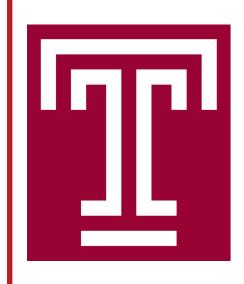
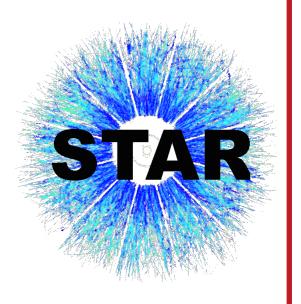
# 22nd International Spin Symposium [SPIN 2016] September 25-30, 2016 at UTUC



Measurements of W single spin asymmetries and W cross section ratios at STAR



Devika Gunarathne (for the STAR Collaboration)
Temple University



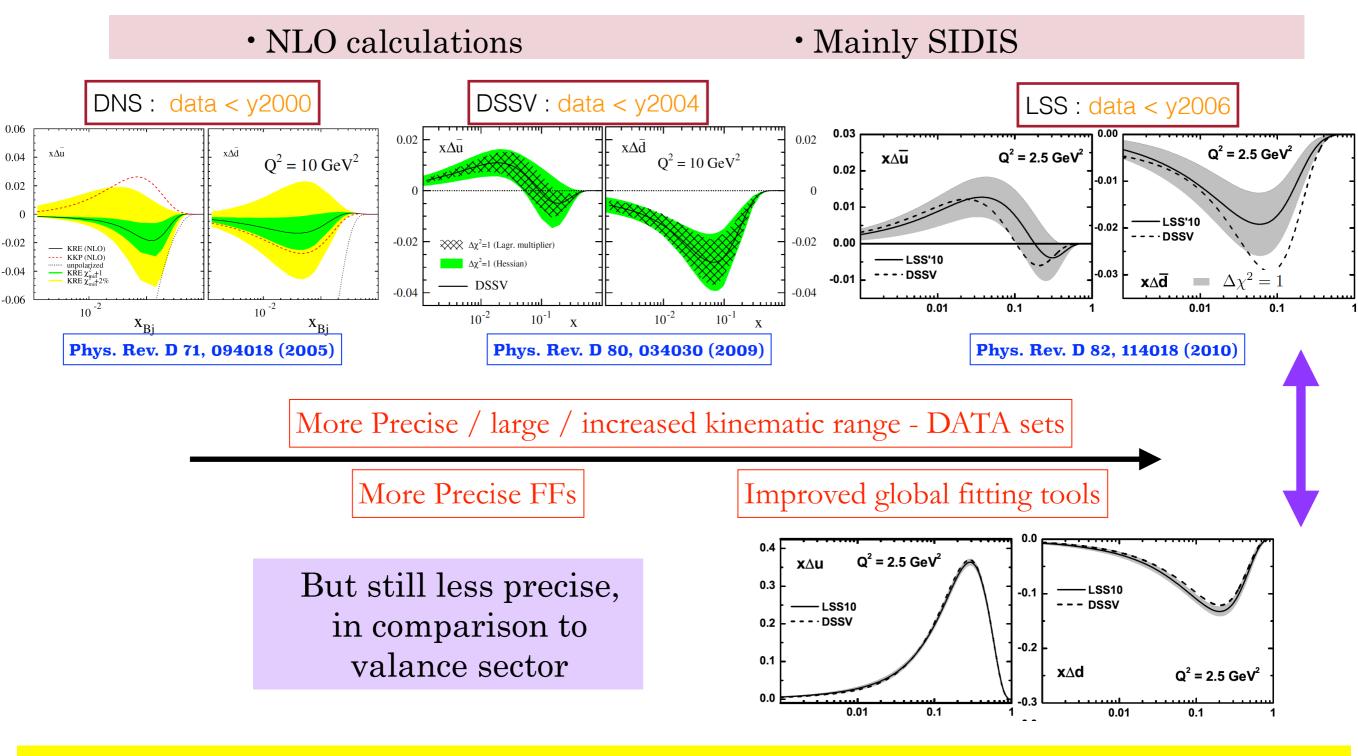


#### **OUTLINE**

- Current Knowledge
  - Anti-quark polarization
  - Flavor asymmetry of the sea
- Theoretical Foundation [ W Asymmetry  $(A_L)$  / W cross section ratio  $(R_W)$ ]
- Experimental Aspects [RHIC / STAR]
- · Results
  - · WAL
  - · WRw
- Summary



# Light anti-Quark Polarization: Current Knowledge

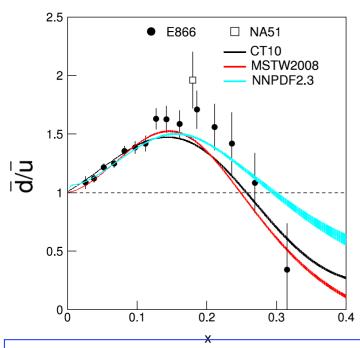


W A<sub>L</sub> measurements at RHIC provide a unique (direct sensitivity to  $\bar{\mathbf{u}}$ ,  $\bar{\mathbf{d}}$ ) and clean approach (free of FFs) to constrain anti-quark helicity PDFs at much larger Q<sup>2</sup> scale set by W mass (~6400 GeV<sup>2</sup>).

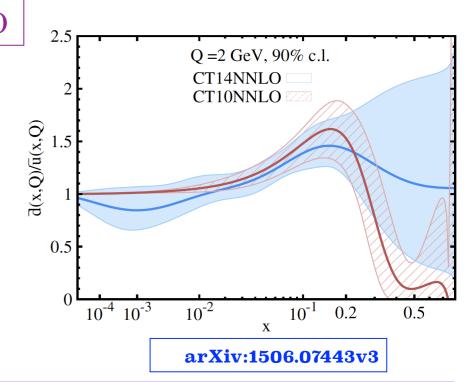




#### Flavor Asymmetry of the Unpolarized Sea : Current knowledge



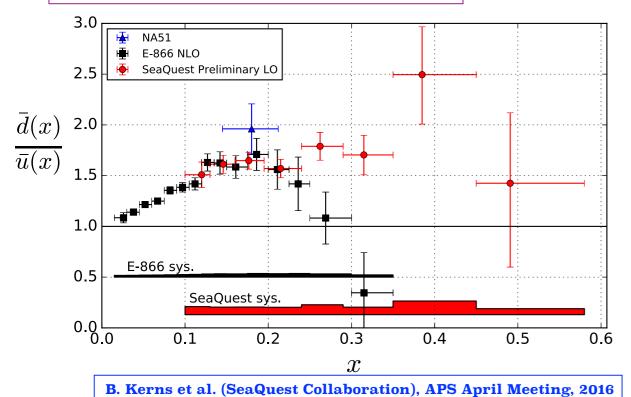
- E866 in comparison to recent NNLO
- Recent (CT10,etc) NNLO Fits seems to follow the shape but still relatively large uncertainties at large x.
- The most recent (CT14) suggest a constant approach towards 1 at large x, with large uncertainties.



Progress in Particle and Nuclear Physics 79(2014)95-135

#### Need more data / experiment to understand d/ū behavior!

#### • SeaQuest E906 - Preliminary



- Lower Q<sup>2</sup> [~29 GeV<sup>2</sup>/c] than Drell-Yan E866 [54 GeV<sup>2</sup>/c] (not so significant impact though).
- Measurement extended to large x.
- Disagreement with E866 at high x.

W production at RHIC at much larger Q<sup>2</sup> [6400 GeV<sup>2</sup>/c] than Drell-Yan

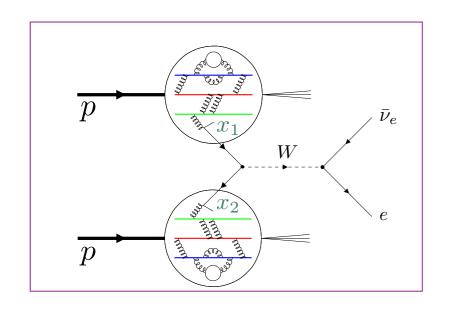
Provides an important, completely independent cross check of flavor asymmetry of the sea through measurements of W cross section ratio!





## Theoretical Foundation - W A<sub>L</sub>

• Probing quark / anti-quark (sea) flavor structure using W boson production at RHIC

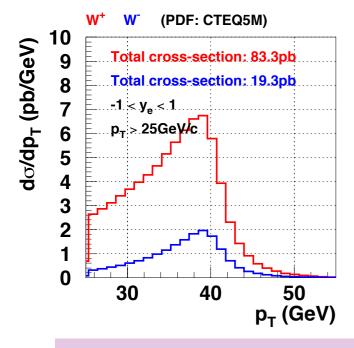


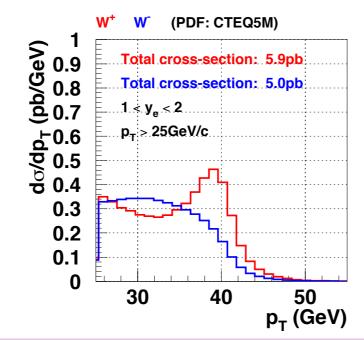
In comparison to SIDIS,

- Direct sensitive to ū,d
- Large Q<sup>2</sup> defined by W mass (more reliable perturbative calculation / hight twist effects unimportant!)
- Parity violating coupling give rise to singe-spin asymmetry which directly related to anti-quark helicity PDFs.
- Free of FFs.
- Easy detection via decay leptons.

$$A_L = \frac{\sigma^+ - \sigma^-}{\sigma^+ + \sigma^-}$$

#### At RHIC kinematics





• Reconstruct W decay lepton kinematics ( $P_T \sim M_W/2$ ,  $\eta_e$ )

$$y_l = y_W + \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1 + \cos \theta^*}{1 - \cos \theta^*}$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{M_W}{\sqrt{S}} e^{\pm y_W}$$

$$p_T = p_T^* = \frac{M_W}{2} \sin \theta^*$$

$$\frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}} = 0.16$$

• STAR now can also reconstruct full W kinematics via its recoil = > used for cross section analysis



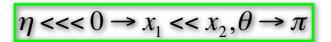
## Theoretical Foundation W $A_L$ - $\eta$ dependence

Rapidity dependance of WAL provides sensitivity to partonic kinematics.

$$A_L^{e^-} \approx \frac{\int_{\otimes(x_1,x_2)} \left[ \Delta \bar{u}(x_1) d(x_2) (1 - \cos \theta)^2 - \Delta d(x_1) \bar{u}(x_2) (1 + \cos \theta)^2 \right]}{\int_{\otimes(x_1,x_2)} \left[ \bar{u}(x_1) d(x_2) (1 - \cos \theta)^2 + d(x_1) \bar{u}(x_2) (1 + \cos \theta)^2 \right]}$$

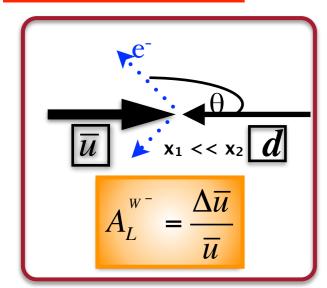
$$< x_{1,2} > \sim \frac{M_W}{\sqrt{s}} e^{\pm \eta_e/2}$$

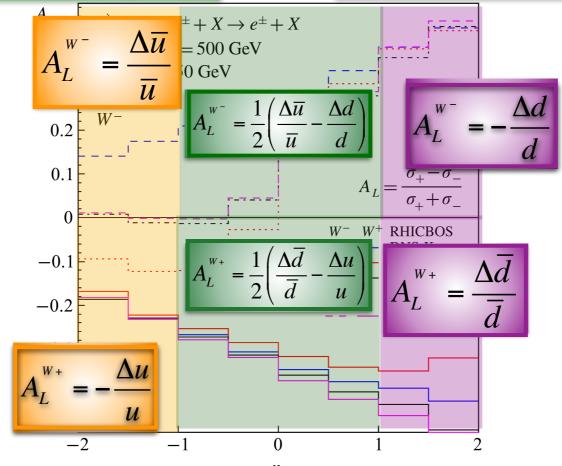
$$\eta = -\ln\left(\tan\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)\right)$$

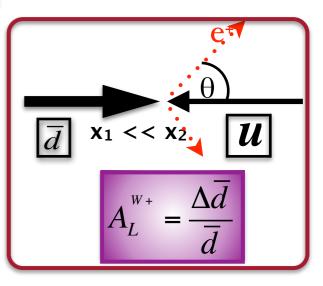




$$\eta \leftrightarrow 0 \longrightarrow x_1 \leftrightarrow x_2$$
 $\eta \rightarrow 0 \longrightarrow x_1 \rightarrow x_2$ 
 $\eta = 0 \longrightarrow x_1 \sim x_2$ 







$$A_L^{e^+} \approx \frac{\int_{\otimes(x_1, x_2)} \left[ \Delta \bar{d}(x_1) u(x_2) (1 + \cos \theta)^2 - \Delta u(x_1) \bar{d}(x_2) (1 - \cos \theta)^2 \right]}{\int_{\otimes(x_1, x_2)} \left[ \bar{d}(x_1) u(x_2) (1 + \cos \theta)^2 + u(x_1) \bar{d}(x_2) (1 - \cos \theta)^2 \right]}$$

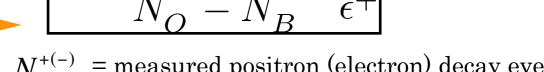




#### Theoretical Foundation: W unpolarized cross-section ratio

W unpolarized cross section ratio

$$R(x_F) \equiv \frac{\sigma_W^+}{\sigma_W^-} = \frac{u(x_1) \, \bar{d}(x_2) + \bar{d}(x_1) \, u(x_2)}{\bar{u}(x_1) \, d(x_2) + d(x_1) \, \bar{u}(x_2)} + NLO + NNLO + \dots$$



 $N_{O}^{+(-)}$  = measured positron (electron) decay events

= Positive (negative) background events

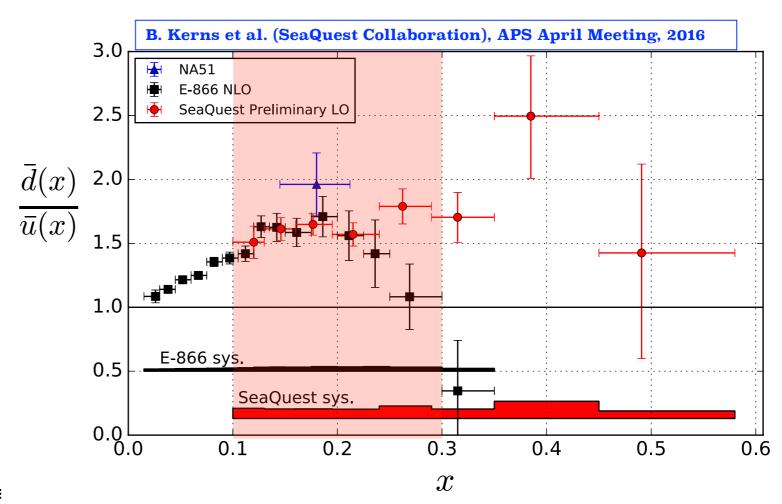
= lepton detection efficiency

Approximate kinematic range at RHIC:

$$0.06 < x < 0.4$$
 for  $-2 < \eta < 2$ 

RHIC kinematic coverage (mid-rapidity) is sensitive in particular to "turn over" region of x in  $d/\bar{u}$  of E866.

## mid-rapidity = > $|\eta| < 1$ , 0.1< x < 0.3



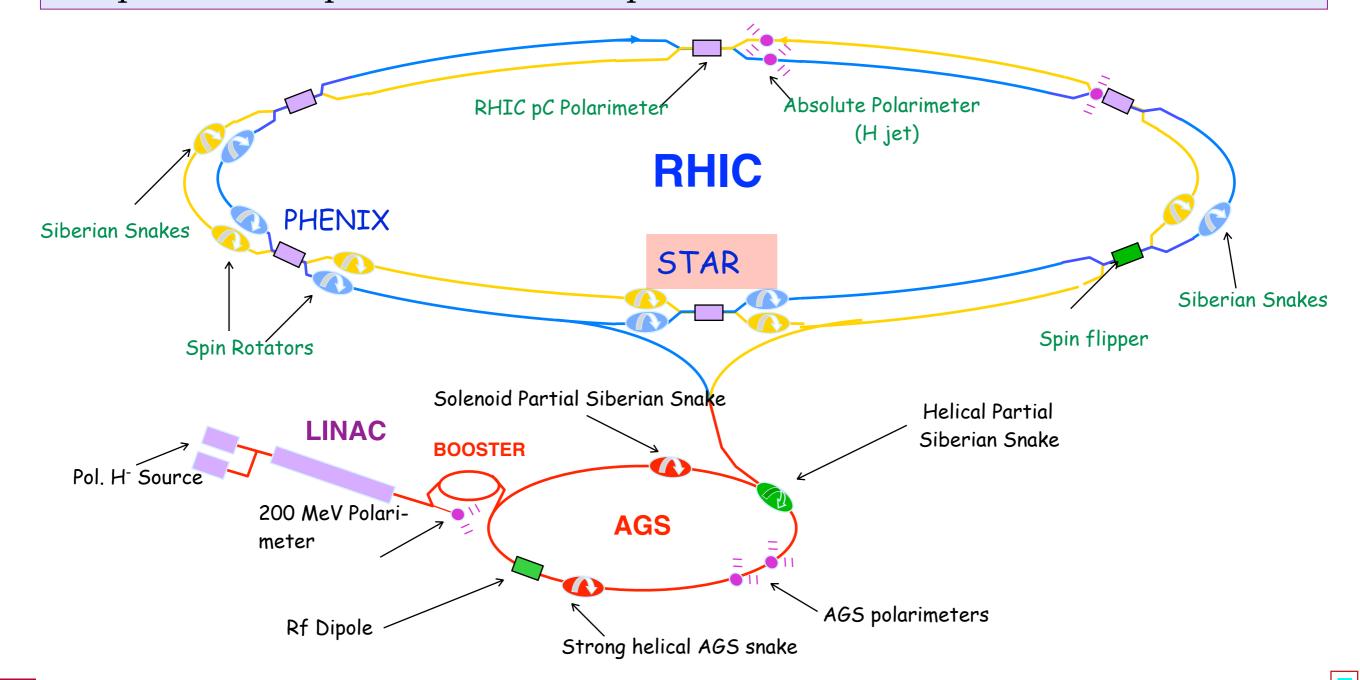


#### EXPERIMENTAL ASPECT -RHIC

• RHIC: Relativistic Heavy Ion Collider

The World's first polarized hadron collider!

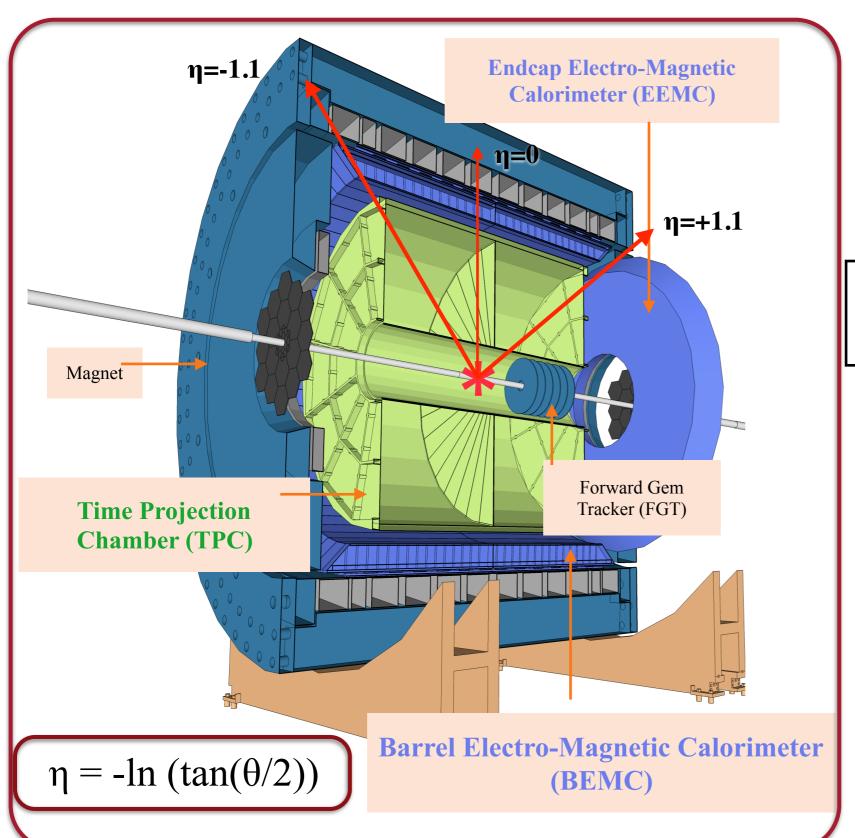
Spin varies from bunch to bunch. Spin pattern changes from fill to fill. Spin rotators provide choice of spin orientation.





#### EXPERIMENTAL ASPECT - STAR

• STAR: Solenoidal Tracker At RHIC



**TPC:** Charged particle tracking

**BEMC, EEMC: EM Calorimetry** 

TPC :  $-1.3 < \eta < +1.3$ 

**BEMC**:  $-1.0 < \eta < +1.0$ 

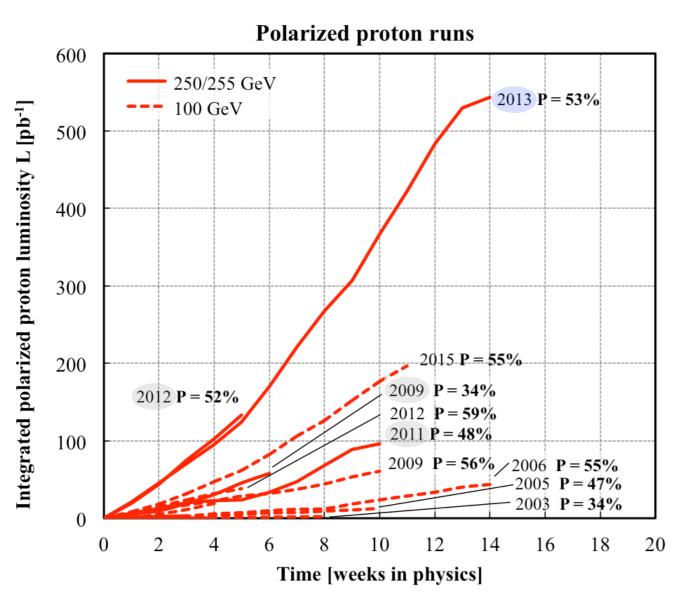
**EEMC** :  $+1.1 < \eta < +2.0$ 

**FGT** :  $+1.0 < \eta < +2.0$ 



## ANALYSIS - RHIC PP running STAR W data collection

Production runs at √s=500/510GeV (long. polarization) in 2009, 2011, 2012 and 2013:
 W production (Quark polarization) / Jet and Hadron production (Gluon polarization)



Run	L (pb <sup>-1</sup> )	P (%)	FOM (P <sup>2</sup> L) (pb <sup>-1</sup> )
2009	12	0.38	1.7
2011	9.4	0.49	2.3
2012	77	0.56	24
2013	246.2	0.56	77.2

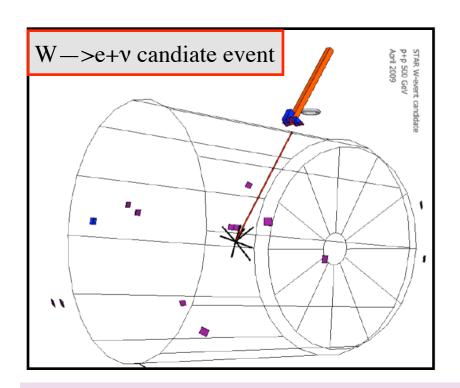
- W A<sub>L</sub> recent result present today is from data collected during year 2013, the largest data set STAR ever collected!
- Prior W A<sub>L</sub> analysis from data collected during 2009 and 2011+2012 are published!

STAR: PRL 106, 062002(2011)

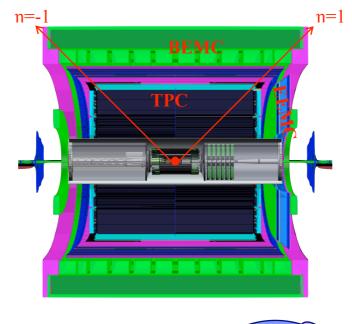
STAR: PRL 113, 072301(2014)

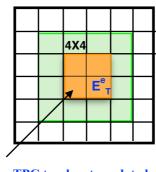


# ANALYSIS - Mid rapidity STAR W selection criteria

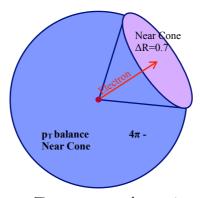


- Isolated high PT track pointing to isolated EMC cluster
- Large Imbalance in the reconstruct vector PT sum in  $4\pi$  due to undetected neutron

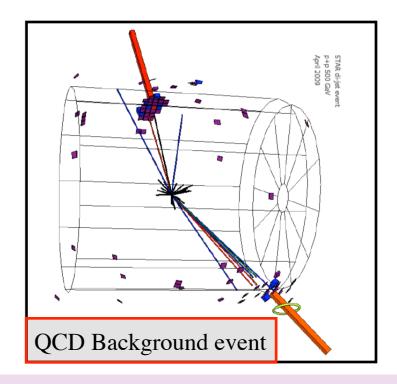








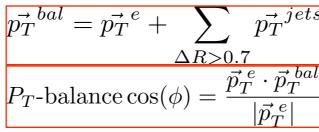
Transverse plane view

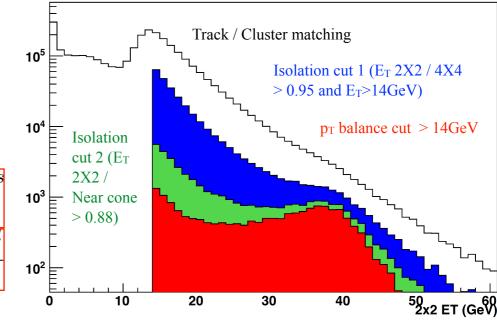


- Several tracks pointing to several EMC clusters.
- PT sum is balanced by the Jet opposite in  $\pi$ .

- Mid-rapidity STAR W selection criteria
  - Match  $p_T > 10$  GeV track to BEMC cluster
  - Isolation ratio 1 / Isolation ratio 2
  - p<sub>T</sub>-balance cut

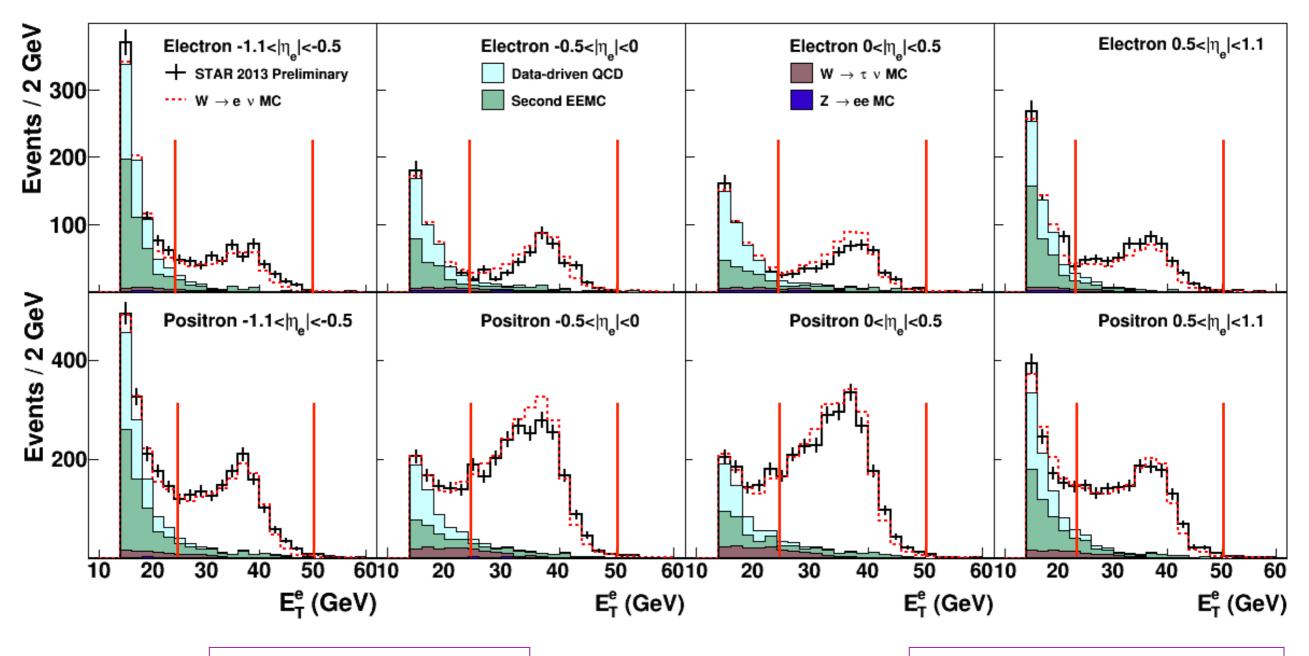
$$E_{T}^{e} / E_{T}^{4X4} > 95\%$$
 $E_{T}^{e} / E_{T}^{\Delta R < 0.7} > 88\%$ 







## **ANALYSIS** -Mid rapidity STAR W BG Estimation



Primary Background

- Data-driven QCD : BG Events which satisfy  $e^{+/-}$  candidate isolation cuts due to "jet" escape detection outside STAR acceptance ,  $|\eta| > 2$ .
- Second EEMC: due to "jet" escape detection at "non-existent" East EEMC, estimate based on "real" West EEMC

ElectroWeak Background

• Determine from MC simulation

$$Z \longrightarrow e^+ + e^-$$

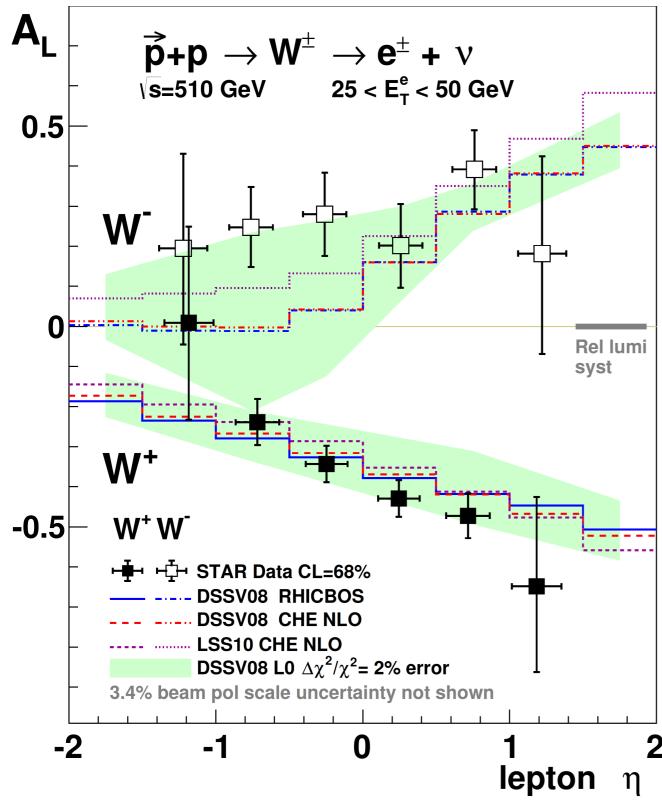
$$W \longrightarrow \tau + v$$



## RESULTS - W A<sub>L</sub> - STAR 2012

• STAR 2011 + 2012 W AL Published Results

STAR, PRL113,072301(2014)

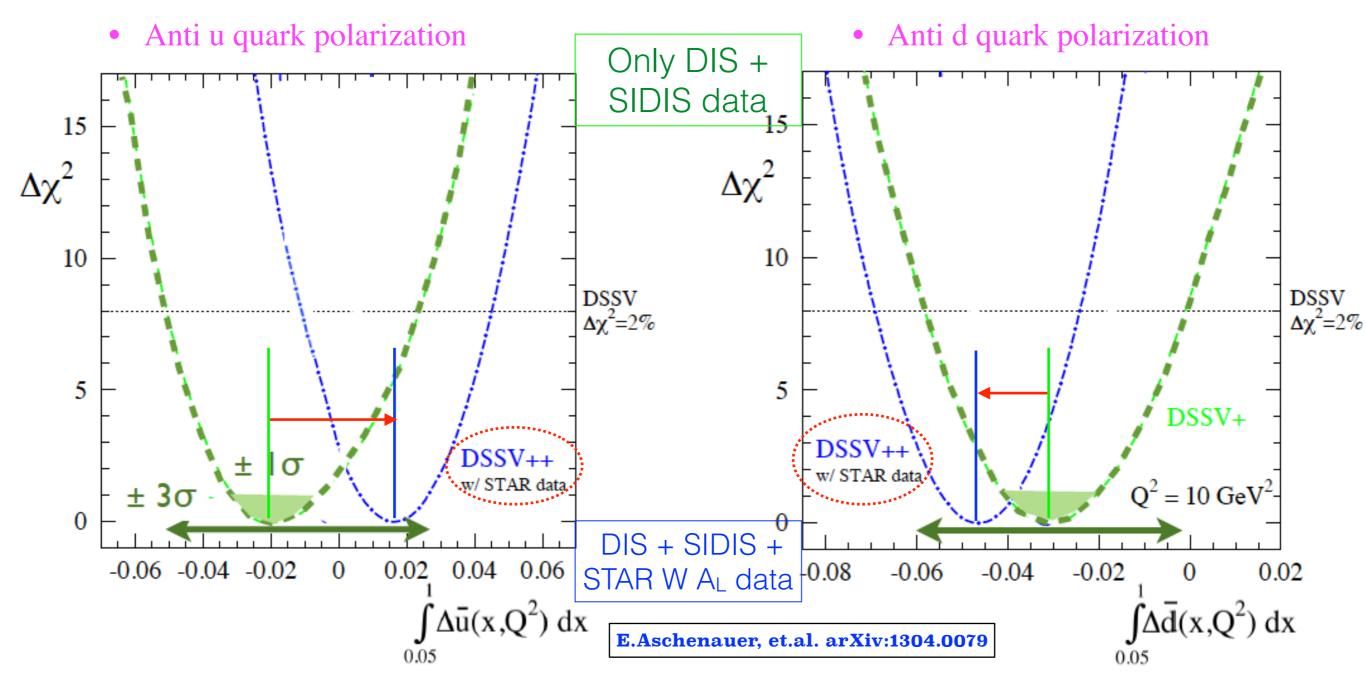


- A<sub>L</sub> for W+ is consistent with
   theoretical predictions constrained
   by polarized SIDIS data
- $A_L$  for W- is larger than the prediction for  $\eta_e < 0$ , which suggest large  $\Delta \bar{u}$ .
- Indication of positive Δū at
   0.05<η<0.2.</li>



## RESULTS - W A<sub>L</sub> - STAR 2012 Impact - I

Impact on helicity PDF from DSSV [STAR 2012 W A<sub>L</sub> Preliminary]



- Significant constraints on both  $\Delta \bar{u}$  and  $\Delta \bar{d}$ .
- Significant shift of ∆ū central value from STAR 2012 W A<sub>L</sub> data.

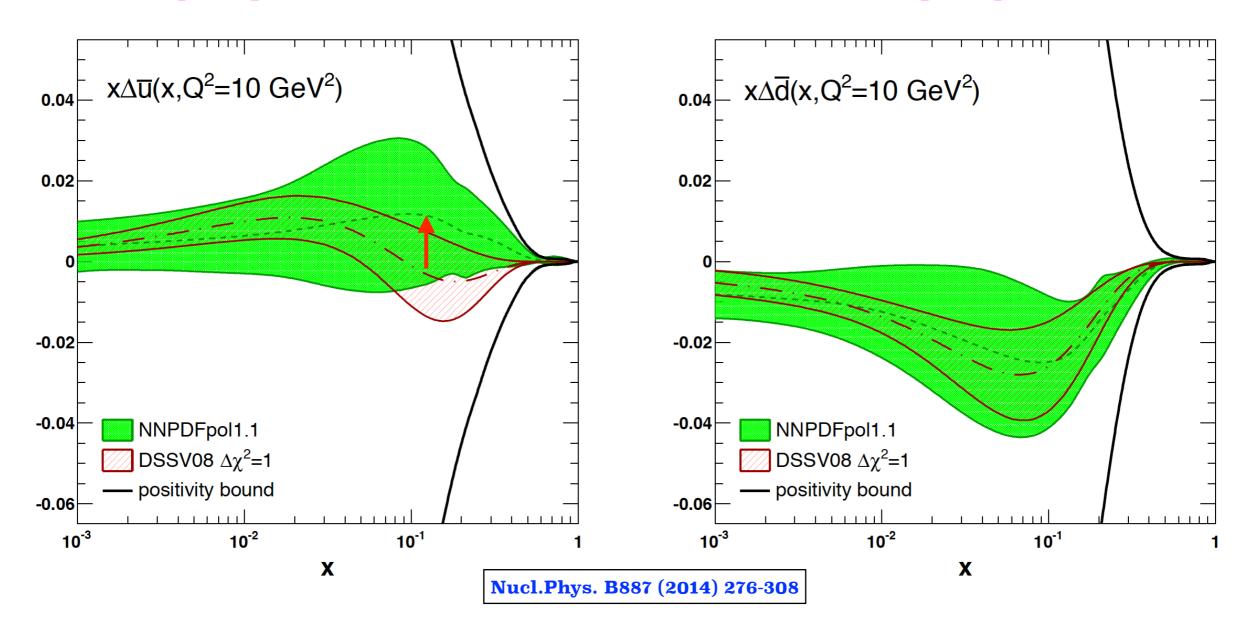




## RESULTS - W A<sub>L</sub> - STAR 2012 Impact - II

- Impact on helicity PDF from NNPDF [RHIC W A<sub>L</sub>]
  - Anti u quark polarization

Anti d quark polarization



Significant shift of ∆ū central value from RHIC W A<sub>L</sub> data

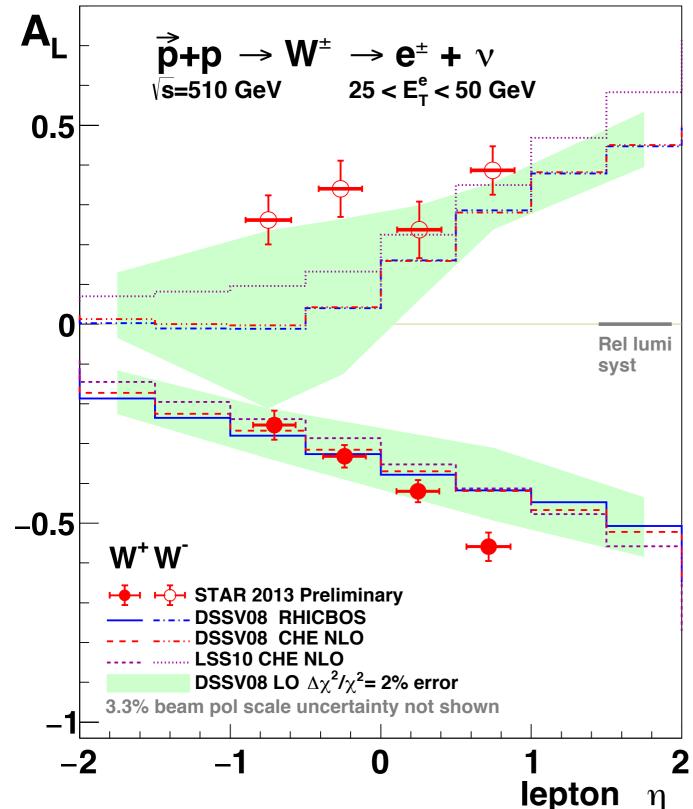




## RESULTS - W A<sub>L</sub> - STAR 2013

• STAR 2013 W A<sub>L</sub> Preliminary Results =>

Just Released @ INPC 2016!!!



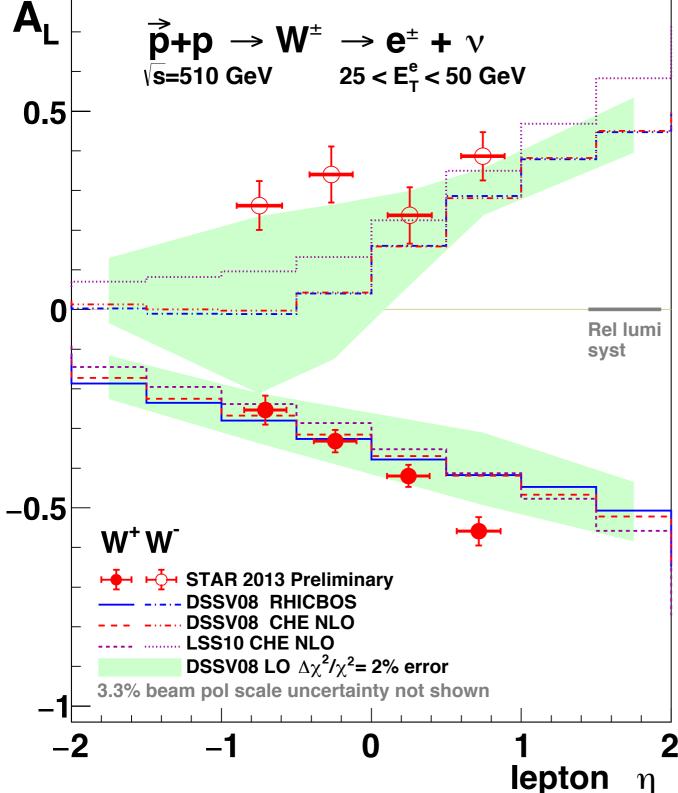
- The Most Precise
   measurements of W A<sub>L</sub> up to date!
- Expect to further constrain Δū and Δd̄.



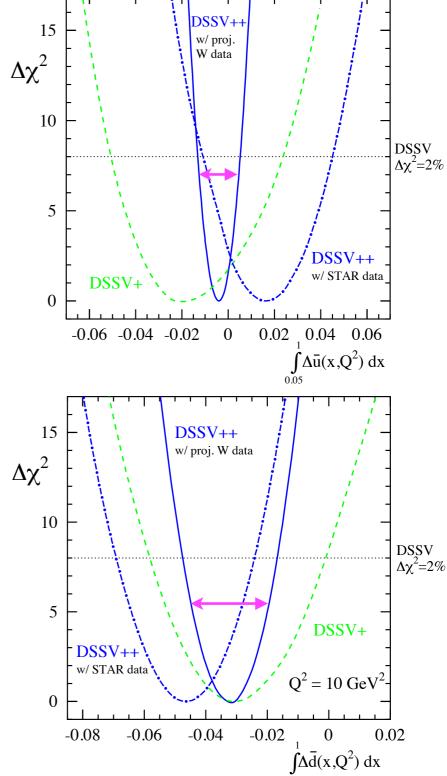


## RESULTS - W A<sub>L</sub> - STAR 2013 - Projected Impact

• STAR 2013 Preliminary Results => Just Released !!!!



• Uncertainties from projected RHIC W A<sub>L</sub> data !!!!

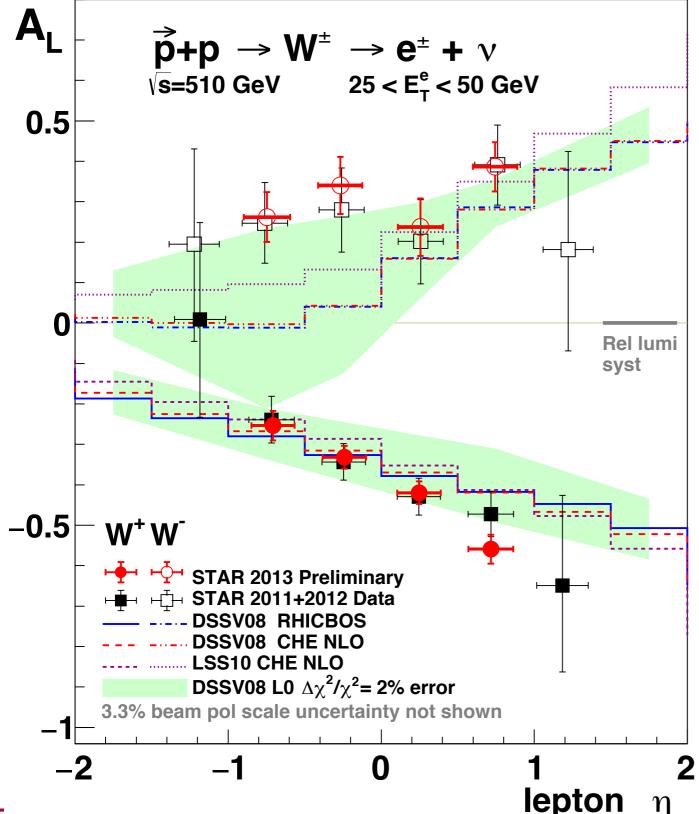






## **RESULTS - W A<sub>L</sub> - STAR 2012 vs 2013**

• STAR 2013 W A<sub>L</sub> Preliminary Results in comparison to STAR 2011+2012 published results



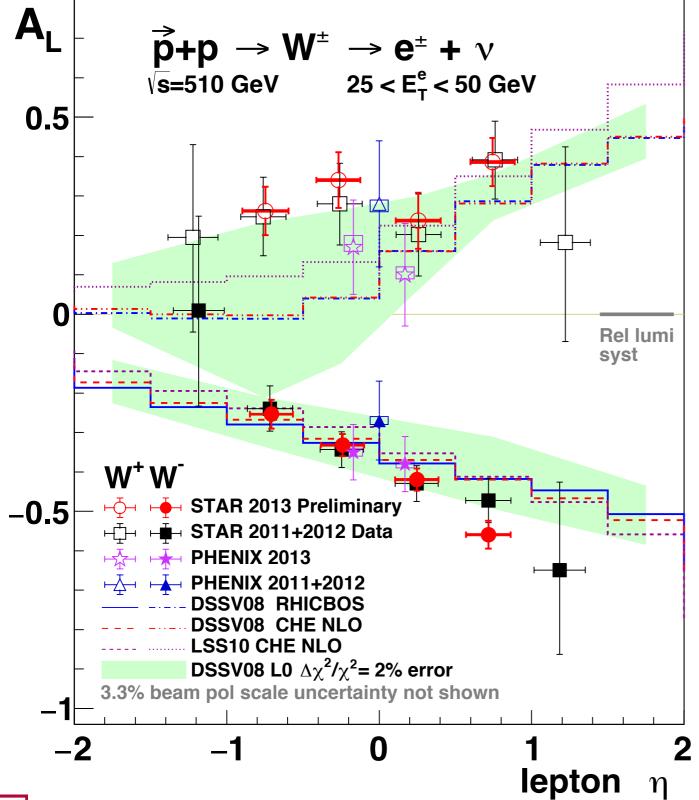
- STAR 2013 W AL Preliminary results is the Most Precise measurements of W A<sub>L</sub> up to date!
- STAR 2013 preliminary W AL results consist with published 2011 + 2012 results.
- Uncertainties were reduced by
   40 %





## RESULTS - W A<sub>L</sub> - RHIC

• STAR 2013 Preliminary Results in comparison to STAR 2011+2012 published results, PHENIX 2011+2012, PHENIX 2013 W AL results



#### World data of W A<sub>L</sub>

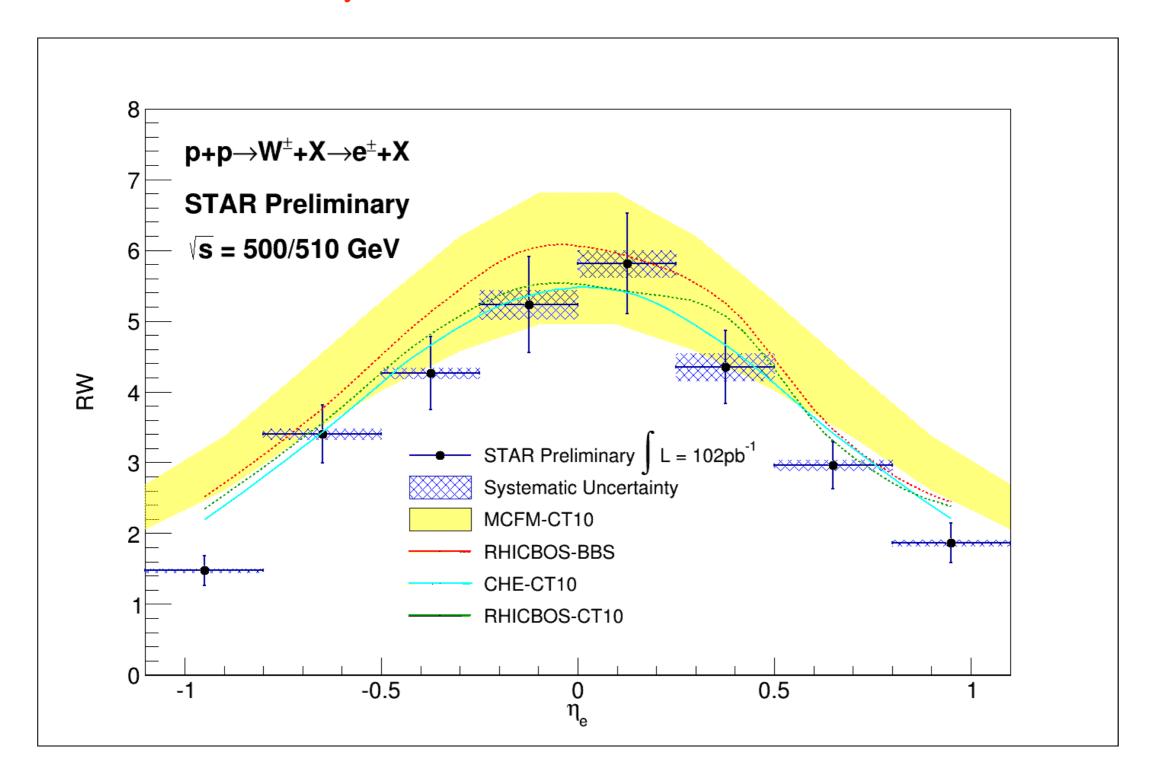
- STAR 2013 W AL Preliminary results is the Most Precise measurements of W A<sub>L</sub> up to date!
- STAR 2013 preliminary W AL results consistent with published 2011 + 2012 results.
- Uncertainties were reduced by
   40 %
- Also consistent with PHENIX results





## RESULTS - Rw - I

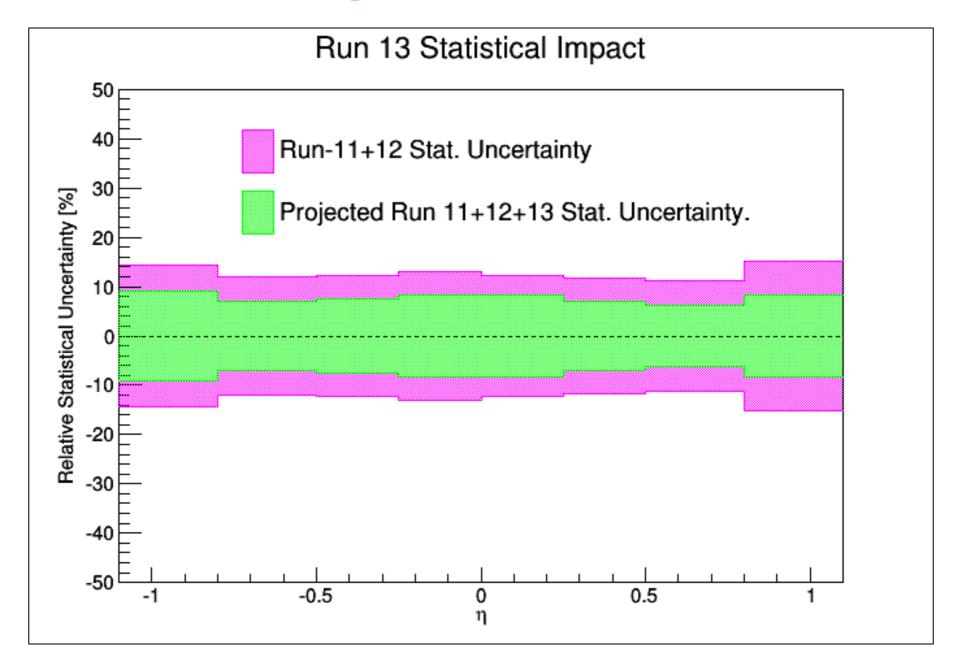
• STAR 2011+2012 Preliminary Results





## RESULTS - Rw - III

• Projected STAR Run 13 Statistical Impact

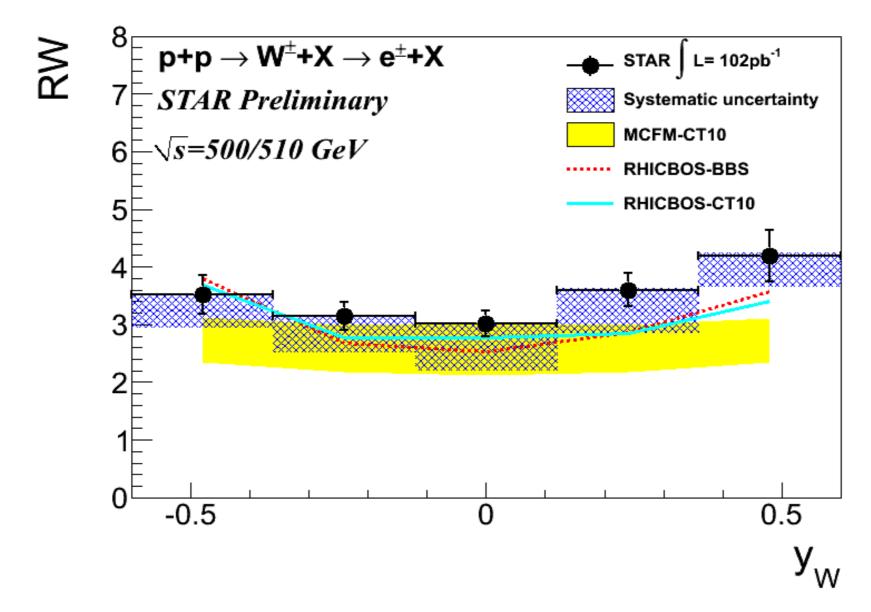


Inclusion of Run-13 data will improve precision of the cross section ratios. Run-17 will add additional data of ~400 Pb-1 to improve further.



#### RESULTS - Rw - IV

- Rw vs W Rapidity
- · W boson rapidity can be determined by reconstructing the W kinematics via its recoil
- Recently through the combination of data and MC simulations, a procedure for reconstructing the W boson rapidity has been established at STAR.
- This procedure has been applied to the 2011 + 2012 combined data set.





#### **SUMMARY**

- Mid-rapidity (Run 11/12): Published W asymmetry results suggest large anti-u quark polarization along with broken QCD sea
- •New prelim. result of STAR 2013 W AL is the most precious measurement up to date. These results will help to further constraint antiquark helicity distributions.
- New STAR 2013 W AL prelim. results consistent with published STAR 2011+2012 results.
- •Prelim. cross-section ratio measurement (Run 11/12): Strong physics case of unpolarized dbar/ubar probe using W production complementary to SeaQuest.
- •Run 13 data (~300 pb , analyzing) and Run 17 data (~400 pb , next year) will further improve precision of W cross section ratio measurements at STAR.



# **BACK UP**

# STAR W AL 2011+2012, 2013 - Consistance checking

STAR 2013 W A <sub>L</sub> Preliminary					
Lepton $\eta$ Range	$W^+ A_L$	$W^- A_L$			
$-1.1 < \eta < -0.5$	$-0.254 \pm 0.037$	$0.262 \pm 0.062$			
$-0.5 < \eta < 0$	$-0.332 \pm 0.028$	$0.340 \pm 0.071$			
0<η<0.5	$-0.420 \pm 0.028$	$0.237 \pm 0.071$			
$0.5 < \eta < 1.1$	$-0.559 \pm 0.036$	$0.386 \pm 0.061$			

STAR 2011+2012 W A <sub>L</sub>					
Lepton $\eta$ Range	$W^+ A_L$	$W^ A_L$			
$-1.1 < \eta < -0.5$	$-0.239 \pm 0.057$	$0.247 \pm 0.100$			
-0.5<η<0	$-0.343 \pm 0.045$	$0.280 \pm 0.104$			
0<η<0.5	$-0.429 \pm 0.045$	$0.202 \pm 0.104$			
$0.5 < \eta < 1.1$	$-0.472 \pm 0.056$	$0.391 \pm 0.099$			

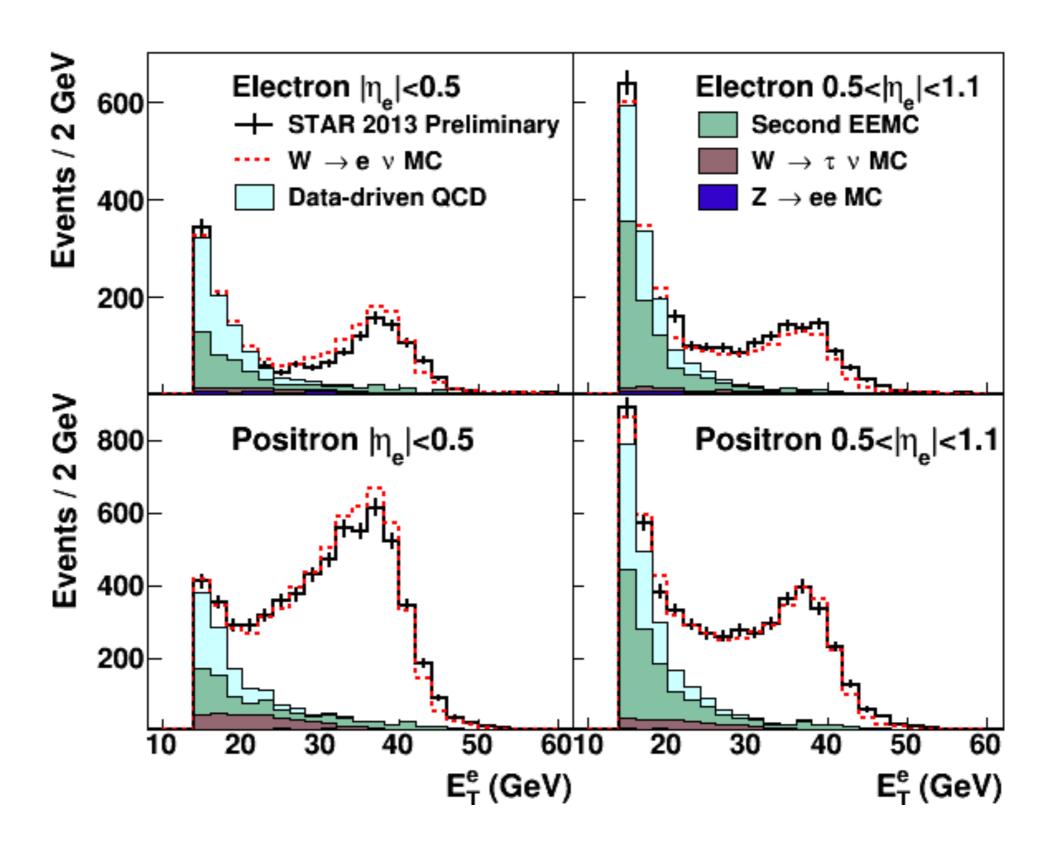
	$W^+$ $A_L$	$W^- A_L$
$\chi^2/{\sf n.d.f}$	1.83/4	0.32/4

## STAR 2013 W AL - Systematic Uncertainties

- Background estimation:
  - From data-driven procedure, statistics of embedding sample
  - Less than 10% of statistical error
  - Negligible polarized background contribution
- BEMC gain calibration:
  - **4.5**%
- Beam polarization uncertainty:
  - Correlated scale 3.3%
- Relative luminosity uncertainty:
  - Estimated from a high- $p_T$  [25,50] GeV, QCD sample
  - Correlated offset 0.007 (2011+2012), 0.004 (2013)

## BG - Foraward and central bins combined

#### **BG ESTIMATION**



# TPC Charge-sign Separation

