

Transverse Single Spin Asymmetry (A_N) for Electromagnetic-Jet in FMS

Dataset run 17 $p\uparrow + p$ collision at $\sqrt{s}=510$ GeV

September 6, 2023

Bishnu Karki
UC, Riverside

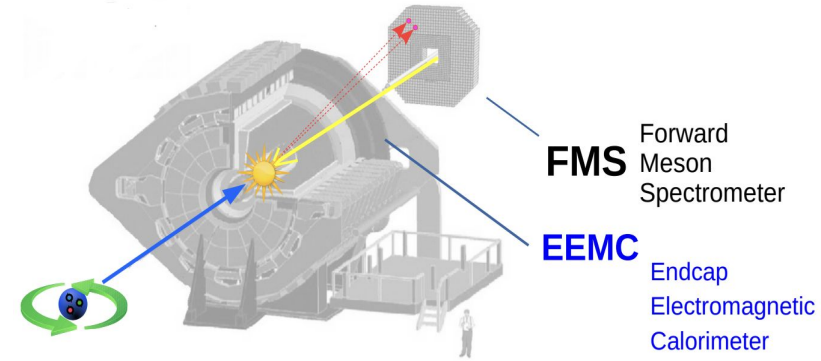
Follow up for the status presented [here](#)
[My Blog](#)

EM-jet A_N ($p\uparrow + p \rightarrow \text{EM-jet} + X$)

- Characterize A_N as a function of EM-jet- p_T , energy, and photon multiplicities
- Explore the potential sources of large A_N

Data Features:

- Data-stream: FMS-stream
- Dataset: Run 17 ($\sqrt{s} = 510$ GeV pp trans)
- Transversely polarized protons ($\langle P \rangle = 59\%$)
- Triggers: Small BS, Large BS, ~~FMS-JP trigger~~
- Vertex z priority : TPC, VPD, BBC
- Calibration from Minghui
- FMS hot channel masking before reconstruction
- Exclude highly bit-shifted FMS channels
- Production tag : P18ic
- STAR Library version: SL20a



EM-jet: Jet reconstructed out of photons only Jet Reconstruction

- Anti- k_T jet clustering algorithm with $R = 0.7$
- $E_\gamma > 1.0$ GeV
- $-80 < z < 80$ cm
- Jet $p_T > 2.0$ GeV/c
- $2.8 < \eta < 3.8$

EM-Jet A_N Extraction

A_N as a function of EM-jet p_T , energy, and photon multiplicity (FMS data)

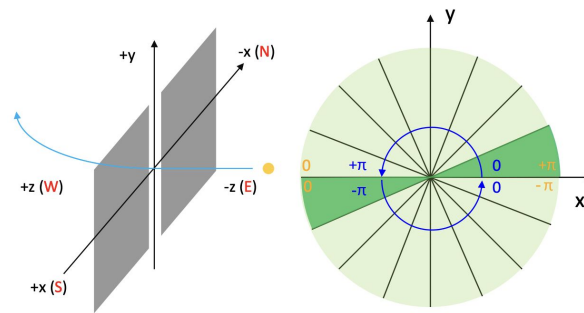
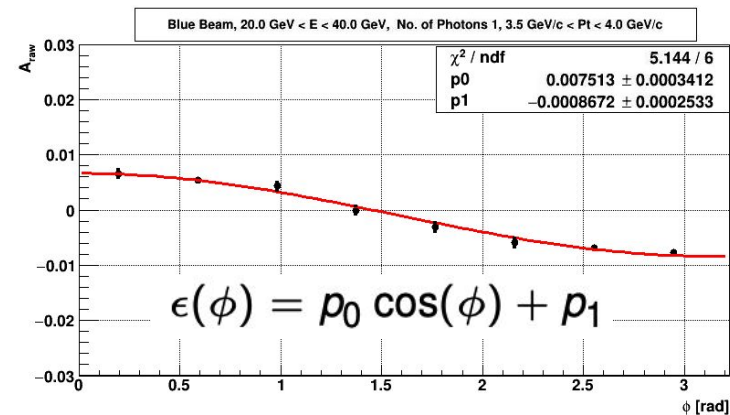
- Energy bins: [0-20] , [20 -40], [40 -60], [60 -80] , and [80 -100] GeV
- 16 equal ϕ bins in the range $-\pi$ to π
- 5 photon multiplicity bins
- Separately for $x_F > 0$ and $x_F < 0$

- Cross-ratio formula to calculate A_N

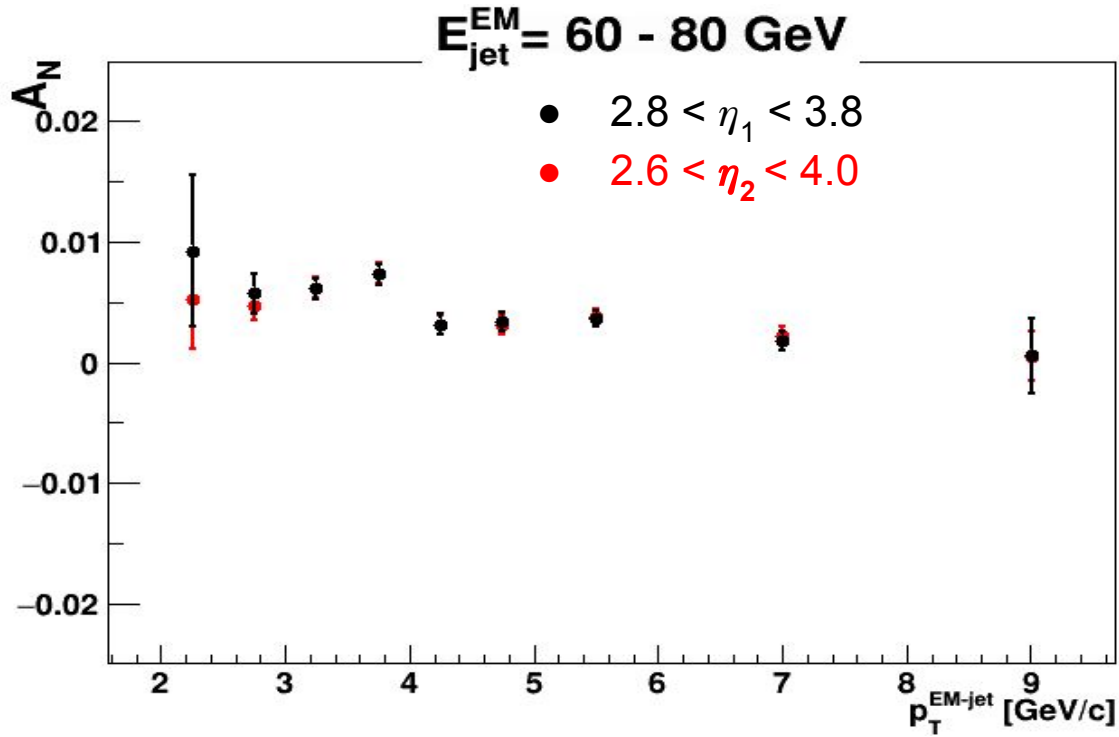
$$\epsilon = A_N \times P \times \cos(\phi)$$

$$\epsilon \approx \frac{\sqrt{N_\phi^\uparrow N_{\phi+\pi}^\downarrow} - \sqrt{N_{\phi+\pi}^\uparrow N_\phi^\downarrow}}{\sqrt{N_\phi^\uparrow N_{\phi+\pi}^\downarrow} + \sqrt{N_{\phi+\pi}^\uparrow N_\phi^\downarrow}}$$

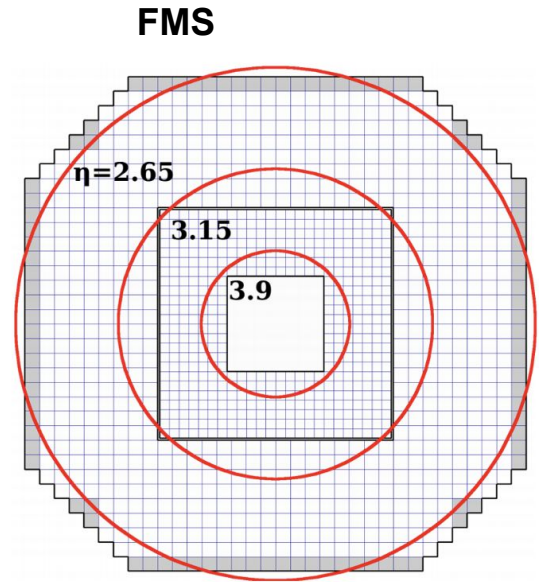
- Cancels systematics, such as luminosity and detector effects



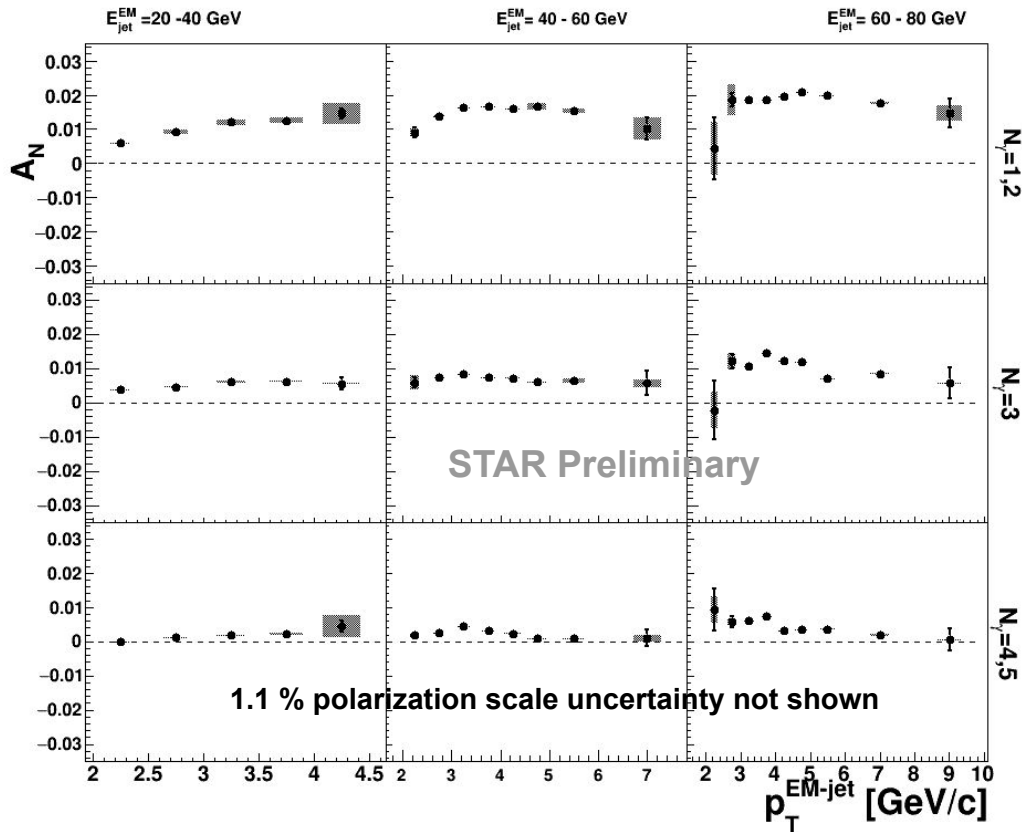
Systematic on A_N



$$\text{Systematic Error} = \left| \frac{(A_N^{\eta_1} - A_N^{\eta_2})}{A_N^{\eta_1}} \right|$$

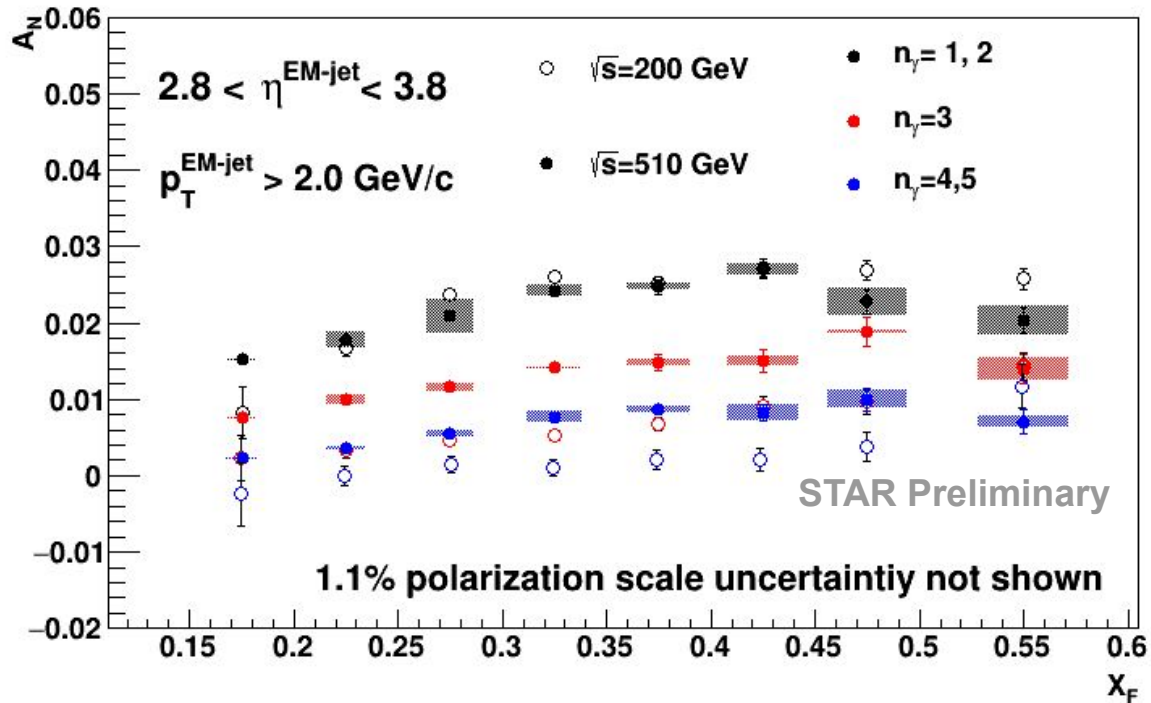


EM-Jet A_N $p \uparrow + p @ \sqrt{s}=510$ GeV



- **Energy or p_T Corrections and Uncertainties (~4%):**
 - Calibration uncertainty (3%)
 - Energy or p_T correction (1.5%)
 - Uncertainty due to radiation damage (2%)
- Systematic on A_N are consistent with [M. Mondal's result](#) and [L. Kabir's result](#)
- A_N decreases with higher photon multiplicities in EM-jet, consistent with previous results

EM-Jet A_N $p \uparrow + p$ @ $\sqrt{s}=510$ GeV



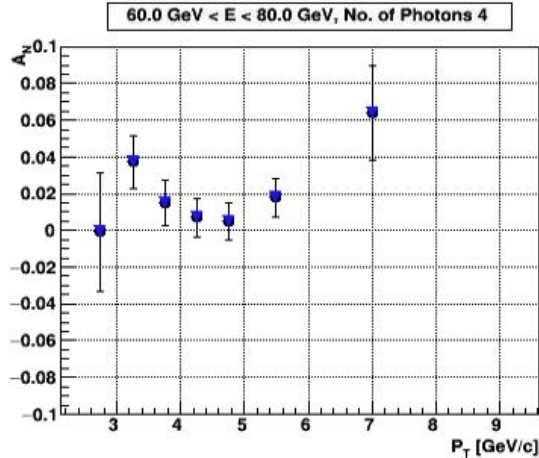
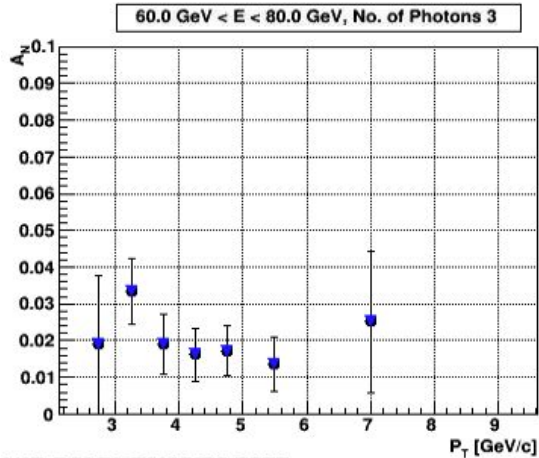
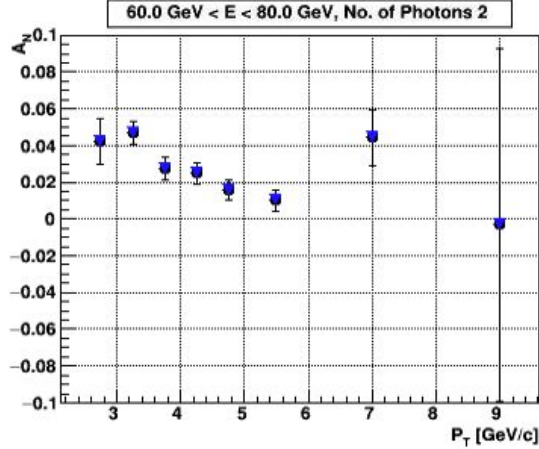
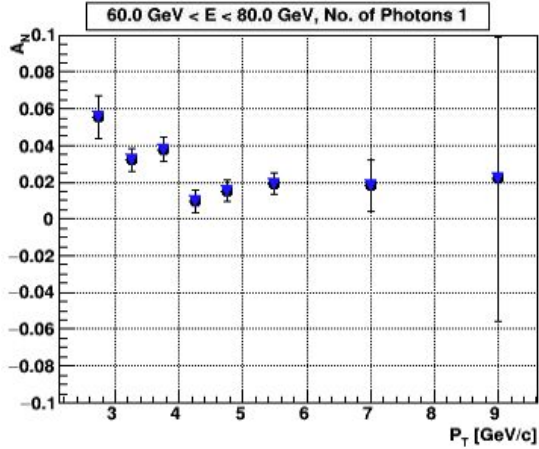
- Dependence in \sqrt{s} at higher multiplicities
- Results by J. Adams et al. *Phys. Rev. D* 103, 092009 (2021) have shown for case $N_\gamma > 2$ with large statistical error

Electromagnetic-Jet A_N Correction and Uncertainty

- Underlying event correction, correction in p_T from detector-particle level done
- **Polarization Error (~1.1%)**
 - [1] W.B. Schmidke , [RHIC Polarization for Run 9-17](#)
 - [2] Z. Chang, [Example calculation of fill-to-fill polarization uncertainties](#)
- **Energy or p_T Corrections and Uncertainties (~4%):**
 - Calibration uncertainty ()
 - Energy or p_T correction ()
 - Uncertainty due to radiation damage ()
- Systematic on A_N (estimated A_N variation with η cut)
 - 1 - 8 % depending on energy, photon multiplicities, and p_t

Backup

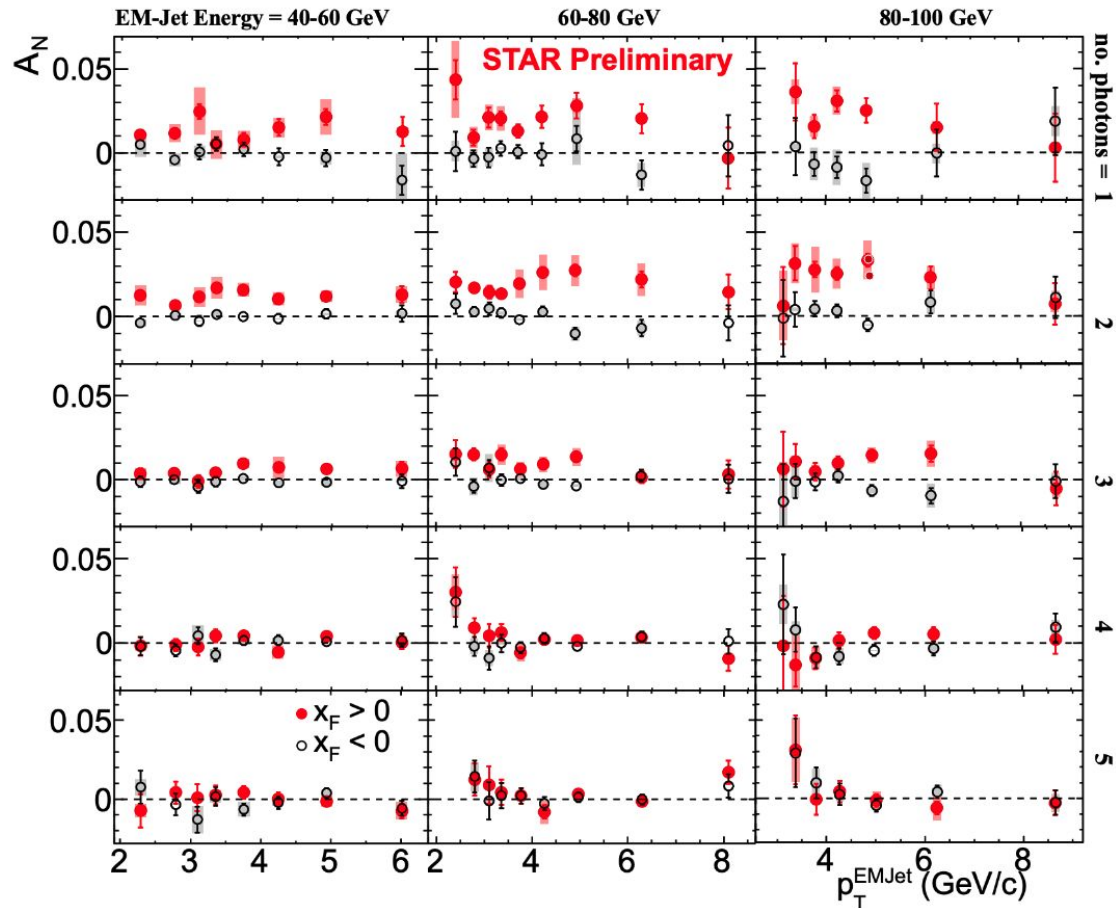
Reproducing L. Kabir's result



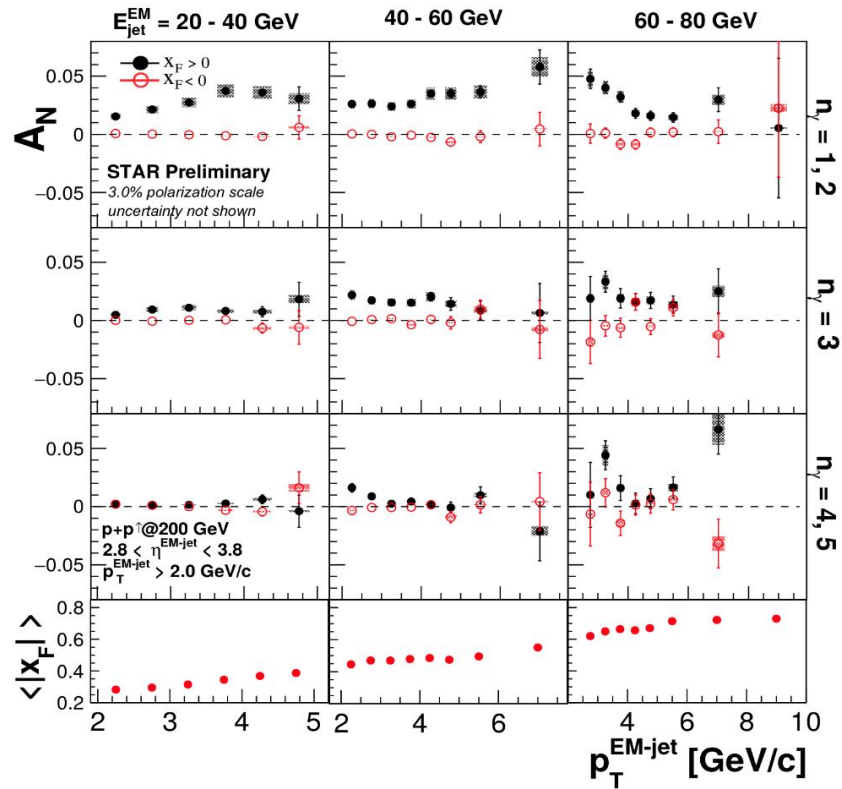
Used my code to reproduce [L.Kabir's result](#) (run 15)

Black open circle => From my analysis
Blue triangles => From Latif's analysis

Run 11, $\sqrt{s}=500$ GeV [Mriganka Mouli Mondal](#) result

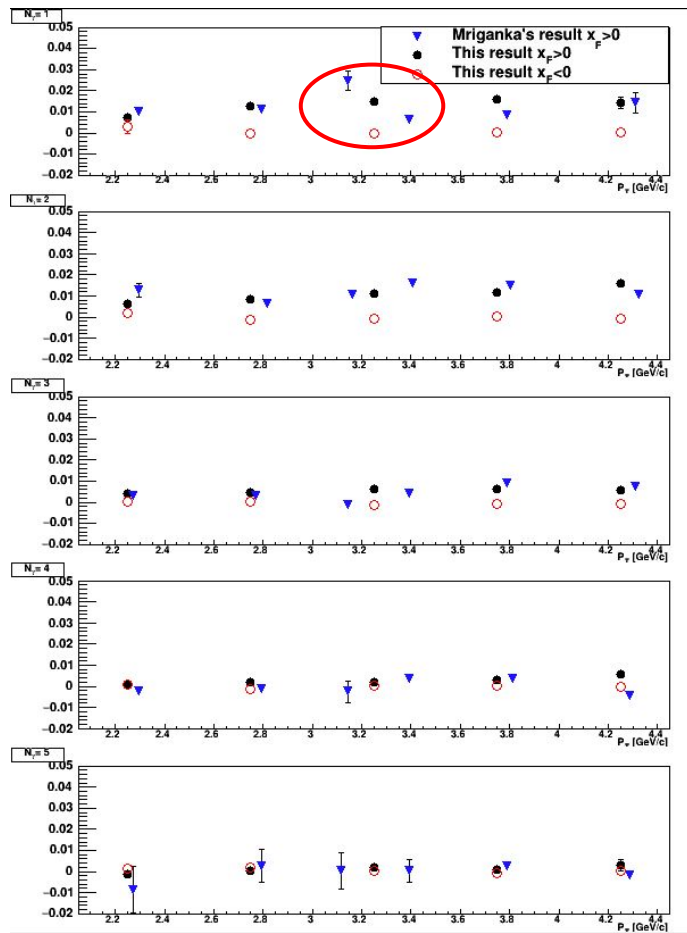


Run 15 $\sqrt{s}=200$ GeV ([L. Kabir's result](#))

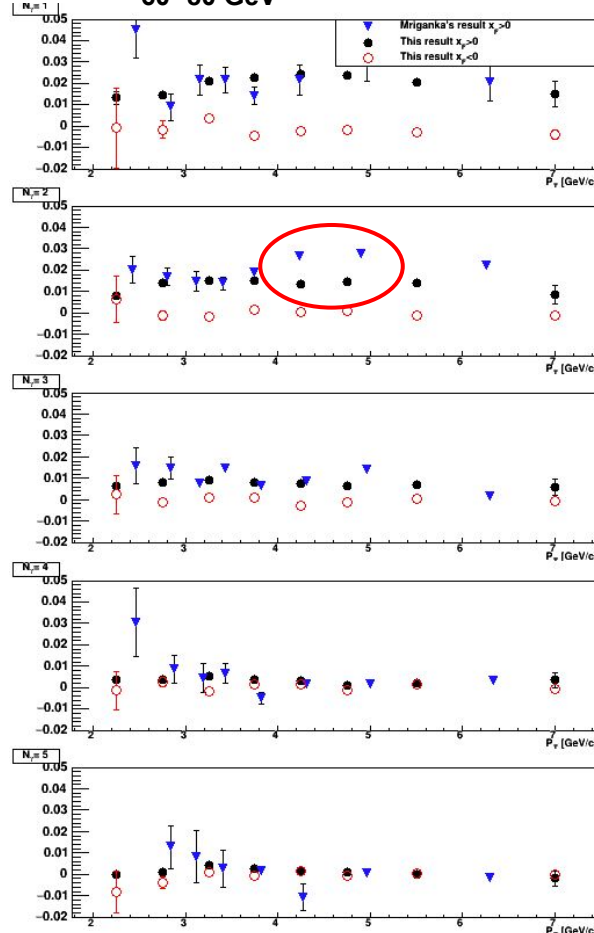


Comparison with existing results (Run 11, $\sqrt{s}=500$ GeV [Mriganka Mouli Mondal](#))

40 -60 GeV



60 -80 GeV



80 -100 GeV

