



# STAR results on strangeness production and properties of sQGP

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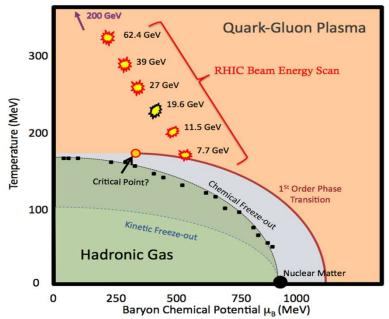
For the STAR Collaboration

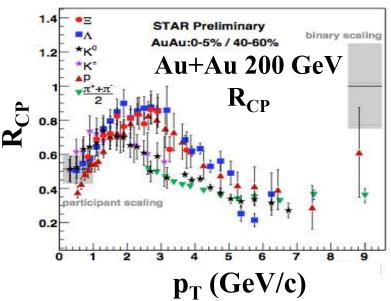


#### **Outline**

- > Strangeness production in heavy ion collisions
- > Strangeness measurements in STAR
  - ✓ Beam energy dependence (Beam energy scan: Au+Au 7.7 200 GeV)
  - ✓ System size dependence (p+p, Au+Au, U+U 200 GeV)
- > Summary

## s quarks: good probe for QCD phase transition & QGP properties





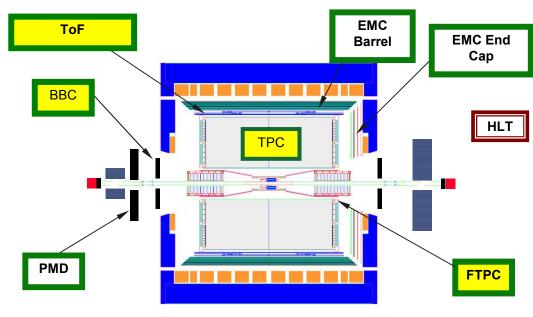
- ➤ Beam Energy Scan at RHIC
  Look for onset of de-confinement,
  phase boundary and critical point
  Au+Au collisions at 7.7, 11.5, 19.6,
  27, 39, 62.4 GeV
- ➤U+U collisions at 200 GeV System energy density dependence
- >Key observables
  - (1) Strangeness enhancement
  - (2) Baryon/meson ratio

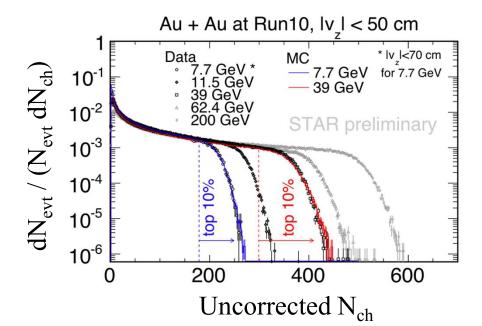
Parton recombination

(3) Nuclear modification factor
Partonic energy loss & recombination

STAR, arXiv:1007.2613; NA49, PRC78, 034918

### **Detector settings**

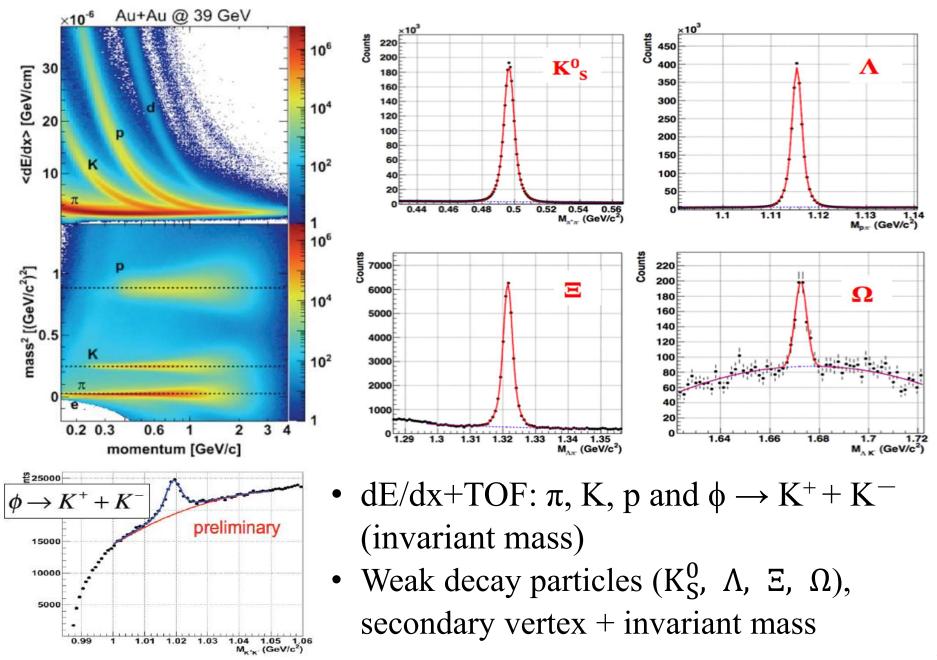




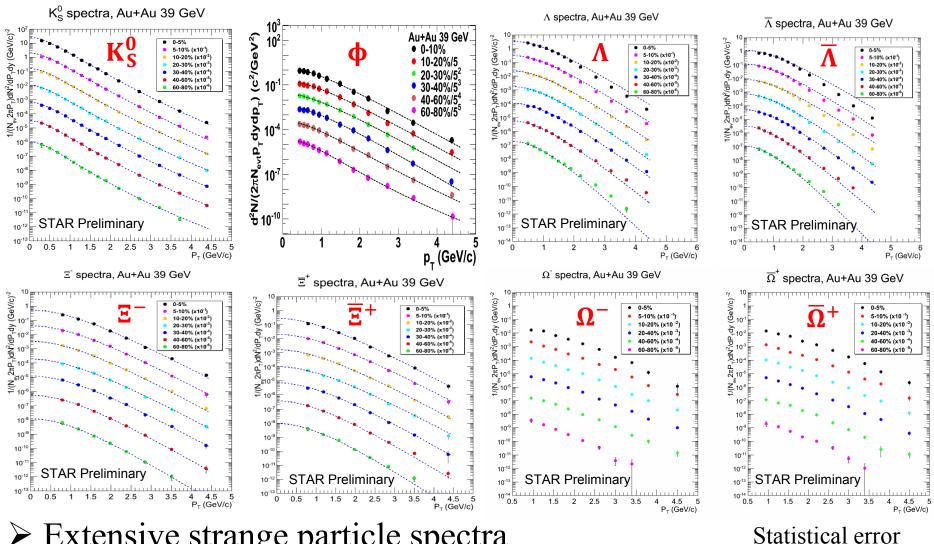
Collisions centrality from uncorrected  $dN_{ch}/d\eta$  in  $|\eta| < 0.5$ 

Year	Collisions	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	MB events in Million
2010	Au+Au	7.7	~ 4 M
2010	Au+Au	11.5	~ 12 M
2014	Au+Au	14.5	~ 18 M (new)
2011	Au+Au	19.6	~ 36 M
2011	Au+Au	27	~ 70 M
2010	Au+Au	39	~ 130 M
2011	Au+Au	200	~ 480 M
2012	U+U	193	~ 270 M
2009	p+p	200	~ 107 M
			4

#### Particle identification and reconstruction



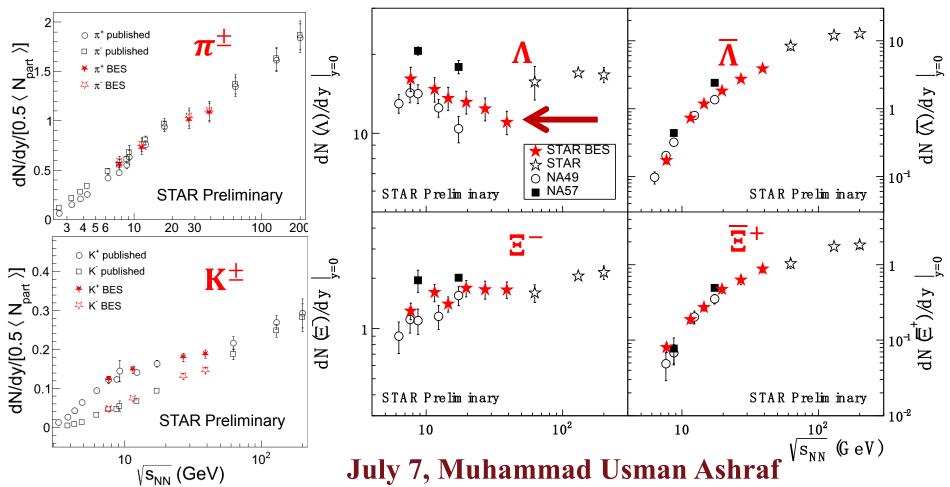
## p<sub>T</sub> spectra (39 GeV)



- > Extensive strange particle spectra
- $\triangleright \Lambda(\overline{\Lambda})$  spectra are weak decay feed-down corrected
  - ~ 20% for  $\Lambda$ ;
    - $\sim 25\%$  for  $\Lambda$

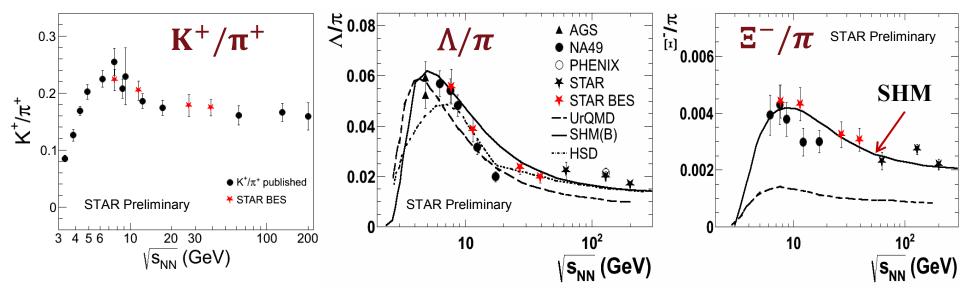
## Particle yields





- STAR results are consistent with published data in general
- A yields seem to show dip around  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 39$  GeV. The baryon stopping at mid-rapidity decreases with increasing energy

#### Particle ratios



**RHIC BES** 

200

S=0 & Q/B=0.4

RHIC

FAIR

50

0.00

0.04

0.08

0.12

0.16

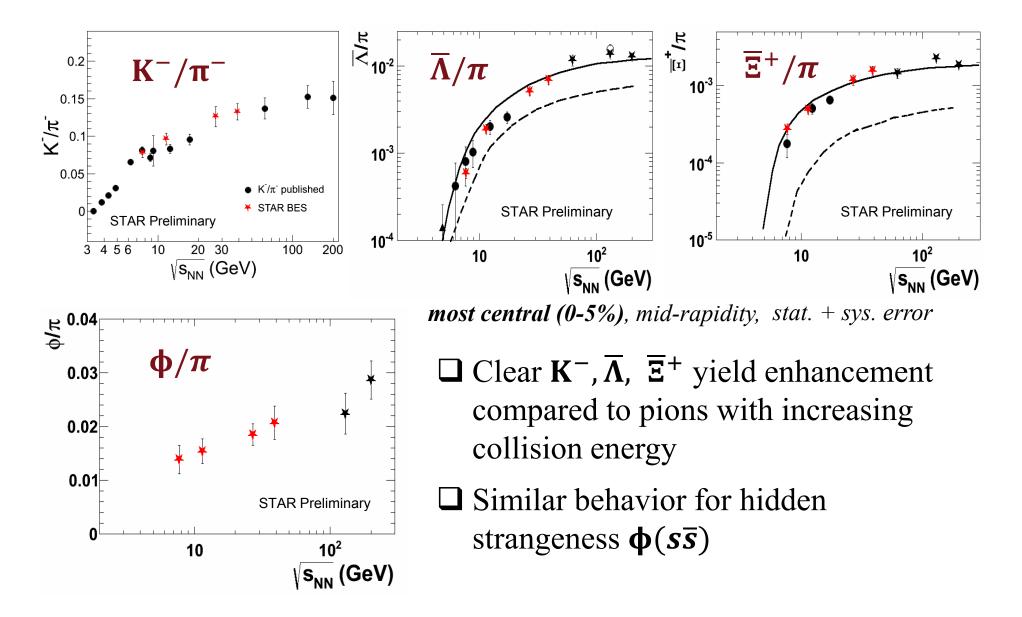
Net baryon density ρ<sub>B</sub> (fm<sup>-3</sup>)

J. Randrup et al., PRC 74, 047901 (2006)

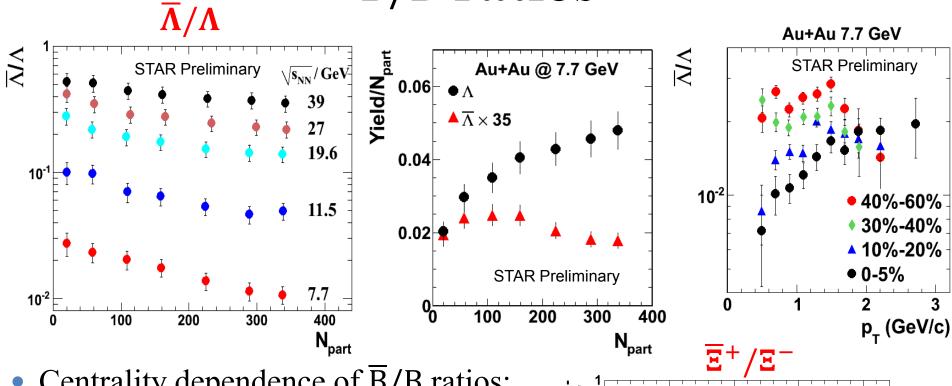
most central (0-5%), mid-rapidity, stat. + sys. error

- ➤ Particle ratios consistent with NA49, consistent with the picture of a maximum net-baryon density around  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \sim 8$  GeV at freeze-out
- Associate production channels like  $N + N \rightarrow N + \Lambda + K^+$  may be important for  $K^+$  production, N is nucleon

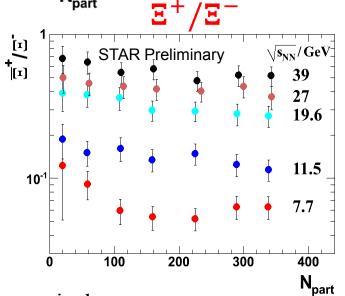
#### Particle ratios



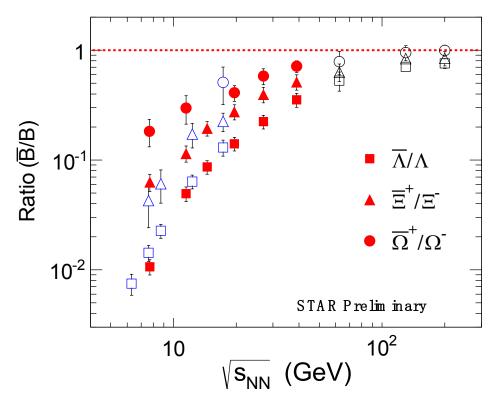
## $\overline{B}/B$ ratios



- Centrality dependence of  $\overline{B}/B$  ratios: peripheral > central
- This effect is more prominent at lower energies.
  - baryon stopping, anti-baryon absorption
- Loss of low  $p_T$   $\overline{\Lambda}$  in central collisions



## Excitation function of $\overline{B}/B$ ratios



Statistical + systematical error

July 7, Muhammad Usman Ashraf

Left: Solid red: STAR BES; Solid blue: STAR published; Open blue: NA49

- STAR BES data lie in a trend with NA49 data
- $\overline{B}/B$  ratios increase with number of strange quarks at low energies  $\overline{\Omega}^+/\Omega^- > \overline{\Xi}^+/\Xi^- > \overline{\Lambda}/\Lambda$ : pair production v.s. baryon transport & associated production

## Anti-baryon to baryon ratio

$$n_{i} = \frac{g_{i}}{(2\pi^{2})} \gamma_{S}^{|S_{i}|} m_{i}^{2} T K_{2}(m_{i}/T) \exp(\mu_{i}/T)$$

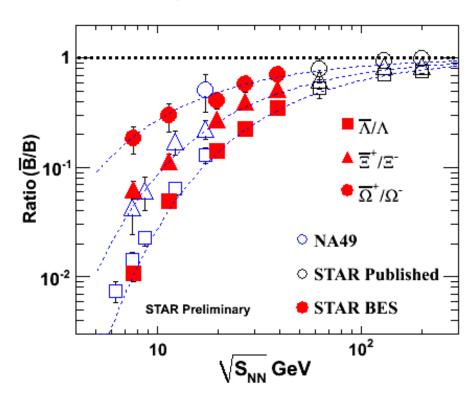
$$\frac{\overline{\Lambda}}{\Lambda} = \exp(-\frac{2\mu_{B}}{T} + \frac{2\mu_{S}}{T}) \qquad \ln(\frac{\overline{\Lambda}}{\Lambda}) = -\frac{2\mu_{B}}{T} + \frac{2\mu_{S}}{T}$$

$$\frac{\overline{\Xi}^{+}}{\Xi^{-}} = \exp(-\frac{2\mu_{B}}{T} + \frac{4\mu_{S}}{T}) \qquad \ln(\frac{\overline{\Xi}^{+}}{\Xi^{-}}) = -\frac{2\mu_{B}}{T} + \frac{4\mu_{S}}{T}$$

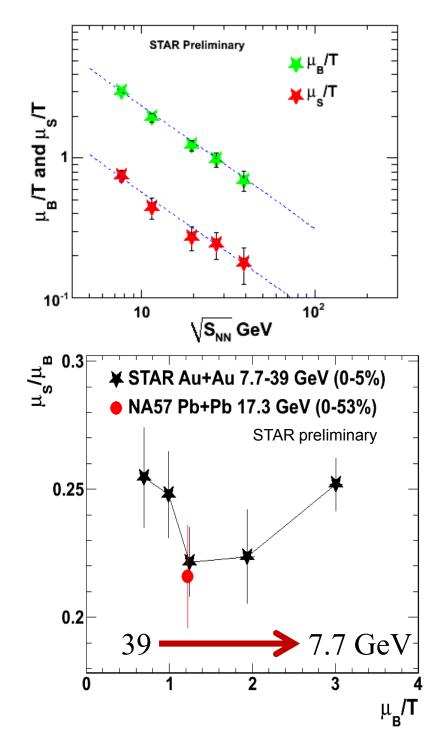
$$\frac{\overline{\Omega}^{+}}{\Omega^{-}} = \exp(-\frac{2\mu_{B}}{T} + \frac{6\mu_{S}}{T}) \qquad \ln(\frac{\overline{\Omega}^{+}}{\Omega^{-}}) = -\frac{2\mu_{B}}{T} + \frac{6\mu_{S}}{T}$$

- > T is the temperature.
- $\triangleright$   $\mu_B$  is the baryon chemical potential.
- $\triangleright$   $\mu_S$  is the strangeness chemical potential. (arXiv:nucl-th/9704046v1 by J.Cleymans & Phys. Rev. C 71(2005)054901)

## $\mu_B$ and $\mu_s$ correlation

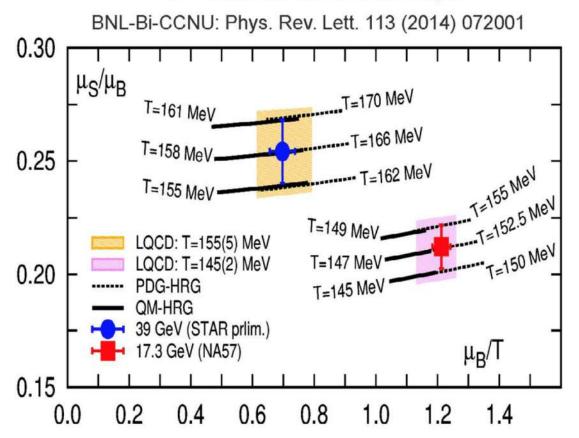


- Anti-baryon to baryon ratios are consistent with statistical thermal model
- $\mu_s/\mu_B$  seems to be smaller in 11.5 19.6 GeV than in 39 and 7.7 GeV



#### Strangeness, LQCD and freeze-out in HIC

freeze-out T by comparing  $\mu_{\text{S}}/\mu_{\text{B}}$  from LQCD and expt.

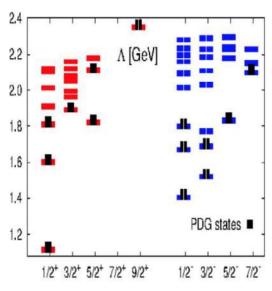


indirect evidence for so-far undiscovered strange baryons at RHIC?

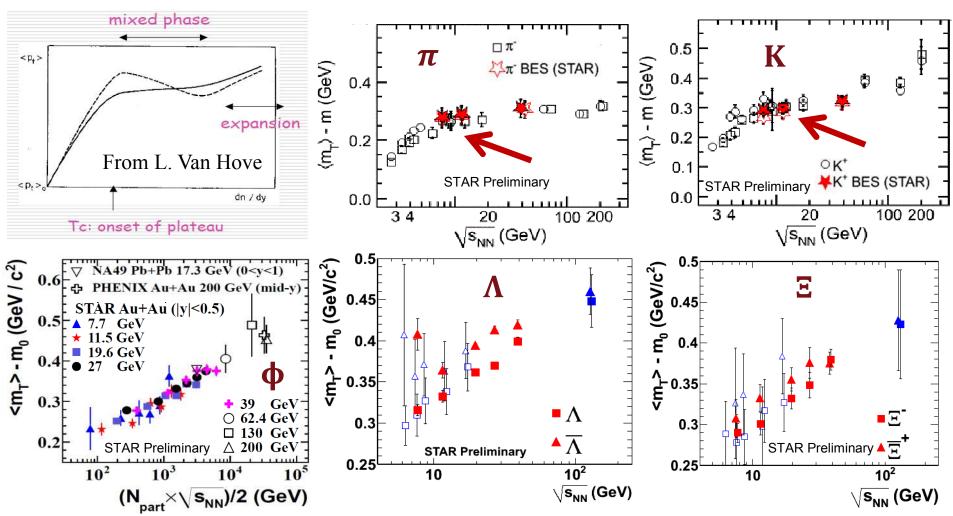
#### Swagato Mukherjee, Mon

not reproduced by hadron gas with only PDG states

reproduced when additional Quark Model (QM) predicted strange baryons are taken into account

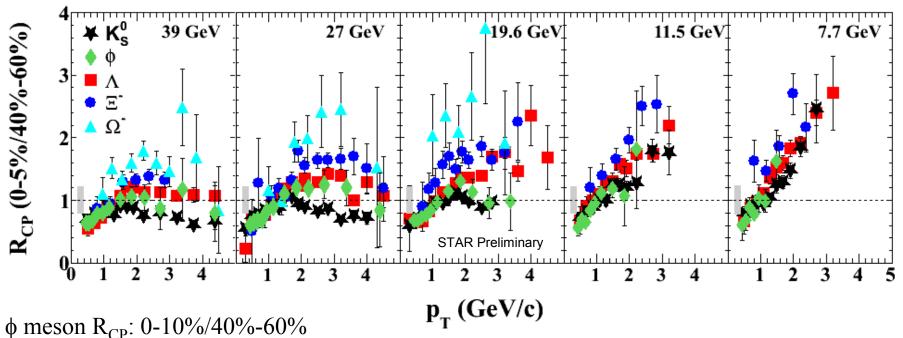


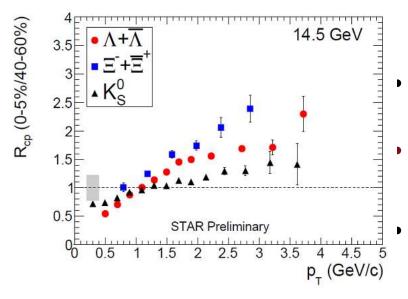
## Beam energy dependence of $\langle m_T \rangle - m_0$



For heavy strange hadrons  $\phi$ ,  $\overline{\Lambda}$ ,  $\Xi$ , <m $_T>$  -  $m_0$  show increasing trend with energy, **mass matters**  $\Lambda$ ,  $\Xi$ : Solid red, STAR BES, 0-5% most central, statistical error only Solid blue, STAR published, most central, PRL 89, 092301; PRL92,  $\Phi$  meson, statistical error 182301. Open, NA49, most central, from NA49, PRC78, 034918 15

## Nuclear modification factors $R_{CP}$

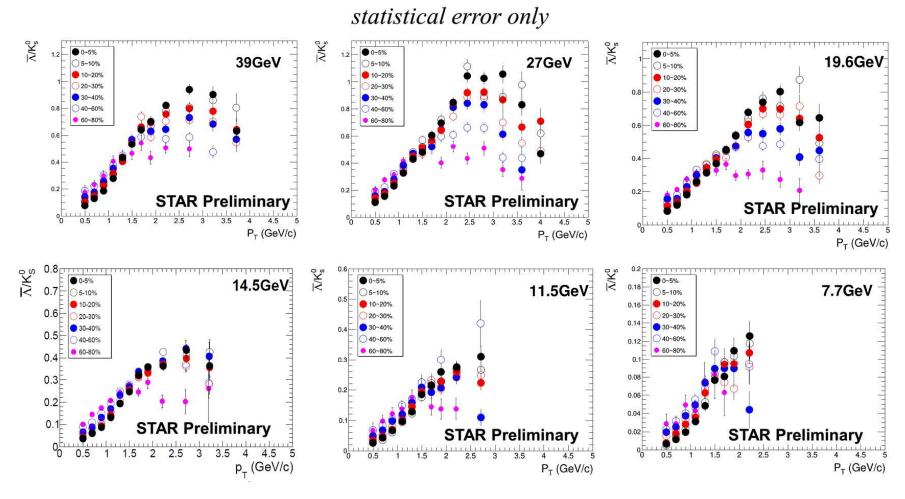




$$R_{\rm CP}(p_T) = \frac{[d^2\sigma/(N_{\rm bin}p_Tdp_Tdy)]_{\rm central}}{[d^2\sigma/(N_{\rm bin}p_Tdp_Tdy)]_{\rm peripheral}}$$

- No K<sub>S</sub><sup>0</sup> suppression in Au+Au 7.7, 11.5 and 14.5 GeV
- Cronin effect takes over partonic rescatterings @ lower energies
  - Intermediate  $p_T$ , particle  $R_{CP}$  difference becomes smaller @ 7.7 and 11.5 GeV

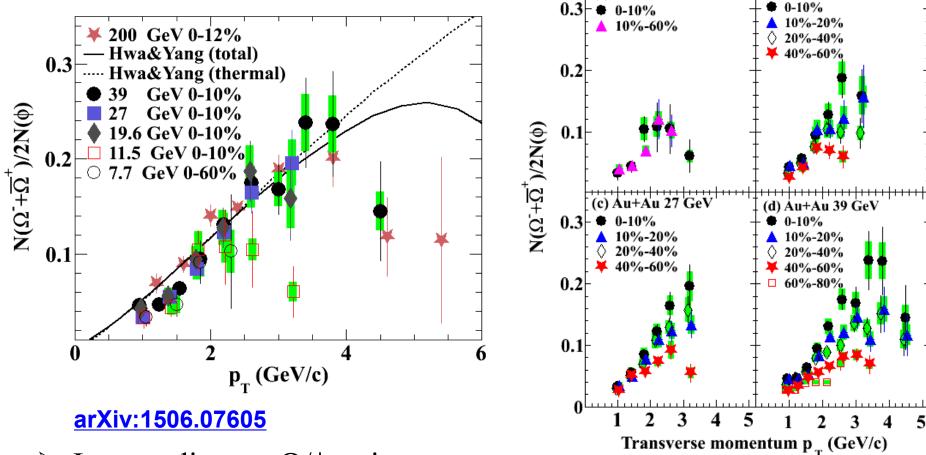
## $\overline{\Lambda}$ / $K_S^0$ ratio



 $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \le 14.5$  GeV, at  $p_T \sim 2$ GeV/c, the separation of central (0-5%) and peripheral (40-60%) collisions in  $\Lambda/K_S^0$  becomes less obvious

#### July 7, Muhammad Usman Ashraf

## $\Omega$ / $\phi$ ratio

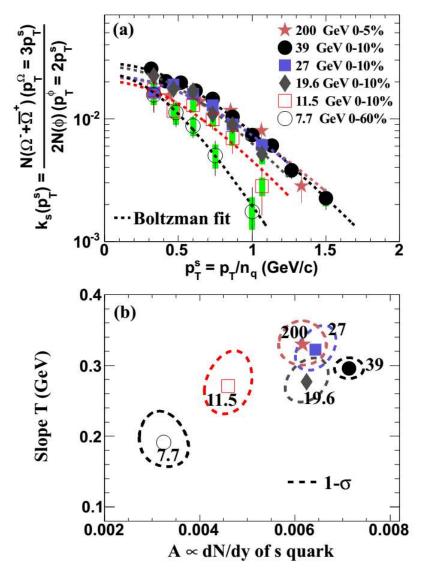


- Intermediate  $p_T \Omega/\phi$  ratios: Indication of separation between  $\geq 19.6$  and 11.5 GeV
- $\triangleright$   $\Omega/\phi$  ratios: 40%-60% peripheral < 0-10% central for 19.6, 27 and 39 GeV

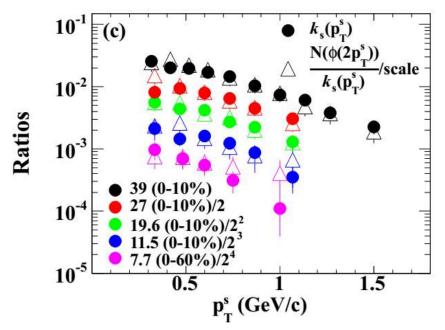
(b) Au+Au 19.6 GeV

(a) Au+Au 11.5 GeV

## NCQ-scaled $\Omega/\phi$ ratio



arXiv:1506.07605



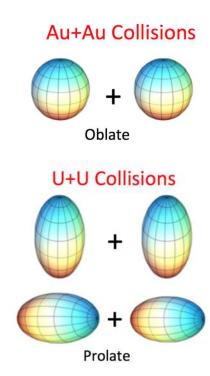
One single strange quark distribution describes both Ω and φ spectra, a necessary condition for quark coalescence production

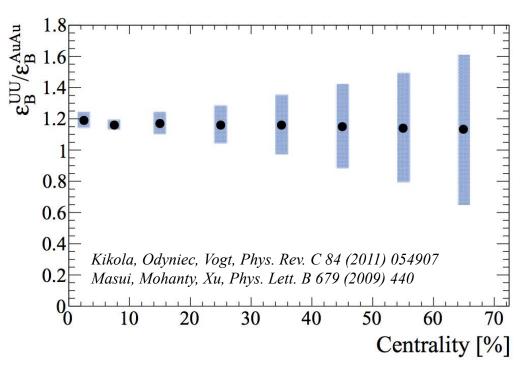
$$f_s(p_T) = \frac{g_{\phi}}{g_{\Omega}} \frac{c}{1 + c^3} \frac{f(\Omega^- + \Omega^+)(3p_T)}{f(\phi)(2p_T)}$$

➤ Suppression of strange quark production below 19.6 GeV, slope change at 7.7 GeV. Decreasing s quark density → phase transition

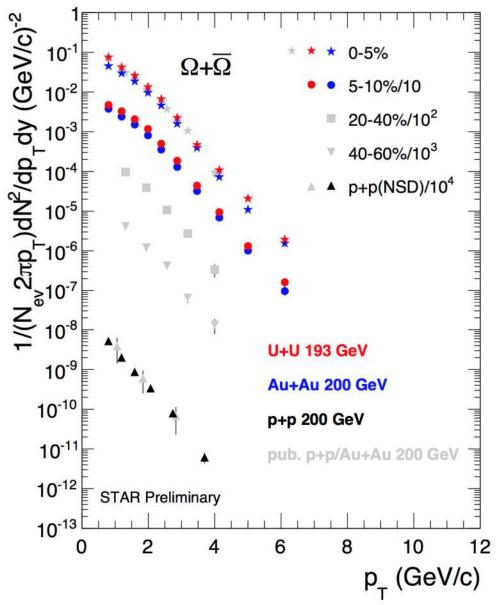
#### $\Omega$ in Au+Au vs in U+U

- U+U collisions expected to have 20% higher energy density
- How is the  $\Omega$  enhancement in U+U?
- $\Omega$  yield suppressed at high  $p_T$  in Au+Au? and even more suppressed in U+U?





## **p**<sub>T</sub> spectra



\* |y| < 0.5, statistical error only

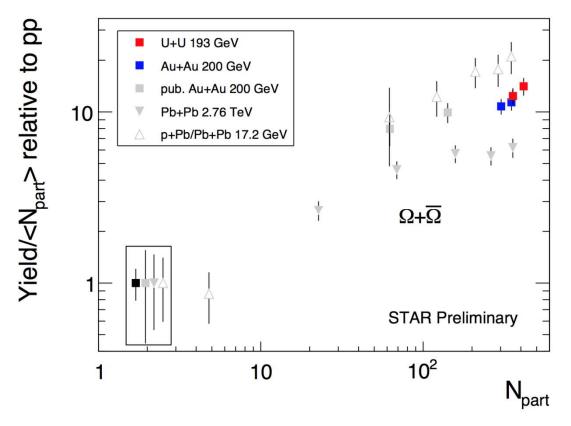
STAR, Phys. Rev. C 75 (2007) 064901

STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 98 (2007) 062301

\* only central (0-5, 5-10%) new Au+Au and U+U data available so far

- Maximum p<sub>T</sub> ~ 6 GeV/c for both Au+Au and U+U central collisions
- Yields (U+U > Au+Au)

## Strangeness enhancement factor



New p+p 200 GeV data as reference for both new Au+Au 200 GeV and U+U 193 GeV

ALICE, Phys. Lett. B 728 (2014) 216

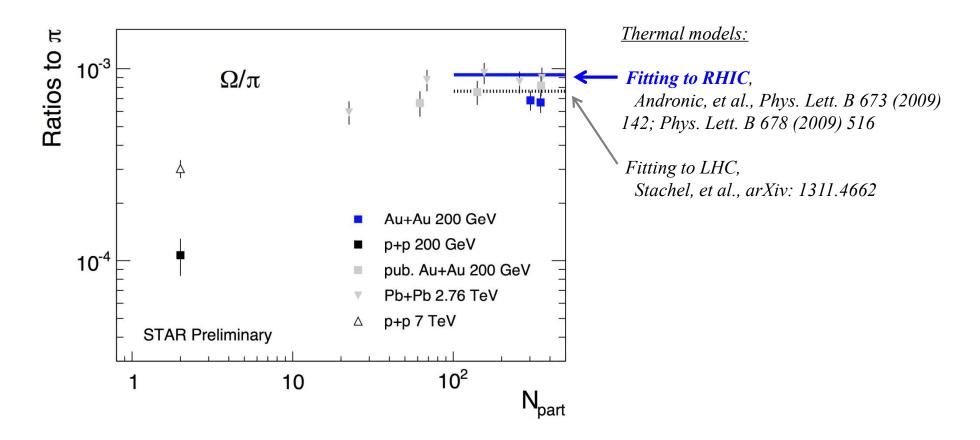
NA57, J. Phys. G 32 (2006) 427;

NA57, J. Phys. G 37 (2010) 045105

STAR, Phys. Rev. C 77 (2008) 044908

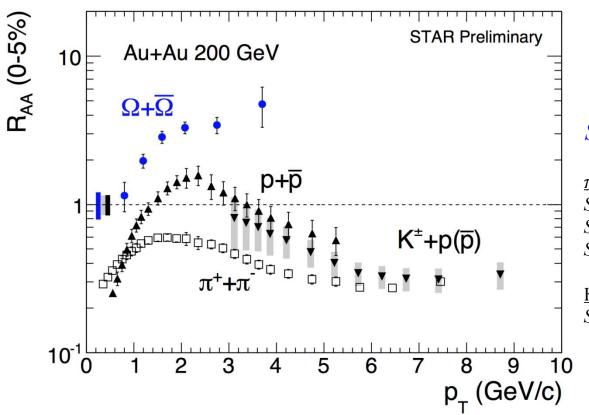
- Significantly reduced reference uncertainty at RHIC
- Larger enhancement than LHC, lower than SPS
- Larger enhancement in central (0-5%) U+U than in central (0-5%) Au+Au (strangeness enhancement not saturated)

## Ratios to pion



- RHIC data are lower than LHC
- $\Omega/\pi$  (LHC>RHIC) in p+p, canonical suppression

## Nuclear modification factor (R<sub>AA</sub>)



$$R_{AA} = \frac{\sigma_{NN}^{\text{inel}}}{N_{\text{bin}}^{AA}} \frac{d^2 N_{AA}/dyd \ p_T}{d^2 \sigma_{pp}/dyd \ p_T}$$

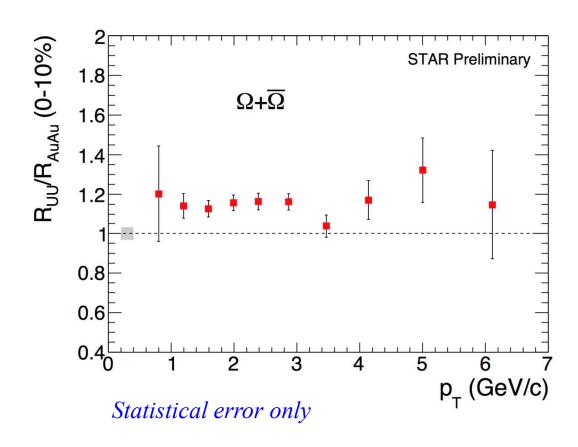
#### Statistical error only for $\Omega$

 $\frac{\pi^{+} + \pi^{-} \text{ and p} + \bar{p}: 0-12\%,}{STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 97 (2006) 152301}$ STAR, Phys. Lett. B 637 (2006) 161
STAR, Phys. Rev. C 81 (2010) 054907

 $\frac{K^{\pm} + p(\bar{p}): 0-12\%,}{STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 108 (2012) 072302}$ 

- $\Omega$  baryon  $R_{AA}$  much larger than proton/pion up to 4 GeV/c
  - $\rightarrow \Omega$  suppression in p+p
  - → Interplay of strange quark energy loss and coalescence or recombination in Au+Au

## Ratio of nucl. mod. factors $(R_{UU}/R_{AuAu})$



Higher energy density

→ *Jet more quenched* 

$$R_{UU}/R_{AuAu} < 1$$
 at high  $p_T$ 

 $\rightarrow$  Strangeness enhancement

(Coalescence?)

 $R_{UU}/R_{AuAu} > 1$  at intermediate  $p_T$ 

\* 
$$Au+Au~200~GeV~0-10\%$$
 $N_{part}=325~\pm 4;~N_{bin}=941~\pm 26$ 
\*  $U+U~193~GeV~0-10\%$ 
 $N_{part}=387~\pm 4;~N_{bin}=1151~\pm 18$ 

The energy density in central U+U is expected to be 20% higher, but  $N_{bin}$ -scaled high  $p_T \Omega$  yield is not more suppressed

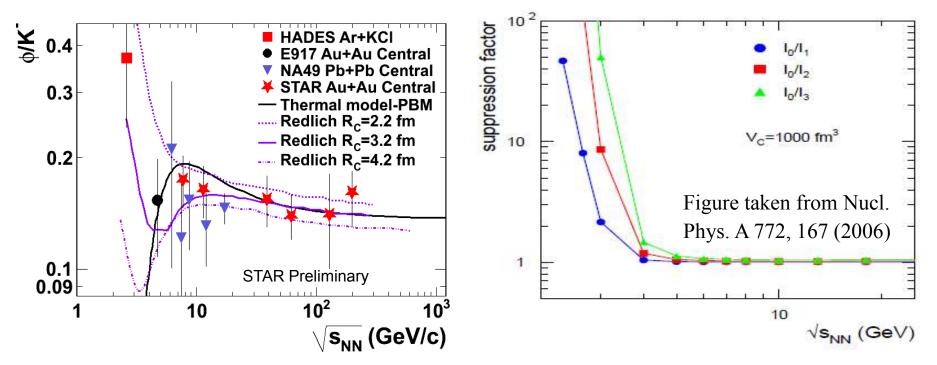
 $\rightarrow \Omega$  formed through coalescence/recombination up to p<sub>T</sub> ~ 6 GeV/c?

## Summary

- > STAR has measured systematically the production of various strange hadrons in  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7.7 200$  GeV and in different collision systems
- Particle yields and ratios are consistent with the picture of a maximum net-baryon density around  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} \sim 8$  GeV at freeze-out, baryon transport to mid-rapidity is important
- ightharpoonup Clear  $K^-$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\overline{\Lambda}$ ,  $\overline{\Xi}^+$  yield enhancement compared to pions with increasing collision energy
- Intermediate  $p_T$   $\Omega/\varphi$  ratios and nuclear modification factors show clear separation between 200 19.6 GeV and below 11.5 GeV, indication of **possible phase transition below 19.6 GeV**
- $ightharpoonup \Omega$  R<sub>AA</sub> (0-5%) is above 3 up to 4 GeV/c and R<sub>UU</sub>/R<sub>AuAu</sub> (0-10%) does not show suppression up to 6 GeV/c
  - $\rightarrow$   $\Omega$  formation in central collisions may be dominated by strange quark coalescence/recombination up to  $p_T \sim 6$  GeV/c

## Backup

## Different strangeness production scenarios



HADES: Phys. Rev. C 80, 025209 (2009) E917: Phys. Rev. C 69, 054901 (2004) NA49: Phys. Rev. C 78, 044907 (2008) STAR 62.4, 130 & 200 GeV: Phys. Rev. C 79, 064903 (2009) Thermal model-PBM: Nucl. Phys. A 772, 167 (2006)

Redlich model: Phys. Lett. B 603, 146 (2004)

Statistical + systematical error

- ➤ Canonical statistical model: "**\phi** is more suppressed than K<sup>-</sup> at small phase space"
- > Strangeness quark pairs  $(s\bar{s})$  correlation, radius  $R_C$ : 2.2 4.2 fm "K" is more suppressed than  $\phi$  at small phase space"

## Particle yields

#### mid-rapidity

