W BOSON PRODUCTION IN POLARIZED P+P COLLISIONS

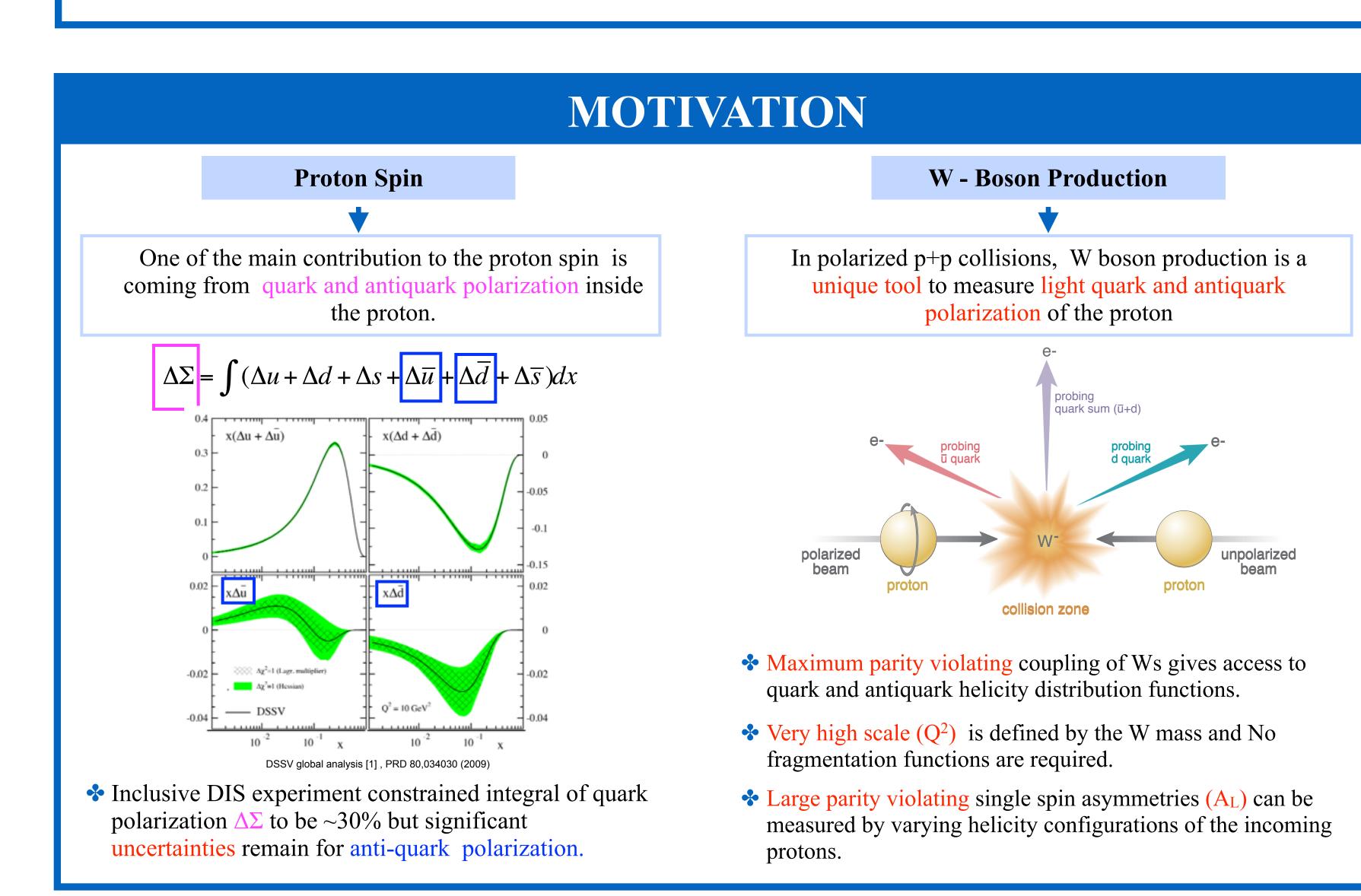
ANALYSIS

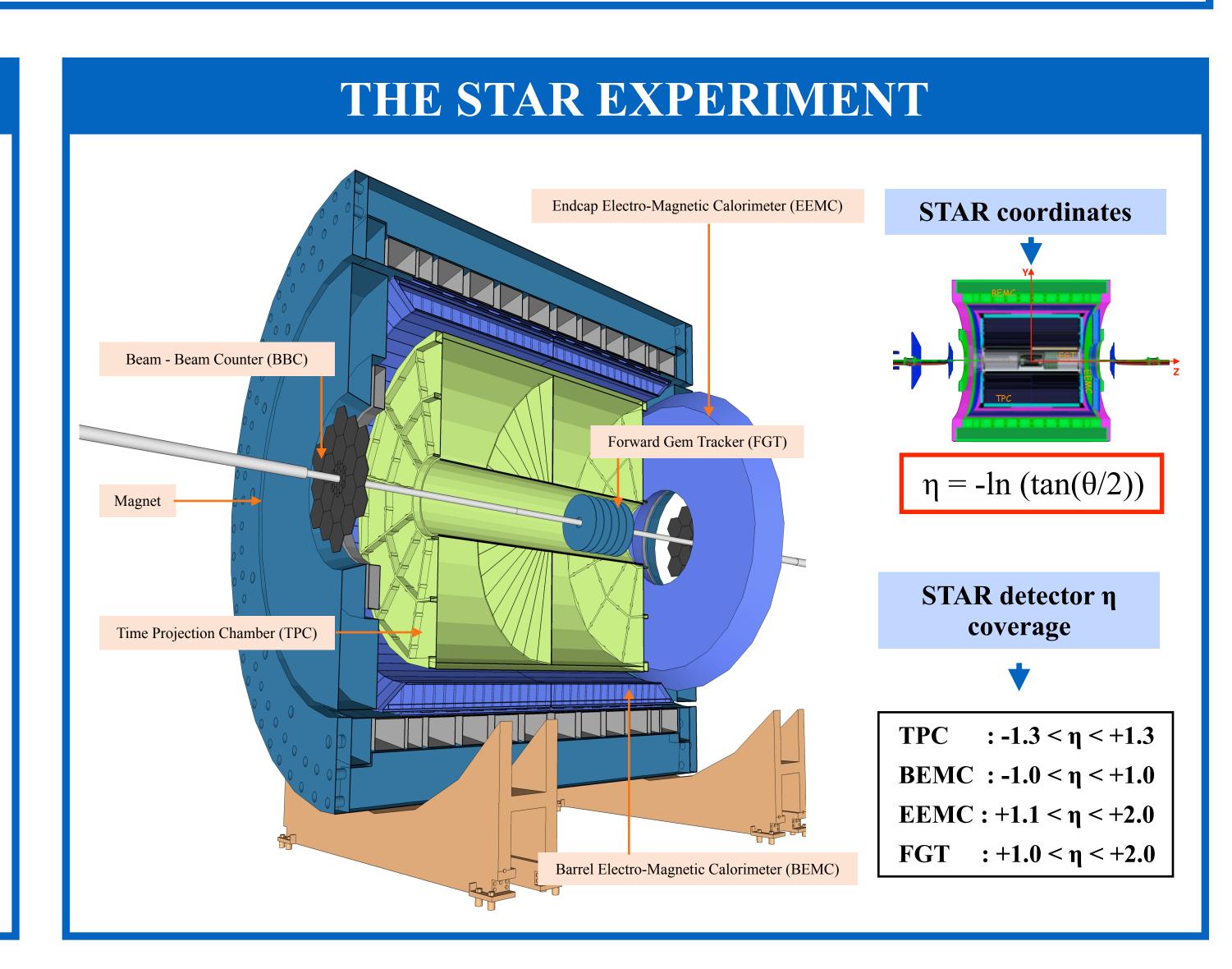


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e⁺/e⁻ candidate event selection Selecting high transverse momentum (P_T>10 GeV) TPC tracks pointing to high transverse energy ($E_T > 14 \text{ GeV}$) deposition in EMC Select reconstructed TPC tracks based on high energy trigger requirement and associate with primary vertex with |z| < 100 cm. * Extend high Pt TPC tracks, to match with 2x2 cluster energy (E^e_T) in EMC and require 90%

Use low energy sum requirement of w decay

candidate lepton tracks to isolate further.

lepton outside the near-side cone around the



❖ For W-decay leptons, sP_T correlated with E_T where as for jets sP_T is balanced by the opposite jet. (select events with $sP_T > 14 \text{ GeV}$ as W candidate events)

W candidate event selection

Use of imbalance in the vector P_T sum result by the large

missing E_T due to undetected neutrino in a W⁻⁻→e+v

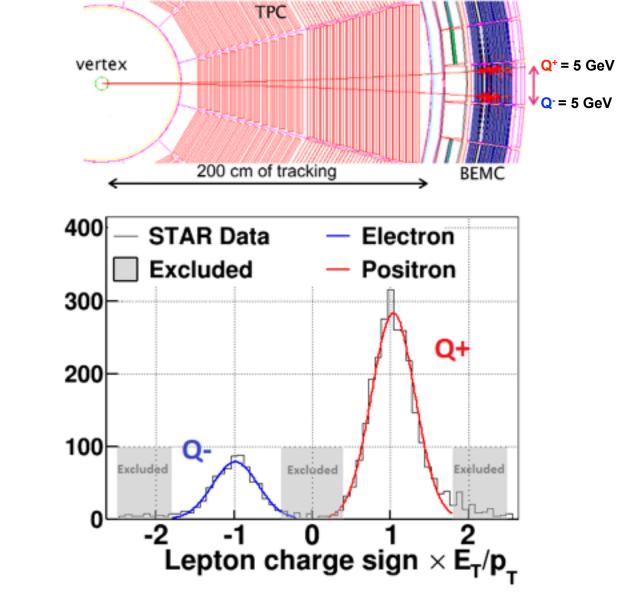
event to differentiate from jet like event

signed pt balance (sP_T) vector:

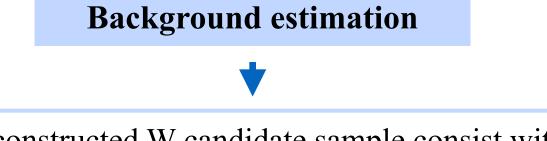
 $signed P_T - balance = \frac{(\vec{p}_T^e.\vec{p}_T^{balance})}{}$

 $\mid \vec{p}^e \mid$

W charge sign separation Use of sign of the curvature (bending right or left in the magnetic field) of TPC tracks to discriminate W⁺ from W⁻.



Clear valley between opposite charge sign shows effectiveness of this discrimination of the TPC at relevant energies.



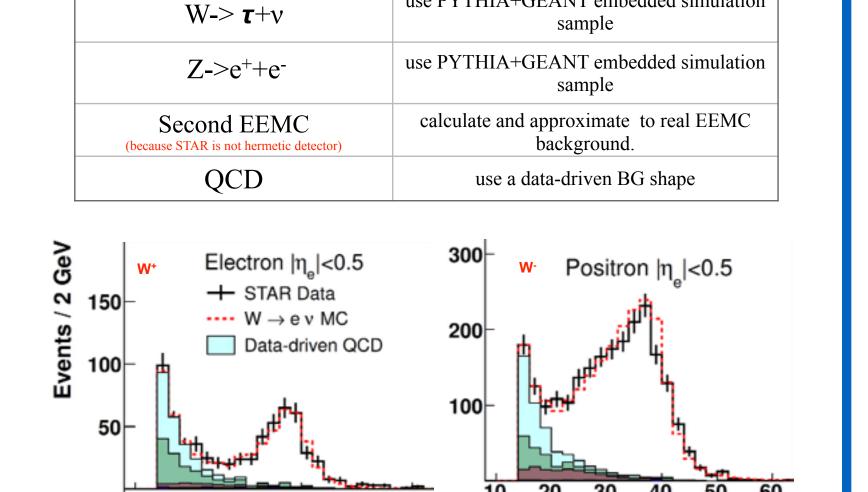
Reconstructed W candidate sample consist with well understood electroweak backgrounds and QCD background

Estimating tool

use PYTHIA+GEANT embedded simulation

E_T (GeV)

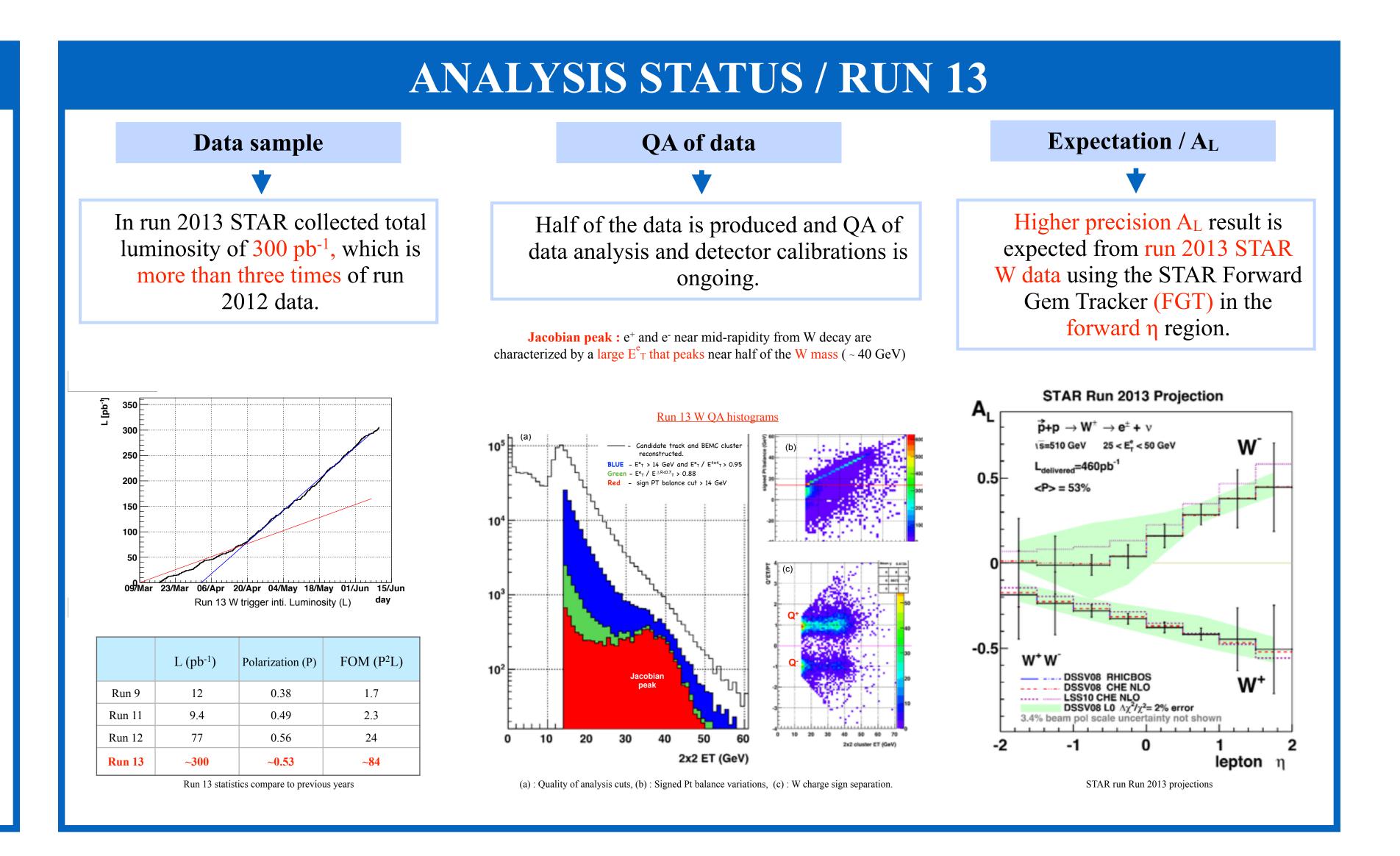
BG channel



❖ Significant BG contribution is coming from QCD jet like events due to opposite jet escaping the detection.

E_T (GeV)

RESULTS / RUN 12 + RUN 11 **Leptonic Asymmetry from W**^{+/-} decay **Impact of STAR W result** $\vec{p}+p \rightarrow W^{\pm} \rightarrow e^{\pm} + v$ + → + → STAR Data CL=68% **lepton** η χ^2 profiles and x-dependent uncertainty estimates for $\Delta \bar{u}$ and $\Delta \bar{d}$ with A_L for $|\eta_e| < 1.4$ from 2011+2012 data, [1] OSSV++ and without (DSSV,DSSV+) STAR W data, [2] * Measured larger $A_L(W^-)$ for $\eta_e < 0$, than ❖ DSSV++ which include preliminary run 12 W data shows significantly improved constraints on $\Delta \bar{u}$, the theoretical predictions indicate large $\Delta \bar{d}$ and shifts in the central value of $\Delta \chi^2$ minimum. anti u quark polarization.



CONCLUSION

- * Measured parity violating A_L for W boson production as a function of decay lepton pseudo rapidity η_e at STAR experiment provides significant constraints on $\Delta \bar{u}$ and $\Delta \bar{d}$.
- * Recent results indicate significantly larger anti u quark polarization.
- ❖ Large statistics of run 13 will further constraints the light quark sea polarization.
- ❖ Ongoing analysis on extending A_L measurement from W boson production towards forward and backward regions of η_e using Forward Gem Tracker (FGT) will enhances sensitivity to $\Delta \bar{u}$ and $\Delta \bar{d}$.

REFERENCES

- * [1] L. Adamczyk et al.(STAR Collaboration), Measurement of longitudinal spin asymmetries for weak boson production in polarized proton-proton collisions at RHIC, arXiv:1404.6880
- * [2] The RHIC Spin program: Achievements and Future opportunities, arXiv: 1304.0079
- ❖ [3] D. de Florian, R. Sassot, M. Stratmann, and W. Vogelsang, Extraction of spin-Dependent parton Densities and Their Uncertainties, Phys. ReV. D80, 034030 (2009), arXiv:0904.3821

