STAR Note #389

PROPOSAL FOR THE IDENTIFICATION OF COMPONENTS AND EMC'S FIBER BUNDLES PATH IN THE STAR BARREL JOSE RISO, 3/5/99

A naming code to help to aid the identification of EMC components within the STAR barrel for the purpose of routing, tracking and tagging fiber bundles cables, etc. is proposed.

The numbering and coordinate system described in the STAR Note #229A is used as reference.

For the position of fiber guides, the numbering and orientation of flux return bars is used as reference.

For components not identified previously as the optical connectors current numbering codes used at WSU are applied.

In this scheme, looking at the front end of the STAR barrel from -Z (east face), the flux return bars are numbered 1 to 30 CW being bar #1 at 12 o'clock position.

Looking in the same direction, the modules are numbered 61 to120 CW.

Looking at the STAR barrel from +Z (West face), the flux return bars are numbered 1 to 30 CCW, being bar #1 situated at 12 o'clock position.

Looking from the same direction, the modules are numbered 1 to 60 CW.

The fiber guides are identified by the position between bars, they are also classified in Z direction from A to E, the complete code is FG#-# followed by the position in ETA and position letter E or W.

The position of single scintillator tiles, towers and SMD are identified using as reference the geometry and orientation of the modules.

The included figures show a detailed view of the naming code. Further identification has to be done with the PMT boxes, cables, and other individual components.



ROUTING AND TAGGING NAMING CODE WSU, EMC, 11/3/98, JOSE RISO



EMC FACE OF THE STAR BARREL AS SEEN FROM -Z (EAST FACE)

BL#E= BACKLEG # EAST FG#-#AE= FIBERGUIDE BETWEN BACKLEGS # & #, ETA POSITION E, EAST M#= MODULE #



EMC FACE OF THE STAR BARREL AS SEEN FROM +Z (WEST FACE)

BL#W= BACKLEG # WEST FG#-#EW= FIBERGUIDE BETWEN BACKLEGS # & #, ETA POSITION E, WEST M#= MODULE #



CENTRAL CUT OF THE STAR BARREL AS SEEN FROM +X (SOUTH)

ROUTING AND TAGGING NAMING CODE WSU,EMC, 10/31/98, JOSE RISO

R2 -S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 S6 S7 S8 S9 S10 S11 S12 S13 S14 S15 S16 S17 S18 S19 S20 R1 -(S1) S2) S3) S4) S5) S6) S7) S8) S9) S10 S11 S12 S13 S14) S15) S16) S17) S18 S19 S20 η=.3 η<mark>΄</mark>-.9 η=0 $\eta = 2$ η=.4 $\eta_{\overline{T}}.6$ η=.7 $\eta_{\overline{1}}.8$ $\eta_{\overline{1}}.1$ η₌₁.5 η=1 ۱ 1 1 ۱ Т Т η=.05 η=.35 η=1.65 $\eta = 75$ $\eta = \frac{1}{85}$ 1 η=.95 Т η=15 η**≟**.25 η=[55 45 Z (+ OR -T1 Т3 Τ7 Т9 T11 T13 T15 T17 T19 T5 Τ4 T12 T2 Τ6 T8 <u>T10</u> T14 T16 T20 T18 R2 R1 T10 T12 T14 T11 T13 T14 Т4 Τ6 Т8 T20 T2 T16 T18 T1 T3 T5 T7 Т9 T15 T17 T19











IDENTIFICATION OF COMPONENTS FOR ROUTING AND TAGGING WSU, EMC, 3/5/99, JOSE RISO

To give one example of how we can follow routing paths of fiber bundles let's suppose that we want to identify the route of a fiber or fiber bundle that starts at the photomultiplier box PMB# and finishes in tower T4 (Tower 4) in R1 (Row1) of the module M60.

The path is:

PMB#>FG30-1BW>R1>C#>T4

A code for photomultipliers and PMT boxes must be established in order to extend the path identification to PMT-tower/tile range.