

# Run15 EM-jet $A_N$ for Semi-exclusive process

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# General Information for the data set

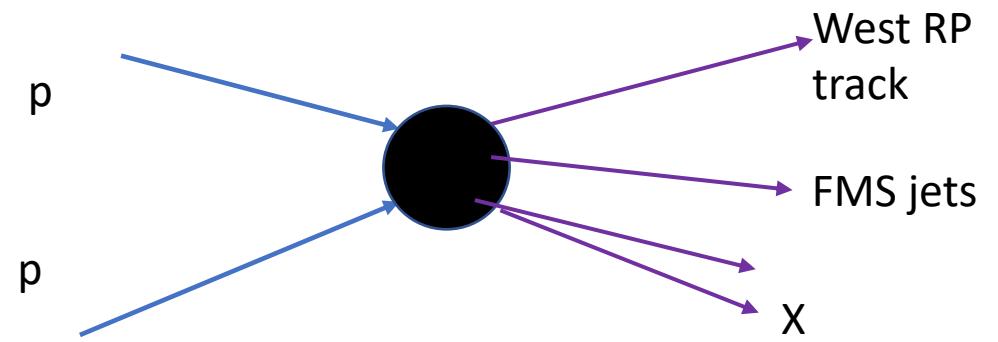
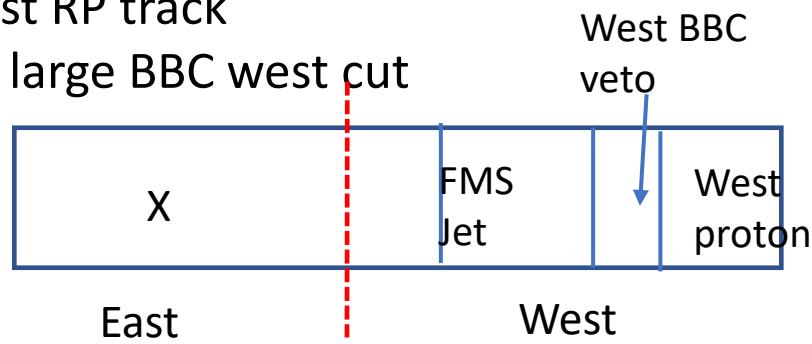
- Data set: run 15 pp transverse  $\sqrt{s} = 200 \text{ GeV}$ , **fms stream**
  - (production\_pp200trans\_2015)
- Production type: MuDst ; Production tag: P15ik
- Trigger for FMS : FMS small board sum, FMS large board sum and FMS-JP.
- EM-jet reconstruction: Anti- $k_T$  algorithm with  $R=0.7$ 
  - EM-jet: the jet reconstructed using only photons (FMS point)
  - FMS point minimum energy: **1 GeV** (to match with inclusive process)

# Semi-exclusive process with 1 west RP track

semi-exclusive process

only 1 proton track on west side RP. No requirement on east RP track

**Require:** small and large BBC west cut



Semi-exclusive constrain the west side proton and FMS EM-jets

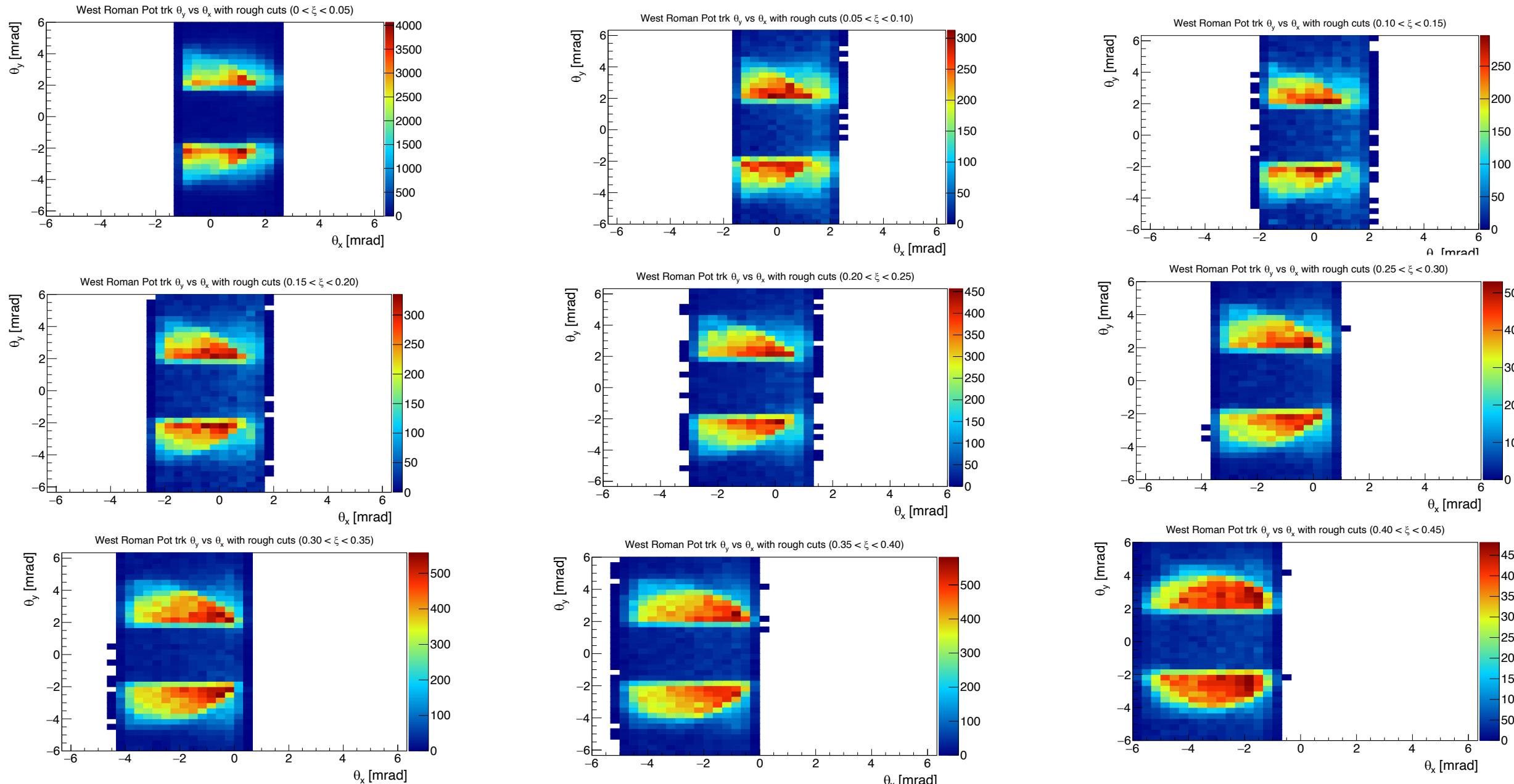
West BBC veto is for minimizing the accidental coincidence.

$$\xi = \frac{P_{beam} - P_{RP}}{P_{beam}}$$

# Outline for studying the RP cuts and BBC cuts

- Here are the idea and steps for considering the cuts for RP and BBC:
  1. Since we reach to the agreement that the low BBC threshold should be applied, we first apply a rough cut on small BBC west < 150 . Goal: explore a rough west RP  $P_x, P_y$  cuts for different  $\xi$  range.
  2. Apply the rough west RP  $P_x, P_y$  cuts from step 1, study the small/large BBC west ADC distribution and consider further cuts for small/large BBC west cuts.
  3. Apply the further cuts for west small/large BBC cuts, study the final west RP  $P_x, P_y$  cuts, and  $\theta_x, \theta_y$  cuts for different  $\xi$  range.

# Rough west RP track $\theta_y$ vs $\theta_x$ with different $\xi$ ranges



# Rough west RP track $\theta_Y$ vs $\theta_X$ with different $\xi$ ranges

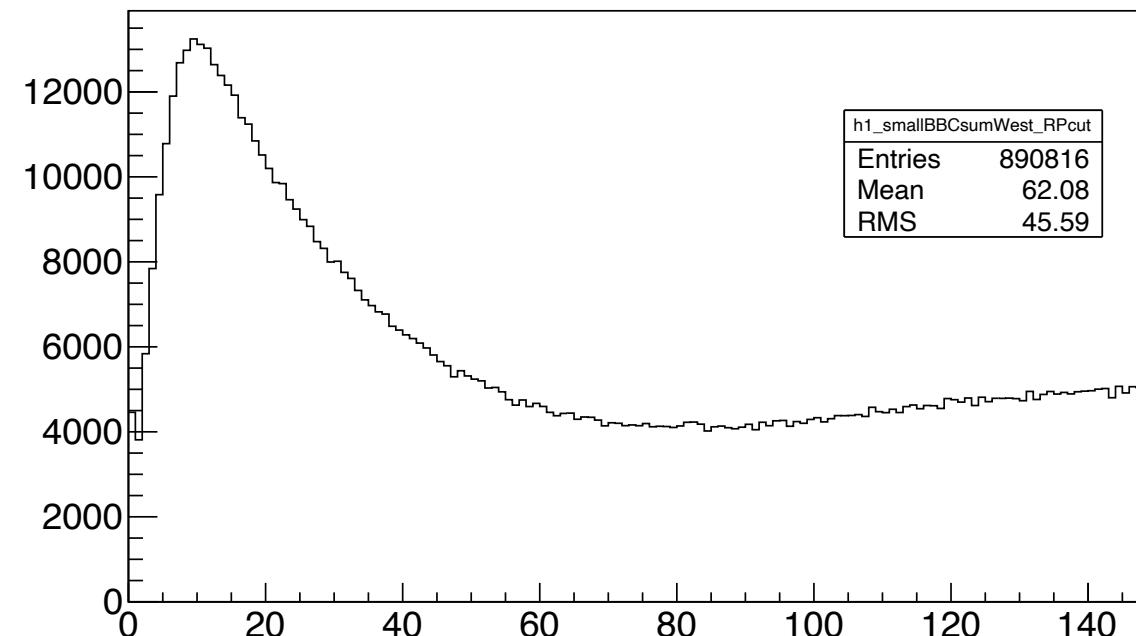
$$(\xi = \frac{P_{beam} - P_{RP}}{P_{beam}})$$

- Cuts applied at this stage: RP track hit at least 7 SSD planes , small BBC west < 150
- We can consider the rough west RP  $\theta_Y$  cut:  $1.5 < |\theta_Y| < 4 \text{ mrad}$
- The rough west RP  $\theta_X$  cut can be applied with  $\xi$  dependent
  - $0.0 < \xi < 0.05$ :  $-1 < \theta_X < 1.75 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.05 < \xi < 0.10$ :  $-1.5 < \theta_X < 1.5 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.10 < \xi < 0.15$ :  $-1.75 < \theta_X < 1.25 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.15 < \xi < 0.20$ :  $-2.5 < \theta_X < 1.25 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.20 < \xi < 0.25$ :  $-3 < \theta_X < 1 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.25 < \xi < 0.30$ :  $-3.25 < \theta_X < 0.5 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.30 < \xi < 0.35$ :  $-3.75 < \theta_X < 0 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.35 < \xi < 0.40$ :  $-4.25 < \theta_X < -0.5 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.40 < \xi < 0.45$ :  $-5 < \theta_X < -1 \text{ mrad}$

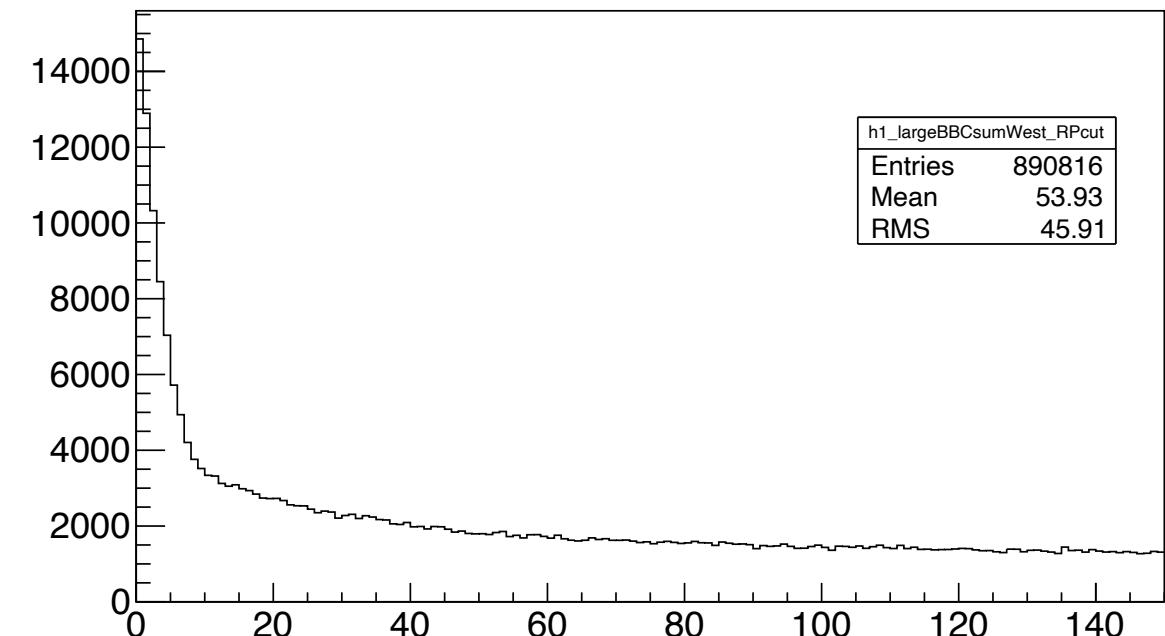
# West small and large BBC ADC sum after the rough west RP track $\theta_X$ and $\theta_Y$ cuts

- Temporally apply the rough west RP track  $\theta_X$  and  $\theta_Y$  cuts to study the west small and large BBC ADC sum.
- We can consider small BBC west ADC sum < 80 and large BBC west < 60

small BBC ADC sum for west side BBC (after RP cuts)

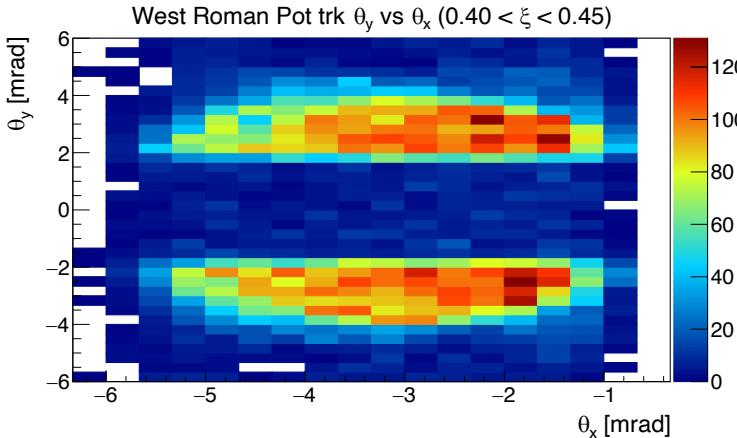
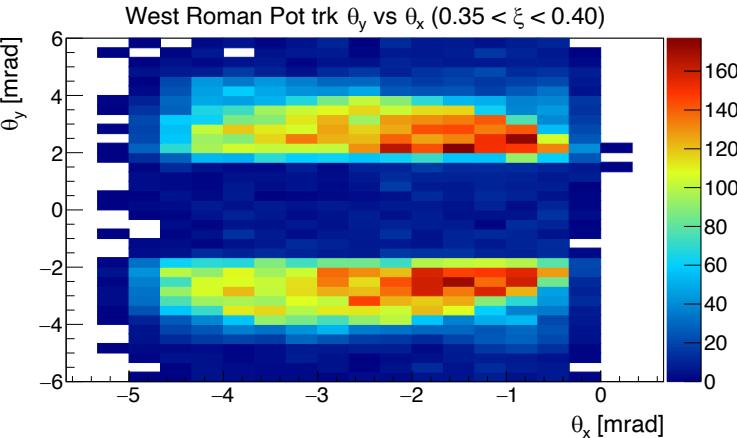
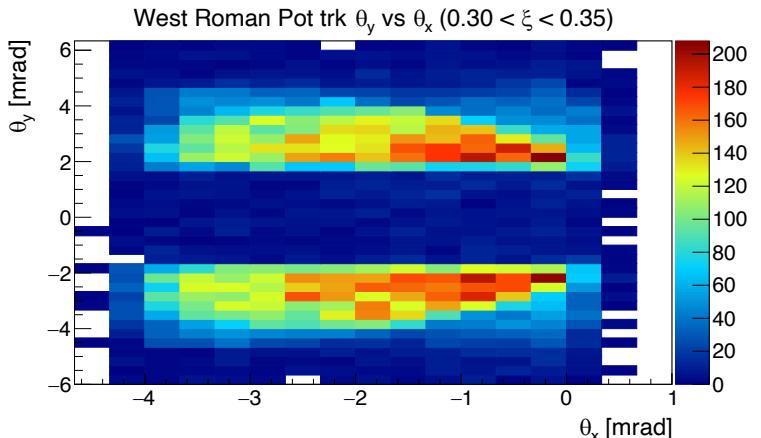
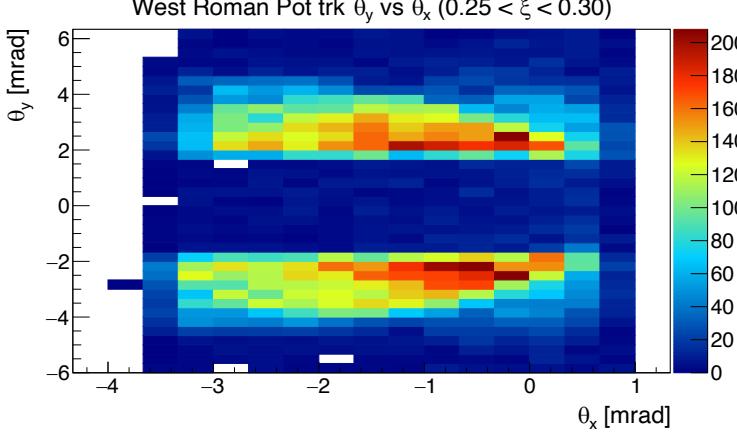
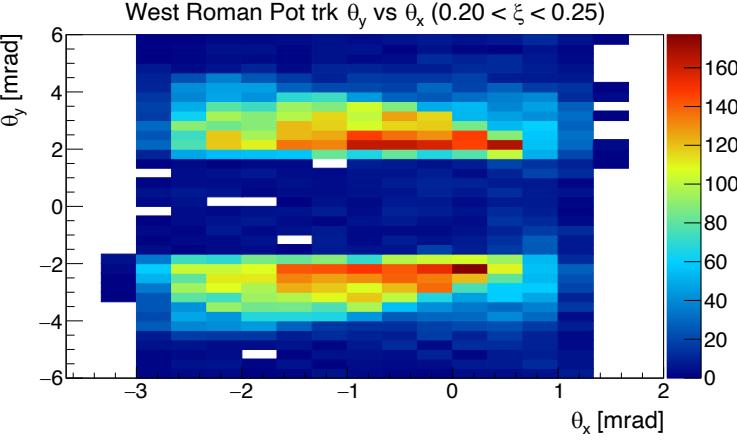
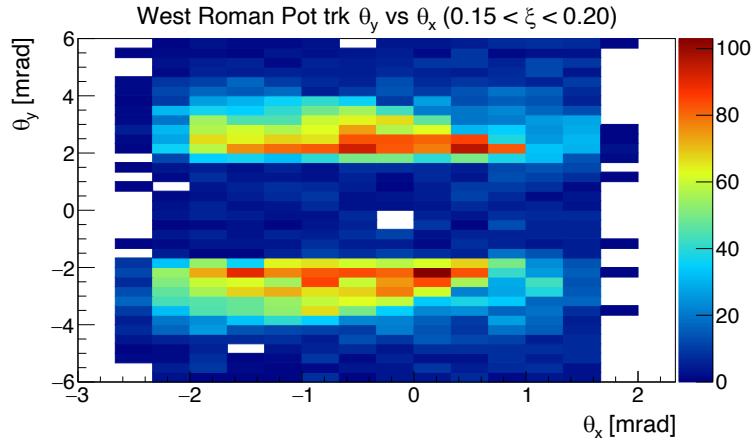
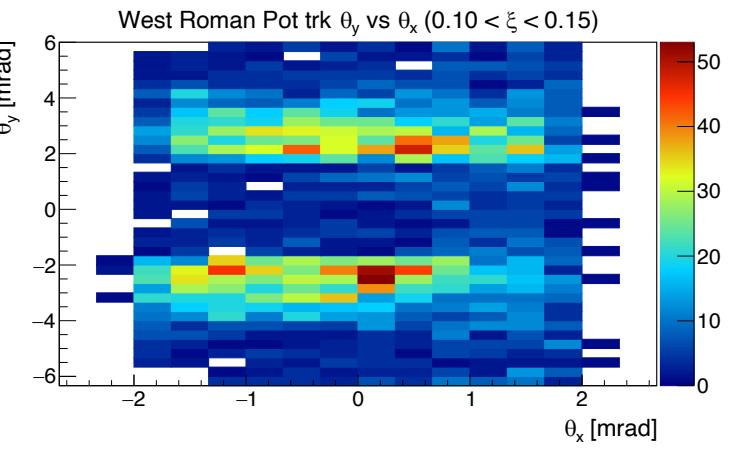
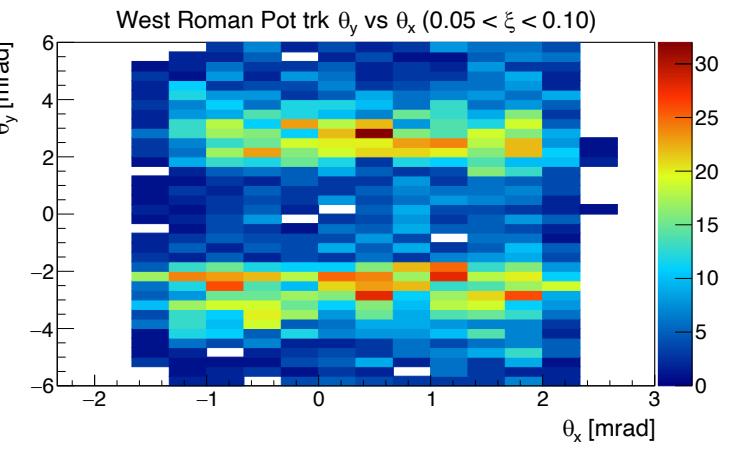
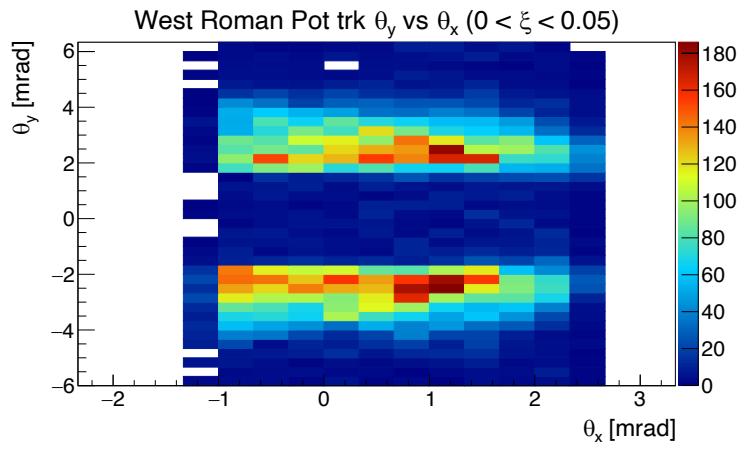


large BBC ADC sum for west side BBC (after RP cuts)



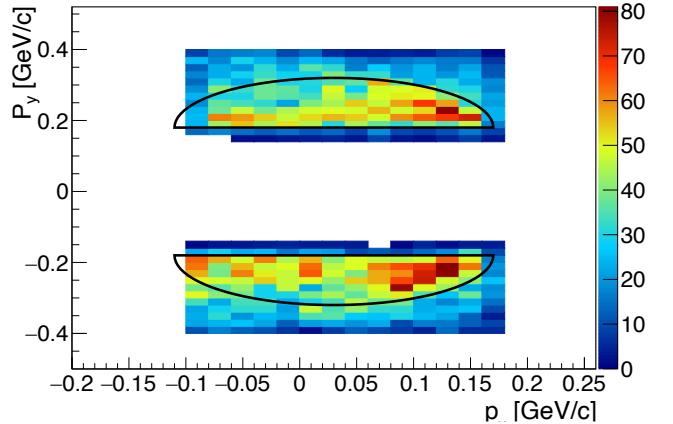
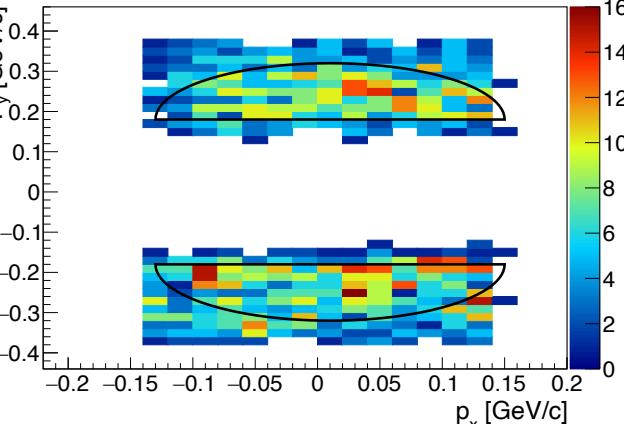
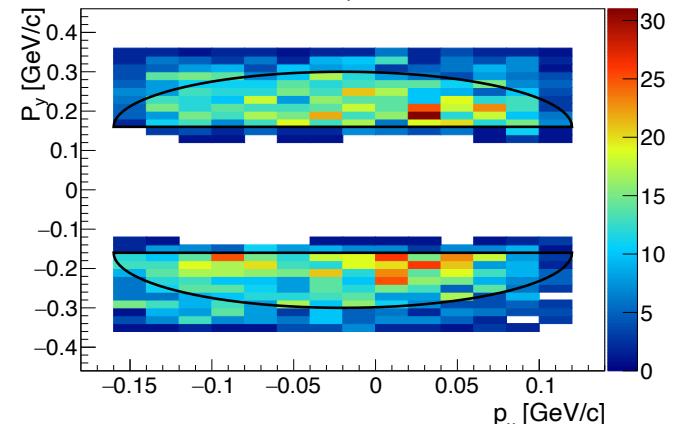
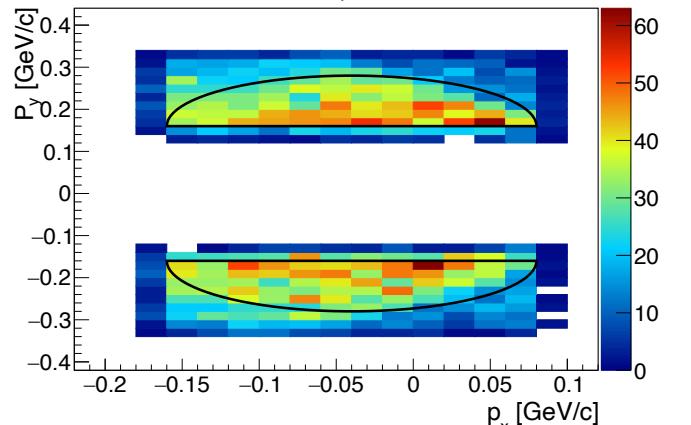
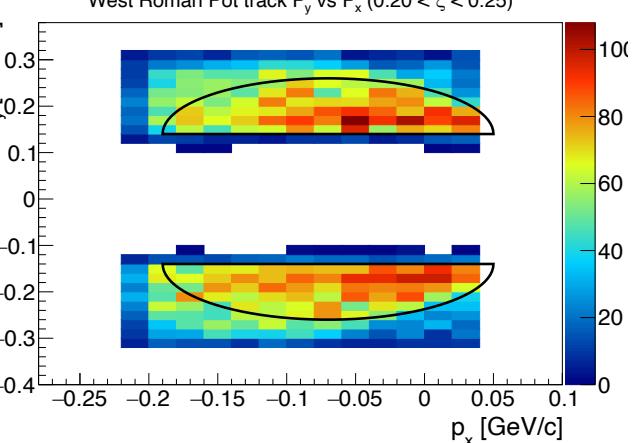
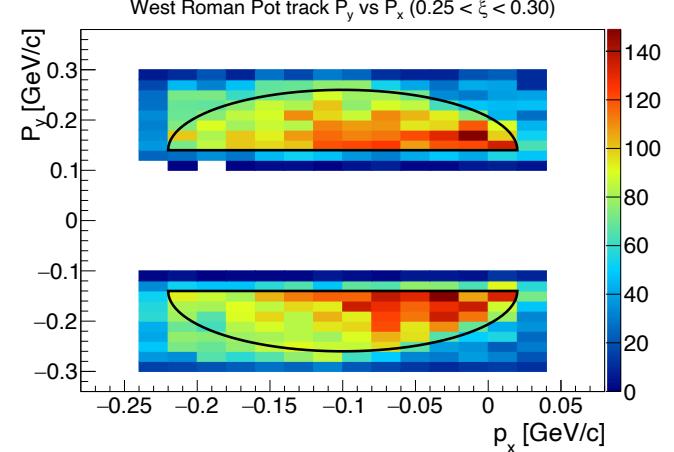
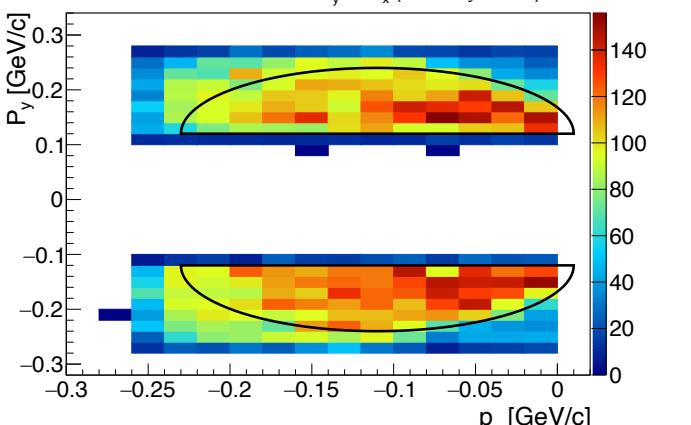
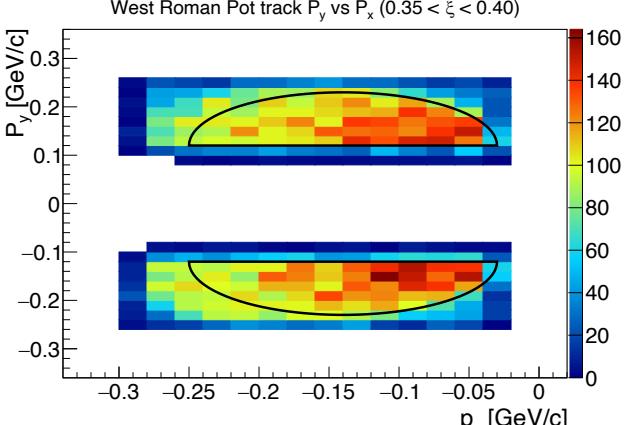
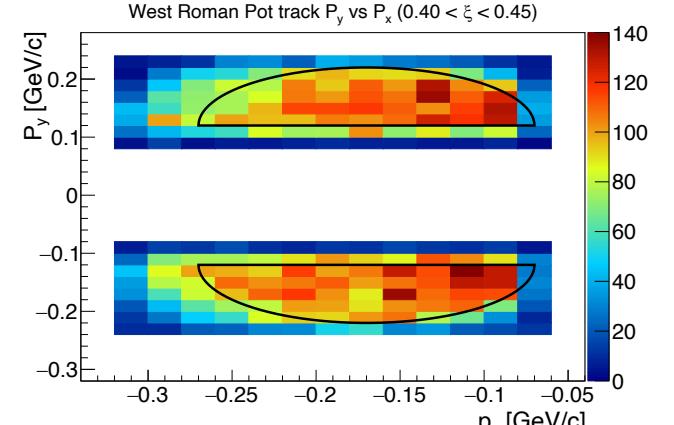
# Final cut on the west RP track $\theta_X$ and $\theta_Y$

- We apply the BBC cuts: BBC west ADC sum < 80 and large BBC west < 60
- We can consider the west RP  $\theta_Y$  cut:  $1.5 < |\theta_Y| < 4 \text{ mrad}$
- The west RP  $\theta_X$  cut can be applied with  $\xi$  dependent
  - $0.0 < \xi < 0.05$ :  $-1 < \theta_X < 1.75 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.05 < \xi < 0.1$ :  $-1.5 < \theta_X < 1.5 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.1 < \xi < 0.15$ :  $-1.75 < \theta_X < 1.25 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.15 < \xi < 0.2$ :  $-2 < \theta_X < 1 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.2 < \xi < 0.25$ :  $-2.75 < \theta_X < 0.5 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.25 < \xi < 0.3$ :  $-3.25 < \theta_X < 0.5 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.3 < \xi < 0.35$ :  $-3.75 < \theta_X < 0 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.35 < \xi < 0.4$ :  $-4.5 < \theta_X < -0.5 \text{ mrad}$
  - $0.4 < \xi < 0.45$ :  $-5.5 < \theta_X < -1.25 \text{ mrad}$



# Final west RP track $P_X$ and $P_Y$ cuts

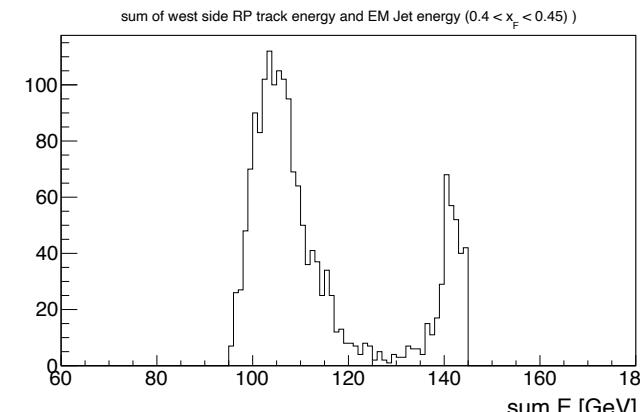
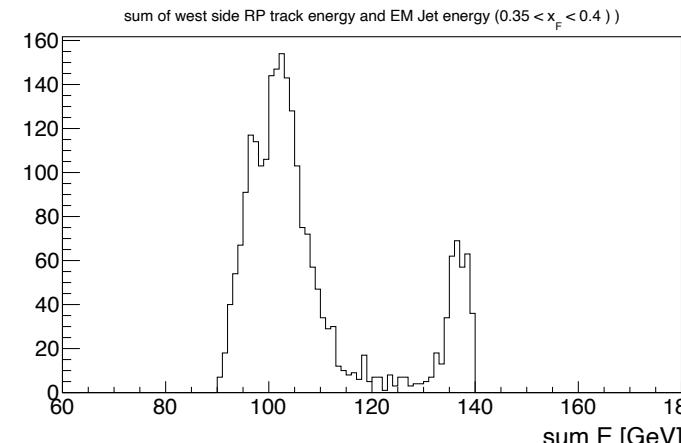
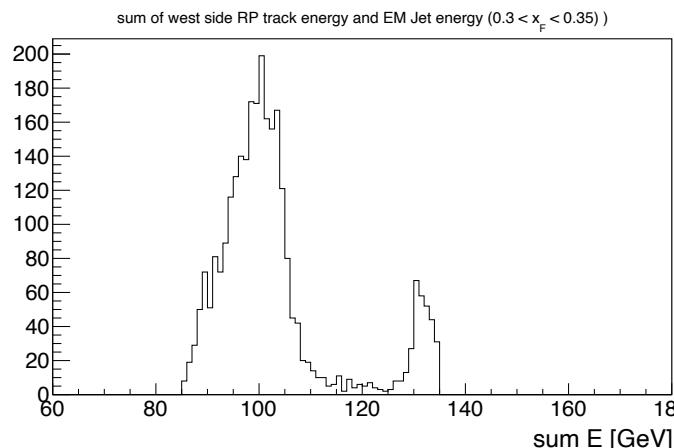
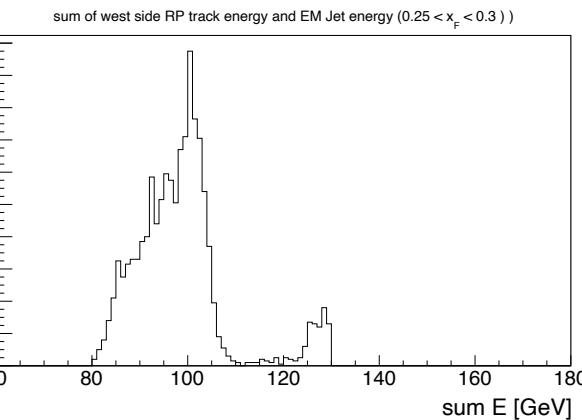
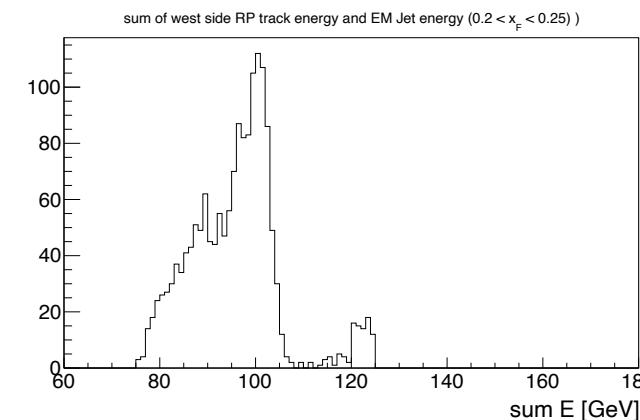
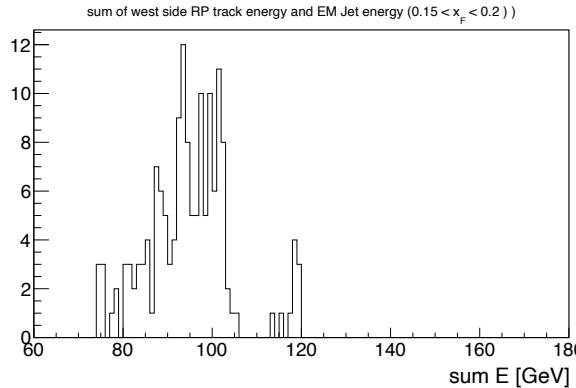
- In addition to the west small/large BBC cuts and west RP track  $\theta_X$  and  $\theta_Y$  cuts, we apply the west RP track  $P_X$  and  $P_Y$  cuts:
  - $0.0 < \xi < 0.05$ :  $(P_X - 0.03)^2 + (|P_Y| - 0.18)^2 < 0.14^2$  and  $0.18 < |P_Y| < 0.32$
  - $0.05 < \xi < 0.1$ :  $(P_X - 0.01)^2 + (|P_Y| - 0.18)^2 < 0.14^2$  and  $0.18 < |P_Y| < 0.32$
  - $0.1 < \xi < 0.15$ :  $(P_X + 0.02)^2 + (|P_Y| - 0.16)^2 < 0.14^2$  and  $0.16 < |P_Y| < 0.3$
  - $0.15 < \xi < 0.2$ :  $(P_X + 0.04)^2 + (|P_Y| - 0.16)^2 < 0.12^2$  and  $0.16 < |P_Y| < 0.28$
  - $0.2 < \xi < 0.25$ :  $(P_X + 0.07)^2 + (|P_Y| - 0.14)^2 < 0.12^2$  and  $0.14 < |P_Y| < 0.26$
  - $0.25 < \xi < 0.3$ :  $(P_X + 0.1)^2 + (|P_Y| - 0.14)^2 < 0.12^2$  and  $0.14 < |P_Y| < 0.26$
  - $0.3 < \xi < 0.35$ :  $(P_X + 0.11)^2 + (|P_Y| - 0.12)^2 < 0.12^2$  and  $0.12 < |P_Y| < 0.24$
  - $0.35 < \xi < 0.4$ :  $(P_X + 0.14)^2 + (|P_Y| - 0.12)^2 < 0.11^2$  and  $0.12 < |P_Y| < 0.23$
  - $0.4 < \xi < 0.45$ :  $(P_X + 0.17)^2 + (|P_Y| - 0.12)^2 < 0.1^2$  and  $0.12 < |P_Y| < 0.22$

West Roman Pot track  $P_y$  vs  $P_x$  ( $0 < \xi < 0.05$ )West Roman Pot track  $P_y$  vs  $P_x$  ( $0.05 < \xi < 0.10$ )West Roman Pot track  $P_y$  vs  $P_x$  ( $0.10 < \xi < 0.15$ )West Roman Pot track  $P_y$  vs  $P_x$  ( $0.15 < \xi < 0.20$ )West Roman Pot track  $P_y$  vs  $P_x$  ( $0.20 < \xi < 0.25$ )West Roman Pot track  $P_y$  vs  $P_x$  ( $0.25 < \xi < 0.30$ )West Roman Pot track  $P_y$  vs  $P_x$  ( $0.30 < \xi < 0.35$ )West Roman Pot track  $P_y$  vs  $P_x$  ( $0.35 < \xi < 0.40$ )West Roman Pot track  $P_y$  vs  $P_x$  ( $0.40 < \xi < 0.45$ )

# Energy sum plot for case with only 1 west RP track

- Sum energy:  $E(\text{west RP track}) + E(\text{EM-jet})$
- Applying cuts with west small/large BBC, RP track and FMS EM-jets.

Very low entries in  $x_F$  [0.15, 0.2] region, we decide to drop it.



Therefore, we can consider the energy sum cuts below:

$x_F$	E sum Cut
0.15 - 0.2	$E_{\text{sum}} < 105 \text{ GeV}$
0.2 - 0.25	$E_{\text{sum}} < 110 \text{ GeV}$
0.25 - 0.3	$E_{\text{sum}} < 110 \text{ GeV}$
0.3 - 0.35	$E_{\text{sum}} < 115 \text{ GeV}$
0.35 - 0.4	$E_{\text{sum}} < 115 \text{ GeV}$
0.4 - 0.45	$E_{\text{sum}} < 120 \text{ GeV}$

# Event selection and corrections

- **FMS**

- 9 Triggers, veto on FMS-LED
- bit shift, bad / dead / hot channel masking (include fill by fill hot channel masking)
- Jet reconstruction: StJetMaker2015 , Anti-kT, R<0.7 , FMS point energy > 1 GeV,  $p_T > 2 \text{ GeV}/c$ , trigger  $p_T$  threshold cut, FMS point as input.
- Only 1 EM-jet per event allowed

- **Only allow acceptable beam polarization (up/down).**

- **Vertex** (Determine vertex z priority according to TPC , VPD, BBC.)

- Vertex  $|z| < 80 \text{ cm}$

- **Roman Pot and Semi-exclusive process:**

- Only 1 west RP track (no restriction on east RP track)

- RP track must be good track:

- a) Each track hits > 6 planes
- b) West RP  $\xi$  dependent  $\theta_X$  ,  $\theta_Y$  ,  $P_X$  and  $P_Y$  cuts
- c)  $0 < \xi < 0.45$

- Sum of west RP track energy and all EM Jet energy (see detail in table)

- West Large BBC ADC sum < 60 and West Small BBC ADC sum < 80

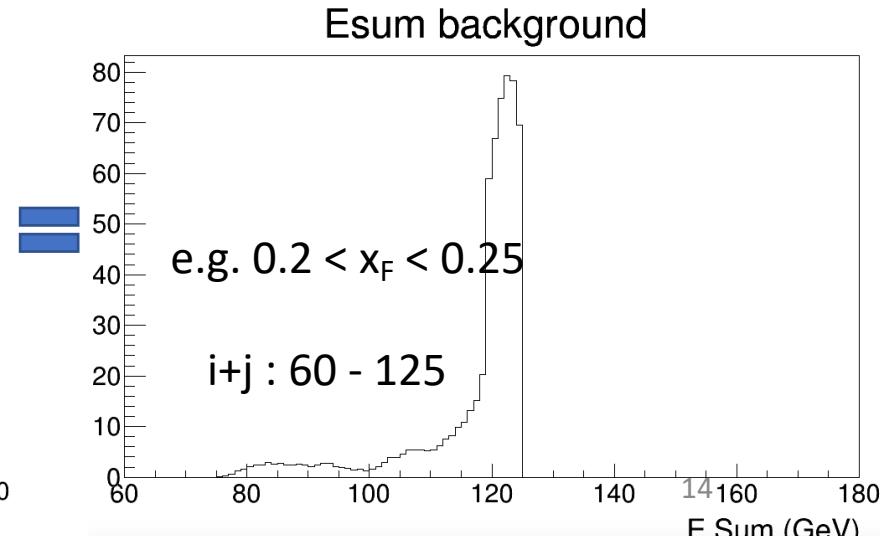
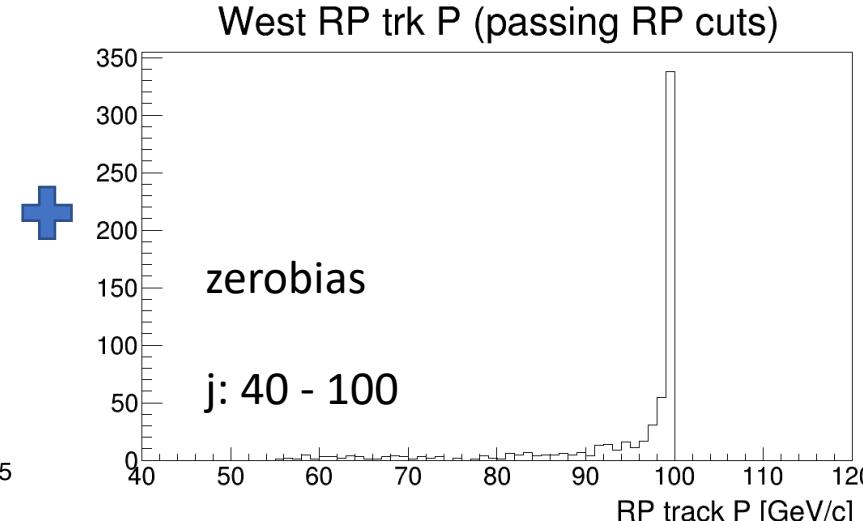
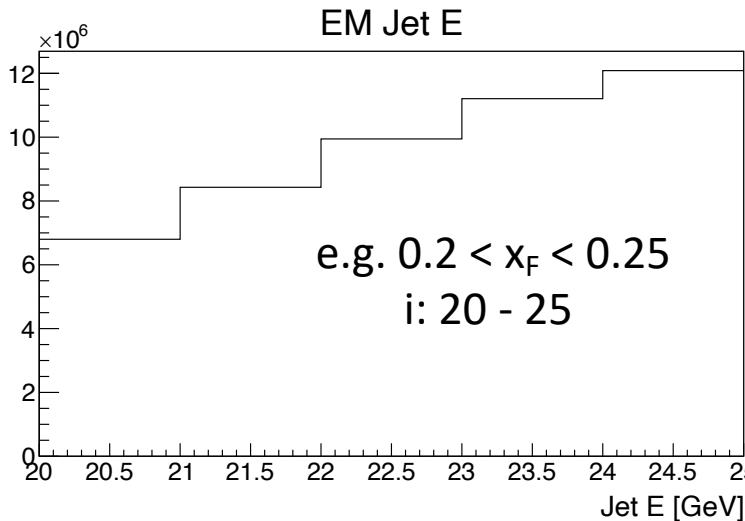
**Corrections:**

EM-jet energy correction and  
Underlying Event correction

$x_F$	E sum Cut
0.2 - 0.25	$E_{\text{sum}} < 110 \text{ GeV}$
0.25 - 0.3	$E_{\text{sum}} < 110 \text{ GeV}$
0.3 – 0.35	$E_{\text{sum}} < 115 \text{ GeV}$
0.35 – 0.4	$E_{\text{sum}} < 115 \text{ GeV}$
0.4 – 0.45	$E_{\text{sum}} < 120 \text{ GeV}$

# Background study for E sum

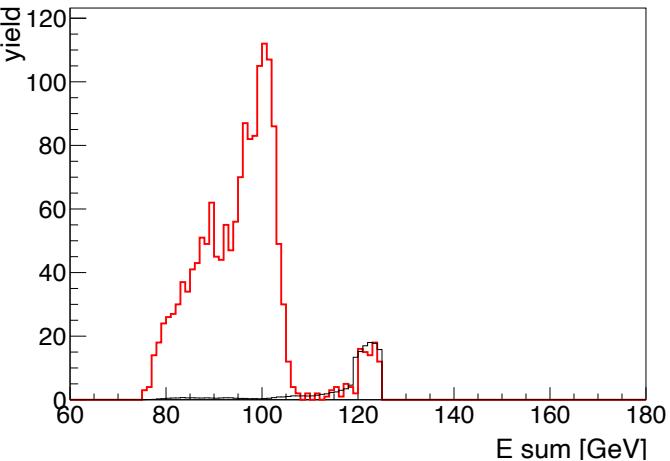
- We use zerobias stream events to study the background shape for E sum spectrum for different EM-jet  $x_F$  ranges.
  - E sum (**background**)= E(EM-jet from **inclusive process**) + E(west RP from **zerobias**)
- Calculation:  $Esum(i + j) = \sum_{i,j} P(i) * n(j)$  , i are all possible energies (in 1 GeV bin) for specific  $x_F$  range ; j are all possible energies (in 1 GeV bin) for west RP track energy (momentum) in zerobias data.
  - $P(i)$  is the fraction for EM-jet yields in  $[i,i+1]$  (GeV) within the specific  $x_F$  range .
  - $n(j)$  is the yields in west RP energy (momentum) in  $[j,j+1]$  (GeV).



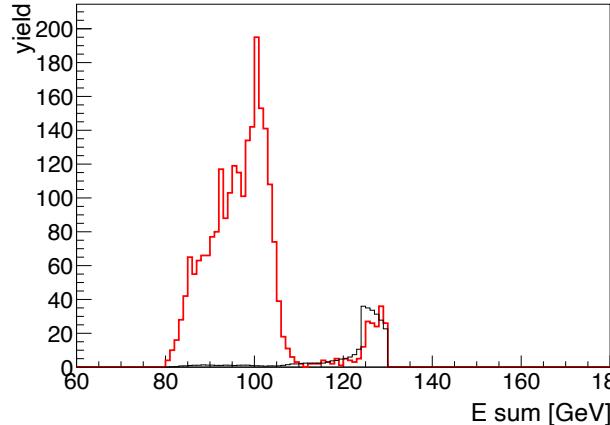
# Mix event energy sum study results

- We use zerobias stream events to study the background shape for E sum spectrum for different EM-jet  $x_F$  ranges.
  - $E_{\text{sum}}(\text{background}) = E(\text{EM-jet from inclusive process}) + E(\text{west RP from zerobias})$

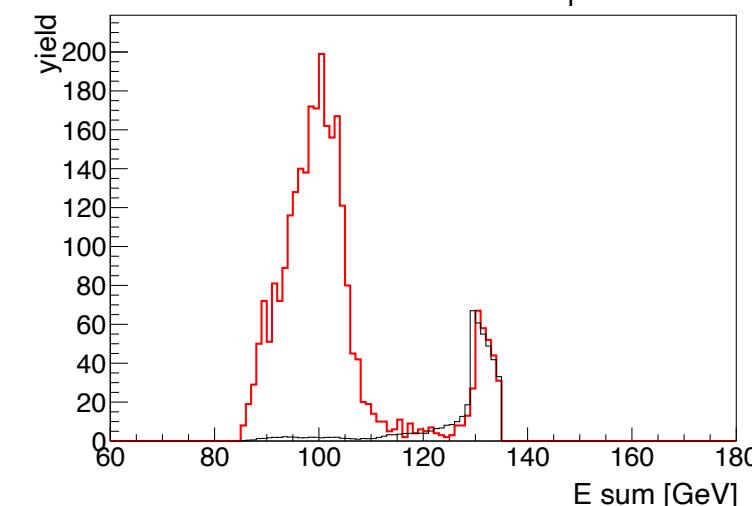
Esum distribution for  $0.2 < x_F < 0.25$



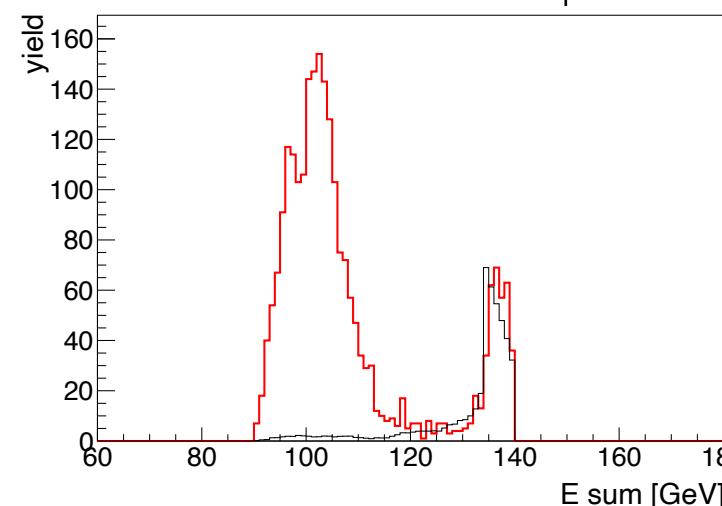
Esum distribution for  $0.25 < x_F < 0.3$



Esum distribution for  $0.3 < x_F < 0.35$



Esum distribution for  $0.35 < x_F < 0.4$

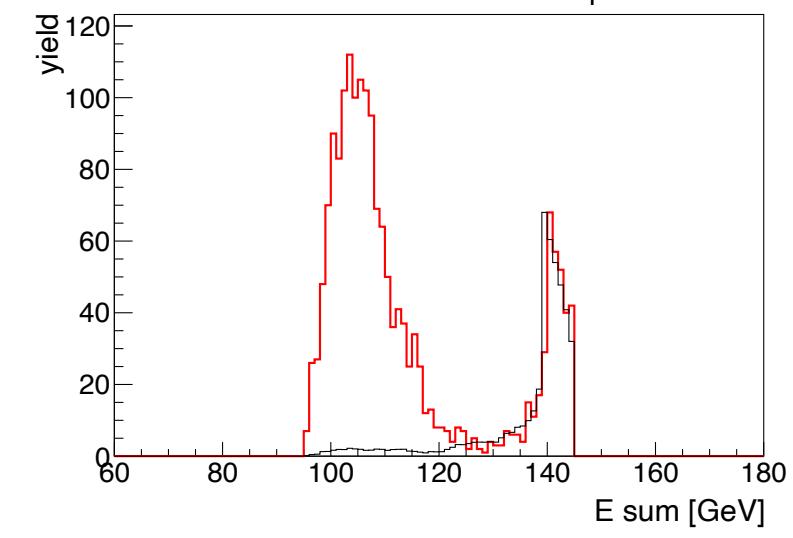


All photon multiplicity

**Black curve** (Background) is mixed events from zerobias events (scaled to data).

**Red curve** is the FMS stream data

Esum distribution for  $0.4 < x_F < 0.45$



# Mix event background study results

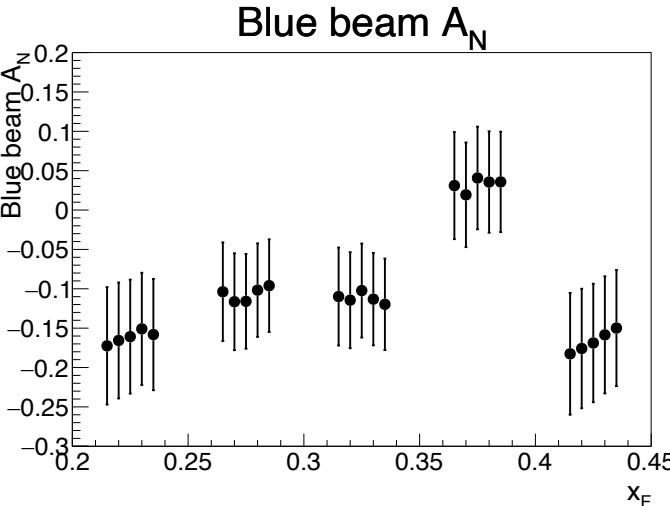
- The background from mix event will be counted as systematic uncertainty results.

- $$frac = \frac{Integral\ of\ yields\ in\ signal\ region\ for\ mix\ event\ background}{Integral\ of\ yields\ in\ signal\ region\ for\ FMS\ data}$$

$x_F$	Signal region	Frac of background (%)
0.2 - 0.25	$E_{sum} < 110$ GeV	1.3
0.25 - 0.3	$E_{sum} < 110$ GeV	1.3
0.3 – 0.35	$E_{sum} < 115$ GeV	2.1
0.35 – 0.4	$E_{sum} < 115$ GeV	2.0
0.4 – 0.45	$E_{sum} < 120$ GeV	2.7

# Systematic uncertainty

- We use Bayesian method for systematic uncertainty study. (ref: arXiv:hep-ex/0207026)
- First of all, for the cuts we choose, varying each individual cut value for calculating the asymmetry.
  - Small BBC west ADC sum cuts: choose  $< 60, < 70, < 90, < 100$  for systematic uncertainty
  - Large BBC west ADC sum cuts: choose  $< 40, < 50, < 70, < 80$  for systematic uncertainty
  - $E_{\text{sum}}$  cut, varying each cut by  $\pm 10$ , and  $\pm 5$  GeV, accordingly
  - Ring of Fire (get rid of small-bs-3 trigger)



Example: Small BBC west cuts

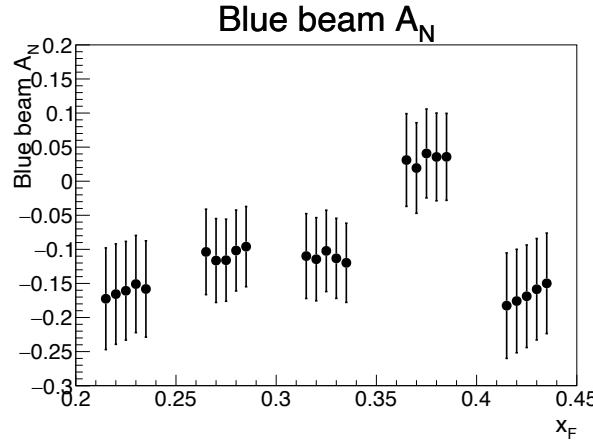
Each  $x_F$  set, from left to right:  
varying the cuts from original:  
 $-20, -10, 0, +10, +20$

$x_F$	$E_{\text{sum}}$ Cut
0.2 - 0.25	$E_{\text{sum}} < 110$ GeV
0.25 - 0.3	$E_{\text{sum}} < 110$ GeV
0.3 – 0.35	$E_{\text{sum}} < 115$ GeV
0.35 – 0.4	$E_{\text{sum}} < 115$ GeV
0.4 – 0.45	$E_{\text{sum}} < 120$ GeV

# $A_N$ results for varying the cuts (systematic)

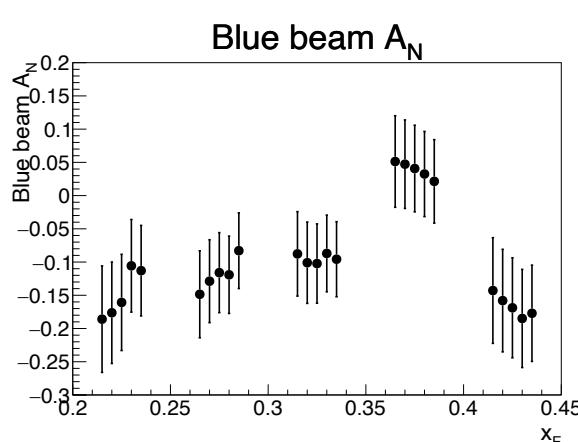
1 or 2 photon multiplicity EM-jet

Small BBC west cuts



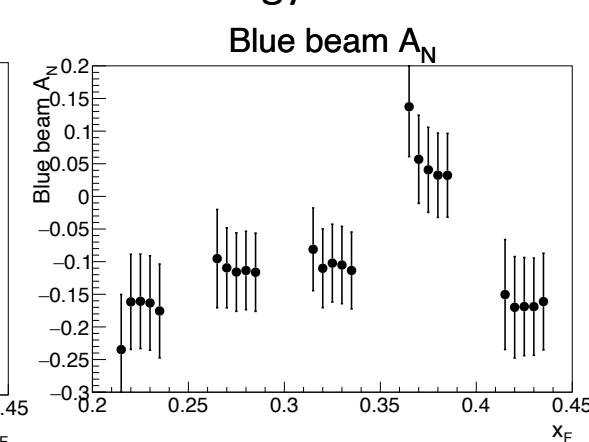
Each  $x_F$  set, from left to right: varying the cuts from original: -20, -10, 0, +10, +20

Large BBC west cuts



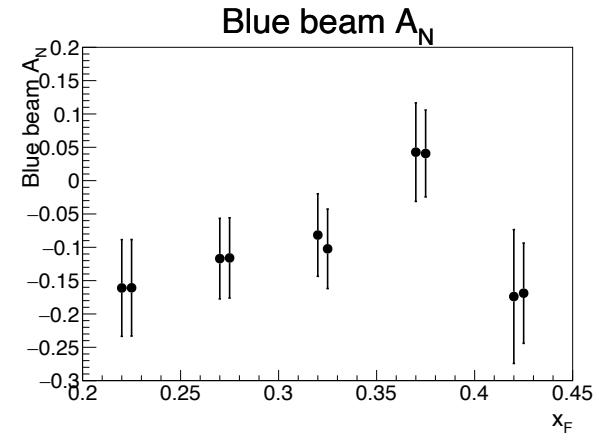
Each  $x_F$  set, from left to right: varying the cuts from original: -20, -10, 0, +10, +20

Energy sum cuts



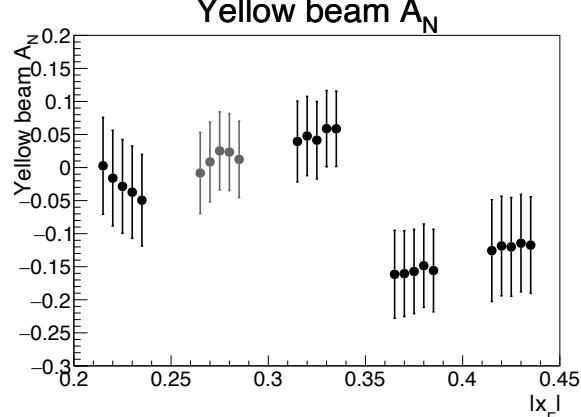
Blue beam  $A_N$

Ring of Fire cuts

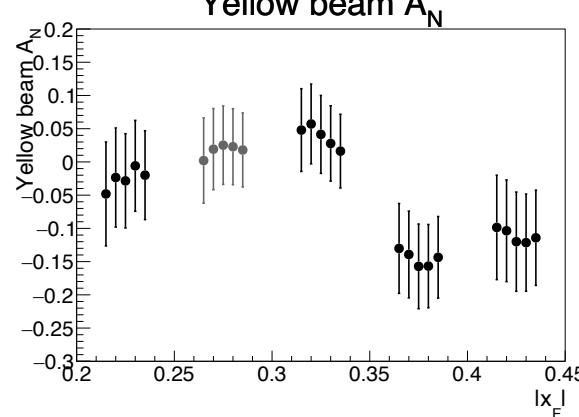


Each  $x_F$  set, from left to right: Apply Ring of Fire cut, do not apply Ring of Fire cut

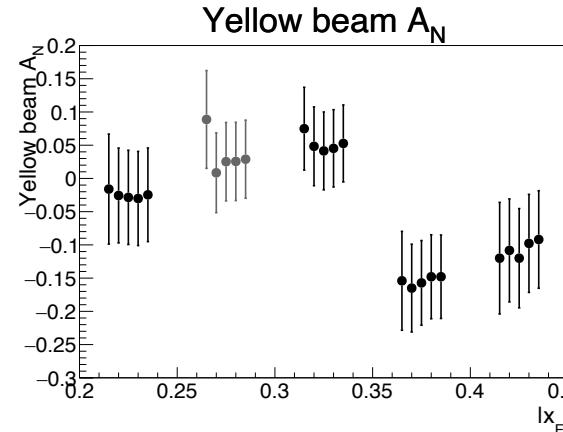
Yellow beam  $A_N$



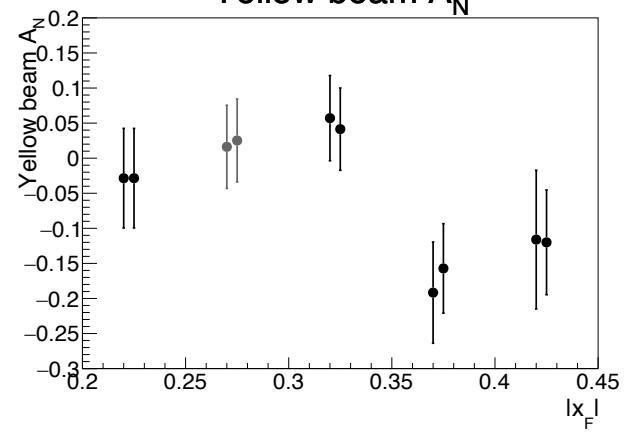
Yellow beam  $A_N$



Yellow beam  $A_N$



Yellow beam  $A_N$



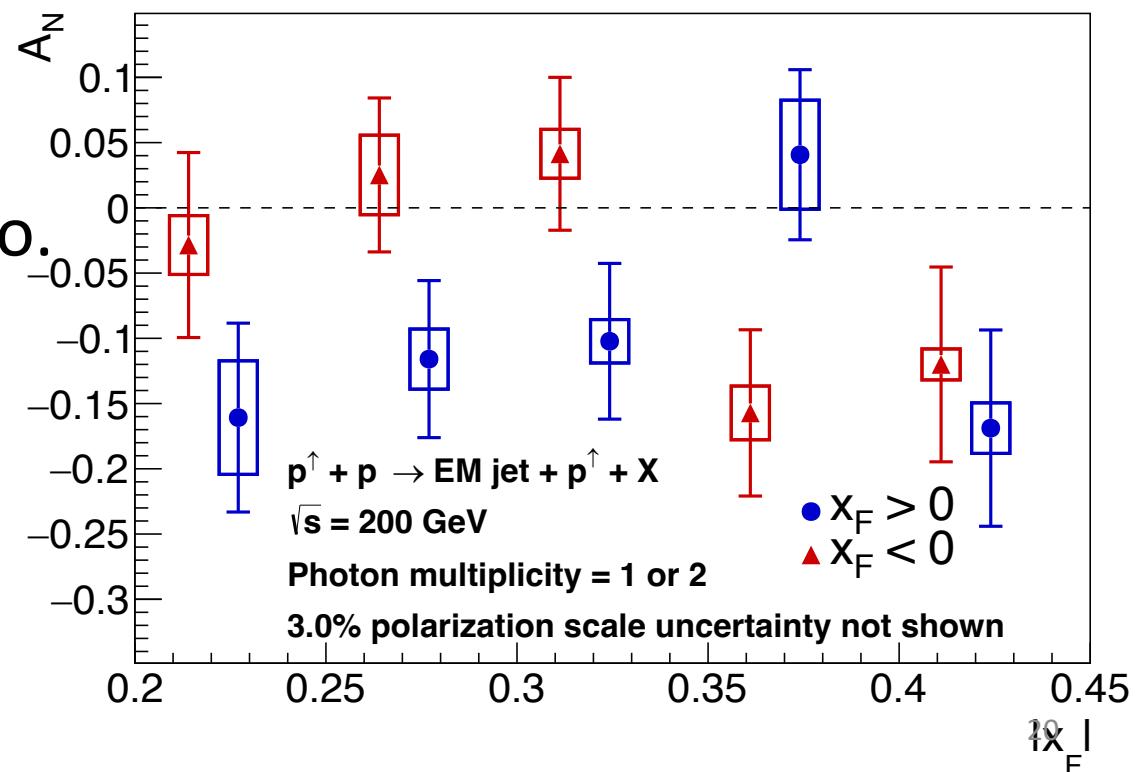
# Calculating the systematic uncertainty (1 or 2 photon multiplicity)

- Then, find out the maximum ( $A_N(1) \pm \delta(1)$  , with statistical uncertainty) , and the minimum ( $A_N(2) \pm \delta(2)$  , with statistical uncertainty) for the varying cuts as systematic uncertainty.
- If the  $\frac{|A_N(1)-A_N(2)|}{\sqrt{|(\delta(1))^2-(\delta(2))^2|}} > 1$  , use the **standard deviation** of all the  $A_N$  from varying all the cuts for this systematic term ( $\sigma_i$ ), otherwise, the systematic ( $\sigma_i$ ), for this term will be assigned 0
- The final systematic will be counted bin by bin ( $x_F$  bins) :  $\sigma_{sys} = \sqrt{\sum_i (\sigma_i)^2}$

Blue beam $x_F$	Small BBC west	Large BBC west	Ring of Fire	Energy sum	Background	Summary	Yellow beam $x_F$	Small BBC west	Large BBC west	Ring of Fire	Energy sum	Background	Summary
0.2 - 0.25	0	0.033	0	0.028	0.0033	0.043	0.2 - 0.25	0.018	0.014	0	0	0.00059	0.023
0.25 - 0.3	0.0081	0.021	0	0	0.0031	0.023	0.25 - 0.3	0.012	0	0.0045	0.027	0.00068	0.030
0.3 – 0.35	0.0058	0	0.010	0.011	0.0027	0.017	0.3 – 0.35	0	0.015	0	0.0012	0.0011	0.019
0.35 – 0.4	0.0072	0.011	0	0.040	0.0011	0.041	0.35 – 0.4	0	0.010	0.017	0	0.0042	0.020
0.4 – 0.45	0.012	0.015	0	0	0.0045	0.019	0.4 – 0.45	0	0	0	0.011	0.0032	0.012

# $A_N$ results for 1 or 2 photon multiplicity

- Only 5  $x_F$  bins are considered: [0.2,0.25], [0.25,0.3], [0.3,0.35] , [0.35,0.4], [0.4,0.45]
- 1 or 2 photon multiplicity
- Constant fit is applied to calculate the significance of non-zero
- Blue beam  $A_N$  is  $3.1 \sigma$  to be non-zero.
  - Constant fit:  $-0.10 \pm 0.032$
  - $\chi^2/n. d. f.$ : 1.17
- Yellow beam  $A_N$  is  $1.4 \sigma$  to be non-zero.
  - Constant fit:  $-0.042 \pm 0.031$
  - $\chi^2/n. d. f.$ : 1.36



# Conclusion

- The non-zero blue beam  $A_N$  with  $3.1\sigma$  significant is observed for the semi-exclusive process.
- Most of the blue beam  $A_N$  are with negative values. We need more theories to explain such behavior.
- The semi-exclusive process also can not provide evidences to contribute to large  $A_N$  in inclusive process.
- The analyses for run 15 diffractive EM-jet  $A_N$  measurement are closing to complete. We will have paper proposal soon.