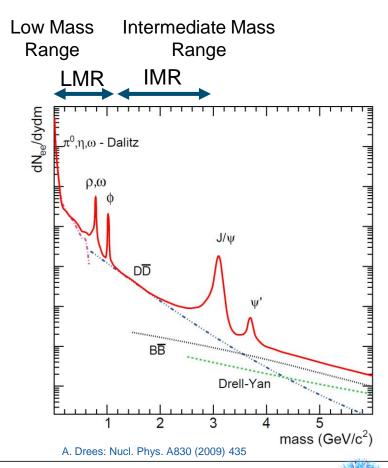
Office of Science



SOURCES OF LEPTON PAIRS



- Different sources of correlated lepton pairs contribute at different stages of the collision
- Relative strength of sources depends on collision energy, species, centrality

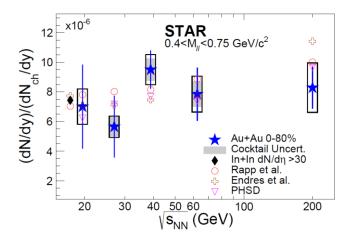




MAPPING THE QCD PHASE STRUCTURES WITH DILEPTONS

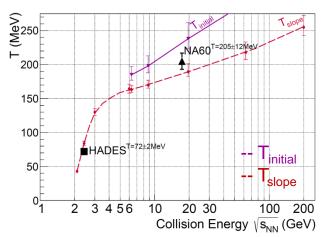
Excess yield in low mass window tracks fireball lifetime

Search for "extra radiation" around phase transition (& critical point?)



Invariant mass slope measures radiating source temperature (no blue shift)

Flattening of caloric curve (T vs $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$) \rightarrow evidence for a phase transition



R. Rapp, H. van Hees: PLB 753 (2016) 586

FS et al.: EPJ A 52 (2016) 131

NA60: Chiral 2010, AIP Conf.Proc. 1322 (2010) 1

HADES: Nature Phys. 15 (2019) 1040

Ongoing

☐ STAR

☐ HADES

□ ALICE

In addition

☐ CBM

□ MPD

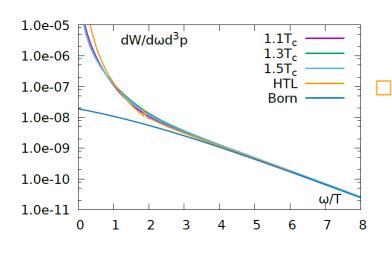
□ NA60+

☐ J-PARC HI

STAR: PLB 750 (2015) 64, arXiv:1810.10159 [nucl-ex]

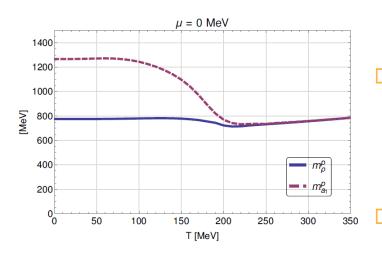


- ☐ Phenomenological tools → excitation functions
 - \square T_{slope}, excess yield and shape, T_{eff} vs. mass, v_2 vs. mass, polarization



- ☐ Phenomenological tools → excitation functions
 - \Box T_{slope}, excess yield and shape, T_{eff} vs. mass, v_2 vs. mass, polarization
 - **Degrees of freedom** of the medium
 - Spectral function merges into QGP description
 - Direct evidence for transition from hadrons to quarks & gluons

H. Ding, et. al: PRD 94 (2016) 034504

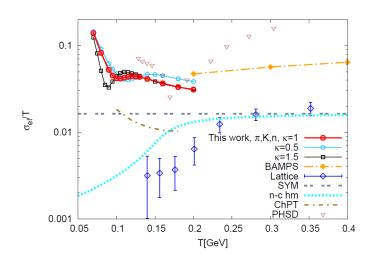


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 - Restoration of chiral symmetry $\int \frac{ds}{\pi s} (\text{Im}\Pi_v \text{Im}\Pi_A) = -m_q \langle 0 | \overline{q}q | 0 \rangle$
 - ☐ Mixing of vector and axial-vector correlators

C. Jung, L. v. Smekal: arXiv: 1909.13712 [hep-ph] R.-A. Tripolt, et. al: Nucl. Phys. A982 (2019) 775

C. Jung, et al.: PRD 95 (2017) 036020





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 - ☐ Mixing of vector and axial-vector correlators
- □ Transport properties

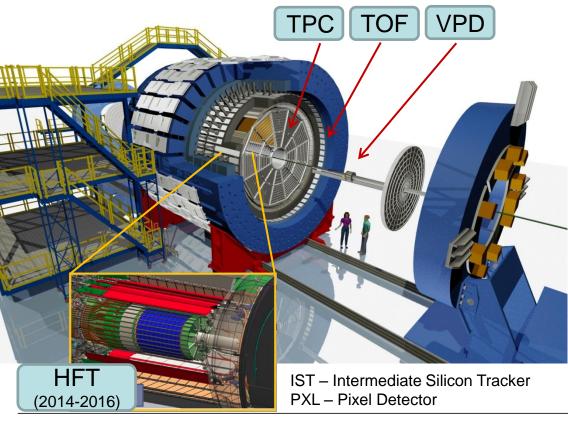
$$\sigma_{EM}(T) = -e^{2} \lim_{q_{0} \to 0} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial q_{0}} \operatorname{Im}\Pi_{EM}(q_{0}, q = 0; T) \right]$$

□ Electric conductivity → probes soft limit of EM spectral function

M. Greif, et al.: PRD93 (2016) 096012J. Atchison and R. Rapp: J. Phys. Conf. Ser. 832 (2017) 012057



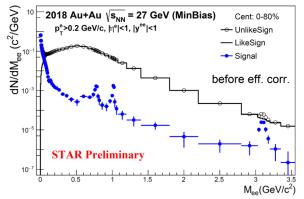
STAR - SOLENOIDAL TRACKER AT RHIC



- 27 GeV
 - ☐ Larger data set compared to submitted BES-I results
- 54.4 GeV
 - □ New energy for dielectron excitation function
- 200 GeV with HFT
 - \square Suppress $c\overline{c}$ contribution to the IMR
 - DCA resolution better than $50\mu m$ at $p_T = 1 \text{ GeV/c}$

Year	√s _{NN} (GeV)	Analyzed events (M)
2018	27	500
2017	54.4	875
2014	200	860

RAW SPECTRA



Au+Au \(\sigma_{NN} = 54.4 \) GeV (MinBias)

\(p_{\text{T}}^{0} > 0.2 \) GeV/c, \(|\text{T}|^{0} | < 1, \) \(|\text{y}^{e}| < 1 \)

\(\text{UnlikeSign} \)

\(\text{LikeSign} \)

\(\text{Signal} \)

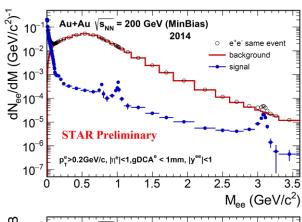
\(\text{Signal} \)

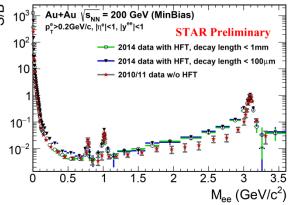
\(\text{STAR Preliminary} \)

\(\text{Me} \)

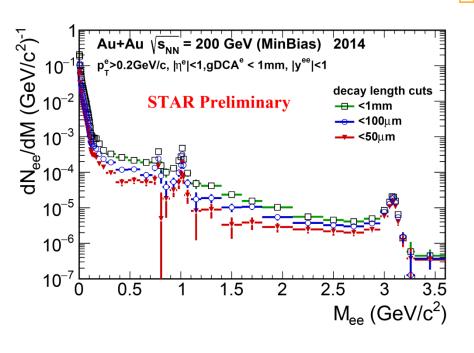
\((\text{GeV}/c^{2}) \)

- Raw spectra in 0-80% centrality (MinBias)at 27, 54.4 and 200 GeV
- For 200 GeV:
 - ☐ Additional material close to beam pipe
 - Increased photon conversion background
 - ☐ Utilizing HFT data on the tracks gives similar S/B ratio as 2010/11 data without HFT

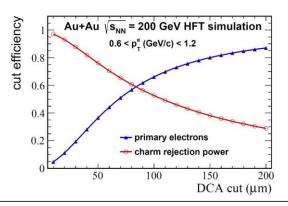




DECAY TOPOLOGY CUTS

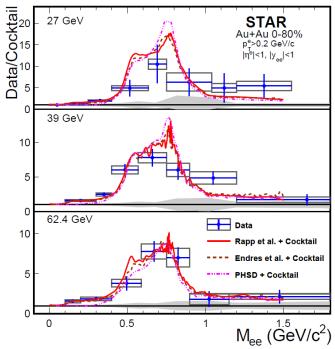


- Decay topology cuts show strong effect on the IMR
 - \square Slope change \longrightarrow hint to $c\overline{c}$ contribution
 - MC studies of topological selections to reduce semi-leptonic charm decay contribution ongoing
 - ☐ Unfolding with DCA resolution & momentum
 - ☐ More Au+Au data with HFT (2016) on tape





BES-I DATA COMPARISON TO THEORY



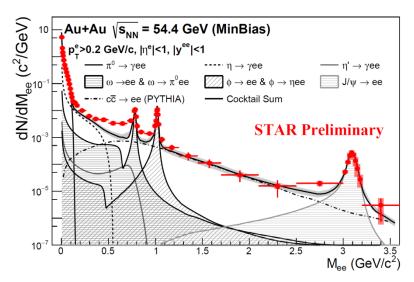
- □ Data / cocktail ratio in STAR acceptance
 - \square ω and ϕ subtracted from data and cocktail
 - ☐ Theory calculations consistent with data
- Reduce data uncertainties with new measures at 27 and 54.4 GeV
 - ☐ Factor ~10 more data compared to BES-I in 2010/11

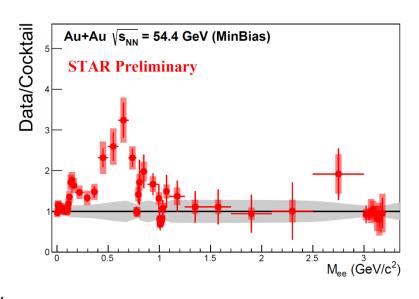
STAR: arXiv:1810.10159 [nucl-ex]

Rapp et al.: PRC 63 (2001) 054907, PRL 97 (2006) 102301 Endres et al.: PRC 91 (2015) 054911, PRC 94 (2016) 024912

PHSD: Nucl. Phys. A831 (2009) 215, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 87 (2016) 50

EFFICIENCY CORRECTED SPECTRA: 54.4 GeV



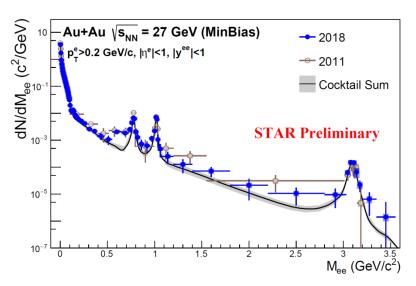


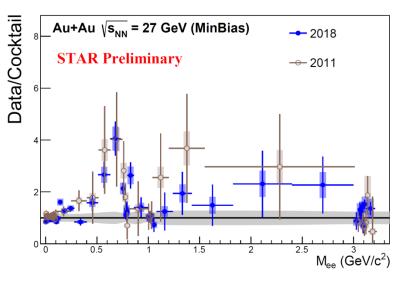
- ☐ 54.4 GeV: first e⁺e⁻ measurement at this energy
 - □ Excess over the cocktail in the LMR with increased significance compared to 62.4 GeV
 - ☐ IMR consistent with cocktail
- \square Enough statistics for differential measurements vs p_T, centrality, etc.

Poster 329 (EM8) by Zhen Wang



EFFICIENCY CORRECTED SPECTRA: 27 GeV



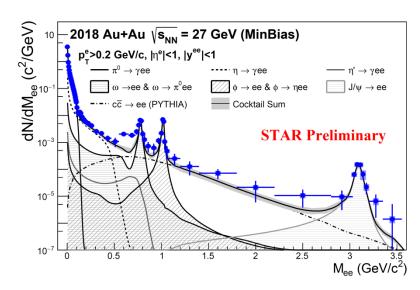


- □ 27 GeV: improved statistics consistent with submitted data (2011)
 - \square Lower charm cross section \longrightarrow hint of excess in the IMR at 1.7 σ level
 - \square Correlated $c\bar{c}$ gives upper limit on charm contribution

Poster 387 (EM10) by Zaochen Ye

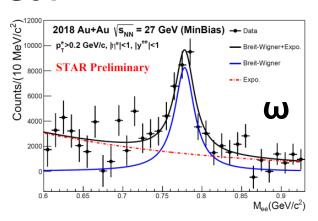


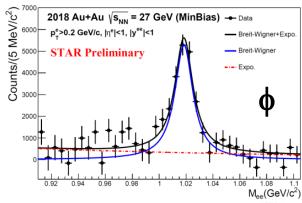
EFFICIENCY CORRECTED SPECTRA: 27 GeV



Constrain cocktail with direct measurement of
 ω, φ, (J/Ψ) in e⁺e⁻ channel

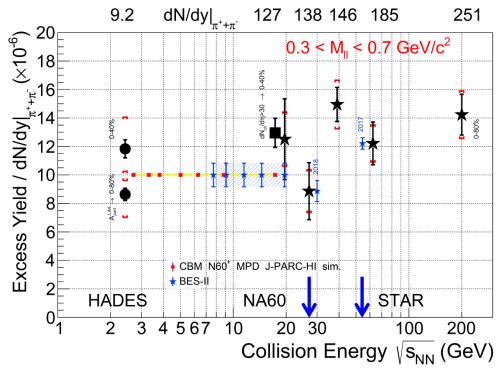
Poster 387 (EM10) by Zaochen Ye







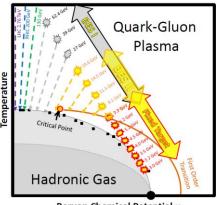
FILLING IN THE EXCITATION FUNCTION



NA60: Chiral 2010, AIP Conf.Proc. 1322 (2010) 1 STAR: PLB 750 (2015) 64, arXiv:1810.10159 [nucl-ex]

HADES: Nature Phys. 15 (2019) 1040

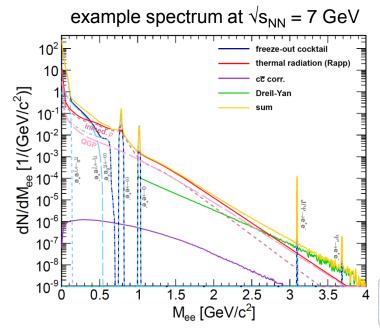
- ☐ Excess yield scaled by $dN/dy|_{\pi^+\pi^-}$ from SIS to top RHIC energy
- Expected statistical precision for new measurements at 27 & 54.4 GeV added
- Projections for BES-II program



Baryon Chemical Potential μ_B



FUTURE



Freeze-out: A. Andronic, et. al: PLB 673 (2009) 142 Thermal radiation: R. Rapp, J. Wambach: Adv. Nucl. Phys. 25 (2000) 1 Drell-Yan & charm: P. Bhaduri, et. al: PRC 89 (2014) 044912

- □ BES-II in full swing
 - Measurement of e⁺e⁻ spectra at √s_{NN} between 7.7 GeV and 19.6 GeV
 - Reduced charm cross section enhances sensitivity to thermal radiation
 - □ Data from 19.6 & 14.6 GeV already on tape
 - ☐ Enhanced tracking & particle identification capabilities due to iTPC and eTOF upgrades

Change the rapidity window

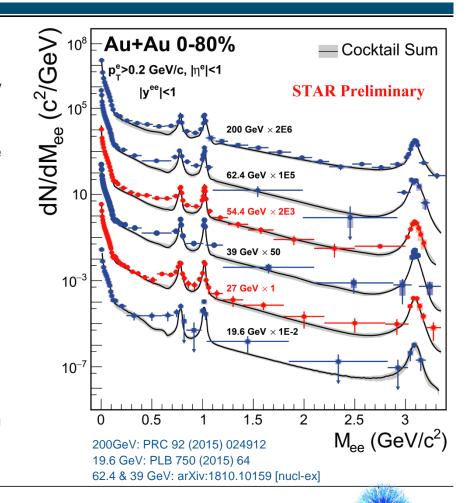
→ Study total baryon density dependence

Detector upgrade talk by Yi Yang, Tue 16:20



SUMMARY & OUTLOOK

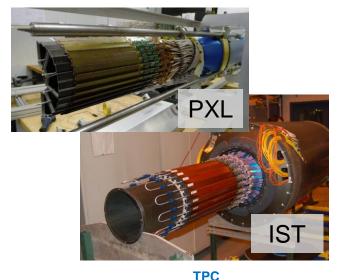
- New measurements for e⁺e⁻ at 27 & 54.4 GeV
 - ☐ High statistics will allow differential studies
 - Constrain contribution of thermal radiation to the spectrum
- 200 GeV e+e- with HFT
 - □ Comparable S/B to previously published data without HFT
 - Decay topology cuts increase sensitivity to the thermal QGP radiation in the IMR
- BES-II has started
 - ☐ Fill in excitation function of dielectron production between 7.7 and 19.6 GeV



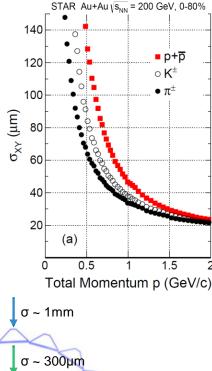
BACKUP



HFT PERFORMANCE



Tracking inwards with gradually improved resolution



σ ~ 250μm

σ~30μm

- Heavy Flavor Tracker
 - ☐ SSD Silicon Strip Detector
 - □ IST Intermediate Silicon Tracker
 - □ PXL Pixel Detector
 - First application of MAPS technology in collider experiments
 - Pitch size 20x20 μm²
 - Thickness of first layer 0.5%X₀
 (2014)
- Acceptance
 - □ -1 < η < 1
 </p>
 - \Box 0 < ϕ < 2 π
- ☐ Good DCA resolution of particle track to collision point

PXL r = 8 cm

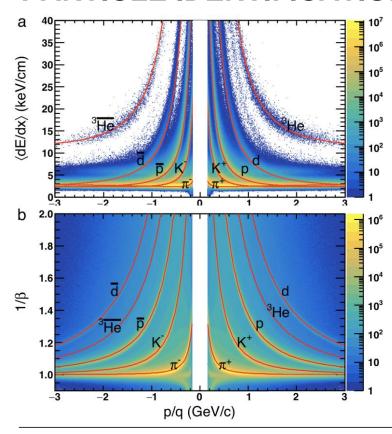
SSD r=22cm

r=14cm

r = 2.8 cm

IST

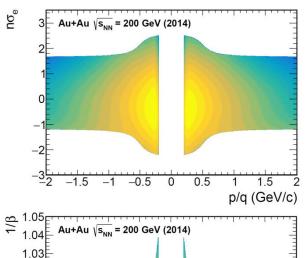
PARTICLE IDENTIFICATION

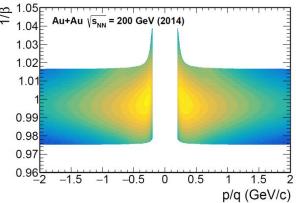


- High purity electron sample via
 - Mean ionization energy loss

$$n\sigma_{e} = \frac{1}{R_{dE/dx}} \log \frac{\langle dE/dx \rangle^{measured}}{\langle dE/dx \rangle_{e}^{theory}}$$

 \Box Time of flight $\frac{1}{R}$







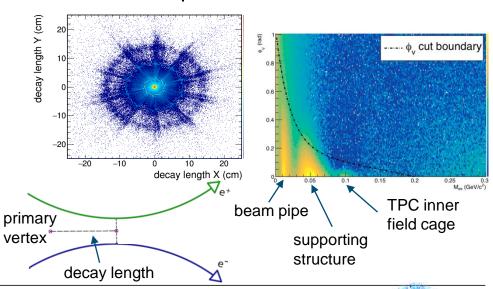
PAIRING OF LEPTONS

- Combine all electrons/positrons in an event into pairs
 - ☐ Signal contained in unlike-sign pairs
 - ☐ Combinatorial background estimated via like-sign pairs
 - k corrects for acceptance difference between unlike and like-sign pairs
 - ☐ Event mixing with several event pools
 - Vertex Z, centrality, event plane angle
- Photon conversion removal
 - \square Cut on pair opening angle w.r.t. the magnetic field ϕ_{V}
 - □ Decay length cut in case of HFT analysis

$$S = N_{+-} - N_{++\times--}^{corr}$$

$$N_{++\times--}^{corr} = 2\sqrt{N_{++}(M, p_T) \cdot N_{--}(M, p_T)} \times k$$

$$k = \frac{N_{+-}^{mix}(M, p_T)}{2\sqrt{N_{++}^{mix}(M, p_T) \cdot N_{--}^{mix}(M, p_T)}}$$



COMPARISON DATA / COCKTAIL: 27 & 54.4 GeV

