

Measurements of Open Heavy Flavor in STAR Experiment

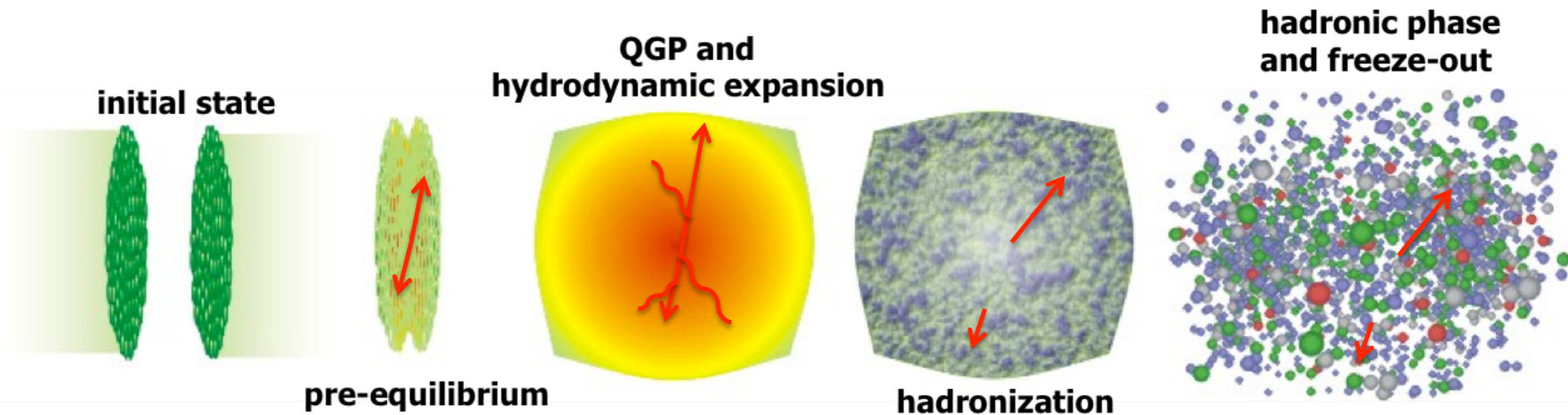
The 6th International Conference on Hard and
Electromagnetic Probes of High-Energy Nuclear Collisions
November 4 – 8, 2013, Cape Town, South Africa

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1. University of Illinois at Chicago
2. Central China Normal University

Why Heavy Flavor?

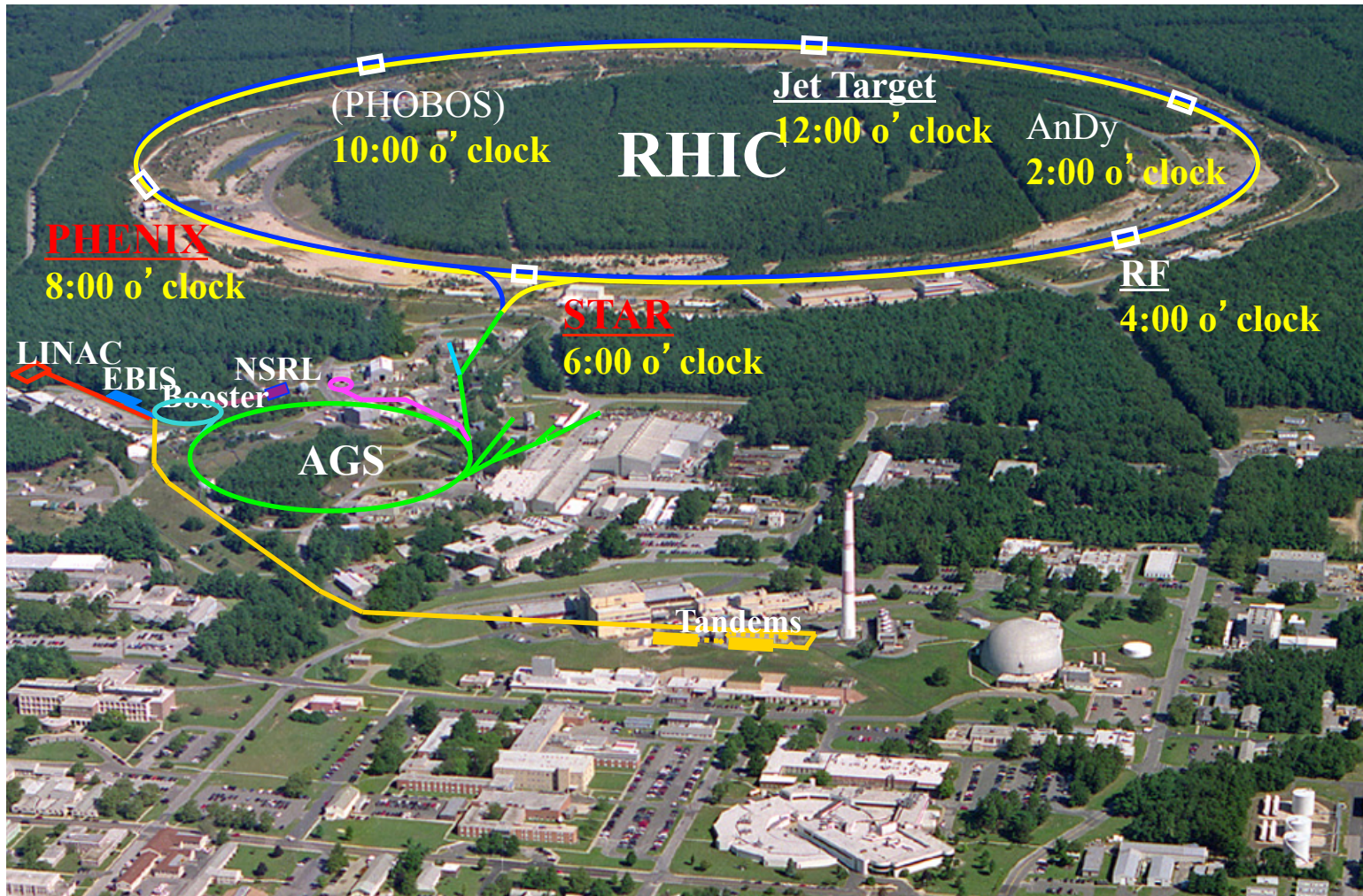
- HF quarks are produced primarily in initial hard scattering, and are exposed to the evolution of the hot nuclear matter created at RHIC.
- **Au+Au, Cu+Cu, U+U, ...**
 - How does a parton lose its energy in the QGP?
 $\Delta E_g > \Delta E_q > \Delta E_c > \Delta E_b$?
 - Using the HF as a probe to study properties of the QGP and their dependence on system size, energy, ...



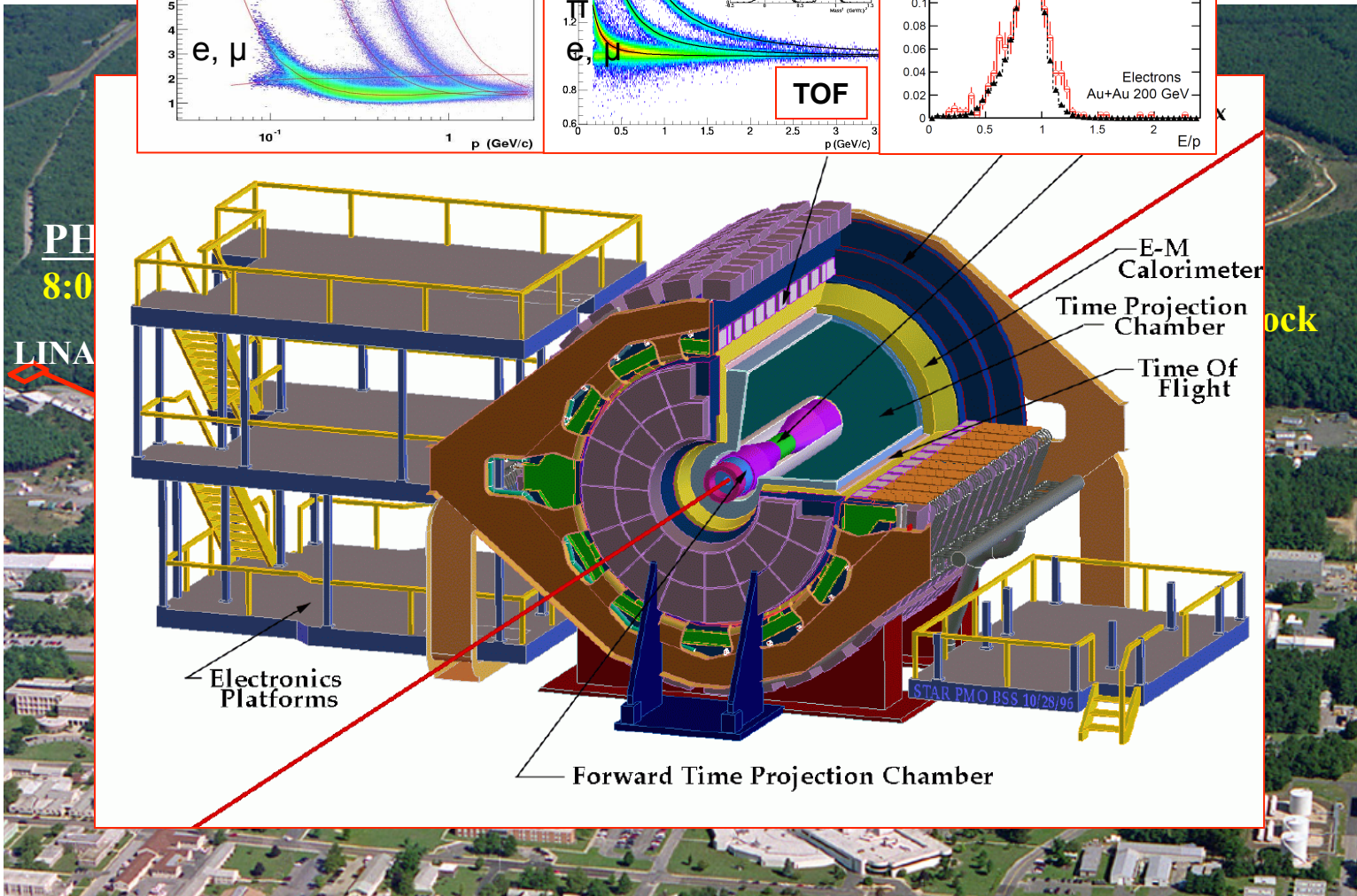
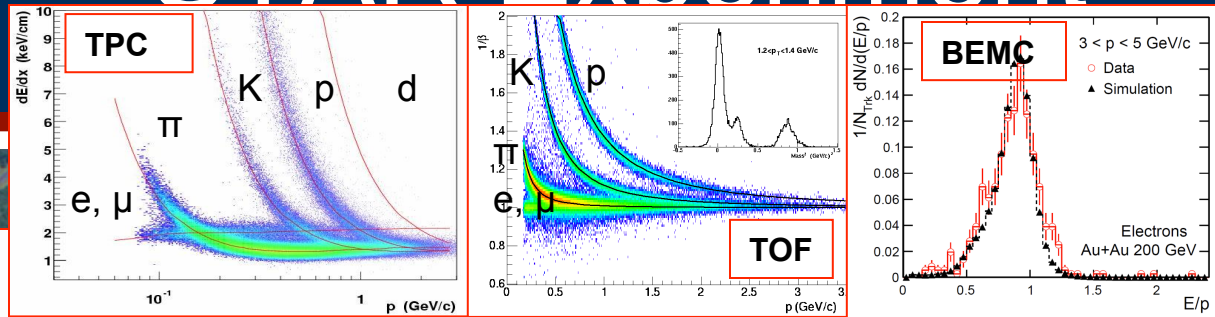
Why Heavy Flavor?

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- **p+p**
 - Test of pQCD and Reference for studies of the QGP
- **p+Au, d+Au**
 - Cold Nuclear Matter effects (shadowing, CGC, Cronin effect, ...)

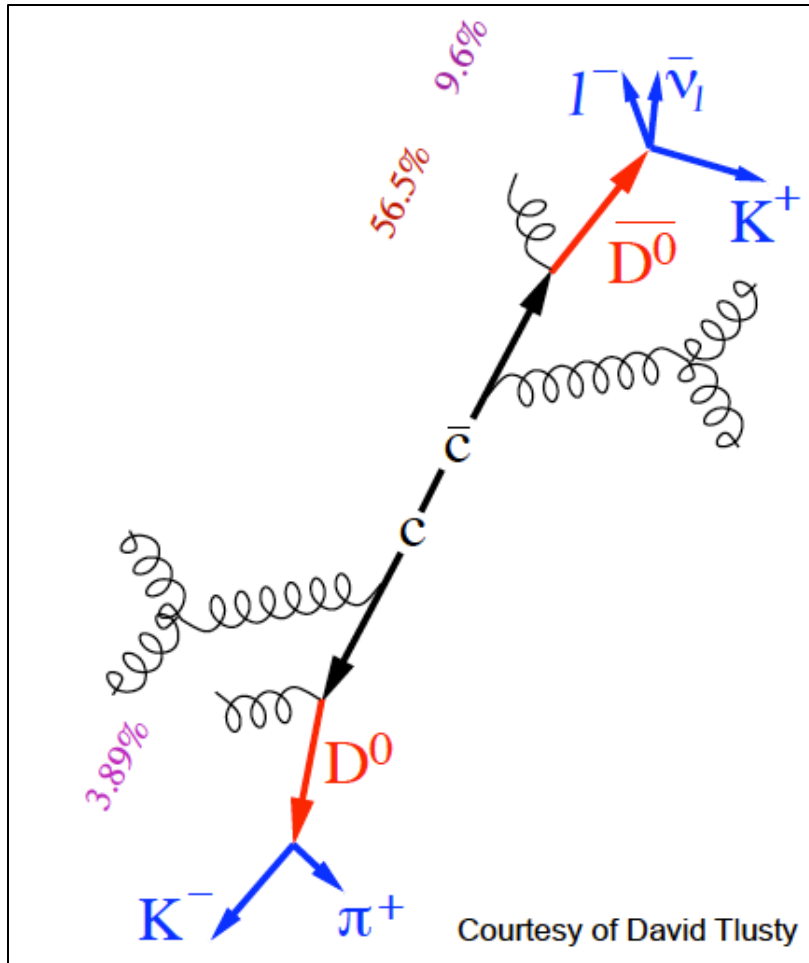
Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider



STAR Experiment



Open Heavy Flavor Production



Semi-leptonic channel:

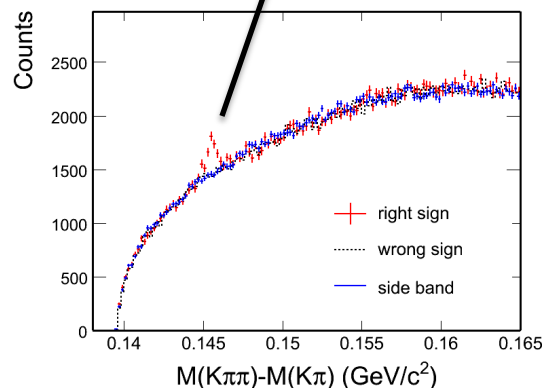
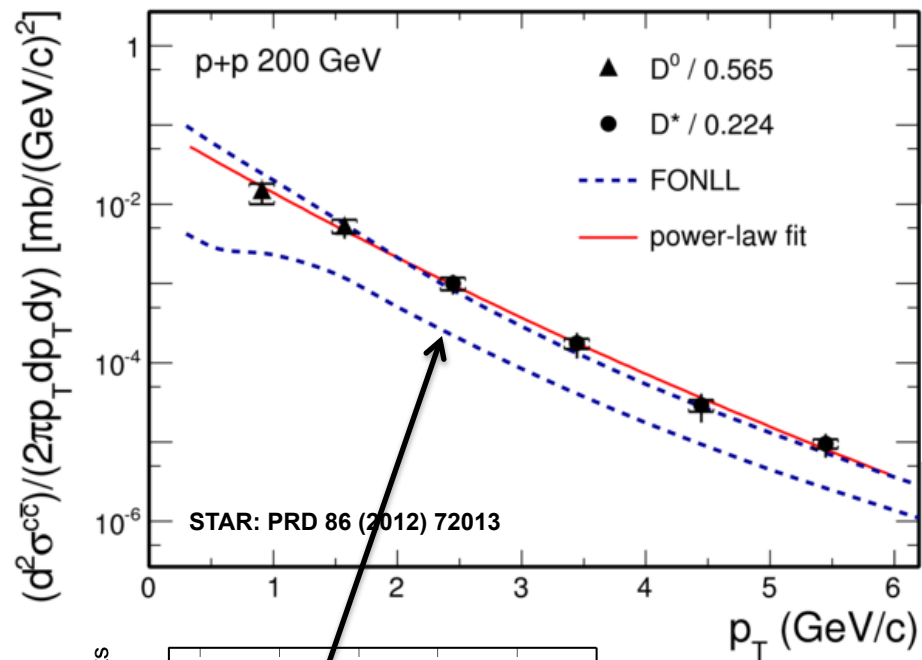
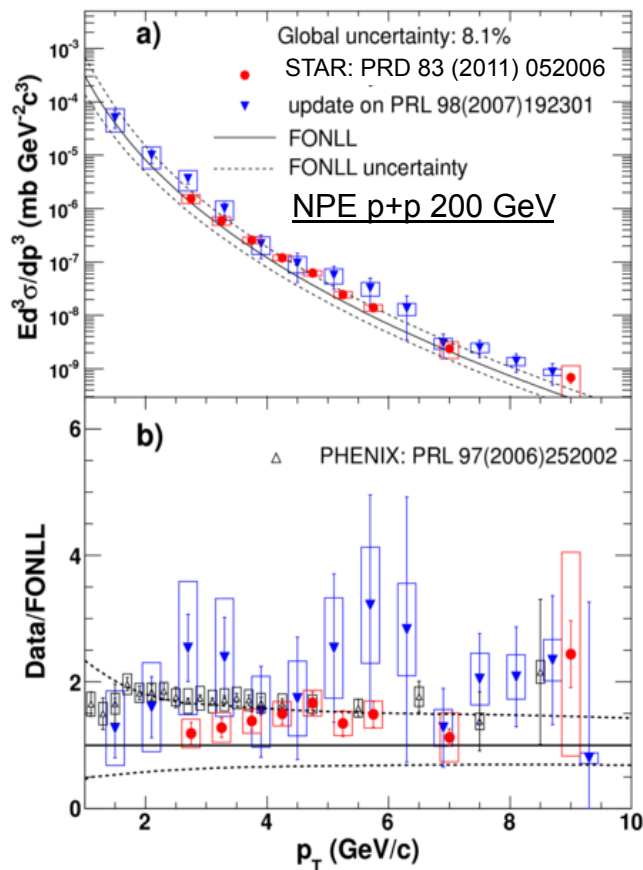
- Single e^\pm with background subtraction estimated from MC+data
- Larger branching ratio; online trigger on high p_T charged leptons
- No direct access to the kinematics of the original charm hadrons; Contribution from charm and bottom

Hadronic channel:

- Fully reconstructed open charm hadrons with background estimated from data
- Smaller branching ratio; no direct trigger online; large background contribution w/o good vertex measurement

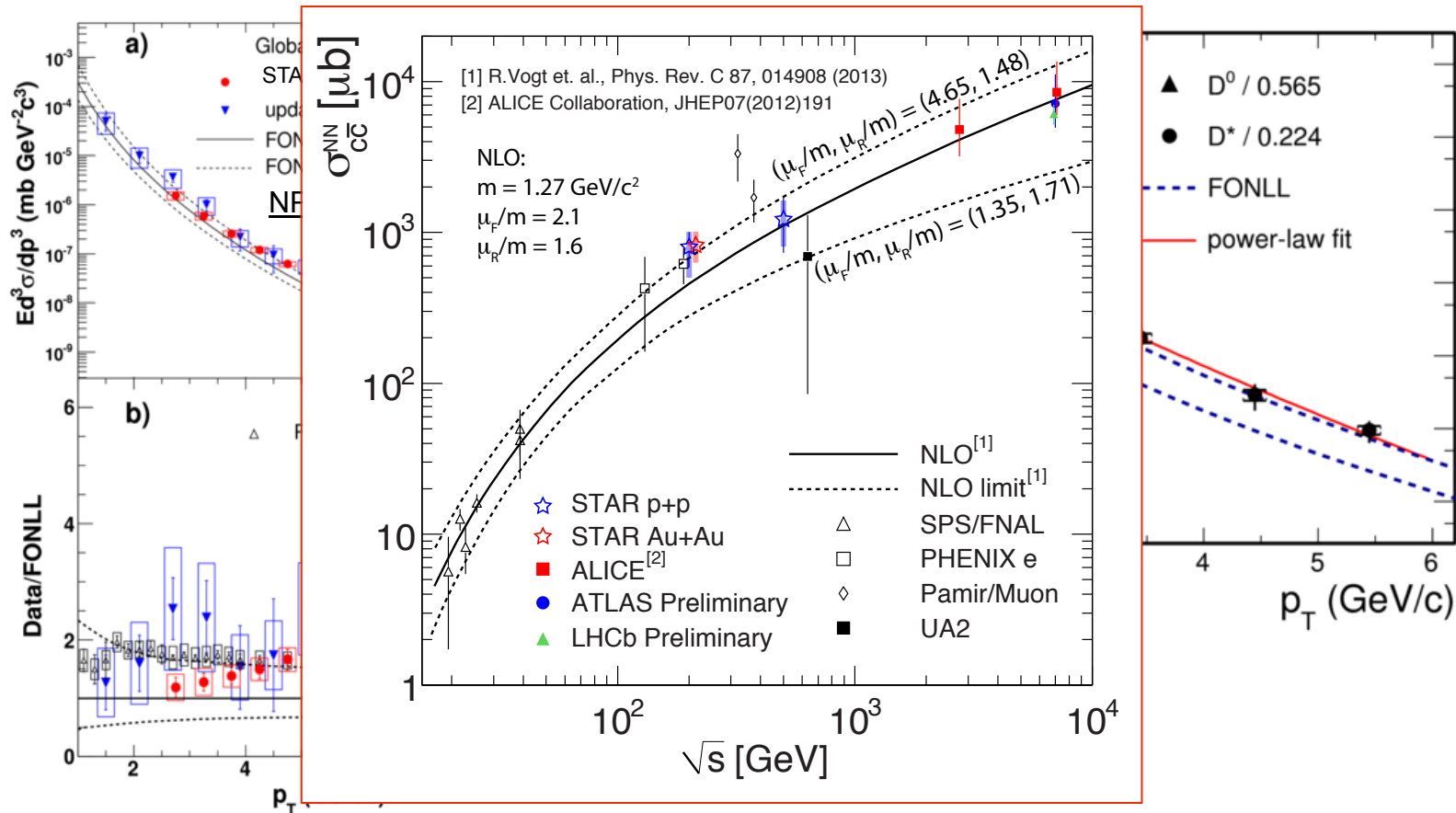
Open Charm Production

– p+p –



Open Charm Production

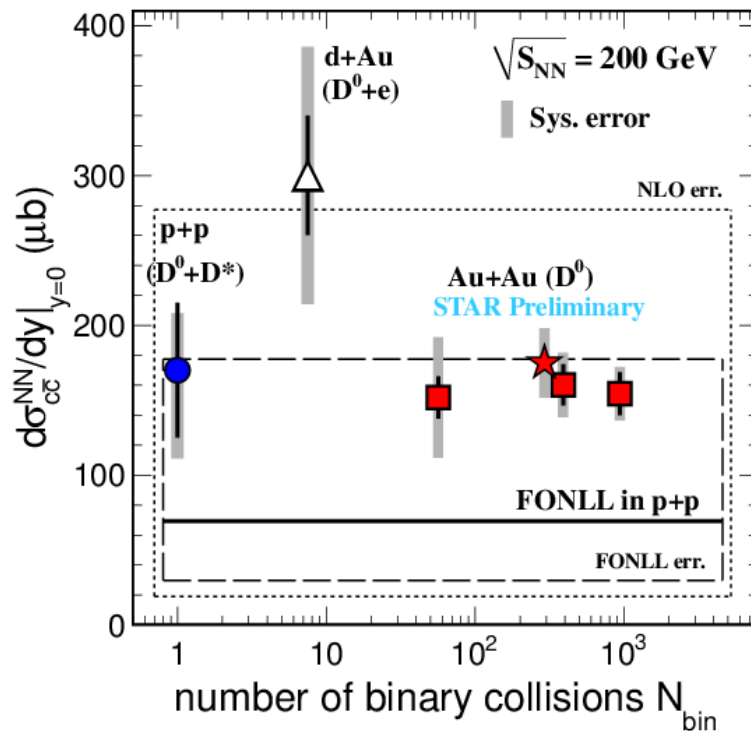
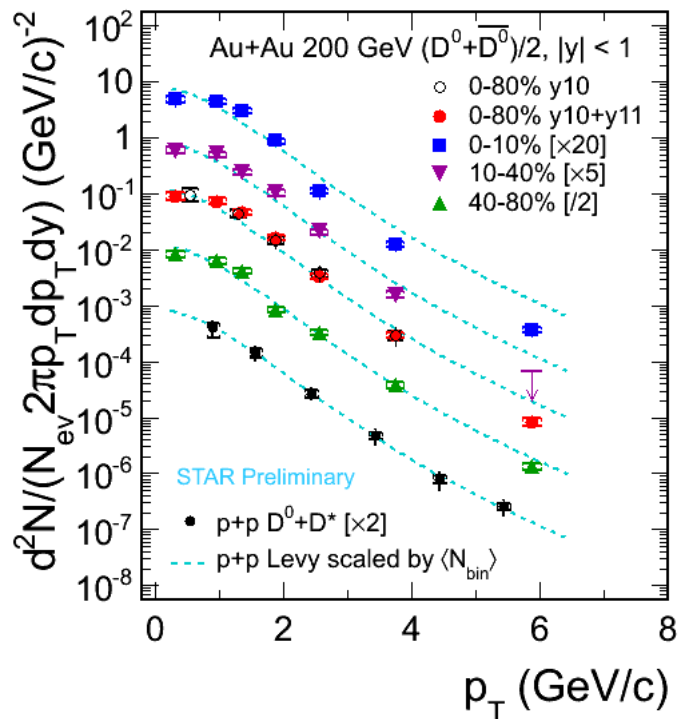
– p+p –



Measurements of total charm production cross-section can be described by NLO-NLL calculation within uncertainties.

Open Charm Hadronic Channel

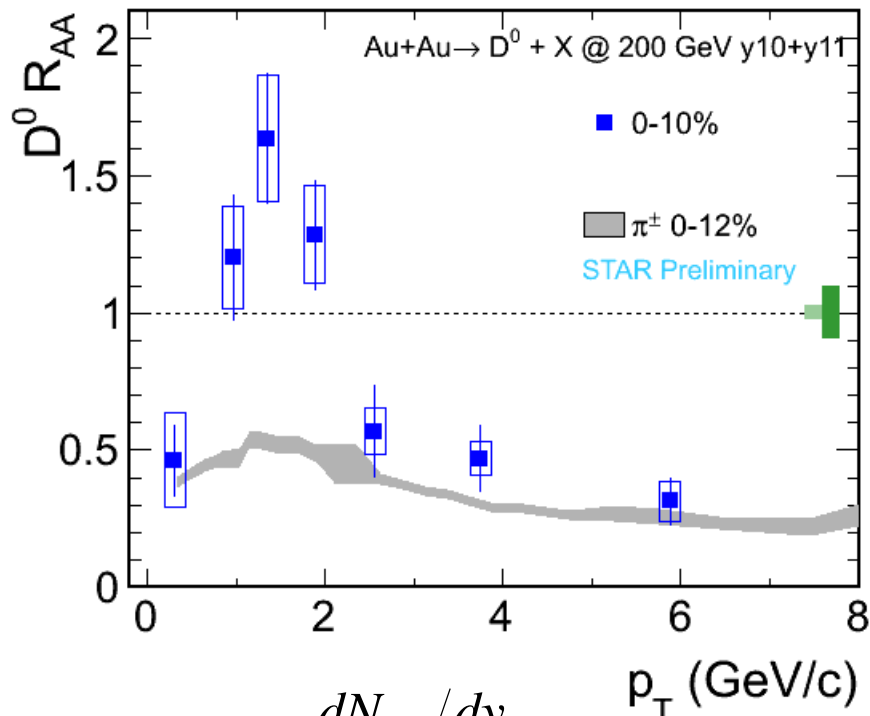
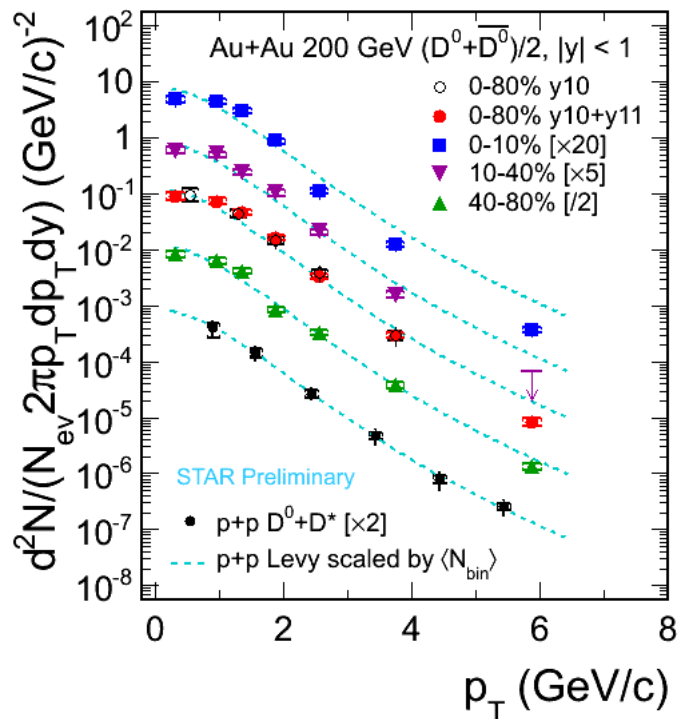
– Au+Au –



Total charm production scales with the number of binary collisions at RHIC

Open Charm Hadronic Channel

– Au+Au –

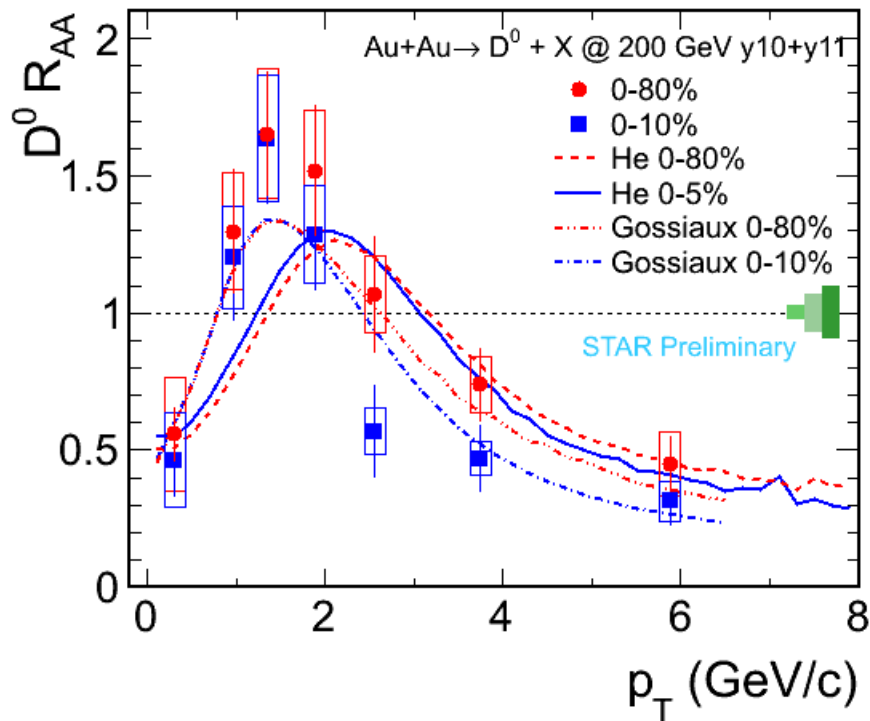
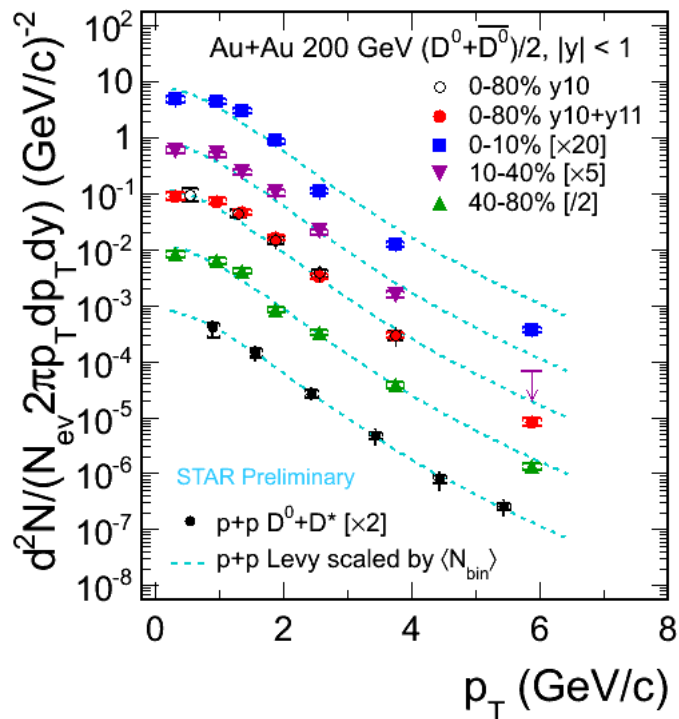


$$R_{AA} = \frac{dN_{AA}/dy}{N_{coll} \cdot dN_{pp}/dy}$$

Suppression at high p_T in central collisions is similar to that of pions.

Open Charm Hadronic Channel

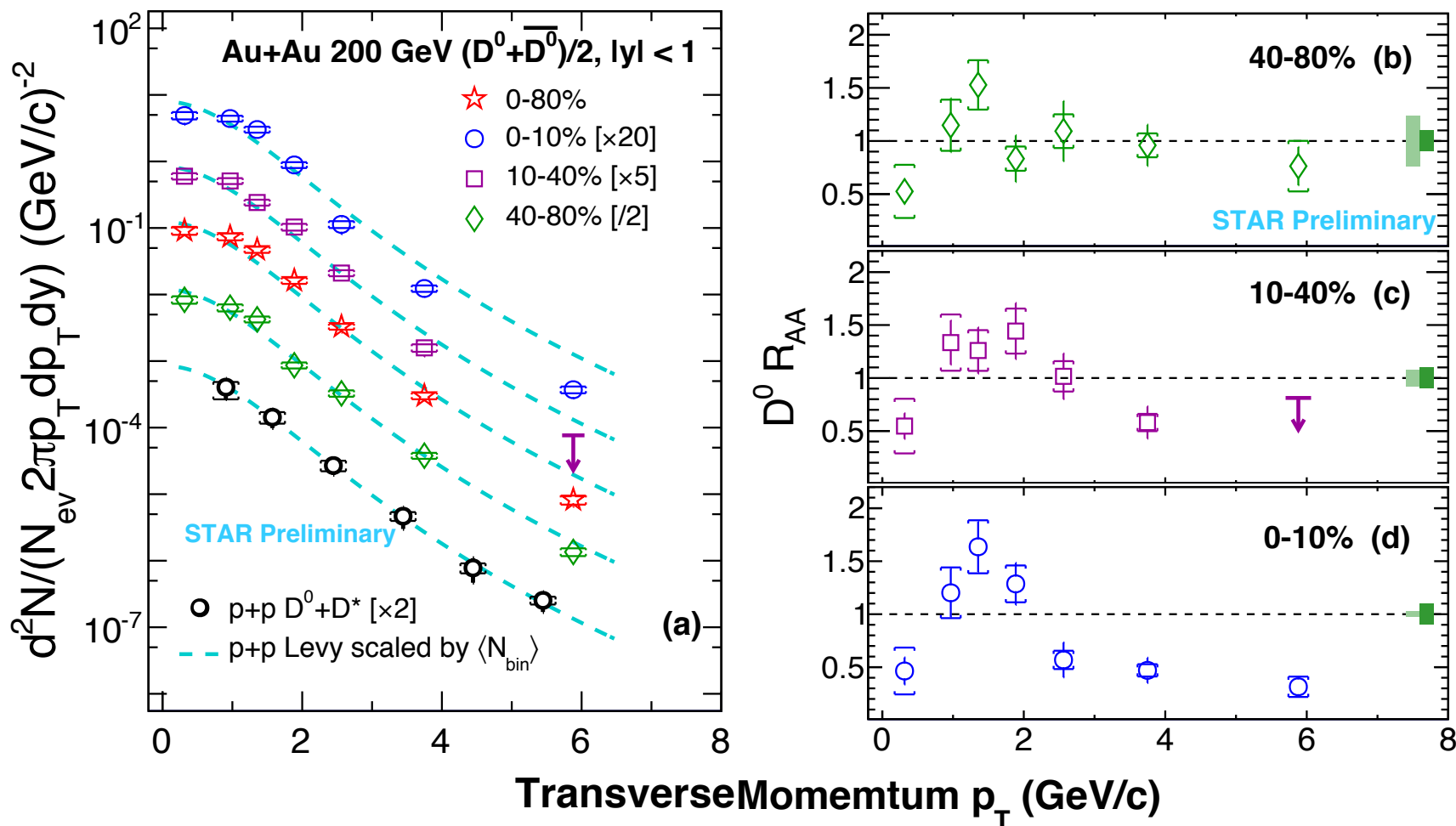
– Au+Au –



low p_T enhancement described by models with light quarks coalescence with charm.

Open Charm Hadronic Channel

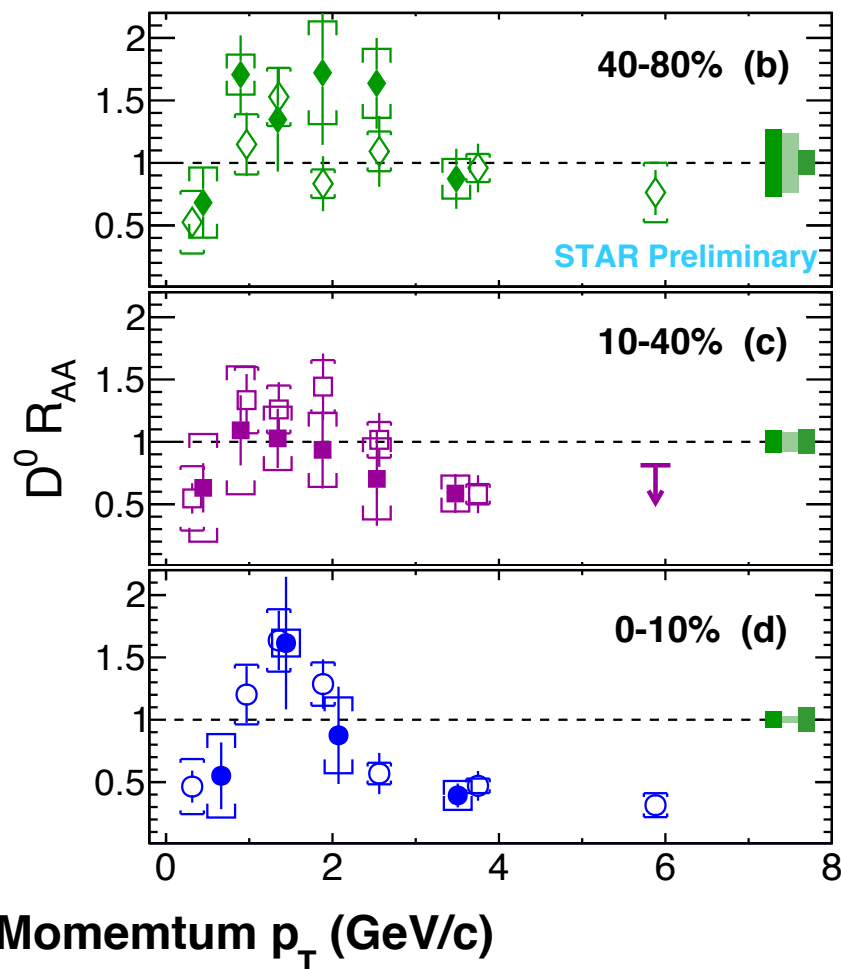
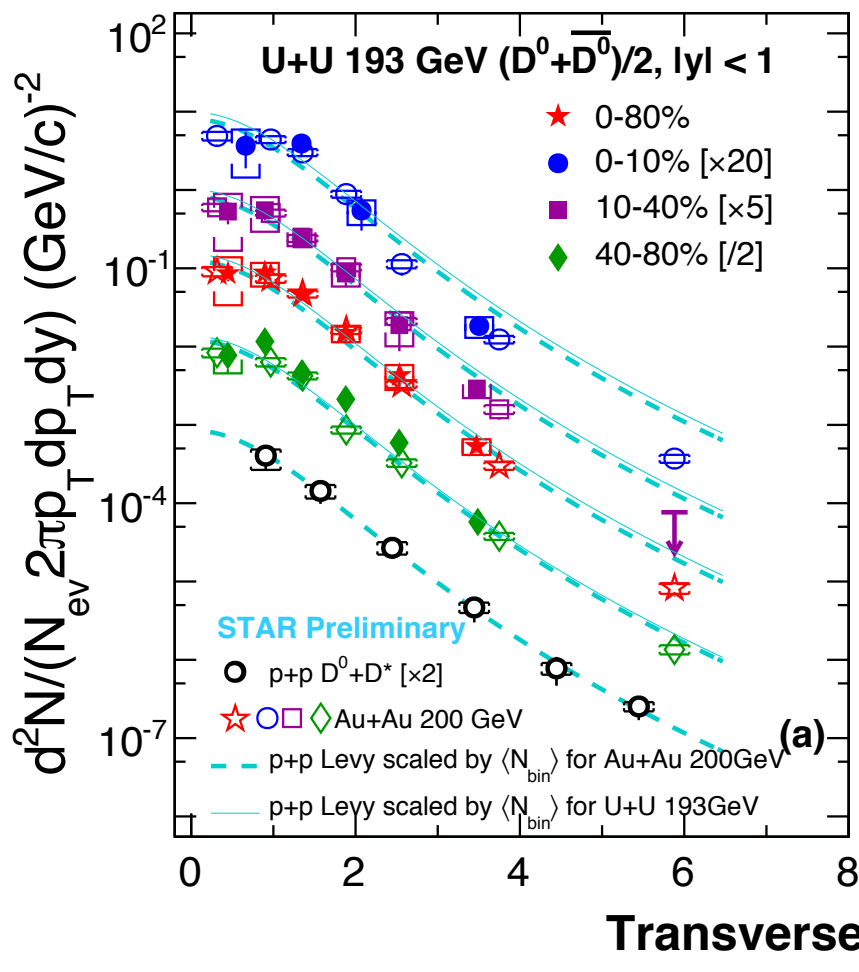
– Au+Au –



PRC 84, 054907: U+U collisions has 20% higher energy density than Au+Au

Open Charm Hadronic Channel

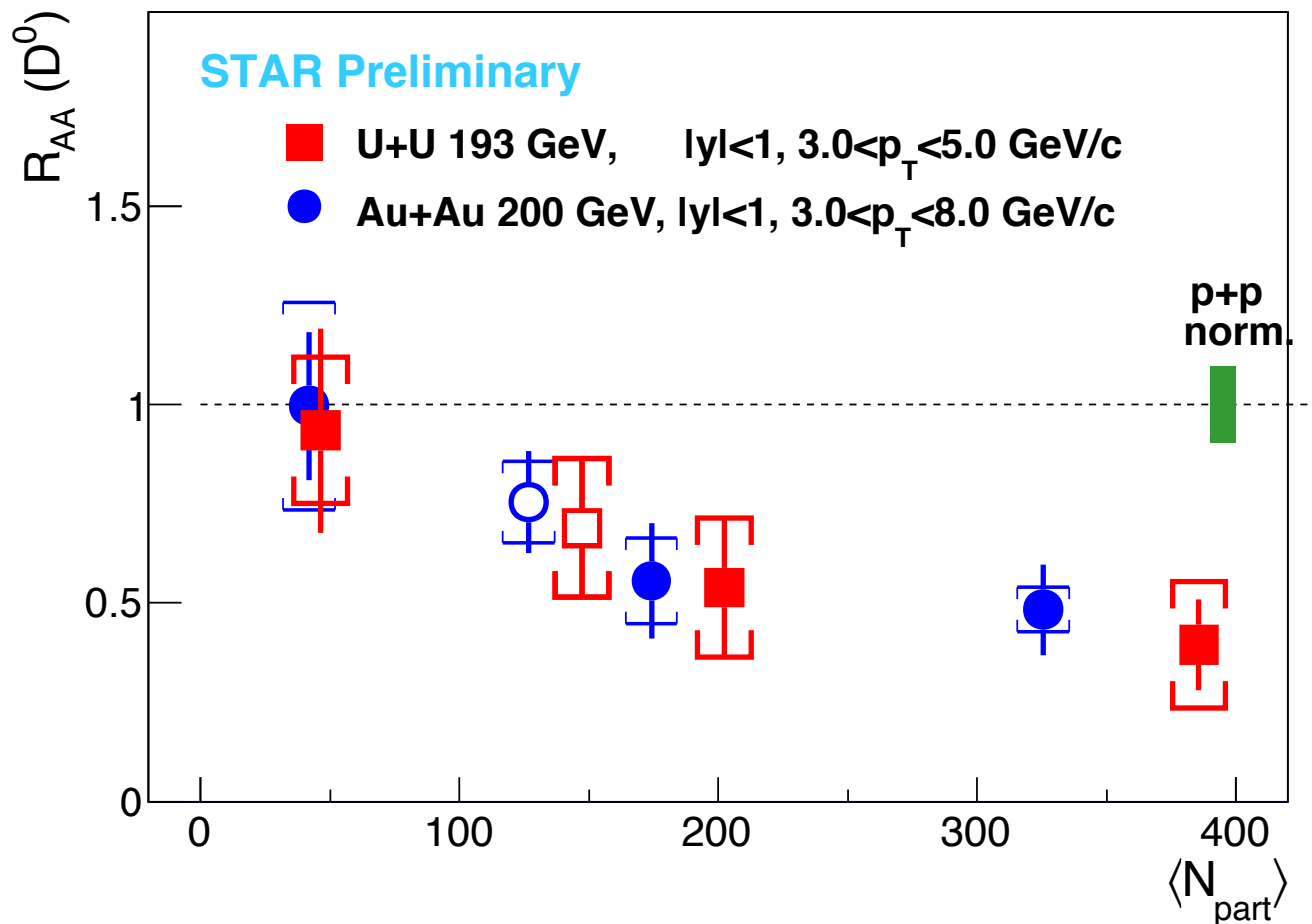
– U+U –



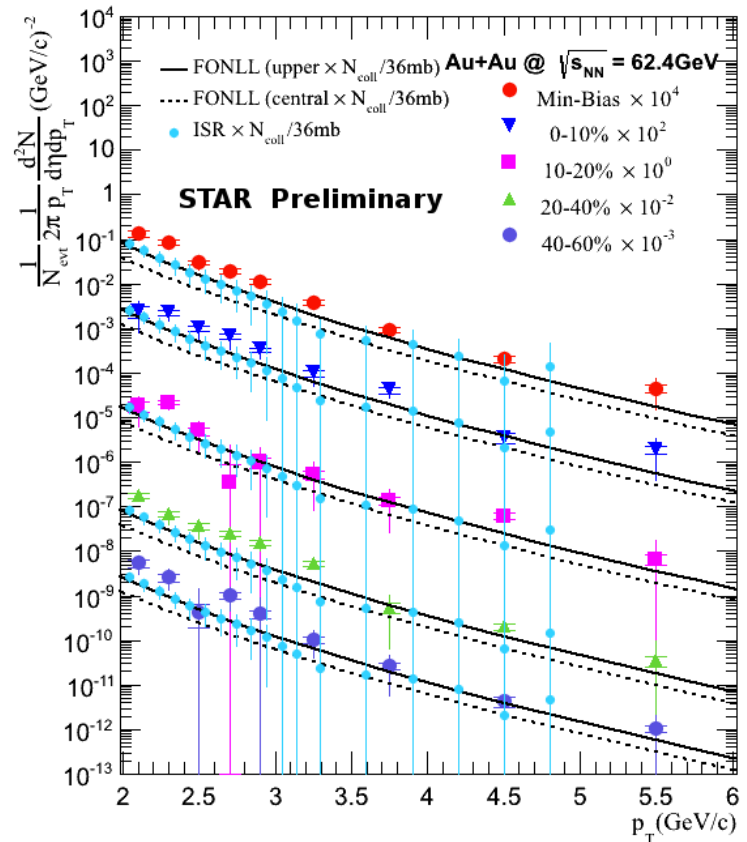
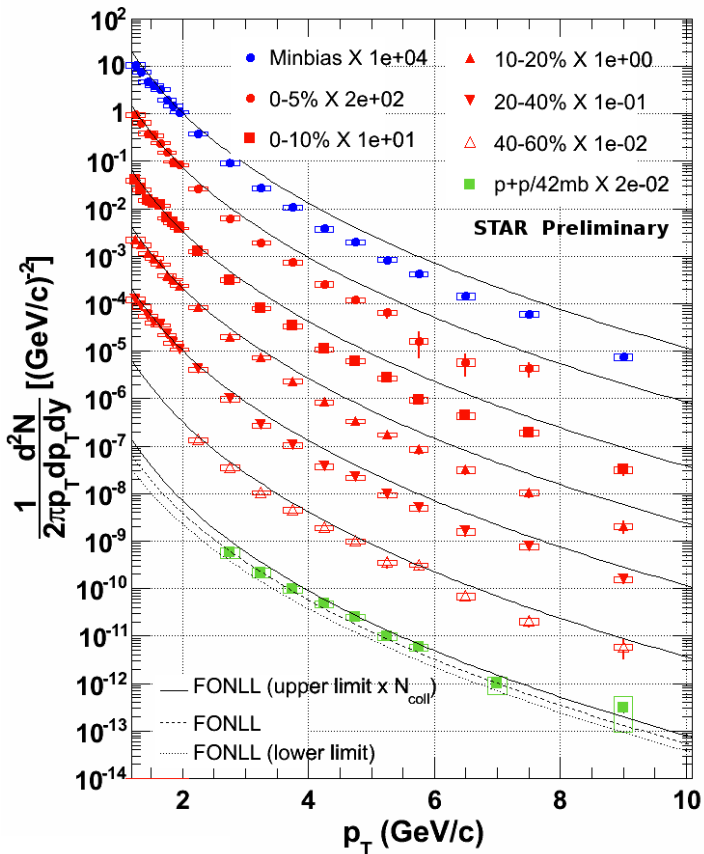
Similar behavior in U+U collisions as Au+Au collisions

Open Charm Hadronic Channel

– Au+Au and U+U –



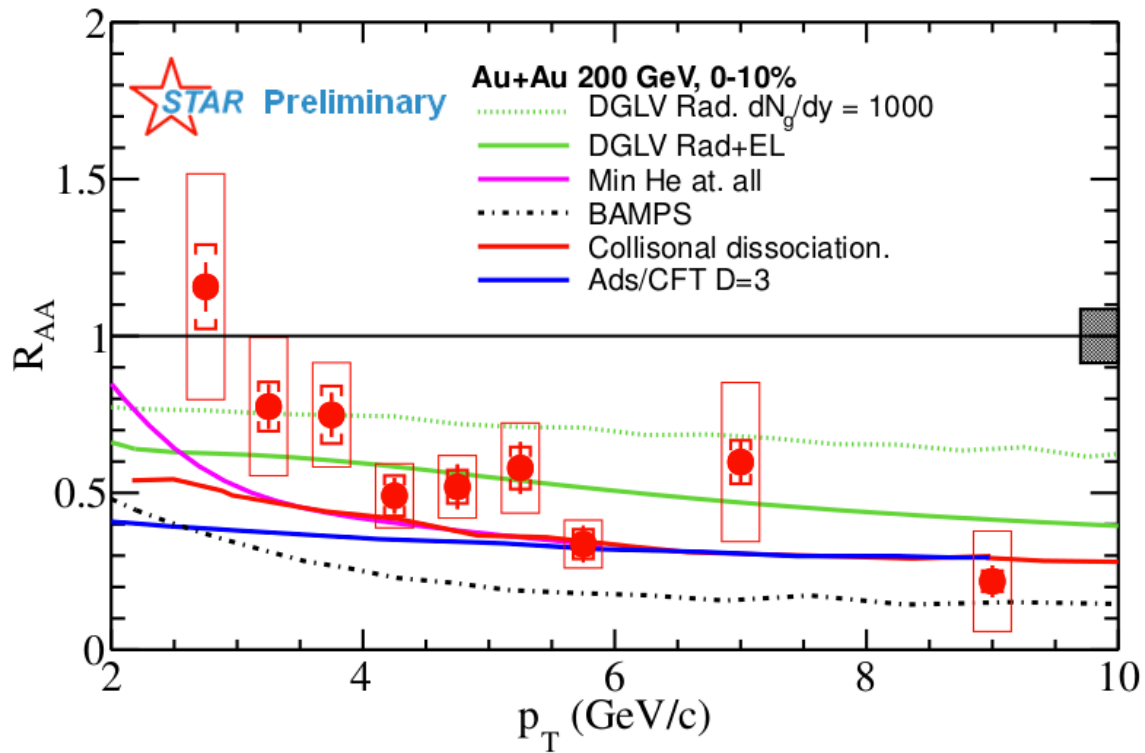
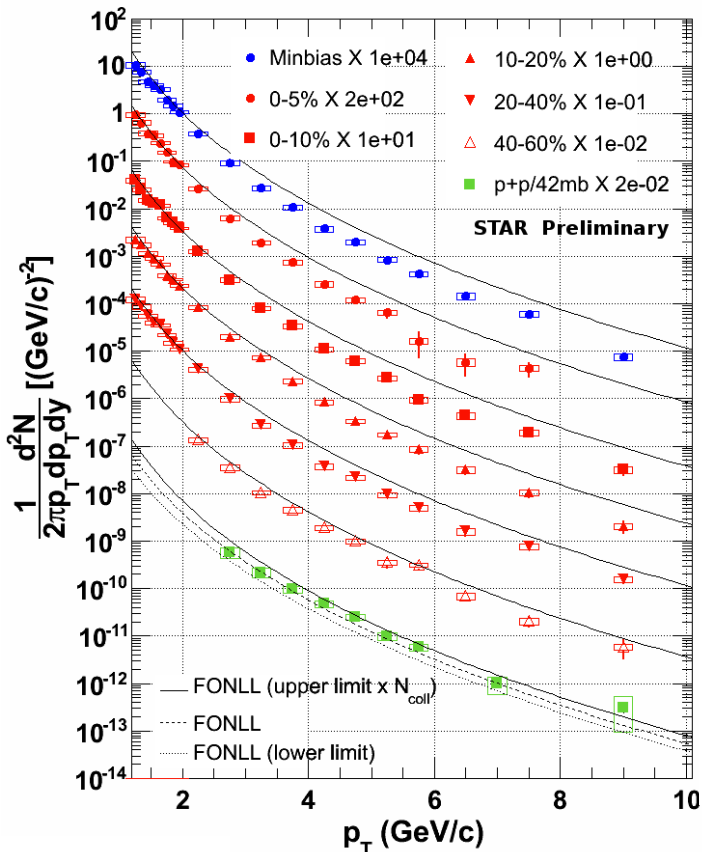
Non-Photonic Electron – Au+Au –



Strong suppression of NPE at 200 GeV, but no suppression at 62 GeV
(62 GeV not corrected yet for J/psi or Drell-Yan, can be ~20% at high p_T).

Non-Photonics Electron

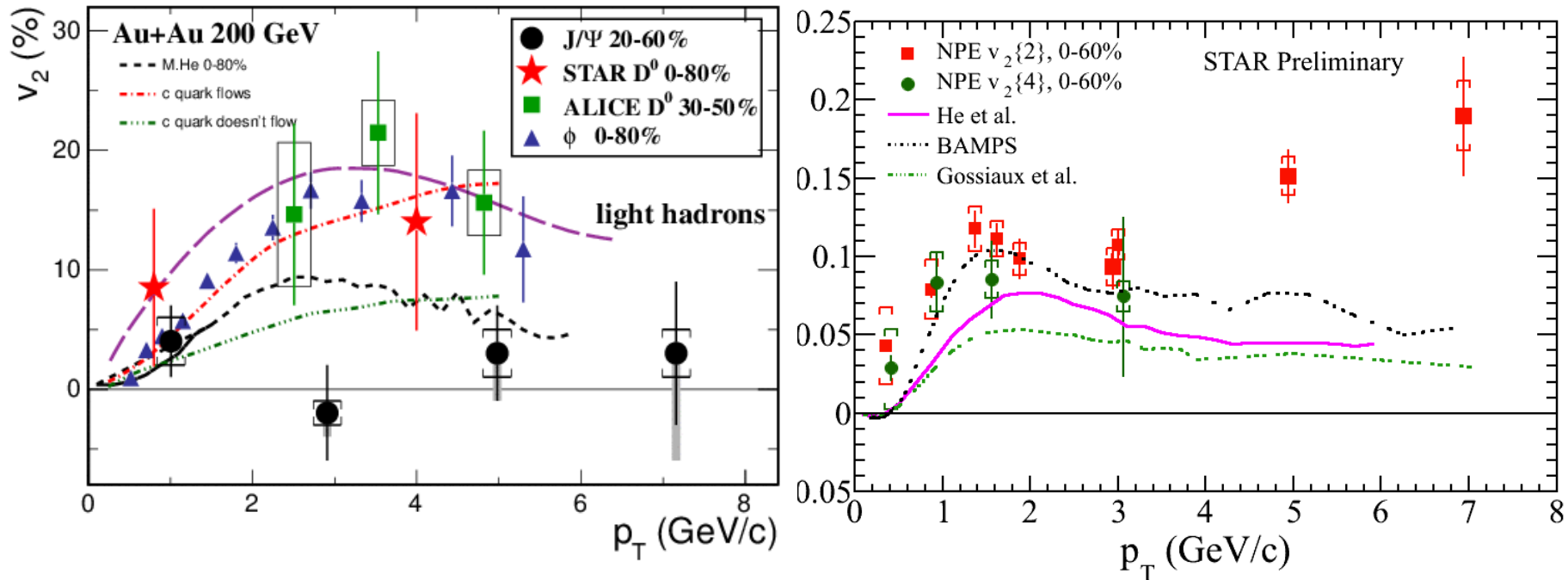
– Au+Au –



Data tends to disfavor model with radiative energy loss only.
 Need better precision p+p measurements to further constrain models.

Open Heavy Flavor Flow

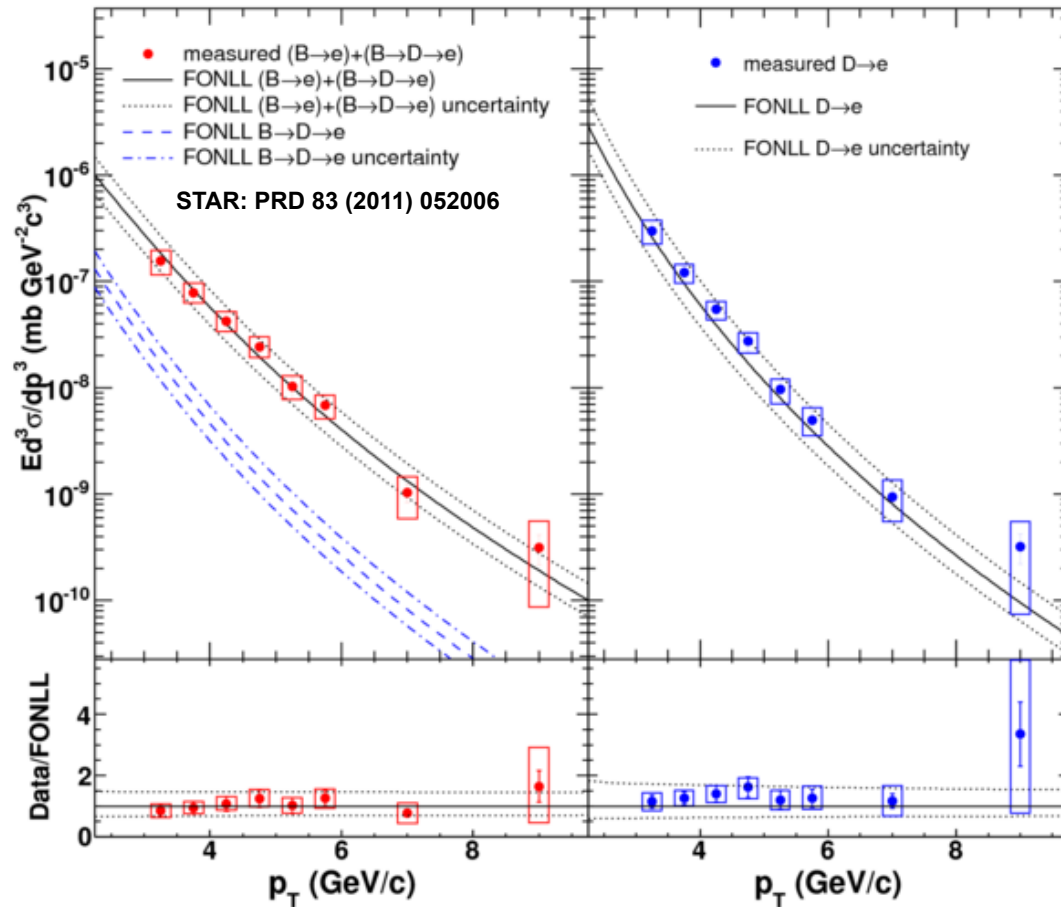
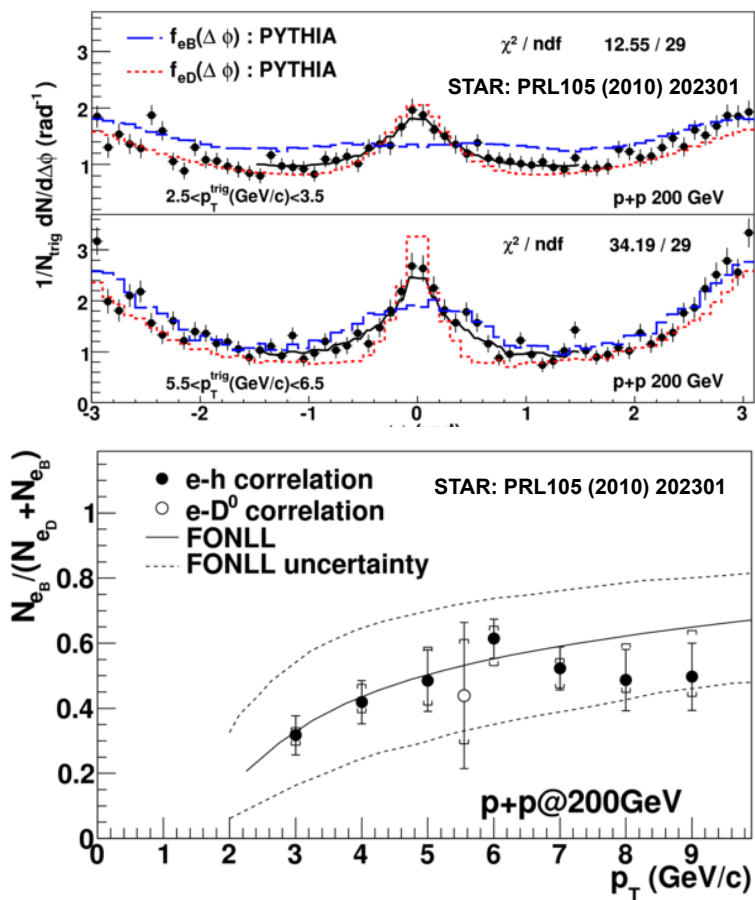
– Au+Au –



Significant non-zero NPE v_2 at low p_T :
 is it from coalescence with light quark and/or charm quark flow?

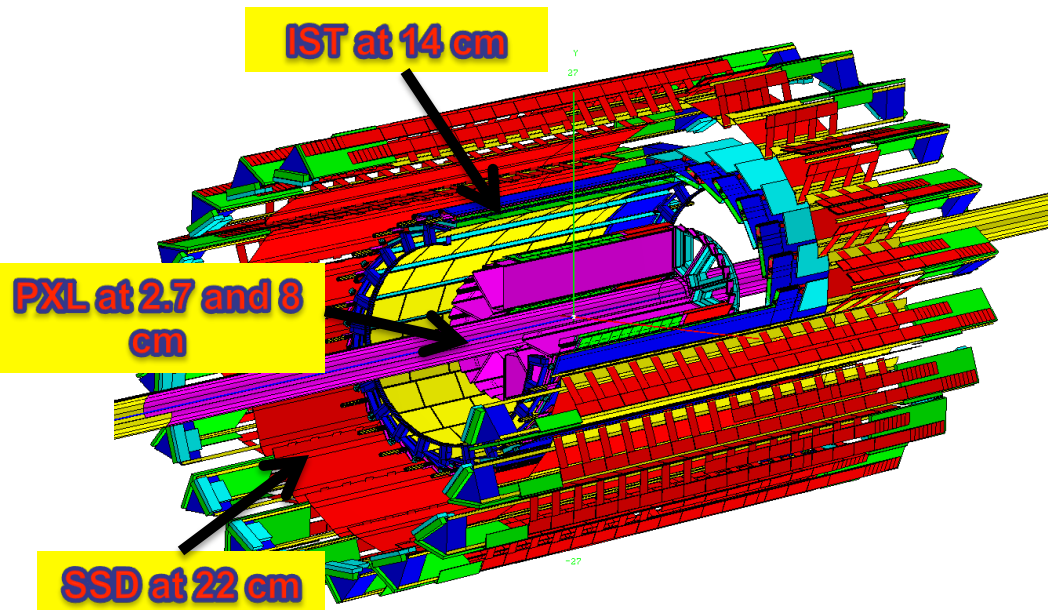
Open Bottom Production

– p+p –



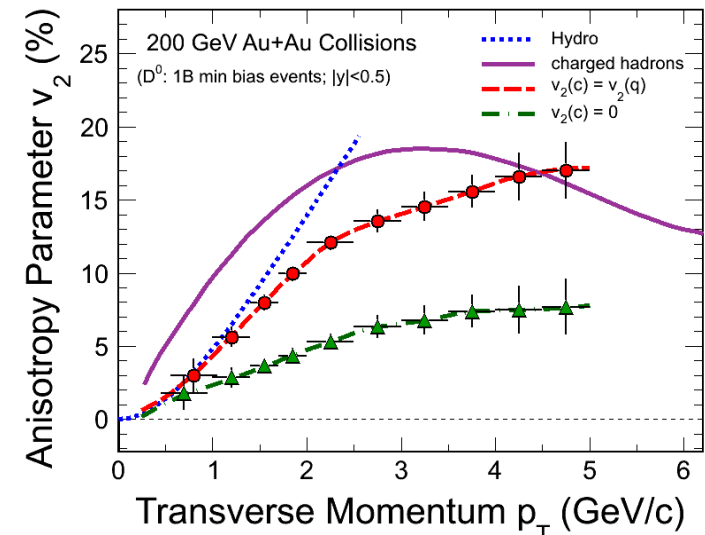
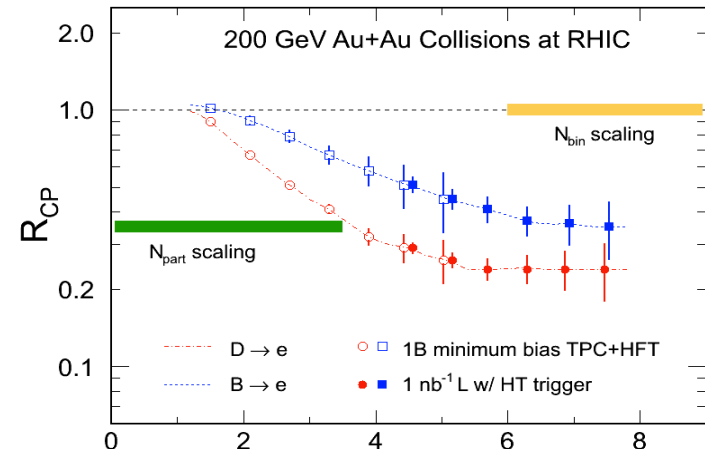
B→e and D→e extracted from e-h correlation and consistent with FONLL.

Heavy Flavor Tracker for 2014

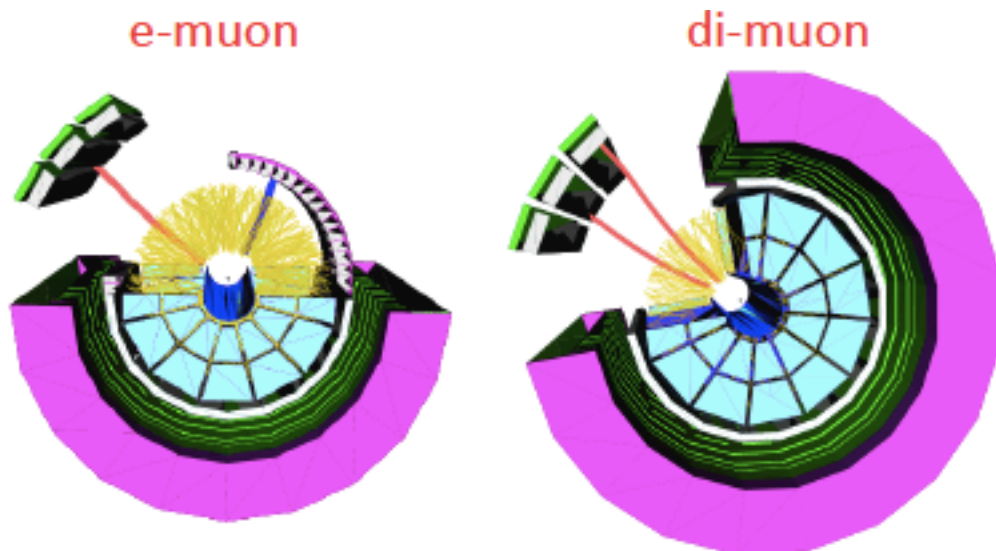


- 2 layers of thin silicon pixel (MAPS):
0.5% X_0 /layer, 12x12 μm resolution, 360M pixels
- 2 layers of silicon strip detectors:
fast readout, bridging TPC and PXL

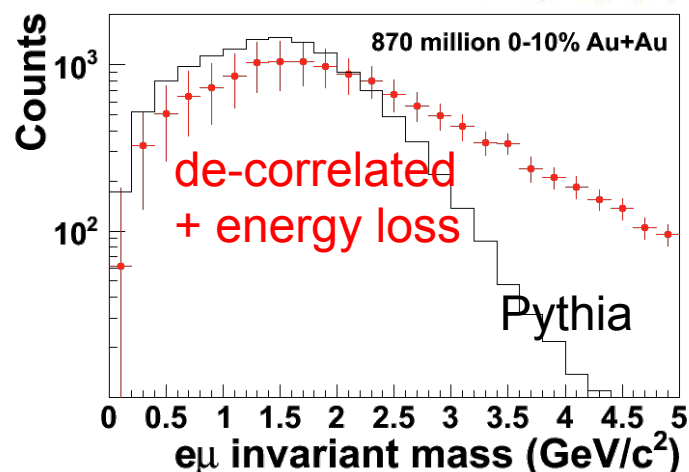
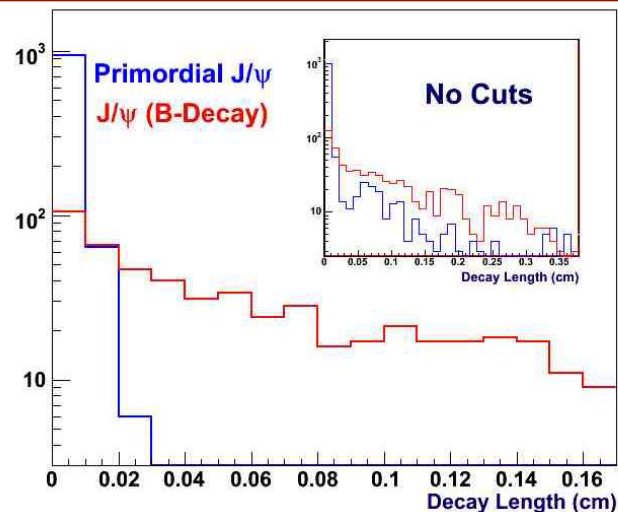
unique high precision at low p_T -> medium thermalization, total charm production



Muon Telescope Detector for 2014



- Multi-gap Resistive Plate Chamber:
 - Gas detector, avalanche mode
- Electronics same as STAR-TOF
- Acceptance: 45% at $|\eta| < 0.5$
 - Covers the magnet iron bars with gaps in-between uncovered



(together with HFT) displaced J/psi from B hadron decay; e-mu correlations

Summary and Outlook

- Open charm and bottom production measured in 200 GeV p+p collisions consistent with FONLL calculations within uncertainties.
- Strong suppression observed for D^0 at high p_T in 200 GeV Au+Au and 193 GeV U+U collisions, while enhancement structure at low p_T .
- Strong suppression observed for NPE in 200 GeV Au+Au collisions but not in 62 GeV Au+Au collisions(?). Significant v_2 observed for NPE in 200 GeV Au+Au collisions.
- New detectors take data starting in 2014 for HF physics: precise measurements down to low p_T to study how heavy flavor quarks interact with the hot nuclear medium, and the medium properties.

Open Bottom Production – Au+Au

